STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION RALEIGH, N.C.

CONTRACT AND **CONTRACT BONDS**

FOR CONTRACT NO. C203530

WBS

46292.3.FS1 IMF-026-1(190)40

T.I.P NO.

I-5501

COUNTY OF

BUNCOMBE, HENDERSON

THIS IS THE

ROADWAY & STRUCTURE CONTRACT

ROUTE NUMBER

I 26

LENGTH

0.492 MILES

LOCATION

I-26 AND NC-280 INTERCHANGE IN ASHEVILLE.

CONTRACTOR

YOUNG & MCQUEEN GRADING CO INC

ADDRESS

25 CREST VIEW ROAD

BURNSVILLE, NC 28714

BIDS OPENED

CONTRACT EXECUTION

MARCH 18, 2014 APR 1 6 2014

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION RALEIGH, N.C.

PROPOSAL

DATE AND TIME OF BID OPENING:

MARCH 18, 2014 AT 2:00 PM

CONTRACT ID

C203530

WBS

46292.3.FS1

FEDERAL-AID NO. IMF-026-1(190)40

COUNTY

BUNCOMBE, HENDERSON

T.I.P. NO.

I-5501

MILES

0.492

ROUTE NO.

126

LOCATION

I-26 AND NC-280 INTERCHANGE IN ASHEVILLE.

TYPE OF WORK

GRADING, DRAINAGE, PAVING, SIGNALS, AND STRUCTURES.

NOTICE:

ALL BIDDERS SHALL COMPLY WITH ALL APPLICABLE LAWS REGULATING THE PRACTICE OF GENERAL CONTRACTING AS CONTAINED IN CHAPTER 87 OF THE GENERAL STATUTES OF NORTH CAROLINA WHICH REQUIRES THE BIDDER TO BE LICENSED BY THE N.C. LICENSING BOARD FOR CONTRACTORS WHEN BIDDING ON ANY NON-FEDERAL AID PROJECT WHERE THE BID IS \$30,000 OR MORE, EXCEPT FOR CERTAIN SPECIALTY WORK AS DETERMINED BY THE LICENSING BOARD. BIDDERS SHALL ALSO COMPLY WITH ALL OTHER APPLICABLE LAWS REGULATING THE PRACTICES OF ELECTRICAL, PLUMBING, HEATING AND AIR CONDITIONING AND REFRIGERATION CONTRACTING AS CONTAINED IN CHAPTER 87 OF THE GENERAL STATUTES OF NORTH CAROLINA. NOTWITHSTANDING THESE LIMITATIONS ON BIDDING, THE BIDDER WHO IS AWARDED ANY FEDERAL - AID FUNDED PROJECT SHALL COMPLY WITH CHAPTER 87 OF THE GENERAL STATUTES OF NORTH CAROLINA FOR LICENSING REQUIREMENTS WITHIN 60 CALENDAR DAYS OF BID OPENING.

BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED AS SHOWN BELOW:

THIS IS A ROADWAY & STRUCTURE PROPOSAL

5% BID BOND OR BID DEPOSIT REQUIRED

PROPOSAL FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF CONTRACT No. C203530 IN BUNCOMBE/HENDERSON COUNTIES, NORTH CAROLINA

Date	20	
DEPART	TMENT OF TRANSPORTATION,	
DAI	DALFICH NORTH CAROLINA	

The Bidder has carefully examined the location of the proposed work to be known as Contract No. <u>C203530</u>; has carefully examined the plans and specifications, which are acknowledged to be part of the proposal, the special provisions, the proposal, the form of contract, and the forms of contract payment bond and contract performance bond; and thoroughly understands the stipulations, requirements and provisions. The undersigned bidder agrees to bound upon his execution of the bid and subsequent award to him by the Board of Transportation in accordance with this proposal to provide the necessary contract payment bond and contract performance bond within fourteen days after the written notice of award is received by him. The undersigned Bidder further agrees to provide all necessary machinery, tools, labor, and other means of construction; and to do all the work and to furnish all materials, except as otherwise noted, necessary to perform and complete the said contract in accordance with the 2012 Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures by the dates(s) specified in the Project Special Provisions and in accordance with the requirements of the Engineer, and at the unit or lump sum prices, as the case may be, for the various items given on the sheets contained herein.

The Bidder shall provide and furnish all the materials, machinery, implements, appliances and tools, and perform the work and required labor to construct and complete State Highway Contract No. <u>C203530</u> in <u>Buncombe/Henderson Counties</u>, for the unit or lump sum prices, as the case may be, bid by the Bidder in his bid and according to the proposal, plans, and specifications prepared by said Department, which proposal, plans, and specifications show the details covering this project, and hereby become a part of this contract.

The published volume entitled *North Carolina Department of Transportation, Raleigh, Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures, January 2012* with all amendments and supplements thereto, is by reference incorporated into and made a part of this contract; that, except as herein modified, all the construction and work included in this contract is to be done in accordance with the specifications contained in said volume, and amendments and supplements thereto, under the direction of the Engineer.

If the proposal is accepted and the award is made, the contract is valid only when signed either by the Contract Officer or such other person as may be designated by the Secretary to sign for the Department of Transportation. The conditions and provisions herein cannot be changed except over the signature of the said Contract Officer.

The quantities shown in the itemized proposal for the project are considered to be approximate only and are given as the basis for comparison of bids. The Department of Transportation may increase or decrease the quantity of any item or portion of the work as may be deemed necessary or expedient.

An increase or decrease in the quantity of an item will not be regarded as sufficient ground for an increase or decrease in the unit prices, nor in the time allowed for the completion of the work, except as provided for the contract.

Accompanying this bid is a bid bond secured by a corporate surety, or certified check payable to the order of the Department of Transportation, for five percent of the total bid price, which deposit is to be forfeited as liquidated damages in case this bid is accepted and the Bidder shall fail to provide the required payment and performance bonds with the Department of Transportation, under the condition of this proposal, within 14 calendar days after the written notice of award is received by him, as provided in the *Standard Specifications*; otherwise said deposit will be returned to the Bidder.

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PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS

GENERAL

CONTRACT TIME AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:

(4-17-12

108

SP1 G07 C

The date of availability for this contract is May 15, 2014.

The completion date for this contract is November 28, 2016.

Except where otherwise provided by the contract, observation periods required by the contract will not be a part of the work to be completed by the completion date and/or intermediate contract times stated in the contract. The acceptable completion of the observation periods that extend beyond the final completion date shall be a part of the work covered by the performance and payment bonds.

The liquidated damages for this contract are **Two Hundred Dollars (\$200.00)** per calendar day. These liquidated damages will not be cumulative with any liquidated damages which may become chargeable under Intermediate Contract Time Number 1.

INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 1 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:

(7-1-95) (Rev. 2-21-12)

108

SP1 G13 A

Except for that work required under the Project Special Provisions entitled *Planting*, *Reforestation* and/or *Permanent Vegetation Establishment*, included elsewhere in this proposal, the Contractor will be required to complete all work included in this contract and shall place and maintain traffic on same.

The date of availability for this intermediate contract time is May 15, 2014.

The completion date for this intermediate contract time is **June 1, 2016**.

The liquidated damages for this intermediate contract time are One Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$1,500.00) per calendar day.

Upon apparent completion of all the work required to be completed by this intermediate date, a final inspection will be held in accordance with Article 105-17 and upon acceptance, the Department will assume responsibility for the maintenance of all work except *Planting*, *Reforestation* and/or *Permanent Vegetation Establishment*. The Contractor will be responsible for and shall make corrections of all damages to the completed roadway caused by his planting operations, whether occurring prior to or after placing traffic through the project.

INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 2 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:

(2-20-07)

108

SP1 G14 A

The Contractor shall complete the required work of installing, maintaining, and removing the traffic control devices for lane closures and restoring traffic to the existing traffic pattern. The Contractor shall not close or narrow a lane of traffic on NC 280, I-26 and Ramps during the following time restrictions:

DAY AND TIME RESTRICTIONS

MONDAY – SUNDAY

6:30 AM TO 7:00 PM

In addition, the Contractor shall not close or narrow a lane of traffic on NC 280, I-26 and Ramps, detain and/or alter the traffic flow on or during holidays, holiday weekends, special events, or any other time when traffic is unusually heavy, including the following schedules:

HOLIDAY AND HOLIDAY WEEKEND LANE CLOSURE RESTRICTIONS

- 1. For **unexpected occurrence** that creates unusually high traffic volumes, as directed by the Engineer.
- 2. For New Year's Day, between the hours of 6:30 AM December 31st and 7:00 PM January 2nd. If New Year's Day is on a Friday, Saturday, Sunday or Monday, then until 7:00 PM the following Tuesday.
- 3. For **Easter**, between the hours of **6:30 AM** Thursday and **7:00 PM** Monday.
- 4. For **Memorial Day**, between the hours of **6:30 AM** Friday and **7:00 PM** Tuesday.
- 5. For **Independence Day**, between the hours of **6:30 AM** the day before Independence Day and **7:00 PM** the day after Independence Day.
 - If **Independence Day** is on a Friday, Saturday, Sunday or Monday, then between the hours of **6:30 AM** the Thursday before Independence Day and **7:00 PM** the Tuesday after Independence Day.
- 6. For Labor Day, between the hours of 6:30 AM Friday and 7:00 PM Tuesday.
- 7. For **Thanksgiving Day**, between the hours of **6:30 AM** Tuesday and **7:00 PM** Monday.
- 8. For **Christmas**, between the hours of **6:30 AM** the Friday before the week of Christmas Day and **7:00 PM** the following Tuesday after the week of Christmas Day.
- 9. For the North Carolina Mountain State Fair, between the hours of 6:30 AM the Thursday before the start of the fair and 7:00 PM the Monday after the end of the fair.

Holidays and holiday weekends shall include New Year's, Easter, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving, and Christmas. The Contractor shall schedule his work so that lane closures will not be required during these periods, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.

The time of availability for this intermediate contract work shall be the time the Contractor begins to install all traffic control devices for lane closures according to the time restrictions listed herein.

The completion time for this intermediate contract work shall be the time the Contractor is required to complete the removal of all traffic control devices for lane closures according to the time restrictions stated above and place traffic in the existing traffic pattern.

The liquidated damages are **Five Hundred Dollars** (\$ 500.00) per 15 minute time period.

<u>INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 3 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:</u> (2-20-07) 108 SP1

SP1 G14 A

The Contractor shall complete the required work of installing, maintaining, and removing the traffic control devices for lane closures and restoring traffic to the existing traffic pattern. The Contractor shall not close or narrow a lane of traffic on Wright Brothers Way, Terminal Drive, Aviation Way, and Airport Park Road during the following time restrictions:

DAY AND TIME RESTRICTIONS

MONDAY – SUNDAY

6:30 AM TO 7:00 PM

In addition, the Contractor shall not close or narrow a lane of traffic on Wright Brothers Way, Terminal Drive, Aviation Way, and Airport Park Road, detain and/or alter the traffic flow on or during holidays, holiday weekends, special events, or any other time when traffic is unusually heavy, including the following schedules:

HOLIDAY AND HOLIDAY WEEKEND LANE CLOSURE RESTRICTIONS

- 1. For unexpected occurrence that creates unusually high traffic volumes, as directed by the Engineer.
- 2. For New Year's Day, between the hours of 6:30 AM December 31st and 7:00 PM January 2nd. If New Year's Day is on a Friday, Saturday, Sunday or Monday, then until 7:00 PM the following Tuesday.
- 3. For Easter, between the hours of 6:30 AM Thursday and 7:00 PM Monday.
- 4. For Memorial Day, between the hours of 6:30 AM Friday and 7:00 PM Tuesday.

- 5. For **Independence Day**, between the hours of **6:30 AM** the day before Independence Day and **7:00 PM** the day after Independence Day.
 - If **Independence Day** is on a Friday, Saturday, Sunday or Monday, then between the hours of **6:30 AM** the Thursday before Independence Day and **7:00 PM** the Tuesday after Independence Day.
- 6. For Labor Day, between the hours of 6:30 AM Friday and 7:00 PM Tuesday.
- 7. For **Thanksgiving Day**, between the hours of **6:30 AM** Tuesday and **7:00 PM** Monday.
- 8. For **Christmas**, between the hours of **6:30 AM** the Friday before the week of Christmas Day and **7:00 PM** the following Tuesday after the week of Christmas Day.
- 9. For the North Carolina Mountain State Fair, between the hours of 6:30 AM the Thursday before the start of the fair and 7:00 PM the Monday after the end of the fair.

Holidays and holiday weekends shall include New Year's, Easter, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving, and Christmas. The Contractor shall schedule his work so that lane closures will not be required during these periods, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.

The time of availability for this intermediate contract work shall be the time the Contractor begins to install all traffic control devices for lane closures according to the time restrictions listed herein.

The completion time for this intermediate contract work shall be the time the Contractor is required to complete the removal of all traffic control devices for lane closures according to the time restrictions stated above and place traffic in the existing traffic pattern.

The liquidated damages are Five Hundred Dollars (\$ 500.00) per hour.

INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 4 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES: (2-20-07) (Rev. 6-18-13) SPI G14 F

The Contractor shall complete the work required of **Phase II**, **Step 1** as shown on Sheet(s) **TMP-3, 9, 10 and 11** and shall place and maintain traffic on same.

The time of availability for this intermediate contract time is the **Saturday** at **8:00 PM** that the Contractor elects to begin the work.

The completion time for this intermediate contract time is the following Monday at 6:00 AM after the time of availability.

The liquidated damages are Five Hundred Dollars (\$ 500.00) per 15 minute time period.

PERMANENT VEGETATION ESTABLISHMENT:

(2-16-12) (Rev. 10-15-13) 104 SPI G16

Establish a permanent stand of the vegetation mixture shown in the contract. During the period between initial vegetation planting and final project acceptance, perform all work necessary to establish permanent vegetation on all erodible areas within the project limits, as well as, in borrow and waste pits. This work shall include erosion control device maintenance and installation, repair seeding and mulching, supplemental seeding and mulching, mowing, and fertilizer topdressing, as directed. All work shall be performed in accordance with the applicable section of the 2012 Standard Specifications. All work required for initial vegetation planting shall be performed as a part of the work necessary for the completion and acceptance of the Intermediate Contract Time (ICT). Between the time of ICT and Final Project acceptance, or otherwise referred to as the vegetation establishment period, the Department will be responsible for preparing the required National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) inspection records.

Once the Engineer has determined that the permanent vegetation establishment requirement has been achieved at an 80% vegetation density (the amount of established vegetation per given area to stabilize the soil) and no erodible areas exist within the project limits, the Contractor will be notified to remove the remaining erosion control devices that are no longer needed. The Contractor will be responsible for, and shall correct any areas disturbed by operations performed in permanent vegetation establishment and the removal of temporary erosion control measures, whether occurring prior to or after placing traffic on the project.

Payment for Response for Erosion Control, Seeding and Mulching, Repair Seeding, Supplemental Seeding, Mowing, Fertilizer Topdressing, Silt Excavation, and Stone for Erosion Control will be made at contract unit prices for the affected items. Work required that is not represented by contract line items will be paid in accordance with Articles 104-7 or 104-3 of the 2012 Standard Specifications. No additional compensation will be made for maintenance and removal of temporary erosion control items.

DELAY IN RIGHT OF ENTRY:

(7-1-95) 108 SP1 G22 A

The Contractor will not be allowed right of entry to the parcels listed below before April 15, 2014 unless otherwise permitted by the Engineer.

Parcel No.	Property Owner
1	City Of Asheville (Asheville Regional Airport)
3	Youngblood Oil Co.
4	City Of Asheville
5	W&K Hotels, LLC

MAJOR CONTRACT ITEMS:

(2-19-02)

104

SP1 G28

The following listed items are the major contract items for this contract (see Article 104-5 of the 2012 Standard Specifications):

Line #	Description	
75	DDI Barrier	

SPECIALTY ITEMS:

(7-1-95)(Rev. 1-17-12)

108-6

SP1 G37

Items listed below will be the specialty items for this contract (see Article 108-6 of the 2012 Standard Specifications).

Line#	Description
79 thru 88	Guardrail
89 thru 91	Fencing
94 thru 111	Signing
128 thru 131, 136	Long-Life Pavement Markings
138 thru 139	Permanent Pavement Markers
140 thru 157, 159 thru 160	Lighting
161 thru 173	Utility Construction
174 thru 199	Erosion Control
200 thru 241	Signals/ITS System

FUEL PRICE ADJUSTMENT:

(11-15-05) (Rev. 2-18-14)

109-8

SP1 G43

Revise the 2012 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 1-83, Article 109-8, Fuel Price Adjustments, add the following:

The base index price for DIESEL #2 FUEL is \$3.1476 per gallon. Where any of the following are included as pay items in the contract, they will be eligible for fuel price adjustment.

The pay items and the fuel factor used in calculating adjustments to be made will be as follows:

Description	Units	Fuel Usage Factor Diesel
Unclassified Excavation	Gal/CY	0.29
Borrow Excavation	Gal/CY	0.29
Class IV Subgrade Stabilization	Gal/Ton	0.55
Aggregate Base Course	Gal/Ton	0.55
Sub-Ballast	Gal/Ton	0.55
Asphalt Concrete Base Course, Type	Gal/Ton	2.90
Asphalt Concrete Intermediate Course, Type	Gal/Ton	2.90

Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type	Gal/Ton	2.90
Open-Graded Asphalt Friction Course	Gal/Ton	2.90
Permeable Asphalt Drainage Course, Type	Gal/Ton	2.90
Sand Asphalt Surface Course, Type	Gal/Ton	2.90
Aggregate for Cement Treated Base Course	Gal/Ton	0.55
Portland Cement for Cement Treated Base Course	Gal/Ton	0.55
" Portland Cement Concrete Pavement	Gal/SY	0.245
Concrete Shoulders Adjacent to" Pavement	Gal/SY	0.245

SCHEDULE OF ESTIMATED COMPLETION PROGRESS:

(7-15-08) (Rev. 5-21-13)

108-2

SP1 G58

The Contractor's attention is directed to the Standard Special Provision entitled *Availability of Funds Termination of Contracts* included elsewhere in this proposal. The Department of Transportation's schedule of estimated completion progress for this project as required by that Standard Special Provision is as follows:

	Fiscal Year	Progress (% of Dollar Value)
2014	(7/01/13 - 6/30/14)	8% of Total Amount Bid
2015	(7/01/14 - 6/30/15)	61% of Total Amount Bid
2016	(7/01/15- 6/30/16)	31% of Total Amount Bid

The Contractor shall also furnish his own progress schedule in accordance with Article 108-2 of the 2012 Standard Specifications. Any acceleration of the progress as shown by the Contractor's progress schedule over the progress as shown above shall be subject to the approval of the Engineer.

DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE:

(10-16-07)(Rev. 12-17-13)

102-15(I)

SP1 G61

Description

The purpose of this Special Provision is to carry out the U.S. Department of Transportation's policy of ensuring nondiscrimination in the award and administration of contracts financed in whole or in part with Federal funds. This provision is guided by 49 CFR Part 26.

Definitions

Additional DBE Subcontractors - Any DBE submitted at the time of bid that will <u>not</u> be used to meet the DBE goal. No submittal of a Letter of Intent is required.

Committed DBE Subcontractor - Any DBE submitted at the time of bid that is being used to meet the DBE goal by submission of a Letter of Intent. Or any DBE used as a replacement for a previously committed DBE firm.

Contract Goal Requirement - The approved DBE participation at time of award, but not greater than the advertised contract goal.

DBE Goal - A portion of the total contract, expressed as a percentage, that is to be performed by committed DBE subcontractor(s).

Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) - A firm certified as a Disadvantaged Business Enterprise through the North Carolina Unified Certification Program.

Goal Confirmation Letter - Written documentation from the Department to the bidder confirming the Contractor's approved, committed DBE participation along with a listing of the committed DBE firms.

Manufacturer - A firm that operates or maintains a factory or establishment that produces on the premises, the materials or supplies obtained by the Contractor.

Regular Dealer - A firm that owns, operates, or maintains a store, warehouse, or other establishment in which the materials or supplies required for the performance of the contract are bought, kept in stock, and regularly sold to the public in the usual course of business. A regular dealer engages in, as its principal business and in its own name, the purchase and sale or lease of the products in question. A regular dealer in such bulk items as steel, cement, gravel, stone, and petroleum products need not keep such products in stock, if it owns and operates distribution equipment for the products. Brokers and packagers are not regarded as manufacturers or regular dealers within the meaning of this section.

North Carolina Unified Certification Program (NCUCP) - A program that provides comprehensive services and information to applicants for DBE certification, such that an applicant is required to apply only once for a DBE certification that will be honored by all recipients of USDOT funds in the state and not limited to the Department of Transportation only. The Certification Program is in accordance with 49 CFR Part 26.

United States Department of Transportation (USDOT) - Federal agency responsible for issuing regulations (49 CFR Part 26) and official guidance for the DBE program.

Forms and Websites Referenced in this Provision

DBE Payment Tracking System - On-line system in which the Contractor enters the payments made to DBE subcontractors who have performed work on the project. https://apps.dot.state.nc.us/Vendor/PaymentTracking/

DBE-IS Subcontractor Payment Information - Form for reporting the payments made to all DBE firms working on the project. This form is for paper bid projects only. http://www.ncdot.org/doh/forms/files/DBE-IS.xls

RF-1 *DBE Replacement Request Form* - Form for replacing a committed DBE. http://connect.ncdot.gov/projects/construction/Construction%20Forms/DBE%20MBE%20WBE%20Replacement%20Request%20Form.pdf

SAF *Subcontract Approval Form* - Form required for approval to sublet the contract. http://connect.ncdot.gov/projects/construction/Construction%20Forms/Subcontract%20Approval%20Form%20Rev.%202012.zip

JC-1 Joint Check Notification Form - Form and procedures for joint check notification. The form acts as a written joint check agreement among the parties providing full and prompt disclosure of the expected use of joint checks.

http://connect.ncdot.gov/projects/construction/Construction%20 Forms/Joint%20 Check%20 Notification%20 Form.pdf

Letter of Intent - Form signed by the Contractor and the DBE subcontractor, manufacturer or regular dealer that affirms that a portion of said contract is going to be performed by the signed DBE for the amount listed at the time of bid.

http://connect.ncdot.gov/letting/LetCentral/Letter%20of%20Intent%20to%20Perform%20as%20as%20Subcontractor.pdf

Listing of DBE Subcontractors Form - Form for entering DBE subcontractors on a project that will meet this DBE goal. This form is for paper bids only.

http://connect.ncdot.gov/municipalities/Bid%20Proposals%20for%20LGA%20Content/08%20DBE%20Subcontractors%20(Federal).doc

Subcontractor Quote Comparison Sheet - Spreadsheet for showing all subcontractor quotes in the work areas where DBEs quoted on the project. This sheet is submitted with good faith effort packages.

http://connect.ncdot.gov/business/SmallBusiness/Documents/DBE%20Subcontractor%20Quote %20Comparison%20Example.xls

DBE Goal

The following DBE goal for participation by Disadvantaged Business Enterprises is established for this contract:

Disadvantaged Business Enterprises 10.0%

- (A) If the DBE goal is more than zero, the Contractor shall exercise all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure that DBEs participate in at least the percent of the contract as set forth above as the DBE goal.
- (B) If the DBE goal is zero, the Contractor shall make an effort to recruit and use DBEs during the performance of the contract. Any DBE participation obtained shall be reported to the Department.

Directory of Transportation Firms (Directory)

Real-time information is available about firms doing business with the Department and firms that are certified through NCUCP in the Directory of Transportation Firms. Only firms identified

in the Directory as DBE certified shall be used to meet the DBE goal. The Directory can be found at the following link. https://partner.ncdot.gov/VendorDirectory/default.html

The listing of an individual firm in the directory shall not be construed as an endorsement of the firm's capability to perform certain work.

Listing of DBE Subcontractors

At the time of bid, bidders shall submit <u>all</u> DBE participation that they anticipate to use during the life of the contract. Only those identified to meet the DBE goal will be considered committed, even though the listing shall include both committed DBE subcontractors and additional DBE subcontractors. Additional DBE subcontractor participation submitted at the time of bid will be used toward the Department's overall race-neutral goal. Only those firms with current DBE certification at the time of bid opening will be acceptable for listing in the bidder's submittal of DBE participation. The Contractor shall indicate the following required information:

(A) Electronic Bids

Bidders shall submit a listing of DBE participation in the appropriate section of Expedite, the bidding software of Bid Express[®].

- (1) Submit the names and addresses of DBE firms identified to participate in the contract. If the bidder uses the updated listing of DBE firms shown in Expedite, the bidder may use the dropdown menu to access the name and address of the DBE firm.
- (2) Submit the contract line numbers of work to be performed by each DBE firm. When no figures or firms are entered, the bidder will be considered to have no DBE participation.
- (3) The bidder shall be responsible for ensuring that the DBE is certified at the time of bid by checking the Directory of Transportation Firms. If the firm is not certified at the time of the bid-letting, that DBE's participation will not count towards achieving the DBE goal.

(B) Paper Bids

- (1) If the DBE goal is more than zero,
 - (a) Bidders, at the time the bid proposal is submitted, shall submit a listing of *DBE* participation, including the names and addresses on *Listing of DBE* Subcontractors contained elsewhere in the contract documents in order for the bid to be considered responsive. Bidders shall indicate the total dollar value of the DBE participation for the contract.

- (b) If bidders have no DBE participation, they shall indicate this on the Listing of DBE Subcontractors by entering the word "None" or the number "0." This form shall be completed in its entirety. **Blank forms** will not be deemed to represent zero participation. Bids submitted that do not have DBE participation indicated on the appropriate form will not be read publicly during the opening of bids. The Department will not consider these bids for award and the proposal will be rejected.
- (c) The bidder shall be responsible for ensuring that the DBE is certified at the time of bid by checking the Directory of Transportation Firms. If the firm is not certified at the time of the bid-letting, that DBE's participation will not count towards achieving the corresponding goal.
- (2) If the DBE goal is zero, entries on the Listing of DBE Subcontractors are not required for the zero goal, however any DBE participation that is achieved during the project shall be reported in accordance with requirements contained elsewhere in the special provision.

DBE Prime Contractor

When a certified DBE firm bids on a contract that contains a DBE goal, the DBE firm is responsible for meeting the goal or making good faith efforts to meet the goal, just like any other bidder. In most cases, a DBE bidder on a contract will meet the DBE goal by virtue of the work it performs on the contract with its own forces. However, all the work that is performed by the DBE bidder and any other DBE subcontractors will count toward the DBE goal. The DBE bidder shall list itself along with any DBE subcontractors, if any, in order to receive credit toward the DBE goal.

For example, if the DBE goal is 45% and the DBE bidder will only perform 40% of the contract work, the prime will list itself at 40%, and the additional 5% shall be obtained through additional DBE participation with DBE subcontractors or documented through a good faith effort.

DBE prime contractors shall also follow Sections A and B listed under *Listing of DBE Subcontractor* just as a non-DBE bidder would.

Written Documentation – Letter of Intent

The bidder shall submit written documentation for each DBE that will be used to meet the DBE goal of the contract, indicating the bidder's commitment to use the DBE in the contract. This documentation shall be submitted on the Department's form titled *Letter of Intent*.

The documentation shall be received in the office of the State Contractor Utilization Engineer or at DBE@ncdot.gov no later than 12:00 noon of the sixth calendar day following opening of bids, unless the sixth day falls on an official state holiday. In that situation, it is due in the office of the State Contractor Utilization Engineer no later than 12:00 noon on the next official state business day.

If the bidder fails to submit the Letter of Intent from each committed DBE to be used toward the DBE goal, or if the form is incomplete (i.e. both signatures are not present), the DBE participation will not count toward meeting the DBE goal. If the lack of this participation drops the commitment below the DBE goal, the Contractor shall submit evidence of good faith efforts, completed in its entirety, to the State Contractor Utilization Engineer or DBE@ncdot.gov no later than 12:00 noon on the eighth calendar day following opening of bids, unless the eighth day falls on an official state holiday. In that situation, it is due in the office of the State Contractor Utilization Engineer no later than 12:00 noon on the next official state business day.

Submission of Good Faith Effort

If the bidder fails to meet or exceed the DBE goal, the apparent lowest responsive bidder shall submit to the Department documentation of adequate good faith efforts made to reach the DBE goal.

A hard copy and an electronic copy of this information shall be received in the office of the State Contractor Utilization Engineer or at DBE@ncdot.gov no later than 12:00 noon of the sixth calendar day following opening of bids unless the sixth day falls on an official state holiday. In that situation, it is due in the office of the State Contractor Utilization Engineer the next official state business day. If the contractor cannot send the information electronically, then one complete set and 9 copies of this information shall be received under the same time constraints above.

Note: Where the information submitted includes repetitious solicitation letters, it will be acceptable to submit a representative letter along with a distribution list of the firms that were solicited. Documentation of DBE quotations shall be a part of the good faith effort submittal. This documentation may include written subcontractor quotations, telephone log notations of verbal quotations, or other types of quotation documentation.

Consideration of Good Faith Effort for Projects with DBE Goals More Than Zero

Adequate good faith efforts mean that the bidder took all necessary and reasonable steps to achieve the goal which, by their scope, intensity, and appropriateness, could reasonably be expected to obtain sufficient DBE participation. Adequate good faith efforts also mean that the bidder actively and aggressively sought DBE participation. Mere *pro forma* efforts are not considered good faith efforts.

The Department will consider the quality, quantity, and intensity of the different kinds of efforts a bidder has made. Listed below are examples of the types of actions a bidder will take in making a good faith effort to meet the goal and are not intended to be exclusive or exhaustive, nor is it intended to be a mandatory checklist.

(A) Soliciting through all reasonable and available means (e.g. attendance at pre-bid meetings, advertising, written notices, use of verifiable electronic means through the use of the NCDOT Directory of Transportation Firms) the interest of all certified DBEs who have the capability to perform the work of the contract. The bidder must solicit this

interest within at least 10 days prior to bid opening to allow the DBEs to respond to the solicitation. Solicitation shall provide the opportunity to DBEs within the Division and surrounding Divisions where the project is located. The bidder must determine with certainty if the DBEs are interested by taking appropriate steps to follow up initial solicitations.

- (B) Selecting portions of the work to be performed by DBEs in order to increase the likelihood that the DBE goals will be achieved.
 - (1) Where appropriate, break out contract work items into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE participation, even when the prime contractor might otherwise prefer to perform these work items with its own forces.
 - (2) Negotiate with subcontractors to assume part of the responsibility to meet the contract DBE goal when the work to be sublet includes potential for DBE participation (2nd and 3rd tier subcontractors).
- (C) Providing interested DBEs with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the contract in a timely manner to assist them in responding to a solicitation.
- (D) (1) Negotiating in good faith with interested DBEs. It is the bidder's responsibility to make a portion of the work available to DBE subcontractors and suppliers and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available DBE subcontractors and suppliers, so as to facilitate DBE participation. Evidence of such negotiation includes the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of DBEs that were considered; a description of the information provided regarding the plans and specifications for the work selected for subcontracting; and evidence as to why additional agreements could not be reached for DBEs to perform the work.
 - A bidder using good business judgment would consider a number of factors in negotiating with subcontractors, including DBE subcontractors, and would take a firm's price and capabilities as well as contract goals into consideration. However, the fact that there may be some additional costs involved in finding and using DBEs is not in itself sufficient reason for a bidder's failure to meet the contract DBE goal, as long as such costs are reasonable. Also, the ability or desire of a prime contractor to perform the work of a contract with its own organization does not relieve the bidder of the responsibility to make good faith efforts. Bidding contractors are not, however, required to accept higher quotes from DBEs if the price difference is excessive or unreasonable.
- (E) Not rejecting DBEs as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities. The bidder's standing within its industry, membership in specific groups, organizations, or associates and political or social affiliations (for example, union vs. non-union employee status) are not legitimate causes for the rejection or non-solicitation of bids in the bidder's efforts to meet the project goal.

- (F) Making efforts to assist interested DBEs in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance as required by the recipient or bidder.
- (G) Making efforts to assist interested DBEs in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials, or related assistance or services.
- (H) Effectively using the services of available minority/women community organizations; minority/women contractors' groups; Federal, State, and local minority/women business assistance offices; and other organizations as allowed on a case-by-case basis to provide assistance in the recruitment and placement of DBEs. Contact within 7 days from the bid opening the Business Development Manager in the Business Opportunity and Work Force Development Unit to give notification of the bidder's inability to get DBE quotes.
- (I) Any other evidence that the bidder submits which shows that the bidder has made reasonable good faith efforts to meet the DBE goal.

In addition, the Department may take into account the following:

- (1) Whether the bidder's documentation reflects a clear and realistic plan for achieving the DBE goal.
- (2) The bidders' past performance in meeting the DBE goals.
- (3) The performance of other bidders in meeting the DBE goal. For example, when the apparent successful bidder fails to meet the DBE goal, but others meet it, you may reasonably raise the question of whether, with additional reasonable efforts the apparent successful bidder could have met the goal. If the apparent successful bidder fails to meet the DBE goal, but meets or exceeds the average DBE participation obtained by other bidders, the Department may view this, in conjunction with other factors, as evidence of the apparent successful bidder having made a good faith effort.

If the Department does not award the contract to the apparent lowest responsive bidder, the Department reserves the right to award the contract to the next lowest responsive bidder that can satisfy to the Department that the DBE goal can be met or that an adequate good faith effort has been made to meet the DBE goal.

Non-Good Faith Appeal

The State Contractor Utilization Engineer will notify the contractor verbally and in writing of non-good faith. A contractor may appeal a determination of non-good faith made by the Goal Compliance Committee. If a contractor wishes to appeal the determination made by the Committee, they shall provide written notification to the State Contractual Services Engineer or at DBE@ncdot.gov. The appeal shall be made within 2 business days of notification of the determination of non-good faith.

Counting DBE Participation Toward Meeting DBE Goal

(A) Participation

The total dollar value of the participation by a committed DBE will be counted toward the contract goal requirement. The total dollar value of participation by a committed DBE will be based upon the value of work actually performed by the DBE and the actual payments to DBE firms by the Contractor.

(B) Joint Checks

Prior notification of joint check use shall be required when counting DBE participation for services or purchases that involves the use of a joint check. Notification shall be through submission of Form JC-1 (*Joint Check Notification Form*) and the use of joint checks shall be in accordance with the Department's Joint Check Procedures.

(C) Subcontracts (Non-Trucking)

A DBE may enter into subcontracts. Work that a DBE subcontracts to another DBE firm may be counted toward the contract goal requirement. Work that a DBE subcontracts to a non-DBE firm does <u>not</u> count toward the contract goal requirement. If a DBE contractor or subcontractor subcontracts a significantly greater portion of the work of the contract than would be expected on the basis of standard industry practices, it shall be presumed that the DBE is not performing a commercially useful function. The DBE may present evidence to rebut this presumption to the Department. The Department's decision on the rebuttal of this presumption is subject to review by the Federal Highway Administration but is not administratively appealable to USDOT.

(D) Joint Venture

When a DBE performs as a participant in a joint venture, the Contractor may count toward its contract goal requirement a portion of the total value of participation with the DBE in the joint venture, that portion of the total dollar value being a distinct clearly defined portion of work that the DBE performs with its forces.

(E) Suppliers

A contractor may count toward its DBE requirement 60 percent of its expenditures for materials and supplies required to complete the contract and obtained from a DBE regular dealer and 100 percent of such expenditures from a DBE manufacturer.

(F) Manufacturers and Regular Dealers

A contractor may count toward its DBE requirement the following expenditures to DBE firms that are not manufacturers or regular dealers:

(1) The fees or commissions charged by a DBE firm for providing a *bona fide* service, such as professional, technical, consultant, or managerial services, or for providing bonds or insurance specifically required for the performance of a DOT-assisted contract, provided the fees or commissions are determined to be reasonable and not excessive as compared with fees and commissions customarily allowed for similar services.

(2) With respect to materials or supplies purchased from a DBE, which is neither a manufacturer nor a regular dealer, count the entire amount of fees or commissions charged for assistance in the procurement of the materials and supplies, or fees or transportation charges for the delivery of materials or supplies required on a job site (but not the cost of the materials and supplies themselves), provided the fees are determined to be reasonable and not excessive as compared with fees customarily allowed for similar services.

Commercially Useful Function

(A) DBE Utilization

The Contractor may count toward its contract goal requirement only expenditures to DBEs that perform a commercially useful function in the work of a contract. A DBE performs a commercially useful function when it is responsible for execution of the work of the contract and is carrying out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work involved. To perform a commercially useful function, the DBE shall also be responsible with respect to materials and supplies used on the contract, for negotiating price, determining quality and quantity, ordering the material and installing (where applicable) and paying for the material itself. To determine whether a DBE is performing a commercially useful function, the Department will evaluate the amount of work subcontracted, industry practices, whether the amount the firm is to be paid under the contract is commensurate with the work it is actually performing and the DBE credit claimed for its performance of the work, and any other relevant factors.

(B) DBE Utilization in Trucking

The following factors will be used to determine if a DBE trucking firm is performing a commercially useful function:

- (1) The DBE shall be responsible for the management and supervision of the entire trucking operation for which it is responsible on a particular contract, and there shall not be a contrived arrangement for the purpose of meeting DBE goals.
- (2) The DBE shall itself own and operate at least one fully licensed, insured, and operational truck used on the contract.
- (3) The DBE receives credit for the total value of the transportation services it provides on the contract using trucks it owns, insures, and operates using drivers it employs.
- (4) The DBE may subcontract the work to another DBE firm, including an owner-operator who is certified as a DBE. The DBE who subcontracts work to another DBE receives credit for the total value of the transportation services the subcontracted DBE provides on the contract.

- (5) The DBE may also subcontract the work to a non-DBE firm, including from an owner-operator. The DBE who subcontracts the work to a non-DBE is entitled to credit for the total value of transportation services provided by the non-DBE subcontractor not to exceed the value of transportation services provided by DBE-owned trucks on the contract. Additional participation by non-DBE subcontractors receives credit only for the fee or commission it receives as a result of the subcontract arrangement. The value of services performed under subcontract agreements between the DBE and the Contractor will not count towards the DBE contract requirement.
- (6) A DBE may lease truck(s) from an established equipment leasing business open to the general public. The lease must indicate that the DBE has exclusive use of and control over the truck. This requirement does not preclude the leased truck from working for others during the term of the lease with the consent of the DBE, so long as the lease gives the DBE absolute priority for use of the leased truck. This type of lease may count toward the DBE's credit as long as the driver is under the DBE's payroll.
- (7) Subcontracted/leased trucks shall display clearly on the dashboard the name of the DBE that they are subcontracted/leased to and their own company name if it is not identified on the truck itself. Magnetic door signs are not permitted.

DBE Replacement

When a Contractor has relied on a commitment to a DBE firm (or an approved substitute DBE firm) to meet all or part of a contract goal requirement, the contractor shall not terminate the DBE for convenience. This includes, but is not limited to, instances in which the Contractor seeks to perform the work of the terminated subcontractor with another DBE subcontractor, a non-DBE subcontractor, or with the Contractor's own forces or those of an affiliate. A DBE may only be terminated after receiving the Engineer's written approval based upon a finding of good cause for the termination.

All requests for replacement of a committed DBE firm shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval on Form RF-1 (DBE Replacement Request). If the Contractor fails to follow this procedure, the Contractor may be disqualified from further bidding for a period of up to 6 months.

The Contractor shall comply with the following for replacement of a committed DBE:

(A) Performance Related Replacement

When a committed DBE is terminated for good cause as stated above, an additional DBE that was submitted at the time of bid may be used to fulfill the DBE commitment. A good faith effort will only be required for removing a committed DBE if there were no additional DBEs submitted at the time of bid to cover the same amount of work as the DBE that was terminated.

If a replacement DBE is not found that can perform at least the same amount of work as the terminated DBE, the Contractor shall submit a good faith effort documenting the steps taken. Such documentation shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- (1) Copies of written notification to DBEs that their interest is solicited in contracting the work defaulted by the previous DBE or in subcontracting other items of work in the contract.
- (2) Efforts to negotiate with DBEs for specific subbids including, at a minimum:
 - (a) The names, addresses, and telephone numbers of DBEs who were contacted.
 - (b) A description of the information provided to DBEs regarding the plans and specifications for portions of the work to be performed.
- (3) A list of reasons why DBE quotes were not accepted.
- (4) Efforts made to assist the DBEs contacted, if needed, in obtaining bonding or insurance required by the Contractor.

(B) Decertification Replacement

- (1) When a committed DBE is decertified by the Department after the SAF (Subcontract Approval Form) has been received by the Department, the Department will not require the Contractor to solicit replacement DBE participation equal to the remaining work to be performed by the decertified firm. The participation equal to the remaining work performed by the decertified firm will count toward the contract goal requirement.
- When a committed DBE is decertified prior to the Department receiving the SAF (Subcontract Approval Form) for the named DBE firm, the Contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to replace the DBE subcontractor with another DBE subcontractor to perform at least the same amount of work to meet the DBE goal requirement. If a DBE firm is not found to do the same amount of work, a good faith effort must be submitted to NCDOT (see A herein for required documentation).

Changes in the Work

When the Engineer makes changes that result in the reduction or elimination of work to be performed by a committed DBE, the Contractor will not be required to seek additional participation. When the Engineer makes changes that result in additional work to be performed by a DBE based upon the Contractor's commitment, the DBE shall participate in additional work to the same extent as the DBE participated in the original contract work.

When the Engineer makes changes that result in extra work, which has more than a minimal impact on the contract amount, the Contractor shall seek additional participation by DBEs unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

When the Engineer makes changes that result in an alteration of plans or details of construction, and a portion or all of the work had been expected to be performed by a committed DBE, the Contractor shall seek participation by DBEs unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

When the Contractor requests changes in the work that result in the reduction or elimination of work that the Contractor committed to be performed by a DBE, the Contractor shall seek additional participation by DBEs equal to the reduced DBE participation caused by the changes.

Reports and Documentation

A SAF (Subcontract Approval Form) shall be submitted for all work which is to be performed by a DBE subcontractor. The Department reserves the right to require copies of actual subcontract agreements involving DBE subcontractors.

When using transportation services to meet the contract commitment, the Contractor shall submit a proposed trucking plan in addition to the SAF. The plan shall be submitted prior to beginning construction on the project. The plan shall include the names of all trucking firms proposed for use, their certification type(s), the number of trucks owned by the firm, as well as the individual truck identification numbers, and the line item(s) being performed.

Within 30 calendar days of entering into an agreement with a DBE for materials, supplies or services, not otherwise documented by the SAF as specified above, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the agreement. The documentation shall also indicate the percentage (60% or 100%) of expenditures claimed for DBE credit.

Reporting Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Participation

The Contractor shall provide the Engineer with an accounting of payments made to all DBE firms, including material suppliers and contractors at all levels (prime, subcontractor, or second tier subcontractor). This accounting shall be furnished to the Engineer for any given month by the end of the following month. Failure to submit this information accordingly may result in the following action:

- (A) Withholding of money due in the next partial pay estimate; or
- (B) Removal of an approved contractor from the prequalified bidders' list or the removal of other entities from the approved subcontractors list.

While each contractor (prime, subcontractor, 2nd tier subcontractor) is responsible for accurate accounting of payments to DBEs, it shall be the prime contractor's responsibility to report all monthly and final payment information in the correct reporting manner.

Failure on the part of the Contractor to submit the required information in the time frame specified may result in the disqualification of that contractor and any affiliate companies from further bidding until the required information is submitted.

Failure on the part of any subcontractor to submit the required information in the time frame specified may result in the disqualification of that contractor and any affiliate companies from being approved for work on future DOT projects until the required information is submitted.

Contractors reporting transportation services provided by non-DBE lessees shall evaluate the value of services provided during the month of the reporting period only.

At any time, the Engineer can request written verification of subcontractor payments.

(A) Electronic Bids Reporting

The Contractor shall report the accounting of payments through the Department's DBE Payment Tracking System.

(B) Paper Bids Reporting

The Contractor shall report the accounting of payments on the Department's DBE-IS (Subcontractor Payment Information) with each invoice. Invoices will not be processed for payment until the DBE-IS is received.

Failure to Meet Contract Requirements

Failure to meet contract requirements in accordance with Subarticle 102-15(J) of the 2012 Standard Specifications may be cause to disqualify the Contractor.

CERTIFICATION FOR FEDERAL-AID CONTRACTS:

(3-21-90)

SP1 G85

The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

- (A) No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
- (B) If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, *Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying*, in accordance with its instructions.

This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by *Section 1352, Title 31, U.S. Code*. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

The prospective participant also agrees by submitting his or her bid or proposal that he or she shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such subrecipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

CONTRACTOR'S LICENSE REQUIREMENTS:

 $\overline{(7-1-95)}$

102-14

SP1 G88

If the successful bidder does not hold the proper license to perform any plumbing, heating, air conditioning, or electrical work in this contract, he will be required to sublet such work to a contractor properly licensed in accordance with *Article 2 of Chapter 87 of the General Statutes* (licensing of heating, plumbing, and air conditioning contractors) and *Article 4 of Chapter 87* of the *General Statutes* (licensing of electrical contractors).

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION HOTLINE:

 $\overline{(11-22-94)}$

108-5

SP1 G100

To report bid rigging activities call:

1-800-424-9071

The U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) operates the above toll-free hotline Monday through Friday, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. eastern time. Anyone with knowledge of possible bid rigging, bidder collusion, or other fraudulent activities should use the hotline to report such activities.

The hotline is part of the DOT's continuing effort to identify and investigate highway construction contract fraud and abuse is operated under the direction of the DOT Inspector General. All information will be treated confidentially and caller anonymity will be respected.

SUBSURFACE INFORMATION:

 $\overline{(7-1-95)}$

450

SP1 G112 (revised)

Subsurface information is available on the retaining wall portion of this project only.

LOCATING EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITIES:

(3-20-12)

105

SP1 G115

Revise the 2012 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 1-43, Article 105-8, line 28, after the first sentence, add the following:

Identify excavation locations by means of pre-marking with white paint, flags, or stakes or provide a specific written description of the location in the locate request.

RESOURCE CONSERVATION:

(5-21-13) 104-13 SP1 G118

In accordance with North Carolina Executive Order 156, NCGS 130A-309.14(2), and NCGS 136-28.8, it is the policy of the Department to aid in the reduction of materials that become a part of our solid waste stream, to divert materials from landfills, and to find ways to recycle and reuse materials for the benefit of the Citizens of North Carolina.

Initiate, develop and use products and construction methods that incorporate the use of recycled or solid waste products in accordance with Article 104-13 of the 2012 Standard Specifications. Report the quantities of reused or recycled materials either incorporated in the project or diverted from landfills on the Project Construction Reuse and Recycling Reporting Form.

A location-based tool for finding local recycling facilities and the Project Construction Reuse and Recycling Reporting Form are available at:

http://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/Environmental/Pages/North-Carolina-Recycling-Locations.aspx

DOMESTIC STEEL:

(4-16-13) 106 SPI GI20

Revise the 2012 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 1-49, Subarticle 106-1(B) Domestic Steel, lines 2-7, replace the first paragraph with the following:

All steel and iron products that are permanently incorporated into this project shall be produced in the United States except minimal amounts of foreign steel and iron products may be used provided the combined material cost of the items involved does not exceed 0.1% of the total amount bid for the entire project or \$2,500, whichever is greater. If invoices showing the cost of the material are not provided, the amount of the bid item involving the foreign material will be used for calculations. This minimal amount of foreign produced steel and iron products permitted for use is not applicable to high strength fasteners. Domestically produced high strength fasteners are required.

PORTABLE CONCRETE BARRIER - (Partial Payments for Materials):

(7-1-95) (Rev. 8-16-11) 1170-4 SP1 G121

When so authorized by the Engineer, partial materials payments will be made up to 95 percent of the delivered cost of portable concrete barrier, provided that these materials have been delivered on the project and stored in an acceptable manner, and further provided the documents listed in Subarticle 109-5(C) of the 2012 Standard Specifications have been furnished to the Engineer.

The provisions of Subarticle 109-5(B) of the 2012 Standard Specifications will apply to the portable concrete barrier.

MAINTENANCE OF THE PROJECT:

(11-20-07) (Rev. 1-17-12)

104-10

SP1 G125

Revise the 2012 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 1-35, Article 104-10 Maintenance of the Project, line 25, add the following after the first sentence of the first paragraph:

All guardrail/guiderail within the project limits shall be included in this maintenance.

Page 1-35, Article 104-10 Maintenance of the Project, line 30, add the following as the last sentence of the first paragraph:

The Contractor shall perform weekly inspections of guardrail and guiderail and shall report damages to the Engineer on the same day of the weekly inspection. Where damaged guardrail or guiderail is repaired or replaced as a result of maintaining the project in accordance with this article, such repair or replacement shall be performed within 7 consecutive calendar days of such inspection report.

Page 1-35, Article 104-10 Maintenance of the Project, lines 42-44, replace the last sentence of the last paragraph with the following:

The Contractor will not be directly compensated for any maintenance operations necessary, except for maintenance of guardrail/guiderail, as this work will be considered incidental to the work covered by the various contract items. The provisions of Article 104-7, Extra Work, and Article 104-8, Compensation and Record Keeping will apply to authorized maintenance of guardrail/guiderail. Performance of weekly inspections of guardrail/guiderail, and the damage reports required as described above, will be considered to be an incidental part of the work being paid for by the various contract items.

TWELVE MONTH GUARANTEE:

(7-15-03)

108

SP1 G145

- (A) The Contractor shall guarantee materials and workmanship against latent and patent defects arising from faulty materials, faulty workmanship or negligence for a period of twelve months following the date of final acceptance of the work for maintenance and shall replace such defective materials and workmanship without cost to the Department. The Contractor will not be responsible for damage due to faulty design, normal wear and tear, for negligence on the part of the Department, and/or for use in excess of the design.
- (B) Where items of equipment or material carry a manufacturer's guarantee for any period in excess of twelve months, then the manufacturer's guarantee shall apply for that particular piece of equipment or material. The Department's first remedy shall be through the manufacturer although the Contractor is responsible for invoking the warranted repair work with the manufacturer. The Contractor's responsibility shall be limited to the term of the manufacturer's guarantee. NCDOT would be afforded the same warranty as provided by the Manufacturer.

This guarantee provision shall be invoked only for major components of work in which the Contractor would be wholly responsible for under the terms of the contract. Examples would include pavement structures, bridge components, and sign structures. This provision will not be used as a mechanism to force the Contractor to return to the project to make repairs or perform additional work that the Department would normally compensate the Contractor for. In addition, routine maintenance activities (i.e. mowing grass, debris removal, ruts in earth shoulders,) are not parts of this guarantee.

Appropriate provisions of the payment and/or performance bonds shall cover this guarantee for the project.

To ensure uniform application statewide the Division Engineer will forward details regarding the circumstances surrounding any proposed guarantee repairs to the Chief Engineer for review and approval prior to the work being performed.

GIFTS FROM VENDORS AND CONTRACTORS:

(12-15-09

107-1

SP1 G152

By Executive Order 24, issued by Governor Perdue, and *N.C.G.S.§ 133-32*, it is unlawful for any vendor or contractor (i.e. architect, bidder, contractor, construction manager, design professional, engineer, landlord, offeror, seller, subcontractor, supplier, or vendor), to make gifts or to give favors to any State employee of the Governor's Cabinet Agencies (i.e. Administration, Commerce, Correction, Crime Control and Public Safety, Cultural Resources, Environment and Natural Resources, Health and Human Services, Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, Revenue, Transportation, and the Office of the Governor). This prohibition covers those vendors and contractors who:

- (A) Have a contract with a governmental agency; or
- (B) Have performed under such a contract within the past year; or
- (C) Anticipate bidding on such a contract in the future.

For additional information regarding the specific requirements and exemptions, vendors and contractors are encouraged to review Executive Order 24 and N.C.G.S. § 133-32.

Executive Order 24 also encouraged and invited other State Agencies to implement the requirements and prohibitions of the Executive Order to their agencies. Vendors and contractors should contact other State Agencies to determine if those agencies have adopted Executive Order 24.

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL/STORMWATER CERTIFICATION:

(1-16-07) (Rev 9-18-12)

105-16, 225-2, 16

SP1 G180

General

Schedule and conduct construction activities in a manner that will minimize soil erosion and the resulting sedimentation and turbidity of surface waters. Comply with the requirements herein regardless of whether or not a National Pollution discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit for the work is required.

Establish a chain of responsibility for operations and subcontractors' operations to ensure that the *Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan* is implemented and maintained over the life of the contract.

- (A) Certified Supervisor Provide a certified Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Supervisor to manage the Contractor and subcontractor operations, insure compliance with Federal, State and Local ordinances and regulations, and manage the Quality Control Program.
- (B) Certified Foreman Provide a certified, trained foreman for each construction operation that increases the potential for soil erosion or the possible sedimentation and turbidity of surface waters.
- (C) Certified Installer Provide a certified installer to install or direct the installation for erosion or sediment/stormwater control practices.
- (D) Certified Designer Provide a certified designer for the design of the erosion and sediment control/stormwater component of reclamation plans and, if applicable, for the design of the project erosion and sediment control/stormwater plan.

Roles and Responsibilities

- (A) Certified Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Supervisor The Certified Supervisor shall be Level II and responsible for ensuring the erosion and sediment control/stormwater plan is adequately implemented and maintained on the project and for conducting the quality control program. The Certified Supervisor shall be on the project within 24 hours notice from initial exposure of an erodible surface to the project's final acceptance. Perform the following duties:
 - (1) Manage Operations Coordinate and schedule the work of subcontractors so that erosion and sediment control/stormwater measures are fully executed for each operation and in a timely manner over the duration of the contract.
 - (a) Oversee the work of subcontractors so that appropriate erosion and sediment control/stormwater preventive measures are conformed to at each stage of the work.
 - (b) Prepare the required National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Inspection Record and submit to the Engineer.
 - (c) Attend all weekly or monthly construction meetings to discuss the findings of the NPDES inspection and other related issues.
 - (d) Implement the erosion and sediment control/stormwater site plans requested.
 - (e) Provide any needed erosion and sediment control/stormwater practices for the Contractor's temporary work not shown on the plans, such as, but not limited to work platforms, temporary construction, pumping operations, plant and storage yards, and cofferdams.

- (f) Acquire applicable permits and comply with requirements for borrow pits, dewatering, and any temporary work conducted by the Contractor in jurisdictional areas.
- (g) Conduct all erosion and sediment control/stormwater work in a timely and workmanlike manner.
- (h) Fully perform and install erosion and sediment control/stormwater work prior to any suspension of the work.
- (i) Coordinate with Department, Federal, State and Local Regulatory agencies on resolution of erosion and sediment control/stormwater issues due to the Contractor's operations.
- (j) Ensure that proper cleanup occurs from vehicle tracking on paved surfaces or any location where sediment leaves the Right-of-Way.
- (k) Have available a set of erosion and sediment control/stormwater plans that are initialed and include the installation date of Best Management Practices. These practices shall include temporary and permanent groundcover and be properly updated to reflect necessary plan and field changes for use and review by Department personnel as well as regulatory agencies.
- (2) Requirements set forth under the NPDES Permit The Department's NPDES Stormwater permit (NCS000250) outlines certain objectives and management measures pertaining to construction activities. The permit references NCG010000, General Permit to Discharge Stormwater under the NPDES, and states that the Department shall incorporate the applicable requirements into its delegated Erosion and Sediment Control Program for construction activities disturbing one or more acres of land. The Department further incorporates these requirements on all contracted bridge and culvert work at jurisdictional waters, regardless of size. Some of the requirements are, but are not limited to:
 - (a) Control project site waste to prevent contamination of surface or ground waters of the state, i.e. from equipment operation/maintenance, construction materials, concrete washout, chemicals, litter, fuels, lubricants, coolants, hydraulic fluids, any other petroleum products, and sanitary waste.
 - (b) Inspect erosion and sediment control/stormwater devices and stormwater discharge outfalls at least once every 7 calendar days, twice weekly for construction related *Federal Clean Water Act, Section 303(d)* impaired streams with turbidity violations, and within 24 hours after a significant rainfall event of 0.5 inch that occurs within a 24 hour period.
 - (c) Maintain an onsite rain gauge or use the Department's Multi-Sensor Precipitation Estimate website to maintain a daily record of rainfall amounts and dates.
 - (d) Maintain erosion and sediment control/stormwater inspection records for review by Department and Regulatory personnel upon request.
 - (e) Implement approved reclamation plans on all borrow pits, waste sites and staging areas.

- (f) Maintain a log of turbidity test results as outlined in the Department's Procedure for Monitoring Borrow Pit Discharge.
- (g) Provide secondary containment for bulk storage of liquid materials.
- (h) Provide training for employees concerning general erosion and sediment control/stormwater awareness, the Department's NPDES Stormwater Permit NCS000250 requirements, and the applicable requirements of the *General Permit, NCG010000*.
- (i) Report violations of the NPDES permit to the Engineer immediately who will notify the Division of Water Quality Regional Office within 24 hours of becoming aware of the violation.
- (3) Quality Control Program Maintain a quality control program to control erosion, prevent sedimentation and follow provisions/conditions of permits. The quality control program shall:
 - (a) Follow permit requirements related to the Contractor and subcontractors' construction activities.
 - (b) Ensure that all operators and subcontractors on site have the proper erosion and sediment control/stormwater certification.
 - (c) Notify the Engineer when the required certified erosion and sediment control/stormwater personnel are not available on the job site when needed.
 - (d) Conduct the inspections required by the NPDES permit.
 - (e) Take corrective actions in the proper timeframe as required by the NPDES permit for problem areas identified during the NPDES inspections.
 - (f) Incorporate erosion control into the work in a timely manner and stabilize disturbed areas with mulch/seed or vegetative cover on a section-by-section basis.
 - (g) Use flocculants approved by state regulatory authorities where appropriate and where required for turbidity and sedimentation reduction.
 - (h) Ensure proper installation and maintenance of temporary erosion and sediment control devices.
 - (i) Remove temporary erosion or sediment control devices when they are no longer necessary as agreed upon by the Engineer.
 - (j) The Contractor's quality control and inspection procedures shall be subject to review by the Engineer. Maintain NPDES inspection records and make records available at all times for verification by the Engineer.
- (B) Certified Foreman At least one Certified Foreman shall be onsite for each type of work listed herein during the respective construction activities to control erosion, prevent sedimentation and follow permit provisions:
 - (1) Foreman in charge of grading activities
 - (2) Foreman in charge of bridge or culvert construction over jurisdictional areas
 - (3) Foreman in charge of utility activities

The Contractor may request to use the same person as the Level II Supervisor and Level II Foreman. This person shall be onsite whenever construction activities as described above are taking place. This request shall be approved by the Engineer prior to work beginning.

