



#### TOP<sup>3</sup>S Demo

NCDOT Division of Planning and Programming
October 6, 2016



### Today's Roadmap

- 1. Background and Planning Framework
- 2. Strategic Prioritization Process
- 3. Programming the STIP
- 4. TOP3S
- 5. Demos of Existing Products & Applications

### Background and Planning Framework

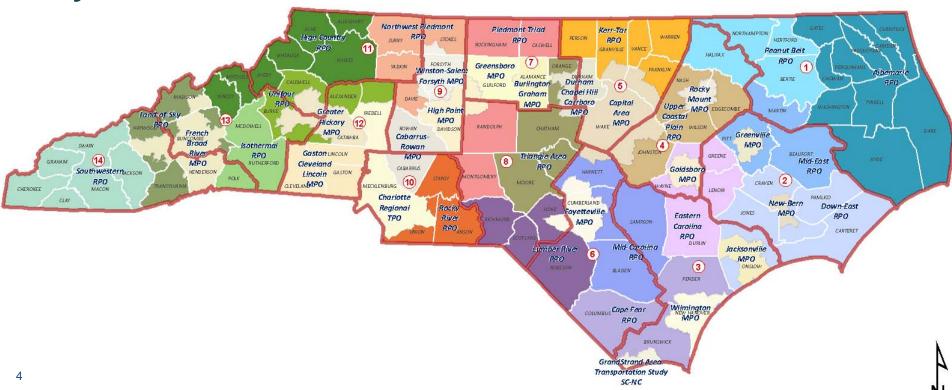


### Background

#### NCDOT funds six modes of transportation

Annual Budget of approx. \$4.4B\* (\$1.8B for STI)

**Key Partners** 



### Transportation Program Life Cycle

Long-Range Planning

Determine Needs

**Prioritization** 

Program Development Fund Projects

Planning & Programming Functions

Project Planning *Minimize Impacts* 

Project Design

Design and Acquire ROW

Construction

Build Facility

Maintenance & Operations

Maintain Facility

# Planning, Prioritization, Programming Framework

#### **Long-Range Planning**

- CTPs (30 yr)
- MTPs (20 yr)

**Prioritization** 

Scores

STIP

ArcGIS Desktop
MS Word

- CTPs NCDOT
- MTPs MPOs

SPOT On!ine MS Excel ArcGIS Online

MS Access
ArcGIS Desktop
ArcGIS Online

### Strategic Prioritization Process



# Strategic Transportation Investments (STI) Law

Prioritizes Capital Expenditures across all modes (Mobility/Expansion + Modernization)

**Needs-based** 

**Directly ties funding to Prioritization Results** 

Workgroup

### How STI Works

40% of Funds

30% of Funds

30% of Funds

Estimated \$18B in Funds for SFY 2018-2027

**Statewide Mobility** 

# Focus → Address Significant Congestion and Bottlenecks

- Selection based on 100% Data
- Projects Programmed prior to Local Input Ranking

#### **Regional Impact**

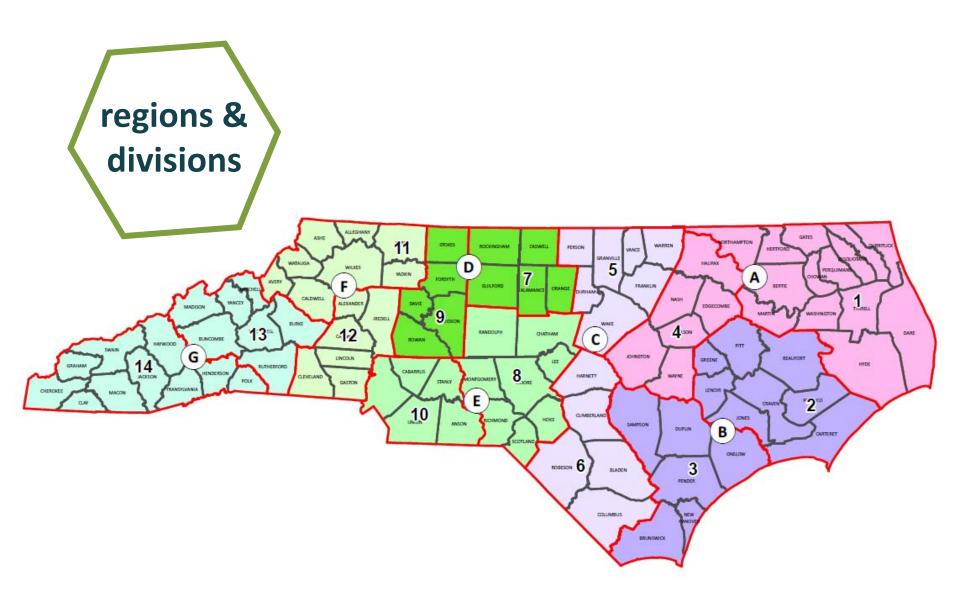
# Focus → Improve Connectivity within Regions

