# Recommendations for the State of North Carolina Comprehensive Motor Vehicle and Injury Records System Review

Governor's Highway Safety Program April 27- May 1, 1992

The project team made the following recommendations in 1992. For a copy of the full report, please contact the Governor's Highway Safety Program Office or Kevin Lacy at the UNC Highway Safety Research Center.

# Page 5:

- A. Establish a statewide traffic/injury records coordinating committee with GHSP as permanent chair.
- B. GHSP (the permanent chair) will be responsible for coordinating all activities to improve the quality and utility of traffic and injury data.
  - 1. See page 6 for specific data.
- C. Establish and maintain considerable communications among the component organizations.
- D. SMS was required by ISTEA in 1991 but this mandate was removed in 1995.
- E. Concerning CADRE/NGA, North Carolina should consider how its system would consider these data elements. This has been replaced with MUCC
- F. The exposure encourages the development of a program to develop exposure data compatible with crash and injury data.

# Page 9: Traffic Records Files

## A. Accident File

- 1. Develop a distributed (remote) entry of crash reports from the various agencies entering crash data.
- 2. Develop a process that will effect regular updates to operational files AAR and roadway.

#### B. Driver File

- 1. North Carolina should support the DMV decision to convert the Drivers file to a more visible format. Any redesign should incorporate the needs of all members of the traffic records/injury prevention community.
- 2. DMV employees should be trained to understand the value of the driver's file in a comprehensive traffic records system.

#### C. Vehicle File

- 1. Redesign of the system.
- 2. Redesign of vehicle file should accommodate the needs of VIN decoding.
- D. Roadway (The merge, not the actual roadway)
  - 1. Additional consideration should be given to adding GPS in all police units in order to locate crashes.
  - 2. Use GPS and GIS for location purposes of roadway features.

## E. Citation/ Conviction File

1. No assessment was conducted

# F. Ambulance Call Report

- 1. Urge the adoption of a standard that includes various data items.
- 2. An ACR standard form should be developed and used.
- 3. There should be a link between the crash reports and the ACR>
- 4. There also needs to be a link between ACR and the emergency department. Data.

# G. Emergency Department Data

- 1. There is no standard format in North Carolina.
- 2. The data from this file has not been computerized

- 3. The Joint Commission on Accreditation of Health Care Organizations requires maintenance of such data from emergency departments.
- 4. North Carolina Standardized data elements are used in ED patient clinical data systems.
- 5. There should be encouragement for the computerization of ED records and incentives should be provided to ED to do so.

# H. Hospital Discharge Data

- 1. The North Carolina medical database commission maintains this data.
- 2. The data is in compliance with standard UB83 format.
- 3. The data routinely lacks E-code data.
- 4. What is E-coda data? It means External Cause of Injury.
- 5. DEHNR should establish a program to expand the use of E-Code.
- 6. North Carolina should conduct some very specific research in this field.

# I. Trauma Registry

- 1. Trauma centers should capture data if there is a diagnosis with an ICD-9 code between 8---959 or the injury results in a fatality.
- 2. There should be support for a comprehensive trauma center.
- 3. Statewide trauma should have a direct link to the ACR.
- 4. North Carolina should consider planning for a two-tiered system in order to capture ED data as well.

## J. Medical Examiner's File

1. No recommendations

# K. 911 Tracking

1. No recommendations

# L. File linkages

- 1. There should be link between all record systems.
- 2. Develop a Highway Traffic Safety injury data system.

# M. Data characteristics

- 1. Timely and accurate data input
  - a. Develop data entry systems for all traffic and injury records that can collect the data at distributed locations. This will reduce redundancies.

# 2. Data uniformity

- a. Carry out assessments of the extent to which TR complies with the standards (a dull assessment of each system).
- 3. Data Consistency
  - a. No recommendations

# 4. Timely and complete data output

- a. Develop a schedule of standard and periodic analytical reports for major system users.
- b. Eliminate barriers to access of component systems.
- c. Ensure that longitudinal data file elements are consistent when changes are made to record content and format.

## N. Use of TR

- 1. Management Process.
  - a. Establish a central planning/management group that will:

- i. Communicate with reporting personnel to inform them of the value of the data they are collecting.
- ii. Measure the data's completeness and accuracy.
- 2. Problem Identification
  - a. Improve crash locations
  - b. Link TR components (i.e.- ACR, ED, HD)
- O. Output Reports for Management
  - 1. Develop distribution system for providing relevant information on a regular basis to state and local entities.
  - 2. Develop traffic accident newsletter.
  - 3. Develop needs of high users (customers).
- P. Evaluation
  - 1. Evaluate (identify data needs and sources).
  - 2. Broaden HP-320 form to include other agencies
- Q. Managing Traffic Records
  - 1. State Traffic/Injury Records Committee
    - a. Establish committees
  - 2. Traffic Records Function
    - a. No recommendations