The Contractor may request to name a single Level II Foreman to oversee multiple construction activities on small bridge or culvert replacement projects. This request shall be approved by the Engineer prior to work beginning.

- (C) Certified Installers Provide at least one onsite, Level I Certified Installer for each of the following erosion and sediment control/stormwater crew:
 - (1) Seeding and Mulching
 - (2) Temporary Seeding
 - (3) Temporary Mulching
 - (4) Sodding
 - (5) Silt fence or other perimeter erosion/sediment control device installations
 - (6) Erosion control blanket installation
 - (7) Hydraulic tackifier installation
 - (8) Turbidity curtain installation
 - (9) Rock ditch check/sediment dam installation
 - (10) Ditch liner/matting installation
 - (11) Inlet protection
 - (12) Riprap placement
 - (13) Stormwater BMP installations (such as but not limited to level spreaders, retention/detention devices)
 - (14) Pipe installations within jurisdictional areas
 - If a Level I Certified Installer is not onsite, the Contractor may substitute a Level II Foreman for a Level I Installer, provided the Level II Foreman is not tasked to another crew requiring Level II Foreman oversight.
- (D) Certified Designer Include the certification number of the Level III-B Certified Designer on the erosion and sediment control/stormwater component of all reclamation plans and if applicable, the certification number of the Level III-A Certified Designer on the design of the project erosion and sediment control/stormwater plan.

Preconstruction Meeting

Furnish the names of the Certified Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Supervisor, Certified Foremen, Certified Installers and Certified Designer and notify the Engineer of changes in certified personnel over the life of the contract within 2 days of change.

Ethical Responsibility

Any company performing work for the North Carolina Department of Transportation has the ethical responsibility to fully disclose any reprimand or dismissal of an employee resulting from improper testing or falsification of records.

Revocation or Suspension of Certification

Upon recommendation of the Chief Engineer to the certification entity, certification for Supervisor, Certified Foremen, Certified Installers and Certified Designer may be revoked or suspended with the issuance of an Immediate Corrective Action (ICA), Notice of Violation (NOV), or Cease and Desist Order for erosion and sediment control/stormwater related issues.

The Chief Engineer may recommend suspension or permanent revocation of certification due to the following:

- (A) Failure to adequately perform the duties as defined within this certification provision.
- (B) Issuance of an ICA, NOV, or Cease and Desist Order.
- (C) Failure to fully perform environmental commitments as detailed within the permit conditions and specifications.
- (D) Demonstration of erroneous documentation or reporting techniques.
- (E) Cheating or copying another candidate's work on an examination.
- (F) Intentional falsification of records.
- (G) Directing a subordinate under direct or indirect supervision to perform any of the above actions.
- (H) Dismissal from a company for any of the above reasons.
- (I) Suspension or revocation of one's certification by another entity.

Suspension or revocation of a certification will be sent by certified mail to the certificant and the Corporate Head of the company that employs the certificant.

A certificant has the right to appeal any adverse action which results in suspension or permanent revocation of certification by responding, in writing, to the Chief Engineer within 10 calendar days after receiving notice of the proposed adverse action.

Chief Engineer 1536 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-1536

Failure to appeal within 10 calendar days will result in the proposed adverse action becoming effective on the date specified on the certified notice. Failure to appeal within the time specified will result in a waiver of all future appeal rights regarding the adverse action taken. The certificant will not be allowed to perform duties associated with the certification during the appeal process.

The Chief Engineer will hear the appeal and make a decision within 7 days of hearing the appeal. Decision of the Chief Engineer will be final and will be made in writing to the certificant.

If a certification is temporarily suspended, the certificant shall pass any applicable written examination and any proficiency examination, at the conclusion of the specified suspension period, prior to having the certification reinstated.

Measurement and Payment

Certified Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Supervisor, Certified Foremen, Certified Installers and Certified Designer will be incidental to the project for which no direct compensation will be made.

PROCEDURE FOR MONITORING BORROW PIT DISCHARGE:

(2-20-07) (Rev. 3-19-13)

105-16, 230, 801

SP1 G181

Water discharge from borrow pit sites shall not cause surface waters to exceed 50 NTUs (nephelometric turbidity unit) in streams not designated as trout waters and 10 NTUs in streams, lakes or reservoirs designated as trout waters. For lakes and reservoirs not designated as trout waters, the turbidity shall not exceed 25 NTUs. If the turbidity exceeds these levels due to natural background conditions, the existing turbidity level shall not be increased.

If during any operating day, the downstream water quality exceeds the standard, the Contractor shall do all of the following:

- (A) Either cease discharge or modify the discharge volume or turbidity levels to bring the downstream turbidity levels into compliance, or
- (B) Evaluate the upstream conditions to determine if the exceedance of the standard is due to natural background conditions. If the background turbidity measurements exceed the standard, operation of the pit and discharge can continue as long as the stream turbidity levels are not increased due to the discharge.
- (C) Measure and record the turbidity test results (time, date and sampler) at all defined sampling locations 30 minutes after startup and at a minimum, one additional sampling of all sampling locations during that 24-hour period in which the borrow pit is discharging.
- (D) Notify DWQ within 24 hours of any stream turbidity standard exceedances that are not brought into compliance.

During the Environmental Assessment required by Article 230-4 of the 2012 Standard Specifications, the Contractor shall define the point at which the discharge enters into the State's surface waters and the appropriate sampling locations. Sampling locations shall include points upstream and downstream from the point at which the discharge enters these waters. Upstream sampling location shall be located so that it is not influenced by backwater conditions and represents natural background conditions. Downstream sampling location shall be located at the point where complete mixing of the discharge and receiving water has occurred.

The discharge shall be closely monitored when water from the dewatering activities is introduced into jurisdictional wetlands. Any time visible sedimentation (deposition of sediment) on the wetland surface is observed, the dewatering activity will be suspended until turbidity levels in the stilling basin can be reduced to a level where sediment deposition does not occur. Staining of wetland surfaces from suspended clay particles, occurring after evaporation or infiltration, does not constitute sedimentation. No activities shall occur in wetlands that adversely affect the functioning of a wetland. Visible sedimentation will be considered an indication of possible adverse impacts on wetland use.

The Engineer will perform independent turbidity tests on a random basis. These results will be maintained in a log within the project records. Records will include, at a minimum, turbidity test results, time, date and name of sampler. Should the Department's test results exceed those of the Contractor's test results, an immediate test shall be performed jointly with the results superseding the previous test results of both the Department and the Contractor.

The Contractor shall use the NCDOT Turbidity Reduction Options for Borrow Pits Matrix, available at http://www.ncdot.gov/doh/operations/dp_chief_eng/roadside/fieldops/downloads/Files/TurbidityReductionOptionSheet.pdf to plan, design, construct, and maintain BMPs to address water quality standards. Tier I Methods include stilling basins which are standard compensatory BMPs. Other Tier I methods are noncompensatory and shall be used when needed to meet the stream turbidity standards. Tier II Methods are also noncompensatory and are options that may be needed for protection of rare or unique resources or where special environmental conditions exist at the site which have led to additional requirements being placed in the DWQ's 401 Certifications and approval letters, Isolated Wetland Permits, Riparian Buffer Authorization or a DOT Reclamation Plan's Environmental Assessment for the specific site. Should the Contractor exhaust all Tier I Methods on a site exclusive of rare or unique resources or special environmental conditions, Tier II Methods may be required by regulators on a case by case basis per supplemental agreement.

The Contractor may use cation exchange capacity (CEC) values from proposed site borings to plan and develop the bid for the project. CEC values exceeding 15 milliequivalents per 100 grams of soil may indicate a high potential for turbidity and should be avoided when dewatering into surface water is proposed.

No additional compensation for monitoring borrow pit discharge will be paid.

EMPLOYMENT:

(11-15-11) (Rev. 1-17-12)

108, 102

SP1 G184

Revise the 2012 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 1-20, Subarticle 102-15(O), delete and replace with the following:

(O) Failure to restrict a former Department employee as prohibited by Article 108-5.

Page 1-65, Article 108-5 Character of Workmen, Methods, and Equipment, line 32, delete all of line 32, the first sentence of the second paragraph and the first word of the second sentence of the second paragraph.

STATE HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATOR TITLE CHANGE:

(9-18-12)

SP1 G185

Revise the 2012 Standard Specifications as follows:

Replace all references to "State Highway Administrator" with "Chief Engineer".

E-VERIFY COMPLIANCE: (2-18-14)

SP1 G200

Contractors and subcontractors shall comply with the E-Verify requirements of N.C.G.S. Chapter 64, Article 2. Contractors are directed to review the foregoing laws. By signing this bid, any awarded Contractor certifies its compliance with the E-Verify requirements and will do so on a periodic basis thereafter as may be required by the Department.

PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS

ROADWAY

CLEARING AND GRUBBING - METHOD II:

(9-17-02) (Rev. 1-17-12)

SP2 R02A

Perform clearing on this project to the limits established by Method "II" shown on Standard Drawing No. 200.02 of the 2012 Roadway Standard Drawings.

BURNING RESTRICTIONS:

(7.1.05)

200, 210, 215 SP2 R05

Open burning is not permitted on any portion of the right-of-way limits established for this project. Do not burn the clearing, grubbing or demolition debris designated for disposal and generated from the project at locations within the project limits, off the project limits or at any waste or borrow sites in this county. Dispose of the clearing, grubbing and demolition debris by means other than burning, according to state or local rules and regulations.

SHOULDER AND FILL SLOPE MATERIAL:

(5-21-02)

235, 560

SP2 R45 A

Description

Perform the required shoulder and slope construction for this project in accordance with the applicable requirements of Section 560 and Section 235 of the 2012 Standard Specifications.

Measurement and Payment

Where the material has been obtained from an authorized stockpile or from a borrow source and *Borrow Excavation* is not included in the contract, no direct payment will be made for this work, as the cost of this work will be part of the work being paid at the contract lump sum price for *Grading*. If *Borrow Excavation* is included in this contract and the material has been obtained from an authorized stockpile or from a borrow source, measurement and payment will be as provided in Section 230 of the *2012 Standard Specifications* for *Borrow Excavation*.

PIPE INSTALLATION:

(11-20-12)

300

SP3 R01

Revise the 2012 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 3-1, Article 300-2, Materials, line 23-24, replace sentence with:

Provide foundation conditioning geotextile in accordance with Section 1056 for Type 4 geotextile.

24" WELDED STEEL PIPE (OPEN CUT):

Description

The Contractor shall install 24" Welded Steel Pipe, 0.500" wall thickness, Grade B in accordance with the applicable requirements of the *Standard Specifications*, this provision, and as directed by the Engineer.

Materials

Refer to Division 10

Item Section

Welded Steel Pipe 1032-5

Construction Methods

Install pipe in accordance with the applicable requirements of Section 300 of the *Standard Specifications* and as directed by the Engineer.

Measurement and Payment

24" Welded Steel Pipe, 0.500" Thick, Grade B (Open Cut) will be measured and paid as the actual number of linear feet of pipe that has been incorporated into the completed and accepted work. Measurement of pipe will be made by counting the number of joints used and multiplying by the length of the joint to obtain the number of linear feet of pipe installed and accepted. Measurements of partial joints will be made along the longest length of the partial joint to the nearest 0.1 ft. Select bedding and backfill material will be included in the cost of the installed pipe.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item Pay Unit

24" Welded Steel Pipe, 0.500" Thick, Grade B (Open Cut)

Linear Foot

ASPHALT PAVEMENTS - SUPERPAVE:

(6-19-12) (Rev. 2-18-14) 605, 609, 610, 650, 66

SP6 R01

Revise the 2012 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 6-3, Article 605-7 APPLICATION RATES AND TEMPERATURES, replace this article, including Table 601-1, with the following:

Apply tack coat uniformly across the existing surface at target application rates shown in Table 605-1.

TABLE 605-1 APPLICATION RATES FOR TACK COAT						
Existing Surface	Target Rate (gal/sy)					
	Emulsified Asphalt					
New Asphalt	0.04 ± 0.01					
Oxidized or Milled Asphalt	0.06 ± 0.01					
Concrete	0.08 ± 0.01					

Apply tack coat at a temperature within the ranges shown in Table 605-2. Tack coat shall not be overheated during storage, transport or at application.

TABLE 605-2 APPLICATION TEMPERATURE FOR TACK COAT						
Asphalt Material	Temperature Range					
Asphalt Binder, Grade PG 64-22	350 - 400°F					
Emulsified Asphalt, Grade RS-1H	130 - 160°F					
Emulsified Asphalt, Grade CRS-1	130 - 160°F					
Emulsified Asphalt, Grade CRS-1H	130 - 160°F					
Emulsified Asphalt, Grade HFMS-1	130 - 160°F					
Emulsified Asphalt, Grade CRS-2	130 - 160°F					

Page 6-7, Article 609-3 FIELD VERIFICATION OF MIXTURE AND JOB MIX FORMULA ADJUSTMENTS, lines 35-37, delete the second sentence of the second paragraph.

Page 6-18, Article 610-1 DESCRIPTION, lines 40-41, delete the last sentence of the last paragraph.

Page 6-19, Subarticle 610-3(A) Mix Design-General, line 5, add the following as the first paragraph:

Warm mix asphalt (WMA) is allowed for use at the Contractor's option in accordance with the NCDOT Approved Products List for WMA Technologies available at:

https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/Materials/MaterialsResources/Warm%20 Mix%20Asphalt%20Approved%20List.pdf

Page 6-21, Subarticle 610-3(C) Job Mix Formula (JMF), replace Table 610-1 with the following:

DESIGN MIX	TABLE 610-1 DESIGN MIXING TEMPERATURE AT THE ASPHALT PLANT ^A								
Binder Grade	HMA JMF Temperature	WMA JMF Temperature Range							
PG 64-22	300°F	225 - 275°F							
PG 70-22	315°F	240 - 290°F							
PG 76-22	335°F	260 - 310°F							

A. The mix temperature, when checked in the truck at the roadway, shall be within plus 15° and minus 25° of the temperature specified on the JMF.

Page 6-21, Subarticle 610-3(C) Job Mix Formula (JMF), lines 4-6, delete first sentence of the second paragraph. Line 7, in the second sentence of the second paragraph, replace "275°F" with "275°F or greater."

Page 6-22, Article 610-4 WEATHER, TEMPERATURE AND SEASONAL LIMITATIONS FOR PRODUCING AND PLACING ASPHALT MIXTURES, lines 15-17, replace the second sentence of the first paragraph with the following:

Do not place asphalt material when the air or surface temperatures, measured at the location of the paving operation away from artificial heat, do not meet Table 610-5.

Page 6-23, Article 610-4 WEATHER, TEMPERATURE AND SEASONAL LIMITATIONS FOR PRODUCING AND PLACING ASPHALT MIXTURES, replace Table 610-5 with the following:

7.7-	BLE 610-5 CRATURES FOR ASPHALT
Asphalt Concrete Mix Type	Minimum Surface and Air Temperature
B25.0B, C	35°F
I19.0B, C, D	35°F
SF9.5A, S9.5B	40°F
S9.5C, S12.5C	45°F
S9.5D, S12.5D	50°F

Page 6-26, Article 610-7 HAULING OF ASPHALT MIXTURE, lines 22-23, in the fourth sentence of the first paragraph replace "so as to overlap the top of the truck bed and" with "to".

Page 6-41, Subarticle 650-3(B) Mix Design Criteria, replace Table 650-1 with the following:

TABLE 650-1 OGAFC GRADATION CRITERIA								
Grading Requirements	Grading Requirements Total Percent Passing							
Sieve Size (mm)	Type FC-1	Type FC-1 Modified	Type FC-2 Modified					
19.0	-	-	100					
12.5	100	100	80 - 100					
9.50	75 - 100	75 - 100	55 - 80					
4.75	25 - 45	25 - 45	15 - 30					
2.36	5 - 15	5 - 15	5 - 15					
0.075	1.0 - 3.0	1.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 4.0					

Page 6-50, Table 660-1 MATERIAL APPLICATION RATES AND TEMPERATURES, lines 1-2, replace Note A in Table 660-1 with the following:

A. Use No. 6M, No. 67, No. 5 and No. 78M aggregate for retreatment before an asphalt overlay on existing pavement based on the width of the cracks in the existing pavement. Choose No. 78M for sections of roadway where the average width of existing cracks is 1/4" or less in width, No. 67 for sections of roadway where the average width of existing cracks are 1/4" to 5/8" in width and choose No. 5 for sections of roadway where the existing crack widths are greater than 5/8".

ASPHALT BINDER CONTENT OF ASPHALT PLANT MIXES:

(11-21-00) (Rev. 7-17-12)

609

SP6 R15

The approximate asphalt binder content of the asphalt concrete plant mixtures used on this project will be as follows:

Asphalt Concrete Base Course	Type B 25.0	4.4%
Asphalt Concrete Intermediate Course	Type I 19.0	4.8%
Asphalt Concrete Surface Course	Type S 4.75A	6.8%
Asphalt Concrete Surface Course	Type SA-1	6.8%
Asphalt Concrete Surface Course	Type SF 9.5A	6.7%
Asphalt Concrete Surface Course	Type S 9.5	6.0%
Asphalt Concrete Surface Course	Type S 12.5	5.6%

The actual asphalt binder content will be established during construction by the Engineer within the limits established in the 2012 Standard Specifications.

ASPHALT PLANT MIXTURES:

(7-1-95)

609

SP6 R20

Place asphalt concrete base course material in trench sections with asphalt pavement spreaders made for the purpose or with other equipment approved by the Engineer.

PRICE ADJUSTMENT - ASPHALT BINDER FOR PLANT MIX:

(11-21-00)

620

SP6 R25

Price adjustments for asphalt binder for plant mix will be made in accordance with Section 620 of the 2012 Standard Specifications.

The base price index for asphalt binder for plant mix is \$559.29 per ton.

This base price index represents an average of F.O.B. selling prices of asphalt binder at supplier's terminals on **February 1, 2014**.

FINAL SURFACE TESTING NOT REQUIRED:

(5-18-04) (Rev. 5-15-12)

610

SP6 R45

Final surface testing is not required on this project.

BICYCLE SAFE STEEL FRAME & GRATE:

The work covered by this provision consists of furnishing and placing steel frames with grate at locations shown in the plans and as directed by the Engineer.

All materials shall meet the requirements of Section 840 of the Standard Specifications.

The steel frame with grates shall be constructed in accordance with the applicable requirements of Section 840 of the *Standard Specifications*, the details in the plans, and as directed by the Engineer.

The quantity of steel frame with grate to be paid for will be the actual number of assemblies which have been incorporated into the completed work.

The quantity of steel frame with grate, measured as provided for above will be paid for at the contract unit price each for "Bicycle Safe Steel Frame and Grate".

The above prices and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this provision including but not limited to furnishing all material, transporting, labor, and all incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Payment will be made under:

Bicycle Safe Steel Frame and GrateEach

GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE M-350:

(4-20-04) (Rev. 1-17-12)

862

SP8 R60

Description

Furnish and install guardrail anchor units in accordance with the details in the plans, the applicable requirements of Section 862 of the 2012 Standard Specifications, and at locations shown in the plans.

Materials

The Contractor may, at his option, furnish any one of the following guardrail anchor units or approved equal.

The guardrail anchor unit (SRT-350) as manufactured by:

Trinity Industries, Inc. 2525 N. Stemmons Freeway Dallas, Texas 75207 Telephone: 800-644-7976

The guardrail anchor unit (FLEAT) as manufactured by:

Road Systems, Inc. 3616 Old Howard County Airport Big Springs, Texas 79720 Telephone: 915-263-2435

The guardrail anchor unit (REGENT) as manufactured by:

Energy Absorption Systems, Inc. One East Wacker Drive Chicago, Illinois 60601-2076 Telephone: 888-32-ENERGY Prior to installation the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer:

- (A) FHWA acceptance letter for each guardrail anchor unit certifying it meets the requirements of NCHRP Report 350, Test Level 3, in accordance with Article 106-2 of the 2012 Standard Specifications.
- (B) Certified working drawings and assembling instructions from the manufacturer for each guardrail anchor unit in accordance with Article 105-2 of the 2012 Standard Specifications.

No modifications shall be made to the guardrail anchor unit without the express written permission from the manufacturer. Perform installation in accordance with the details in the plans, and details and assembling instructions furnished by the manufacturer.

Construction Methods

Guardrail end delineation shall be required on all approach and trailing end sections for both temporary and permanent installations. Guardrail end delineation consists of yellow reflective sheeting applied to the entire end section of the guardrail in accordance with Article 1088-3 of the 2012 Standard Specifications and is incidental to the cost of the guardrail anchor unit.

Measurement and Payment

Measurement and payment will be made in accordance with Article 862-6 of the 2012 Standard Specifications.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item

Pay Unit

Guardrail Anchor Units, Type M-350

Each

GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE 350 TL-2:

(10-21-08) (Rev. 8-16-11)

862

SP8 R64

Description

Furnish and install guardrail anchor units in accordance with the details in the plans, the applicable requirements of Section 862 of the 2012 Standard Specifications, and at locations shown in the plans.

Materials

The Contractor may at his option, furnish any one of the guardrail anchor units or approved equal.

Guardrail anchor unit (ET-Plus) manufactured by:

Trinity Industries, Inc. 2525 N. Stemmons Freeway Dallas, Texas 75207 Telephone: 800-644-7976

The guardrail anchor unit (SKT 350) as manufactured by:

Road Systems, Inc. 3616 Old Howard County Airport Big Spring, Texas 79720 Telephone: 915-263-2435

Prior to installation the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer:

- (A) FHWA acceptance letter for each guardrail anchor unit certifying it meets the requirements of NCHRP Report 350, Test Level 2 in accordance with Article 106-2 of the 2012 Standard Specifications.
- (B) Certified working drawings and assembling instructions from the manufacturer for each guardrail anchor unit in accordance with Article 105-2 of the 2012 Standard Specifications.

No modifications shall be made to the guardrail anchor unit without the express written permission from the manufacturer. Perform installation in accordance with the details in the plans, and details and assembling instructions furnished by the manufacturer.

Construction Methods

Guardrail end delineation is required on all approach and trailing end sections for both temporary and permanent installations. Guardrail end delineation consists of yellow reflective sheeting applied to the entire end section of the guardrail in accordance with Article 1088-3 of the 2012 Standard Specifications and is incidental to the cost of the guardrail anchor unit.

Measurement and Payment

Measurement and payment will be made in accordance with Article 862-6 of the 2012 Standard Specifications.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item

Guardrail Anchor Units, Type 350 TL-2

Pay Unit

Each

GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE 350:

(4-20-04) (Rev. 8-16-11)

862

SP8 R65

Description

Furnish and install guardrail anchor units in accordance with the details in the plans, the applicable requirements of Section 862 of the 2012 Standard Specifications, and at locations shown in the plans.

Materials

The Contractor may at his option, furnish any one of the guardrail anchor units or approved equal.

Guardrail anchor unit (ET-Plus) as manufactured by:

Trinity Industries, Inc. 2525 N. Stemmons Freeway Dallas, Texas 75207 Telephone: 800-644-7976

The guardrail anchor unit (SKT 350) as manufactured by:

Road Systems, Inc. 3616 Old Howard County Airport Big Spring, Texas 79720 Telephone: 915-263-2435

Prior to installation the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer:

- (A) FHWA acceptance letter for each guardrail anchor unit certifying it meets the requirements of NCHRP Report 350, Test Level 3, in accordance with Article 106-2 of the 2012 Standard Specifications.
- (B) Certified working drawings and assembling instructions from the manufacturer for each guardrail anchor unit in accordance with Article 105-2 of the 2012 Standard Specifications.

No modifications shall be made to the guardrail anchor unit without the express written permission from the manufacturer. Perform installation in accordance with the details in the plans, and details and assembling instructions furnished by the manufacturer.

Construction Methods

Guardrail end delineation is required on all approach and trailing end sections for both temporary and permanent installations. Guardrail end delineation consists of yellow reflective sheeting applied to the entire end section of the guardrail in accordance with Article 1088-3 of the 2012 Standard Specifications and is incidental to the cost of the guardrail anchor unit.

Measurement and Payment

Measurement and payment will be made in accordance with Article 862-6 of the 2012 Standard Specifications.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item

Pay Unit

Guardrail Anchor Units, Type 350

Each

DETECTABLE WARNINGS FOR PROPOSED CURB RAMPS:

(6-15-10) (Rev. 8-16-11)

8/18

SP8 R126

Description

Construct detectable warnings consisting of integrated raised truncated domes on proposed concrete curb ramps in accordance with the 2012 Standard Specifications, plan details, the requirements of the 28 CFR Part 36 ADA Standards for Accessible Design and this provision.

Materials

Detectable warning for proposed curb ramps shall consist of integrated raised truncated domes. The description, size and spacing shall conform to Section 848 of the 2012 Standard Specifications.

Use material for detectable warning systems as shown herein. Material and coating specifications must be stated in the Manufacturers Type 3 Certification and all Detectable Warning systems must be on the NCDOT Approved Products List.

Install detectable warnings created from one of the following materials: precast concrete blocks or bricks, clay paving brick, gray or ductile iron castings, mild steel, stainless steel, and engineered plastics, rubber or composite tile. Only one material type for detectable warning will be permitted per project, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

- (A) Detectable Warnings shall consist of a base with integrated raised truncated domes, and when constructed of precast concrete they shall conform to the material requirements of Article 848-2 of the 2012 Standard Specifications.
- (B) Detectable Warnings shall consist of a base with integrated raised truncated domes, and may be comprised of other materials including, but not limited, to clay paving brick, gray iron or ductile iron castings, mild steel, stainless steel, and engineered plastics, rubber or composite tile, which are cast into the concrete of the curb ramps. The material shall have an integral color throughout the thickness of the material. The detectable warning shall include fasteners or anchors for attachment in the concrete and shall be furnished as a system from the manufacturer.

Prior to installation, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer assembling instructions from the manufacturer for each type of system used in accordance with Article 105-2 of the 2012 Standard Specifications. The system shall be furnished as a kit containing all consumable materials and consumable tools, required for the application. They shall be capable of being affixed to or anchored in the concrete curb ramp, including green concrete (concrete that has set but not appreciably hardened). The system shall be solvent free and contain no volatile organic compounds (VOC). The static coefficient of friction shall be 0.8 or greater when measured on top of the truncated domes and when measured between the domes in accordance with ASTM C1028 (dry and wet). The system shall be resistant to deterioration due to exposure to sunlight, water, salt or adverse weather conditions and impervious to degradation by motor fuels, lubricants and antifreeze.

(C) When steel or gray iron or ductile iron casting products are provided, only products that meet the requirements of Subarticle 106-1(B) of the 2012 Standard Specifications may be used. Submit to the Engineer a Type 6 Certification, catalog cuts and installation procedures at least 30 days prior to installation for all.

Construction Methods

- (A) Prior to placing detectable warnings in proposed concrete curb ramps, adjust the existing subgrade to the proper grade and in accordance with Article 848-3 of the 2012 Standard Specifications.
- (B) Install all detectable warning in proposed concrete curb ramps in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

Measurement and Payment

Detectable Warnings installed for construction of proposed curb ramps will not be paid for separately. Such payment will be included in the price bid for *Concrete Curb Ramps*.

DDI BARRIER:

Description

Construct DDI Barrier in areas indicated in the plans, in accordance with the detail in the plans and as directed by the Engineer.

Construction

Construct DDI Barrier in accordance with the detail in the plans, the applicable requirements of Section 854 of *the Standard Specifications* and as directed by the Engineer.

Measurement and Payment

DDI Barrier will be measured and paid in linear feet of barrier that has been completed, placed and accepted. Measurement will be made along the top surface at the centerline of the barrier with no deduction made for joints. Price includes, but is not limited to, furnishing and placing concrete and reinforcing steel, joint filler, constructing joints and all labor, materials and incidental necessary to satisfactorily complete the work.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item
DDI Barrier

Pay Unit Linear Foot

STREET SIGNS AND MARKERS AND ROUTE MARKERS:

1-95)

SP9 R02

Move any existing street signs, markers, and route markers out of the construction limits of the project and install the street signs and markers and route markers so that they will be visible to the traveling public if there is sufficient right of way for these signs and markers outside of the construction limits.

Near the completion of the project and when so directed by the Engineer, move the signs and markers and install them in their proper location in regard to the finished pavement of the project.

Stockpile any signs or markers that cannot be relocated due to lack of right of way, or any signs and markers that will no longer be applicable after the construction of the project, at locations directed by the Engineer for removal by others.

The Contractor shall be responsible to the owners for any damage to any street signs and markers or route markers during the above described operations.

No direct payment will be made for relocating, reinstalling, and/or stockpiling the street signs and markers and route markers as such work shall be considered incidental to other work being paid for by the various items in the contract.

FOUNDATIONS AND ANCHOR ROD ASSEMBLIES FOR METAL POLES:

(1-17-12) (Rev. 5-21-13)

9, 14, 17

SP9 R05

Description

Foundations for metal poles include foundations for signals, cameras, overhead and dynamic message signs (DMS) and high mount and low level light standards supported by metal poles or upright trusses. Foundations consist of footings with pedestals and drilled piers with or without grade beams or wings. Anchor rod assemblies consist of anchor rods (also called anchor bolts) with nuts and washers on the exposed ends of rods and nuts and a plate or washers on the other ends of rods embedded in the foundation.

Construct concrete foundations with the required resistances and dimensions and install anchor rod assemblies in accordance with the contract and accepted submittals. Construct drilled piers consisting of cast-in-place reinforced concrete cylindrical sections in excavated holes. Provide temporary casings or polymer slurry as needed to stabilize drilled pier excavations. Use a prequalified Drilled Pier Contractor to construct drilled piers for metal poles. Define "excavation" and "hole" as a drilled pier excavation and "pier" as a drilled pier.

This provision does not apply to materials and anchor rod assemblies for standard foundations for low level light standards. See Section 1405 of the 2012 Standard Specifications and Standard Drawing No. 1405.01 of the 2012 Roadway Standard Drawings for materials and anchor rod

assemblies for standard foundations. For construction of standard foundations for low level light standards, standard foundations are considered footings in this provision.

This provision does not apply to foundations for signal pedestals; see Section 1743 of the 2012 Standard Specifications and Standard Drawing No. 1743.01 of the 2012 Roadway Standard Drawings.

Materials

Refer to the 2012 Standard Specifications.

Item	Section
Conduit	1091-3
Grout, Nonshrink	1003
Polymer Slurry	411-2(B)
Portland Cement Concrete	1000
Reinforcing Steel	1070
Rollers and Chairs	411-2(C)
Temporary Casings	411-2(A)

Provide Type 3 material certifications in accordance with Article 106-3 of the 2012 Standard Specifications for conduit, rollers, chairs and anchor rod assemblies. Store steel materials on blocking at least 12" above the ground and protect it at all times from damage; and when placing in the work make sure it is free from dirt, dust, loose mill scale, loose rust, paint, oil or other foreign materials. Load, transport, unload and store foundation and anchor rod assembly materials so materials are kept clean and free of damage. Bent, damaged or defective materials will be rejected.

Use conduit type in accordance with the contract. Use Class A concrete for footings and pedestals, Class Drilled Pier concrete for drilled piers and Class AA concrete for grade beams and wings including portions of drilled piers above bottom of wings elevations. Corrugated temporary casings may be accepted at the discretion of the Engineer. A list of approved polymer slurry products is available from:

connect.ncdot.gov/resources/Geological/Pages/Products.aspx

Provide anchor rod assemblies in accordance with the contract consisting of the following:

- (A) Straight anchor rods,
- (B) Heavy hex top and leveling nuts and flat washers on exposed ends of rods, and
- (C) Nuts and either flat plates or washers on the other ends of anchor rods embedded in foundations.

Do not use lock washers. Use steel anchor rods, nuts and washers that meet ASTM F1554 for Grade 55 rods and Grade A nuts. Use steel plates and washers embedded in concrete with a thickness of at least 1/4". Galvanize anchor rods and exposed nuts and washers in accordance with Article 1076-4 of the 2012 Standard Specifications. It is not necessary to galvanize nuts, plates and washers embedded in concrete.

Construction Methods

Install the required size and number of conduits in foundations in accordance with the plans and accepted submittals. Construct top of piers, footings, pedestals, grade beams and wings flat, level and within 1" of elevations shown in the plans or approved by the Engineer. Provide an Ordinary Surface finish in accordance with Subarticle 825-6(B) of the 2012 Standard Specifications for portions of foundations exposed above finished grade. Do not remove anchor bolt templates or pedestal or grade beam forms or erect metal poles or upright trusses onto foundations until concrete attains a compressive strength of at least 3,000 psi.

(A) Drilled Piers

Before starting drilled pier construction, hold a predrill meeting to discuss the installation, monitoring and inspection of the drilled piers. Schedule this meeting after the Drilled Pier Contractor has mobilized to the site. The Resident or Division Traffic Engineer, Contractor and Drilled Pier Contractor Superintendent will attend this predrill meeting.

Do not excavate holes, install piles or allow equipment wheel loads or vibrations within 20 ft of completed piers until 16 hours after Drilled Pier concrete reaches initial set.

Check for correct drilled pier alignment and location before beginning drilling. Check plumbness of holes frequently during drilling.

Construct drilled piers with the minimum required diameters shown in the plans. Install piers with tip elevations no higher than shown in the plans or approved by the Engineer.

Excavate holes with equipment of the sizes required to construct drilled piers. Depending on the subsurface conditions encountered, drilling through rock and boulders may be required. Do not use blasting for drilled pier excavations.

Contain and dispose of drilling spoils and waste concrete as directed and in accordance with Section 802 of the 2012 Standard Specifications. Drilling spoils consist of all materials and fluids removed from excavations.

If unstable, caving or sloughing materials are anticipated or encountered, stabilize holes with temporary casings and/or polymer slurry. Do not use telescoping temporary casings. If it becomes necessary to replace a temporary casing during drilling, backfill the excavation, insert a larger casing around the casing to be replaced or stabilize the excavation with polymer slurry before removing the temporary casing.

If temporary casings become stuck or the Contractor proposes leaving casings in place, temporary casings should be installed against undisturbed material. Unless otherwise approved, do not leave temporary casings in place for mast arm poles and cantilever signs. The Engineer will determine if casings may remain in place. If the Contractor proposes leaving temporary casings in place, do not begin drilling until a casing installation method is approved.

Use polymer slurry and additives to stabilize holes in accordance with the slurry manufacturer's recommendations. Provide mixing water and equipment suitable for polymer slurry. Maintain polymer slurry at all times so slurry meets Table 411-3 of the 2012 Standard Specifications except for sand content.

Define a "sample set" as slurry samples collected from mid-height and within 2 ft of the bottom of holes. Take sample sets from excavations to test polymer slurry immediately after filling holes with slurry, at least every 4 hours thereafter and immediately before placing concrete. Do not place Drilled Pier concrete until both slurry samples from an excavation meet the required polymer slurry properties. If any slurry test results do not meet the requirements, the Engineer may suspend drilling until both samples from a sample set meet the required slurry properties.

Remove soft and loose material from bottom of holes using augers to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Assemble rebar cages and place cages and Drilled Pier concrete in accordance with Subarticle 411-4(E) of the 2012 Standard Specifications except for the following:

- (1) Inspections for tip resistance and bottom cleanliness are not required,
- (2) Temporary casings may remain in place if approved, and
- (3) Concrete placement may be paused near the top of pier elevations for anchor rod assembly installation and conduit placement or
- (4) If applicable, concrete placement may be stopped at bottom of grade beam or wings elevations for grade beam or wing construction.

If wet placement of concrete is anticipated or encountered, do not place Drilled Pier concrete until a concrete placement procedure is approved. If applicable, temporary casings and fluids may be removed when concrete placement is paused or stopped in accordance with the exceptions above provided holes are stable. Remove contaminated concrete from exposed Drilled Pier concrete after removing casings and fluids. If holes are unstable, do not remove temporary casings until a procedure for placing anchor rod assemblies and conduit or constructing grade beams or wings is approved.

Use collars to extend drilled piers above finished grade. Remove collars after Drilled Pier concrete sets and round top edges of piers.

If drilled piers are questionable, pile integrity testing (PIT) and further investigation may be required in accordance with Article 411-5 of the 2012 Standard Specifications. A drilled pier will be considered defective in accordance with Subarticle 411-5(D) of the 2012 Standard Specifications and drilled pier acceptance is based in part on the criteria in Article 411-6 of the 2012 Standard Specifications except for the top of pier tolerances in Subarticle 411-6(C) of the 2012 Standard Specifications.

If a drilled pier is under further investigation, do not grout core holes, backfill around the pier or perform any work on the drilled pier until the Engineer accepts the pier. If the drilled pier is accepted, dewater and grout core holes and backfill around the pier with approved material to finished grade. If the Engineer determines a pier is unacceptable, remediation is required in accordance with Article 411-6 of the 2012 Standard

Specifications. No extension of completion date or time will be allowed for remediation of unacceptable drilled piers or post repair testing.

Permanently embed a plate in or mark top of piers with the pier diameter and depth, size and number of vertical reinforcing bars and the minimum compressive strength of the concrete mix at 28 days.

(B) Footings, Pedestals, Grade Beams and Wings

Excavate as necessary for footings, grade beams and wings in accordance with the plans, accepted submittals and Section 410 of the 2012 Standard Specifications. If unstable, caving or sloughing materials are anticipated or encountered, shore foundation excavations as needed with an approved method. Notify the Engineer when foundation excavation is complete. Do not place concrete or reinforcing steel until excavation dimensions and foundation material are approved.

Construct cast-in-place reinforced concrete footings, pedestals, grade beams and wings with the dimensions shown in the plans and in accordance with Section 825 of the 2012 Standard Specifications. Use forms to construct portions of pedestals and grade beams protruding above finished grade. Provide a chamfer with a 3/4" horizontal width for pedestal and grade beam edges exposed above finished grade. Backfill and fill in accordance with Article 410-8 of the 2012 Standard Specifications. Proper compaction around footings and wings is critical for foundations to resist uplift and torsion forces. Place concrete against undisturbed soil and do not use forms for standard foundations for low level light standards.

(C) Anchor Rod Assemblies

Size anchor rods for design and the required projection above top of foundations. Determine required anchor rod projections from nut, washer and base plate thicknesses, the protrusion of 3 to 5 anchor rod threads above top nuts after tightening and the distance of one nut thickness between top of foundations and bottom of leveling nuts.

Protect anchor rod threads from damage during storage and installation of anchor rod assemblies. Before placing anchor rods in foundations, turn nuts onto and off rods past leveling nut locations. Turn nuts with the effort of one workman using an ordinary wrench without a cheater bar. Report any thread damage to the Engineer that requires extra effort to turn nuts.

Arrange anchor rods symmetrically about center of base plate locations as shown in the plans. Set anchor rod elevations based on required projections above top of foundations. Securely brace and hold rods in the correct position, orientation and alignment with a steel template. Do not weld to reinforcing steel, temporary casings or anchor rods.

Install top and leveling (bottom) nuts, washers and the base plate for each anchor rod assembly in accordance with the following procedure:

- (1) Turn leveling nuts onto anchor rods to a distance of one nut thickness between the top of foundation and bottom of leveling nuts. Place washers over anchor rods on top of leveling nuts.
- (2) Determine if nuts are level using a flat rigid template on top of washers. If necessary, lower leveling nuts to level the template in all directions or if applicable, lower nuts to tilt the template so the metal pole or upright truss will lean as shown in the plans. If leveling nuts and washers are not in full contact with the template, replace washers with galvanized beveled washers.
- (3) Verify the distance between the foundation and leveling nuts is no more than one nut thickness.
- (4) Place base plate with metal pole or upright truss over anchor rods on top of washers. High mount luminaires may be attached before erecting metal poles but do not attach cables, mast arms or trusses to metal poles or upright trusses at this time.
- (5) Place washers over anchor rods on top of base plate. Lubricate top nut bearing surfaces and exposed anchor rod threads above washers with beeswax, paraffin or other approved lubricant.
- (6) Turn top nuts onto anchor rods. If nuts are not in full contact with washers or washers are not in full contact with the base plate, replace washers with galvanized beveled washers.
- (7) Tighten top nuts to snug-tight with the full effort of one workman using a 12" wrench. Do not tighten any nut all at once. Turn top nuts in increments. Follow a star pattern cycling through each nut at least twice.
- (8) Repeat (7) for leveling nuts.
- (9) Replace washers above and below the base plate with galvanized beveled washers if the slope of any base plate face exceeds 1:20 (5%), any washer is not in firm contact with the base plate or any nut is not in firm contact with a washer. If any washers are replaced, repeat (7) and (8).
- (10) With top and leveling nuts snug-tight, mark each top nut on a corner at the intersection of 2 flats and a corresponding reference mark on the base plate. Mark top nuts and base plate with ink or paint that is not water-soluble. Use the turn-of-nut method for pretensioning. Do not pretension any nut all at once. Turn top nuts in increments for a total turn that meets the following nut rotation requirements:

NUT ROTATION RE (Turn-of-Nut Pretens	~~.
Anchor Rod Diameter, inch	Requirement
≤ 1 1/2	1/3 turn (2 flats)
> 1 1/2	1/6 turn (1 flat)

Follow a star pattern cycling through each top nut at least twice.

- (11) Ensure nuts, washers and base plate are in firm contact with each other for each anchor rod. Cables, mast arms and trusses may now be attached to metal poles and upright trusses.
- (12) Between 4 and 14 days after pretensioning top nuts, use a torque wrench calibrated within the last 12 months to check nuts in the presence of the Engineer. Completely erect mast arm poles and cantilever signs and attach any hardware before checking top nuts for these structures. Check that top nuts meet the following torque requirements:

TORQUE REQ	UIREMENTS
Anchor Rod Diameter, inch	Requirement, ft-lb
7/8	180
1	270
1 1/8	380
1 1/4	420
≥ 1 1/2	600

If necessary, retighten top nuts in the presence of the Engineer with a calibrated torque wrench to within \pm 10 ft-lb of the required torque. Do not overtighten top nuts.

(13) Do not grout under base plate.

Measurement and Payment

Foundations and anchor rod assemblies for metal poles and upright trusses will be measured and paid for elsewhere in the contract.

No payment will be made for temporary casings that remain in drilled pier excavations. No payment will be made for PIT. No payment will be made for further investigation of defective piers. Further investigation of piers that are not defective will be paid as extra work in accordance with Article 104-7 of the 2012 Standard Specifications. No payment will be made for remediation of unacceptable drilled piers or post repair testing.

MATERIALS:

(2-21-12) (Rev. 1-21-14)

1000, 1005, 1024, 1050, 1056, 1074, 1078, 1080, 1081, 1086, 1084, 1087, 1092

SP10 R01

Revise the 2012 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 10-1, Article 1000-1, DESCRIPTION, lines 9-10, replace the last sentence of the first paragraph with the following:

Type IL, IP, IS or IT blended cement may be used instead of Portland cement.

Page 10-1, Article 1000-1, DESCRIPTION, line 14, add the following:

Use materials which do not produce a mottled appearance through rusting or other staining of the finished concrete surface.

Page 10-1, Article 1000-2, MATERIALS, line 16, add the following to the table of item references:

Item

Section

Type IL Blended Cement

1024-1

Page 10-5, Table 1000-1, REQUIREMENTS FOR CONCRETE, replace with the following:

			REQ	TA UIREMEI	BLE 1000 NTS FOR	CONC					
4	Maxin	num Wate	er-Cement	Ratio		sistency . Slump		Cement	Content		
Class of	Class of Concrete Min. Comp. Strength at 28 days	Air-Ent Cond		Non Entra Cond	ained crete	Vibrated	Non- Vibrated	Vib	rated	Non- Vibrated	
	M. S. E.	Rounded Aggregate	Angular Aggre- gate	Rounded Aggregate	Angular Aggre- gate	Vib	N Vib	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
Units	psi					inch	inch	lb/cy	lb/cy	lb/cy	lb/cy
AA	4,500	0.381	0.426	-	-	3.5	-	639	715	-	-
AA Slip Form	4,500	0.381	0.426	-	-	1.5	-	639	715	-	-
Drilled Pier	4,500	-	-	0.450	0.450	_	5-7 dry 7-9 wet	-	-	640	800
A	3,000	0.488	0.532	0.550	0.594	3.5	4	564	-	602	-
В	2,500	0.488	0.567	0.559	0.630	2.5	4	508	-	545	-
B Slip Formed	2,500	0.488	0.567	-	-	1.5	-	508	-	-	-
Sand Light- weight	4,500	-	0.420	-	-	4	-	715	-	-	-
Latex Modified	3,000 7 day	0.400	0.400	-	-	6	-	658	-	-	-
Flowable Fill excavatable	150 max. at 56 days	as needed	as needed	as needed	as needed	-	Flow- able	-	-	40	100
Flowable Fill non-excavatable	125	as needed	as needed	as needed	as needed	-	Flow- able	-	-	100	as needed
Pavement	4,500 design, field 650 flexural, design only	0.559	0.559	•	-	1.5 slip form 3.0 hand place	•	526	-	-	-
Precast	See Table 1077-1	as needed	as needed	-	-	6	as needed	as needed	as needed	as needed	as needed
Prestress	per contract	See Table 1078-1	See Table 1078-1	Yanga olganisa da	-	8	-	564	as needed	-	-

Page 10-23, Table 1005-1, AGGREGATE GRADATION-COARSE AGGREGATE, replace with the following:

Light- weight ^C	ABC (M)	ABC	9	14M	78M	67	6M	57M	57	5	467M	4	Std. Size#		COLUMN TO THE CO
ı	ı	1	•	•	•	•	•	t	1	1	100	100	2"		eloega, colocada con monte algebra mente.
-	100	100	ı	•	ı	•		100	100	100	95- 100	90 -	1 1/2"		economic de la company de la c
-	75- 100	75- 97	ı	1		100	100	95- 100	95- 100	90- 100	•	20- 55	7		AUU
•	ı	•	ı	1	100	90- 100	90- 100	•	•	20- 55	35- 70	0-15	3/4"	P	
100	45- 79	55- 80	•	•	98 -	•	20- 55	25- 45	25 - 60	0-10	•		1/2"	ercen	
80- 100	1	-	100	100	75- 100	20- 55	0-20	•	ı	0-5	0-30	0-5	3/8"	Percentage of Total by Weight Passing	
5- 40	20- 40	35- 55	85 -	35- 70	20- 45	0-10	0-8	0-10	0-10	,	0-5	ı	#	f Tota	AUGNEGATE GNADATION - COANSE AUGNEGATE
0-20	•	-	10- 40	5-20	0-15	0-5		0-5	0-5	ı	•	1	#8	ıl by \	714 - 6
ı	0- 25	25- 45	•	•	ı	ı	•		•	•	1		#10	Veigh	
0-10	ı	-	0-10	0-8	•	•		•	ı	•	•		#16	t Pass	
1		14- 30	ı	•		•		•	•	-	·	•	#40	ing	
0-2.5	0- 12 ^B	4- 12 ^B	A	A	Α	A	A	Α	A	Α	Α	A	#200		
AST	Maintenance Stabilization	Aggregate Base Course, Aggregate Stabilization	AST	Asphalt Plant Mix, AST, Weep Hole Drains, Str. Concrete	Asphalt Plant Mix, AST, Str. Conc, Weep Hole Drains	AST, Str. Concrete, Asphalt Plant Mix	AST	AST, Concrete Pavement	AST, Str. Concrete, Shoulder Drain, Sediment Control Stone	AST, Sediment Control Stone	Asphalt Plant Mix	Asphalt Plant Mix	Remarks		

Page 10-46, Article 1024-1, PORTLAND CEMENT, line 33, add the following as the ninth paragraph:

Use Type IL blended cement that meets AASHTO M 240, except that the limestone content is limited to between 5 and 12% by weight and the constituents shall be interground. Class F fly ash can replace a portion of Type IL blended cement and shall be replaced as outlined in Subarticle 1000-4(I) for Portland cement. For mixes that contain cement with alkali content

Buncombe/Henderson Counties

between 0.6% and 1.0% and for mixes that contain a reactive aggregate documented by the Department, use a pozzolan in the amount shown in Table 1024-1.

Page 10-65, Article 1050-1, GENERAL, line 41, replace the first sentence with the following: All fencing material and accessories shall meet Section 106.

Page 10-73, Article 1056-1 DESCRIPTION, lines 7-8, delete the first sentence of the second paragraph and replace with the following:

Use geotextile fabrics that are on the NCDOT Approved Products List.

Page 10-73, Article 1056-2 HANDLING AND STORING, line 17, replace "mechanically stabilized earth (MSE) wall faces" with "temporary wall faces".

Page 10-74, TABLE 1056-1 GEOTEXTILE REQUIREMENTS, replace table with the following:

			BLE 1056-1 LE REQUIR	EMENTS					
Property Requirement (MARV ^A) Type 1 Type 2 Type 3 Type 4 Type 5 C									
rroperty	Type 1	Type 2	Type 3 ^B	Type 4	Type 5 ^C	Test			
Typical Application	Shoulder Drains	Under Rip Rap	Temporary Silt Fence	Soil Stabilization	Temporary Walls	Method			
Elongation (MD & CD)	≥ 50%	≥ 50%	≤ 25%	< 50%	< 50%	ASTM D4632			
Grab Strength (MD & CD)			100 lb		-	ASTM D4632			
Tear Strength (MD & CD)	Table 1 ^D , Class 3	Table 1 ^D , Class 1	-	Table 1 ^D , Class 3	-	ASTM D4533			
Puncture Strength			-		-	ASTM D6241			
Ultimate Tensile Strength (MD & CD)	- :	-	•	· -	2,400 lb/ft (unless required otherwise in the contract)	ASTM D4595			
Permittivity	T- L 1	e 2 ^D ,			0.20 sec ⁻¹	ASTM D4491			
Apparent Opening Size	15% t	o 50%	Table 7 ^D	Table 5 ^D	No. 30 ^E	ASTM D4751			
UV Stability (Retained Strength)	tability ained Passing No. 200 ^E				70%	ASTM D4355			

- **A.** MARV does not apply to elongation
- **B.** Minimum roll width of 36" required
- C. Minimum roll width of 13 ft required
- D. AASHTO M 288
- E. US Sieve No. per AASHTO M 92

Page 10-115, Subarticle 1074-7(B), Gray Iron Castings, lines 10-11, replace with the first two sentences with the following:

Supply gray iron castings meeting all facets of AASHTO M 306 excluding proof load. Proof load testing will only be required for new casting designs during the design process, and conformance to M306 loading (40,000 lbs.) will be required only when noted on the design documents.

Page 10-126, Table 1078-1, REQUIREMENTS FOR CONCRETE, replace with the following:

TABLE 1 REQUIREMENTS F		
Property	28 Day Design Compressive Strength 6,000 psi or less	28 Day Design Compressive Strength greater than 6,000 psi
Maximum Water/Cementitious Material Ratio	0.45	0.40
Maximum Slump without HRWR	3.5"	3.5"
Maximum Slump with HRWR	8"	8"
Air Content (upon discharge into forms)	5 + 2%	5 + 2%

Page 10-151, Article 1080-4 Inspection and Sampling, lines 18-22, replace (B), (C) and (D) with the following:

- (B) At least 3 panels prepared as specified in 5.5.10 of AASHTO M 300, Bullet Hole Immersion Test.
- (C) At least 3 panels of 4"x6"x1/4" for the Elcometer Adhesion Pull Off Test, ASTM D4541.
- (D) A certified test report from an approved independent testing laboratory for the Salt Fog Resistance Test, Cyclic Weathering Resistance Test, and Bullet Hole Immersion Test as specified in AASHTO M 300.
- (E) A certified test report from an approved independent testing laboratory that the product has been tested for slip coefficient and meets AASHTO M253, Class B.

Page 10-161, Subarticle 1081-1(A) Classifications, lines 29-33, delete first 3 sentences of the description for Type 2 and replace with the following:

Type 2 - A low-modulus, general-purpose adhesive used in epoxy mortar repairs. It may be used to patch spalled, cracked or broken concrete where vibration, shock or expansion and contraction are expected.

Page 10-162, Subarticle 1081-1(A) Classifications, lines 4-7, delete the second and third sentences of the description for Type 3A. Lines 16-22, delete Types 6A, 6B and 6C.

Page 10-162, Subarticle 1081-1(B) Requirements, lines 26-30, replace the second paragraph with the following:

For epoxy resin systems used for embedding dowel bars, threaded rods, rebar, anchor bolts and other fixtures in hardened concrete, the manufacturer shall submit test results showing that the bonding system will obtain 125% of the specified required yield strength of the fixture. Furnish certification that, for the particular bolt grade, diameter and embedment depth required, the

anchor system will not fail by adhesive failure and that there is no movement of the anchor bolt. For certification and anchorage, use 3,000 psi as the minimum Portland cement concrete compressive strength used in this test. Use adhesives that meet Section 1081.

List the properties of the adhesive on the container and include density, minimum and maximum temperature application, setting time, shelf life, pot life, shear strength and compressive strength.

Page 10-163, Table 1081-1 Properties of Mixed Epoxy Resin Systems, replace table with the following:

TOHOWH		······································			.,			y			······
Min. Bond Strength Slant Shear Test at 14 days (psi)	Maximum Water Absorption (%)	Min. Compressive Strength of 2" mortar cubes at 7 days	Min. Compressive Strength of 2". mortar cubes at 24 hours	Tensile Elongation at 7 days (%)	Minimum Tensile Strength at 7 days (psi)	Pot Life (Minutes)	Speed (RPM)	Spindle No.	Viscosity-Poises at 77°F ± 2°F	Property	
1,500	1.5	5,000 (Neat)	3,000 (Neat)	30 min.	1,500	20-50	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•	Gel	Type 1	Properties
1,500	1.0		4,000-	30 min.	2,000	30-60	20	သ	10-30	Туре 2	Table 1081-1 of Mixed Epoxy
2,000	1.0	ı	6,000-	2-5	4,000	20-50	20	4	25-75	Type 3	Table 1081-1 Properties of Mixed Epoxy Resin Systems
2,000	1.5	.	6,000 (Neat)	2-5	4,000	5-50	1	!	Gel	Туре 3A	Systems
1,500	1.0	ı	3,000	5-15	1,500	40-80	10	4	40-150	Type 4A	
1,500	1.0	5,000	3,000	5-15	1,500	40-80	10	4	40-150	Type 4B	
1,500	1.0	ŧ	6,000	2-5	4,000	20-60	50	2	1-6	Type 5	

Page 10-164, Subarticle 1081-1(E) Prequalification, lines 31-33, replace the second sentence of the first paragraph with the following:

Manufacturers choosing to supply material for Department jobs must submit an application through the Value Management Unit with the following information for each type and brand name:

Page 10-164, Subarticle 1081-1(E)(3), line 37, replace this subarticle with the following:

(3) Type of the material in accordance with Articles 1081-1 and 1081-4,

Page 10-165, Subarticle 1081-1(E)(6), line 1, in the first sentence of the first paragraph replace "AASHTO M 237" with "the specifications".

Page 10-165, Subarticle 1081-1(E) Prequalification, line 9-10, delete the second sentence of the last paragraph.

Page 10-165, Subarticle 1081-1(F) Acceptance, line 14, in the first sentence of the first paragraph replace "Type 1" with "Type 3".

Page 10-169, Subarticle 1081-3(G) Anchor Bolt Adhesives, delete this subarticle.

Page 10-170, Article 1081-3 Hot Bitumen, line 9, add the following at the end of Section 1081:

1081-4 EPOXY RESIN ADHESIVE FOR BONDING TRAFFIC MARKINGS

(A) General

This section covers epoxy resin adhesive for bonding traffic markers to pavement surfaces.

(B) Classification

The types of epoxies and their uses are as shown below:

Type I – Rapid Setting, High Viscosity, Epoxy Adhesive. This type of adhesive provides rapid adherence to traffic markers to the surface of pavement.

Type II – Standard Setting, High Viscosity, Epoxy Adhesive. This type of adhesive is recommended for adherence of traffic markers to pavement surfaces when rapid set is not required.

Type III – Rapid Setting, Low Viscosity, Water Resistant, Epoxy Adhesive. This type of rapid setting adhesive, due to its low viscosity, is appropriate only for use with embedded traffic markers.

Type IV – Standard Set Epoxy for Blade Deflecting-Type Plowable Markers.

(C) Requirements

Epoxies shall conform to the requirements set forth in AASHTO M 237.

(D) Prequalification

Refer to Subarticle 1081-1(E).

(E) Acceptance

Refer to Subarticle 1081-1(F).

Page 10-173, Article 1084-2 STEEL SHEET PILES, lines 37-38, replace first paragraph with the following:

Steel sheet piles detailed for permanent applications shall be hot rolled and meet ASTM A572 or ASTM A690 unless otherwise required by the plans. Steel sheet piles shall be coated as required by the plans. Galvanized sheet piles shall be coated in accordance with Section 1076. Metallized sheet piles shall be metallized in accordance to the Project Special Provision "Thermal Sprayed Coatings (Metallization)" with an 8 mil, 99.9% aluminum alloy coating and a 0.5 mil seal coating. Any portion of the metallized sheet piling encased in concrete shall receive a barrier coat. The barrier coat shall be an approved waterborne coating with a low-viscosity which readily absorbs into the pores of the aluminum thermal sprayed coating. The waterborne coating shall be applied at a spreading rate that results in a theoretical 1.5 mil dry film thickness. The manufacturer shall issue a letter of certification that the resin chemistry of the waterborne coating is compatible with the 99.9% aluminum thermal sprayed alloy and suitable for tidal water applications.

Page 10-174, Subarticle 1086-1(B)(1) Epoxy, lines 18-24, replace this subarticle with the following:

The epoxy shall meet Article 1081-4.

The 2 types of epoxy adhesive which may be used are Type I, Rapid Setting, and Type II, Standard Setting. Use Type II when the pavement temperature is above 60°F or per the manufacturer's recommendations whichever is more stringent. Use Type I when the pavement temperature is between 50°F and 60°F or per the manufacturer's recommendations whichever is more stringent. Epoxy adhesive Type I, Cold Set, may be used to attach temporary pavement markers to the pavement surface when the pavement temperature is between 32°F and 50°F or per the manufacturer's recommendations whichever is more stringent.