- Selection based on 70% Data & 30% Local Input
- Funding based on population within Region (7)

#### **Division Needs**

### Focus → Address Local Needs

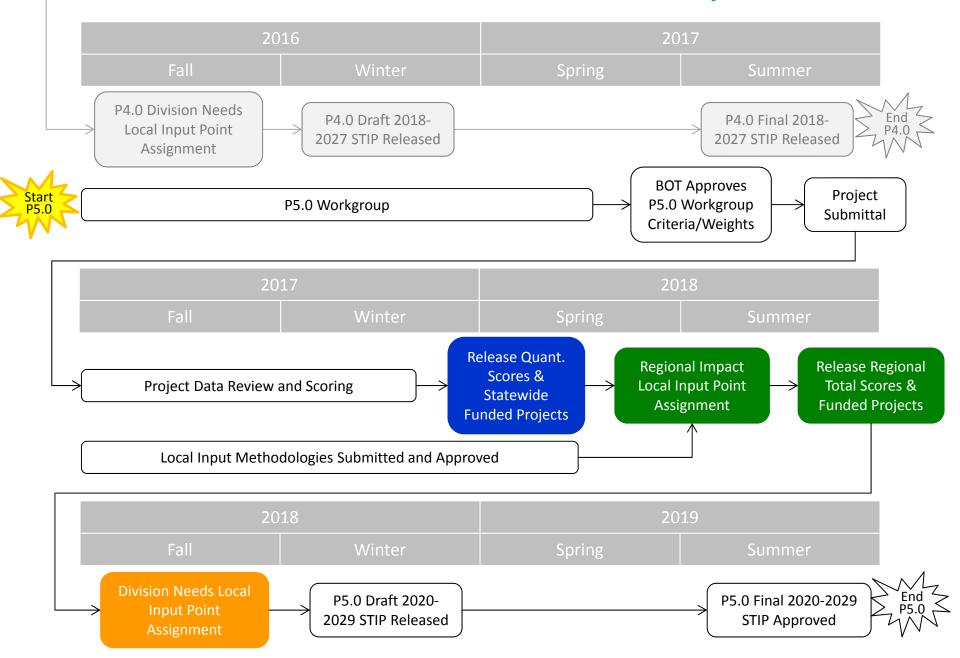
- Selection based on 50%
   Data & 50% Local Input
- Funding based on equal share for each Division (14)
  = ~\$39M / yr