Page 10-175, Subarticle 1086-2(E) Epoxy Adhesives, line 27, replace "Section 1081" with "Article 1081-4".

Page 10-177, Subarticle 1086-3(E) Epoxy Adhesives, line 22, replace "Section 1081" with "Article 1081-4".

Page 10-179, Subarticle 1087-4(A) Composition, lines 39-41, replace the third paragraph with the following:

All intermixed and drop-on glass beads shall not contain more than 75 ppm arsenic or 200 ppm lead.

Page 10-180, Subarticle 1087-4(B) Physical Characteristics, line 8, replace the second paragraph with the following:

All intermixed and drop-on glass beads shall comply with NCGS § 136-30.2 and 23 USC § 109(r).

Page 10-181, Subarticle 1087-7(A) Intermixed and Drop-on Glass Beads, line 24, add the following after the first paragraph:

Use X-ray Fluorescence for the normal sampling procedure for intermixed and drop-on beads, without crushing, to check for any levels of arsenic and lead. If any arsenic or lead is detected, the sample shall be crushed and repeat the test using X-ray Fluorescence. If the X-ray Fluorescence test shows more than a LOD of 5 ppm, test the beads using United States Environmental Protection Agency Method 6010B, 6010C or 3052 for no more than 75 ppm arsenic or 200 ppm lead.

Page 10-204, Subarticle 1092-2(A) Performance and Test Requirements, replace Table 1092-3 Minimum Coefficient of Retroreflection for NC Grade A with the following:

TABLE 1092-3 MINIMUM COEFFICIENT OF RETROREFLECTION FOR NC GRADE A (Candelas Per Lux Per Square Meter)								
Observation Angle, degrees	Entrance Angle, degrees	White	Yellow	Green	Red	Blue	Fluorescent Yellow Green	Fluorescent Yellow
0.2	-4.0	525	395	52	95	30	420	315
0.2	30.0	215	162	22	43	10	170	130
0.5	-4.0	310	230	31	56	18	245	185
0.5	30.0	135	100	14	27	6	110	81
1.0	-4.0	120	60	8	16	3.6	64	48
1.0	30.0	45	34	4.5	9	2	36	27

HIGH STRENGTH CONCRETE FOR DRIVEWAYS:

(11-21-00) (Rev. 1-17-12)

848

SP10 R02

Use high early strength concrete for all driveways shown in the plans and as directed by the Engineer. Provide high early strength concrete that meets the requirements of Article 1000-5 of the 2012 Standard Specifications.

Measurement and payment will be in accordance with Section 848 of the 2012 Standard Specifications.

SELECT MATERIAL, CLASS III, TYPE 3:

 $\overline{(1-17-12)}$

1016 1044

SP10 R05

Revise the 2012 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 10-39, Article 1016-3, CLASS III, add the following after line 14:

Type 3 Select Material

Type 3 select material is a natural or manufactured fine aggregate material meeting the following gradation requirements and as described in Sections 1005 and 1006:

	Percentage of Total by Weight Passing								
3	8/8"	#4	#8	#16	#30	#50	#100	#200	
1	100	95-100	65-100	35-95	15-75	5-35	0-25	0-8	

Page 10-39, Article 1016-3, CLASS III, line 15, replace "either type" with "Type 1, Type 2 or Type 3".

Page 10-62, Article 1044-1, line 36, delete the sentence and replace with the following:

Subdrain fine aggregate shall meet Class III select material, Type 1 or Type 3.

Page 10-63, Article 1044-2, line 2, delete the sentence and replace with the following:

Subdrain coarse aggregate shall meet Class V select material.

SHOULDER AND SLOPE BORROW:

(3-19-13)

1019

SP10 R10

Use soil in accordance with Section 1019 of the 2012 Standard Specifications. Use soil consisting of loose, friable, sandy material with a PI greater than 6 and less than 25 and a pH ranging from 5.5 to 7.0.

Soil with a pH ranging from 4.0 to 5.5 will be accepted without further testing if additional limestone is provided in accordance with the application rates shown in Table 1019-1A. Soil type is identified during the soil analysis. Soils with a pH above 7.0 require acidic amendments

to be added. Submit proposed acidic amendments to the Engineer for review and approval. Soils with a pH below 4.0 or that do not meet the PI requirements shall not be used.

TABLE 1019-1A ADDITIONAL LIMESTONE APPLICATION RATE TO RAISE pH							
pH TEST Sandy Soils Silt Loam Soils Clay Loam Soils RESULT Additional Rate (lbs. / Acre) (lbs. / Acre) Clay Loam Soils Additional Rate (lbs. / Acre)							
4.0 - 4.4	1,000	4,000	6,000				
4.5 - 4.9	500	3,000	5,000				
5.0 - 5.4	NA	2,000	4,000				

Note: Limestone application rates shown in this table are in addition to the standard rate of 4000 lbs. / acre required for seeding and mulching.

No direct payment will be made for providing additional lime or acidic amendments for Ph adjustment.

TRUCK MOUNTED CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS:

(8-21-12)

1101.02

SP11 R10

Revise the 2012 Roadway Standard Drawings as follows:

Drawing No. 1101.02, Sheet 12, TEMPORARY LANE CLOSURES, replace General Note #11 with the following:

- 11- TRUCK MOUNTED CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS (TMCMS) USED ON SHADOW VEHICLES FOR "IN LANE" ACTIVITIES SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 43" X 73". THE DISPLAY PANEL SHALL HAVE FULL MATRIX CAPABILITY WITH THE CAPABILITY TO PROVIDE 2 MESSAGE LINES WITH 7 CHARACTERS PER LINE WITH A MINIMUM CHARACTER HEIGHT OF 18". FOR ADDITIONAL MESSAGING, CONTACT THE WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL SECTION.
- 12- TMCMS USED FOR ADVANCED WARNING ON VEHICLES LOCATED ON THE SHOULDER MAY BE SMALLER THAN 43" X 73". THE DISPLAY PANEL SHALL HAVE THE CAPABILITY TO PROVIDE 2 MESSAGE LINES WITH 7 CHARACTERS PER LINE WITH A MINIMUM CHARACTER HEIGHT OF 18". FOR ADDITIONAL MESSAGING, CONTACT THE WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL SECTION.

Drawing No. 1101.02, Sheet 13, TEMPORARY LANE CLOSURES, replace General Note #12 with the following:

12- TRUCK MOUNTED CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS (TMCMS) USED ON SHADOW VEHICLES FOR "IN LANE" ACTIVITIES SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 43" X 73". THE DISPLAY PANEL SHALL HAVE FULL MATRIX CAPABILITY WITH THE CAPABILITY TO PROVIDE 2 MESSAGE LINES WITH 7 CHARACTERS PER LINE WITH A MINIMUM CHARACTER HEIGHT OF 18". FOR ADDITIONAL MESSAGING, CONTACT THE WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL SECTION.

13- TMCMS USED FOR ADVANCED WARNING ON VEHICLES LOCATED ON THE SHOULDER MAY BE SMALLER THAN 43" X 73". THE DISPLAY PANEL SHALL HAVE THE CAPABILITY TO PROVIDE 2 MESSAGE LINES WITH 7 CHARACTERS PER LINE WITH A MINIMUM CHARACTER HEIGHT OF 18". FOR ADDITIONAL MESSAGING, CONTACT THE WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL SECTION.

PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS

GEOTECHNICAL

PRECAST GRAVITY RETAINING WALLS

(1-17-12)

1.0 GENERAL

Construct precast gravity retaining walls consisting of precast retaining wall (PRW) units supported by concrete footings. Design and construct precast gravity retaining walls based on actual elevations, wall dimensions and batter in accordance with the contract and accepted submittals. Define "precast gravity wall" as a precast gravity retaining wall and "PRW Unit Vendor" as the vendor licensing the precaster.

2.0 MATERIALS

Refer to the Standard Specifications.

Item	Section
Anchor Pins	1056-2
Geotextiles, Type 2	1056
Portland Čement Concrete, Class A	1000
Precast Retaining Wall Units	1077
Select Material, Class VI	1016
Subsurface Drainage Materials	815-2
Wire Staples	1060-8(D)

Provide Type 2 geotextile for separation geotextiles. Use Class A concrete for footings and Class VI select material for No. 57 stone. Provide PVC pipes, fittings, outlet pipes and concrete pads for subsurface drainage materials. For PVC pipes behind precast gravity walls, use pipes with perforations that meet AASHTO M 278.

Provide PRW units produced by a manufacturer approved or licensed by the PRW Unit Vendor. Produce PRW units with a final finish that meets Article 1077-11 of the *Standard Specifications* except for unit faces. Unless required otherwise in the plans, provide PRW units with a vertical rock like face and a concrete gray color with no tints, dyes or pigments. Do not begin unit production until sample PRW units of the type, face and color proposed for the project are approved.

Do not mix PRW units from different PRW Unit Vendors on the same precast gravity wall. Damaged PRW units with excessive discoloration, chips or cracks as determined by the Engineer will be rejected. Load, transport, unload and store precast gravity wall materials so materials are kept clean and free of damage.

3.0 Preconstruction Requirements

A. Precast Gravity Wall Surveys

The Retaining Wall Plans show a plan view, typical sections, details, notes and an elevation or profile view (wall envelope) for each precast gravity wall. Before beginning precast gravity wall design, survey existing ground elevations shown in the plans and other elevations in the vicinity of precast gravity wall locations as needed. Based on these elevations, finished grades and actual precast gravity wall dimensions, details and batter, submit revised wall envelopes for acceptance. Use accepted wall envelopes for design.

B. Precast Gravity Wall Designs

Submit 11 copies of working drawings and 3 copies of design calculations and a PDF copy of each for precast gravity wall designs at least 30 days before the preconstruction meeting. Do not begin precast gravity wall construction until a design submittal is accepted.

Design precast gravity walls in accordance with the plans and Article 11.11 of the AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications unless otherwise required. Design precast gravity walls for seismic if walls are located in seismic zone 2 based on Figure 2-1 of the Structure Design Manual. Design precast gravity walls for the wall batter required by the PRW Unit Vendor and clearances shown in the plans. Do not locate PRW units or footings outside right-of-way or easement limits.

When noted in the plans, design precast gravity walls for a live load (traffic) surcharge of 250 lb/sf in accordance with Figure C11.5.5-3(a) of the AASHTO LRFD specifications. For steel beam guardrail with 8 ft posts above precast gravity walls, analyze walls for a horizontal load ($P_{\rm H1}$) of 300 lb/ft of wall in accordance with Figure 3.11.6.3-2(a) of the AASHTO LRFD specifications. For concrete barrier rail above precast gravity walls, analyze walls for a $P_{\rm H1}$ of 500 lb/ft of wall in accordance with Figure 3.11.6.3-2(a).

Use 12" thick cast-in-place unreinforced concrete footings beneath PRW units that are continuous at steps and extend at least 6" in front of and behind bottom row of PRW units. Unless required otherwise in the plans, embed bottom of footings at least 2 ft below bottom of walls shown in the plans.

Fill PRW unit core spaces with No. 57 stone and between and behind units with No. 57 stone for a horizontal distance of at least 18" so stone is continuous in all directions. For adjacent PRW units with different depths (front to back), it may be necessary to fill behind units with more than 18" of No. 57 stone to make stone continuous. Assume a unit weight of 100 lb/cf for No. 57 stone.

When noted in the plans, locate a 4" diameter continuous perforated PVC drain pipe in the No. 57 stone behind bottom row of PRW units. Separation geotextiles are required between No. 57 stone and backfill or natural ground and between stone and overlying fill or pavement section except when concrete pavement, full depth asphalt or cement treated base is placed directly on stone.

At the Contractor's option, use cap or top PRW units at top of walls unless there is a

back slope or concrete barrier rail above precast gravity walls. For precast gravity walls with back slopes, use top PRW units only and extend top of walls at least 4" above where finished grade intersects top PRW units. If necessary, adjust paved ditch width or back slope for varying grade elevations along top of walls and make ditches continuous with cast-in-place concrete ditches for steps at top of walls. When concrete barrier rail is required above precast gravity walls, use concrete barrier rail with moment slab as shown in the plans and do not use cap PRW units. When single faced precast concrete barrier is required in front of and against precast gravity walls, fill voids between barrier and wall faces with No. 57 stone.

Submit working drawings and design calculations for acceptance in accordance with Article 105-2 of the *Standard Specifications*. Submit working drawings showing plan views, wall profiles with required resistances, typical sections, No. 57 stone and geotextile locations and details of footings, PRW units, etc. If necessary, include details on working drawings for cast-in-place concrete ditches, concrete barrier rail with moment slab and obstructions extending through walls or interfering with footings, barriers or moment slabs. Submit design calculations for each wall section with different surcharge loads, geometry or material parameters. When designing precast gravity walls with computer software, a hand calculation is required for the tallest wall section. Provide precast gravity wall designs sealed by an engineer licensed in the state of North Carolina.

C. Preconstruction Meeting

Before starting precast gravity wall construction, hold a preconstruction meeting to discuss the construction and inspection of the precast gravity walls. Schedule this meeting after all precast gravity wall submittals have been accepted. The Resident or Bridge Maintenance Engineer, Bridge Construction Engineer, Geotechnical Operations Engineer, Contractor and Precast Gravity Wall Installer Superintendent will attend this preconstruction meeting.

4.0 Construction Methods

Control drainage during construction in the vicinity of precast gravity walls. Direct run off away from precast gravity walls, No. 57 stone and backfill. Contain and maintain stone and backfill and protect material from erosion.

Excavate as necessary for precast gravity walls in accordance with the accepted submittals. If applicable and at the Contractor's option, use temporary shoring for wall construction instead of temporary slopes to construct precast gravity walls. Define "temporary shoring for wall construction" as temporary shoring not shown in the plans or required by the Engineer including shoring for OSHA reasons or the Contractor's convenience.

Notify the Engineer when foundation excavation is complete. Do not place concrete for footings until excavation depth and foundation material are approved.

Construct cast-in-place concrete footings at elevations and with dimensions shown in the accepted submittals and in accordance with Section 420 of the Standard Specifications.

Cure footings at least 24 hours before placing PRW units.

Stack PRW units with no negative wall batter (wall face leaning forward) so the final wall position is as shown in the accepted submittals. Place PRW units with a maximum vertical joint width of 1/2". Stagger PRW units to create a running bond by centering units over joints in the row below as shown in the accepted submittals. Construct precast gravity walls with the following tolerances:

- A. PRW units are level from front to back and between units when checked with a 3 ft long level,
- B. Wall face is within 2" of horizontal and vertical alignment shown in the accepted submittals when measured along a 10 ft straightedge unless otherwise approved, and
- C. Wall batter is within 2° of batter required by the PRW Unit Vendor.

Overlap adjacent separation geotextiles at least 18" at seams and hold geotextiles in place with wire staples or anchor pins as needed. If a drain is required, install wall drainage systems consisting of drains and outlet components as shown in the accepted submittals and in accordance with Section 815 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Place No. 57 stone between and behind PRW units in 8" to 10" thick lifts. Compact stone with hand operated compaction equipment to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Backfill for precast gravity walls behind No. 57 stone in accordance with Article 410-8 of the *Standard Specifications*. Set cap PRW units with a 1/2" to 1-1/2" overhang as shown in the plans.

5.0 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Precast Gravity Retaining Walls will be measured and paid in square feet. Precast gravity walls will be measured as the square feet of exposed wall face area with the height equal to the difference between top and bottom of wall elevations. Define "top of wall" as top of cap or top PRW units. Define "bottom of wall" as shown in the plans and no measurement will be made for portions of precast gravity walls embedded below bottom of wall elevations.

The contract unit price for *Precast Gravity Retaining Walls* will be full compensation for providing design, submittals, labor, tools, equipment and precast gravity wall materials, excavating, backfilling, hauling and removing excavated materials and supplying footings, PRW units, No. 57 stone, wall drainage systems, geotextiles, cap and top PRW units and any incidentals necessary to construct precast gravity walls.

No separate payment will be made for temporary shoring for wall construction. Temporary shoring for wall construction will be incidental to the contract unit price for *Precast Gravity Retaining Walls*.

The contract unit price for *Precast Gravity Retaining Walls* does not include the cost for ditches, fences, handrails, barrier or guardrail associated with precast gravity walls as these items will be paid for elsewhere in the contract.

Where it is necessary to provide backfill material behind No. 57 stone from sources other than excavated areas or borrow sources used in connection with other work in the contract, payment for furnishing and hauling such backfill material will be paid as extra work in accordance with Article 104-7 of the *Standard Specifications*. Placing and compacting such backfill material is not considered extra work but is incidental to the work being performed.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item

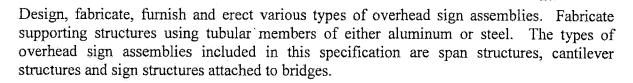
Precast Gravity Retaining Walls

Pay Unit Square Foot 63

6

OVERHEAD SIGN SUPPORTS

Description



Materials

Structural Steel
Overhead Sign Structures
Signing Materials
Organic Zinc Repair Paint
Reinforcing Steel
Direct Tension Indicators

Section 1072 Section 1096 Section 1092 Article 1080-9 Section 1070 Sections 440 and 1072

Construction Methods

A. General

Fabricate overhead sign assemblies in accordance with the details shown in the approved working drawings and the requirements of these specifications.

No welding, cutting or drilling will be permitted in the field, unless approved by the Engineer.

Drill bolt holes and slots to finished size. Holes may also be punched to finished size, provided the diameter of the punched holes is at least twice the thickness of the metal being punched. Flame cutting of bolt holes and slots is not permitted.

Erect sign panels in accordance with the requirements for Type A or B signs as indicated in the plans or Roadway Standard Drawings. Field drill two holes per connection in the Z bars for attaching signs to overhead structures. Provide two U-bolts at each U-bolt connection such as each truss chord to sign hanger and each truss chord to walkway support or light support. Provide two U-bolts at each U-bolt connection where ends of truss chords are supported. The minimum diameter of all U-bolts is ½ inch.

For all U-bolt connections of hanger beams to overhead assembly truss chords, provide all U-bolts with a flat washer and double nuts at each end of the U-bolts. All double nuts that are on any U-bolt shall be the same thickness and weight. When

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assembled, the double nuts shall be brought tight against each other by the use of two wrenches.

Use two coats of a zinc-rich paint to touch up minor scars on all galvanized materials.

For high strength bolted connections, use direct tension indicators. Galvanize bolts, nuts and washers in accordance with the Standard Specifications.

B. Shop Drawings

Design the overhead sign supports, including foundations, prior to fabrication. Submit design calculations and working drawings of the designs to the Engineer for review and acceptance.

Have a professional engineer registered in the State of North Carolina perform the computations and render a set of sealed, signed and dated drawings detailing the construction of each structure.

Submit to the Engineer for review and acceptance complete design and fabrication details for each overhead sign assembly, including foundations and brackets for supporting the signs and maintenance walkways, if applicable, electrical control boxes, and lighting luminaires. Base design upon the revised structure line drawings, wind load area and the wind speed shown in the plans, and in accordance with the Standard Specifications for Structural Structures for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals.

Submit thirteen (13) copies of completely detailed working drawings and one copy of the design calculations including all design assumptions for each overhead sign assembly to the Engineer for approval prior to fabrication. Working drawings shall include complete design and fabrication details (including foundations); provisions for attaching signs, maintenance walkways (when applicable), lighting luminaires to supporting structures, applicable material specifications, and any other information necessary for procuring and replacing any part of the complete overhead sign assembly.

Allow 40 days for initial working drawing review after the Engineer receives them. If revisions to working drawings are required, an additional 40 days shall be required for review and approval of the final working drawings.

Approval of working drawings by the Engineer shall not relieve the Contractor of responsibility for the correctness of the drawings, or for the fit of all shop and field connections and anchors.

C. Design and Fabrication

The following criteria govern the design of overhead sign assemblies:

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Design shall be in accordance with the <u>Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals, 5th Edition, 2009 and the 2010 and 2011 Interim Revisions.</u>

Within this Specification, there are several design criteria that are owner specified. They include:

- Overhead cantilever sign structures shall include galloping loads (exclude fourchord horizontal trusses).
- The natural wind gust speed in North Carolina shall be assumed to be 11.6 mph.
- The fatigue importance category used in the design, for each type of structure, shall be for:
- Cantilever structures with span greater than 50 feet Fatigue Category I.
- Cantilever structures with span less than or equal to 50 feet Fatigue Category II.
- Non-cantilever structures Fatigue Category II

The following Specification interpretations or criteria shall be used in the design of overhead sign assemblies:

- For design of supporting upright posts or columns, the effective length factor for columns "K", as provided for in Appendix B, Section B.5, shall be taken as the following, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer:
 - Case 1 For a single upright post of cantilever or span type overhead sign structure, the effective column length factor, "K", shall be taken as 2.0.
 - Case 2 For twin post truss-type upright post with the post connected to one chord of a horizontal truss, the effective column length factor for that column shall be taken as 2.0.
 - Case 3 For twin post truss-type upright post with the post connected to two truss chords of a horizontal tri-chord or box truss, the effective column length factor for that column shall be taken as 1.65
- For twin post truss-type uprights, the unbraced length of the post shall be from the chord to post connection to the top of base plate.
- For twin post truss-type uprights when the post is subject to axial compression, bending moment, shear, and torsion, the post shall satisfy <u>Standard Specifications</u>

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for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaries and Traffic Signals Equations 5-17, 5-18 and 5-19. To reduce the effects of secondary bending, in lieu of Equation 5-18, the following equation may be used:

$$\frac{f_a}{F_a} + \frac{f_b}{\left(1 - \frac{0.6f_a}{F_{\epsilon}}\right)} + \left(\frac{f_v}{F_v}\right)^2 \le 1.0$$

Where fa = Computed axial compression stress at base of post

- The base plate thickness for all uprights and poles shall be a minimum of 2" but not less than that determined by the following criteria and design.
 - Case 1 Circular or rectangular solid base plates with the upright pole welded to the top surface of base plate with full penetration butt weld, and where no stiffeners are provided. A base plate with a small center hole, which is less than 1/5 of the upright diameter, and located concentrically with the upright pole, may be considered as a solid base plate.

The magnitude of bending moment in the base plate, induced by the anchoring force of each anchor bolt shall be calculated as $M = (P \times D_1) / 2$.

- Case 2 Circular or rectangular base plate with the upright pole socketed into and attached to the base plate with two lines of fillet weld, and where no stiffeners are provided, or any base plate with a center hole that is larger in diameter than 1/5 of the upright diameter The magnitude of bending moment induced by the anchoring force of each anchor bolt shall be calculated as M = P x D₂.
 - M bending moment at the critical section of the base plate induced by one anchor bolt
 - P anchoring force of each anchor bolt
 - D₁ horizontal distance between the center of the anchor bolt and the outer face of the upright, or the difference between the radius of the bolt circle and the outside radius of the upright
 - D₂ horizontal distance between the face of the upright and the face of the anchor bolt nut
- The critical section shall be located at the face of the anchor bolt and perpendicular to the radius of the bolt circle. The overlapped part of two adjacent critical sections shall be considered ineffective.

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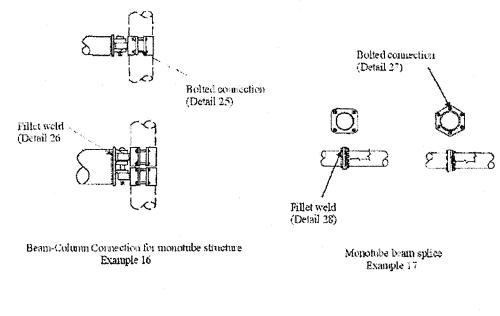
- The thickness of Case 1 base plate shall not be less than that calculated based on formula for Case 2.
- Uprights, foundations, and trusses that support overhead signs shall be designed
 in accordance with the Overhead and Dynamic Message Sign Foundations Project
 Special Provision for the effects of torsion. Torsion shall be considered from dead
 load eccentricity of these attachments, as well as for attachments such as
 walkways, supporting brackets, lights, etc., that add to the torsion in the assembly.
 Truss vertical and horizontal truss diagonals in particular and any other assembly
 members shall be appropriately sized for these loads.
- Uprights, foundations, and trusses that support overhead mounted signs shall be
 designed for the proposed sign wind area and future wind areas. The design shall
 consider the effect of torsion induced by the eccentric force location of the center
 of wind force above (or below) the center of the supporting truss. Truss vertical
 and horizontal truss diagonals in particular and any other assembly members shall
 be appropriately sized for these loads.

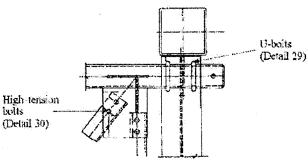
For non-cantilevered monotube sign support structures, the following table and figures are considered as a required addition to the Standard Specifications for Structural Support for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals, 5th Edition, 2009:

Construction	<u>Detail</u>	Stress Category	Application	Example
Mechanically Fastened Connections	25. Bolts in Tension	D	Beam column connection for monotube structures	16
Fillet Weld Connections	26. Fillet welded with one side normal to applied stress	Ε'	Beam column connection for monotube structures	17
Mechanically Fastened Connections	27. High strength bolts in tension	D	Monotube or truss- chord splice	17
Fillet Weld Connections	28. Fillet welded with one side normal to applied stress	E'	Monotube or truss- chord splice	17
Mechanically Fastened Connections	29. U-bolts tied to transverse truss column to keep	D	Horizontal truss connection with vertical truss	18
Mechanically Fastened Connections	chords in place 30. Net section of full- tightened, high tension bolts in shear	В	Truss bolted joint	18

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Add to the Specifications, Figure 11-1:





Beam-Column Connection for Truss Structure Example 18

Fabricate all overhead sign assemblies, including but not limited to foundations, in accordance with the details shown on the approved shop drawings and with the requirements of these Specifications.

Fabricate the span and cantilever supporting structures using tubular members of either aluminum or steel, using only one type of material throughout the project. Sign support structures that are to be attached to bridges shall be fabricated using other structural shapes.

Horizontal components of the supporting structures for overhead signs may be of a truss design or a design using singular (monotube) horizontal members to support the sign panels.

Truss or singular member centerline must coincide with the centerline of sign design area shown on the structure line drawing.

5-30-12 6 of 8

Provide permanent camber in addition to dead load camber in accordance with the Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals. Indicate on the shop drawings the amount of camber provided and the method employed in the fabrication of the support to obtain the camber.

Use cantilever sign structures that meet the following design criteria:

- a. Do not exceed an L / 150 vertical dead load deflection at the end of the arm due to distortions in the arm and vertical support, where L is the length of the arm from the center of the vertical support to the outer edge of the sign.
- b. Do not exceed an L / 40 horizontal deflection at the end of the arm due to distortions in the arm and vertical support, as a result of design wind load.

Fabricate attachment assemblies for mounting signs in a manner that allows easy removal of sign panels for repair.

5-30-12 7 of 8

Compensation

The work covered by this section will be paid for at the contract lump sum for each Overhead Sign Structure @ Sta Such price will be full compensation covered by this specification includes all design, fabrication, construction, transport erection of the complete overhead sign structure, supporting structure, hardwas support brackets, preparing and furnishing shop drawings, and attaching the soverhead assembly.	for all work ortation, and are, lighting
Payment will be made under:	
Supports, Overhead Sign Structure @ Sta	Lump Sum

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Description

Sign foundations include foundations for overhead and dynamic message signs (DMS) supported by metal poles or upright trusses. Sign foundations consist of footings with pedestals or drilled piers with or without grade beams or wings, conduit and anchor rod assemblies. Construct sign foundations in accordance with the contract and accepted submittals. Define "cantilever sign" as an overhead cantilever sign support in accordance with Figure 1-1 of the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals.

Materials

Use sign foundation materials that meet the Foundations and Anchor Rod Assemblies for Metal Poles provision.

Assumed Subsurface Conditions

Assume the following soil parameters and groundwater elevation for sign foundations unless these subsurface conditions are not applicable to sign locations:

- (A) Unit weight $(\gamma) = 120 \text{ lb/cf}$,
- (B) Friction angle $(\phi) = 30^{\circ}$,
- (C) Cohesion (c) = 0 lb/sf and
- (D) Groundwater 7 ft below finished grade.

A subsurface investigation is required if the Engineer determines these assumed subsurface conditions do not apply to a sign location and the sign cannot be moved. Subsurface conditions requiring a subsurface investigation include but are not limited to weathered or hard rock, boulders, very soft or loose soil, muck or shallow groundwater. No extension of completion date or time will be allowed for subsurface investigations.

Subsurface Investigations

Use a prequalified geotechnical consultant to perform one standard penetration test (SPT) boring in accordance with ASTM D1586 at each sign location requiring a subsurface investigation. Rough grade sign locations to within 2 ft of finished grade before beginning drilling. Drill borings to 2 drilled pier diameters below anticipated pier tip elevations or refusal, whichever is higher.

Use the computer software gINT version V8i or later manufactured by Bentley Systems, Inc. with the current NCDOT gINT library and data template to produce SPT boring logs. Provide boring logs sealed by a geologist or engineer licensed in the state of North Carolina.

Sign Foundation Designs

Design sign foundations for the wind zone and clearances shown in the plans and the slope of finished grade at each sign location. Use the assumed soil parameters and groundwater elevation

6/4/2013 Page 1 of 3

above for sign foundation designs unless a subsurface investigation is required. For sign locations requiring a subsurface investigation, design sign foundations for the subsurface conditions at each sign location. Design footings, pedestals, drilled piers, grade beams and wings in accordance with the 5th Edition of the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals. In some instances, conflicts with drainage structures may dictate sign foundation types.

Design footings in accordance with Section 4.4 of the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges. Do not use an allowable bearing pressure of more than 3,000 lb/sf for footings.

Design drilled piers for side resistance only in accordance with Section 4.6 of the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges except reduce ultimate side resistance by 25% for uplift. Use the computer software LPILE version 6.0 or later manufactured by Ensoft, Inc. to analyze drilled piers. Provide drilled pier designs with a horizontal deflection of less than 1" at top of piers. For cantilever signs with single drilled pier foundations supporting metal poles, use wings to resist torsion forces. Provide drilled pier designs with a factor of safety of at least 2.0 for torsion.

For drilled pier sign foundations supporting upright trusses, use dual drilled piers connected with a grade beam having a moment of inertia approximately equal to that of either pier. The Broms' method is acceptable to analyze drilled piers with grade beams instead of LPILE. Use a safety factor of at least 3.5 for the Broms' design method in accordance with C13.6.1.1 of the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals.

Submit boring logs, if any, working drawings and design calculations for acceptance in accordance with Article 105-2 of the 2012 Standard Specifications. Submit working drawings showing plan views, required foundation dimensions and elevations and typical sections with reinforcement, conduit and anchor rod assembly details. Include all boring logs, design calculations and LPILE output for sign foundation design submittals. Have sign foundations designed, detailed and sealed by an engineer licensed in the state of North Carolina.

Construction Methods

Construct footings, pedestals, drilled piers, grade beams and wings and install anchor rod assemblies for sign foundations in accordance with the Foundations and Anchor Rod Assemblies for Metal Poles provision.

Measurement and Payment

Overhead Footings will be measured and paid in cubic yards. Sign foundations will be measured as the cubic yards of foundation concrete for footings, pedestals, drilled piers, grade beams and wings shown on the accepted submittals. The contract unit price for Overhead Footings will be full compensation for providing labor, tools, equipment and foundation materials, stabilizing or shoring excavations and supplying concrete, reinforcing steel, conduit, anchor rod assemblies and any incidentals necessary to construct sign foundations. Subsurface investigations required by the Engineer will be paid as extra work in accordance with Article 104-7 of the 2012 Standard Specifications.

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Payment will be made under:

Pay Item

Overhead Footings

Pay Unit Cubic Yard

Buncombe County

WBS 46292.1.1 (I-5501) Date: 05-29-2013

Law Enforcement:

(05/14/2013)

Description

Furnish Law Enforcement Officers and marked Law Enforcement vehicles to control traffic in lane closures and direct traffic through intersections in accordance with the contract.

Construction Methods

Use uniformed Law Enforcement Officers and marked Law Enforcement vehicles equipped with blue lights mounted on top of the vehicle, and Law Enforcement vehicle emblems to direct or control traffic as required by the plans or by the Engineer.

Measurement and Payment

Law Enforcement will be measured and paid for in the actual number of hours that each Law Enforcement Officer is provided during the life of the project as approved by the Engineer. There will be no direct payment for marked Law Enforcement vehicles as they are considered incidental to the pay item.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item

Law Enforcement

Pay Unit Hour

NO W

NO INFO

PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS LIGHTING



1.00 DESCRIPTION

The work covered by this Section consists of furnishing, installing, connecting, and placing into satisfactory operating condition roadway lighting at locations shown on the plans. Perform all work in accordance with these Special Provisions, the Plans, the National Electrical Code, and North Carolina Department of Transportation "Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures" (Standard Specifications).

Perform all work in conformance with Division 14 of the Standard Specifications except as modified or added to by these Special Provisions. Install all bore pits outside the clear zone, as defined in the AASHTO Roadside Design Guide or as directed by the Engineer.

In addition to the requirements of Division 1400, other specific Sections of the Standard Specifications applicable to the work on this project are listed below.

High Mount Standard and Portable Drive Unit
Light Standards
Standard Foundation
Electric Service Pole and Lateral
Light Control System
Electrical Duct
Feeder Circuits
Electrical Junction Boxes

2.00 HIGH MOUNT FOUNDATIONS

2.10 DESCRIPTION

High mount foundations for high mount standards consist of drilled piers or footings with pedestals, conduit and anchor rod assemblies. Construct high mount foundations in accordance with the contract and either Standard Drawing No. 1402.01 of the 2012 Roadway Standard Drawings or the accepted submittals. Define "high mount standard foundation" as a drilled pier including the conduit and anchor rod assembly that meets Standard Drawing No. 1402.01.

2.20 MATERIALS

Use high mount foundation materials that meet the Foundations and Anchor Rod Assemblies for Metal Poles provision.

2.30 HIGH MOUNT STANDARD FOUNDATIONS

Construct high mount standard foundations for the wind zone and high mount heights shown in the plans unless the following assumed site conditions are not applicable to high mount locations:

- A. Soil with unit weight $(\gamma) \ge 120$ lb/cf and friction angle $(\phi) \ge 30^{\circ}$,
- B. Groundwater at least 7 ft below finished grade and
- C. Slope of finished grade 6:1 (H:V) or flatter.

A subsurface investigation and high mount foundation design are required if the Engineer determines these assumed site conditions do not apply to a high mount location and the high mount cannot be moved. Subsurface conditions requiring a high mount foundation design include but are not limited to weathered or hard rock, boulders, very soft or loose soil, muck or shallow groundwater. No extension of completion date or time will be allowed for subsurface investigations or high mount foundation designs.

2.40 SUBSUFACE INVESTIGATIONS

Use a prequalified geotechnical consultant to perform one standard penetration test (SPT) boring in accordance with ASTM D1586 at each high mount location requiring a subsurface investigation. Rough grade high mount locations to within 2 ft of finished grade before beginning drilling. Drill borings to 2 drilled pier diameters below anticipated pier tip elevations or refusal, whichever is higher.

Use the computer software gINT version V8i or later manufactured by Bentley Systems, Inc. with the current NCDOT gINT library and data template to produce SPT boring logs. Provide boring logs sealed by a geologist or engineer licensed in the state of North Carolina.

2.50 HIGH MOUNT FOUNDATION DESIGNS

Design high mount foundations for the wind zone and high mount heights shown in the plans and the slope of finished grade and subsurface conditions at each high mount location. Design drilled piers, footings and pedestals in accordance with the 5th Edition of the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals. Design drilled piers for side resistance only in accordance with Section 4.6 of the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges. Use the computer software LPILE version 6.0 or later manufactured by Ensoft, Inc. to analyze drilled piers. Provide drilled pier designs with a horizontal deflection of less than 0.5" at top of piers.

Design footings in accordance with Section 4.4 of the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges. Do not use an allowable bearing pressure of more than 3,000 lb/sf for footings.

Submit boring logs, working drawings and design calculations for acceptance in accordance with Article 105-2 of the 2012 Standard Specifications. Submit working drawings showing plan

views, required foundation dimensions and elevations and typical sections with reinforcement, conduit and anchor rod assembly details. Include all boring logs, design calculations and LPILE output for high mount foundation design submittals. Have high mount foundations designed, detailed and sealed by an engineer licensed in the state of North Carolina.

2.60 CONSTRUCTION METHODS

Grade a 3 ft. diameter level work area around high mount locations with cut and fill slopes as shown on Standard Drawing No. 1402.01. Construct drilled piers, footings and pedestals and install anchor rod assemblies for high mount foundations in accordance with the *Foundations and Anchor Rod Assemblies for Metal Poles* provision.

2.70 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

High Mount Foundations will be measured and paid in cubic yards. High mount standard foundations will be measured as the cubic yards of concrete shown on Standard Drawing No. 1402.01 for the high mount height and wind zone shown in the plans. All other high mount foundations will be measured as the cubic yards of foundation concrete for drilled piers, footings and pedestals shown on the accepted submittals. The contract unit price for High Mount Foundations will be full compensation for providing labor, tools, equipment and foundation materials, stabilizing or shoring excavations and supplying concrete, reinforcing steel, conduit, anchor rod assemblies and any incidentals necessary to construct high mount foundations. Subsurface investigations and high mount foundation designs required by the Engineer will be paid as extra work in accordance with Article 104-7 of the 2012 Standard Specifications.

Payment will be made under:

High Mount Foundations......Cubic Yard

3.00 ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES

3.10 DESCRIPTION

Same as Section 1411-1.

3.20 MATERIALS

Same as Section 1411-2, except modify referenced Section 1091-5 as follows:

- Page 10-202, revise paragraph starting on line 9 to read "Provide polymer concrete (PC) boxes which have bolted covers and open bottoms. Provide vertical extensions of 6" to 12" as required by project special provisions."
- Page 10-202, revise sentence beginning on line 14 to read "Other thermoplastic materials may be used for components which are not normally exposed to sunlight."

3.30 CONSTRUCTION METHODS

Same as Section 1411-3.

3.40 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Same as Section 1411-4.

4.00 LIGHT EMITTING DIODE (LED) LUMINAIRES

4.10 DESCRIPTION

Furnish, install and place into satisfactory operation, LED luminaires on 35' single arm roadway standards and 60' high mount standards as detailed in these Special Provisions.

The Contractor shall supply Holophane LED high mount luminaires, part number HMLED074KAHGL5, or approved equal. Any alternate high mount luminaire submitted for approval will require luminaire samples to be submitted to the Department, at no cost to the Department, for evaluation prior to approval.

Evaluation will consist of installation of samples on existing Department owned facilities for a period no shorter than two (2) months prior to approval. Photometric data files in Illuminating Engineering Society (IES) format will be evaluated to determine if proposed alternate high mount luminaire meets or exceeds design critera prior to samples being sent.

High mount luminaire retrofit LED kits are not an acceptable alternative.

For LED roadway luminaires installed on the bracket arm of single arm standards, Contractor shall include all LEDs/light bars, drivers, wiring inside the standard from the circuit conductors to the LED luminaire, in-line breakaway fuseholders with fuses and ground wiring at the pole on the light standards. Third party certified photometric files in IES format are required to be submitted with the catalog cuts for the proposed LED roadway luminaire. Photometric files must show that proposed luminaire will meet or exceed the design shown in the plans.

4.20 MATERIALS

4.21 LUMINAIRE REQUIREMENTS

A. General Requirements

- LM-79 photometric test reports shall be provided for all LED luminaires. LM-79 luminaire photometric reports shall be produced by an independent test laboratory and include the following:
 - Name of test laboratory. The test laboratory must hold National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP) accreditation for the IES

LM-79 test procedure or must be qualified, verified, and recognized through the U.S. Department of Energy's CALiPER program.

- Report number
- Date
- Complete luminaire catalog number. Catalog number tested must match the catalog number of the luminaire submitted, except for variations which do not affect performance.
- Description of luminaire, LED light source(s), and LED driver(s)
- Goniophotometry
- Colorimetry
- LM-80 lumen maintenance test report shall be provided for each respective LED light source.
- Roadway luminaire shall be constructed of a single piece die cast aluminum housing. High mount luminaire shall be constructed of low copper 356 cast alumuinum. Each luminaire shall be finished gray in color unless otherwise noted.
- Roadway luminaire shall have a look of traditional roadway type cobrahead fixtures.
- Luminaires shall have a minimum L70 rating of 70,000 hours at 25°C. Provide a summary of reliability testing performed for LED driver.
- Roadway luminaires shall have a maximum total power consumption of 200 watts (W) at 480VAC. High mount luminaires shall have a maximum total power consumption of 300W at 480VAC. Nominal luminaire input wattage shall account for nominal applied voltage and any reduction in driver efficiency due to sub-optimal driver loading.
- Roadway luminaire shall have an IESNA distribution Type III. High mount luminaire shall have an IESNA distribution Type V.
- Luminaire LED modules shall meet dust and moisture rating of IP-65, minimum.
- Luminaire shall have an external label per ANSI C136.15.
- Roadway luminaire shall have an internal bubble level.
- Luminaires shall have an internal label per ANSI C136.22.
- Luminaires shall start and operate in -20°C to +40°C ambient.
- Electrically test fully assembled luminaires before shipment from factory.
- Effective Projected Area (EPA) and weight of the luminaires shall not exceed 1.0 square feet and 46 lbs for roadway luminaires and 1.6 square feet and 80 lbs. for high mount luminaires.
- Luminaires shall be designed for ease of electrical component replacement.
- Luminaires shall be rated for minimum 2G vibration, minimum, per ANSI C136.31-2010
- LED light sources and drivers shall be RoHS compliant.
- The luminaire manufacturer shall have no less than five (5) years of experience in manufacturing LED-based lighting products and the manufacturing facility must be ISO 9001 compliant.

I-5501 June 3, 2013

- Roadway luminaire shall have a 1.25" to 2.0" adjustable tenon mount for connection to luminaire bracket arm assembly.
- Pole hardware, nuts, bolts, and washers, etc. shall be made from 18-8 stainless steel, or steel conforming to ASTM A307 galvanized in accordance with ASTM A153.

B. Driver

- Rated case temperature shall be suitable for operation in the luminaire operating in the ambient temperature range of -20°C to +40°C.
- Shall be rated for 480VAC at 50/60 Hz, and shall operate normally for input voltage fluctuations of \pm 10%.
- Shall have a minimum Power Factor (PF) of 0.90 at full input power and across specified voltage range.
- Roadway luminaires shall have maximum 600mA driver operating current.

C. Surge Suppression

• Integral surge protection shall meet ANSI/IEEE C62.45 procedures based on ANSI/IEEE C62.41.2 definitions for standard and optional waveforms for location category C-High 10kV/10kA test, IEC 61000-4-2 (Electrostatic Discharge) 8kV Air/4kV Contact test and IEC 61000-4-4 (Fast Transients).

D. Electromagnetic interference

- Luminaires shall have a maximum Total Harmonic Distortion (THD) of 20% at full input power and across specified voltage range.
- Luminaires shall comply with FCC 47 CFR part 15 non-consumer RFI/EMI standards.

E. Electrical safety testing

- Luminaires shall be listed for wet locations.
- Luminaires shall be UL listed and labeled.

F. Finish

- Luminaires shall be painted with a corrosion resistant polyester powdered paint with a minimum 2.0 mil thickness.
- Luminaires shall exceed a rating of six per ASTM D1654 after 1000 hours of salt spray fog testing per ASTM B117.
- The coating shall exhibit no greater than 30% reduction of gloss per ASTM D523, after 500 hours of QUV testing at ASTM G154 Cycle 6.

G. Thermal management

- Mechanical design of protruding external surfaces (heat sink fins) on roadway luminaries shall facilitate hose-down cleaning and discourage debris accumulation.
- High mount luminaires shall feature a perforated aluminum environmental guard between the optical housing and the driver housing.

H. Color Quality

• Minimum Color Rendering Index (CRI) of 60 with a Correlated Color Temperature (CCT) of 4000K to 5000K

I. Optics

- High mount luminaire shall feature multi die LED chip on board (COB) technology.
- Transmissive optical components shall be applied in accordance with OEM design guidelines to ensure suitability for the thermal/mechanical/chemical environment.
- High Mount luminaire shall have prismatic glass optics in symmetric distribution and provide overlapping pattern on application space to eliminate darks spots.
- J. The following shall be in accordance with corresponding sections of ANSI C136.37
 - All internal components shall be assembled and pre-wired using modular electrical connections.
 - Terminal blocks shall be used for incoming AC lines
 - Latching and hinging
- K. Manufacturer or local sales representative shall provide installation and troubleshooting support via telephone and/or email.

4.30 WARRANTY

Provide a minimum five-year warranty covering maintained integrity and functionality of the luminaire housing, wiring, and connections, LED light source(s) and LED driver. Negligible light output from more than 10 percent of the LED packages constitutes luminaire failure.

Warranty period shall begin after project acceptance by the Department.

4.40 CONSTRUCTION METHODS

Level and secure each luminaire in all directions. Securely terminate the wiring for each high mount luminaire and include an equipment grounding conductor to bond the housing to the supply cord grounding conductor.

Adjust any luminaires, as directed by the Engineer, to provide optimal illumination distribution.

All LED packages on all luminaires must be operating normally at contract completion. Any luminaire displaying improper operating characteristics prior to contract completion will be replaced by the Contractor at no additional cost to the Department.

4.50 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

The roadway luminaries measured as provided above will be paid for at the contract unit price per each "Roadway Light Standard Luminaires - LED". Such price and payment will be considered full compensation for providing and installing the LED roadway luminaire on the bracket arm, wiring inside the standard from the circuit conductors to the LED roadway luminaire, in-line breakaway fuseholders with fuses and ground wiring at the pole on the light standard.

The high mount luminaires measured as provided above will be paid for at the contract unit price per each "High Mount Luminaires - LED". Such price and payment will be considered full compensation for providing and installing the LED high mount luminaire on the carrier ring tenon arm and connecting the LED high mount luminaire to the supply cord on the carrier ring.

Payment will be made under:

Roadway Light Standard Luminaire – LED	Each
High Mount Luminaire – LED	Each

5.00 FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION COORDIATION

Due to the close proximity of the Asheville Regional Airport, the Department submitted Form 7460-1 "Noticed of Proposed Construction or Alteration" with the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) for each of the proposed high mast poles on this project prior to project letting. The Department has been notified that the FAA has determined the proposed high mast poles at the locations specified on the plans are of no hazard to air navigation. This determination expires on November 21, 2014.

The FAA will grant one extension of the determination. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to e-file for an extension at least 15 days prior to the expiration date. The website for e-filing is https://oeaaa.faa.gov/oeaaa/external/portal.jsp. If the Contractor does not request an extension from the FAA, it will be the responsibility of the Contractor to submit a new 7460-1 "Noticed of Proposed Construction or Alteration" form for each high mast pole with the FAA at least 45 days prior to erecting the high mast poles.

Additionally, the Contractor is responsible for e-filing form 7460-2, Part II "Notice of Actual Construction or Alteration" within five (5) days of the high mast poles being erected.

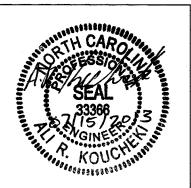
The Aeronautical Study Numbers follow. The Contractor shall reference these numbers when requesting an extension of the 7460-1 determination or e-filing form 7460-2, Part II.

2013-ASO-3535-OE; 2013-ASO-3536-OE; 2013-ASO-3537-OE; 2013-ASO-3538-OE; 2013-ASO-3539-OE; 2013-ASO-3540-OE

PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS Utility Construction

NCDOT Utilities Unit 1555 MSC Raleigh, NC 27699-1555

919.707.6699



Revise the 2012 Standard Specifications as follows

Utility Owners' Contact Information:

Page 15-1, Subarticle 1500-2 Cooperation with the Utility Owner, paragraph 2, add the following sentences:

- 1. The existing water lines belong to the City of Asheville Water Resources Department. The City of Asheville contact is Mr. Michael A. Brookshire at (828) 259-5403.
- 2. The existing sewer lines belong to the Metropolitan Sewerage District. The Metropolitan Sewerage District contact is Mr. Ed Bradford at (828) 225-8261.
- 3. The contractor shall provide access for the owner's representatives to all phases of construction. Any work on these lines must be coordinated through the Engineer and the utility owner before beginning.

Water Pipe and Fittings:

Page 10-59, Sub article 1036-5, line 2, at the end of the first sentence, add: All water lines and fittings shall be ductile iron, conforming to AWWA C153.

Water Lines:

Page 15-5; Subarticle 1510-2, Line 25, at the end of the sentence, add "Tracer wire to be stubbed up into water valve boxes".

Page 15-6; Subarticle 1510-3 (B) Testing and Sterilization, change the allowable leakage formula to:

 $W = LD\sqrt{P} \div 148,000$

7/15/2013

Page 15-6; Subarticle 1510-3 (B) Testing and Sterilization, line 32; delete the words "may be performed concurrently or" and replace with "shall be performed".

Rotate Top for Existing Manhole

Manholes tops shall be removed and rotated. Reconstruction shall include replacing and rotating the top. All work shall meet the approval of the Engineer.

Manholes with concentric top shall be replaced with an eccentric top.

Manholes shall be rotated from the proposed curb and gutter and sidewalk sections.

Manhole construction shall also conform to the applicable requirements of section 1525 of the Standard Specifications.

Payment for rotating manhole top will be based on a unit price for each manhole.

The quantity of sewer manholes rebuilt and accepted will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per each for "Rotate Top for Existing manhole (Eccentric Top)" or "Rotate Top for Existing Manhole (concentric Top)". Such price and payments will be full compensation for all labor, materials, rotating and replacing manhole top, excavation, backfilling, and incidentals necessary to complete the work as required.

Special Pay Item	<u>Pay Unit</u>
Rotate Top for Existing Manhole (Concentric Top)	EACH
Rotate Top for Existing manhole (Eccentric Top)	EACH

PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Utilities by Others

General:

The following utility companies have facilities that will be in conflict with the construction of this project:

- A. Progress Energy-Power
- B. AT&T-Telephone
- C. Charter Communications-Cable TV
- D. PSNC Energy- Gas

The conflicting facilities of these concerns will be adjusted prior to the date of availability, unless otherwise noted and are therefore listed in these special provisions for the benefit of the Contractor. All utility work listed herein will be done by the utility owners. All utilities are shown on the plans from the best available information.

The Contractor's attention is directed to Article 105.8 of the Standard Specifications.

Utilities Requiring Adjustment:

A) Progress Energy-Power

Progress Energy will relocate its facilities within the project limits and will complete by August 1, 2014

See Utilities by Others Plans.

Contact person for Progress Energy is Tony Shive 919-882-5028

B) AT&T-Telephone

AT&T will follow Progress Energy aerial power line to relocate their facilities within the project limits and will complete by December 31, 2014

See Utilities by Others Plans.

Contact person for AT&T is Scott Addington 828-258-7138

C) Charter Communications-Cable TV

Charter communications will follow Progress Energy to relocate its facilities within the project limits and will complete by September 1, 2014

See Utilities by Others Plans.

Contact person for Charter Communications is Barry Ownes 919-882-5028

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County: Buncombe

PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS Utilities by Others

D) PSNC Energy-Gas

PSNC Energy will adjust conflicting gas lines with drainage and guardrail in place during the contract. They require one week notice and three weeks to perform the work at each location.

See Utilities by Others Plans.

Contact person for PSNC Energy is Kenneth Owenby 828-670-3527

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Project Special Provisions Erosion Control

STABILIZATION REQUIREMENTS:

Stabilization for this project shall comply with the time frame guidelines as specified by the NCG-010000 general construction permit effective August 3, 2011 issued by the North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources Division of Water Quality. Temporary or permanent ground cover stabilization shall occur within 7 calendar days from the last land-disturbing activity, with the following exceptions in which temporary or permanent ground cover shall be provided in 14 calendar days from the last land-disturbing activity:

- Slopes between 2:1 and 3:1, with a slope length of 10 ft. or less
- Slopes 3:1 or flatter, with a slope of length of 50 ft. or less
- Slopes 4:1 or flatter

The stabilization timeframe for High Quality Water (HQW) Zones shall be 7 calendar days with no exceptions for slope grades or lengths. High Quality Water Zones (HQW) Zones are defined by North Carolina Administrative Code 15A NCAC 04A.0105 (25). Temporary and permanent ground cover stabilization shall be achieved in accordance with the provisions in this contract and as directed.

SEEDING AND MULCHING:

(WestEd)

The kinds of seed and fertilizer, and the rates of application of seed, fertilizer, and limestone, shall be as stated below. During periods of overlapping dates, the kind of seed to be used shall be determined. All rates are in pounds per acre.

Shoulder and Median Areas

August 1 - June 1		May 1 - S	May 1 - September 1		
20#	Kentucky Bluegrass	20#	Kentucky Bluegrass		
75#	Hard Fescue	7 5#	Hard Fescue		
25#	Rye Grain	10#	German or Browntop Millet		
500#	Fertilizer	500#	Fertilizer		
4000#	Limestone	4000#	Limestone		

Areas Beyond the Mowing Pattern, Waste and Borrow Areas:

August 1 - June 1		May 1 - S	May 1 - September 1		
100#	Tall Fescue	100#	Tall Fescue		
15#	Kentucky Bluegrass	15#	Kentucky Bluegrass		
30#	Hard Fescue	30#	Hard Fescue		
25#	Rye Grain	10#	German or Browntop Millet		
500#	Fertilizer	500#	Fertilizer		
4000#	Limestone	4000#	Limestone		

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Approved Tall Fescue Cultivars

2 nd Millennium Avenger Barlexas Barlexas II Barrera Barrington Biltmore Bingo Bravo Cayenne Chapel Hill	Duster Endeavor Escalade Falcon II, III, IV & V Fidelity Finesse II Firebird Focus Grande II Greenkeeper Greystone	Magellan Masterpiece Matador Matador GT Millennium Montauk Mustang 3 Olympic Gold Padre Paraiso Picasso	Rendition Scorpion Shelby Signia Silverstar Southern Choice II Stetson Tarheel Titan Ltd Titanium Tomahawk
•			
		_	
Bingo	Focus	Olympic Gold	Tarheel
Bravo	Grande II	Padre	Titan Ltd
Cayenne	Greenkeeper	Paraiso	Titanium
Chapel Hill	Greystone	Picasso	Tomahawk
Chesapeake	Inferno	Piedmont	Tacer
Constitution	Justice	Pure Gold	Trooper
Chipper	Jaguar 3	Prospect	Turbo
Coronado	Kalahari	Quest	Ultimate
Coyote	Kentucky 31	Rebel Exeda	Watchdog
Davinci	Kitty Hawk	Rebel Sentry	Wolfpack
Dynasty	Kitty Hawk 2000	Regiment II	
Dominion	Lexington	Rembrandt	

Approved Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars:

Alpine	Bariris	Envicta	Rugby
Apollo	Bedazzled	Impact	Rugby II
Arcadia	Bordeaux	Kenblue	Showcase
Arrow	Champagne	Midnight	Sonoma
Award	Chicago II	Midnight II	

Approved Hard Fescue Cultivars:

Chariot	Nordic	Rhino	Warwick
Firefly	Oxford	Scaldis II	
Heron	Reliant II	Spartan II	
Minotaur	Reliant IV	Stonehenge	

On cut and fill slopes 2:1 or steeper add 20# Sericea Lespedeza and 15# Crown Vetch January 1 - December 31.

The Crown Vetch Seed should be double inoculated if applied with a hand seeder. Four times the normal rate of inoculant should be used if applied with a hydroseeder. If a fertilizer-seed slurry is used, the required limestone should also be included to prevent fertilizer acidity from killing the inoculant bacteria. Caution should be used to keep the inoculant below 80° F to prevent harm to the bacteria. The rates and grades of fertilizer and limestone shall be the same as specified for *Seeding and Mulching*.

Fertilizer shall be 10-20-20 analysis. A different analysis of fertilizer may be used provided the 1-2-2 ratio is maintained and the rate of application adjusted to provide the same amount of plant food as a 10-20-20 analysis and as directed.

TEMPORARY SEEDING:

Fertilizer shall be the same analysis as specified for *Seeding and Mulching* and applied at the rate of 400 pounds and seeded at the rate of 50 pounds per acre. German Millet, or Browntop Millet shall be used in summer months and rye grain during the remainder of the year. The Engineer will determine the exact dates for using each kind of seed.

FERTILIZER TOPDRESSING:

Fertilizer used for topdressing shall be 16-8-8 grade and shall be applied at the rate of 500 pounds per acre. A different analysis of fertilizer may be used provided the 2-1-1 ratio is maintained and the rate of application adjusted to provide the same amount of plant food as 16-8-8 analysis and as directed.

SUPPLEMENTAL SEEDING:

The kinds of seed and proportions shall be the same as specified for *Seeding and Mulching*, and the rate of application may vary from 25# to 75# per acre. The actual rate per acre will be determined prior to the time of topdressing and the Contractor will be notified in writing of the rate per acre, total quantity needed, and areas on which to apply the supplemental seed. Minimum tillage equipment, consisting of a sod seeder shall be used for incorporating seed into the soil as to prevent disturbance of existing vegetation. A clodbuster (ball and chain) may be used where degree of slope prevents the use of a sod seeder.

MOWING:

The minimum mowing height on this project shall be six inches.

LAWN TYPE APPEARANCE:

All areas adjacent to lawns must be hand finished as directed to give a lawn type appearance. Remove all trash, debris, and stones ¾" and larger in diameter or other obstructions that could interfere with providing a smooth lawn type appearance. These areas shall be reseeded to match their original vegetative conditions, unless directed otherwise by the Field Operations Engineer.

RESPONSE FOR EROSION CONTROL:

Description

Furnish the labor, materials, tools and equipment necessary to move personnel, equipment, and supplies to the project necessary for the pursuit of any or all of the following work as shown herein, by an approved subcontractor.

Section	Erosion Control Item	Unit
1605	Temporary Silt Fence	LF
1606	Special Sediment Control Fence	LF/TON
1615	Temporary Mulching	ACR
1620	Seed - Temporary Seeding	LB
1620	Fertilizer - Temporary Seeding	TN
1631	Matting for Erosion Control	SY
SP	Coir Fiber Mat	SY
1640	Coir Fiber Baffles	LF
SP	Permanent Soil Reinforcement Mat	SY
1660	Seeding and Mulching	ACR
1661	Seed - Repair Seeding	LB
1661	Fertilizer - Repair Seeding	TON
1662	Seed - Supplemental Seeding	LB
1665	Fertilizer Topdressing	TON
SP	Safety/Highly Visible Fencing	LF
SP	Response for Erosion Control	EA

Construction Methods

Provide an approved subcontractor who performs an erosion control action as described in the NPDES Inspection Form SPPP30. Each erosion control action may include one or more of the above work items.

Measurement and Payment

Response for Erosion Control will be measured and paid for by counting the actual number of times the subcontractor moves onto the project, including borrow and waste sites, and satisfactorily completes an erosion control action described in Form 1675. The provisions of Article 104-5 of the Standard Specifications will not apply to this item of work.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item
Response for Erosion Control

Pay Unit

Each

MINIMIZE REMOVAL OF VEGETATION:

The Contractor shall minimize removal of vegetation at stream banks and disturbed areas within the project limits as directed.

STOCKPILE AREAS:

The Contractor shall install and maintain erosion control devices sufficient to contain sediment around any erodible material stockpile areas as directed.

ACCESS AND HAUL ROADS:

At the end of each working day, the Contractor shall install or re-establish temporary diversions or earth berms across access/haul roads to direct runoff into sediment devices. Silt fence sections that are temporarily removed shall be reinstalled across access/haul roads at the end of each working day.

WASTE AND BORROW SOURCES:

Payment for temporary erosion control measures, except those made necessary by the Contractor's own negligence or for his own convenience, will be paid for at the appropriate contract unit price for the devices or measures utilized in borrow sources and waste areas.

No additional payment will be made for erosion control devices or permanent seeding and mulching in any commercial borrow or waste pit. All erosion and sediment control practices that may be required on a commercial borrow or waste site will be done at the Contractor's expense.

All offsite Staging Areas, Borrow and Waste sites shall be in accordance with "Borrow and Waste Site Reclamation Procedures for Contracted Projects" located at:

http://www.ncdot.gov/doh/operations/dp_chief_eng/roadside/fieldops/downloads/Files/ContractedReclamationProcedures.pdf

All forms and documents referenced in the "Borrow and Waste Site Reclamation Procedures for Contracted Projects" shall be included with the reclamation plans for offsite staging areas, and borrow and waste sites.

SAFETY FENCE AND JURISDICTIONAL FLAGGING:

Description

Safety Fence shall consist of furnishing materials, installing and maintaining polyethylene or polypropylene fence along the outside riparian buffer, wetland, or water boundary, or other boundaries located within the construction corridor to mark the areas that have been approved to infringe within the buffer, wetland, endangered vegetation, culturally sensitive areas or water. The fence shall be installed prior to any land disturbing activities.

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Interior boundaries for jurisdictional areas noted above shall be delineated by stakes and highly visible flagging.

Jurisdictional boundaries at staging areas, waste sites, or borrow pits, whether considered outside or interior boundaries shall be delineated by stakes and highly visible flagging.

Materials

(A) Safety Fencing

Polyethylene or polypropylene fence shall be a highly visible preconstructed safety fence approved by the Engineer. The fence material shall have an ultraviolet coating.

Either wood posts or steel posts may be used. Wood posts shall be hardwood with a wedge or pencil tip at one end, and shall be at least 5 ft. in length with a minimum nominal 2" x 2" cross section. Steel posts shall be at least 5 ft. in length, and have a minimum weight of 0.85 lb/ft of length.

(B) Boundary Flagging

Wooden stakes shall be 4 feet in length with a minimum nominal 3/4" x 1-3/4" cross section. The flagging shall be at least 1" in width. The flagging material shall be vinyl and shall be orange in color and highly visible.

Construction Methods

No additional clearing and grubbing is anticipated for the installation of this fence. The fence shall be erected to conform to the general contour of the ground.

(A) Safety Fencing

Posts shall be set at a maximum spacing of 10 ft., maintained in a vertical position and hand set or set with a post driver. If hand set, all backfill material shall be thoroughly tamped. Wood posts may be sharpened to a dull point if power driven. Posts damaged by power driving shall be removed and replaced prior to final acceptance. The tops of all wood posts shall be cut at a 30-degree angle. The wood posts may, at the option of the Contractor, be cut at this angle either before or after the posts are erected.

The fence geotextile shall be attached to the wood posts with one 2" galvanized wire staple across each cable or to the steel posts with wire or other acceptable means.

Place construction stakes to establish the location of the safety fence in accordance with Article 105-9 or Article 801-1 of the *Standard Specifications*. No direct pay will be made for the staking of the safety fence. All stakeouts for safety fence shall be considered incidental to the work being paid for as "Construction Surveying", except that where there is no pay item for construction surveying, all safety fence stakeout will be performed by state forces.

The Contractor shall be required to maintain the safety fence in a satisfactory condition for the duration of the project as determined by the Engineer.

(B) Boundary Flagging

Boundary flagging delineation of interior boundaries shall consist of wooden stakes on 25 feet maximum intervals with highly visible orange flagging attached. Stakes shall be installed a minimum of 6" into the ground. Interior boundaries may be staked on a tangent that runs parallel to buffer but must not encroach on the buffer at any location. Interior boundaries of hand clearing shall be identified with a different colored flagging to distinguish it from mechanized clearing.

Boundary flagging delineation of interior boundaries will be placed in accordance with Article 105-9 or Article 801-1 of the *Standard Specifications*. No direct pay will be made for delineation of the interior boundaries. This delineation will be considered incidental to the work being paid for as *Construction Surveying*, except that where there is no pay item or construction surveying the cost of boundary flagging delineation shall be included in the unit prices bid for the various items in the contract. Installation for delineation of all jurisdictional boundaries at staging areas, waste sites, or borrow pits shall consist of wooden stakes on 25 feet maximum intervals with highly visible orange flagging attached. Stakes shall be installed a minimum of 6" into the ground. Additional flagging may be placed on overhanging vegetation to enhance visibility but does not substitute for installation of stakes.

Installation of boundary flagging for delineation of all jurisdictional boundaries at staging areas, waste sites, or borrow pits shall be performed in accordance with Subarticle 230-4(B)(3)(d) or Subarticle 802-2(F) of the *Standard Specifications*. No direct pay will be made for this delineation, as the cost of same shall be included in the unit prices bid for the various items in the contract.

The Contractor shall be required to maintain alternative stakes and highly visible flagging in a satisfactory condition for the duration of the project as determined by the Engineer.

Measurement and Payment

Safety Fence will be measured and paid as the actual number of linear feet of polyethylene or polypropylene fence installed in place and accepted. Such payment will be full compensation including but not limited to furnishing and installing fence geotextile with necessary posts and post bracing, staples, tie wires, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete this work.

Payment will be made under:

Pay ItemSafety Fence

Pay Unit Linear Foot

PERMANENT SOIL REINFORCEMENT MAT:

Description

This work consists of furnishing and placing *Permanent Soil Reinforcement Mat*, of the type specified, over previously prepared areas as directed.

Materials

The product shall be a permanent erosion control reinforcement mat and shall be constructed of synthetic or a combination of coconut and synthetic fibers evenly distributed throughout the mat between a bottom UV stabilized netting and a heavy duty UV stabilized top net. The matting shall be stitched together with UV stabilized polypropylene thread to form a permanent three-dimensional structure. The mat shall have the following minimum physical properties:

Property	Test Method	Value	Unit
Light Penetration	ASTM D6567	9	%
Thickness	ASTM D6525	0.40	in
Mass Per Unit Area	ASTM D6566	0.55	lb/sy
Tensile Strength	ASTM D6818	385	lb/ft
Elongation (Maximum)	ASTM D6818	49	%
Resiliency	ASTM D1777	>70	%
UV Stability *	ASTM D4355	≥80	%
Porosity (Permanent Net)	ECTC Guidelines	≥85	%
Maximum Permissible Shear	Performance Bench	≥8.0	lb/ft²
Stress (Vegetated)	Test		
Maximum Allowable Velocity	Performance Bench	≥16.0	ft/s
(Vegetated)	Test		

^{*}ASTM D1682 Tensile Strength and % strength retention of material after 1000 hours of exposure.

Submit a certification (Type 1, 2, or 3) from the manufacturer showing:

- (A) the chemical and physical properties of the mat used, and
- (B) conformance of the mat with this specification.

Construction Methods

Matting shall be installed in accordance with Subarticle 1631-3(B) of the Standard Specifications.

All areas to be protected with the mat shall be brought to final grade and seeded in accordance with Section 1660 of the *Standard Specifications*. The surface of the soil shall be smooth, firm, stable and free of rocks, clods, roots or other obstructions that would prevent the mat from lying

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in direct contact with the soil surface. Areas where the mat is to be placed will not need to be mulched.

Measurement and Payment

Permanent Soil Reinforcement Mat will be measured and paid for as the actual number of square yards measured along the surface of the ground over which Permanent Soil Reinforcement Mat is installed and accepted. Overlaps will not be included in the measurement, and will be considered as incidental to the work. Such payment shall be full compensation for furnishing and installing the mat, including overlaps, and for all required maintenance.

Payment will be made under:

Pay ItemPay UnitPermanent Soil Reinforcement MatSquare Yard

SKIMMER BASIN WITH BAFFLES:

Description

Provide a skimmer basin to remove sediment from construction site runoff at locations shown in the erosion control plans. See the Skimmer Basin with Baffles Detail sheet provided in the erosion control plans. Work includes constructing sediment basin, installation of temporary slope drain pipe and coir fiber baffles, furnishing, installation and cleanout of skimmer, providing and placing stone pad on bottom of basin underneath skimmer device, providing and placing a geotextile spillway liner, providing coir fiber mat stabilization for the skimmer outlet, disposing of excess materials, removing temporary slope drain, coir fiber baffles, geotextile liner and skimmer device, backfilling basin area with suitable material and providing proper drainage when basin area is abandoned.

Materials

Item	Section
Stone for Erosion Control, Class B	1042
Geotextile for Soil Stabilization, Type 4	1056
Fertilizer for Temporary Seeding	1060-2
Seed for Temporary Seeding	1060-4
Seeding and Mulching	1060-4
Matting for Erosion Control	1060-8
Staples	1060-8
Coir Fiber Mat	1060-14
Temporary Slope Drain	1622-2
Coir Fiber Baffle	1640

Provide appropriately sized and approved skimmer device.

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Provide Schedule 40 PVC pipe with a length of 6 ft. to attach to the skimmer and the coupling connection to serve as the arm pipe. For skimmer sizes of 2.5 in. and smaller, the arm pipe diameter shall be 1.5 inches. For skimmer sizes of 3 in. and larger, refer to manufacturer recommendation.

Provide 4" diameter Schedule 40 PVC pipe to attach to coupling connection of skimmer to serve as the barrel pipe through the earthen dam.

Anchors: Staples, stakes, or reinforcement bars shall be used as anchors.

Wooden Stakes:

Provide hardwood stakes 12"- 24" long with a 2" x 2" nominal square cross section. One end of the stake must be sharpened or beveled to facilitate driving through the coir fiber mat and down into the underlying soil. The other end of the stake needs to have a 1"- 2" long head at the top with a 1"- 2" notch following to catch and secure the coir fiber mat.

Steel Reinforcement Bars:

Provide uncoated #10 steel reinforcement bars 24" nominal length. The bars shall have a 4" diameter bend at one end with a 4" straight section at the tip to catch and secure the coir fiber mat.

Staples:

Provide staples made of 0.125" diameter new steel wire formed into a u shape not less than 12" in length with a throat of 1" in width.

Construction Methods

Excavate basin according to the erosion control plans with basin surface free of obstructions, debris, and pockets of low-density material. Install temporary slope drain pipe and construct the primary spillway according to the Skimmer Basin with Baffles Detail sheet in the erosion control plans. Temporary slope drain pipe at inlet of basin may be replaced by geotextile as directed. Construct the coir fiber baffles according to *Roadway Standard Drawings* No. 1640.01 and Section 1640 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Install skimmer device according to manufacturer recommendations. Install 4" Schedule 40 PVC pipe into dam on the lower side of basin 1 ft. from the bottom of the basin and according to the detail, and extend the pipe so the basin will drain. Attach a 6 ft. arm pipe to the coupling connection and skimmer according to manufacturer recommendations. Attach the rope included with the skimmer to the tee between the vent socket and the tube inlet, and the other end to a wooden stake or metal post. Clean out skimmer device when it becomes clogged with sediment and/or debris and is unable to float at the top of water in skimmer basin. Take appropriate measures to avoid ice accumulation in the skimmer device. Construct a stone pad of Class B

stone directly underneath the skimmer device at bottom of basin. The pad shall be a minimum of 12" in height, and shall have a minimum cross sectional area of 4 ft. by 4 ft.

Line primary spillway with geotextile unrolled in the direction of flow and lay smoothly but loosely on soil surface without creases. Bury edges of geotextile in a trench at least 5" deep and tamp firmly. If geotextile for the primary spillway is not one continuous piece of material, make horizontal overlaps a minimum of 18" with upstream geotextile overlapping the downstream geotextile. Secure geotextile with eleven gauge wire staples shaped into a u shape with a length of not less than 12" and a throat not less than 1" in width. Place staples along outer edges and throughout the geotextile a maximum of 3 ft. horizontally and vertically. Geotextile shall be placed to the bottom and across the entire width of the basin according to the Skimmer Basin with Baffles detail. Place sealant inside basin around barrel pipe on top of geotextile with a minimum width of 6 in.

At the skimmer outlet, provide a smooth soil surface free from stones, clods, or debris that will prevent contact of the coir fiber matting with the soil. Unroll the matting and apply without stretching such that it will lie smoothly but loosely on the soil surface. Wooden stakes, reinforcement bars, or staples may be used as anchors in accordance with the details in the plans and as directed. Place anchors across the matting at the ends approximately 1 ft. apart. Place anchors along the outer edges and down the center of the matting 3 ft. apart.

All bare side slope sections of the skimmer basin shall be seeded with a temporary or permanent seed mix as directed and in accordance with Articles 1620-3, 1620-4, 1620-5, 1660-4, 1660-5 and 1660-7 of the *Standard Specifications*. Straw or excelsior matting shall be installed on all bare side slope sections immediately upon the completion of seeding and in accordance with Article 1631-3 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Measurement and Payment

Silt Excavation will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1630-4 of the Standard Specifications, as calculated from the typical section throughout the length of the basin as shown on the final approved plans.

Geotextile for Soil Stabilization will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 270-4 of the Standard Specifications.

Coir Fiber Baffles will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1640-4 of the Standard Specifications.

" Skimmer will be measured in units of each" Skimmer will be measured and paid for as
the maximum number of each size skimmer acceptably installed and in use at any one time
during the life of the project. Barrel and arm pipe, cleanout, relocation and reinstallation of"
Skimmer is considered incidental to the measurement of the quantity of "Skimmer and no
separate payment will be made. No separate payment shall be made if "Skimmer, barrel
and/or arm pipe(s) are damaged by ice accumulation.

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Coir Fiber Mat will be measured and paid for as the actual number of square yards measured along the surface of the ground over which coir fiber mat is installed and accepted.

Temporary Slope Drain will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1622-4 of the Standard Specifications.

Stone for Erosion Control, Class __ will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1610-4 of the Standard Specifications.

Seeding and Mulching will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1660-8 of the Standard Specifications.

Seed for Temporary Seeding will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1620-6 of the Standard Specifications.

Fertilizer for Temporary Seeding will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1620-6 of the Standard Specifications.

Matting for Erosion Control will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1631-4 of the Standard Specifications.

No measurement will be made for other items or for over excavation or stockpiling.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
" Skimmer	Each
Coir Fiber Mat	Square Yard

COIR FIBER WATTLES WITH POLYACRYLAMIDE (PAM):

Description

Coir Fiber Wattles are tubular products consisting of coir fibers (coconut fibers) encased in coir fiber netting. Coir Fiber Wattles are used on slopes or channels to intercept runoff and act as a velocity break. Coir Fiber Wattles are to be placed at locations shown on the plans or as directed. Installation shall follow the detail provided in the plans and as directed. Work includes furnishing materials, installation of coir fiber wattles, matting installation, PAM application, and removing wattles.

Materials

Coir Fiber Wattle shall meet the following specifications:

100% Coir (Coconut) Fibers Minimum Diameter 12 in.

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Minimum Density

 $3.5 \text{ lb/ft}^3 +/- 10\%$

Net Material Net Openings

Coir Fiber 2 in. x 2 in.

Net Strength

90 lbs.

Minimum Weight

2.6 lbs./ft. +/- 10%

Anchors: Stakes shall be used as anchors.

Wooden Stakes:

Provide hardwood stakes a minimum of 2-ft. long with a 2 in. x 2 in. nominal square cross section. One end of the stake must be sharpened or beveled to facilitate driving down into the underlying soil.

Matting shall meet the requirements of Article 1060-8 of the *Standard Specifications*, or shall meet specifications provided elsewhere in this contract.

Provide staples made of 0.125" diameter new steel wire formed into a u shape not less than 12" in length with a throat of 1" in width.

Polyacrylamide (PAM) shall be applied in powder form and shall be anionic or neutrally charged. Soil samples shall be obtained in areas where the wattles will be placed, and from offsite material used to construct the roadway, and analyzed for the appropriate PAM flocculant to be utilized with each wattle. The PAM product used shall be listed on the North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources (NCDENR) Division of Water Quality (DWQ) web site as an approved PAM product for use in North Carolina.

Construction Methods

Coir Fiber Wattles shall be secured to the soil by wire staples approximately every 1 linear foot and at the end of each section of wattle. A minimum of 4 stakes shall be installed on the downstream side of the wattle with a maximum spacing of 2 linear feet along the wattle, and according to the detail. Install a minimum of 2 stakes on the upstream side of the wattle according to the detail provided in the plans. Stakes shall be driven into the ground a minimum of 10 in. with no more than 2 in. projecting from the top of the wattle. Drive stakes at an angle according to the detail provided in the plans.

Only install coir fiber wattle(s) to a height in ditch so flow will not wash around wattle and scour ditch slopes and according to the detail provided in the plans and as directed. Overlap adjoining sections of wattles a minimum of 6 in.

Installation of matting shall be in accordance with the detail provided in the plans, and in accordance with Article 1631-3 of the *Standard Specifications*, or in accordance with specifications provided elsewhere in this contract.

Apply PAM over the lower center portion of the coir fiber wattle where the water is going to flow over at a rate of 2 ounces per wattle, and 1 ounce of PAM on matting on each side of the wattle. PAM applications shall be done during construction activities after every rainfall event that is equal to or exceeds 0.50 in.

The Contractor shall maintain the coir fiber wattles until the project is accepted or until the wattles are removed, and shall remove and dispose of silt accumulations at the wattles when so directed in accordance with the requirements of Section 1630 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Measurement and Payment

Coir Fiber Wattles will be measured and paid for by the actual number of linear feet of wattles which are installed and accepted. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this section, including, but not limited to, furnishing all materials, labor, equipment and incidentals necessary to install the Coir Fiber Wattles.

Matting will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1631-4 of the *Standard Specifications*, or in accordance with specifications provided elsewhere in this contract.

Polyacrylamide (PAM) will be measured and paid for by the actual weight in pounds of PAM applied to the coir fiber wattles. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this section, including, but not limited to, furnishing all materials, labor, equipment and incidentals necessary to apply the Polyacrylamide (PAM).

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item

Pay Unit

Polyacrylamide(PAM) Coir Fiber Wattle

Pound Linear Foot

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TEMPORARY ROCK SILT CHECK TYPE A WITH EXCELSIOR MATTING AND POLYACRYLAMIDE (PAM):

Description

Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A with Excelsior Matting and Polyacrylamide (PAM) are devices utilized in temporary and permanent ditches to reduce runoff velocity and incorporate PAM into the construction runoff to increase settling of sediment particles and reduce turbidity of runoff. Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A with Excelsior Matting and PAM are to be placed at locations shown on the plans or as directed. Installation shall follow the detail provided in the plans and as directed. Work includes furnishing materials, installation of Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A, matting installation, PAM application, and removing Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A with Excelsior Matting and PAM.

Materials

Structural stone shall be class B stone that meets the requirements of Section 1042 of the *Standard Specifications* for Stone for Erosion Control, Class B.

Sediment control stone shall be #5 or #57 stone, which meets the requirements of Section 1005 of the *Standard Specifications* for these stone sizes.

Matting shall meet the requirements of Excelsior Matting in Subarticle 1060-8(B) of the *Standard Specifications*, or shall meet specifications provided elsewhere in this contract.

Polyacrylamide (PAM) shall be applied in powder form and shall be anionic or neutrally charged. Soil samples shall be obtained in areas where the Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A with Excelsior Matting and PAM will be placed, and from offsite material used to construct the roadway, and analyzed for the appropriate PAM flocculant to be utilized with each Temporary Rock Silt Check Type A. The PAM product used shall be listed on the North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources (NCDENR) Division of Water Quality (DWQ) web site as an approved PAM product for use in North Carolina.

Construction Methods

Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A shall be installed in accordance with Subarticle 1633-3(A) of the *Standard Specifications*, Roadway Standard Drawing No. 1633.01 and the detail provided in the plans.

Installation of matting shall be in accordance with the detail provided in the plans, and anchored by placing Class B stone on top of the matting at the upper and lower ends.

Apply PAM at a rate of 4 ounces over the center portion of the Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A and matting where the water is going to flow over. PAM applications shall be done during construction activities and after every rainfall event that is equal to or exceeds 0.50 in.

The Contractor shall maintain the Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A with Excelsior Matting and PAM until the project is accepted or until the Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A with Excelsior Matting and PAM are removed, and shall remove and dispose of silt accumulations at the Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A with Excelsior Matting and PAM when so directed in accordance with the requirements of Section 1630 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Measurement and Payment

Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1633-5 of the Standard Specifications, or in accordance with specifications provided elsewhere in this contract.

Matting will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1631-4 of the *Standard Specifications*, or in accordance with specifications provided elsewhere in this contract.

Polyacrylamide(PAM) will be measured and paid for by the actual weight in pounds of PAM applied to the Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this section, including, but not limited to, furnishing all materials, labor, equipment and incidentals necessary to apply the Polyacrylamide(PAM).

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item

Pay Unit

Polyacrylamide(PAM)

Pound



Project Special Provisions

(Version 12.1)

Signals and Intelligent Transportation Systems

Prepared By: <u>zml</u> 3-Jun-13

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1. SIGNAL HEADS

1.1. MATERIALS

A. General:

Fabricate vehicle signal head housings and end caps from die-cast aluminum. Fabricate 12-inch and 16-inch pedestrian signal head housings and end caps from die-cast aluminum. Fabricate 9-inch pedestrian signal head housings, end caps, and visors from virgin polycarbonate material. Provide visor mounting screws, door latches, and hinge pins fabricated from stainless steel. Provide interior screws, fasteners, and metal parts fabricated from stainless steel or corrosion resistant material.

Fabricate tunnel and traditional visors from sheet aluminum.

Paint all surfaces inside and outside of signal housings and doors. Paint outside surfaces of tunnel and traditional visors, messenger cable mounting assemblies, pole and pedestal mounting assemblies, and pedestrian pushbutton housings. Have electrostatically-applied, fused-polyester paint in BLACK (Federal Standard 595C, Color Chip Number 37038) a minimum of 2.5 to 3.5 mils thick. Do not apply paint to the latching hardware or rigid vehicle signal head mounting brackets for mast-arm attachments.

Have the interior surfaces of tunnel and traditional visors painted an alkyd urea black synthetic baking enamel with a minimum gloss reflectance and meeting the requirements of MIL-E-10169, "Enamel Heat Resisting, Instrument Black."

For pole mounting, provide side of pole mounting assemblies with framework and all other hardware necessary to make complete, watertight connections of the signal heads to the poles and pedestals. Fabricate the mounting assemblies and frames from aluminum with all necessary hardware, screws, washers, etc. to be stainless steel. Provide mounting fittings that match the positive locking device on the signal head with the serrations integrally cast into the brackets. Provide upper and lower pole plates that have a 1 ½-inch vertical conduit entrance hubs with the hubs capped on the lower plate and 1 ½-inch horizontal hubs. Ensure that the assemblies provide rigid attachments to poles and pedestals so as to allow no twisting or swaying of the signal heads. Ensure that all raceways are free of sharp edges and protrusions, and can accommodate a minimum of ten Number 14 AWG conductors.

For pedestal mounting, provide a post-top slipfitter mounting assembly that matches the positive locking device on the signal head with serrations integrally cast into the slipfitter. Provide stainless steel hardware, screws, washers, etc. Provide a minimum of six 3/8 X 3/4-inch long square head bolts for attachment to pedestal. Provide a center post for multi-way slipfitters.

For light emitting diode (LED) traffic signal modules, provide the following requirements for inclusion on the Department's Qualified Products List for traffic signal equipment.

- 1. Sample submittal,
- 2. Third-party independent laboratory testing results for each submitted module with evidence of testing and conformance with all of the Design Qualification Testing specified in section 6.4 of each of the following Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) specifications:
 - Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads Light Emitting Diode (LED) Circular Signal Supplement
 - Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads Light Emitting Diode (LED) Vehicle Arrow Traffic Signal Supplement

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 Pedestrian Traffic Control Signal Indications – Light Emitting Diode (LED) Signal Modules.

(Note: The Department currently recognizes two approved independent testing laboratories. They are Intertek ETL Semko and Light Metrics, Incorporated with Garwood Laboratories. Independent laboratory tests from other laboratories may be considered as part of the QPL submittal at the discretion of the Department,

- 3. Evidence of conformance with the requirements of these specifications,
- 4. A manufacturer's warranty statement in accordance with the required warranty, and
- 5. Submittal of manufacturer's design and production documentation for the model, including but not limited to, electrical schematics, electronic component values, proprietary part numbers, bill of materials, and production electrical and photometric test parameters.
- 6. Evidence of approval of the product to bear the Intertek ETL Verified product label for LED traffic signal modules.

In addition to meeting the performance requirements for the minimum period of 60 months, provide a written warranty against defects in materials and workmanship for the modules for a period of 60 months after installation of the modules. During the warranty period, the manufacturer must provide new replacement modules within 45 days of receipt of modules that have failed at no cost to the State. Repaired or refurbished modules may not be used to fulfill the manufacturer's warranty obligations. Provide manufacturer's warranty documentation to the Department during evaluation of product for inclusion on Qualified Products List (QPL).

B. Vehicle Signal Heads:

Comply with the ITE standard "Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads". Provide housings with provisions for attaching backplates.

Provide visors that are 8 inches in length for 8-inch vehicle signal head sections. Provide visors that are 10 inches in length for 12-inch vehicle signal heads.

Provide a termination block with one empty terminal for field wiring for each indication plus one empty terminal for the neutral conductor. Have all signal sections wired to the termination block. Provide barriers between the terminals that have terminal screws with a minimum Number 8 thread size and that will accommodate and secure spade lugs sized for a Number 10 terminal screw.

Mount termination blocks in the yellow signal head sections on all in-line vehicle signal heads. Mount the termination block in the red section on five-section vehicle signal heads.

Furnish vehicle signal head interconnecting brackets. Provide one-piece aluminum brackets less than 4.5 inches in height and with no threaded pipe connections. Provide hand holes on the bottom of the brackets to aid in installing wires to the signal heads. Lower brackets that carry no wires and are used only for connecting the bottom signal sections together may be flat in construction.

For messenger cable mounting, provide messenger cable hangers, wire outlet bodies, balance adjusters, bottom caps, wire entrance fitting brackets, and all other hardware necessary to make complete, watertight connections of the vehicle signal heads to the messenger cable. Fabricate mounting assemblies from malleable iron or steel and provide serrated rings made of aluminum. Provide messenger cable hangers and balance adjusters that are galvanized before being painted. Fabricate balance adjuster eyebolt and eyebolt nut from stainless steel or galvanized malleable iron. Provide messenger cable hangers with U-bolt clamps. Fabricate washers, screws, bolts, clevis pins, cotter pins, nuts, and U-bolt clamps from stainless steel.

For mast-arm mounting, provide rigid vehicle signal head mounting brackets and all other hardware necessary to make complete, watertight connections of the vehicle signal heads to the mast

arms and to provide a means for vertically adjusting the vehicle signal heads to proper alignment. Fabricate the mounting assemblies from aluminum, and provide serrated rings made of aluminum. Provide stainless steel cable attachment assemblies to secure the brackets to the mast arms. Ensure all fastening hardware and fasteners are fabricated from stainless steel.

Provide LED vehicular traffic signal modules (hereafter referred to as modules) that consist of an assembly that uses LEDs as the light source in lieu of an incandescent lamp for use in traffic signal sections. Use LEDs that are aluminum indium gallium phosphorus (AlInGaP) technology for red and yellow indications and indium gallium nitride (InGaN) for green indications. Install the ultra bright type LEDs that are rated for 100,000 hours of continuous operation from -40°F to +165°F. Design modules to have a minimum useful life of 60 months and to meet all parameters of this specification during this period of useful life.

For the modules, provide spade terminals crimped to the lead wires and sized for a #10 screw connection to the existing terminal block in a standard signal head. Do not provide other types of crimped terminals with a spade adapter.

Ensure the power supply is integral to the module assembly. On the back of the module, permanently mark the date of manufacture (month & year) or some other method of identifying date of manufacture.

Tint the red, yellow and green lenses to correspond with the wavelength (chromaticity) of the LED. Transparent tinting films are unacceptable. Provide a lens that is integral to the unit with a smooth outer surface.

1. LED Circular Signal Modules:

Provide modules in the following configurations: 12-inch circular sections, and 8-inch circular sections. All makes and models of LED modules purchased for use on the State Highway System shall appear on the current NCDOT Traffic Signal Qualified Products List (QPL).

Provide the manufacturer's model number and the product number (assigned by the Department) for each module that appears on the 2012 or most recent Qualified Products List. In addition, provide manufacturer's certification in accordance with Article 106-3 of the Standard Specifications, that each module meets or exceeds the ITE "Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads - Light Emitting Diode (LED) Circular Signal Supplement" dated June 27, 2005 (hereafter referred to as VTCSH Circular Supplement) and other requirements stated in this specification.

Provide modules that meet the following requirements when tested under the procedures outlined in the VTCSH Circular Supplement:

Module Type	Max. Wattage at 165° F	Nominal Wattage at 77° F
12-inch red circular	17	11
8-inch red circular	13	8
12-inch green circular	15	15
8-inch green circular	12	12

For yellow circular signal modules, provide modules tested under the procedures outlined in the VTCSH Circular Supplement to insure power required at 77° F is 22 Watts or less for the 12-inch circular module and 13 Watts or less for the 8-inch circular module.

Note: Use a wattmeter having an accuracy of $\pm 1\%$ to measure the nominal wattage and maximum wattage of a circular traffic signal module. Power may also be derived from voltage. current and power factor measurements.

2. LED Arrow Signal Modules

Provide 12-inch omnidirectional arrow signal modules. All makes and models of LED modules purchased for use on the State Highway System shall appear on the current NCDOT Traffic Signal Qualified Products List (QPL).

Provide the manufacturer's model number and the product number (assigned by the Department) for each module that appears on the 2012 or most recent Qualified Products List. In addition, provide manufacturer's certification in accordance with Article 106-3 of the *Standard Specifications*, that each module meets or exceeds the requirements for 12-inch omnidirectional modules specified in the ITE "Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads – Light Emitting Diode (LED) Vehicle Arrow Traffic Signal Supplement" dated July 1, 2007 (hereafter referred to as VTCSH Arrow Supplement) and other requirements stated in this specification.

Provide modules that meet the following requirements when tested under the procedures outlined in the VTCSH Arrow Supplement:

Module Type	Max. Wattage at 165° F	Nominal Wattage at 77° F
12-inch red arrow	12	9
12-inch green arrow	1:1:	11

For yellow arrow signal modules, provide modules tested under the procedures outlined in the VTCSH Arrow Supplement to insure power required at 77° F is 12 Watts or less.

Note: Use a wattmeter having an accuracy of $\pm 1\%$ to measure the nominal wattage and maximum wattage of an arrow traffic signal module. Power may also be derived from voltage, current and power factor measurements.

C. Pedestrian Signal Heads:

Provide pedestrian signal heads with international symbols that meet the MUTCD. Do not provide letter indications.

Comply with the ITE standard for "Pedestrian Traffic Control Signal Indications" and the following sections of the ITE standard for "Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads" in effect on the date of advertisement:

- Section 3.00 "Physical and Mechanical Requirements"
- Section 4.01 "Housing, Door, and Visor: General"
- Section 4.04 "Housing, Door, and Visor: Materials and Fabrication"
- Section 7.00 "Exterior Finish"

Provide a double-row termination block with three empty terminals and number 10 screws for field wiring. Provide barriers between the terminals that accommodate a spade lug sized for number 10 terminal screws. Mount the termination block in the hand section. Wire all signal sections to the terminal block.

Where required by the plans, provide 16-inch pedestrian signal heads with traditional three-sided, rectangular visors, 6 inches long. Where required by the plans, provide 12-inch pedestrian signal heads with traditional three-sided, rectangular visors, 8 inches long.

Provide 2-inch diameter pedestrian push-buttons with weather-tight housings fabricated from die-cast aluminum and threading in compliance with the NEC for rigid metal conduit. Provide a weep hole in the housing bottom and ensure that the unit is vandal resistant.

Provide push-button housings that are suitable for mounting on flat or curved surfaces and that will accept 1/2-inch conduit installed in the top. Provide units that have a heavy duty push-button

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assembly with a sturdy, momentary, normally-open switch. Have contacts that are electrically insulated from the housing and push-button. Ensure that the push-buttons are rated for a minimum of 5 mA at 24 volts DC and 250 mA at 12 volts AC.

Provide standard R10-3 signs with mounting hardware that comply with the MUTCD in effect on the date of advertisement. Provide R10-3E signs for countdown pedestrian heads and R10-3B for non-countdown pedestrian heads.

Design the LED pedestrian traffic signal modules (hereafter referred to as modules) for installation into standard pedestrian traffic signal sections that do not contain the incandescent signal section reflector, lens, eggcrate visor, gasket, or socket. Provide modules that consist of an assembly that uses LEDs as the light source in lieu of an incandescent lamp. Use LEDs that are of the latest aluminum indium gallium phosphorus (AlInGaP) technology for the Portland Orange hand and countdown displays. Use LEDs that are of the latest indium gallium nitride (InGaN) technology for the Lunar White walking man displays. Install the ultra-bright type LEDs that are rated for 100,000 hours of continuous operation from -40°F to +165°F. Design modules to have a minimum useful life of 60 months and to meet all parameters of this specification during this period of useful life.

Design all modules to operate using a standard 3 - wire field installation. Provide spade terminals crimped to the lead wires and sized for a #10 screw connection to the existing terminal block in a standard pedestrian signal housing. Do not provide other types of crimped terminals with a spade adapter.

Ensure the power supply is integral to the module assembly. On the back of the module, permanently mark the date of manufacture (month & year) or some other method of identifying date of manufacture.

Provide modules in the following configuration: 16-inch displays which have the solid hand/walking man overlay on the left and the countdown on the right, and 12-inch displays which have the solid hand/walking man module as an overlay. All makes and models of LED modules purchased for use on the State Highway System shall appear on the current NCDOT Traffic Signal Qualified Products List (QPL).

Provide the manufacturer's model number and the product number (assigned by the Department) for each module that appears on the 2012 or most recent Qualified Products List. In addition, provide manufacturer's certification in accordance with Article 106-3 of the *Standard Specifications*, that each module meets or exceeds the ITE "Pedestrian Traffic Control Signal Indicators - Light Emitting Diode (LED) Signal Modules" dated August 04, 2010 (hereafter referred to as PTCSI Pedestrian Standard) and other requirements stated in this specification.

Provide modules that meet the following requirements when tested under the procedures outlined in the PTCSI Pedestrian Standard:

Module Type	Max. Wattage at 165° F	Nominal Wattage at 77° F
Hand Indication	16	13
Walking Man Indication	12	9
Countdown Indication	16	13

Note: Use a wattmeter having an accuracy of $\pm 1\%$ to measure the nominal wattage and maximum wattage of a circular traffic signal module. Power may also be derived from voltage, current and power factor measurements.

Provide module lens that is hard coated or otherwise made to comply with the material exposure and weathering effects requirements of the Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE) J576. Ensure all

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exposed components of the module are suitable for prolonged exposure to the environment, without appreciable degradation that would interfere with function or appearance.

Ensure the countdown display continuously monitors the traffic controller to automatically learn the pedestrian phase time and update for subsequent changes to the pedestrian phase time.

Ensure the countdown display begins normal operation upon the completion of the preemption sequence and no more than one pedestrian clearance cycle.

D. Signal Cable:

Furnish 16-4 and 16-7 signal cable that complies with IMSA specification 20-1 except provide the following conductor insulation colors:

- For 16-4 cable: white, yellow, red, and green
- For 16-7 cable: white, yellow, red, green, yellow with black stripe tracer, red with black stripe tracer, and green with black stripe tracer. Apply continuous stripe tracer on conductor insulation with a longitudinal or spiral pattern.

Provide a ripcord to allow the cable jacket to be opened without using a cutter. IMSA specification 19-1 will not be acceptable. Provide a cable jacket labeled with the IMSA specification number and provide conductors constructed of stranded copper.

2. VIDEO IMAGING LOOP EMULATOR DETECTOR SYSTEMS

2.1. DESCRIPTION

Design, furnish, provide training, and install video imaging loop emulator detection systems with all necessary hardware in accordance with the plans and specifications.

Unless otherwise specified in the contract, all loop emulator detection equipment will remain the property of the contractor.

2.2. MATERIALS

A. General:

Material and equipment furnished under this section must be pre-approved on the Department's QPL by the date of installation except miscellaneous hardware such as cables and mounting hardware do not need to be pre-approved.

Used equipment will be acceptable provided the following conditions have been met:

- Equipment is listed on the current QPL.
- Equipment is in good working condition.
- Equipment is to remain the property of the contractor.

Ensure that software is licensed for use by the Department and by any other agency responsible for maintaining or operating the loop emulation system. Provide the Department with a license to duplicate and distribute the software as necessary for design and maintenance support.

Design and furnish video imaging loop emulator detection systems that detect vehicles at signalized intersections by processing video images and providing detection outputs to the signal controller in real time (within 112 milliseconds of vehicle arrival).

Furnish all required camera sensor units, loop emulator processor units, hardware and software packages, cabling, poles, mast arms, harnesses, camera mounting assemblies, surge protection panels, grounding systems, messenger cable and all necessary hardware. Furnish systems that allow the display of detection zones superimposed on an image of the roadway on a Department-furnished

monitor or laptop computer screen. Ensure detection zones can be defined and data entered using a simple keyboard or mouse and monitor, or using a laptop PC with software.

Provide design drawings showing design details and camera sensor unit locations for review and acceptance before installation. Provide mounting height and location requirements for camera sensor units on the design based on site survey. Design video imaging loop emulator detection systems with all necessary hardware. Indicate all necessary poles, spans, mast arms, luminaire arms, cables. camera mounting assemblies and hardware to achieve the required detection zones where Department owned poles are not adequate to locate the camera sensor units. Do not design for the installation of poles in medians.

Obtain the Engineer's approval before furnishing video imaging loop emulator detection systems. The contractor is responsible for the final design of video imaging loop emulator detection systems. Review and acceptance of the designs by the Department does not relieve the contractor from the responsibility to provide fully functional systems and to ensure that the required detection zones can be provided.

Provide the ability to program each detection call (input to the controller) with the following functions:

- Full Time Delay Delay timer is active continuously,
- Normal Delay Delay timer is inhibited when assigned phase is green (except when used with TS 2 and 170/2070L controllers),
- Extend Call is extended for this amount of time after vehicle leaves detection area.
- Delay Call/Extend Call This feature uses a combination of full time delay and extend time on the same detection call. Ensure operation is as follows: Vehicle calls are received after the delay timer times out. When a call is detected, it is held until the detection area is empty and the programmed extend time expires. If another vehicle enters the detection area before the extend timer times out, the call is held and the extend time is reset. When the extend timer times out, the delay timer has to expire before another vehicle call can be received.

Provide the ability to program each detection zone as one of the following functions:

- Presence detector,
- Directional presence detector,
- · Pulse detector.
- Directional pulse detector.

Ensure previously defined detector zones and configurations can be edited.

Provide each individual system with all the necessary equipment to focus and zoom the camera lenses without the need to enter the camera enclosure.

Provide systems that allow for the placement of at least 8 detection zones within the combined field of view of a single camera sensor unit. Provide a minimum of 8 detection outputs per camera.

Provide detection zones that can be overlapped. Ensure systems reliably detect vehicles when the horizontal distance from the camera sensor unit to the detection zone area is less than ten times the mounting height of the sensor. Ensure systems detect vehicles in multiple travel lanes.

Ensure systems can detect vehicle presence within a 98 to 102 percent accuracy (up to 2 percent of the vehicles missed and up to 2 percent of false detection) for clear, dry, daylight conditions, a 96 to 105 percent accuracy (up to 4 percent of the vehicles missed and up to 5 percent false detection) for dawn and dusk conditions, and a 96 percent accuracy (up to 4 percent of the vehicles missed) for

night and adverse conditions (fog, snow, rain, etc.) using standard sensor optics and in the absence of occlusion.

Repair and replace all failed components within 72 hours.

The Department may conduct field-testing to ensure the accuracy of completed video imaging loop emulator detection systems.

B. Loop Emulator System:

Furnish loop emulator systems that receive and simultaneously process information from camera sensor units, and provides detector outputs to signal controllers.

Ensure systems provide the following:

- Operate in a typical roadside environment and meet the environmental specifications and are fully compatible with NEMA TS 1, NEMA TS 2, or Type 170/2070L controllers and cabinets.
- provide a "fail-safe" mode whereby failure of one or more of the camera sensor units or power failure of the loop emulator system will cause constant calls to be placed on the affected vehicle detection outputs to the signal controller,
- provide compensation for minor camera movement of up to 2 percent of the field of view at 400 feet without falsely detecting vehicles,
- process the video at a minimum rate of 30 times per second,
- provide separate wired connectors inside the controller cabinet for video recording each camera.
- provide remote video monitoring with a minimum refresh rate at 1 frame per second over a standard dial-up telephone line,
- provide remote video detection monitoring.

Furnish camera sensor units that comply with the following:

- have an output signal conforming to EIA RS-170 standard,
- have a nominal output impedance of 75 ohms,
- be immune to bright light sources, or have built in circuitry or protective devices to prevent damage to the sensor when pointed directly at strong light sources,
- be housed in a light colored environmental enclosure that is water proof and dust tight, and that conforms to NEMA-4 specifications or better,
- simultaneously monitor at least five travel lanes when placed at the proper mounting location with a zoom lens,
- have a sunshield attached to the environmental enclosure to minimize solar heating,
- meet FCC class B requirements for electromagnetic interference emissions,
- have a heater attached to the viewing window of the environmental enclosure to prevent ice and condensation in cold weather.

Where coaxial video cables and other cables are required between the camera sensor and other components located in the controller cabinet, furnish surge protection in the controller cabinet.

If furnishing coaxial communications cable comply with the following, as recommended by the approved loop emulator manufacturer:

Number 20 AWG, solid bare copper conductor terminated with crimped-on BNC connectors (do not use BNC adapters) from the camera sensor to the signal controller cabinet.

 Number 22 AWG, stranded bare copper conductor terminated with crimped-on BNC connectors (do not use BNC adapters) from the camera sensor unit to the junction box, and within the signal controller cabinet.

Furnish power cable appropriately sized to meet the power requirements of the sensors. At a minimum, provide three conductor 120 VAC field power cable.

As determined during the site survey, furnish sensor junction boxes with nominal 6 x 10 x 6 inches dimensions at each sensor location. Provide terminal blocks and tie points for coaxial cable.

C. Video Imaging Loop Emulator System Support:

Furnish video imaging loop emulator systems with either a simple keyboard or a mouse with monitor and appropriate software, or with system software for use on department-owned laptop PCs. Ensure the system is Windows 2000 and Windows XP compatible.

Provide Windows 2000 and Windows XP compatible personal computer software, if needed, to provide remote video and video detection monitoring.

Ensure systems allow the user to edit previously defined detector configurations. When a vehicle is within a detection zone, provide for a change in color or intensity of the detection zone perimeter or other appropriate display changes on the Department-furnished monitor or laptop computer screen.

Provide cabling and interconnection hardware with 6-foot minimum length interconnection cable to interface with the system.

Provide all associated equipment manuals and documentation.

2.3. **CONSTRUCTION METHODS**

Arrange and conduct site surveys with the system manufacturer's representative and Department personnel to determine proper camera sensor unit selection and placement. Provide the Department at least 3 working days notice before conducting site surveys. Upon completion of the site surveys the Department will provide revised plans reflecting the findings of the site survey.

Before beginning work at locations requiring video imaging loop emulator detection systems. furnish system software. Upon activation of detection zones, provide detector configuration files. Ensure that up-to-date detection configuration files are furnished for various detection zone configurations that may be required for construction phasing.

Place into operation loop emulator detection systems. Configure loop emulator detection systems to achieve required detection in designated zones. Have a certified manufacturer's representative on site to supervise and assist with installation, set up, and testing of the system.

Install the necessary processing and communications equipment in the signal controller cabinet. Make all necessary modifications to install equipment, cabling harnesses, and camera sensor interface panels with surge suppression.

Perform modifications to camera sensor unit gain, sensitivity, and iris limits necessary to complete the installation.

Do not install camera sensor units on signal poles unless approved by the Engineer.

Install the necessary cables from each sensor to the signal controller cabinet along signal cabling routes. Install surge protection and terminate all cable conductors.

Relocate camera sensor units and reconfigure detection zones as necessary according to the plans for construction phases.

Provide at least 8 hours of training on the set up, operation, troubleshooting, and maintenance of the loop emulator detection system to a maximum of ten Department personnel. Arrange for training to be conducted by the manufacturer's representative at an approved site within the Division responsible for administration of the project. Thirty days before conducting training submit a detailed course curriculum, draft manuals and materials, and resumes. Obtain approval of the submittal before conducting the training. At least one week before beginning training, provide three sets of complete documentation necessary to maintain and operate the system. Do not perform training until installation of loop emulator detection systems is complete.

2.4. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Actual number of site surveys, arranged, conducted, and accepted.

Actual number of luminaire arms for video imaging loop emulator detection systems furnished, installed, and accepted.

Actual number of cameras without internal loop emulator processing units furnished, installed, and accepted.

Actual number of external loop emulator processing units furnished, installed, and accepted.

Actual number of camera sensor units relocated with detection zones reconfigured installed, and accepted.

No measurement will be made of video imaging loop emulator system support or training, power and video cables, and trenching as these items will be considered incidental to furnishing and installing video imaging loop emulator detection systems.

Payment will be made under:

Site Survey	Each
Luminaire Arm for Video System	Each
Camera without Internal Loop Emulator Processing Unit	
External Loop Emulator Processing Unit	
Relocate Camera Sensor Unit	

3. MODIFY SPREAD SPECTRUM WIRELESS RADIO

3.1. DESCRIPTION

Make modifications to existing Spread Spectrum Radio installations.

3.2. MATERIALS

Material, equipment, and hardware furnished under this section shall be pre-approved on the Departments' QPL.

Reference Article 1098-18 "Spread Spectrum Wireless Radio" of the Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures.

3.3. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

This item of work involves making modifications to existing wireless installations which include relocating an existing radio from an existing cabinet to a new cabinet, and/or relocating existing components of the radio system from an existing pole to new poles (wood poles, metal strain poles,

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metal poles with mast arms, etc.). This item of work includes, but may not be limited to, the following:

Relocating existing radio from an existing cabinet to a new cabinet Relocating or installing new Coaxial Cable Furnishing and installing new N-Type Connectors Furnishing new Coaxial Cable and Shield Grounding Kits Relocating Antenna Mounting Hardware Relocating Antennas

This item of work may also involve converting an existing standalone radio site to a repeater site. This item of work includes, but may not be limited to, the following:

Furnishing and installing new antenna(s)

Furnishing and installing new antenna mounting hardware kits

Furnishing and installing new 6 foot coaxial cable jumpers with N-Type Connectors

Furnishing and installing new coaxial cable – power divider (Splitters)

3.4. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Modify Radio Installation will be measured as the actual number of modified radio installations that are modified and accepted.

This item includes relocating the radio, and furnishing and/or relocating and installing coaxial cable, N-Type Connectors, coaxial cable shield grounding kits, antenna mounting hardware, antennas, coaxial cable and power dividers. This item of work may also involve furnishing and installing new decals and furnishing or relocating signs. This item of work may also involve re-programming the radio.

Payment for new risers will be covered separately.

4. TRAFFIC SIGNAL SUPPORTS

4.1. METAL TRAFFIC SIGNAL SUPPORTS – ALL POLES

A. General:

Furnish and install metal strain poles and metal poles with mast arms, grounding systems, and all necessary hardware. The work covered by this special provision includes requirements for the design, fabrication, and installation of both standard and custom/site specifically designed metal traffic signal supports and associated foundations.

Provide metal traffic signal support systems that contain no guy assemblies, struts, or stay braces. Provide designs of completed assemblies with hardware that equals or exceeds AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals 4th Edition, 2001 (hereafter called 4th Edition AASHTO), including the latest interim specifications.

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Provide assemblies with a round or near-round (18 sides or more) cross-section, or a multi sided cross section with no less than six sides. The sides may be straight, convex, or concave.

Pole heights shown on signal plans are estimated from available data for bid purposes. Prior to furnishing metal signal poles, use field measurements and adjusted cross-sections to determine whether pole heights are sufficient to obtain required clearances. If pole heights are not sufficient, the Contractor should immediately notify the Engineer of the required revised pole heights.

Ensure that metal signal poles permit cables to be installed inside poles and any required mast arms. For holes in the poles and arms used to accommodate cables, provide full-circumference grommets. Arm flange plate wire access holes should be deburred, non grommeted, and oversized to fit around the 2" diameter grommeted shaft flange plate wire access hole.

After fabrication, have steel poles, required mast arms, and all parts used in the assembly hot-dip galvanized per section 1076. Design structural assemblies with weep holes large enough and properly located to drain molten zinc during galvanization process. Provide hot-dip galvanizing on structures that meets or exceeds ASTM Standard A-123. Provide galvanizing on hardware that meets or exceeds ASTM Standard A-153. Ensure that threaded material is brushed and retapped as necessary after galvanizing. Perform repair of damaged galvanizing that complies with the following:

Comply with article 1098-1B "General Requirements" of the 2012 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROADS & STRUCTURES, hereinafter referred to as the Standard Specifications for submittal requirements. Furnish shop drawings for approval. Provide the copies of detailed shop drawings for each type of structure as summarized below. Ensure that shop drawings include material specifications for each component and identify welds by type and size on the drawing details, not in table format. Do not release structures for fabrication until shop drawings have been approved by NCDOT. Provide an itemized bill of materials for all structural components and associated connecting hardware on the drawings.

Comply with article 1098-1A "General Requirements" of the *Standard Specifications* for Qualified Products List (QPL) submittals. All shop drawings must include project location description, signal inventory number(s) and a project number or work order number on the drawings. Summary of information required for metal pole review submittal:

Item	Hardcopy Submittal	Electronic Submittal	Comments / Special Instructions
Sealed, Approved Signal Plan/Loading Diagram	1	1	All structure design information needs to reflect the latest approved signal plans
Custom Pole Shop Drawings	4 sets	1 set	Submit drawings on 11" x 17" format media Show NCDOT inventory number(s) in or above the title block
Standard Pole Shop Drawings (from the QPL)	4 sets	l set	Submit drawings on 11" x 17" format media Show NCDOT inventory number(s) in or above the title block
Structure Calculations	l set	1 set	Not required for Standard QPL Poles
Standard Pole Foundation Drawings	I set	1 set	Submit drawings on 11" x 17" format media. Submit a completed Standard Foundation Selection form for each pole using foundation table on Metal Pole Drawing M-8.
Custom Foundation Drawings	4 sets	1 set	Submit drawings on 11" x 17" format media. If QPL Poles are used, include the corresponding QPL pole shop drawings

			with this submittal.
Foundation Calculations	1	1	Not required for Standard QPL Poles
Soil Boring Logs and Report	1	1	Report should include a location plan and a soil classification report including soil capacity, water level, hammer efficiency, soil bearing pressure, soil density, etc. for each pole.

NOTE – All shop drawings and custom foundation design drawings must be sealed by a professional Engineer licensed in the state of North Carolina. All geotechnical information must be sealed by either a Professional Engineer or geologist licensed in the state of North Carolina. Include a title block and revision block on the shop drawings and foundation designs showing the NCDOT inventory number.

Shop drawings and foundation drawings may be submitted together or separately for approval. However, shop drawings must be approved before foundations can be reviewed. Foundation designs will be returned without review if the associated shop drawing has not been approved. Incomplete submittals will be returned without review.

B. Materials:

Fabricate metal pole and arm shaft from coil or plate steel to meet the requirements of ASTM A 595 Grade A tubes. For structural steel shapes, plates and bars use A572 Gr 50 min or ASTM A709 Gr 50 min.. Provide pole and arm shafts that are round in cross section or multisided tubular shapes and have a uniform linear taper of 0.14 in/ft. Construct shafts from one piece of single ply plate or coil so there are no circumferential weld splices. Galvanize in accordance with AASHTO M 111 and/or ASTM A 123 or an approved equivalent.

Use the submerged arc process or other NCDOT previously approved process suitable for pole shaft and arms to continuously weld pole shafts and arm shafts along their entire length. The longitudinal seam weld will be finished flush to the outside contour of the base metal. Ensure shafts have no circumferential welds except at the lower end joining the shaft to the pole base and arm base. Provide welding that conforms to Article 1072-20 of the *Standard Specifications*, except that no field welding on any part of the pole will be permitted unless approved by a qualified engineer.

Refer to Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheets M2 through M5 for fabrication details. Fabricate anchor bases from plate steel meeting, as a minimum, the requirements of ASTM A 36M or cast steel meeting the requirements of ASTM A 27M Grade 485-250, AASHTO M270 Gr 36 or an approved equivalent. Conform to the applicable bolt pattern and orientation as shown on Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheet M2.

Ensure all hardware is galvanized steel or stainless steel. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring that the designer/fabricator specifies connecting hardware and/or materials that do not create a dissimilar metal corrosive reaction.

Unless otherwise required by the design, ensure each anchor rod is 2" diameter and 60" length. Provide 10" minimum thread projection at the top of the rod, and 8" minimum at the bottom of the rod. Use anchor rod assembly and drilled pier foundation materials that meet the Foundations and Anchor Rod Assemblies for Metal Poles provision.

For each structural bolt and other steel hardware, hot dip galvanizing shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 232 (ASTM A 153). Ensure end caps for poles or mast arms are constructed of cast aluminum conforming to Aluminum Alloy 356.0F.

Provide a circular anchor bolt lock plate that will be secured to the anchor bolts at the embedded end with 2 washers and 2 nuts. Provide a base plate template that matches the bolt circle diameter of

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the anchor bolt lock plate. Construct plates and templates from ¼" minimum thick steel with a minimum width of 4". Galvanizing is not required.

Provide 4 heavy hex nuts and 4 flat washers for each anchor bolt. For nuts, use AASHTO M291 grade 2H, DH, or DH3 or equivalent material. For flat washers, use AASHTO M293 or equivalent material.

C. Construction Methods:

Erect signal support poles only after concrete has attained a minimum allowable compressive strength of 3000 psi. Install anchor rod assemblies in accordance with the *Foundations and Anchor Rod Assemblies for Metal Poles* provision.

For further construction methods, see construction methods for Metal Strain Pole, or Metal Pole with Mast Arm.

Connect poles to grounding electrodes and bond them to the electrical service grounding electrodes.

For holes in the poles used to accommodate cables, install grommets before wiring pole or arm. Do not cut or split grommets.

Attach the terminal compartment cover to the pole by a sturdy chain or cable. Ensure the chain or cable is long enough to permit the cover to hang clear of the compartment opening when the cover is removed, and is strong enough to prevent vandalism. Ensure the chain or cable will not interfere with service to the cables in the pole base.

Attach cap to pole with a sturdy chain or cable. Ensure the chain or cable is long enough to permit the cap to hang clear of the opening when the cap is removed.

Perform repair of damaged galvanizing that complies with the *Standard Specifications*, Article 1076-6 "Repair of Galvanizing."

Install galvanized wire mesh around the perimeter of the base plate to cover the gap between the base plate and top of foundation for debris and pest control.

Install a 1/4" thick plate for concrete foundation tag to include: concrete grade, depth, diameter, and reinforcement sizes of the installed foundation.

4.2. METAL STRAIN POLE

A. Materials:

Provide either steel or aluminum poles as indicated on the plans.

Comply with the following for Aluminum Poles:

- Have poles fabricated from Aluminum Association Alloy 6061-T6, 6063-T6, or approved equivalent. The structural requirement does not pertain to castings that are decorative only.
- Have shafts tapered by spinning and cold-working a seamless extruded tube of the aluminum alloy.
- Have shafts with no circumferential welds except at the lower end joining the shaft to the base.
- Ensure aluminum poles are properly protected from damage prior to shipment.

- Have bases of the shaft fabricated in accordance with the Aluminum Association Alloy 356.0-T6, and of adequate strength, shape and size, and capable of withstanding the design load of the shaft.
- Have aluminum surfaces in contact with concrete or dissimilar metal coated with bituminous paint.

Comply with the following for Steel Poles:

- Have shafts of the tapered tubular type and fabricated of steel conforming to ASTM A-595 Grade A or an approved equivalent.
- Have galvanization in accordance with AASHTO M 111 (ASTM A 123).
- Have shafts that are continuously welded for the entire length by the submerged arc
 process, and with exposed welds ground or rolled smooth and flush with the base metal.
 Provide welding that conforms to Article 1072-20 per Standard Specification except that
 no field welding on any part of the pole will be permitted.
- Have anchor bases for steel poles fabricated from plate steel meeting as a minimum the requirements of ASTM A 36M or cast steel meeting the requirements of ASTM A 27M Grade 485-250 or an approved equivalent.

For each strain pole, provide 2 messenger cable (span wire) clamps and associated hardware for attachment of support cable of the messenger cable suspension. Ensure that diameter of the clamp is appropriate to its location on the pole and that the diameter of the clamps is appropriately designed to be adjustable from 1'-6" below the top, down to 6'-6" below the top of the pole. Do not attach more than one support cable to a messenger cable clamp.

For strain poles, provide a minimum of three (3) 2 inch holes equipped with an associated coupling and weatherhead on the messenger cable load side of the pole to accommodate passage of signal cables from inside the pole to the suspension. Provide galvanized threaded plugs for all unused couplings at pole entrance points. Refer to Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheet M3 for fabrication details.