## Eligibility Definitions

| Mode                     | Statewide Mobility   | Regional Impact   | Division Needs  |  |  |  |
|--------------------------|--|---|---|--|--|--|
| Highway                  | <ul> <li>Interstates (existing &amp; future)</li> <li>NHS routes (July 1, 2012)</li> <li>STRAHNET</li> <li>ADHS Routes</li> <li>Uncompleted Intrastate projects</li> <li>Designated Toll Facilities</li> </ul> | Other US and NC Routes  | All County (SR) Routes                                      |  |  |  |
| Aviation                 | Large Commercial Service<br>Airports (\$500K cap)  | Other Commercial Service<br>Airports not in Statewide<br>(\$300K cap) | All Airports without<br>Commercial Service (\$18.5M<br>cap) |  |  |  |
| Bicycle-<br>Pedestrian   | N/A  | N/A   | All projects (\$0 state funds)                              |  |  |  |
| Public<br>Transportation | N/A  | Service spanning two or more counties (10% cap)                       | All other service, including terminals and stations         |  |  |  |
| Ferry                    | N/A  | Ferry expansion   | Replacement vessels   |  |  |  |
| Rail                     | Freight Capacity Service on Class I Railroad Corridors   | Rail service spanning two or more counties not Statewide              | Rail service not included on Statewide or Regional          |  |  |  |

### 3-Year Prioritization & STIP Cycle



### Workgroup Purpose

**GS 136-189.11 (h):** the Department shall endeavor to continually improve the methodology and criteria used to score highway and non-highway projects pursuant to this Article, including the use of normalization techniques, and methods to strengthen the data collection process. The Department is directed to continue the use of a Workgroup process to develop improvements to the prioritization process.

Purpose: Provide recommendations to NCDOT on prioritization criteria, weights, and scoring process for all modes

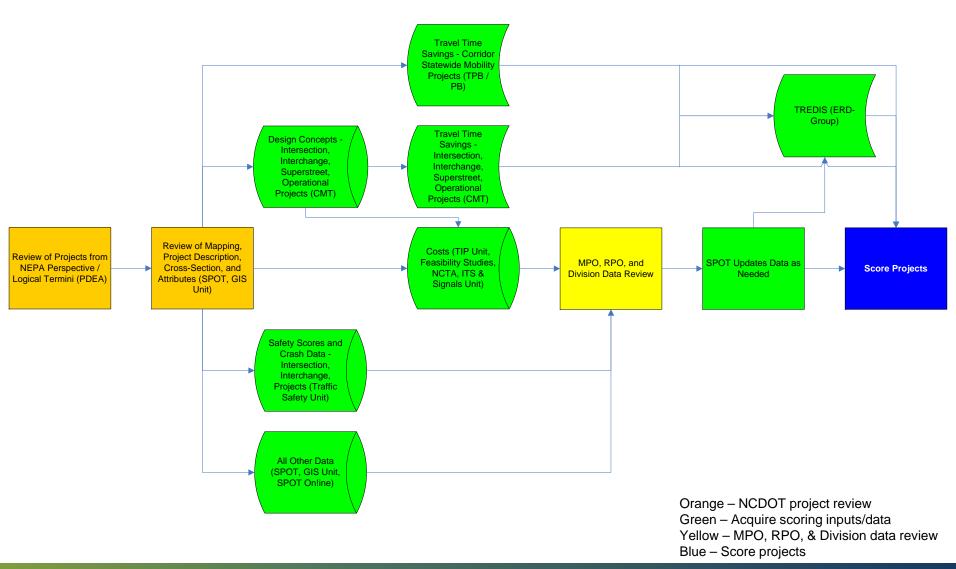
## Highway Scoring – Quantitative Criteria

| <u>Criteria</u>  | Existing Conditions | Project Benefits (Future Conditions) |
|--|---------------------|--------------------------------------|
| - Congestion (Volume/Capacity + Volume)  | <b>√</b>            |                                      |
| <ul> <li>Benefit/Cost (Travel Time Savings + Safety Benefits /<br/>Cost to NCDOT)</li> </ul>       |                     |                                      |
| - Safety Score (Critical Crash Rates, Density, Severity)   | <b>√</b>            |                                      |
| <ul> <li>Economic Competitiveness (Jobs, Change in County<br/>Economy)</li> </ul>                  | ,                   | ₩                                    |
| <ul> <li>Accessibility / Connectivity (County Economic<br/>Indicator, Improve Mobility)</li> </ul> | <b>√</b>            | ✔                                    |
| <ul> <li>Freight (Truck Volumes, STRAHNet/Future Interstate,<br/>Freight Terminals)</li> </ul>     | <b>√</b>            |                                      |
| - Multimodal (Passenger Terminals)   | <b>√</b>            |                                      |
| - Lane Width (Existing Width vs. Standard Width)   | <b>₹</b>            |                                      |
| - Shoulder Width (Existing Width vs. Standard Width)   | <b>√</b>            |                                      |
| - Pavement Score (Pavement Condition Rating)   | <b>*</b>            |                                      |
|  |                     |                                      |