Provide a grounding lug(s) in the approximate vicinity of the messenger cable clamp for bonding and grounding messenger cable. Lugs must accept #4 or #6 AWG wire to bond messenger cables to the pole in order to provide an effective ground fault circuit path. Refer to Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheet M6 for construction details.

Have poles permanently stamped above the hand holes with the identification tag details as shown on Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheet M2.

Provide liquid tight flexible metal conduit (Type LFMC), liquid tight flexible nonmetallic conduit (Type LFNC), high density polyethylene conduit (Type HDPE), or approved equivalent to isolate conductors feeding luminaires.

Fabricate poles from a single piece of steel or aluminum with single line seam weld with no transverse butt welds. Fabrication of two ply pole shafts is unacceptable with the exception of fluted shafts. Provide tapers for all shafts that begin at base and that have diameters which decrease uniformly at the rate of not more than 0.14 inch per foot of length.

Ensure that allowable pole deflection does not exceed that allowed per 4th Edition AASHTO. For messenger cable poles (with primarily transverse loads), ensure that maximum deflection at the

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top of the pole does not exceed 2.5 percent of the pole height. For mast arm poles (with primarily moment loads), ensure that maximum angular rotation of the top of the pole does not exceed 1° 40'.

Provide four anchor nuts and four washers for each anchor bolt. Ensure that anchor bolts have required diameters, lengths, and positions, and will develop strengths comparable to their respective poles.

Provide a terminal compartment with cover and screws in each pole that encompasses the hand hole and contains a 12-terminal barrier type terminal block. Provide two terminal screws with a removable shorting bar between them for each termination. Furnish terminal compartment covers attached to the pole by a sturdy chain or cable approved by the Engineer. Ensure that the chain or cable is long enough to permit the cover to hang clear of the compartment opening when the cover is removed, and is strong enough to prevent vandals from being able to disconnect the cover from the pole. Ensure that the chain or cable will not interfere with service to the cables in the pole base.

Install grounding lugs that will accept #4 or #6 AWG wire to electrically bond messenger cables to the pole. Refer to Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheet M6 for construction details.

For each pole, provide a 1/2 inch minimum thread diameter, coarse thread stud and nut for grounding which will accommodate #6 AWG ground wire. Ensure that the lug is electrically bonded to the pole and is conveniently located inside the pole at the hand hole.

Provide a removable pole cap with stainless steel attachment screws for the top of each pole. Ensure that the cap is cast aluminum conforming to Aluminum Association Alloy 356.0F. Furnish cap attached to the pole with a sturdy chain or cable approved by the Engineer. Ensure that the chain or cable is long enough to permit the cap to hang clear of the pole-top opening when the cap is removed.

When required by the plans, furnish couplings 42 inches above the bottom of the base for mounting of pedestrian pushbuttons. Provide mounting points consisting of 1-1/2 inch internally threaded half-couplings that comply with the NEC and that are mounted within the poles. Ensure that couplings are essentially flush with the outside surfaces of the poles and are installed before any required galvanizing. Provide a threaded plug in each mounting point. Ensure that the surface of the plug is essentially flush with the outer end of the mounting point when installed and has a recessed hole to accommodate a standard wrench.

B. Construction Methods:

Install metal poles, hardware, and fittings as shown on the manufacturer's installation drawings. Install metal poles so that when the pole is fully loaded it is within 2 degrees of vertical. Install poles with the manufacturer's recommended "rake." Use threaded leveling nuts to establish rake if required.

4.3. METAL POLE WITH MAST ARM

Provide signal support mast arm assemblies. Comply with the previous Section – Metal Strain Pole – except as noted herein.

Provide pole plates and associated gussets and fittings for attachment of required mast arms. As part of each mast arm attachment, provide a cable passage hole in the pole to allow passage of signal cables from the pole to the arm.

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Ensure that allowable mast arm deflection does not exceed that allowed per 4th Edition AASHTO. Also when arm is fully loaded, tip of the arm shall not go below the arm attachment point with the pole for all load conditions per 4th Edition AASHTO.

Furnish all arm plates and necessary attachment hardware, including bolts and brackets.

Provide two extra bolts for each arm.

Provide grommet holes on the arms to accommodate cables for the signals.

Provide arms with weatherproof connections for attaching to the shaft of the pole.

Provide hardware that is galvanized steel, stainless steel, or corrosive-resistant aluminum.

Provide a removable end cap with stainless steel attachment screws for the end of each mast arm. Ensure that the cap is cast aluminum conforming to Aluminum Association Alloy 356.0F. Furnish cap attached to the arm with a sturdy chain or cable approved by the Engineer. Ensure that the chain or cable is long enough to permit the cap to hang clear of the arm end opening when the cap is removed.

Comply with the following for Aluminum Arms:

- Conform to Aluminum Association Alloy 6061-T6, 6063-T6 or approved equivalent.
- Conform to the welding requirements of the aluminum poles.
- Have satin brush finished and furnish individually wrapped.

Comply with the following for Steel Luminaire Arms:

- In addition to tapered tube, luminaire arms may be standard weight black steel pipe conforming to ASTM A 53-90a, Type E or Type S, Grade B or an approved equivalent.
- Conform to the welding requirements of the steel poles.
- After all fabricating, cutting, punching, and welding are completed, luminaire arms should be hot-dipped galvanized inside and outside.
- In accordance with the National Electrical Code (NEC) Article 230.2(E), provide identification of the electrical source provider for the luminaire feeder circuit with contact information on a permanent label located in the pole hand hole in the vicinity of the feeder circuit raceway.

A. Materials:

Fabrication of two ply pole shafts and arms is unacceptable with the exception of fluted members.

After all fabricating, cutting, punching, and welding are completed, hot-dip galvanize the structure in accordance with the AASHTO M 111 or equivalent.

B. Construction Methods:

Install horizontal-type arms with sufficient manufactured rise to keep arm from deflecting below the arm attachment height.

Attach cap to the mast arm with a sturdy chain or cable. Ensure that the chain or cable is long enough to permit the cap to hang clear of the arm opening when the cap is removed.

For mast arm poles, use full penetration welds with back-up ring at the pole base and at the arm base connection.

4.4. DRILLED PIER FOUNDATIONS FOR METAL TRAFFIC SIGNAL POLES

Analysis procedures and formulas shall be based on AASHTO, ACI code and per FHWA manuals. Design methods based on engineering publications or research papers needs to have prior approval from NCDOT. The Department reserves the right to accept or disapprove any method used for the analysis.

Use a Factor of Safety of 1.33 for torsion and 2.0 for bending for the foundation design.

Foundation design for lateral load shall not exceed 1" lateral deflection at top of foundation.

Design all custom foundations to carry the maximum capacity of each metal pole. For standard case strain poles only, if a custom foundation is designed, use the actual moment reactions from the Standard Foundation Selection Table shown on Standard Drawing No. M8.

When poor soil conditions are encountered which could create an excessively large foundation design, consideration may be given to allowing an exemption to the maximum capacity design. The contractor must gain approval from the engineer before reducing a foundation's capacity. On projects where poor soil is known to be present, it is advisable that the contractor consider getting foundations approved before releasing poles for fabrication.

A. Description:

Furnish and install foundations for NCDOT metal poles with all necessary hardware in accordance with the plans and specifications.

Metal Pole Standards have been developed and implemented by NCDOT for use at signalized intersections in North Carolina. If the plans call for a standard pole, then a standard foundation may be selected from the plans. However, the Contractor is not required to use a standard foundation. If the Contractor chooses to design a non-standard site-specific foundation for a standard pole or if the plans call for a non-standard site-specific pole, design the foundation to conform to the applicable provisions in the NCDOT Metal Pole Standards and Section B4 (Non-Standard Foundation Design) below. If non-standard site specific foundations are designed for standard QPL approved strain poles, the foundation designer must use the design moment specified by load case on Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheet M8. Failure to conform to this requirement will be grounds for rejection of the design.

If the Contractor chooses to design a non-standard foundation for a standard pole and the soil test results indicate a standard foundation is feasible for the site, the Contractor will be paid the cost of the standard foundation (drilled pier and wing wall, if applicable). Any additional costs associated with a non-standard site-specific foundation including additional materials, labor and equipment will be considered incidental to the cost of the standard foundation. All costs for the non-standard foundation design will also be considered incidental to the cost of the standard foundation.

B. Soil Test and Foundation Determination:

1. General:

Drilled piers are reinforced concrete sections, cast-in-place against in situ, undisturbed material. Drilled piers are of straight shaft type and vertical.

Some standard drilled piers for supporting poles with mast arms may require wing walls to resist torsional rotation. Based upon this provision and the results of the required soil test, a drilled pier length and wing wall requirement may be determined and constructed in accordance with the plans.

For non-standard site-specific poles, the contractor-selected pole fabricator will determine if the addition of wing walls is necessary for the supporting foundations.

2. Soil Test:

Perform a soil test at each proposed metal pole location. Complete all required fill placement and excavation at each signal pole location to finished grade before drilling each boring. Soil tests performed that are not in compliance with this requirement may be rejected and will not be paid. Drill one boring to a depth of 26 feet within a 25 foot radius of each proposed foundation.

Perform standard penetration tests (SPT) in accordance with ASTM D 1586 at depths of 1, 2.5, 5, 7.5, 10, 15, 20 and 26 feet. Discontinue the boring if one of the following occurs:

- A total of 100 blows have been applied in any 2 consecutive 6-in. intervals.
- A total of 50 blows have been applied with < 3-in. penetration.

Describe each intersection as the "Intersection of (Route or SR #), (Street Name) and (Route or SR #), (Street Name), ______ County, Signal Inventory No. _____ ". Label borings with "B- N. S. E. W. NE, NW, SE or SW" corresponding to the quadrant location within the intersection. Pole numbers should be made available to the Drill Contractor. Include pole numbers in the boring label if they are available. If they are not available, ensure the boring labels can be cross-referenced to corresponding pole numbers. For each boring, submit a legible (hand written or typed) boring log signed and sealed by a licensed Geologist or Professional Engineer registered in North Carolina. Include on each boring the SPT blow counts and N-values at each depth, depth of the boring, and a general description of the soil types encountered.

3. Standard Foundation Determination:

Use the following method for determining the Design N-value:

$$N_{AVG} = \underbrace{(N@1' + N@2.5' + \dots N@Deepest Boring Depth)}_{Total Number of N-values}$$

$$Y = (N@1')^2 + (N@2.5')^2 + \dots (N@Deepest Boring Depth)^2$$

$$Z = (N@1' + N@2.5' + \dots N@Deepest Boring Depth)$$

$$N_{STD DEV} = \underbrace{\frac{(Total Number of N-values \times Y) - Z^2}{(Total Number of N-values) \times (Total Number of N-values - 1)}^{0.5}$$

Design N-value equals lesser of the following two conditions:

$$N_{AVG} - (N_{STD DEV} \times 0.45)$$

Or

Average of First Four N-Values = $(N@1' + N@2.5' + N@5' + N@7.5')$

Note: If less than 4 N-values are obtained because of criteria listed in Section 2 above, use average of N-values collected for second condition. Do not include the N-value at the deepest boring depth for above calculations if the boring is discontinued at or before the required boring depth because of criteria listed in Section 2 above. Use N-value of zero for weight of hammer or weight of rod. If N-value is greater than 50, reduce N-value to 50 for calculations.

If standard NCDOT strain poles are shown on the plans and the Contractor chooses to use standard foundations, determine a drilled pier length, "L," for each signal pole from the Standard Foundations Chart (sheet M 8) based on the Design N-value and the predominant soil type. For each standard pole location, submit a completed "Metal Pole Standard Foundation Selection Form" signed by the Contractor's representative. Signature on form is for verification purposes only. Include the Design N-value calculation and resulting drilled pier length, "L," on each form.

If non-standard site-specific poles are shown on the plans, submit completed boring logs collected in accordance with Section 2 (Soil Test) above along with pole loading diagrams from the plans to the contractor-selected pole fabricator to assist in the pole and foundation design.

If one of the following occurs, the Standard Foundations Chart shown on the plans may not be used and a non-standard foundation may be required. In such case, contact the Engineer.

- The Design N-value is less than 4.
- The drilled pier length, "L", determined from the Standard Foundations Chart, is greater than the depth of the corresponding boring.

In the case where a standard foundation cannot be used, the Department will be responsible for the additional cost of the non-standard foundation.

Foundation designs are based on level ground around the traffic signal pole. If the slope around the edge of the drilled pier is steeper than 8:1 (H:V) or the proposed foundation will be less than 10 feet from the top of an embankment slope, the Contractor is responsible for providing slope information to the foundation designer and to the Engineer so it can be considered in the design.

The "Metal Pole Standard Foundation Selection Form" may be found at: http://www.ncdot.gov/doh/preconstruct/highway/geotech/formdet/misc/MetalPole.pdf If assistance is needed, contact the Engineer.

4. Non-Standard Foundation Design:

Design non-standard foundations based upon site-specific soil test information collected in accordance with Section 2 (Soil Test) above. Design drilled piers for side resistance only in accordance with Section 4.6 of the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges. Use the computer software LPILE version 5.0 or later manufactured by Ensoft, Inc. to analyze drilled piers. Use the computer software gINT version 8.0 or later manufactured by Bentley Systems, Inc. with the current NCDOT gINT library and data template to produce SPT boring logs. Provide a drilled pier foundation for each pole with a length and diameter that result in a horizontal lateral movement of less than 1 inch at the top of the pier and a horizontal rotational movement of less than 1 inch at the edge of the pier. Contact the Engineer for pole loading diagrams for standard poles to be used for non-standard foundation designs. Submit any non-standard foundation designs including drawings, calculations, and soil boring logs to the Engineer for review and approval before construction.

C. Drilled Pier Construction:

Construct drilled pier foundations in accordance with the Foundations and Anchor Rod Assemblies for Metal Poles provision.

4.5. CUSTOM DESIGN OF TRAFFIC SIGNAL SUPPORTS

A. General:

Design traffic signal supports with foundations consisting of metal strain poles or metal poles with mast arms.

The lengths of the metal signal poles shown on the plans are estimated from available data for bid purposes. Determine the actual length of each pole from field measurements and adjusted cross-sections. Furnish the revised pole heights to the Engineer. Use all other dimensional requirements shown on the plans.

Ensure each pole includes an identification tag with information and location positions as defined on Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheets M2, M3 and M4. All pole shaft tags must include the NCDOT Inventory number followed by the pole number shown on the traffic signal or ITS (non-signalized locations) plan.

Design all traffic signal support structures using the following 4th Edition AASHTO specifications:

- Design for a 50 year service life as recommended by Table 3-3.
- Use the wind pressure map developed from 3-second gust speeds, as provided in Article 3.8.
- Ensure signal support structures include natural wind gust loading and truck-induced gust loading in the fatigue design, as provided for in Articles 11.7.3 and 11.7.4, respectively.
 Designs need not consider periodic galloping forces.
- Assume the natural wind gust speed in North Carolina is 11.2 mph. For natural wind fatigue stress calculations, utilize a drag coefficient (C_d) computed for 11.2 mph wind velocity and not the basic wind speed velocity.
- Design for Category II fatigue, as provided for in Article 11.6, unless otherwise specified.
- Calculate all stresses using applicable equations from Section 5. The Maximum allowable stress ratios for all signal support designs are 0.9.
- Conform to article 10.4.2 and 11.8 for all deflection requirements.

Ensure that the design permits cables to be installed inside poles and mast arms.

Unless otherwise specified by special loading criteria, the computed surface area for ice load on signal heads is:

- 3-section, 12-inch, Surface area: 26.0 ft² (17.0 ft² without back plate)
- 4-section, 12-inch, Surface area: 32.0 ft² (21.0 ft² without back plate)
- 5-section, 12-inch, Surface area: 42.0 ft² (29.0 ft² without back plate)

The ice loading for signal heads defined above includes the additional surface area that back plates will induce. Special loading criteria may be specified in instances where back plates will not be installed on signal heads. Refer to the Loading Schedule on each Metal Pole Loading Diagram for revised signal head surface areas. The pole designer should revise ice loads accordingly in this instance. Careful examination of the plans when this is specified is important as this may impact sizing of the metal support structure and foundation design which could affect proposed bid quotes. All maximum stress ratios of 0.9 still apply.

Assume the combined minimum weight of a messenger cable bundle (including messenger cable, signal cable and detector lead-in cables) is 1.3 lbs/ft. Assume the combined minimum diameter of this cable bundle is 1.3 inches.

Ensure that designs provide a removable pole cap with stainless steel attachment screws for each pole top and mast arm end.

B. Metal Poles:

Submit design drawings for approval including pre-approved QPL pole drawings. Show all the necessary details and calculations for the metal poles including the foundation and connections. Include signal inventory number on design drawings. Include as part of the design calculations the ASTM specification numbers for the materials to be used. Provide the types and sizes of welds on the design drawings. Include a Bill of Materials on design drawings. Ensure design drawings and calculations are signed, dated, and sealed by the responsible professional engineer licensed in the state of North Carolina. Immediately bring to the attention of the Engineer any structural deficiency that becomes apparent in any assembly or member of any assembly as a result of the design requirements imposed by these specifications, the plans, or the typical drawings. Said Professional Engineer is wholly responsible for the design of all poles and arms. Review and acceptance of these designs by the Department does not relieve the said Professional Engineer of his responsibility. Do not fabricate the assemblies until receipt of the Department's approval of the design drawings.

For mast arm poles, provide designs with provisions for pole plates and associated gussets and fittings for mast arm attachment. As part of each mast arm attachment, provide a grommeted 2" diameter hole on the shaft side of the connection to allow passage of the signal cables from the pole to the arm.

Where ice is present, assume wind loads as shown in Figure 3-5 of the 4th Edition AASHTO Specification for Group III loading.

For each strain pole, provide two messenger cable clamps and associated hardware to attach the messenger support cable. Ensure that the diameter of the clamps is appropriately designed to be adjustable from 18 inches below the top, down to 6'-6" below the top of the pole. Do not attach more than one messenger support cable to a messenger cable clamp.

Provide a grounding lug(s) in the approximate vicinity of the messenger cable clamp for bonding and grounding messenger cable. Lugs must accept #4 or #6 AWG wire to bond messenger cables to the pole in order to provide an effective ground fault circuit path. Refer to Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheet M6 for construction details.

Design tapers for all pole shafts that begin at the base with diameters that decrease uniformly at the rate of 0.14 inch per foot of length.

Design a base plate on each pole. The minimum base plate thickness for all poles is determined by the following criteria:

<u>Case 1</u> Circular or rectangular solid base plate with the upright pole welded to the top surface of base plate with full penetration butt weld, and where no stiffeners are provided. A base plate with a small center hole, which is less than 1/3 of the upright diameter, and located concentrically with the upright pole, may be considered as a solid base plate.

The magnitude of bending moment in the base plate, induced by the anchoring force of each anchor bolt is $M = (P \times D_1) / 2$, where

M = bending moment at the critical section of the base plate induced by one anchor bolt P = anchoring force of each anchor bolt

 D_1 = horizontal distance between the anchor bolt center and the outer face of the upright, or the difference between the bolt circle radius and the outside radius of the upright

Locate the critical section at the face of the anchor bolt and perpendicular to the bolt circle radius. The overlapped part of two adjacent critical sections is considered ineffective.

<u>Case 2</u> Circular or rectangular base plate with the upright pole socketed into and attached to the base plate with two lines of fillet weld, and where no stiffeners are provided, or any base plate with a center hole that is larger in diameter than 1/3 of the upright diameter.

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The magnitude of bending moment induced by the anchoring force of each anchor bolt is $M = P \times D_2$,

where P = anchoring force of each anchor bolt

 D_2 = horizontal distance between the face of the upright and the face of the anchor bolt nut Locate the critical section at the face of the anchor bolt top nut and perpendicular to the radius of the bolt circle. The overlapped part of two adjacent critical sections is considered ineffective. If the base plate thickness calculated for Case 2 is less than Case 1, use the thickness calculated for Case 1.

The following additional owner requirements apply concerning pole base plates.

- Ensure that whichever case governs as defined above, the anchor bolt diameter is set to match the base plate thickness. If the minimum diameter required for the anchor bolt exceeds the thickness required for the base plate, set the base plate thickness equal to the required bolt diameter.
- For dual mast arm supports, or for single mast arm supports 50' or greater, use a minimum 8 bolt orientation with 2" diameter anchor bolts, and a 2" thick base plate.
- For all metal poles with mast arms, use a full penetration groove weld with a backing ring to connect the pole upright component to the base. Refer to Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheet M4.

Ensure that designs have anchor bolt holes with a diameter 1/4 inch larger than the anchor bolt diameters in the base plate.

Ensure that the anchor bolts have the required diameters, lengths, and positions, and will develop strengths comparable to their respective poles.

Provide designs with a 6 x 12-inch hand hole with a reinforcing frame for each pole.

Provide designs with a terminal compartment with cover and screws in each pole that encompasses the hand hole and contains provisions for a 12-terminal barrier type terminal block.

For each pole, provide designs with provisions for a 1/2 inch minimum thread diameter, coarse thread stud and nut for grounding which will accommodate a #6 AWG ground wire. Ensure the lug is electrically bonded to the pole and is conveniently located inside the pole at the hand hole.

When required, design couplings on the pole for mounting pedestrian pushbuttons at a height of 42 inches above the bottom of the base. Provide mounting points consisting of 1-1/2 inch internally threaded half-couplings that comply with the NEC that are mounted within the poles. Ensure the couplings are essentially flush with the outside surfaces of the poles and are installed before any required galvanizing. Provide a threaded plug for each half coupling. Ensure that the surface of the plug is essentially flush with the outer end of the mounting point when installed and has a recessed hole to accommodate a standard wrench.

C. Mast Arms:

Design all arm plates and necessary attachment hardware, including bolts and brackets as required by the plans.

Design for grommeted holes on the arms to accommodate the cables for the signals if specified.

Design arms with weatherproof connections for attaching to the shaft of the pole.

Always use a full penetration groove weld with a backing ring to connect the mast arm to the pole. Refer to Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheet M5.

Capacity of tapped flange plate must be sufficient to develop the full capacity of the connecting bolts. In all cases the flange plate of both arm and shaft must be at least as thick as the arm connecting bolts are in diameter.

4.6. METAL SIGNAL POLE REMOVALS

A. Description:

Remove existing metal signal poles including mast arms, and remove and dispose of existing foundations, associated anchor bolts, electrical wires and connections.

B. Construction Methods:

1. Foundations:

Remove and promptly dispose of the metal signal pole foundations including reinforcing steel, electrical wires, and anchor bolts to a minimum depth of two feet below the finished ground elevation. At the Contractor's option, remove the complete foundation.

Backfill and compact disturbed areas to match the finished ground elevation. Seed unpaved areas.

Use methods to remove the foundations that will not result in damage to other portions of the project or facility. Repair damages that are a result of the Contractor's actions at no cost to the Department.

2. Metal Poles:

Return all metal poles to the Traffic Services Office within the Division responsible for the administration of the project.

Return the removed metal poles between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 12:00 p.m. Monday through Thursday, or at a time mutually agreed upon by the Contractor and the Engineer. Replace or repair all material lost or damaged during its removal and transit. Label all returned equipment and material to indicate its original location.

4.7. POLE NUMBERING SYSTEM

A. New Poles

Attach an identification tag to each pole shaft and mast arm section as shown on Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheet M2 "Typical Fabrication Details Common To All Metal Poles".

4.8. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Actual number of metal strain signal poles (without regard to height or load capacity) furnished, installed and accepted.

Actual number of metal poles with single mast arms furnished, installed, and accepted.

Actual number of soil tests with SPT borings drilled furnished and accepted.

Actual volume of concrete poured in cubic yards of drilled pier foundation furnished, installed and accepted.

Actual number of designs for mast arms with metal poles furnished and accepted.

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Actual number of metal signal pole foundations removed and disposed.

Actual number of metal signal poles removed and disposed.

No measurement will be made for foundation designs prepared with metal pole designs, as these will be considered incidental to designing signal support structures.

Payment will be made under:

Metal Strain Signal Pole	Eacl
Metal Pole with Single Mast Arm	
Soil Test	
Drilled Pier Foundation.	
Mast Arm with Metal Pole Design	
Metal Pole Foundation Removal	
Metal Pole Removal	

5. CONTROLLERS WITH CABINETS

5.1. MATERIALS – TYPE 2070L CONTROLLERS

Conform to CALTRANS *Transportation Electrical Equipment Specifications* (TEES) (dated August 16, 2002, plus Errata 1 dated October 27, 2003 and Errata 2 dated June 08, 2004) except as required herein.

Furnish Model 2070L controllers. Ensure that removal of the CPU module from the controller will place the intersection into flash.

The Department will provide software at the beginning of the burning-in period. Contractor shall give 5 working days notice before needing software. Program software provided by the Department.

Provide model 2070L controllers with the latest version of OS9 operating software and device drivers, composed of the unit chassis and at a minimum the following modules and assemblies:

- MODEL 2070 1B, CPU Module, Single Board
- MODEL 2070-2A, Field I/O Module (FI/O)
- MODEL 2070-3B, Front Panel Module (FP), Display B (8x40)
- MODEL 2070-4A, Power Supply Module, 10 AMP
- MODEL 2070-7A, Async Serial Com Module (9-pin RS-232)

Furnish one additional MODEL 2070-7A, Async Serial Com Module (9-pin RS-232) for all master controller locations.

For each master location and central control center, furnish a U.S. Robotics V.92 or approved equivalent auto-dial/auto-answer external modem to accomplish the interface to the Department-furnished microcomputers. Include all necessary hardware to ensure telecommunications.

5.2. MATERIALS – GENERAL CABINETS

Provide a moisture resistant coating on all circuit boards.

Provide one 20 mm diameter radial lead UL-recognized metal oxide varistor (MOV) between each load switch field terminal and equipment ground. Electrical performance is outlined below.

PROPERTIES OF MOV SURG	E PROTECTOR	
Maximum Continuous Applied Voltage at 185° F	150 VAC (RMS) 200 VDC	
Maximum Peak 8x20µs Current at 185° F	6500 A	
Maximum Energy Rating at 185° F	80 J	
Voltage Range 1 mA DC Test at 77° F	212-268 V	
Max. Clamping Voltage 8x20µs, 100A at 77° F	395 V	
Typical Capacitance (1 MHz) at 77° F	1600 pF	

Provide a power line surge protector that is a two-stage device that will allow connection of the radio frequency interference filter between the stages of the device. Ensure that a maximum continuous current is at least 10A at 120V. Ensure that the device can withstand a minimum of 20 peak surge current occurrences at 20,000A for an 8x20 microsecond waveform. Provide a maximum clamp voltage of 395V at 20,000A with a nominal series inductance of 200µh. Ensure that the voltage does not exceed 395V. Provide devices that comply with the following:

Frequency (Hz)	Minimum Insertion Loss (dB)
60	0
10,000	30
50,000	55
100,000	50
500,000	50
2,000,000	60
5,000,000	40
10,000,000	20
20,000,000	25

5.3. MATERIALS – TYPE 170E CABINETS

A. Type 170 E Cabinets General:

Conform to the city of Los Angeles' Specification No. 54-053-08, *Traffic Signal Cabinet Assembly Specification* (dated July 2008), except as required herein.

Furnish model 336S pole mounted cabinets configured for 8 vehicle phases, 4 pedestrian phases, and 6 overlaps. When overlaps are required, provide auxiliary output files for the overlaps. Do not reassign load switches to accommodate overlaps unless shown on electrical details. Provide 336S pole mounted cabinets that are 46" high with 40" high internal rack assemblies.

Furnish model 332 base mounted cabinets configured for 8 vehicle phases, 4 pedestrian phases, and 6 overlaps. When overlaps are required, provide auxiliary output files for the overlaps. Do not reassign load switches to accommodate overlaps unless shown on electrical details.

Provide model 200 load switches, model 222 loop detector sensors, model 252 AC isolators, and model 242 DC isolators according to the electrical details. As a minimum, provide one (1) model 2018 conflict monitor, one (1) model 206L power supply unit, two (2) model 204 flashers, one (1) DC isolator (located in slot I14), and four (4) model 430 flash transfer relays (provide seven (7) model 430 flash transfer relays if auxiliary output file is installed) with each cabinet.

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B. Type 170 E Cabinet Electrical Requirements:

Provide a cabinet assembly designed to ensure that upon leaving any cabinet switch or conflict monitor initiated flashing operation, the controller starts up in the programmed start up phases and start up interval.

Furnish two sets of non-fading cabinet wiring diagrams and schematics in a paper envelope or container and placed in the cabinet drawer.

All AC+ power is subject to radio frequency signal suppression.

Provide surge suppression in the cabinet for each type of cabinet device. Provide surge protection for the full capacity of the cabinet input file. Provide surge suppression devices that operate properly over a temperature range of -40° F to +185° F. Ensure the surge suppression devices provide both common and differential modes of protection.

Provide a pluggable power line surge protector that is installed on the back of the PDA (power distribution assembly) chassis to filter and absorb power line noise and switching transients. Ensure the device incorporates LEDs for failure indication and provides a dry relay contact closure for the purpose of remote sensing. Ensure the device meets the following specifications:

Peak Surge Current (Single pulse, 8x20µs)	20,000A
Occurrences (8x20µs waveform)	10 minimum @ 20,000A
Maximum Clamp Voltage	395VAC
Operating Current	15 amps
Response Time	< 5 nanoseconds

Provide a loop surge suppressor for each set of loop terminals in the cabinet. Ensure the device meets the following specifications:

Peak Surge Current (6 times, 8x20µs)	
(Differential Mode)	.400A
(Common Mode)	1,000A
Occurrences (8x20µs waveform)	.500 min @ 200A
Maximum Clamp Voltage	
(Differential Mode @400A)	35V
(Common Mode @1,000A)	35V
Response Time	<5 nanoseconds
Maximum Capacitance	35 pF

Provide a data communications surge suppressor for each communications line entering or leaving the cabinet. Ensure the device meets the following specifications:

Peak Surge Current (Single pulse, 8x20µs)	10,000A
Occurrences (8x20µs waveform)	100 min @ 2,000A
Maximum Clamp Voltage	Rated for equipment protected

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Response Time	< 1 nanosecond
Maximum Capacitance	1,500 pF
Maximum Series Resistance	150

Provide a DC signal surge suppressor for each DC input channel in the cabinet. Ensure the device meets the following specifications:

Peak Surge Current (Single pulse, 8x20µs)	10,000A
Occurrences (8x20µs waveform)	100 @ 2,000A
Maximum Clamp Voltage	30V
Response Time	< 1 nanosecond

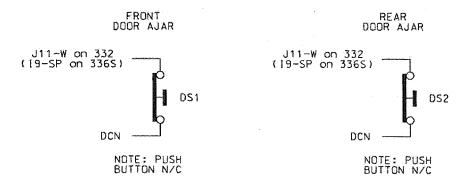
Provide a 120 VAC signal surge suppressor for each AC+ interconnect signal input. Ensure the device meets the following specifications:

Peak Surge Current (Single pulse, 8x20µs)	20,000A
Maximum Clamp Voltage	350VAC
Response Time	< 200 nanoseconds
Discharge Voltage	<200 Volts @ 1,000A
Insulation Resistance	≥100 MΩ

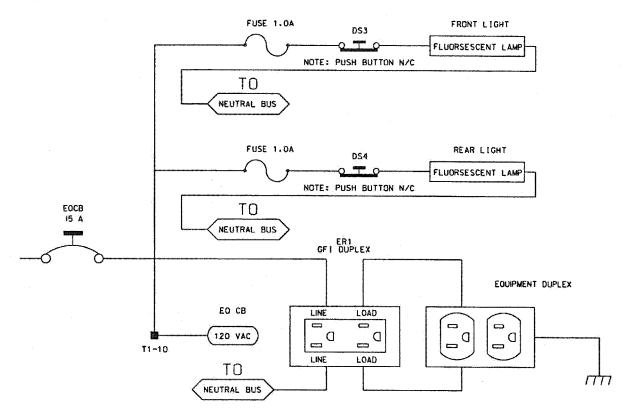
Provide conductors for surge protection wiring that are of sufficient size (ampacity) to withstand maximum overcurrents which could occur before protective device thresholds are attained and current flow is interrupted.

If additional surge protected power outlets are needed to accommodate fiber transceivers, modems, etc., install a UL listed, industrial, heavy-duty type power outlet strip with a minimum rating of 15 A / 125 VAC, 60 Hz. Provide a strip that has a minimum of 3 grounded outlets. Ensure the power outlet strip plugs into one of the controller unit receptacles located on the rear of the PDA. Ensure power outlet strip is mounted securely; provide strain relief if necessary.

Provide a door switch in the front and a door switch in the rear of the cabinet that will provide the controller unit with a Door Ajar alarm when either the front or the rear door is open. Ensure the door switches apply DC ground to the Input File when either the front door or the rear door is open.



Furnish a fluorescent fixture in the rear across the top of the cabinet and another fluorescent fixture in the front across the top of the cabinet at a minimum. Ensure that the fixtures provide sufficient light to illuminate all terminals, labels, switches, and devices in the cabinet. Conveniently locate the fixtures so as not to interfere with a technician's ability to perform work on any devices or terminals in the cabinet. Provide a protective diffuser to cover exposed bulbs. Install 16 watt T-4 lamps in the fluorescent fixtures. Provide a door switch to provide power to each fixture when the respective door is open. Wire the fluorescent fixtures to the 15 amp ECB (equipment circuit breaker).



Furnish a police panel with a police panel door. For model 336S cabinets, mount the police panel on the rear door. Ensure that the police panel door permits access to the police panel when the main door is closed. Ensure that no rainwater can enter the cabinet even with the police panel door open. Provide a police panel door hinged on the right side as viewed from the front. Provide a police panel door lock that is keyed to a standard police/fire call box key. In addition to the requirements of LA Specification No. 54-053-08, provide the police panel with a toggle switch connected to switch the intersection operation between normal stop-and-go operation (AUTO) and manual operation (MANUAL). Ensure that manual control can be implemented using inputs and software such that the controller provides full programmed clearance times for the yellow clearance and red clearance for each phase while under manual control.

Provide a 1/4-inch locking phone jack in the police panel for a hand control to manually control the intersection. Provide sufficient room in the police panel for storage of a hand control and cord.

Ensure the 336S cabinet Input File is wired as follows:

336S Cabinet Port-Bit/C-1 Pin Assignment														
Slot#	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
C-1 (Spares)	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	75	76	77	78	79	80
Port C-1	3-2 56	1-1 39	3-4 58	1-3 41	3-1 55	1-2 40	3-3 57	1-4 42	2-5 51	5-5 71	5-6 72	5-1 67	5-2 68	6-7 81
Port C-1	2-1 47	1-5 43	2-3 49	1-7 45	2-2 48	1-6 44	2-4 50	1-8 46	2-6 52	5-7 73	5-8 74	5-3 69	5-4 70	6-8 82

For model 332 base mounted cabinets, ensure terminals J14-E and J14-K are wired together on the rear of the Input File. Connect TB9-12 (J14 Common) on the Input Panel to T1-2 (AC-) on the rear of the PDA.

Provide detector test switches mounted at the top of the cabinet rack or other convenient location which may be used to place a call on each of eight phases based on the chart below. Provide three positions for each switch: On (place call), Off (normal detector operation), and Momentary On (place momentary call and return to normal detector operation after switch is released). Ensure that the switches are located such that the technician can read the controller display and observe the intersection.

Connect detector test switches for cabinets as follows:

336S Cabinet		332 Cabinet			
Detector Call Switches	Terminals	Detector Call Switches	Terminals		
Phase 1	II-F	Phase 1	I1-W		
Phase 2	I2-F	Phase 2	I4-W		
Phase 3	I3-F	Phase 3	I5-W		
Phase 4	I4-F	Phase 4	I8-W		
Phase 5	I5-F	Phase 5	J1-W		
Phase 6	I6-F	Phase 6	J4-W		
Phase 7	I7-F	Phase 7	J5-W		
Phase 8	I8-F	Phase 8	J8-W		

Provide the PCB 28/56 connector for the conflict monitor unit (CMU) with 28 independent contacts per side, dual-sided with 0.156 inch contact centers. Provide the PCB 28/56 connector contacts with solder eyelet terminations. Ensure all connections to the PCB 28/56 connector are soldered to the solder eyelet terminations.

Ensure that all cabinets have the CMU connector wired according to the 332 cabinet connector pin assignments (include all wires for auxiliary output file connection). Wire pins 13, 16, R, and U of the CMU connector to a separate 4 pin plug, P1, as shown below. Provide a second plug, P2, which will mate with P1 and is wired to the auxiliary output file as shown below. Provide an additional plug, P3, which will mate with P1 and is wired to the pedestrian yellow circuits as shown below. When no auxiliary output file is installed in the cabinet, provide wires for the green and yellow inputs for channels 11, 12, 17, and 18, the red inputs for channels 17 and 18, and the wires for the P2 plug. Terminate the two-foot wires with ring type lugs, insulated, and bundled for optional use.

	P	1	P	2	Р3		
PIN	FUNCTION	CONN TO	FUNCTION	CONN TO	FUNCTION	CONN TO	
1	CH-9G	CMU-13	OLA-GRN	A123	2P-YEL	114	
2	CH-9Y	CMU-16	OLA-YEL	A122	4P-YEL	105	
3	CH-10G	CMU-R	OLB-GRN	A126	6P-YEL	120	
4	CH-10Y	CMU-Ú	OLB-YEL	A125	8P-YEL	111	

Connect the P20 terminal assembly (red monitor board) to a connector installed on the front of the type 2018 enhanced conflict monitor through a 3-1/2 foot 20-wire ribbon cable. Ensure that the ribbon cable connector and the connector on the conflict monitor are keyed to ensure proper connection. Ensure that removal of the P20 ribbon cable will cause the conflict monitor to recognize a latching fault condition and place the cabinet into flashing operation.

Wire the P20 connector to the traffic signal red displays to provide inputs to the conflict monitor as shown below. Ensure the pedestrian Don't Walk circuits are wired to channels 13 through 16 of the P20 connector. When no auxiliary output file is installed in the cabinet, provide wires for channels 9 through 12 reds. Terminate the two-foot wires with ring type lugs, insulated, and bundled for optional use.

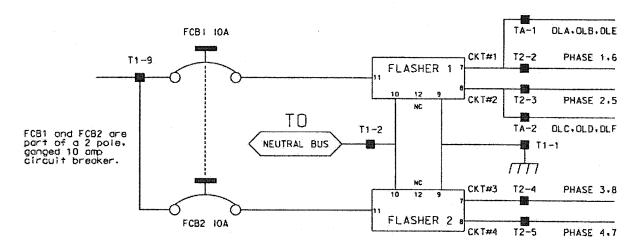
Pin#	Function	Pin#	Function
1	Channel 15 Red	11	Channel 9 Red
2	Channel 16 Red	12	Channel 8 Red
3	Channel 14 Red	13	Channel 7 Red
4	GND	14	Channel 6 Red
5	Channel 13 Red	15	Channel 5 Red
6	Special Function 2	16	Channel 4 Red
7	Channel 12 Red	17	Channel 3 Red
8	Special Function 1	18	Channel 2 Red
9	Channel 10 Red	19	Channel 1 Red
10	Channel 11 Red	20	Red Enable

Ensure the controller unit outputs to the auxiliary output file are pre-wired to the C5 connector. When no auxiliary output file is installed in the cabinet, connect the C5 connector to a storage socket located on the Input Panel or on the rear of the PDA.

In addition to the requirements of LA Specification No. 54-053-08, ensure relay K1 on the Power Distribution Assembly (PDA) is a four pole relay and K2 on the PDA is a two pole relay.

Provide a two pole, ganged circuit breaker for the flash bus circuit. Ensure the flash bus circuit breaker is an inverse time circuit breaker rated for 10 amps at 120 VAC with a minimum of 10,000 RMS symmetrical amperes short circuit current rating. Do not provide the auxiliary switch feature on the flash bus circuit breaker. Ensure the ganged flash bus circuit breaker is certified by the circuit breaker manufacturer to provide gang tripping operation.

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Ensure auxiliary output files are wired as follows:

AUXILIARY OUTPUT FILE TERMINAL BLOCK TA ASSIGNMENTS			
POSITION	POSITION FUNCTION		
1	Flasher Unit #1, Circuit 1/FTR1 (OLA, OLB)/FTR3 (OLE)		
2	Flasher Unit #1, Circuit 2/FTR2 (OLC, OLD)/FTR3 (OLF)		
3	Flash Transfer Relay Coils		
4	AC-		
5	Power Circuit 5		
6	Power Circuit 5		
7	Equipment Ground Bus		
8	NC		

Provide four spare load resistors mounted in each cabinet. Ensure each load resistor is rated as shown in the table below. Wire one side of each load resistor to AC-. Connect the other side of each resistor to a separate terminal on a four (4) position terminal block. Mount the load resistors and terminal block either inside the back of Output File No. 1 or on the upper area of the Service Panel.

ACCEPTABLE LOAD RESISTOR VALUES		
VALUE (ohms) WATTAGE		
1.5K – 1.9 K	25W (min)	
2.0K - 3.0K	10W (min)	

Provide Model 200 load switches, Model 204 flashers, Model 242 DC isolators, Model 252 AC isolators, and Model 206L power supply units that conform to CALTRANS' "Transportation Electrical Equipment Specifications" dated March 12, 2009 with Erratum 1.

C. Type 170 E Cabinet Physical Requirements:

Do not mold, cast, or scribe the name "City of Los Angeles" on the outside of the cabinet door as specified in LA Specification No. 54-053-08. Do not provide a Communications Terminal Panel as specified in LA Specification No. 54-053-08. Do not provide terminal block TBB on the Service

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Panel. Do not provide Cabinet Verification Test Program software or associated test jigs as specified in LA Specification No. 54-053-08.

Furnish unpainted, natural, aluminum cabinet shells. Ensure that all non-aluminum hardware on the cabinet is stainless steel or a Department approved non-corrosive alternate.

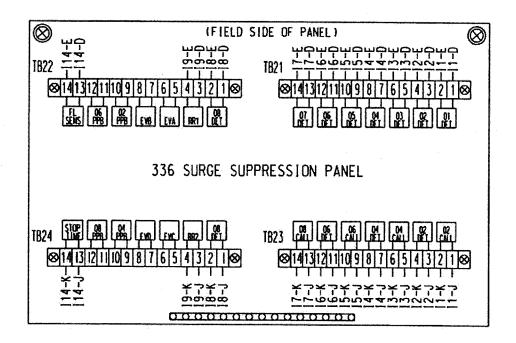
Ensure the lifting eyes, gasket channels, police panel, and all supports welded to the enclosure and doors are fabricated from 0.125 inch minimum thickness aluminum sheet and meet the same standards as the cabinet and doors.

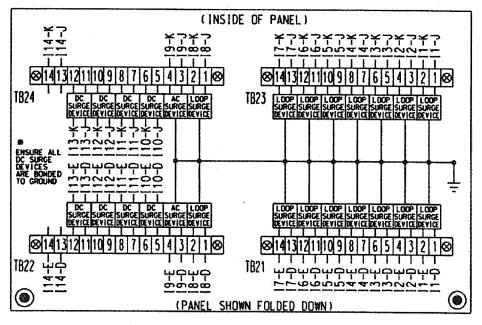
Provide front and rear doors with latching handles that allow padlocking in the closed position. Furnish 0.75 inch minimum diameter stainless steel handles with a minimum 0.5 inch shank. Place the padlocking attachment at 4.0 inches from the handle shank center to clear the lock and key. Provide an additional 4.0 inches minimum gripping length.

Provide Corbin #2 locks on the front and rear doors. Provide one (1) Corbin #2 and one (1) police master key with each cabinet. Ensure main door locks allow removal of keys in the locked position only.

Provide a surge protection panel with 16 loop surge protection devices and designed to allow sufficient free space for wire connection/disconnection and surge protection device replacement. For model 332 cabinets, provide an additional 20 loop surge protection devices. Provide an additional two AC+ interconnect surge devices to protect one slot and eight DC surge protection devices to protect four slots. Provide no protection devices on slot I14.

For pole mounted cabinets, mount surge protection devices for the AC+ interconnect inputs, inductive loop detector inputs, and low voltage DC inputs on a swing down panel assembly fabricated from sturdy aluminum. Attach the swing down panel to the bottom rear cabinet rack assembly using thumb screws. Ensure the swing down panel allows for easy removal of the input file without removing the surge protection panel assembly or its parts. Have the surge protection devices mounted horizontally on the panel and soldered to the feed through terminals of four 14 position terminal blocks with #8 screws mounted on the other side. Ensure the top row of terminals is connected to the upper slots and the bottom row of terminals is connected to the bottom slots. Provide a 15 position copper equipment ground bus attached to the field terminal side (outside) of the swing down panel for termination of loop lead-in shield grounds. Ensure that a Number 4 AWG green wire connects the surge protection panel assembly ground bus to the main cabinet equipment ground.





For base mounted cabinets, mount surge protection panels on the left side of the cabinet as viewed from the rear. Attach each panel to the cabinet rack assembly using bolts and make it easily removable. Mount the surge protection devices in vertical rows on each panel and connect the devices to one side of 12 position, double row terminal blocks with #8 screws. For each surge protection panel, terminate all grounds from the surge protection devices on a copper equipment ground bus attached to the surge protection panel. Wire the terminals to the rear of a standard input file using spade lugs for input file protection.

Provide permanent labels that indicate the slot and the pins connected to each terminal that may be viewed from the rear cabinet door. Label and orient terminals so that each pair of inputs is next to each other. Indicate on the labeling the input file (I or J), the slot number (1-14) and the terminal pins of the input slots (either D & E for upper or J & K for lower).

Provide a minimum 14 x 16 inch pull out, hinged top shelf located immediately below controller mounting section of the cabinet. Ensure the shelf is designed to fully expose the table surface outside the controller at a height approximately even with the bottom of the controller. Ensure the shelf has a storage bin interior which is a minimum of 1 inch deep and approximately the same dimensions as the shelf. Provide an access to the storage area by lifting the hinged top of the shelf. Fabricate the shelf and slide from aluminum or stainless steel and ensure the assembly can support the 2070L controller plus 15 pounds of additional weight. Ensure shelf has a locking mechanism to secure it in the fully extended position and does not inhibit the removal of the 2070L controller or removal of cards inside the controller when fully extended. Provide a locking mechanism that is easily released when the shelf is to be returned to its non-use position directly under the controller.

D. Model 2018 Enhanced Conflict Monitor:

Furnish Model 2018 Enhanced Conflict Monitors that provide monitoring of 18 channels. Ensure each channel consists of a green, yellow, and red field signal input. Ensure that the conflict monitor meets or exceeds CALTRANS' Transportation Electrical Equipment Specifications dated March 12, 2009 with Erratum 1 (hereafter referred to as CALTRANS' 2009 TEES) for a model 210 monitor unit and other requirements stated in this specification.

Ensure the conflict monitor is provided with an 18 channel conflict programming card. Pin EE and Pin T of the conflict programming card shall be connected together. Pin 16 of the conflict programming card shall be floating. Ensure that the absence of the conflict programming card will cause the conflict monitor to trigger (enter into fault mode), and remain in the triggered state until the programming card is properly inserted and the conflict monitor is reset.

Provide a conflict monitor that incorporates LED indicators into the front panel to dynamically display the status of the monitor under normal conditions and to provide a comprehensive review of field inputs with monitor status under fault conditions. Ensure that the monitor indicates the channels that were active during a conflict condition and the channels that experienced a failure for all other per channel fault conditions detected. Ensure that these indications and the status of each channel are retained until the Conflict Monitor is reset. Furnish LED indicators for the following:

- AC Power (Green LED indicator)
- VDC Failed (Red LED indicator)
- WDT Error (Red LED indicator)
- Conflict (Red LED indicator)
- Red Fail (Red LED indicator)
- Dual Indication (Red LED indicator)
- Yellow/Clearance Failure (Red LED indicator)
- PCA/PC Ajar (Red LED indicator)
- Monitor Fail/Diagnostic Failure (Red LED indicator)
- 54 Channel Status Indicators (1 Red, 1 Yellow, and 1 Green LED indicator for each of the 18 channels)

Provide a switch to set the Red Fail fault timing. Ensure that when the switch is in the ON position the Red Fail fault timing value is set to 1350 +/- 150ms (2018 mode). Ensure that when the switch is in the OFF position the Red Fail fault timing value is set to 850 +/- 150ms (210 mode).

Provide a switch to set the Watchdog fault timing. Ensure that when the switch is in the ON position the Watchdog fault timing value is set to 1.0 +/- 0.1s (2018 mode). Ensure that when the switch is in the OFF position the Watchdog fault timing value is set to 1.5 +/- 0.1s (210 mode).

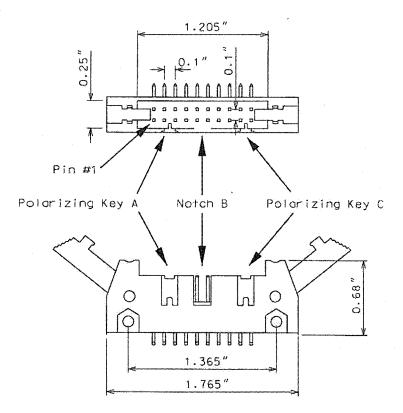
Provide a jumper or switch to set the AC line brown-out levels. Ensure that when the jumper is present or the switch is in the ON position the AC line dropout voltage threshold is 98 +/- 2 Vrms, the AC line restore voltage threshold is 103 +/- 2 Vrms, and the AC line brown-out timing value is set to 400 +/- 50ms (2018 mode). Ensure that when the jumper is not present or the switch is in the OFF position the AC line dropout voltage threshold is 92 +/- 2 Vrms, the AC line restore voltage threshold is 98 +/- 2 Vrms, and the AC line brown-out timing value is set to 80 +/- 17ms (210 mode).

Provide a jumper or switch that will enable and disable the Watchdog Latch function. Ensure that when the jumper is not present or the switch is in the OFF position the Watchdog Latch function is disabled. In this mode of operation, a Watchdog fault will be reset following a power loss, brownout, or power interruption. Ensure that when the jumper is present or the switch is in the ON position the Watchdog Latch function is enabled. In this mode of operation, a Watchdog fault will be retained until a Reset command is issued.

Provide a jumper that will reverse the active polarity for pin #EE (output relay common). Ensure that when the jumper is not present pin #EE (output relay common) will be considered 'Active' at a voltage greater than 70 Vrms and 'Not Active' at a voltage less than 50 Vrms (Caltrans mode). Ensure that when the jumper is present pin #EE (output relay common) will be considered 'Active' at a voltage less than 50 Vrms and 'Not Active' at a voltage greater than 70 Vrms (Failsafe mode).

In addition to the connectors required by CALTRANS' 2009 TEES, provide the conflict monitor with a red interface connector mounted on the front of the monitor. Ensure the connector is a 20 pin, right angle, male connector with latching clip locks and polarizing keys. Ensure the right angle solder tails are designed for a 0.062" thick printed circuit board. Keying of the connector shall be between pins 3 and 5, and between 17 and 19. Ensure the connector has two rows of pins with the odd numbered pins on one row and the even pins on the other row. Ensure the connector pin row spacing is 0.10" and pitch is 0.10". Ensure the mating length of the connector pins is 0.24". Ensure the pins are finished with gold plating 30μ " thick.

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Ensure the red interface connector pins on the monitor have the following functions:

Pin#	Function	Pin#	Function
1	Channel 15 Red	2	Channel 16 Red
3	Channel 14 Red	4	Chassis Ground
5	Channel 13 Red	6	Special Function 2
7:	Channel 12 Red	8	Special Function 1
9	Channel 10 Red	10	Channel 11 Red
11	Channel 9 Red	12	Channel 8 Red
13	Channel 7 Red	14	Channel 6 Red
15	Channel 5 Red	16	Channel 4 Red
17	Channel 3 Red	18	Channel 2 Red
19	Channel 1 Red	20	Red Enable

Ensure that the removal of the P-20 red interface ribbon cable will cause the monitor to recognize a latching fault condition and place the cabinet into flashing operation.

Provide Special Function 1 and Special Function 2 inputs to the unit which shall disable only Red Fail Monitoring when either input is sensed active. A Special Function input shall be sensed active when the input voltage exceeds 70 Vrms with a minimum duration of 550 ms. A Special Function input shall be sensed not active when the input voltage is less than 50 Vrms or the duration is less than 250 ms. A Special Function input is undefined by these specifications and may or may not be sensed active when the input voltage is between 50 Vrms and 70 Vrms or the duration is between 250 ms and 550 ms.

Version 12.1 39 print date: 06/03/13 Ensure the conflict monitor recognizes field signal inputs for each channel that meet the following requirements:

- consider a Red input greater than 70 Vrms and with a duration of at least 500 ms as an "on" condition;
- consider a Red input less than 50 Vrms or with a duration of less than 200 ms as an "off" condition (no valid signal);
- consider a Red input between 50 Vrms and 70 Vrms or with a duration between 200 ms and 500 ms to be undefined by these specifications;
- consider a Green or Yellow input greater than 25 Vrms and with a duration of at least 500 ms as an "on" condition;
- consider a Green or Yellow input less than 15 Vrms or with a duration of less than 200 ms as an "off" condition; and
- consider a Green or Yellow input between 15 Vrms and 25 Vrms or with a duration between 200 ms and 500 ms to be undefined by these specifications.

Provide a conflict monitor that recognizes the faults specified by CALTRANS' 2009 TEES and the following additional faults. Ensure the conflict monitor will trigger upon detection of a fault and will remain in the triggered (in fault mode) state until the unit is reset at the front panel or through the external remote reset input for the following failures:

- 1. Red Monitoring or Absence of Any Indication (Red Failure): A condition in which no "on" voltage signal is detected on any of the green, yellow, or red inputs to a given monitor channel. If a signal is not detected on at least one input (R, Y, or G) of a conflict monitor channel for a period greater than 1000 ms when used with a 170 controller and 1500 ms when used with a 2070L controller, ensure monitor will trigger and put the intersection into flash. If the absence of any indication condition lasts less that 750 ms when used with a 170 controller and 1200 ms when used with a 2070L controller, ensure conflict monitor will not trigger. Red fail monitoring shall be enabled on a per channel basis by the use of switches located on the conflict monitor. Have red monitoring occur when all of the following input conditions are in effect:
 - a) Red Enable input to monitor is active (Red Enable voltages are "on" at greater than 70 Vrms, off at less than 50 Vrms, undefined between 50 and 70 Vrms), and
 - b) Neither Special Function 1 nor Special Function 2 inputs are active.
 - c) Pin #EE (output relay common) is not active
- 2. Short/Missing Yellow Indication Fault (Clearance Error): Yellow indication following a green is missing or shorter than 2.7 seconds (with ± 0.1-second accuracy). If a channel fails to detect an "on" signal at the Yellow input for a minimum of 2.7 seconds (± 0.1 second) following the detection of an "on" signal at a Green input for that channel, ensure that the monitor triggers and generates a clearance/short yellow error fault indication. Short/missing yellow (clearance) monitoring shall be enabled on a per channel basis by the use of switches located on the conflict monitor. This fault shall not occur when the channel is programmed for Yellow Inhibit, when the Red Enable signal is inactive or pin #EE (output relay common) is active.
- 3. **Dual Indications on the Same Channel:** In this condition, more than one indication (R,Y,G) is detected as "on" at the same time on the same channel. If dual indications are detected for a period greater than 500 ms, ensure that the conflict monitor triggers and displays the proper failure indication (Dual Ind fault). If this condition is detected for less

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than 200 ms, ensure that the monitor does not trigger. G-Y-R dual indication monitoring shall be enabled on a per channel basis by the use of switches located on the conflict monitor. G-Y dual indication monitoring shall be enabled for all channels by use of a switch located on the conflict monitor. This fault shall not occur when the Red Enable signal is inactive or pin #EE (output relay common) is active.

4. Configuration Settings Change: The configuration settings are comprised of (as a minimum) the permissive diode matrix, dual indication switches, yellow disable jumpers, any option switches, any option jumpers, and the Watchdog Enable switch. Ensure the conflict monitor compares the current configuration settings with the previous stored configuration settings on power-up, on reset, and periodically during operation. If any of the configuration settings are changed, ensure that the conflict monitor triggers and causes the program card indicator to flash. Ensure that configuration change faults are only reset by depressing and holding the front panel reset button for a minimum of three seconds. Ensure the external remote reset input does not reset configuration change faults.

Ensure the conflict monitor will trigger and the AC Power indicator will flash at a rate of 2 Hz ± 20% with a 50% duty cycle when the AC Line voltage falls below the "drop-out" level. Ensure the conflict monitor will resume normal operation when the AC Line voltage returns above the "restore" level. Ensure the AC Power indicator will remain illuminated when the AC voltage returns above the "restore" level. Should an AC Line power interruption occur while the monitor is in the fault mode, then upon restoration of AC Line power, the monitor will remain in the fault mode and the correct fault and channel indicators will be displayed.

Provide a flash interval of at least 6 seconds and at most 10 seconds in duration following a power-up, an AC Line interruption, or a brownout restore. Ensure the conflict monitor will suspend all fault monitoring functions, close the Output relay contacts, and flash the AC indicator at a rate of $4 \text{ Hz} \pm 20\%$ with a 50% duty cycle during this interval. Ensure the termination of the flash interval after at least 6 seconds if the Watchdog input has made 5 transitions between the True and False state and the AC Line voltage is greater than the "restore" level. If the watchdog input has not made 5 transitions between the True and False state within 10 ± 0.5 seconds, the monitor shall enter a WDT error fault condition.

Ensure the conflict monitor will monitor an intersection with a minimum of four approaches using the four-section Flashing Yellow Arrow (FYA) vehicle traffic signal as outlined by the NCHRP 3-54 research project for protected-permissive left turn signal displays. Ensure the conflict monitor will operate in the FYA mode and FYAc (Compact) mode as specified below to monitor each channel for the following fault conditions: Conflict, Red Fail, Dual Indication, and Clearance. Provide a switch to select between the FYA mode and FYAc mode. Provide a switch to select each FYA phase movement for monitoring.