### P4.0 Highway Scoring Criteria & Weights

| Funding               | QUANTITATIVE   | <b>LOCAL INPUT</b> |         |  |  |
|-----------------------|--|--------------------|---------|--|--|
| Category              | Data   | Division           | MPO/RPO |  |  |
| Statewide<br>Mobility | Congestion = 30%  Benefit-Cost = 25%  Safety = 15%  Economic Comp. = 10%  Freight = 15%  Multimodal = 5% |                    |         |  |  |
| Regional<br>Impact    | Congestion = 20%  Benefit-Cost = 20%  Safety = 10%  Accessibility/Connectivity = 10%  Freight = 10%      | 15%                | 15%     |  |  |
| Division<br>Needs     | Congestion = 15%  Benefit-Cost = 15%  Safety = 10%  Accessibility/Connectivity = 5%  Freight = 5%        | 25%                | 25%     |  |  |

### P4.0 Scoring Process - Highways



### Scoring Process

#### **Projects Submitted**

- Data reviewed
- Quantitative scores calculated

#### **Statewide Mobility**

 Projects programmed based on quant. score

#### **Regional Impact**

- Local input points assigned
- Total scores calculated
- Projects programmed

#### **Division Needs**

- Local input points assigned
- Total scores calculated
- Projects programmed

## Programming the STIP



# State Transportation Improvement Program (STIP)

# STIP identifies funding and scheduling of projects in NCDOT's capital program

#### 10 Year Program (currently 2016-2025)

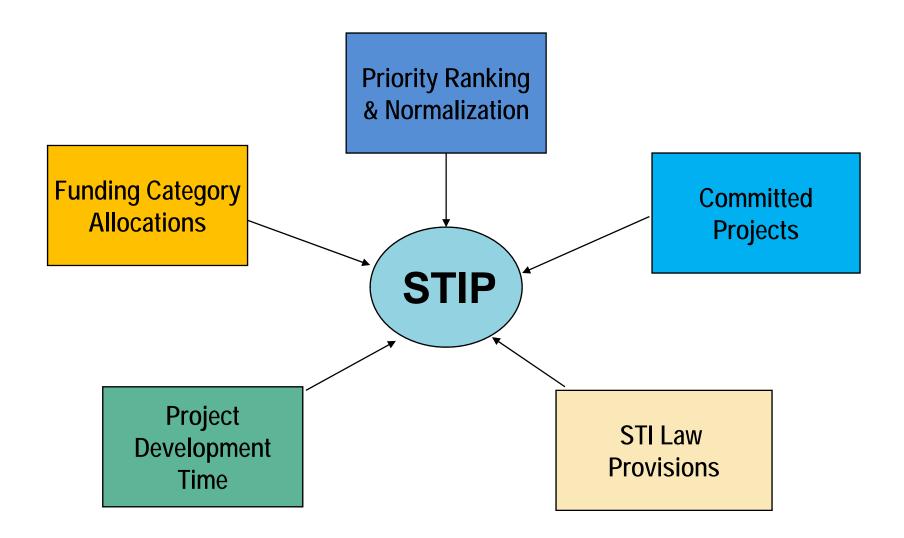
- 1st Five Years is "Delivery STIP" committed projects from prioritization perspective
- 2nd Five Years is "Developmental STIP" projects in early scoping and environmental development stage