FYA mode

FYA Signal Head	Phase 1	Phase 3	Phase 5	Phase 7
Red Arrow	Channel 9 Red	Channel 10 Red	Channel 11 Red	Channel 12 Red
Yellow Arrow	Channel 9 Yellow	Channel 10 Yellow	Channel 11 Yellow	Channel 12 Yellow

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Flashing Yellow Arrow	Channel 9 Green	Channel 10 Green	Channel 11 Green	Channel 12 Green
Green Arrow	Channel 1 Green	Channel 3 Green	Channel 5 Green	Channel 7 Green

FYAc mode

FYA Signal Head	Phase 1	Phase 3	Phase 5	Phase 7
Red Arrow	Channel 1 Red	Channel 3 Red	Channel 5 Red	Channel 7 Red
Yellow Arrow	Channel 1 Yellow	Channel 3 Yellow	Channel 5 Yellow	Channel 7 Yellow
Flashing Yellow Arrow	Channel 1 Green	Channel 3 Green	Channel 5 Green	Channel 7 Green
Green Arrow	Channel 9 Green	Channel 9 Yellow	Channel 10 Green	Channel 10 Yellow

Ensure that the conflict monitor will log at least nine of the most recent events detected by the monitor in non-volatile EEPROM memory (or equivalent). For each event, record at a minimum the time, date, type of event, status of each field signal indication with RMS voltage, and specific channels involved with the event. Ensure the conflict monitor will log the following events: monitor reset, configuration, previous fault, and AC line. Furnish the signal sequence log that shows all channel states (Greens, Yellows, and Reds) and the Red Enable State for a minimum of 2 seconds prior to the current fault trigger point. Ensure the display resolution of the inputs for the signal sequence log is not greater than 50 ms.

Provide a RS-232C/D compliant port (DB-9 female connector) on the front panel of the conflict monitor in order to provide communications from the conflict monitor to the 170/2070L controller or to a Department-furnished laptop computer. Electrically isolate the port interface electronics from all monitor electronics, excluding Chassis Ground. Ensure that the controller can receive all event log information through a controller Asynchronous Communications Interface Adapter (Type 170E) or Async Serial Comm Module (2070L). Provide a Windows based graphic user interface software to communicate directly through the same monitor RS-232C/D compliant port to retrieve and view all event log information to a Department-furnished laptop computer. The RS-232C/D compliant port on the monitor shall allow the monitor to function as a DCE device with pin connections as follows:

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Conflict Monitor RS-232C/D (DB-9 Female) Pinout			
Pin Number	Function	1/0	
1	DCD	0	
2	TX Data	0	
3	RX Data	I	
4	DTR	I	
5	Ground	÷	
6	DSR	О	
7	CTS	I	
8	RTS	0	
9	NC	••	

MONITOR BOARD EDGE CONNECTOR

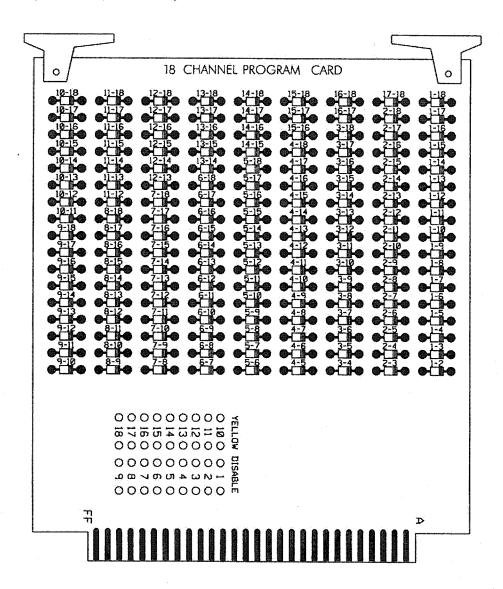
Pin#	Function (Back Side)	Pin#	Function (Component Side)
1	Channel 2 Green	A	Channel 2 Yellow
2	Channel 13 Green	В	Channel 6 Green
3	Channel 6 Yellow	C	Channel 15 Green
4	Channel 4 Green	D	Channel 4 Yellow
5	Channel 14 Green	E	Channel 8 Green
6	Channel 8 Yellow	F	Channel 16 Green
7	Channel 5 Green	H	Channel 5 Yellow
8	Channel 13 Yellow	J	Channel 1 Green
9	Channel 1 Yellow	K	Channel 15 Yellow
10	Channel 7 Green	L.	Channel 7 Yellow
11	Channel 14 Yellow	M	Channel 3 Green
12	Channel 3 Yellow	N	Channel 16 Yellow
13	Channel 9 Green	P	Channel 17 Yellow
14	Channel 17 Green	R	Channel 10 Green
15	Channel 11 Yellow	S	Channel 11 Green
16	Channel 9 Yellow	T	Channel 18 Yellow
17	Channel 18 Green	Ü	Channel 10 Yellow
.444.444			
18	Channel 12 Yellow	V	Channel 12 Green
19	Channel 17 Red	W	Channel 18 Red
20	Chassis Ground	X	Not Assigned
21	AC-	Y	DC Common
22	Watchdog Timer	Z	External Test Reset
23	+24VDC	AA	+24VDC
24	Tied to Pin 25	BB	Stop Time (Output)
25	Tied to Pin 24	CC	Not Assigned
26	Not Assigned	DD Not Assigned	
27	Relay Output, Side #3, N.O.	EE	Relay Output, Side #2, Common
28	Relay Output, Side #1, N.C.	FF	AC+

⁻⁻ Slotted for keying between Pins 17/U and 18/V

CONFLICT PROGRAM CARD PIN ASSIGNMENTS

Pin#	Function (Back Side)	Pin#	Function (Component Side)
1	Channel 2 Green	A	Channel 1 Green
2	Channel 3 Green	В	Channel 2 Green
3	Channel 4 Green	C	Channel 3 Green
4	Channel 5 Green	D	Channel 4 Green
5	Channel 6 Green	E	Channel 5 Green
6	Channel 7 Green	F	Channel 6 Green
7	Channel 8 Green	\mathbf{H}	Channel 7 Green
8	Channel 9 Green	J	Channel 8 Green
9	Channel 10 Green	K	Channel 9 Green
10	Channel 11 Green	L	Channel 10 Green
11	Channel 12 Green	M	Channel 11 Green
1.2	Channel 13 Green	N	Channel 12 Green
13	Channel 14 Green	P	Channel 13 Green
14	Channel 15 Green	R	Channel 14 Green
15	Channel 16 Green	S	Channel 15 Green
16	N/C	T	PC AJAR
17	Channel 1 Yellow	U	Channel 9 Yellow
.18	Channel 2 Yellow	V	Channel 10 Yellow
19	Channel 3 Yellow	Ŵ	Channel 11 Yellow
20	Channel 4 Yellow	X	Channel 12 Yellow
21	Channel 5 Yellow	Y	Channel 13 Yellow
22	Channel 6 Yellow	Z	Channel 14 Yellow
23	Channel 7 Yellow	AA	Channel 15 Yellow
24	Channel 8 Yellow	BB	Channel 16 Yellow
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
25	Channel 17 Green	CC	Channel 17 Yellow
26	Channel 18 Green	DD	Channel 18 Yellow
27	Channel 16 Green	EE	PC AJAR (Program Card)
28	Yellow Inhibit Common	FF	Channel 17 Green

⁻ Slotted for keying between Pins 24/BB and 25/CC



5.4. MATERIALS - TYPE 170 DETECTOR SENSOR UNITS

Furnish detector sensor units that comply with Chapter 5 Section 1, "General Requirements," and Chapter 5 Section 2, "Model 222 & 224 Loop Detector Sensor Unit Requirements," of the CALTRANS "Transportation Electrical Equipment Specifications" dated March 12, 2009 with Erratum 1.

6. PROTECTIVE <u>BLACK</u> POWDER COATING FOR METAL POLES WITH MAST ARMS AND PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL PEDESTALS

6.1. DESCRIPTION

Provide protective <u>black</u> powder coating for all mast arms with metal poles and all pedestrian signal pedestals including all necessary hardware for the signalized intersection in accordance with the plans and specifications.

6.2. MATERIALS

Furnish metal poles with mast arms and pedestrian signal pedestals that provide galvanic protection along with a tough and durable powder application.

Furnish pole caps that have a <u>black</u> low gloss powder finish applied over a hot-dipped galvanized surface. Comply with the applicable provisions of Section 442-10 of the 2012 Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures

The color selected for <u>black</u> protective coating for metal poles with mast arms and pedestrian signal pedestals must be approved by the NCDOT Division 13 Traffic Engineer prior to fabrication.

6.3. POWDER COATING SHOP APPROVAL

The powder coating shop shall be approved prior to the application of any powder coating process. All requests, procedures and documents shall be submitted electronically to:

- Mr. Brian Hunter, P.E., Chemical Testing Engineer
- bhunter@ncdot.gov
- A) Submit a quality control procedure that the company has established to ensure a quality and durable coating. The quality control procedure shall contain at a minimum the following:
 - Qualified / Certified personnel to manage the QC Program and to conduct Quality Control tests
 - Qualified / certified coaters
 - Source and type of powder
 - How the powder will be stored
 - Powder application facility (heated or unheated)
 - Surface pre-treatment
 - Surface preparation including profile
 - Application methods
 - Curing conditions (conventional or infrared)
 - Curing Temperature
 - Adhesion & Holiday Detection
 - Repair Procedure
 - Storage and protection of coated items
 - Shipping and handling (packing, protection, and wrapping)
- B) Submit a powder certification from the manufacturer
- C) The following shall be submitted to the Chemical Testing Engineer a minimum of four weeks prior to coating application.
 - 1. Two test panels of ASTM A36 steel, ¼ or greater in thickness measuring 8 inches by 11 inches using the proposed color of the final coat; a powder coated over galvanized test panel and a powder coated over un-galvanized test panel.

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- 2. In addition two (2) samples shall be made of the same or comparable material and thickness as production pieces. Production piece replicas shall not be greater that twelve (12") in length or width nor weigh greater than 50 lbs.
- 3. All test panels shall be accompanied with inspection reports and records according to NCDOT *Standard Specifications* 2012, Section 442, Section 1072, Section 1076, and Section 1080.
- 4. Acceptance of the panels is determined by meeting the requirements of ASTM D-4541 of 800 psi for both galvanized and un-galvanized and production piece test panels.
- 5. All panels shall be sent to:

Materials and Tests Unit 1801 Blue Ridge Road Raleigh, NC 27607 Attn: Chemical Testing Engineer

6.4. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

A. Galvanizing

Galvanizing of steel products shall be performed in accordance with Section 1076 of the North Carolina Department of Transportation Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures. The fabricator or designated representative(s) that is supplying the components to be galvanized shall communicate with the galvanizer to indicate that the galvanized pieces will be powder coated to avoid water or chromate quenching.

B. Surface Preparation

Comply with manufacturers recommended surface coating specifications, Steel Structure Painting Council (SSPC) specifications and applicable articles of Section 442 (Painting Steel Structures) of the NCDOT Standard Specifications. Ensure that surface preparations and treatments are performed and meet the requirements of the above referenced specifications.

Some pole components, specifically steel plates ¾ inches or more in thickness may need blast cleaning prior to structure assembly to remove impurities and non-metallic foreign materials. Mechanically remove all weld flux after structure is assembled

Degrease and prepare structure for zinc coating after assembly using full immersion baths and pickling processes in heat controlled caustic and acid solutions. Rinse and clean structure to remove caustic or acid solutions by immersion in a circulating fresh water bath. Immerse structure in a heat controlled concentrated zinc ammonium chloride flux solution and air dry as a final prep before hot-dip galvanization.

In no case shall the surface preparation be less than that specified by the powder manufacturer's recommendations. All components to be coated shall be prepared in accordance with SSPC SP-2 (Hand Tool Cleaning) and/or SSPC SP-3 (Power Tool Cleaning). All drainage spikes, high spots, protrusions or other surface defects shall be removed using hand or power tools. Do not remove the galvanization below the limits set forth in AASHTO M111.

Remove grease, oils, moisture, scale, rust or any other foreign matter prior to powder coating to ensure ideal adhesion and coating performance. Prepare and coat the galvanized surface as soon as possible after the galvanization process.

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C. Powder Coating Application and Curing

Prepare galvanized finish for powder coating by brush blasting in accordance with SSPC-SP7. Ensure all threaded components of the structure are protected from damage during blasting process.

Use thermosetting powder resin that meets 5A or 5B classifications of ASTM D3359. Apply powder coating electrostatically. Follow manufacturer's recommended preheating requirements. Ensure the top coat finish is applied uniformly to all surfaces with a dry film thickness of between 3.0 to 5.0 mils. Cure the top coat by heating the structure to manufacturer recommended temperatures at the duration required to ensure complete and uniform bond is

D. Quality Control:

The applicator shall provide all test reports, provide documentation and inspect all coated material as outlined in NCDOT Standard Specifications 2012, Section 442, Section 1072, Section 1076, and Section 1080. The quality control inspector shall be separate from the production functions.

E. Storage, Shipping, and Handling

All powder coated material shall be stored inside unless there is no facility present or at the Engineers approval.

All shipping and handling either from powder facility to project site and or storage site to area(s) to construction location shall be protected from incurring damage to product. In no case shall the product be stored directly on the ground, in areas where pooling water may occur; the Engineer determines the effectiveness of all storage, shipping and handling methods.

F. Repair of Powder Coated Material

It is the Department's resolve that both the shop and Contractor providing these products use the utmost of care in handling, packaging, shipping and installing these products. The process in which this coating was applied cannot be duplicated in a field environment, thus any repairs are considered detrimental to the longevity of the coating system The Department has specified the following for repairing powder coating.

All damage to the coating which occur or is discovered in the shop shall be repaired by the original method of application as outlined in the coating facilities repair procedure. All repair areas shall meet the original requirements for adhesion as stated in this Project Special Provision.

All damaged discovered upon delivery to the project site prior to unloading shall be recorded by pictures and documentation by the Engineer or their authorized representative and shall be reported to applicator. The Engineer has the authority to accept or reject the material as outlined in the NCDOT Standard Specifications.

Damaged coatings which occur during storage, transporting, handling and or installation, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer a repair procedure. The Contractor shall utilize a liquid paint approved by the Department, compatible with the powder applied product. All repair areas shall demonstrate an adhesion rating of 400 psi in accordance with ASTM D-4541. Acceptance on the final finish shall be determined by the Engineer.

MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Actual number of protective black coatings for Single mast arm assemblies furnished, installed and accepted.

Actual number of protective black coatings for pedestrian signal pedestals and bases furnished, installed, and accepted.

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Payment will be made under:	•
Protective <u>black</u> Coating for Single mast arm assembly	Each
Protective <u>black</u> Coating for Pedestrian Signal Pedestal	Each
Protective <u>black</u> Coating for Metal Strain Pole assembly	Each

Buncombe/Henderson County

Project Special Provisions Structure

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For Precast Gravity Retaining Walls, see Geotechnical special provisions.

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PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS STRUCTURE

MAINTENANCE AND PROTECTION OF TRAFFIC BENEATH PROPOSED STRUCTURE AT STATION 25+83.78-L-

(SPECIAL)

1.0 GENERAL

Maintain traffic on I-26 as shown in Traffic Control Plans and as directed by the Engineer.

Provide a minimum temporary vertical clearance of 17ft at all times during construction.

Submit plans and calculations for review and approval for protecting traffic, as described herein, at the above station before beginning work at this location. Have the drawings and design calculations prepared, signed, and sealed by a North Carolina Registered Professional Engineer. The approval of the Engineer will not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility for the safety of the method or equipment.

2.0 PROTECTION OF TRAFFIC

Protect traffic from any operation that affords the opportunity for construction materials, equipment, tools, etc. to be dropped into the path of traffic beneath the structure. Install the protective system before beginning any construction operations over traffic.

3.0 BASIS OF PAYMENT

Payment at the contract unit prices for the various pay items will be full compensation for the above work.

FALSEWORK AND FORMWORK

(4-5-12)

1.0 DESCRIPTION

Use this Special Provision as a guide to develop temporary works submittals required by the Standard Specifications or other provisions; no additional submittals are required herein. Such temporary works include, but are not limited to, falsework and formwork.

Falsework is any temporary construction used to support the permanent structure until it becomes self-supporting. Formwork is the temporary structure or mold used to retain plastic or fluid concrete in its designated shape until it hardens. Access scaffolding is a temporary structure that functions as a work platform that supports construction personnel, materials, and tools, but is not intended to support the structure. Scaffolding

systems that are used to temporarily support permanent structures (as opposed to functioning as work platforms) are considered to be falsework under the definitions given. Shoring is a component of falsework such as horizontal, vertical, or inclined support members. Where the term "temporary works" is used, it includes all of the temporary facilities used in bridge construction that do not become part of the permanent structure.

Design and construct safe and adequate temporary works that will support all loads imposed and provide the necessary rigidity to achieve the lines and grades shown on the plans in the final structure.

2.0 MATERIALS

Select materials suitable for temporary works; however, select materials that also ensure the safety and quality required by the design assumptions. The Engineer has authority to reject material on the basis of its condition, inappropriate use, safety, or nonconformance with the plans. Clearly identify allowable loads or stresses for all materials or manufactured devices on the plans. Revise the plan and notify the Engineer if any change to materials or material strengths is required.

3.0 DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

A. Working Drawings

Provide working drawings for items as specified in the contract, or as required by the Engineer, with design calculations and supporting data in sufficient detail to permit a structural and safety review of the proposed design of the temporary work.

On the drawings, show all information necessary to allow the design of any component to be checked independently as determined by the Engineer.

When concrete placement is involved, include data such as the drawings of proposed sequence, rate of placement, direction of placement, and location of all construction joints. Submit the number of copies as called for by the contract.

When required, have the drawings and calculations prepared under the guidance of, and sealed by, a North Carolina Registered Professional Engineer who is knowledgeable in temporary works design.

If requested by the Engineer, submit with the working drawings manufacturer's catalog data listing the weight of all construction equipment that will be supported on the temporary work. Show anticipated total settlements and/or deflections of falsework and forms on the working drawings. Include falsework footing settlements, joint take-up, and deflection of beams or girders.

As an option for the Contractor, overhang falsework hangers may be uniformly spaced, at a maximum of 36 inches, provided the following conditions are met:

Member Type (PCG)	Member Depth, (inches)	Max. Overhang Width, (inches)	Max. Slab Edge Thickness, (inches)	Max. Screed Wheel Weight, (lbs.)	Bracket Min. Vertical Leg Extension, (inches)
II	36	39	14	2000	26
III	45	42	14	2000	35
IV	54	45	14	2000	44
MBT	63	51	12	2000	50
MBT	72	55	12	1700	48

Overhang width is measured from the centerline of the girder to the edge of the deck slab.

For Type II, III & IV prestressed concrete girders (PCG), 45-degree cast-in-place half hangers and rods must have a minimum safe working load of 6,000 lbs.

For MBT prestressed concrete girders, 45-degree angle holes for falsework hanger rods shall be cast through the girder top flange and located, measuring along the top of the member, 1'-2 ½" from the edge of the top flange. Hanger hardware and rods must have a minimum safe working load of 6,000 lbs.

The overhang bracket provided for the diagonal leg shall have a minimum safe working load of 3,750 lbs. The vertical leg of the bracket shall extend to the point that the heel bears on the girder bottom flange, no closer than 4 inches from the bottom of the member. However, for 72-inch members, the heel of the bracket shall bear on the web, near the bottom flange transition.

Provide adequate overhang falsework and determine the appropriate adjustments for deck geometry, equipment, casting procedures and casting conditions.

If the optional overhang falsework spacing is used, indicate this on the falsework submittal and advise the girder producer of the proposed details. Failure to notify the Engineer of hanger type and hanger spacing on prestressed concrete girder casting drawings may delay the approval of those drawings.

Falsework hangers that support concentrated loads and are installed at the edge of thin top flange concrete girders (such as bulb tee girders) shall be spaced so as not to exceed 75% of the manufacturer's stated safe working load. Use of dual leg hangers (such as Meadow Burke HF-42 and HF-43) are not allowed on concrete girders with thin top flanges. Design the falsework and forms supporting deck slabs and overhangs on girder bridges so that there will be no differential settlement between the girders and the deck forms during placement of deck concrete.

When staged construction of the bridge deck is required, detail falsework and forms for screed and fluid concrete loads to be independent of any previous deck pour components when the mid-span girder deflection due to deck weight is greater than ³/₄".

Note on the working drawings any anchorages, connectors, inserts, steel sleeves or other such devices used as part of the falsework or formwork that remains in the permanent structure. If the plan notes indicate that the structure contains the necessary corrosion protection required for a Corrosive Site, epoxy coat, galvanize or metalize these devices. Electroplating will not be allowed. Any coating required by the Engineer will be considered incidental to the various pay items requiring temporary works.

Design falsework and formwork requiring submittals in accordance with the 1995 AASHTO *Guide Design Specifications for Bridge Temporary Works* except as noted herein.

1. Wind Loads

Table 2.2 of Article 2.2.5.1 is modified to include wind velocities up to 110 mph. In addition, Table 2.2A is included to provide the maximum wind speeds by county in North Carolina.

Height Zone	Pressure, lb/ft ² for Indicated Wind Velocity, mph				
feet above ground	70	80	90	100	110
0 to 30	15	20	25	30	35
30 to 50	20	25	30	35	40
50 to 100	25	30	35	40	45
over 100	30	35	40	45	50

Table 2.2 - Wind Pressure Values

2. Time of Removal

The following requirements replace those of Article 3.4.8.2.

Do not remove forms until the concrete has attained strengths required in Article 420-16 of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Do not remove forms until the concrete has sufficient strength to prevent damage to the surface.

Table 2.2A - Steady State Maximum Wind Speeds by Counties in North Carolina

COUNTY	25 YR (mph)	COUNTY	25 YR (mph)	COUNTY	25 YR (mph)
Alamance	70	Franklin	70	Pamlico	100
Alexander	70	Gaston	70	Pasquotank	100
Alleghany	70	Gates	[*] 90	Pender	100
Anson	70	Graham	80	Perquimans	100
Ashe	70	Granville	70	Person	70
Avery	70	Greene	80	Pitt	90
Beaufort	100	Guilford	70	Polk	80
Bertie	90	Halifax	80	Randolph	70
Bladen	90	Harnett	70	Richmond	70
Brunswick	100	Haywood	80	Robeson	80
Buncombe	80	Henderson	80	Rockingham	70
Burke	70	Hertford	90	Rowan	70
Cabarrus	70	Hoke	70	Rutherford	70
Caldwell	70	Hyde	110	Sampson	90
Camden	100	Iredell	70	Scotland	70
Carteret	110	Jackson	80	Stanley	70
Caswell	70	Johnston	80	Stokes	70
Catawba	70	Jones	100	Surry	70
Cherokee	80	Lee	70	Swain	80
Chatham	70	Lenoir	90	Transylvania	80
Chowan	90	Lincoln	70	Tyrell	100
Clay	80	Macon	80	Union	70
Cleveland	70	Madison	80	Vance	70
Columbus	90	Martin	90	Wake	70
Craven	100	McDowell	70	Warren	70
Cumberland	80	Mecklenburg	70	Washington	100
Currituck	100	Mitchell	70	Watauga	70
Dare	110	Montgomery	70	Wayne	80
Davidson	70	Moore	70	Wilkes	70
Davie	70	Nash	80	Wilson	80
Duplin	90	New Hanover	100	Yadkin	70
Durham	70	Northampton	80	Yancey	70
Edgecombe	80	Onslow.	100		
Forsyth	70	Orange	70		

B. Review and Approval

The Engineer is responsible for the review and approval of temporary works' drawings.

Submit the working drawings sufficiently in advance of proposed use to allow for their review, revision (if needed), and approval without delay to the work.

The time period for review of the working drawings does not begin until complete drawings and design calculations, when required, are received by the Engineer.

Do not start construction of any temporary work for which working drawings are required until the drawings have been approved. Such approval does not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility for the accuracy and adequacy of the working drawings.

4.0 CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

All requirements of Section 420 of the Standard Specifications apply.

Construct temporary works in conformance with the approved working drawings. Ensure that the quality of materials and workmanship employed is consistent with that assumed in the design of the temporary works. Do not weld falsework members to any portion of the permanent structure unless approved. Show any welding to the permanent structure on the approved construction drawings.

Provide tell-tales attached to the forms and extending to the ground, or other means, for accurate measurement of falsework settlement. Make sure that the anticipated compressive settlement and/or deflection of falsework does not exceed 1 inch. For cast-in-place concrete structures, make sure that the calculated deflection of falsework flexural members does not exceed 1/240 of their span regardless of whether or not the deflection is compensated by camber strips.

A. Maintenance and Inspection

Inspect and maintain the temporary work in an acceptable condition throughout the period of its use. Certify that the manufactured devices have been maintained in a condition to allow them to safely carry their rated loads. Clearly mark each piece so that its capacity can be readily determined at the job site.

Perform an in-depth inspection of an applicable portion(s) of the temporary works, in the presence of the Engineer, not more than 24 hours prior to the beginning of each concrete placement. Inspect other temporary works at least once a month to ensure that they are functioning properly. Have a North Carolina Registered Professional Engineer inspect the cofferdams, shoring, sheathing, support of excavation structures, and support systems for load tests prior to loading.

B. Foundations

Determine the safe bearing capacity of the foundation material on which the supports for temporary works rest. If required by the Engineer, conduct load tests to verify proposed bearing capacity values that are marginal or in other high-risk situations.

The use of the foundation support values shown on the contract plans of the permanent structure is permitted if the foundations are on the same level and on the same soil as those of the permanent structure.

Allow for adequate site drainage or soil protection to prevent soil saturation and washout of the soil supporting the temporary works supports.

If piles are used, the estimation of capacities and later confirmation during construction using standard procedures based on the driving characteristics of the pile is permitted. If preferred, use load tests to confirm the estimated capacities; or, if required by the Engineer conduct load tests to verify bearing capacity values that are marginal or in other high risk situations.

The Engineer reviews and approves the proposed pile and soil bearing capacities.

5.0 REMOVAL

Unless otherwise permitted, remove and keep all temporary works upon completion of the work. Do not disturb or otherwise damage the finished work.

Remove temporary works in conformance with the contract documents. Remove them in such a manner as to permit the structure to uniformly and gradually take the stresses due to its own weight.

6.0 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

Unless otherwise specified, temporary works will not be directly measured.

7.0 Basis of Payment

Payment at the contract unit prices for the various pay items requiring temporary works will be full compensation for the above falsework and formwork.

SUBMITTAL OF WORKING DRAWINGS

(2-10-12)

1.0 GENERAL

Submit working drawings in accordance with Article 105-2 of the *Standard Specifications* and this provision. For this provision, "submittals" refers to only those listed in this provision. The list of submittals contained herein does not represent a list of required submittals for the project. Submittals are only necessary for those items as required by the

contract. Make submittals that are not specifically noted in this provision directly to the Resident Engineer. Either the Structure Design Unit or the Geotechnical Engineering Unit or both units will jointly review submittals.

If a submittal contains variations from plan details or specifications or significantly affects project cost, field construction or operations, discuss the submittal with and submit all copies to the Resident Engineer. State the reason for the proposed variation in the submittal. To minimize review time, make sure all submittals are complete when initially submitted. Provide a contact name and information with each submittal. Direct any questions regarding submittal requirements to the Resident Engineer, Structure Design Unit contacts or the Geotechnical Engineering Unit contacts noted below.

In order to facilitate in-plant inspection by NCDOT and approval of working drawings, provide the name, address and telephone number of the facility where fabrication will actually be done if different than shown on the title block of the submitted working drawings. This includes, but is not limited to, precast concrete items, prestressed concrete items and fabricated steel or aluminum items.

2.0 ADDRESSES AND CONTACTS

For submittals to the Structure Design Unit, use the following addresses:

Via US mail:

Mr. G. R. Perfetti, P. E. State Bridge Design Engineer North Carolina Department of Transportation Structure Design Unit 1581 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-1581

Attention: Mr. P. D. Lambert, P. E.

Via other delivery service:

Mr. G. R. Perfetti, P. E. State Bridge Design Engineer North Carolina Department of Transportation Structure Design Unit 1000 Birch Ridge Drive Raleigh, NC 27610

Attention: Mr. P. D. Lambert, P. E.

Submittals may also be made via email.

Send submittals to:

plambert@ncdot.gov (Paul Lambert)

Send an additional e-copy of the submittal to the following address:

<u>jgaither@ncdot.gov</u> (James Gaither)

jlbolden@ncdot.gov (James Bolden)

For submittals to the Geotechnical Engineering Unit, use the following addresses:

For projects in Divisions 1-7, use the following Eastern Regional Office address:

Via US mail:

Via other delivery service:

Mr. K. J. Kim, Ph. D., P. E. Eastern Regional Geotechnical

Manager

North Carolina Department

of Transportation

Geotechnical Engineering Unit

Eastern Regional Office 1570 Mail Service Center

Raleigh, NC 27699-1570

Mr. K. J. Kim, Ph. D., P. E.

Eastern Regional Geotechnical

Manager

North Carolina Department

of Transportation

Geotechnical Engineering Unit

Eastern Regional Office

3301 Jones Sausage Road, Suite 100

Garner, NC 27529

For projects in Divisions 8-14, use the following Western Regional Office address:

Via US mail:

Via other delivery service:

Mr. John Pilipchuk, L. G., P. E. Western Regional Geotechnical

Manager

North Carolina Department

of Transportation

Geotechnical Engineering Unit

Western Regional Office 5253 Z Max Boulevard Harrisburg, NC 28075

Mr. John Pilipchuk, L. G., P. E. Western Region Geotechnical

Manager

North Carolina Department

of Transportation

Geotechnical Engineering Unit

Western Regional Office 5253 Z Max Boulevard Harrisburg, NC 28075

The status of the review of structure-related submittals sent to the Structure Design Unit can be viewed from the Unit's web site, via the "Contractor Submittal" link.

Direct any questions concerning submittal review status, review comments or drawing markups to the following contacts:

Primary Structures Contact:

Paul Lambert

(919)707 - 6407

(919) 250 - 4082 facsimile

plambert@ncdot.gov

Secondary Structures Contacts: James Gaither

(919) 707 - 6409

James Bolden

(919)707 - 6408

Eastern Regional Geotechnical Contact (Divisions 1-7):

K. J. Kim

(919)662 - 4710

(919) 662 - 3095 facsimile

kkim@ncdot.gov

Western Regional Geotechnical Contact (Divisions 8-14):

John Pilipchuk

(704) 455 – 8902 (704) 455 – 8912 facsimile

jpilipchuk@ncdot.gov

3.0 SUBMITTAL COPIES

Furnish one complete copy of each submittal, including all attachments, to the Resident Engineer. At the same time, submit the number of hard copies shown below of the same complete submittal directly to the Structure Design Unit and/or the Geotechnical Engineering Unit.

The first table below covers "Structure Submittals". The Resident Engineer will receive review comments and drawing markups for these submittals from the Structure Design Unit. The second table in this section covers "Geotechnical Submittals". The Resident Engineer will receive review comments and drawing markups for these submittals from the Geotechnical Engineering Unit.

Unless otherwise required, submit one set of supporting calculations to either the Structure Design Unit or the Geotechnical Engineering Unit unless both units require submittal copies in which case submit a set of supporting calculations to each unit. Provide additional copies of any submittal as directed.

STRUCTURE SUBMITTALS

Submittal	Copies Required by Structure Design Unit	Copies Required by Geotechnical Engineering Unit	Contract Reference Requiring Submittal ¹
Arch Culvert Falsework	5	0	Plan Note, SN Sheet & "Falsework and Formwork"
Box Culvert Falsework ⁷	5	0	Plan Note, SN Sheet & "Falsework and Formwork"
Cofferdams	6	2	Article 410-4
Foam Joint Seals 6	9	0	"Foam Joint Seals"
Expansion Joint Seals (hold down plate type with base angle)	9	0	"Expansion Joint Seals"
Expansion Joint Seals (modular)	2, then 9	. 0	"Modular Expansion Joint Seals"
Expansion Joint Seals (strip seals)	9	0	"Strip Seals"

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Falsework & Forms ² (substructure)	8	0	Article 420-3 & "Falsework and Formwork"
Falsework & Forms (superstructure)	8	0	Article 420-3 & "Falsework and Formwork"
Girder Erection over Railroad	5	0	Railroad Provisions
Maintenance and Protection of Traffic Beneath Proposed Structure	8	0	"Maintenance and Protection of Traffic Beneath Proposed Structure at Station"
Metal Bridge Railing	8	0	Plan Note
Metal Stay-in-Place Forms	8	0	Article 420-3
Metalwork for Elastomeric Bearings ^{4,5}	7	0	Article 1072-8
Miscellaneous Metalwork ^{4,5}	7	0	Article 1072-8
Optional Disc Bearings 4	8	0	"Optional Disc Bearings"
Overhead and Digital Message Signs (DMS) (metalwork and foundations)	13	0	Applicable Provisions
Placement of Equipment on Structures (cranes, etc.)	7	0	Article 420-20
Pot Bearings 4	8	0	"Pot Bearings"
Precast Concrete Box Culverts	2, then 1 reproducible	0	"Optional Precast Reinforced Concrete Box Culvert at Station"
Prestressed Concrete Cored Slab (detensioning sequences) ³	6	0	Article 1078-11
Prestressed Concrete Deck Panels	6 and 1 reproducible	0	Article 420-3
Prestressed Concrete Girder (strand elongation and detensioning sequences)	6	0	Articles 1078-8 and 1078-
Removal of Existing Structure over Railroad	5	0	Railroad Provisions
Revised Bridge Deck Plans (adaptation to prestressed deck panels)	2, then 1 reproducible	0	Article 420-3

Revised Bridge Deck Plans (adaptation to modular expansion joint seals)	2, then 1 reproducible	0	"Modular Expansion Joint Seals"
Sound Barrier Wall (precast items)	10	0	Article 1077-2 & "Sound Barrier Wall"
Sound Barrier Wall Steel Fabrication Plans ⁵	7	0	Article 1072-8 & "Sound Barrier Wall"
Structural Steel ⁴	2, then 7	0	Article 1072-8
Temporary Detour Structures	10	2	Article 400-3 & "Construction, Maintenance and Removal of Temporary Structure at Station"
TFE Expansion Bearings ⁴	8	0	Article 1072-8

FOOTNOTES

I-5501

- 1. References are provided to help locate the part of the contract where the submittals are required. References in quotes refer to the provision by that name. Articles refer to the Standard Specifications.
- 2. Submittals for these items are necessary only when required by a note on plans.
- 3. Submittals for these items may not be required. A list of pre-approved sequences is available from the producer or the Materials & Tests Unit.
- 4. The fabricator may submit these items directly to the Structure Design Unit.
- 5. The two sets of preliminary submittals required by Article 1072-8 of the Standard Specifications are not required for these items.
- 6. Submittals for Fabrication Drawings are not required. Submittals for Catalogue Cuts of Proposed Material are required. See Section 5.A of the referenced provision.
- 7. Submittals are necessary only when the top slab thickness is 18" or greater.

GEOTECHNICAL SUBMITTALS

Submittal	Copies Required by Geotechnical Engineering Unit	Copies Required by Structure Design Unit	Contract Reference Requiring Submittal ¹
Drilled Pier Construction Plans ²	1	0	Subarticle 411-3(A)
Crosshole Sonic Logging (CSL) Reports ²	1	0	Subarticle 411-5(A)(2)
Pile Driving Equipment Data Forms ^{2,3}	1	0	Subarticle 450-3(D)(2)
Pile Driving Analyzer (PDA) Reports ²	1	0	Subarticle 450-3(F)(3)
Retaining Walls ⁴	8 drawings, 2 calculations	2 drawings	Applicable Provisions
Temporary Shoring ⁴	5 drawings, 2 calculations	2 drawings	"Temporary Shoring" & "Temporary Soil Nail Walls"

FOOTNOTES

- 1. References are provided to help locate the part of the contract where the submittals are required. References in quotes refer to the provision by that name. Subarticles refer to the *Standard Specifications*.
- 2. Submit one hard copy of submittal to the Resident or Bridge Maintenance Engineer. Submit a second copy of submittal electronically (PDF via email) or by facsimile, US mail or other delivery service to the appropriate Geotechnical Engineering Unit regional office. Electronic submission is preferred.
- 3. The Pile Driving Equipment Data Form is available from: www.ncdot.org/doh/preconstruct/highway/geotech/formdet/ See second page of form for submittal instructions.
- 4. Electronic copy of submittal is required. See referenced provision.

CRANE SAFETY (8-15-05)

Comply with the manufacturer specifications and limitations applicable to the operation of any and all cranes and derricks. Prime contractors, sub-contractors, and fully operated rental companies shall comply with the current Occupational Safety and Health Administration regulations (OSHA).

Submit all items listed below to the Engineer prior to beginning crane operations involving critical lifts. A critical lift is defined as any lift that exceeds 75 percent of the manufacturer's crane chart capacity for the radius at which the load will be lifted or requires the use of more than one crane. Changes in personnel or equipment must be reported to the Engineer and all applicable items listed below must be updated and submitted prior to continuing with crane operations.

CRANE SAFETY SUBMITTAL LIST

<u>Competent Person:</u> Provide the name and qualifications of the "Competent Person" responsible for crane safety and lifting operations. The named competent person will have the responsibility and authority to stop any work activity due to safety concerns.

Riggers: Provide the qualifications and experience of the persons responsible for rigging operations. Qualifications and experience should include, but not be limited to, weight calculations, center of gravity determinations, selection and inspection of sling and rigging equipment, and safe rigging practices.

<u>Crane Inspections:</u> Inspection records for all cranes shall be current and readily accessible for review upon request.

<u>Certifications:</u> By July 1, 2006, crane operators performing critical lifts shall be certified by NC CCO (National Commission for the Certification of Crane Operators), or satisfactorily complete the Carolinas AGC's Professional Crane Operator's Proficiency Program. Other approved nationally accredited programs will be considered upon request. All crane operators shall also have a current CDL medical card. Submit a list of anticipated critical lifts and corresponding crane operator(s). Include current certification for the type of crane operated (small hydraulic, large hydraulic, small lattice, large lattice) and medical evaluations for each operator.

GROUT FOR STRUCTURES

(9-30-11)

1.0 DESCRIPTION

This special provision addresses grout for use in pile blockouts, grout pockets, shear keys, dowel holes and recesses for structures. This provision does not apply to grout placed in post-tensioning ducts for bridge beams, girders, or decks. Mix and place grout in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, the applicable sections of the Standard Specifications and this provision.

2.0 MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS

Use a Department approved pre-packaged, non-shrink, non-metallic grout. Contact the Materials and Tests Unit for a list of approved pre-packaged grouts and consult the manufacturer to determine if the pre-packaged grout selected is suitable for the required application.

When using an approved pre-packaged grout, a grout mix design submittal is not required.

The grout shall be free of soluble chlorides and contain less than one percent soluble sulfate. Supply water in compliance with Article 1024-4 of the Standard Specifications.

Aggregate may be added to the mix only where recommended or permitted by the manufacturer and Engineer. The quantity and gradation of the aggregate shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

Admixtures, if approved by the Department, shall be used in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. The manufacture date shall be clearly stamped on each container. Admixtures with an expired shelf life shall not be used.

The Engineer reserves the right to reject material based on unsatisfactory performance.

Initial setting time shall not be less than 10 minutes when tested in accordance with ASTM C266.

Test the expansion and shrinkage of the grout in accordance with ASTM C1090. The grout shall expand no more than 0.2% and shall exhibit no shrinkage. Furnish a Type 4 material certification showing results of tests conducted to determine the properties listed in the Standard Specifications and to assure the material is non-shrink.

Unless required elsewhere in the contract the compressive strength at 3 days shall be at least 5000 psi. Compressive strength in the laboratory shall be determined in accordance with ASTM C109 except the test mix shall contain only water and the dry manufactured material. Compressive strength in the field will be determined by molding and testing 4" x 8" cylinders in accordance with AASHTO T22. Construction loading and traffic loading shall not be allowed until the 3 day compressive strength is achieved.

When tested in accordance with ASTM C666, Procedure A, the durability factor of the grout shall not be less than 80.

3.0 SAMPLING AND PLACEMENT

Place and maintain components in final position until grout placement is complete and accepted. Concrete surfaces to receive grout shall be free of defective concrete, laitance, oil, grease and other foreign matter. Saturate concrete surfaces with clean water and remove excess water prior to placing grout.

Do not place grout if the grout temperature is less than 50°F or more than 90°F or if the air temperature measured at the location of the grouting operation in the shade away from artificial heat is below 45°F.

Provide grout at a rate that permits proper handling, placing and finishing in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations unless directed otherwise by the Engineer. Use grout free of any lumps and undispersed cement. Agitate grout continuously before placement.

Control grout delivery so the interval between placing batches in the same component does not exceed 20 minutes.

The Engineer will determine the locations to sample grout and the number and type of samples collected for field and laboratory testing. The compressive strength of the grout will be considered the average compressive strength test results of 3 cube or 2 cylinder specimens at 28 days.

4.0 BASIS OF PAYMENT

No separate payment will be made for "Grout for Structures". The cost of the material, equipment, labor, placement, and any incidentals necessary to complete the work shall be considered incidental to the structure item requiring grout.

ELASTOMERIC CONCRETE

(SPECIAL)

1.0 DESCRIPTION

Elastomeric concrete is a mixture of a two-part polymer consisting of polyurethane and/or epoxy and kiln-dried aggregate. Provide an elastomeric concrete and binder system that is preapproved. Use the concrete in the blocked out areas on both sides of the bridge deck joints as indicated on the plans.

2.0 MATERIALS

Provide materials that comply with the following minimum requirements at 14 days (or at the end of the specified curing time).

ELASTOMERIC CONCRETE PROPERTIES	TEST METHOD	MINIMUM REQUIREMENT
Compressive Strength, psi	ASTM D695	2000
5% Deflection Resilience	ASTM D695	95
Splitting Tensile Strength, psi	ASTM D3967	625
Bond Strength to Concrete, psi	ASTM D882 (D882M)	450

Durometer Hardness	ASTM D2240	50

BINDER PROPERTIES (without aggregate)	TEST METHOD	MINIMUM REQUIREMENT
Tensile Strength, psi	ASTM D638	1000
Ultimate Elongation	ASTM D638	150%
Tear Resistance, lb/in	ASTM D624	200

In addition to the requirements above, the elastomeric concrete must be resistant to water, chemical, UV and ozone exposure and withstand temperature extremes. Elastomeric concrete systems requiring preheated aggregates are not allowed.

3.0 PREQUALIFICATION

Manufacturers of elastomeric concrete materials shall submit samples (including aggregate, primer and binder materials) and a Type 3 certification in accordance with Article 106-3 of the Standard Specifications for prequalification to:

North Carolina Department of Transportation Materials and Tests Unit 1801 Blue Ridge Road Raleigh, NC 27607

Prequalification will be determined for the system. Individual components will not be evaluated, nor will individual components of previously evaluated systems be deemed prequalified for use.

The submitted binder (a minimum volume of 1 gallon) and corresponding aggregate samples will be evaluated for compliance with the Materials requirements specified above. Systems satisfying all of the Materials requirements will be prequalified for a one year period. Before the end of this period new product samples shall be resubmitted for prequalification evaluation.

If, at any time, any formulation or component modifications are made to a prequalified system that system will no longer be approved for use.

4.0 INSTALLATION

Provide a manufacturer's representative at the bridge site during the installation of the elastomeric concrete to ensure that all steps being performed comply with all manufacturers

installation requirements including, but not limited to weather conditions (ambient temperature, relative humidity, precipitation, wind, etc), concrete deck surface preparation, binder and aggregate mixing, primer application, elastomeric concrete placement, curing conditions and minimum curing time before joint exposure to traffic. Do not place elastomeric concrete if the ambient air or surface temperature is below 45°F.

Prepare the concrete surface within 48 hours prior to placing the elastomeric concrete. Before placing the elastomeric concrete, all concrete surfaces shall be thoroughly cleaned and dry. Sandblast the concrete surface in the blockout and clear the surface of all loose debris. Do not place the elastomeric concrete until the surface preparation is completed and approved.

Prepare and apply a primer, as per manufacturer's recommendations, to all concrete faces to be in contact with elastomeric concrete, and to areas specified by the manufacturer.

Prepare, batch, and place the elastomeric concrete in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Place the elastomeric concrete in the areas specified on the plans while the primer is still tacky and within 2 hours after applying the primer. Trowel the elastomeric concrete to a smooth finish.

The joint opening in the elastomeric concrete shall match the formed opening in the concrete deck prior to sawing the joint.

5.0 FIELD SAMPLING

Provide additional production material to allow freshly mixed elastomeric concrete to be sampled for acceptance. A minimum of six 2 inch cube molds and three 3x6 inch cylinders will be taken by the Department for each day's production. Compression, splitting tensile, and durometer hardness testing will be performed by the Department to determine acceptance. Materials failing to meet the requirements listed above are subject to removal and replacement at no cost to the Department.

6.0 BASIS OF PAYMENT

No separate payment will be made for elastomeric concrete. The contract price bid for "Foam Joint Seals" will be full compensation for furnishing and placing the Elastomeric Concrete.

FOAM JOINT SEAL REPLACEMENT

(SPECIAL)

1.0 GENERAL

The work covered in this section consists of removing the existing compression joint seals and adjacent concrete, forming and placing elastomeric concrete, furnishing and installing new foam joint seals as shown on the plans.

2.0 MATERIALS

Provide preformed seals compatible with concrete and resistant to abrasion, oxidation, oils, gasoline, salt and other materials that are spilled on or applied to the surface. Use a resilient, UV stable, preformed, impermeable, flexible, expansion joint seal. The joint seal shall consist of low-density, closed cell, cross-linked polyethylene non-extrusive foam. The joint seal shall contain no EVA (Ethylene Vinyl Acetate). Cell generation shall be achieved by being physically blown using nitrogen. No chemical blowing agents shall be used in the cell generation process.

Use seals manufactured with grooves 1/8"± wide by 1/8"± deep and spaced between 1/4" and 1/2" apart along the bond surface running the length of the joint. Use seals with a depth that meets the manufacturer's recommendation, but is not less than 70% of the uncompressed width. Provide a seal designed so that, when compressed, the center portion of the top does not extend upward above the original height of the seal by more than 1/4". Provide a seal that has a working range of 30% tension and 60% compression and meets the requirements given below.

TEST	TEST METHOD	REQUIREMENT
Tensile strength	ASTM D3575-08, Suffix T	110 – 130 psi
Compression Set	ASTM D1056 Suffix B, 2 hr recovery	10% - 16%
Water Absorption	ASTM D3575	< 0.03 lb/ft ²
Elongation at Break	ASTM D3575	180% - 210%
Tear Strength	ASTM D624 (D3575-08, Suffix G)	14 – 20 pli
Density	ASTM D3575-08, Suffix W, Method A	$1.8 - 2.2 \text{ lb/ft}^3$
Toxicity	ISO-10993.5	Pass (not cytotoxic)

Have the top of the joint seal clearly shop marked. Inspect the joint seals upon receipt to ensure that the marks are clearly visible before installation.

3.0 BONDING ADHESIVE

Use a two-component, 100% solid, modified epoxy adhesive supplied by the joint seal manufacturer that meets the requirements given below.

TEST	TEST METHOD	REQUIREMENT
Tensile strength	ASTM D638	3000 psi (min.)
Compressive strength	ASTM D695	7000 psi (min.)
Hardness	Shore D Scale	75-85 psi
Water Absorption	ASTM D570	0.25% by weight max.

Elongation to Break	Elongation to Break ASTM D638	
Bond Strength	ASTM C882	2000 psi (min.)

Use an adhesive that is workable to 40°F. When installing in ambient air or surface temperatures below 40°F or for application on moist, difficult to dry concrete surfaces, use an adhesive specified by the manufacturer of the joint seal.

4.0 REMOVAL AND PREPARATION

Remove the existing compression joint seal and the adjacent concrete to facilitate the installation of the new foam joint seals as shown on the plans and in accordance with the special provisions entitled "Bridge Joint Demolition."

5.0 ELASTOMERIC CONCRETE

Form and pour elastomeric concrete in accordance with the special provision entitled "*Elastomeric Concrete*" and as shown on the plans. A manufacturer's representative will be present when placing elastomeric concrete.

6.0 SAWING THE JOINT

The joint opening in the elastomeric concrete will be formed to match the existing formed opening in the concrete deck.

The elastomeric concrete will have sufficient time to cure such that no damage can occur to the elastomeric concrete prior to sawing to the final width and depth as specified in the plans.

When sawing the joint to receive the foam seal, always use a rigid guide to control the saw in the desired direction. To control the saw and to produce a straight line as indicated on the plans, anchor and positively connect a template or a track to the bridge deck. Do not saw the joint by visual means such as a chalk line. Fill the holes used for holding the template or track to the deck with an approved, flowable non-shrink, non-metallic grout.

Saw cut to the desired width and depth in one or two passes of the saw by placing and spacing two metal blades on the saw shaft to the desired width for the joint opening.

The desired depth is the depth of the seal plus 1/4" above the top of the seal plus approximately 1" below the bottom of the seal. An irregular bottom of sawed joint is permitted as indicated on the plans. Grind exposed corners on saw cut edges to a 1/4" chamfer.

Saw cut a straight joint, centered over the formed opening and to the desired width specified in the plans. Prevent any chipping or damage to the sawed edges of the joint.

Remove any staining or deposited material resulting from sawing with a wet blade to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

7.0 Preparation of Sawed Joint for Seal Installation

After sawing the joint, the Engineer will thoroughly inspect the sawed joint opening for spalls, pop-outs, cracks, etc. All necessary repairs will be made by the Contractor prior to blast cleaning and installing the seal.

Clean the joints by sandblasting with clean dry sand immediately before placing the bonding agent. Sandblast the joint opening to provide a firm, clean joint surface free of curing compound, loose material and any foreign matter. Sandblast the joint opening without causing pitting or uneven surfaces. The aggregate in the elastomeric concrete may be exposed after sandblasting.

After blasting, either brush the surface with clean brushes made of hair, bristle or fiber, blow the surface with compressed air, or vacuum the surface until all traces of blast products and abrasives are removed from the surface, pockets, and corners.

If nozzle blasting is used to clean the joint opening, use compressed air that does not contain detrimental amounts of water or oil.

Examine the blast cleaned surface and remove any traces of oil, grease or smudge deposited in the cleaning operations.

Bond the seal to the blast cleaned surface on the same day the surface is blast cleaned.

8.0 Installation

Install the joint seal according to the manufacturer's procedures and recommendations and as recommended below. Do not install the joint seal if the ambient air or surface temperature is below 45°F. Have a manufacturer's certified trained factory representative present during the installation of the first seal of the project.

Before installing the joint seal, check the uninstalled seal length to insure the seal is the same length as the deck opening. When the joint seal requires splicing, use the heat welding method by placing the joint material ends against a teflon heating iron of 425-475°F for 7 - 10 seconds, then pressing the ends together tightly. Do not test the welding until the material has completely cooled.

Begin installation by protecting the top edges of the concrete deck adjacent to the vertical walls of the joint as a means to minimize clean up. After opening both cans of the bonding agent, stir each can using separate stirring rods for each component to prevent premature curing of the bonding agent. Pour the two components, at the specified mixing ratio, into a clean mixing bucket. Mix the components with a low speed drill (400 rpm max.) until a uniform gray color is achieved without visible marbling. Apply bonding agent to both sides of the elastomeric concrete as well as both sides of the joint seal, making certain to completely fill the grooves with epoxy. With gloved hands, compress the joint seal and with the help of a blunt probe, push the seal into the joint opening until the seal is recessed approximately 1/4" below the surface. When pushing down on the joint seal, apply pressure only in a downward direction. Do not push the

joint seal into the joint opening at an angle that would stretch the material. Seals that are stretched during installation will be removed and rejected. Once work on placing a seal begins, do not stop until it is completed. Clean the excess epoxy from the top of the joint seal immediately with a trowel. Do not use solvents or any cleaners to remove the excess epoxy from the top of the seal. Remove the protective cover at the joint edges and check for any excess epoxy on the surface. Remove excess epoxy with a trowel, the use of solvents or any cleaners will not be allowed.

The installed system will be watertight and will be monitored until final inspection and approval. Do not place pavement markings on top of foam joint seals.

9.0 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Foam joint seal replacement will be measured and paid for at the lump sum price bid for "Foam Joint Seals", which prices and payment will be full compensation for removal of existing compression joints and adjacent concrete, forming and placing elastomeric concrete, furnishing and installing the new foam joint seals including but not limited to all materials, labor, tools and equipment necessary to complete the work.

Payment will be made under:

Foam Joint SealsLump Sum

EXPANSION JOINT ELASTOMERIC SEAL REPLACEMENT

(SPECIAL)

1.0 GENERAL

The work covered in this section consists of removing the existing elastomeric seal of the expansion joints and installing new continuous premolded neoprene or EPDM gland elastomeric seals for each expansion joint within the limits indicated on the plans.

Furnish and install either elastic polychloroprene (neoprene) or ethyl propylene diene monomer (EPDM) for the elastomer component that will properly fit the existing waterproof system. These expansion joints may be fabricated by:

WABOMODULAR as manufactured by Watson Bowman and Acme Corporation of Amherst New York, BROWN/MAURER as manufactured by the D. S. Brown Company of North Baltimore, Ohio or an approved equal.

Inspect all expansion joint rails and support mechanism. Ensure the rails maintain parallel and equidistant spacing.

2.0 MATERIALS

Provide expansion joint seals capable of accommodating a total movement measured parallel to the centerline of the roadway as shown on plans.

Provide an elastomeric component for each expansion joint seal that is a continuous unit for the entire length of the joint. Do not field splice the elastomeric component. Only vulcanized shop splicing of the elastomeric component is permitted. The minimum length of an elastomeric component before shop splicing is 20 feet. However, one piece shorter than 20 feet is permitted. Provide an elastomeric component that is clearly shop marked to indicate the top side and joint location of the elastomeric component. Clearly mark the left side of the elastomeric component. Left is defined as being on the left when facing in the direction of end bent 2. Inspect the seals upon receipt to ensure that the marks are clearly visible upon installation.

Make sure the convolution of the gland does not project above the top of the hold-down plates when the joint opening is in the most compressed condition. Use either elastic polychloroprene (neoprene) or ethyl propylene diene monomer (EPDM) for the elastomer that meets the following minimum properties:

	ASTM TEST METHOD	REQUIREMENTS
Hardness, Durometer - Shore A	D2240	60 ± 5, Neoprene (upward corrugated shape - fabric reinforced)
		75 ± 5, EPDM and Neoprene (upward non-corrugated shape)
		80 ± 5, EPDM (upward corrugated shape-fabric reinforced)
Tensile Strength	D412	2000 psi (min.)
Elongation at Break	D412	250% (min.)
Width of Gland in Relaxed Condition	N/A	10" ± 0.25"

Thickness of Upturned portion of gland	N/A	0.25" non-corrugated shape, -0.032" to +0.032"
Thickness of Upturned portion of gland	N/A	0.1875" corrugated shape, -0.032" to +0.032"
Thickness of Flat portion of gland	N/A	0.1563", -0.032" to +0.032"

For fabric reinforced glands, submit one unreinforced sample per lot number, up to 500 feet of expansion joint seal, to the Engineer for testing.

3.0 SUBMITTALS

Submit two (2) complete sets of removal and installation instructions for review and approval. Submit this information well in advance of the scheduled installation time for the expansion joint

seals. Include material requirements, installation procedures and special tools required to properly remove and replace the existing joint seal.

Upon approval of the removal and installation instruction submit five (5) additional sets for field distribution and records.

Provide all submittals 3 weeks in advance of the scheduled installation time for the expansion joint seals.

4.0 REMOVAL

Remove the existing expansion joint elastomeric seal as recommended by the manufacturer, utilizing methods that will not damage any other portion of the joint system or the bridge. If any portion of the joint or bridge is damaged, notify the Engineer immediately for inspection and method of repair.

Any portion of the joint or the bridge that is damaged and is deemed to be caused by Contractor's negligence must be properly repaired and or replaced at no additional expense to the Department.

5.0 Installation

Protect the components of the joint seal and clean in accordance with installation guidelines. Repair any abraded or damaged coated surfaces as specified for repair of galvanizing in Section 1076 Galvanizing of the 2012 Standard Specifications.

Install the joint seal according to the typical drawing and approved procedures, except as authorized in writing by the Engineer.

For damaged areas, depressions, spalls, cracks, or irregularities of curbs or decks adjacent to the expansion joint, submit a proposed method of repair and repair material specifications for approval.

Lay the gland material on the base angle and field mark the gland for the bolt holes. Holes in the gland shall be punched 7/8" in diameter with a hand punch.

In order to check for proper alignment, place the gland and hold-down plate on the base angle. Do not apply neoprene sealant. Bolt the hold-down plates to the base angle, but do not tighten. The Engineer will inspect the seal device for alignment.

After the inspection and approval, remove the hold—down plates and gland and apply neoprene sealant to the base angle in accordance with approved installation submittal. Place gland and hold-down plates on the base angle. Prepare all fasteners in accordance with Article 440-8 of the 2012 Standard Specifications; bolt the hold-down plates to the base angle to a torque value of 88 ft. lbs. with a calibrated torque wrench. Check the torque after one (1) hour and, if necessary, re-torque the bolts to 88 ft. lbs. Continue this check until the bolts have obtained the required torque. A final check shall be made at seven (7) days. Torque shall not be less than 80 ft. lbs. after seven (7) days.

If the Engineer deems any aspects of the expansion joint seals unacceptable, make necessary corrections.

6.0 Inspection

Watertight Integrity Test will be performed as follows:

- Upon completion of an expansion joint seal, perform a water test on the top surface to detect any leakage. Cover the roadway section of the joint from curb to curb, or barrier rail to barrier rail, with water, either ponded or flowing, not less than 1 inch above the roadway surface at all points. Block sidewalk sections and secure an unnozzled water hose delivering approximately 1 gallon of water per minute to the inside face of the bridge railing, trained in a downward position about 6 inches above the sidewalks, such that there is continuous flow of water across the sidewalk and down the curb face of the joint.
- Maintain the ponding or flowing of water on the roadway and continuous flow across sidewalks and curbs for a period of 5 hours. At the conclusion of the test, the underside of the joint is closely examined for leakage. The expansion joint seal is considered watertight if no obvious wetness is visible on the Engineer's finger after touching a number of under-deck areas. Damp concrete that does not impart wetness to the finger is not a sign of leakage.
- If the joint system leaks, locate the place(s) of leakage and take any repair measures necessary to stop the leakage at no additional cost to the Department. Use repair measures recommended by the manufacturer and approved by the Engineer prior to beginning corrective work.
- If measures to eliminate leakage are taken, perform a subsequent water integrity test subject to the same conditions as the original test at no extra cost to the Department.

7.0 BASIS OF PAYMENT

Expansion joint elastomeric seal replacement will be measured and paid for at the lump sum price bid for "Expansion Joint Seals" which price and payment will be full compensation for removal of existing elastomeric seals, furnishing and installing new expansion joint elastomeric seals, and performing the watertight integrity tests, including but not limited to all materials, labor, tools, and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Payment will be made t	ander:
Expansion Joint Seals	Lump Sum

HYDRODEMOLITION OF BRIDGE DECK

(SPECIAL)

1.0 GENERAL

The work covered in this section consists of removing concrete bridge deck and approach slabs to the dimensions shown on the plans by using Hydrodemolition process, which is a concrete removal technique utilizing high pressure water blasting.

Submit hydrodemolition water management plan for approval prior to beginning work. This plan will specify the collection, treatment, and disposal methods for all run-off water generated by the scarification and hydrodemolition processes in accordance with the NCDOT Guidelines for Managing Hydrodemolition Water and all applicable regulations concerning run-off water disposal.

2.0 EQUIPMENT

Use the following equipment:

- Hydrodemolition machine, self-propelled with min. 17,000 psi orifice pressure.
- Sawing equipment capable of sawing concrete to the specified depth.
- Scarifying equipment that is a power-operated, mechanical scarifier or grinder capable of removing at least 1/4 inch for each pass.
- Hand-held high velocity (7,500 psi minimum) water-jet equipment capable of removing rust scale from reinforcing steel, or removing small chips of concrete partially loosened by the scarifying or chipping operation, and of removing rehydrated dust left from scarification.
- Power driven hand tools such as, pneumatic hammers weighing a nominal 35 lbs. or less.
- Hand tools such as hammers and chisels.

Hydrodemolition machine will be self-propelled and capable of producing a water-jet through an orifice at a pressure of at least 17,000 psi. The machine will move the jet transversely across the area and forward and backward so that the entire deck is covered with the water-jet and operated at a pressure sufficient to remove the concrete.

The machine will have sufficient means to control and vary the following functions:

- (1) Water pressure.
- (2) Angle and distance of the orifice in relation to the surface to be blasted.
- (3) Limits of transverse and longitudinal movement of the orifice.
- (4) Speed of the orifice in the transverse and longitudinal direction.

The high pressure pump(s) will be equipped with over-pressurization relief valves and rupture disc systems. All high pressure components will be rated at full working pressure of the hydrodemolition system. The complete hydrodemolition system must be capable of

depressurizing from a single point. The equipment must operate at a noise level of less than 90 decibels at a distance of 50 feet.

3.0 CONSTRUCTION

Remove existing concrete from the bridge deck and approach slabs as shown on the plans and as follows:

- <u>Sealing expansion joints:</u> Prior to beginning hydrodemolition, seal expansion joints subjected to run-off water from the hydrodemolition process with material approved by the Engineer. The expansion joints will remain sealed until water from the hydrodemolition process no longer passes over them. Take all necessary steps to eliminate the flow of water through the expansion joints, and any other locations water could leak from the deck.
- <u>Sealing deck drains</u>: Prior to beginning the deck scarification, seal all deck drains in the immediate work area and other sections of the bridge affected by the work deck. They will remain sealed until it has been determined that materials from the hydrodemolition and concrete pouring operations cannot be discharged through them.
- <u>Scarifying Bridge Deck:</u> Scarify the concrete surface of the affected deck and approach slab areas to a uniform depth of 1/2 inch. Remove and dispose of all concrete, and thoroughly clean the scarified surface. In areas where reinforcing steel is located in the depth to be scarified, use another method with the Engineer's approval. If reinforcing bars are pulled up or snagged during scarification milling operations, cease operations and consult with the Engineer to determine what adjustments, if any, need to be made.
- <u>Installing Under-Deck Containment:</u> Under areas of the bridge deck where hydrodemolition occurs, install under-deck containment. Submit for approval detailed plans for under-deck containment. Detail how waste, debris, and wastewater are kept from falling below.
- <u>Hydrodemolition</u>: The Engineer will designate one trial area of approximately 20 square feet for the Contractor to demonstrate that the equipment, personnel, and methods of operation are capable of producing results to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Calibrate the equipment to remove the concrete from the scarified surface to the depth required. When satisfactory results are obtained, the machine parameters will be used for production removal. Make adjustments to the operating parameters, as required, to perform concrete removal as indicated on the drawings and to adjust to the variance in the compressive strength of the concrete.

Take all necessary steps to prevent cutting or otherwise damaging existing reinforcing steel. Any such bars damaged (nicks deeper than 20% of the bar diameter) shall be repaired or replaced. Reinforcing bars are Grade 60 and meet the material requirements of Section 1070 of the Standard Specifications. Replacement bars will be spliced to existing bars using either minimum 30 bar diameter lap splices or approved mechanical connectors.

Support and protect the exposed reinforcing steel, which is left unsupported by the hydrodemolition process, against displacement and damage from loads such as those caused by removal equipment and delivery buggies. All reinforcing steel damaged or dislodged by these operations will be replaced with bars of the same size at the Contractor's expense.

Reinforcing steel exposed and cleaned by hydrodemolition will not require re-cleaning if encased in concrete within seven (7) days. Rebar exposed for more than seven (7) days will be cleaned by high velocity water jets (4,000 psi minimum) prior to placement of the new concrete.

The removal area will be thoroughly cleaned of all dirt, foreign materials and loose concrete to the extent necessary to produce a firm solid surface for adherence of new concrete. Remove the concrete debris either by hand or by mechanical means capable of removing wet debris and water all in the same pass and directly follow the hydrodemolition process to prevent the debris from re-setting or re-adhering to the surface of the remaining concrete. Dispose of all debris generated by the scarification operations.

All water used for hydrodemolition shall be potable. Provide all the water required for the project.

If hydrodemolition is performed at night, provide adequate lighting as required to allow for the safe conduct of night time removal operation. Submit a lighting plan to the Engineer for approval prior to beginning work.

4.0 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT:

Scarifying Bridge Deck will be measured and paid for by the contract unit price per square yard and will be full compensation for the milling of the concrete bridge deck and approach slabs, repairing or replacing any damaged reinforcing steel, and the cleaning and disposal of all waste material generated.

Hydrodemolition of Bridge Deck will be measured and paid for by the contract unit price per square yard and will be full compensation for the removal of the concrete bridge deck and approach slabs, providing under deck containment, disposal of all waste materials, and for furnishing all materials, labor, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Payment will be made under:

Scarifying Bridge Deck Hydrodemolition of Bridge Deck Square Yard Square Yard

MANAGING HYDRODEMOLITION WATER

(SPECIAL)

1.0 GENERAL

Collect and properly dispose of hydrodemolition water from bridge deck.

Prepare a written hydrodemolition water management plan in accordance with the Guidelines for Managing Hydrodemolition Water available at http://www.ncdot.gov/projects/ncbridges/#stats. Submit plan and obtain approval from the Engineer prior to beginning of the hydrodemolition operation.

Prior to final payment, submit a paper copy of all completed records pertaining to disposal of hydrodemolition water.

2.0 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

No separate payment will be made for this work. The entire cost for collecting, sampling, testing, pH adjustment, monitoring, handling, discharging, hauling, disposing of the hydrodemolition water, documentation, record keeping, and obtaining permits if applicable, will be included in the various pay items.

BRIDGE JOINT DEMOLITION

(SPECIAL)

1.0 DESCRIPTION

The work covered in this section consists of the removal of existing compression joints and adjacent concrete to facilitate the installation of new foam joint seals as shown on the plans.

2.0 EQUIPMENT

Use the following surface preparation equipment:

- Sawing equipment capable of sawing concrete to a specified depth.
- Power driven hand tools such as pneumatic hammers weighing a nominal 15 lbs (7 kg) or less.
- Hand tools such as hammers and chisels for removal of final particles of concrete.

3.0 REMOVAL AND PREPARATION

Prior to any construction, take the necessary precautions to ensure debris from joint construction is not allowed to fall below the bridge deck.

Remove existing joint material by methods approved by the Engineer. Provide a 1" deep saw cut around the perimeter of areas noted for bridge deck removal.

Remove by chipping with hand tools concrete adjacent to the joint to the limits shown on the contract plans. Use a small chipping hammer (15 lb. class) to prepare the edges of the repair area to limit micro fractures. In addition, all loose and unsound concrete shall be removed.

In overhangs, removing concrete areas greater than 0.60 ft2/ft length of bridge will require overhang support. Submit the overhang support method to the Engineer for approval.

Care shall be taken not to cut, stretch, or damage any exposed reinforcing steel. Dispose of the removed concrete.

If the condition of the concrete is such that deep spalls or sheer faces result, notify the Engineer for the proper course of action.

Clean, repair or replace rusted or loose reinforcing steel. Thoroughly clean the newly exposed surface to be free of all grease, oil, curing compounds, acids, dirt, or loose debris.

4.0 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

No separate payment will be made for bridge joint demolition. The contract price bid for "Foam Joint Seals" will be full compensation for removal, containment and disposal of existing joint material and concrete including the cost of labor, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS – TERMINATION OF CONTRACTS

(5-20-08)

Z-2

General Statute 143C-6-11. (h) Highway Appropriation is hereby incorporated verbatim in this contract as follows:

(h) Amounts Encumbered. - Transportation project appropriations may be encumbered in the amount of allotments made to the Department of Transportation by the Director for the estimated payments for transportation project contract work to be performed in the appropriation fiscal year. The allotments shall be multiyear allotments and shall be based on estimated revenues and shall be subject to the maximum contract authority contained in General Statute 143C-6-11(c). Payment for transportation project work performed pursuant to contract in any fiscal year other than the current fiscal year is subject to appropriations by the General Assembly. Transportation project contracts shall contain a schedule of estimated completion progress, and any acceleration of this progress shall be subject to the approval of the Department of Transportation provided funds are available. The State reserves the right to terminate or suspend any transportation project contract, and any transportation project contract shall be so terminated or suspended if funds will not be available for payment of the work to be performed during that fiscal year pursuant to the contract. In the event of termination of any contract, the contractor shall be given a written notice of termination at least 60 days before completion of scheduled work for which funds are available. In the event of termination, the contractor shall be paid for the work already performed in accordance with the contract specifications.

Payment will be made on any contract terminated pursuant to the special provision in accordance with Subarticle 108-13(E) of the 2012 Standard Specifications.

STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION NCDOT GENERAL SEED SPECIFICATION FOR SEED QUALITY

(5-17-11)

Z-3

Seed shall be sampled and tested by the North Carolina Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Seed Testing Laboratory. When said samples are collected, the vendor shall supply an independent laboratory report for each lot to be tested. Results from seed so sampled shall be final. Seed not meeting the specifications shall be rejected by the Department of Transportation and shall not be delivered to North Carolina Department of Transportation warehouses. If seed has been delivered it shall be available for pickup and replacement at the supplier's expense.

Any re-labeling required by the North Carolina Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Seed Testing Laboratory, that would cause the label to reflect as otherwise specified herein shall be rejected by the North Carolina Department of Transportation.

Seed shall be free from seeds of the noxious weeds Johnsongrass, Balloonvine, Jimsonweed, Witchweed, Itchgrass, Serrated Tussock, Showy Crotalaria, Smooth Crotalaria, Sicklepod, Sandbur, Wild Onion, and Wild Garlic. Seed shall not be labeled with the above weed species on the seed analysis label. Tolerances as applied by the Association of Official Seed Analysts will NOT be allowed for the above noxious weeds except for Wild Onion and Wild Garlic.

Tolerances established by the Association of Official Seed Analysts will generally be recognized. However, for the purpose of figuring pure live seed, the <u>found</u> pure seed and <u>found</u> germination percentages as reported by the North Carolina Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Seed Testing Laboratory will be used. Allowances, as established by the NCDOT, will be recognized for minimum pure live seed as listed on the following pages.

The specifications for restricted noxious weed seed refers to the number per pound as follows:

Restricted Noxious Weed	Limitations per Lb. Of Seed	Restricted Noxious Weed	Limitations per Lb. of Seed
Blessed Thistle Cocklebur Spurred Anoda Velvetleaf Morning-glory Corn Cockle Wild Radish Purple Nutsedge Yellow Nutsedge Canada Thistle Field Bindweed Hedge Bindweed	4 seeds 4 seeds 4 seeds 4 seeds 8 seeds 10 seeds 12 seeds 27 seeds 27 seeds 27 seeds 27 seeds 27 seeds 27 seeds	Cornflower (Ragged Robin) Texas Panicum Bracted Plantain Buckhorn Plantain Broadleaf Dock Curly Dock Dodder Giant Foxtail Horsenettle Quackgrass Wild Mustard	27 seeds 27 seeds 54 seeds
Treage Dillaweed	27 30003		

Seed of Pensacola Bahiagrass shall not contain more than 7% inert matter, Kentucky Bluegrass, Centipede and Fine or Hard Fescue shall not contain more than 5% inert matter whereas a maximum of 2% inert matter will be allowed on all other kinds of seed. In addition, all seed shall not contain more than 2% other crop seed nor more than 1% total weed seed. The germination rate as tested by the North Carolina Department of Agriculture shall not fall below 70%, which includes both dormant and hard seed. Seed shall be labeled with not more than 7%, 5% or 2% inert matter (according to above specifications), 2% other crop seed and 1% total weed seed.

Exceptions may be made for minimum pure live seed allowances when cases of seed variety shortages are verified. Pure live seed percentages will be applied in a verified shortage situation. Those purchase orders of deficient seed lots will be credited with the percentage that the seed is deficient.

FURTHER SPECIFICATIONS FOR EACH SEED GROUP ARE GIVEN BELOW:

Minimum 85% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop seed; maximum 144 restricted noxious weed seed per pound. Seed less than 83% pure live seed will not be approved.

Sericea Lespedeza Oats (seeds)

Minimum 80% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop; maximum 144 restricted noxious weed seed per pound. Seed less than 78% pure live seed will not be approved.

Tall Fescue (all approved varieties)
Kobe Lespedeza
Korean Lespedeza
Weeping Lovegrass
Carpetgrass

Bermudagrass
Browntop Millet
German Millet – Strain R
Clover – Red/White/Crimson

Minimum 78% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop seed; maximum 144 restricted noxious weed seed per pound. Seed less than 76% pure live seed will not be approved.

Common or Sweet Sundangrass

Minimum 76% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop seed; maximum 144 restricted noxious weed seed per pound. Seed less than 74% pure live seed will not be approved.

Rye (grain; all varieties) Kentucky Bluegrass (all approved varieties) Hard Fescue (all approved varieties) Shrub (bicolor) Lespedeza Minimum 70% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop seed; maximum 144 noxious weed seed per pound. Seed less than 70% pure live seed will not be approved.

Centipedegrass

Japanese Millet Reed Canary Grass

Crownvetch

Zoysia

Pensacola Bahiagrass

Creeping Red Fescue

Minimum 70% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop seed; maximum 5% inert matter; maximum 144 restricted noxious weed seed per pound.

Barnyard Grass

Big Bluestem

Little Bluestem

Bristly Locust

Birdsfoot Trefoil

Indiangrass

Orchardgrass

Switchgrass

Yellow Blossom Sweet Clover

ERRATA

(1-17-12) (Rev. 1-21-14)

Z-4

Revise the 2012 Standard Specifications as follows:

Division 2

Page 2-7, line 31, Article 215-2 Construction Methods, replace "Article 107-26" with "Article 107-25".

Page 2-17, Article 226-3, Measurement and Payment, line 2, delete "pipe culverts,".

Page 2-20, Subarticle 230-4(B), Contractor Furnished Sources, change references as follows: Line 1, replace "(4) Buffer Zone" with "(c) Buffer Zone"; Line 12, replace "(5) Evaluation for Potential Wetlands and Endangered Species" with "(d) Evaluation for Potential Wetlands and Endangered Species"; and Line 33, replace "(6) Approval" with "(4) Approval".

Division 3

Page 3-1, after line 15, Article 300-2 Materials, replace "1032-9(F)" with "1032-6(F)".

Division 4

Page 4-77, line 27, Subarticle 452-3(C) Concrete Coping, replace "sheet pile" with "reinforcement".

Division 6

Page 6-7, line 31, Article 609-3 Field Verification of Mixture and Job Mix Formula Adjustments, replace "30" with "45".

Page 6-10, line 42, Subarticle 609-6(C)(2), replace "Subarticle 609-6(E)" with "Subarticle 609-6(D)".

Page 6-11, Table 609-1 Control Limits, replace "Max. Spec. Limit" for the Target Source of $P_{0.075}/P_{be}$ Ratio with "1.0".

Page 6-40, Article 650-2 Materials, replace "Subarticle 1012-1(F)" with "Subarticle 1012-1(E)"

Division 8

Page 8-23, line 10, Article 838-2 Materials, replace "Portland Cement Concrete, Class B" with "Portland Cement Concrete, Class A".

Division 12

Page 12-7, Table 1205-3, add "FOR THERMOPLASTIC" to the end of the title.

Page 12-8, Subarticle 1205-5(B), line 13, replace "Table 1205-2" with "Table 1205-4".

Page 12-8, Table 1205-4 and 1205-5, replace "THERMOPLASTIC" in the title of these tables with "POLYUREA".

Page 12-9, Subarticle 1205-6(B), line 21, replace "Table 1205-4" with "Table 1205-6".

Page 12-11, Subarticle 1205-8(C), line 25, replace "Table 1205-5" with "Table 1205-7".

Division 15

Page 15-4, Subarticle 1505-3(F) Backfilling, line 26, replace "Subarticle 235-4(C)" with "Subarticle 235-3(C)".

Page 15-6, Subarticle 1510-3(B), after line 21, replace the allowable leakage formula with the following: $W = LD\sqrt{P} \div 148,000$

Page 15-6, Subarticle 1510-3(B), line 32, delete "may be performed concurrently or" and replace with "shall be performed".

Page 15-17, Subarticle 1540-3(E), line 27, delete "Type 1".

Division 17

Page 17-26, line 42, Subarticle 1731-3(D) Termination and Splicing within Interconnect Center, delete this subarticle.

Revise the 2012 Roadway Standard Drawings as follows:

1633.01 Sheet 1 of 1, English Standard Drawing for Matting Installation, replace "1633.01" with "1631.01".

PLANT AND PEST QUARANTINES

(Imported Fire Ant, Gypsy Moth, Witchweed, And Other Noxious Weeds)

(3-18-03) (Rev. 10-15-13)

Z-04a

Within Quarantined Area

This project may be within a county regulated for plant and/or pests. If the project or any part of the Contractor's operations is located within a quarantined area, thoroughly clean all equipment prior to moving out of the quarantined area. Comply with federal/state regulations by obtaining a certificate or limited permit for any regulated article moving from the quarantined area.

Originating in a Quarantined County

Obtain a certificate or limited permit issued by the N.C. Department of Agriculture/United States Department of Agriculture. Have the certificate or limited permit accompany the article when it arrives at the project site.

Contact

Contact the N.C. Department of Agriculture/United States Department of Agriculture at 1-800-206-9333, 919-733-6932, or http://www.ncagr.gov/plantind/ to determine those specific project sites located in the quarantined area or for any regulated article used on this project originating in a quarantined county.

Regulated Articles Include

- 1. Soil, sand, gravel, compost, peat, humus, muck, and decomposed manure, separately or with other articles. This includes movement of articles listed above that may be associated with cut/waste, ditch pulling, and shoulder cutting.
- 2. Plants with roots including grass sod.
- 3. Plant crowns and roots.
- 4. Bulbs, corms, rhizomes, and tubers of ornamental plants.
- 5. Hay, straw, fodder, and plant litter of any kind.
- 6. Clearing and grubbing debris.
- 7. Used agricultural cultivating and harvesting equipment.
- 8. Used earth-moving equipment.
- 9. Any other products, articles, or means of conveyance, of any character, if determined by an inspector to present a hazard of spreading imported fire ant, gypsy moth, witchweed or other noxious weeds.

AWARD OF CONTRACT

(6-28-77)

Z-6

"The North Carolina Department of Transportation, in accordance with the provisions of *Title VI* of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (78 Stat. 252) and the Regulations of the Department of Transportation (49 C.F.R., Part 21), issued pursuant to such act, hereby notifies all bidders that it will affirmatively insure that the contract entered into pursuant to this advertisement will be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder without discrimination on the ground of race, color, or national origin".

MINORITY AND FEMALE EMPLOYMENT REQUIREMENTS

Z-7

NOTICE OF REQUIREMENTS FOR AFFIRMATIVE ACTION TO ENSURE EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY (EXECUTIVE NUMBER 11246)

1. The goals and timetables for minority and female participation, expressed in percentage terms for the Contractor's aggregate workforce in each trade on all construction work in the covered area, see as shown on the attached sheet entitled "Employment Goals for Minority and Female participation".

These goals are applicable to all the Contractor's construction work (whether or not it is Federal or federally assisted) performed in the covered area. If the Contractor performs construction work in a geographical area located outside of the covered area, it shall apply the goals established for such geographical area where the work is actually performed. With regard to this second area, the Contractor also is subject to the goals for both its federally involved and nonfederally involved construction.

The Contractor's compliance with the Executive Order and the regulations in 41 CFR Part 60-4 shall be based on its implementation of the Equal Opportunity Clause, specific affirmative action obligations required by the specifications set forth in 41 CFR 60-4.3(a), and its effort to meet the goals. The hours of minority and female employment and training must be substantially uniform throughout the length of the contract, and in each trade and the Contractor shall make a good faith effort to employ minorities and women evenly on each of its projects. The transfer of minority or female employees or trainees from Contractor to Contractor or from project to project or the sole purpose of meeting the Contractor's goals shall be a violation of the contract, the executive Order and the regulations in 41 CFR Part 60-4. Compliance with the goals will be measured against the total work hours performed.

2. As used in this Notice and in the contract resulting from this solicitation, the "covered area" is the county or counties shown on the cover sheet of the proposal form and contract.

EMPLOYMENT GOALS FOR MINORITY AND FEMALE PARTICIPATION

Economic Areas

Area 023 29.7%

Bertie County Camden County **Chowan County Gates County** Hertford County Pasquotank County **Perquimans County**

Area 024 31.7%

Beaufort County Carteret County Craven County Dare County Edgecombe County Green County Halifax County **Hyde County** Jones County **Lenoir County Martin County** Nash County Northampton County **Pamlico County** Pitt County Tyrrell County

Washington County

Wayne County

Wilson County

Area 025 23.5% Columbus County **Duplin County Onslow County Pender County**

Area 026 33.5% Bladen County **Hoke County Richmond County Robeson County** Sampson County **Scotland County**

Area 027 24.7%

Chatham County Franklin County Granville County Harnett County Johnston County Lee County Person County Vance County Warren County

Area 028 15.5%

Alleghany County Ashe County **Caswell County Davie County Montgomery County Moore County Rockingham County Surry County** Watauga County Wilkes County

<u> Area 029 15.7%</u> **Alexander County Anson County Burke County Cabarrus County** Caldwell County Catawba County **Cleveland County Iredell County** Lincoln County **Polk County Rowan County Rutherford County Stanly County**

Area 0480 8.5% **Buncombe County Madison County**

Area 030 6.3%

Avery County Cherokee County **Clay County Graham County Haywood County** Henderson County **Jackson County** McDowell County **Macon County** Mitchell County **Swain County**

Transylvania County Yancey County

SMSA Areas

Area 5720 26.6% Currituck County

4 0200 20.70/

Area 9200 20.7% Brunswick County New Hanover County

Area 2560 24.2% Cumberland County Area 6640 22.8%

Durham County

Orange County

Wake County

Area 1300 16.2% Alamance County Area 3120 16.4%
Davidson County
Forsyth County
Guilford County
Randolph County
Stokes County
Yadkin County

Area 1520 18.3%
Gaston County
Mecklenburg County
Union County

Goals for Female

Participation in Each Trade

(Statewide) 6.9%

REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FEDERAL - AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

FHWA - 1273 Electronic Version - May 1, 2012

7.-8

- I General
- II. Nondiscrimination
- III. Nonsegregated Facilities
- IV. Davis-Bacon and Related Act Provisions
- V. Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act Provisions
- V1. Subletting or Assigning the Contract
- VII. Safety: Accident Prevention
- VIII. False Statements Concerning Highway Projects
- IX. Implementation of Clean Air Act and Federal Water Pollution Control Act
- X. Compliance with Governmentwide Suspension and Debarment Requirements
- XI. Certification Regarding Use of Contract Funds for Lobbying

ATTACHMENTS

A. Employment and Materials Preference for Appalachian Development Highway System or Appalachian Local Access Road Contracts (included in Appalachian contracts only)

I. GENERAL

1. Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated in each construction contract funded under Title 23 (excluding emergency contracts solely intended for debris removal). The contractor (or subcontractor) must insert this form in each subcontract and further require its inclusion in all lower tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services).

The applicable requirements of Form FHWA-1273 are incorporated by reference for work done under any purchase order, rental agreement or agreement for other services. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Form FHWA-1273 must be included in all Federal-aid design-build contracts, in all subcontracts and in lower tier subcontracts (excluding subcontracts for design services, purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services). The design-builder shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Contracting agencies may reference Form FHWA-1273 in bid proposal or request for proposal documents, however, the Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated (not referenced) in all contracts, subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services related to a construction contract).

- Subject to the applicability criteria noted in the following sections, these contract provisions shall apply to all work performed on the contract by the contractor's own organization and with the assistance of workers under the contractor's immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work, or by subcontract.
- 3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions may be sufficient grounds for withholding of progress payments, withholding of final payment, termination of the contract, suspension / debarment or any other action determined to be appropriate by the contracting agency and FHWA.
- 4. Selection of Labor: During the performance of this contract, the contractor shall not use convict labor for any purpose within the limits of a construction project on a Federal-aid highway unless it is labor performed by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation. The term Federal-aid highway does not include roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors.

II. NONDISCRIMINATION

The provisions of this section related to 23 CFR Part 230 are applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more. The provisions of 23 CFR Part 230 are not applicable to material supply, engineering, or architectural service contracts

In addition, the contractor and all subcontractors must comply with the following policies: Executive Order 11246, 41 CFR 60, 29 CFR 1625-1627, Title 23 USC Section 140, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 USC 794), Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26 and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The contractor and all subcontractors must comply with: the requirements of the Equal Opportunity Clause in 41 CFR 60-1.4(b) and, for all construction contracts exceeding \$10,000, the Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications in 41 CFR 60-4.3.

Note: The U.S. Department of Labor has exclusive authority to determine compliance with Executive Order 11246 and the policies of the Secretary of Labor including 41 CFR 60, and 29 CFR 1625-1627. The contracting agency and the FHWA have the authority and the responsibility to ensure compliance with Title 23 USC Section 140, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 USC 794), and Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26 and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The following provision is adopted from 23 CFR 230, Appendix A, with appropriate revisions to conform to the U.S. Department of Labor (US DOL) and FHWA requirements.

Equal Employment Opportunity: Equal employment opportunity (EEO) requirements not to discriminate and to take affirmative action to assure equal opportunity as set forth under laws, executive orders, rules, regulations (28 CFR 35, 29 CFR 1630, 29 CFR 1625-1627, 41 CFR 60 and 49 CFR 27) and orders of the Secretary of Labor as modified by the provisions prescribed herein, and imposed pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 140 shall constitute the EEO and specific affirmative action standards for the contractor's project activities under this contract. The provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) set forth under 28 CFR 35 and 29 CFR 1630 are

incorporated by reference in this contract. In the execution of this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with the following minimum specific requirement activities of EEO:

- a. The contractor will work with the contracting agency and the Federal Government to ensure that it has made every good faith effort to provide equal opportunity with respect to all of its terms and conditions of employment and in their review of activities under the contract.
- The contractor will accept as its operating policy the following statement: "It is the policy of this Company to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, sex, color, national origin, age or disability. Such action shall include: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer, recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship, pre-apprenticeship, and/or on-the-job training."
- EEO Officer: The contractor will designate and make known to the contracting officers an EEO Officer who will have the responsibility for and
 must be capable of effectively administering and promoting an active EEO program and who must be assigned adequate authority and
 responsibility to do so.
- 3. Dissemination of Policy: All members of the contractor's staff who are authorized to hire, supervise, promote, and discharge employees, or who recommend such action, or who are substantially involved in such action, will be made fully cognizant of, and will implement, the contractor's EEO policy and contractual responsibilities to provide EEO in each grade and classification of employment. To ensure that the above agreement will be met, the following actions will be taken as a minimum:
 - a. Periodic meetings of supervisory and personnel office employees will be conducted before the start of work and then not less often than once every six months, at which time the contractor's EEO policy and its implementation will be reviewed and explained. The meetings will be conducted by the EEO Officer.
 - b. All new supervisory or personnel office employees will be given a thorough indoctrination by the EEO Officer, covering all major aspects of the contractor's EEO obligations within thirty days following their reporting for duty with the contractor.
 - c. All personnel who are engaged in direct recruitment for the project will be instructed by the EEO Officer in the contractor's procedures for locating and hiring minorities and women.
 - d. Notices and posters setting forth the contractor's EEO policy will be placed in areas readily accessible to employees, applicants for employment and potential employees.
 - e. The contractor's EEO policy and the procedures to implement such policy will be brought to the attention of employees by means of meetings, employee handbooks, or other appropriate means.
- 4. Recruitment: When advertising for employees, the contractor will include in all advertisements for employees the notation: "An Equal Opportunity Employer." All such advertisements will be placed in publications having a large circulation among minorities and women in the area from which the project work force would normally be derived.
 - a. The contractor will, unless precluded by a valid bargaining agreement, conduct systematic and direct recruitment through public and private employee referral sources likely to yield qualified minorities and women. To meet this requirement, the contractor will identify sources of potential minority group employees, and establish with such identified sources procedures whereby minority and women applicants may be referred to the contractor for employment consideration.
 - b. In the event the contractor has a valid bargaining agreement providing for exclusive hiring hall referrals, the contractor is expected to observe the provisions of that agreement to the extent that the system meets the contractor's compliance with EEO contract provisions. Where implementation of such an agreement has the effect of discriminating against minorities or women, or obligates the contractor to do the same, such implementation violates Federal nondiscrimination provisions.
 - c. The contractor will encourage its present employees to refer minorities and women as applicants for employment. Information and procedures with regard to referring such applicants will be discussed with employees.
- 5. Personnel Actions: Wages, working conditions, and employee benefits shall be established and administered, and personnel actions of every type, including hiring, upgrading, promotion, transfer, demotion, layoff, and termination, shall be taken without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability. The following procedures shall be followed:
 - a. The contractor will conduct periodic inspections of project sites to insure that working conditions and employee facilities do not indicate discriminatory treatment of project site personnel.
 - b. The contractor will periodically evaluate the spread of wages paid within each classification to determine any evidence of discriminatory wage practices.
 - c. The contractor will periodically review selected personnel actions in depth to determine whether there is evidence of discrimination. Where evidence is found, the contractor will promptly take corrective action. If the review indicates that the discrimination may extend beyond the actions reviewed, such corrective action shall include all affected persons.
 - d. The contractor will promptly investigate all complaints of alleged discrimination made to the contractor in connection with its obligations under this contract, will attempt to resolve such complaints, and will take appropriate corrective action within a reasonable time. If the investigation indicates that the discrimination may affect persons other than the complainant, such corrective action shall include such other persons. Upon completion of each investigation, the contractor will inform every complainant of all of their avenues of appeal.

6. Training and Promotion:

- a. The contractor will assist in locating, qualifying, and increasing the skills of minorities and women who are applicants for employment or current employees. Such efforts should be aimed at developing full journey level status employees in the type of trade or job classification involved.
- b. Consistent with the contractor's work force requirements and as permissible under Federal and State regulations, the contractor shall make full use of training programs, i.e., apprenticeship, and on-the-job training programs for the geographical area of contract performance. In the event a special provision for training is provided under this contract, this subparagraph will be superseded as indicated in the special provision. The contracting agency may reserve training positions for persons who receive welfare assistance in accordance with 23 U.S.C. 140(a).
- c The contractor will advise employees and applicants for employment of available training programs and entrance requirements for each.
- d. The contractor will periodically review the training and promotion potential of employees who are minorities and women and will encourage eligible employees to apply for such training and promotion.

- 7. Unions: If the contractor relies in whole or in part upon unions as a source of employees, the contractor will use good faith efforts to obtain the cooperation of such unions to increase opportunities for minorities and women. Actions by the contractor, either directly or through a contractor's association acting as agent, will include the procedures set forth below:
 - a. The contractor will use good faith efforts to develop, in cooperation with the unions, joint training programs aimed toward qualifying more minorities and women for membership in the unions and increasing the skills of minorities and women so that they may qualify for higher paying employment.
 - b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to incorporate an EEO clause into each union agreement to the end that such union will be contractually bound to refer applicants without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability.
 - c. The contractor is to obtain information as to the referral practices and policies of the labor union except that to the extent such information is within the exclusive possession of the labor union and such labor union refuses to furnish such information to the contractor, the contractor shall so certify to the contracting agency and shall set forth what efforts have been made to obtain such information.
 - d. In the event the union is unable to provide the contractor with a reasonable flow of referrals within the time limit set forth in the collective bargaining agreement, the contractor will, through independent recruitment efforts, fill the employment vacancies without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability; making full efforts to obtain qualified and/or qualifiable minorities and women. The failure of a union to provide sufficient referrals (even though it is obligated to provide exclusive referrals under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement) does not relieve the contractor from the requirements of this paragraph. In the event the union referral practice prevents the contractor from meeting the obligations pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and these special provisions, such contractor shall immediately notify the contracting agency.
- 8. Reasonable Accommodation for Applicants / Employees with Disabilities: The contractor must be familiar with the requirements for and comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act and all rules and regulations established there under. Employers must provide reasonable accommodation in all employment activities unless to do so would cause an undue hardship.
- 9. Selection of Subcontractors, Procurement of Materials and Leasing of Equipment: The contractor shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the administration of this contract.
 - a. The contractor shall notify all potential subcontractors and suppliers and lessors of their EEO obligations under this contract.
 - b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to ensure subcontractor compliance with their EEO obligations.

10. Assurance Required by 49 CFR 26.13(b):

- a. The requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and the State DOT's U.S. DOT-approved DBE program are incorporated by reference.
- b. The contractor or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the contracting agency deems appropriate.
- 11. Records and Reports: The contractor shall keep such records as necessary to document compliance with the EEO requirements. Such records shall be retained for a period of three years following the date of the final payment to the contractor for all contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the contracting agency and the FHWA.
 - a. The records kept by the contractor shall document the following:
 - (1) The number and work hours of minority and non-minority group members and women employed in each work classification on the project;
 - (2) The progress and efforts being made in cooperation with unions, when applicable, to increase employment opportunities for minorities and women; and
 - (3) The progress and efforts being made in locating, hiring, training, qualifying, and upgrading minorities and women;
 - b. The contractors and subcontractors will submit an annual report to the contracting agency each July for the duration of the project, indicating the number of minority, women, and non-minority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. This information is to be reported on Form FHWA-1391. The staffing data should represent the project work force on board in all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July. If on-the-job training is being required by special provision, the contractor will be required to collect and report training data. The employment data should reflect the work force on board during all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July.

III. NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more.

The contractor must ensure that facilities provided for employees are provided in such a manner that segregation on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin cannot result. The contractor may neither require such segregated use by written or oral policies nor tolerate such use by employee custom. The contractor's obligation extends further to ensure that its employees are not assigned to perform their services at any location, under the contractor's control, where the facilities are segregated. The term "facilities" includes waiting rooms, work areas, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, restrooms, washrooms, locker rooms, and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing provided for employees. The contractor shall provide separate or single-user restrooms and necessary dressing or sleeping areas to assure privacy between sexes.

IV. DAVIS-BACON AND RELATED ACT PROVISIONS

This section is applicable to all Federal-aid construction projects exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (regardless of subcontract size). The requirements apply to all projects located within the right-of-way of a roadway that is functionally classified as Federal-aid highway. This excludes roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors, which are exempt. Contracting agencies may elect to apply these requirements to other projects.

The following provisions are from the U.S. Department of Labor regulations in 29 CFR 5.5 "Contract provisions and related matters" with minor revisions to conform to the FHWA-1273 format and FHWA program requirements.

1. Minimum wages

a. All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work, will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the

Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR part 3)), the full amount of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor and such laborers and mechanics.

Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under section 1(b)(2) of the Davis-Bacon Act on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of paragraph 1.d. of this section; also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics shall be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in 29 CFR 5.5(a)(4). Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein: Provided, That the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination poster (WH–1321) shall be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.

- b. (1) The contracting officer shall require that any class of laborers or mechanics, including helpers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination. The contracting officer shall approve an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits therefore only when the following criteria have been met:
 - (i) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination; and
 - (ii) The classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry; and
 - (iii) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.
 - (2) If the contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by the contracting officer to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, Employment Standards Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, DC 20210. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.
 - (3) In the event the contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Wage and Hour Administrator for determination. The Wage and Hour Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.
 - (4) The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraphs 1.b.(2) or 1.b.(3) of this section, shall be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.
- c. Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or shall pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.
- d. If the contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, Provided, That the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.
- 2. Withholding. The contracting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor under this contract, or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally-assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements, which is held by the same prime contractor, so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay laborers and mechanics, including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, employed by the contractor or any subcontractor the full amount of wages required by the contract. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee, or helper, employed or working on the site of the work, all or part of the wages required by the contract, the contracting agency may, after written notice to the contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.

3. Payrolls and basic records

- a. Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the contractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of three years thereafter for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work. Such records shall contain the name, address, and social security number of each such worker, his or her correct classification, hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act), daily and weekly number of hours worked, deductions made and actual wages paid. Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(iv) that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act, the contractor shall maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits. Contractors employing apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs and certification of trainee programs, the registration of the apprentices and trainees, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.
- b. (1) The contractor shall submit weekly for each week in which any contract work is performed a copy of all payrolls to the contracting agency. The payrolls submitted shall set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3)(i), except that full social security numbers and home addresses shall not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead the

payrolls shall only need to include an individually identifying number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee's social security number). The required weekly payroll information may be submitted in any form desired. Optional Form WH–347 is available for this purpose from the Wage and Hour Division Web site at http://www.dol.gov/esa/whd/forms/ wh347instr.htm or its successor site. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of copies of payrolls by all subcontractors. Contractors and subcontractors shall maintain the full social security number and current address of each covered worker, and shall provide them upon request to the contracting agency for transmission to the State DOT, the FHWA or the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or audit of compliance with prevailing wage requirements. It is not a violation of this section for a prime contractor to require a subcontractor to provide addresses and social security numbers to the prime contractor for its own records, without weekly submission to the contracting agency.

- (2) Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or subcontractor or his or her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the contract and shall certify the following:
 - (i) That the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under §5.5 (a)(3)(ii) of Regulations, 29 CFR part 5, the appropriate information is being maintained under §5.5 (a)(3)(i) of Regulations, 29 CFR part 5, and that such information is correct and complete;
 - (ii) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in Regulations, 29 CFR part 3;
 - (iii) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification of work performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.
- (3) The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH-347 shall satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph 3.b.(2) of this section.
- (4) The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under section 1001 of title 18 and section 231 of title 31 of the United States Code.
- c. The contractor or subcontractor shall make the records required under paragraph 3.a. of this section available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor, and shall permit such representatives to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, the FHWA may, after written notice to the contractor, the contracting agency or the State DOT, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR 5.12.

4. Apprentices and trainees

a. Apprentices (programs of the USDOL). Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they performed when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, or if a person is employed in his or her first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprenticeship program, who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice.

The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeymen on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated above, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyman's hourly rate) specified in the contractor's or subcontractor's registered program shall be observed.

Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program for the apprentice's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeymen hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringes shall be paid in accordance with that determination.

In the event the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

b. Trainees (programs of the USDOL). Except as provided in 29 CFR 5.16, trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed unless they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration.

The ratio of trainees to journeymen on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under the plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration.

Every trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the approved program for the trainee's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination unless the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship program associated with the corresponding journeyman wage rate on the wage determination which provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee rate who is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the work actually performed.

In the event the Employment and Training Administration withdraws approval of a training program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

- c. Equal employment opportunity. The utilization of apprentices, trainees and journeymen under this part shall be in conformity with the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and 29 CFR part 30.
- d. Apprentices and Trainees (programs of the U.S. DOT). Apprentices and trainees working under apprenticeship and skill training programs which have been certified by the Secretary of Transportation as promoting EEO in connection with Federal-aid highway construction programs are not subject to the requirements of paragraph 4 of this Section IV. The straight time hourly wage rates for apprentices and trainees under such programs will be established by the particular programs. The ratio of apprentices and trainees to journeymen shall not be greater than permitted by the terms of the particular program.
- 5. Compliance with Copeland Act requirements. The contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR part 3, which are incorporated by reference in this contract.
- Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor shall insert Form FHWA-1273 in any subcontracts and also require the subcontractors to include Form FHWA-1273 in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5.
- 7. Contract termination: debarment. A breach of the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5 may be grounds for termination of the contract, and for debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.
- Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act requirements. All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract.
- 9. **Disputes concerning labor standards.** Disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.
- 10. Certification of eligibility.
 - a. By entering into this contract, the contractor certifies that neither it (nor he or she) nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).
 - b. No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).
 - c. The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Criminal Code, 18 U.S.C. 1001.

V. CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT

The following clauses apply to any Federal-aid construction contract in an amount in excess of \$100,000 and subject to the overtime provisions of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act. These clauses shall be inserted in addition to the clauses required by 29 CFR 5.5(a) or 29 CFR 4.6. As used in this paragraph, the terms laborers and mechanics include watchmen and guards.

- 1. Overtime requirements. No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek.
- 2. Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages. In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (I.) of this section, the contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefor shall be liable for the unpaid wages. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or mechanic, including watchmen and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section, in the sum of \$10 for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section.
- 3. Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages. The FHWA or the contacting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor withhold or cause to be withheld, from any moneys payable on account of work performed by the contractor or subcontractor under any such contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally-assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, which is held by the same prime contractor, such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such contractor or subcontractor for unpaid wages and liquidated damages as provided in the clause set forth in paragraph (2.) of this section.
- 4. Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor shall insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in paragraph (1.) through (4.) of this section and also a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in paragraphs (1.) through (4.) of this section.

VI. SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING THE CONTRACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts on the National Highway System.

- 1. The contractor shall perform with its own organization contract work amounting to not less than 30 percent (or a greater percentage if specified elsewhere in the contract) of the total original contract price, excluding any specialty items designated by the contracting agency. Specialty items may be performed by subcontract and the amount of any such specialty items performed may be deducted from the total original contract price before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the contractor's own organization (23 CFR 635.116).
 - a. The term "perform work with its own organization" refers to workers employed or leased by the prime contractor, and equipment owned or rented by the prime contractor, with or without operators. Such term does not include employees or equipment of a subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor, agents of the prime contractor, or any other assignees. The term may include payments for the costs of hirring leased employees

from an employee leasing firm meeting all relevant Federal and State regulatory requirements. Leased employees may only be included in this term if the prime contractor meets all of the following conditions:

- (1) the prime contractor maintains control over the supervision of the day-to-day activities of the leased employees;
- (2) the prime contractor remains responsible for the quality of the work of the leased employees;
- (3) the prime contractor retains all power to accept or exclude individual employees from work on the project; and
- (4) the prime contractor remains ultimately responsible for the payment of predetermined minimum wages, the submission of payrolls, statements of compliance and all other Federal regulatory requirements.
- b. "Specialty Items" shall be construed to be limited to work that requires highly specialized knowledge, abilities, or equipment not ordinarily available in the type of contracting organizations qualified and expected to bid or propose on the contract as a whole and in general are to be limited to minor components of the overall contract.
- 2. The contract amount upon which the requirements set forth in paragraph (1) of Section VI is computed includes the cost of material and manufactured products which are to be purchased or produced by the contractor under the contract provisions.
- 3. The contractor shall furnish (a) a competent superintendent or supervisor who is employed by the firm, has full authority to direct performance of the work in accordance with the contract requirements, and is in charge of all construction operations (regardless of who performs the work) and (b) such other of its own organizational resources (supervision, management, and engineering services) as the contracting officer determines is necessary to assure the performance of the contract.
- 4. No portion of the contract shall be sublet, assigned or otherwise disposed of except with the written consent of the contracting officer, or authorized representative, and such consent when given shall not be construed to relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the fulfillment of the contract. Written consent will be given only after the contracting agency has assured that each subcontract is evidenced in writing and that it contains all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract.
- 5. The 30% self-performance requirement of paragraph (1) is not applicable to design-build contracts; however, contracting agencies may establish their own self-performance requirements.

VII. SAFETY: ACCIDENT PREVENTION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

- 1. In the performance of this contract the contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws governing safety, health, and sanitation (23 CFR 635). The contractor shall provide all safeguards, safety devices and protective equipment and take any other needed actions as it determines, or as the contracting officer may determine, to be reasonably necessary to protect the life and health of employees on the job and the safety of the public and to protect property in connection with the performance of the work covered by the contract.
- 2. It is a condition of this contract, and shall be made a condition of each subcontract, which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract, that the contractor and any subcontractor shall not permit any employee, in performance of the contract, to work in surroundings or under conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to his/her health or safety, as determined under construction safety and health standards (29 CFR 1926) promulgated by the Secretary of Labor, in accordance with Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704).
- 3. Pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.3, it is a condition of this contract that the Secretary of Labor or authorized representative thereof, shall have right of entry to any site of contract performance to inspect or investigate the matter of compliance with the construction safety and health standards and to carry out the duties of the Secretary under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C.3704).

VIII. FALSE STATEMENTS CONCERNING HIGHWAY PROJECTS

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

In order to assure high quality and durable construction in conformity with approved plans and specifications and a high degree of reliability on statements and representations made by engineers, contractors, suppliers, and workers on Federal-aid highway projects, it is essential that all persons concerned with the project perform their functions as carefully, thoroughly, and honestly as possible. Willful falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project is a violation of Federal law. To prevent any misunderstanding regarding the seriousness of these and similar acts, Form FHWA-1022 shall be posted on each Federal-aid highway project (23 CFR 635) in one or more places where it is readily available to all persons concerned with the project:

18 U.S.C. 1020 reads as follows:

"Whoever, being an officer, agent, or employee of the United States, or of any State or Territory, or whoever, whether a person, association, firm, or corporation, knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, or false report as to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of the material used or to be used, or the quantity or quality of the work performed or to be performed, or the cost thereof in connection with the submission of plans, maps, specifications, contracts, or costs of construction on any highway or related project submitted for approval to the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, false report or false claim with respect to the character, quality, or cost of any work performed or to be performed, or materials furnished or to be furnished, in connection with the construction of any highway or related project approved by the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or false representation as to material fact in any statement, certificate, or report submitted pursuant to provisions of the Federal-aid Roads Act approved July 1, 1916, (39 Stat. 355), as amended and supplemented;

Shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 5 years or both."

IX. IMPLEMENTATION OF CLEAN AIR ACT AND FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

By submission of this bid/proposal or the execution of this contract, or subcontract, as appropriate, the bidder, proposer, Federal-aid construction contractor, or subcontractor, as appropriate, will be deemed to have stipulated as follows:

- 1. That any person who is or will be utilized in the performance of this contract is not prohibited from receiving an award due to a violation of Section 508 of the Clean Water Act or Section 306 of the Clean Air Act.
- 2. That the contractor agrees to include or cause to be included the requirements of paragraph (1) of this Section X in every subcontract, and further agrees to take such action as the contracting agency may direct as a means of enforcing such requirements.

X. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, INELIGIBILITY AND VOLUNTARY EXCLUSION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, consultant contracts or any other covered transaction requiring FHWA approval or that is estimated to cost \$25,000 or more – as defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200.

1. Instructions for Certification - First Tier Participants:

- a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective first tier participant is providing the certification set out below.
- b. The inability of a person to provide the certification set out below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective first tier participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective first tier participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such a person from participation in this transaction.
- c. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the contracting agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the contracting agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default.
- d. The prospective first tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the contracting agency to whom this proposal is submitted if any time the prospective first tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- e. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).
- f. The prospective first tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction.
- g. The prospective first tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transactions," provided by the department or contracting agency, entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold.
- h. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the Excluded Parties List System website (https://www.epls.gov/), which is compiled by the General Services Administration.
- Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require the establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the
 certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of the prospective participant is not required to exceed that which is
 normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- j. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph (f) of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default.

2. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion – First Tier Participants:

a. The prospective first tier participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:

- (1) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;
- (2) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property;
- (3) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of this certification; and
- (4) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.
- b. Where the prospective participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

2. Instructions for Certification - Lower Tier Participants:

(Applicable to all subcontracts, purchase orders and other lower tier transactions requiring prior FHWA approval or estimated to cost \$25,000 or more - 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200)

- a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier is providing the certification set out below.
- b. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department, or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

- c. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- d. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).
- e. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated.
- f. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold.
- g. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the Excluded Parties List System website (https://www.epls.gov/), which is compiled by the General Services Administration.
- h. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- i. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph e of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Participants:

- The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency.
- Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

XI. CERTIFICATION REGARDING USE OF CONTRACT FUNDS FOR LOBBYING

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts which exceed \$100,000 (49 CFR 20).

1. The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

- a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
- b. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.
- 2. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.
- 3. The prospective participant also agrees by submitting its bid or proposal that the participant shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

ON-THE-JOB TRAINING

(10-16-07) (Rev. 5-21-13)

Z-10

Description

The North Carolina Department of Transportation will administer a custom version of the Federal On-the-Job Training (OJT) Program, commonly referred to as the Alternate OJT Program. All contractors (existing and newcomers) will be automatically placed in the Alternate Program. Standard OJT requirements typically associated with individual projects will no longer be applied at the project level. Instead, these requirements will be applicable on an annual basis for each contractor administered by the OJT Program Manager.

On the Job Training shall meet the requirements of 23 CFR 230.107 (b), 23 USC – Section 140, this provision and the On-the-Job Training Program Manual.

The Alternate OJT Program will allow a contractor to train employees on Federal, State and privately funded projects located in North Carolina. However, priority shall be given to training employees on NCDOT Federal-Aid funded projects.

Minorities and Women

Developing, training and upgrading of minorities and women toward journeyman level status is a primary objective of this special training provision. Accordingly, the Contractor shall make every effort to enroll minority and women as trainees to the extent that such persons are available within a reasonable area of recruitment. This training commitment is not intended, and shall not be used, to discriminate against any applicant for training, whether a member of a minority group or not.

Assigning Training Goals

The Department, through the OJT Program Manager, will assign training goals for a calendar year based on the contractors' past three years' activity and the contractors' anticipated upcoming year's activity with the Department. At the beginning of each year, all contractors eligible will be contacted by the Department to determine the number of trainees that will be assigned for the upcoming calendar year. At that time the Contractor shall enter into an agreement with the Department to provide a self-imposed on-the-job training program for the calendar year. This agreement will include a specific number of annual training goals agreed to by both parties. The number of training assignments may range from 1 to 15 per contractor per calendar year. The Contractor shall sign an agreement to fulfill their annual goal for the year. A sample agreement is available at www.ncbowd.com/section/on-the-job-training.

Training Classifications

The Contractor shall provide on-the-job training aimed at developing full journeyman level workers in the construction craft/operator positions. Preference shall be given to providing training in the following skilled work classifications:

Equipment Operators

Office Engineers

Truck Drivers

Estimators

Carpenters

Iron / Reinforcing Steel Workers

Concrete Finishers

Mechanics

Pipe Layers

Welders

The Department has established common training classifications and their respective training requirements that may be used by the contractors. However, the classifications established are not all-inclusive. Where the training is oriented toward construction applications, training will be allowed in lower-level management positions such as office engineers and estimators. Contractors shall submit new classifications for specific job functions that their employees are performing. The Department will review and recommend for acceptance to FHWA the new classifications proposed by contractors, if applicable. New classifications shall meet the following requirements:

Proposed training classifications are reasonable and realistic based on the job skill classification needs, and

The number of training hours specified in the training classification is consistent with common practices and provides enough time for the trainee to obtain journeyman level status.

The Contractor may allow trainees to be trained by a subcontractor provided that the Contractor retains primary responsibility for meeting the training and this provision is made applicable to the subcontract. However, only the Contractor will receive credit towards the annual goal for the trainee.

Where feasible, 25 percent of apprentices or trainees in each occupation shall be in their first year of apprenticeship or training. The number of trainees shall be distributed among the work classifications on the basis of the contractor's needs and the availability of journeymen in the various classifications within a reasonable area of recruitment.

No employee shall be employed as a trainee in any classification in which they have successfully completed a training course leading to journeyman level status or in which they have been employed as a journeyman.

Records and Reports

The Contractor shall maintain enrollment, monthly and completion reports documenting company compliance under these contract documents. These documents and any other information as requested shall be submitted to the OJT Program Manager.

Upon completion and graduation of the program, the Contractor shall provide each trainee with a certification Certificate showing the type and length of training satisfactorily completed.

Trainee Interviews

All trainees enrolled in the program will receive an initial and Trainee/Post graduate interview conducted by the OJT program staff.

Trainee Wages

Contractors shall compensate trainees on a graduating pay scale based upon a percentage of the prevailing minimum journeyman wages (Davis-Bacon Act). Minimum pay shall be as follows:

60 percent	of the journeyman wage for the first half of the training period
75 percent	of the journeyman wage for the third quarter of the training period
90 percent	of the journeyman wage for the last quarter of the training period

In no instance shall a trainee be paid less than the local minimum wage. The Contractor shall adhere to the minimum hourly wage rate that will satisfy both the NC Department of Labor (NCDOL) and the Department.

Achieving or Failing to Meet Training Goals

The Contractor will be credited for each trainee employed by him on the contract work who is currently enrolled or becomes enrolled in an approved program and who receives training for at least 50 percent of the specific program requirement. Trainees will be allowed to be transferred between projects if required by the Contractor's scheduled workload to meet training goals.

If a contractor fails to attain their training assignments for the calendar year, they may be taken off the NCDOT's Bidders List.

Measurement and Payment

No compensation will be made for providing required training in accordance with these contract documents.

STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION MINIMUM WAGES GENERAL DECISION NC140088 01/03/2014 NC88

Z-88

Date: January 3, 2014

General Decision Number: NC140088 01/03/2014 NC88

Superseded General Decision Numbers: NC20130088

State: North Carolina

Construction Type: HIGHWAY

COUNTIES:

Buncombe	
Haywood	
Henderson	•
Madison	

HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS (excluding tunnels, building structures in rest area projects, railroad construction, bascule, suspension and spandrel arch bridges designed for commercial navigation, bridges involving marine construction, and other major bridges).

Modification Number

Publication Date 01/03/2014

SUNC2011-069 09/16/2011

	Rates	Fringes
CARPENTER (Form Work Only)		
Buncombe County	13.18	
Haywood, Henderson, and Madison Counties	13.38	
CEMENT MASON/CONCRETE FINISHER	13.84	
IRONWORKER (Reinforcing)	14.88	
LABORER .		
Asphalt, Asphalt Distributor, Raker, and Spreader	****	
Buncombe County	12.18	
Haywood, Henderson, and Madison Counties	12.33	
Common or General	,	
Buncombe County	11.60	
Haywood County	11.53	
Henderson County	10.75	
Madison County	11.54	
Concrete Saw	14.55	
Landscape	10.35	
Luteman	13.00	
Mason Tender (Cement/Concrete)	11.25	
Pipelayer	12.80	
Traffic Control (Cone Setter)	13.15	
Traffic Control (Flagger)	10.24	

	Rates	Fringes
POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATORS		
Backhoe/Excavator/Trackhoe		
Buncombe County	13.82	
Haywood and Madison Counties	14.05	
Henderson County	13.92	
Broom/Sweeper	13.97	
Bulldozer	15.27	-
Crane	17.97	
Curb Machine	14.43	
Distributor	14.99	
Drill	16.68	
Grader/Blade		
Buncombe, Haywood, and Madison County	15.95	
Henderson County	14.25	
Loader		
Buncombe County	13.81	····
Haywood, Henderson, and Madison Counties	14.14	
Mechanic	17.90	
Milling Machine	15.72	
Oiler	13.79	
Paver	17.60	
Roller		
Buncombe County	14.97	
Haywood, Henderson, and Madison Counties	15.04	
Scraper	15.85	
Screed	14.93	
Tractor	14.47	
TRUCK DRIVER		
Distributor	16.75	
Dump	10.75	
Buncombe County	12.28	
Haywood, Henderson, and Madison Counties	12.12	
Flatbed Truck	15.02	
Lowboy Truck	15.02	
Off the Road Truck	15.00	
Single Axle Truck	12.13	
Tack Truck	16.52	
Water Truck	13.16	

Welders – Receive rate prescribed for craft performing operation to which welding is incidental.

Unlisted classifications needed for work not included within the scope of the classifications listed may be added after award only as provided in the labor standards contract clauses (29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(ii)).

The body of each wage determination lists the classification and wage rates that have been found to be prevailing for the cited type(s) of construction in the area covered by the wage determination. The classifications are listed in alphabetical order of "identifiers" that indicate whether the particular rate is union or non-union.

Union Identifiers

An identifier enclosed in dotted lines beginning with characters other than "SU" denotes that the union classification and rate have found to be prevailing for that classification. Example: PLUM0198-005 07/01/2011. The first four letters, PLUM, indicate the international union and the four-digit number, 0198, that follows indicates the local union number or district council number where applicable, i.e., Plumbers Local 0198. The next number, 005 in the example, is an internal number used in processing the wage determination. The date, 07/01/2011, following these characters is the effective date of the most current negotiated rate/collective bargaining agreement which would be July 1, 2011 in the above example.

Union prevailing wage rates will be updated to reflect any changes in the collective bargaining agreements governing the rates.

0000/9999: weighted union wage rates will be published annually each January.

Non-Union Identifiers

Classifications listed under an "SU" identifier were derived from survey data by computing average rates and are not union rates; however, the data used in computing these rates may include both union and non-union data. Example: SULA2004-007 5/13/2010. SU indicates the rates are not union rates, LA indicates the State of Louisiana; 2004 is the year of the survey; and 007 is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. A 1993 or later date, 5/13/2010, indicates the classifications and rates under that identifier were issued as a General Wage Determination on that date.