#### **Updated every 2 years**

#### **Current STIP contains over \$20 Billion of projects**

 Highway, non-highway, bridges, safety, Interstate Maintenance, CMAQ

### STIP Development



### Scheduling Impacts to Programming

| Project<br>Ranking | Expected<br>Project<br>Delivery<br>Time<br>(Years) | 2016   | 2017  | 2018          | 2019             | 2020   | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 |
|--------------------|--|--------|-------|---------------|------------------|--------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 1                  | 9  |        | NEPA  |               | <del>-&gt;</del> | Design |      | RO   | W    | CON  |      |
| 2                  | 4  | Design | RO    | N <b>&gt;</b> | CON              |        |      |      |      |      |      |
| 3                  | 1  | CON    |       |               |                  |        |      |      |      |      |      |
| 4                  | 5  | Des    | ign > | RO            | w <b>&gt;</b>    | CON    |      |      |      |      |      |
| 5                  | 8  |        | NEPA  | <b>&gt;</b>   | Design           |        | RC   | )W   | CON  |      |      |

- Regardless of priority, projects cannot be programmed for Right of Way (ROW) or Construction prior to completion of planning/environmental (NEPA) and design work
- A lower scoring project that can be delivered soon may get scheduled prior to a higher ranking project that still needs extensive work

### STI Legislation Funding Caps and Restrictions

#### **Caps which Impact Programming:**

- Statewide Mobility corridor cap
- Funding limits on airport projects in all categories
- Funding limits on Regional Impact transit projects
- Funding limit on light rail and commuter rail projects
- Prohibition on using state funds to match federal-aid for independent bicycle and pedestrian projects

### Types of Projects in the STIP



# $TOP^3S$



# Transportation On!ine Planning, Prioritization & Programming System

**Project Data Repository (Spatial and Tabular)** 

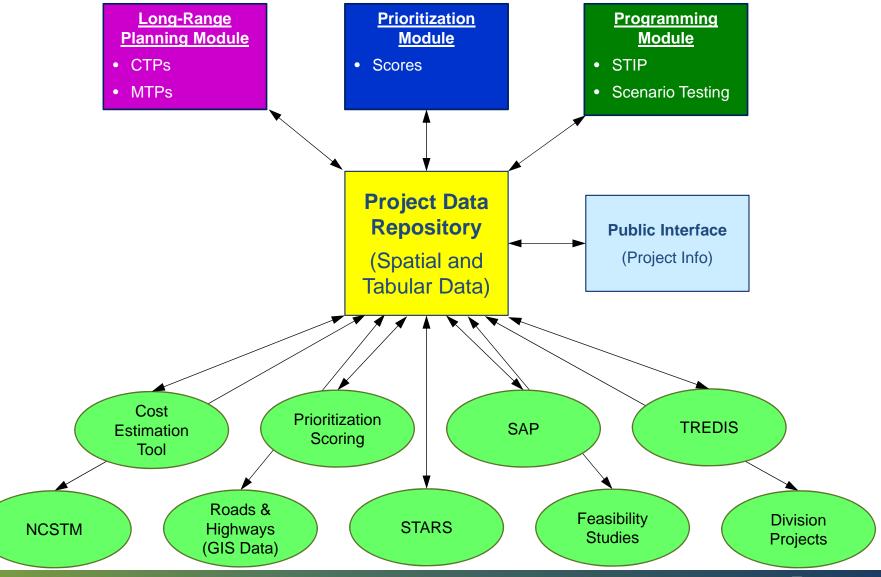
Ultimately includes all projects

Initial focus on projects from Long-range Plans, evaluated through Prioritization Process, and Programmed in STIP

Different Modules with varying functionality (based on use)

Connects to multiple data sources & applications

### TOP<sup>3</sup>S Overview



### Demos of Existing Products & Applications



### Long-Range Planning

**Comprehensive Transportation Plans** 

**Metropolitan Transportation Plans** (fiscally constrained)

### Prioritization

**SPOT On!ine** 

**Excel Spreadsheets** 

**ArcGIS Online** 

### Programming

**Access Databases** 

**ArcGIS Online** 

### The End

## STRATEGIC TRANSPORTATION INVESTMENTS

Smart decisions to keep North Carolina moving.

https://www.ncdot.gov/sti