Survey wage rates will remain in effect and will not change until a new survey is conducted.

WAGE DETERMINATION APPEALS PROCESS

- 1.) Has there been an initial decision in the matter? This can be:
 - * an existing published wage determination
 - * a survey underlying a wage determination
 - * a Wage and Hour Division letter setting forth a position on a wage determination matter
 - * a conformance (additional classification and rate) ruling

On survey related matters, initial contact, including requests for summaries of surveys, should be with the Wage and Hour Regional Office for the area in which the survey was conducted because those Regional Offices have responsibility for the Davis-Bacon survey program. If the response from this initial contact is not satisfactory, then the process described in 2.) and 3.) should be followed.

With regard to any other matter not yet ripe for the formal process described here, initial contact should be with the Branch of Construction Wage Determinations. Write to:

Branch of Construction Wage Determinations Wage and Hour Division U. S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20210

2.) If the answer to the question in 1.) is yes, then an interested party (those affected by the action) can request review and reconsideration from the Wage and Hour Administrator (See 29 CFR Part 1.8 and 29 CFR Part 7). Write to:

Wage and Hour Administrator U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20210

The request should be accompanied by a full statement of the interested party's position and by any information (wage payment data, project description, area practice material, etc.) that the requestor considers relevant to the issue.

3.) If the decision of the Administrator is not favorable, an interested party may appeal directly to the Administrative Review Board (formerly the Wage Appeals Board). Write to:

Administrative Review Board U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20210

4.) All decisions by the Administrative Review Board are final.

END OF GENERAL DECISION

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
		F	ROADWAY ITEMS			
0001	0000100000-N	800	MOBILIZATION	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0002	0000400000-N	801	CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0003	0043000000-N	226	GRADING	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0004	0050000000-E	226	SUPPLEMENTARY CLEARING & GRUB- BING	1 ACR		
0005	0057000000-E	226	UNDERCUT EXCAVATION	1,300 CY		
0006	0134000000-E	240	DRAINAGE DITCH EXCAVATION	30 CY		
0007	0195000000-E	265	SELECT GRANULAR MATERIAL	2,000 CY		
0008	0196000000-E	270	GEOTEXTILE FOR SOIL STABILIZA- TION	2,980 SY		
0009	0318000000-E	300	FOUNDATION CONDITIONING MATE- RIAL, MINOR STRUCTURES	580 TON		
0010	0320000000-E	300	FOUNDATION CONDITIONING GEO- TEXTILE	1,800 SY		
0011	0342000000-E	310	**" SIDE DRAIN PIPE (30")	156 LF		
0012	0343000000-E	310	15" SIDE DRAIN PIPE	648 LF		
0013	0344000000-E	310	18" SIDE DRAIN PIPE	72 LF		
0014	0348000000-E	310	**" SIDE DRAIN PIPE ELBOWS (15")	8 EA		
0015	0366000000-E	310	15" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	72 LF		
0016	0372000000-E	310	18" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	96 LF		
0017	0378000000-E	310	24" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	32 LF		
0018	0448200000-E	310	15" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	2,416 LF		

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0019	0448300000-E	310	18" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	538 LF		
0020	0448400000-E	310	24" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	280 LF		
0021	0448500000-E	310	30" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	42 LF		
0022	05 82 000000-Е	310	15" CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064" THICK	440 LF		
0023	0973100000-E	330	**" WELDED STEEL PIPE, ****" THICK, GRADE B IN SOIL (24", 0.500")	284 LF		
 0024	0973300000-E	330	**" WELDED STEEL PIPE, ****" THICK, GRADE B NOT IN SOIL (24", 0.500")	284 LF		
 0025	0986000000-E	SP	GENERIC PIPE ITEM 24" WELDED STEEL PIPE, 0.500" THICK, GRADE B, OPEN CUT	20 LF	·	
0026	0995000000-E	340	PIPE REMOVAL	1,624 LF		
0027	0996000000-N	350 ,	PIPE CLEAN-OUT	1 EA		
0028	1099500000-E	505	SHALLOW UNDERCUT	440 CY		
0029	1099700000-E	505	CLASS IV SUBGRADE STABILIZA- TION	832 TON		
0030	1110000000-E	510	STABILIZER AGGREGATE	500 TON		
0031	1220000000-E	545	INCIDENTAL STONE BASE	100 TON		
0032	1330000000-E	607	INCIDENTAL MILLING	2,930 SY		
0033	1489000000-E	610	ASPHALT CONC BASE COURSE, TYPE B25.0B	3,470 TON		
0034	1491000000-E	610	ASPHALT CONC BASE COURSE, TYPE B25.0C	2,670 TON		
0035	1498000000-E	610	ASPHALT CONC INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE I19.0B	2,500 TON	·	
0036	1503000000-E	610	ASPHALT CONC INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE I19.0C	3,150 TON		

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit Cost	Amount
0037	1519000000-E	610	ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5B	3,000 TON	
0038	1523000000-Е	610	ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5C	4,530 TON	
0039	1575000000-E	620	ASPHALT BINDER FOR PLANT MIX	990 TON	
0040	1693000000-E	654	ASPHALT PLANT MIX, PAVEMENT REPAIR	50 TON	
0041	2000000000-N	806	RIGHT OF WAY MARKERS	37 EA	
0042	2022000000-Е	815	SUBDRAIN EXCAVATION	336 CY	
0043	2033000000-Е	815	SUBDRAIN FINE AGGREGATE	252 CY	
0044	2044000000-Е	815	6" PERFORATED SUBDRAIN PIPE	1,500 ԼF	
0045	2070000000-N	815	SUBDRAIN PIPE OUTLET	3 EA	
0046	2077000000-E	815	6" OUTLET PIPE	18 ೬F	
0047	2190000000-N	828	TEMPORARY STEEL PLATE COVERS FOR MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURE	2 EA	
0048	2253000000-E	840	PIPE COLLARS	2.49 CY	
0049	2264000000-E		PIPE PLUGS	0.07 CY	
0050	2286000000-N		MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES	78 EA	
0051	2308000000-Е	840	MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES	60 LF	
0052	2363000000-N	840	FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.**** (840.33)	1 EA	
0053	2364000000-N		FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.16	7 EA	
0054	2364200000-N	840	FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.20	5 EA	

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0055	2365000000-N	840	FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.22	3 EA		
0056	2366000000-N	840	FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.24	3 EA		
0057	2367000000-N	840	FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.29	5 EA	· .	
0058	2374000000-N	840	FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD 840.03, TYPE ** (E)	2 EA		
0059	2374000000-N	840	FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD 840.03, TYPE ** (F)	16 EA		
0060	2374000000-N	840	FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD 840.03, TYPE ** (G)	19 EA		
0061	2396000000-N	840	FRAME WITH COVER, STD 840.54	6 EA		
0062	2407000000-N	840	STEEL FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.37	8 EA		
0063	2451000000-N	852	CONCRETE TRANSITIONAL SECTION FOR DROP INLET	7 EA		
0064	2473000000-N	SP	GENERIC DRAINAGE ITEM BICYCLE SAFE STEEL FRAME AND GRATE	3 EA	***************************************	
0065	2535000000-E	846	**"X **" CONCRETE CURB (8" X 12")	320 LF		, p
0066	2549000000-E	846	2'-6" CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER	5,870 LF		
0067	2556000000-Е		SHOULDER BERM GUTTER	320 LF		
0068	2577000000-E	846	CONCRETE EXPRESSWAY GUTTER	780 LF		
0069	2591000000-Е	848	4" CONCRETE SIDEWALK	2,640 SY		
0070	2605000000-N	848	CONCRETE CURB RAMP	25 EA		
0071	2612000000-Е	848	6" CONCRETE DRIVEWAY	70 SY		

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0072	2627000000-E	852	4" CONCRETE ISLAND COVER	2,690 SY		
0073	2647000000-E	852	5" MONOLITHIC CONCRETE ISLANDS (SURFACE MOUNTED)	3,630 SY		
0074	2703000000-E	854	CONCRETE BARRIER, TYPE ******* (III)	145 LF		
0075	2752000000-E	SP	GENERIC PAVING ITEM DDI BARRIER	920 LF		
0076	2753000000-E	846	GENERIC PAVING ITEM 18" CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER	2,510 LF		
0077	2800000000-N	858	ADJUSTMENT OF CATCH BASINS	3 EA		
0078	2860000000-N	859	CONVERT EXISTING CATCH BASIN TO JUNCTION BOX	1 EA		
0079	3030000000-Е	862	STEEL BM GUARDRAIL	1,312.5 LF		
0800	3045000000-E	862	STEEL BM GUARDRAIL, SHOP CURVED	63.47 LF		
0081	3150000000-N	862	ADDITIONAL GUARDRAIL POSTS	5 EA		
0082	3165000000-N	SP	GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE ************************************	1 EA		
0083	3180000000-N	862	GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE ************************************	2 EA		
0084	3210000000-N	862	GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE CAT-1	5 EA		
0085	3270000000-N	SP	GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE 350	6 EA		
0086	3285000000-N	SP	GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE M-350	6 EA		
0087	3317000000-N	862	GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE B-77	5 EA		
0088	3360000000-E	863	REMOVE EXISTING GUARDRAIL	491 LF		

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0089	3503000000-Е	866	WOVEN WIRE FENCE, 47" FABRIC	1,090 LF		
0090	3509000000-E	866	4" TIMBER FENCE POSTS, 7'-6" LONG	61 EA		
0091	3515000000-Е	866	5" TIMBER FENCE POSTS, 8'-0" LONG	34 EA		
0092	3649000000-E	876	RIP RAP, CLASS B	30 TON		
0093	3656000000-Е	876	GEOTEXTILE FOR DRAINAGE	1,205 SY		
0094	4048000000-Е		DATIONS	3 CY		
0095	4054000000-Е	902	PLAIN CONCRETE SIGN FOUNDA- TIONS	2 CY		
0096	4057000000-E	SP	OVERHEAD FOOTING	45 CY		
0097	406000 0000- Е	903	SUPPORTS, BREAKAWAY STEEL BEAM	2,516 LB		
0098	4066000000-E	903	SUPPORTS, SIMPLE STEEL BEAM	708 LB		
0099	4072000000-E	903	SUPPORTS, 3-LB STEEL U-CHANNEL	1,123 LF		
0100	4079000000-N	903	SUPPORTS, BARRIER (SMALL)	6 EA		
0101	4082100000-N	SP	SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUC- TURE AT STA ****** (22+00 -L- NBL)	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0102	4082100000-N	SP	SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUC- TURE AT STA ****** (29+70 -L- NBL)	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0103	4082100000-N	SP	SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUC- TURE AT STA ****** (33+40 -L- SBL)	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0104	4096000000-N	904	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE D	4 EA		
0105	4102000000-N	904	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE E	74 EA		
0106	4108000000-N	904	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE F	8 EA		

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit Cost	Amount
0107	4109000000-N	904	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE *** (OVER- HEAD) (A)	. 7 EA	
0108	4110000000-N	904	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE *** (GROUND MOUNTED) (A)	3 EA	
0109	4116100000-N	904	SIGN ERECTION, RELOCATE, TYPE **** (GROUND MOUNTED) (A)	8 EA	
0110	4138000000-N	907	DISPOSAL OF SUPPORT, STEEL BEAM	16 EA	
0111	4155000000-N	907	DISPOSAL OF SIGN SYSTEM, U- CHANNEL	44 EA	
0112	440000000-E	1110	WORK ZONE SIGNS (STATIONARY)	304 SF	
0113	4405000000-E	1110	WORK ZONE SIGNS (PORTABLE)	705 SF	
0114	4410000000-E	1110	WORK ZONE SIGNS (BARRICADE MOUNTED)	134 SF	
0115	4415000000-N	1115	FLASHING ARROW BOARD	4 EA	
0116	4420000000-N	1120	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	2 EA	
0117	4422000000-N	1120	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (SHORT TERM)	40 DAY	
0118	4430000000-N	1130	DRUMS	300 EA	
0119	4445000000-E	1145	BARRICADES (TYPE III)	514 LF	
0120	4455000000-N	1150	FLAGGER	360 DAY	
0121	4465000000-N	1160	TEMPORARY CRASH CUSHIONS	1 EA	
0122	4470000000-N	1160	RESET TEMPORARY CRASH CUSHION	1 EA	
0123	4485000000-E	1170	PORTABLE CONCRETE BARRIER	1,000 LF	
0124	4500000000-E	1170	RESET PORTABLE CONCRETE BAR- RIER	450 LF	

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0125	4510000000-N	SP	LAW ENFORCEMENT	480	·	
				HR		
0126	4516000000-N	1180	SKINNY DRUM	170 EA		
0127	4650000000-N	1251	TEMPORARY RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS	478 EA		
0128	4697000000-Е	1205	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (8", 120 MILS)	192 LF		
0129	4710000000-Е	1205	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (24", 120 MILS)	1,109 LF		
0130	4721000000- Е	1205	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING CHARACTER (120 MILS)	4 EA		
0131	4725000000-Е	1205	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL (90 MILS)	76 EA		
0132	4810000000- Е	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (4")	43,516 LF		
0133	4835000000-E	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (24")	432 LF		
0134	4840000000-N	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING CHARAC- TER	8 E A		
0135	4845000000-N	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL	114 EA		
0136	4847000000-E	1205	POLYUREA PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (4", *********) (HIGHLY REFLECTIVE ELEMENTS)	21,925 LF		
0137	4850000000-E	1205	REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (4")	3,000 LF		
0138	4900000000-N	1251	PERMANENT RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS	22 EA		
0139	4905000000-N	1253	SNOWPLOWABLE PAVEMENT MARKERS	456 EA		
0140	5000000000-E	1401	***' HIGH MOUNT STANDARD (60')	6 EA		
0141	5020000000-N	1401	PORTABLE DRIVE UNIT	1 EA		

ITEMIZED PROPOSAL FOR CONTRACT NO. C203530

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Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0142	5025000000-Е	SP	HIGH MOUNT FOUNDATIONS	23.4 CY		
0143	5050000000-N	1404	LIGHT STANDARD, TYPE MTLT	25		
			(35' SA, 15' ARM)	EA		
 0144	5070000000-N	1405	STANDARD FOUNDATION ************************************	20 EA		
 0145	5070000000-N	1405	STANDARD FOUNDATION ************************************	5 EA		***************************************
	5120000000 N	4.407	FI FCTRIC SERVICE POLE ****			
0146	5120000000-N	1407	ELECTRIC SERVICE POLE **** (30' CLASS 4)	1 EA		
						~~~~~
0147	5125000000-E	1407	ELECTRIC SERVICE LATERAL	100		
			(3 #1/0 USE)	LF		
 0148	5145000000-N	1408	LIGHT CONTROL EQUIPMENT, TYPE RW ************************************	1		
			(240/480 VOLT)	EA		
 0149	5155000000-E	1409	ELECTRICAL DUCT, TYPE BD, SIZE	380		
			(2")	LF		
0150	5160000000-E	1409	ELECTRICAL DUCT, TYPE JA, SIZE	465	<del></del>	
			(3")	LF		
 0151	5160000000-E	1409	ELECTRICAL DUCT, TYPE JA, SIZE	255		
			(4")	LF		
 0152	5170000000-E	1410	** #8 W/G FEEDER CIRCUIT	485		
			(2)	LF		
0153	5175000000-E	1410	** #6 W/G FEEDER CIRCUIT (2)	330	**************************************	
			(-)	LF		
0154	5205000000-E	1410	** #8 W/G FEEDER CIRCUIT IN ********* CONDUIT	7,225		
			(2, 1-1/2")	LF		
 0155	5210000000-E	1410	** #6 W/G FEEDER CIRCUIT IN	1,230		
			*****" CONDUIT (2, 1-1/2")	LF		

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0156	5240000000-N	1411	ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES	13		
			(PC18)	EA		
					<b></b>	
0157	5240000000-N	1411	ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES	4		
			(PC30)	EA		
0158	5255000000-N	1413	PORTABLE LIGHTING	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0159	5270000000-N	SP	GENERIC LIGHTING ITEM HIGH MOUNT LUMINAIRE - LED	24		
				EA		
0160	5270000000-N	SP	GENERIC LIGHTING ITEM	25		
			ROADWAY LIGHT STANDARD LUMIN- AIRE - LED	EA		
0161	5325600000-E	1510	6" WATER LINE	45		
0101	332300000 E	1010	o www.extende	LF		
0162	5325800000-E	1510	8" WATER LINE	740		
				LF		
0163	5326200000-E	1510	12" WATER LINE	70		
	·			LF		
0164	5327400000-E	1510	24" WATER LINE	60		
			·	LF 		
0165	5571800000-E	1515	8" TAPPING VALVE	1		
				EA		
0166	5572200000-Е	1515	12" TAPPING VALVE	1 EA		
0167	<i>E(4</i> 2000000 E		**" \A/A TED A4FTED			
0167	5643000000-E	1515	**" WATER METER (1")	1 EA		
					~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	**************************************
0168	5643150000-E	1515	1-1/2" WATER METER	1		
				EA	****	
0169	5656100000-Е	1515	RELOCATE **" RPZ BACKFLOW PRE- VENTION ASSEMBLY	1		
			(1-1/2")	EA		
 0170			FIRE HYDRANT	1	74 - F - No 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	
-	-			EA		
0171	5804000000-E	1530	ABANDON 12" UTILITY PIPE	150		
			·	LF		
0172	5882000000-N	SP	GENERIC UTILITY ITEM	3		
			ROTATE TOP FOR EXISTING MAN- HOLE (CONCENTRIC TOP)	EA		
			,			

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0173	5882000000-N	SP	GENERIC UTILITY ITEM ROTATE TOP FOR EXISTING MAN- HOLE (ECCENTRIC TOP)	3 EA		
0174	6000000000-Е	1605	TEMPORARY SILT FENCE	6,350 LF		
0175	6006000000-E	1610	STONE FOR EROSION CONTROL, CLASS A	600 TON		
0176	6009000000-E	1610	STONE FOR EROSION CONTROL, CLASS B	525 TON		
0177	6012000000-E	1610	SEDIMENT CONTROL STONE	1,015 TON		
0178	6015000000-E	1615	TEMPORARY MULCHING	3 ACR		
0179	6018000000-Е	1620	SEED FOR TEMPORARY SEEDING	100 LB		
0180	6021000000-E	1620	FERTILIZER FOR TEMPORARY SEED- ING	1.25 TON		
0181	6024000000-E	1622	TEMPORARY SLOPE DRAINS	275 LF		
0182	6029000000-Е	SP	SAFETY FENCE	100 LF		
0183	6030000000-E	1630	SILT EXCAVATION	1,720 CY		
0184	6036000000-E	1631	MATTING FOR EROSION CONTROL	4,500 SY		
0185	6037000000-E	SP	COIR FIBER MAT	25 SY		
0186	6038000000-E	SP	PERMANENT SOIL REINFORCEMENT MAT	1,250 SY		
0187	6042000000-E	1632	1/4" HARDWARE CLOTH	3,700 LF		
0188	6071012000-Е	SP	COIR FIBER WATTLE	350 LF		
0189	6071020000-E	SP	POLYACRYLAMIDE (PAM)	115 LB		
0190	6071030000-E	1640	COIR FIBER BAFFLE	400 LF		
0191	6071050000-E	SP	**" SKIMMER (2")	1 EA		

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
			`			
0192	6084000000-E	1660	SEEDING & MULCHING	3 ACR		
	6087000000-Е	1660	MOWING	1.5 ACR		
0194	6090000000-E	1661	SEED FOR REPAIR SEEDING	50 LB		
0195	6093000000-E	1661	FERTILIZER FOR REPAIR SEEDING	0.25 TON		
0196	6096000000-E	1662	SEED FOR SUPPLEMENTAL SEEDING	75 LB		
0197	6108000000-E	1665	FERTILIZER TOPDRESSING	2 TON		
0198	6114500000-N	1667	SPECIALIZED HAND MOWING	10 MHR		
0199	6117000000-N	SP	RESPONSE FOR EROSION CONTROL	25 EA		
0200	7048500000-E	1705	PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEAD (16", 1 SECTION W/COUNTDOWN)	12 EA		
0201	7060000000-E	1705	SIGNAL CABLE	 12,420 LF		
0202	7120000000-E	1705	VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 3 SECTION)	86 EA	·····	
0203	7132000000-E	1705	VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 4 SECTION)	6 EA		
0204	7144000000-E	1705	VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 5 SECTION)	2 EA		
0205	7264000000-E	1710	MESSENGER CABLE (3/8")	3,215 LF		
0206	7300000000-E	1715	UNPAVED TRENCHING (*********) (1, 2")	4,580 LF		,
0207	7300100000-E	1715	UNPAVED TRENCHING FOR TEMP- ORARY LEAD-IN	55 LF		
0208	7301000000-E	1715	DIRECTIONAL DRILL (************) (2, 2")	195 LF		
0209	7301000000-E	1715	DIRECTIONAL DRILL (*********) (3, 2")	90 LF		

ITEMIZED PROPOSAL FOR CONTRACT NO. C203530

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Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit Cost	Amount
0210	7301000000-E	1715	DIRECTIONAL DRILL (***********) (5, 2")	110 LF	
0211	7301000000-E	1715	DIRECTIONAL DRILL (***********)	90	
			(7, 2")	LF	
0212	7324000000-N	1716	JUNCTION BOX (STANDARD SIZE)	21 EA	
0213	7348000000-N	1716	JUNCTION BOX (OVER-SIZED, HEA- VY DUTY)	16 EA	
0214	7360000000-N	1720	WOOD POLE	18 EA	
0215	7372000000-N	1721	GUY ASSEMBLY	36 EA	
0216	7408000000-E	1722	1" RISER WITH WEATHERHEAD	3 EA	
0217	7420000000-E	1722	2" RISER WITH WEATHERHEAD	7 EA	
0218	7444000000-E	1725	INDUCTIVE LOOP SAWCUT	4,440 LF	
0219	7456000000-E	1726	LEAD-IN CABLE (************) (14-2)	11,725 LF	
0220	7481000000-N	SP	SITE SURVEY	4 EA	
0221	7481240000-N	SP	CAMERA WITHOUT INTERNAL LOOP EMULATOR PROCESSING UNIT	11 EA	***************************************
0222	7481260000-N	SP	EXTERNAL LOOP EMULATOR PRO- CESSING UNIT	4 EA	
0223	7481280000-N	SP		6 EA	
0224	7575142060-N	SP	MODIFY RADIO INSTALLATION	8 EA	
0225	7576000000-N	SP	METAL STRAIN SIGNAL POLE	4 EA	
0226	7588000000-N	SP	METAL POLE WITH SINGLE MAST ARM	6 EA	
0227	7613000000-N	SP	SOIL TEST	10 EA	
0228	7614100000-E	SP	DRILLED PIER FOUNDATION	60 CY	

ITEMIZED PROPOSAL FOR CONTRACT NO. C203530

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Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0229	7631000000-N	SP	MAST ARM WITH METAL POLE DE- SIGN	6 EA		
0230	7636000000-N	1745	SIGN FOR SIGNALS	31 EA		
0231	7642200000-N	1743	TYPE II PEDESTAL WITH FOUND- ATION	16 EA		
0232	7684000000-N	1750	SIGNAL CABINET FOUNDATION	3 EA		
0233	7756000000-N	1751	CONTROLLER WITH CABINET (TYPE 2070L, BASE MOUNTED)	3 EA		
0234	7768000000-N	1751	CONTROLLER WITH CABINET (TYPE 2070L, POLE MOUNTED)	2 EA		
0235	7780000000-N	1751	DETECTOR CARD (TYPE 2070L)	27 EA		
0236	7901000000-N	1753	CABINET BASE EXTENDER	3 EA		
0237	7960000000-N	SP	METAL POLE FOUNDATION REMOVAL	4 EA		
0238	7972000000-N	SP	METAL POLE REMOVAL	8 EA		
0239	7980000000-N	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM PROTECTIVE BLACK COATING FOR METAL STRAIN POLE ASSEMBLY	4 EA		
0240	7980000000-N	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM PROTECTIVE BLACK COATING FOR PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL PEDESTAL	16 EA		
0241	7980000000-N	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM PROTECTIVE BLACK COATING FOR SINGLE MAST ARM ASSEMBLY	6 ` EA		
		v	VALL ITEMS			
0242	8802031000-E	SP	PRECAST GRAVITY RETAINING WALLS	1,359 SF		

Feb 04, 2014 4:07 pm

4 4:07 pm ITEMIZED PROPOSAL FOR CONTRACT NO. C203530 Page 15 of 15

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
		5	STRUCTURE ITEMS			
0243	85 03000000-E	460	CONCRETE BARRIER RAIL	668.63 LF		
 0244	8860000000-N	SP	GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM EXPANSION JOINT SEALS	Lump Sum	L.S.	
 0245	8860000000-N	SP	GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM FOAM JOINT SEALS	Lump Sum	L.S.	
 0246	8893000000-E	SP	GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM HYDRODEMOLITION OF BRIDGE DECK	186 SY		***************************************
0247	8893000000-E	SP	GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM SCARIFYING BRIDGE DECK	186 SY		

Vendor 1 of 5: YOUNG & MCQUEEN GRADING CO INC (3643) Call Order 020 (Proposal: C203530)

Bid Information

County: HENDERSON

Address: 25 Crest View Rd

Burnsville, NC, 28714

Signature Check: Samuel_K_Young_3643

Time Bid Received: March 18, 2014 01:47 PM

Amendment Count: 0

Bid Checksum: 58832814

Bid Total: \$8,775,537.02

Items Total: \$8,775,537.02

Time Total: \$0.00

Bidding Errors:

None.

DBE Goal Set 10.0

DBE Goal Met 10.0

Vendor 1 of 5: YOUNG & MCQUEEN GRADING CO INC (3643) Call Order 020 (Proposal: C203530)

Bid Bond Information

Projects:

Counties:

Bond ID: SNC14626434

Paid by Check: No

Bond Percent: 5%

Bond Maximum:

State of Incorporation:

Agency Execution Date: 3/13/2014 9

Surety Name: surety2000

Bond Agency Name: Fidelity And Deposit

Company of Maryland

Vendor 3643's Bid Information for Call 020, Letting L140318, 03/18/14

Young & McQueen Grading Co., Inc. (3643) Call Order 020 (Proposal ID C203530)

LIST OF DBE PARTICIPANTS

	DBE NAME ADDRESS	WORK CODE TYPE OF WORK	CERT TYPE		
	TRAFFIC AND SAFETY OF THE CAROL 40425 TOWER ROAD , NEW LONDON,		Sub	205,000.00	Committed
4729	THERESA'S CONCRETE SERVICE, INC PO BOX 1513 , SALISBURY, NC 28:		Sub	488,030.00	Committed
3376	REYNOLDS FENCE & GUARDRAIL INC 9320 MACHADO DRIVE , INDIAN TR		Sub	63,644.21	Committed
12392	HAMILTON HAULING LLC 12 BARCLAY RD. , CANDLER, NC 2	·	Sub	82,110.00	Committed
2855	BOSS CONSTRUCTION CO., INC. 229 BOXWOOD CHURCH ROAD , MOCK		Sub	52,170.61	Committed
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, 	TOTAL:	\$890,954.82 10.15%	

Vendor 3643's Bid Information for Call 020, Letting L140318, 03/18/14

Young & McQueen Grading Co., Inc. (3643) Call Order 020 (Proposal ID C203530)

Miscelleneous Data Info - Contractor Responses:

NON-COLLUSION AND DEBARMENT CERTIFICATION

Explanation of the prospective bidder that is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification:

Explanation:

NOT ANSWERED

NOT ANSWERED

NOT ANSWERED

NOT ANSWERED

AWARD LIMITS ON MULTIPLE PROJECTS

By answering YES to this statement, the bidder acknowleges that they are using the award limits on multiple projects. No

It is the desire of the Bidder to be awarded contracts, the value of which will not exceed a total of NOT ANSWERED for those projects indicated herein, for which bids will be opened on (MM/DD/YY)

The Award Limits shall apply to the following projects:

Contract Number

County

NOT ANSWERED

NOT ANSWERED

NOT ANSWERED

NOT ANSWERED

NOT ANSWERED

NOT ANSWERED

Bid Bond Data Info - Contractor Responses:

BondID: SNC14626434 Surety Registry Agency: surety2000

Verified?: Yes

Surety Agency: Fidelity And Deposit Company of Maryland Bond Execution Date: 3/13/2014 9

Bond Amount:

Contract ID: C203530 Project(s): IMF-026-1(190)40

Letting Date: 03-18-14 Call Order: 020

Bidder: 3643 - Young & McQueen Grading Co., Inc.

Line	Item scription		Approx. Quantity		Unit Price	Bid F	Amount
			and Units	-	Dollars Cts	Dolla	ars Ct

Section 0001 ROADWAY ITEMS

Alt Group

1	Alt Group				
 0001 	0000100000-N MOBILIZATIO N 	 LUMP 		 LUMP	 425,000.00
	0000400000-N CONSTRUCTIO N SURVEYING 	 LUMP		 LUMP	115,000.00
 0003	0043000000-N GRADING 	 LUMP		 LUMP	 1,825,000.00
	0050000000-E SUPPLEMENTA RY CLEARING & GRUB-BING 	 ACR	1.000	 100.00000	
	005700000-E UNDERCUT EXCAVATION 	 CY	1,300.000	 12.00000	 15,600.00
•	0134000000-E DRAINAGE DITCH EXCAVATION 	CY	30.000	14.00000	 420.00
	0195000000-E SELECT GRANULAR MATERIAL 	CY	2,000.000	 39.00000 	
	0196000000-E GEOTEXTILE FOR SOIL STABILIZA-TION 	 SY	2,980.000	2.25000	
10009	0318000000-E FOUNDATION CONDITIONING MATE- RIAL, MINOR STRUCTURES	•	580.000	 39.00000 	22,620.00
10010	032000000-E FOUNDATION CONDITIONING GEO- TEXTILE	 SY	1,800.000	 5.00000 	
	0342000000-E **" SIDE DRAIN PIPE (30") 	 LF	156.000	 67.00000 	

Contract ID: C203530 Project(s): IMF-026-1(190)40

Letting Date: 03-18-14 Call Order: 020

Line No.			Approx. Quantity	Unit Price	Bid Amount
 	<u> </u>	1	and Units	Dollars Cts	Dollars (Ct
	0343000000-E 15" SIDE DRAIN PIPE 	 LF	648.000	 61.00000 	39,528.00
	0344000000-E 18" SIDE DRAIN PIPE 	 LF	72.000 72.000	 95.00000 	6,840.00
	0348000000-E **" SIDE DRAIN PIPE ELBOWS (15")	 EA	 8.000 		2,200.00
	0366000000-E 15" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III 	 LF	72.000 72.000		4,464.00
	0372000000-E 18" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III 	 LF	96.000 96.000		7,872.00
	0378000000-E 24" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III 	 LF	32.000 32.000		4,000.00
	0448200000-E 15" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV 	 LF	2,416.000		128,048.00
	0448300000-E 18" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV 	 LF	538.000	 60.00000	32,280.00
	0448400000-E 24" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	 LF	280.000		21,840.00
	0448500000-E 30" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV 	 LF	42.000	 120.00000 	5,040.00
=	0582000000-E 15" CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064" THICK 	•		 65.00000	28,600.00

State of NC Date:
Dept of Transportation Revised: State of NC Date: 02-17-14

Contract ID: C203530 Project(s): IMF-026-1(190)40

Letting Date: 03-18-14 Call Order: 020

Bidder: 3643 - Young & McQueen Grading Co., Inc.

Line		Approx. Quantity	Unit Price	Bid Amount
		and Units	Dollars Cts	Dollars Ct
0023	0973100000-E **" WELDED STEEL PIPE, ****" THICK, GRADE B IN SOIL (24", 0.500")			93,720.00
0024	0973300000-E **" WELDED STEEL PIPE, ****" THICK, GRADE B NOT IN SOIL (24", 0.500")	284.000		248,500.00
0025	0986000000-E GENERIC PIPE ITEM 24" WELDED STEEL PIPE, 0.500" THICK, GRADE B, OPEN CUT	 20.000 LF		2,350.00
	0995000000-E PIPE REMOVAL	 1,624.000 LF		24,360.00
	0996000000-N PIPE CLEAN-OUT 	 1.000 EA		1,000.00
	1099500000-E SHALLOW UNDERCUT 	 440.000 CY		8,800.00
	1099700000-E CLASS IV SUBGRADE STABILIZA- TION 	 832.000 TON		20,800.00
	1110000000-E STABILIZER AGGREGATE 	 500.000 TON		12,500.00
	122000000-E INCIDENTAL STONE BASE 	 100.000 TON	25.00000 25.00000	2,500.00
	133000000-E INCIDENTAL MILLING 	 2,930.000 SY	 7.50000 	21,975.00
0033	1489000000-E ASPHALT CONC BASE COURSE, TYPE B25.0B	 3,470.000 TON		185,645.00

Check: 58832814 Page 3

Contract ID: C203530 Project(s): IMF-026-1(190)40

Letting Date: 03-18-14 Call Order: 020

Line No.		Approx. Quantity	Unit Price	Bid Amount
	bescription	and Units	Dollars Ct:	s Dollars Ct
0034	1491000000-E ASPHALT CONC BASE COURSE, TYPE B25.0C	2,670.0	 000 53.500 	 142,845.00
0035	1498000000-E ASPHALT CONC INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE I19.0B	 2,500.0	 000 52.5000 	 131,250.00
0036	1503000000-E ASPHALT CONC INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE I19.0C	 3,150.0	 000 52.5000	165,375.00
0037	1519000000-E ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5B	 3,000.0	 000 56.0000 	 168,000.00
00384	1523000000-E ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5C	4,530.0	 000 53.5000 	 242,355.00
	1575000000-E ASPHALT BINDER FOR PLANT MIX	 990.0 TON	 000 625.0000	 618,750.00
0040	1693000000-E ASPHALT PLANT MIX, PAVEMENT REPAIR	 50.0	 000 500.0000	 25,000.00
	2000000000-N RIGHT OF WAY MARKERS	 	 000 175.0000	 00 6,475.00
	2022000000-E SUBDRAIN EXCAVATION	336.0	1.000	 336.00
	2033000000-E SUBDRAIN FINE AGGREGATE	 252.0	 000 40.000	10,080.00
•	2044000000-E 6" PERFORATED SUBDRAIN PIPE	 1,500.0	15.000	 22,500.00
	2070000000-N SUBDRAIN PIPE OUTLET	 3.0 EA	 000 385.0000	 1,155.00

State of NC Date: 02-17-14 State of NC Date:
Dept of Transportation Revised:

Project(s): IMF-026-1(190)40 Contract ID: C203530

Letting Date: 03-18-14 Call Order: 020

+ Line No.		 	Approx. Quantity	Unit Price	Bid Amount
			and Units	Dollars Cts	Dollars Ct
0046	•	 LF	18.000 18.000	32.00000	576.00
0047 	2190000000-N TEMPORARY STEEL PLATE COVERS FOR MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURE	 EA	2.000 	1,300.00000	2,600.00
	2253000000-E PIPE COLLARS	 CY	2.490 2.490	1,050.00000	2,614.50
 0049 	,	 CY	0.070	4,250.00000 	297.50 297.50
•	2286000000-N MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES 	 EA	78.000 78.000	1,400.00000	109,200.00
	2308000000-E MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES 	 LF	60.000 	475.00000 	28,500.00 28,500
10052	2363000000-N FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.***** (840.33)	 EA	1.000	600.00000 	600.00
•	2364000000-N FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.16 	•	7.000 7.000	620.00000	4,340.00
	2364200000-N FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.20 		5.000 5.000	590.00000	2,950.00
	2365000000-N FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.22		3.000 3.000	575.00000	1,725.00
	2366000000-N FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.24 		3.000 3.000	575.00000	1,725.00 1,725.00

Contract ID: C203530 Project(s): IMF-026-1(190)40

Letting Date: 03-18-14 Call Order: 020

+ Line	r: 3643 - Young & McQueen (Approx.	 Unit Price	Bid Amount
No.	Description	1	Quantity and Units	Dollars Cts	
	2367000000-N FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.29		 5.000 	 575.00000 	2,875.00
10058	2374000000-N FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD 840.03, TYPE ** (E)	İ	2.000	655.00000 	1,310.00
0059	2374000000-N FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD 840.03, TYPE ** (F)	1	16.000	675.00000 	10,800.00
10060	2374000000-N FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD 840.03, TYPE ** (G)	 EA	 19.000 	675.00000 	12,825.00
	2396000000-N FRAME WITH COVER, STD 840.54 	 EA	6.000 	510.00000 510.00000	3,060.00
0062	2407000000-N STEEL FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.37	 EA	 8.000 	1,400.00000	11,200.00
10063	2451000000-N CONCRETE TRANSITIONAL SECTION FOR DROP INLET	 EA	7.000 	770.00000 770.00000	5,390.00
0064 	2473000000-N GENERIC DRAINAGE ITEM BICYCLE SAFE STEEL FRAME AND GRATE	 EA	3.000 3.000 	1,375.00000 1,375.00000	4,125.00 4,125.00
	2535000000-E **"X **" CONCRETE CURB (8" X 12")	 LF	320.000 	16.50000 16.50000	5,280.00
	2549000000-E 2'-6" CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER 	 LF	5,870.000 5,870.000	 18.75000 	110,062.50
	2556000000-E SHOULDER BERM GUTTER 	 LF	320.000 	 24.50000 	7,840.00

Contract ID: C203530

Project(s): IMF-026-1(190)40

Letting Date: 03-18-14 Call Order: 020

Line No.			Approx. Quantity	Unit Price	Bid Amount
.]			and Units	Dollars Cts	Dollars Ct
	2577000000-E CONCRETE EXPRESSWAY GUTTER	 LF	780.000 780.000	24.50000	19,110.00
	2591000000-E 4" CONCRETE SIDEWALK	 SY	2,640.000 2,640.000	32.75000 32.75000	86,460.00
	2605000000-N CONCRETE CURB RAMP	 EA	 25.000	1,285.00000	32,125.00
	2612000000-E 6" CONCRETE DRIVEWAY	 SY	70.000 70.000	44.50000 	3,115.00
•	2627000000-E 4" CONCRETE ISLAND COVER	 SY	2,690.000 2,690.000	32.75000 32.75000	88,097.50
0073	2647000000-E 5" MONOLITHIC CONCRETE ISLANDS (SURFACE MOUNTED)	 SY	3,630.000 3,630.000	49.00000 	177,870.00
0074	2703000000-E CONCRETE BARRIER, TYPE ****** (III)	 LF	 145.000	350.00000 350.00000	50,750.00
-	2752000000-E GENERIC PAVING ITEM DDI BARRIER	 LF	920.000 920.000	400.00000 400.00000	368,000.00
0076	2753000000-E GENERIC PAVING ITEM 18" CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER	 LF	2,510.000 2,510.000	14.00000	35,140.00
•	2800000000-N ADJUSTMENT OF CATCH BASINS	 EA		440.00000	1,320.00
0078	2860000000-N CONVERT EXISTING CATCH BASIN TO JUNCTION BOX	 EA	1.000	1,300.00000	1,300.00
	3030000000-E STEEL BM GUARDRAIL	 LF	1,312.500	18.10000	23,756.25

Contract ID: C203530 Project(s): IMF-026-1(190)40

Letting Date: 03-18-14 Call Order: 020

Line		 	Approx. Quantity	Unit Price	Bid Amount
1101	 		and Units	Dollars Cts	Dollars Ct
0800	3045000000-E STEEL BM GUARDRAIL, SHOP CURVED	 LF	63.470	21.00000	1,332.87
	3150000000-N ADDITIONAL GUARDRAIL POSTS 	 EA	5.000 5.000	17.50000	 87.50
	3165000000-N GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE ************ (350, TL-2)	 EA	1.000	1,875.00000	 1,875.00
0083	3180000000-N GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE ************ (B-77 SHOP CURVED)	 EA	2.000 	1,875.00000	 3,750.00
	3210000000-N GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE CAT-1	 EA	5.000 	675.00000	3,375.00
	3270000000-N GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE 350	 EA	6.000 6.000	2,305.00000	 13,830.00
	3285000000-N GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE M-350	 EA	6.000 	1,810.00000	 10,860.00
	3317000000-N GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE B-77	 EA	5.000 5.000	1,700.00000	8,500.00
	3360000000-E REMOVE EXISTING GUARDRAIL	 LF	491.000 	2.00000	 982.00
	3503000000-E WOVEN WIRE FENCE, 47" FABRIC	 LF		4.10000	 4,469.00
	3509000000-E 4" TIMBER FENCE POSTS, 7'-6" LONG	 EA		19.85000	 1,210.85

Contract ID: C203530 Project(s): IMF-026-1(190)40

Letting Date: 03-18-14 Call Order: 020

+ Line No.		Approx. Quantity and Units	Unit Price	
	3515000000-E 5" TIMBER FENCE POSTS, 8'-0" LONG 	 34.000 EA	 36.20000	1,230.80
	3649000000-E RIP RAP, CLASS B	 30.000 TON	 49.25000 	1,477.50
	3656000000-E GEOTEXTILE FOR DRAINAGE 	 1,205.000 SY	 2.80000 	3,374.00
10094	4048000000-E REINFORCED CONCRETE SIGN FOUN-DATIONS	 3.000 CY	 817.00000 	2,451.00
0095	4054000000-E PLAIN CONCRETE SIGN FOUNDA- TIONS	 2.000 CY	 817.00000 	1,634.00
	4057000000-E OVERHEAD FOOTING 	 45.000 CY	 1,500.00000 	67,500.00
	4060000000-E SUPPORTS, BREAKAWAY STEEL BEAM	 2,516.000 LB	 4.95000 	12,454.20
	4066000000-E SUPPORTS, SIMPLE STEEL BEAM	 708.000 LB	4.10000	2,902.80
	4072000000-E SUPPORTS, 3-LB STEEL U-CHANNEL	1,123.000 LF	 5.70000 	6,401.10
	4079000000-N SUPPORTS, BARRIER (SMALL)	 6.000 EA	 192.50000 	1,155.00
0101 	4082100000-N SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUC-TURE AT STA ****** (22+00 -L-	 LUMP 	 LUMP 	58,750.00 58,750.00

Contract ID: C203530 Project(s): IMF-026-1(190)40

Letting Date: 03-18-14 Call Order: 020

+ Line No. 		Approx. Quantity and Units	Unit Price Dollars Cts	
0102 	4082100000-N SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUC-TURE AT STA ****** (29+70 -L-	 LUMP 	LUMP	23,500.00 23,500.00
0103 	4082100000-N SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUC-TURE AT STA ****** (33+40 -L-	 LUMP 		52,000.00
	4096000000-N SIGN ERECTION, TYPE D 	 4.000 EA	 87.50000 	350.00
	4102000000-N SIGN ERECTION, TYPE E 	 74.000 EA		4,329.00
	4108000000-N SIGN ERECTION, TYPE F 	 8.000 EA		700.00
0107	4109000000-N SIGN ERECTION, TYPE *** (OVER-HEAD) (A)	 7.000 EA		8.40
0108	4110000000-N SIGN ERECTION, TYPE *** (GROUND MOUNTED) (A)	 3.000 EA		1,410.00
10109	4116100000-N SIGN ERECTION, RELOCATE, TYPE **** (GROUND MOUNTED) (A)			2,800.00
	4138000000-N DISPOSAL OF SUPPORT, STEEL BEAM 			5,600.00
	4155000000-N DISPOSAL OF SIGN SYSTEM, U- CHANNEL 		 1.20000	52.80 52.80
	4400000000-E WORK ZONE SIGNS (STATIONARY) 	 304.000 SF		1,504.80

Project(s): IMF-026-1(190)40 Contract ID: C203530

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Line No.	·		Approx. Quantity	Unit Price	Bid Amount
		and Units		Dollars Cts	Dollars Ct
	4405000000-E WORK ZONE SIGNS (PORTABLE)	 SF	705.000 705.000	21.80000	15,369.00
0114	4410000000-E WORK ZONE SIGNS (BARRICADE MOUNTED)	 SF	134.000	8.55000 	1,145.70
	4415000000-N FLASHING ARROW BOARD	 EA 	4.000	4,775.00000 4,775	19,100.00
	4420000000-N PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	 EA 	2.000 2.000	15,000.00000 15,000.00000	30,000.00
0117	4422000000-N PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (SHORT TERM)	 DAY	40.000 '	46.00000 	1,840.00
 0118 	443000000-N DRUMS	 EA	300.000 	95.00000 	28 , 500.00
	4445000000-E BARRICADES (TYPE III)	 LF	514.000 	27.00000 	13,878.00
 0120 	4455000000-N FLAGGER	 DAY	360.000 Z	225.00000	81,000.00
	4465000000-N TEMPORARY CRASH CUSHIONS	 EA	1.000 1.000	4,850.00000 	4,850.00
	4470000000-N RESET TEMPORARY CRASH CUSHION	 EA	1.000	1,600.00000	1,600.00
	4485000000-E PORTABLE CONCRETE BARRIER	 LF	1,000.000	22.00000	22,000.00
0124	4500000000-E RESET PORTABLE CONCRETE BAR- RIER	 LF	450.000 	3.50000	1,575.00

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Contract ID: C203530 Project(s): IMF-026-1(190)40

Letting Date: 03-18-14 Call Order: 020

Bidder: 3643 - Young & McQueen Grading Co., Inc.

+	Line Item		g Co., inc.	Unit Price	Bid Amount
No.	Description 		antity d Units	Dollars Cts	Dollars Ct
	4510000000-N LAW ENFORCEMENT 	 HR	480.000	41.00000	19,680.00
+ 0126 	4516000000-N SKINNY DRUM 	 EA	170.000	35.00000 35.00000	5,950.00
0127	4650000000-N TEMPORARY RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS	 EA	478.000	 17.50000 	8,365.00
0128	4697000000-E THERMOPLAST IC PAVEMENT MARKINGLINES (8", 120 MILS)	•	192.000	3.50000 3.50000	672.00
0129	4710000000-E THERMOPLAST IC PAVEMENT MARKINGLINES (24", 120 MILS)	•	1,109.000	12.00000	13,308.00
0130 	4721000000-E THERMOPLAST IC PAVEMENT MARKINGCHARACTER (120 MILS)	 EA	4.000 	 150.00000 	600.00
0131	4725000000-E THERMOPLAST IC PAVEMENT MARKINGSYMBOL (90 MILS)		76.000	 150.00000 	11,400.00
0132		 LF	43,516.000	0.45000	19,582.20
0133	4835000000-E PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (24")	 LF	432.000 432.000	3.50000 3.50000	1,512.00
0134	484000000-N PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING CHARAC-TER	 EA	8.000 8.000		468.00
	4845000000-N PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL 	 EA	114.000		6,840.00

Contract ID: C203530 Project(s): IMF-026-1(190)40

Letting Date: 03-18-14 Call Order: 020

Line No.	· ·	Approx. Quantity -		Unit Price	Bid Amount
		İ	and Units	Dollars Cts	Dollars Ct
0136	484700000-E POLYUREA PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (4", ********) (HIGHLY REFLECTIVE ELEMENTS)	 LF	21,925.000 21,925.000	1.75000 1.75000 	38,368.75
0137	4850000000-E REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (4")	 LF	3,000.000 3,000.000	2.35000 2.35000	7,050.00
0138	4900000000-N PERMANENT RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS	 EA	22.000	23.50000 23.50000	517.00
	4905000000-N SNOWPLOWABL E PAVEMENT MARKERS 	 EA	456.000 456.000	 38.00000 	17,328.00
	5000000000-E ***' HIGH MOUNT STANDARD (60') 	 EA	6,000 	14,000.00000	84,000.00
	5020000000-N PORTABLE DRIVE UNIT 	 EA	1.000 1.000	4,000.00000 4,000.00000	4,000.00
	5025000000-E HIGH MOUNT FOUNDATIONS 	 CY	23.400 	670.00000 670.00000	15,678.00
0143	5050000000-N LIGHT STANDARD, TYPE MTLT ************ (35' SA, 15'	 EA	25.000 25.000 	2,350.00000 2,350.00000 	58,750.00
0144	5070000000-N STANDARD FOUNDATION ******** (TYPE R1)	 EA	20.000 	1,125.00000 1,125.00000	22,500.00
0145	5070000000-N STANDARD FOUNDATION ******** (TYPE R2)	 EA	5.000 	1,300.00000	6,500.00
0146	5120000000-N ELECTRIC SERVICE POLE ************** (30' CLASS	 EA	1.000	760.00000	760.00

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Bidder: 3643 - Young & McQueen Grading Co., Inc.

Line No.		Approx. Quantity - and Units		Unit Price	Bid Amount
NO. +				Dollars Cts	Dollars Ct
0147	5125000000-E ELECTRIC SERVICE LATERAL ************ (3 #1/0 USE)	 LF	100.000		2,000.00
0148	5145000000-N LIGHT CONTROL EQUIPMENT, TYPE RW *********** (240/480 VOLT)	 EA	1.000	9,350.00000 9,350.00000	9,350.00
0149	5155000000-E ELECTRICAL DUCT, TYPE BD, SIZE ***** (2")		380.000	7.00000	2,660.00
10150	5160000000-E ELECTRICAL DUCT, TYPE JA, SIZE *****	•	465.000	18.10000	8,416.50
0151	5160000000-E ELECTRICAL DUCT, TYPE JA, SIZE *****		255.000	 18.70000 	4,768.50
•	5170000000-E ** #8 W/G FÉEDER CIRCUIT (2) 	 LF	485.000	6.00000 	2,910.00
	5175000000-E ** #6 W/G FEEDER CIRCUIT (2)	 LF	330.000	7.00000	2,310.00
0154	5205000000-E ** #8 W/G FEEDER CIRCUIT IN *****" CONDUIT (2,	 LF	7,225.000	9.50000	68,637.50
0155 	5210000000-E ** #6 W/G FEEDER CIRCUIT IN *****" CONDUIT (2,	 LF	1,230.000	11.10000	13,653.00
0156	5240000000-N ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES *********** (PC18)	 EA	13.000	 350.00000	4,550.00
0157	5240000000-N ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES *********** (PC30)	 EA	4.000	 525.00000	2,100.00

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Project(s): IMF-026-1(190)40

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Line No.		1	Approx. Quantity and Units	Unit Price	
	5255000000-N LIGHTING 	PORTABLE	 LUMP	 LUMP	 125,000.00
0159	5270000000-N LIGHTING ITEM LUMINAIRE - LE	HIGH MOUNT	 24.000 EA	 2,275.00000 	54,600.00
0160 	5270000000-N LIGHTING ITEM LIGHT STANDARI AIRE - LED	ROADWAY LUMIN-	 25.000 EA	 1,050.00000 	26,250.00
+ 0161 	5325600000-E LINE 		 45.000 LF	 194.00000 	8,730.00
 0162 	5325800000-E LINE 		740.000	 87.00000 	64,380.00
 0163	5326200000-E LINE 		 70.000 LF	 237.00000 	 16,590.00
 0164 	5327400000-E LINE 		 60.000 LF	 670.00000 	 40,200.00
	5571800000-E VALVE 		 1.000 EA	 16,750.00000 	 16,750.00
	5572200000-E VALVE 		 1.000 EA	21,000.00000	21,000.00
•	5643000000-E METER (1") 	**" WATER	 1.000 EA	 7,100.00000	7,100.00
	5643150000-E WATER METER 		 1.000 EA	 6,500.00000	6,500.00

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Project(s): IMF-026-1(190)40 Contract ID: C203530

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Bidder: 3643 - Young & McQueen Grading Co., Inc.

Line No.	•		Approx. Quantity	Unit Price	Bid Amount
		1	and Units	Dollars Cts	Dollars Ct
0169 	5656100000-E RELOCATE **" RPZ BACKFLOW PRE-VENTION ASSEMBLY (1-1/2")	 EA	1.000	5,800.00000 5,800.00000	5,800.00
	5666000000-E FIRE HYDRANT	 EA	1.000	5,350.00000 5,350.00000	5,350.00
	5804000000-E ABANDON 12" UTILITY PIPE	 LF	150.000 150.000	30.00000 30.00000	4,500.00
0172	5882000000-N GENERIC UTILITY ITEM ROTATE TOP FOR EXISTING MAN- HOLE (CONCENTRIC TOP)	 EA	3.000 	1,500.00000 1,500.00000 	4,500.00
0173	5882000000-N GENERIC UTILITY ITEM ROTATE TOP FOR EXISTING MAN- HOLE (ECCENTRIC TOP)	 EA	3.000	1,500.00000 	4,500.00
	6000000000-E TEMPORARY SILT FENCE	 LF	6,350.000 	3.40000	21,590.00
0175	6006000000-E STONE FOR EROSION CONTROL, CLASS	 TON	600.000 	46.00000	27,600.00
0176	6009000000-E STONE FOR EROSION CONTROL, CLASS	 TON	•	 57.00000 	29,925.00
•	6012000000-E SEDIMENT CONTROL STONE	 TON	1,015.000	42.00000 	42,630.00
	6015000000-E TEMPORARY MULCHING	 ACR	3.000	1,275.00000 	3,825.00
	6018000000-E SEED FOR TEMPORARY SEEDING	 LB	100.000	2.50000 2.50000	250.00

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Bidder: 3643 - Young & McQueen Grading Co., Inc.

Line No.		Approx. Quantity and Units	Unit Price Dollars Cts	Bid Amount Dollars Ct
	6021000000-E FERTILIZER FOR TEMPORARY SEED-ING			+
	6024000000-E TEMPORARY SLOPE DRAINS		10.00000	2,750.00
	6029000000-E SAFETY FENCE	100.000 LF	3.75000 3.75000	375.00
	6030000000-E SILT EXCAVATION		10.00000	17,200.00
	6036000000-E MATTING FOR EROSION CONTROL	4,500.000 SY	0.25000	1,125.00
 0185 		 25.000 SY	1.65000 1.65000	41.25
	6038000000-E PERMANENT SOIL REINFORCEMENT MAT		4.25000	5,312.50
	6042000000-E 1/4" HARDWARE CLOTH	 3,700.000 LF	8.50000 8.50000	31,450.00
	6071012000-E COIR FIBER WATTLE	 350.000 LF	18.25000 18.25000	6,387.50
	6071020000-E POLYACRYLAM IDE (PAM)	 115.000 LB	11.50000	1,322.50
			5.50000 5.50000	2,200.00
 0191 			5,000.00000 5,000	5,000.00

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Contract ID: C203530

Project(s): IMF-026-1(190)40

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Bidder: 3643 - Young & McQueen Grading Co., Inc.

Line No.			pprox. antity	Unit Price	Bid Amount
	•		d Units	Dollars Cts	Dollars Ct
	6084000000-E SEEDING & MULCHING	 ACR	3.000 3.000	2,100.00000	 6,300.00
 0193 		 ACR	1.500 	585.00000	 877.50
	6090000000-E SEED FOR REPAIR SEEDING	 LB	 50.000 	2.35000	 117.50
	6093000000-E FERTILIZER FOR REPAIR SEEDING	 TON	0.250 	820.00000	 205.00
	6096000000-E SEED FOR SUPPLEMENTAL SEEDING	 LB	75.000 	2.50000	 187.50
	6108000000-E FERTILIZER TOPDRESSING	 TON	2.000 	820.00000	 1,640.00
	6114500000-N SPECIALIZED HAND MOWING	 MHR	 10.000 	50.00000	 500.00
	6117000000-N RESPONSE FOR EROSION CONTROL	 EA	 25.000 	120.00000	 3,000.00
0200	7048500000-E PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEAD (16", 1SECTION W/COUNTDOWN)	 EA 	12.000	816.60000	 9,799.20
	7060000000-E SIGNAL CABLE	 LF	 12,420.000 	2.35000	 29,187.00
0202	7120000000-E VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 3 SECTION)	 EA	 86.000 	845.75000	 72,734.50
02031	7132000000-E VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 4 SECTION)	 EA 	6.000 	962.50000	 5,775.00

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Contract ID: C203530 Project(s): IMF-026-1(190)40

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Bidder: 3643 - Young & McQueen Grading Co., Inc.

Line No.		· 	Approx. Quantity	Unit Price 	Bid Amount
 +		 	and Units	Dollars Cts	Dollars Ct
0204	7144000000-E VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 5 SECTION)	 EA	2.000		2,450.00
	7264000000-E MESSENGER CABLE (3/8")	 LF	3,215.000		7,555.25
102061	7300000000-E UNPAVED TRENCHING (********) (1, 2")	 LF	4,580.000		25,419.00 25,419.00
0207	7300100000-E UNPAVED TRENCHING FOR TEMP-ORARY LEAD-IN	 LF	55.000	 2.35000	129.25
0208	7301000000-E DIRECTIONAL DRILL (********) (2, 2")	 LF	195.000		3,705.00
0209	7301000000-E DIRECTIONAL DRILL (********) (3, 2")	 LF	90.000	 25.50000 	2,295.00
0210	7301000000-E DIRECTIONAL DRILL (********) (5, 2")	 LF	110.000		3,602.50
	7301000000-E DIRECTIONAL DRILL (********) (7, 2")	 LF	90.000	 37.50000 	3,375.00
	7324000000-N JUNCTION BOX (STANDARD SIZE)	 EA	21.000	 315.00000 	6,615.00
0213	•	 EA			7,040.00
 0214 		 EA			16,830.00
	7372000000-N GUY ASSEMBLY	 EA		325.00000 325.00000	11,700.00

State of NC Date: 02-17-14 Dept of Transportation Date:

Revised:

Project(s): IMF-026-1(190)40 Contract ID: C203530

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Bidder: 3643 - Young & McQueen Grading Co., Inc.

+ Line No.		 	Approx. Quantity	Unit Price	Bid Amount
	bescription	1	and Units	Dollars Cts	Dollars Ct
	7408000000-E 1" RISER WITH WEATHERHEAD	 EA	3.000 3.000	350.00000 	1,050.00
	7420000000-E 2" RISER WITH WEATHERHEAD 	 EA	7.000 7.000	450.00000 	3,150.00
	7444000000-E INDUCTIVE LOOP SAWCUT	 LF	4,440.000 	7.50000 7.50000	33,300.00
0219	7456000000-E LEAD-IN CABLE (**********) (14-2)	 LF	11,725.000 11	1.45000 1.45000	17,001.25
 0220 		 EA	4.000 	350.00000 350.00000	1,400.00
0221	7481240000-N CAMERA WITHOUT INTERNAL LOOP EMULATOR PROCESSING UNIT	 EA	 11.000 	4,100.00000	45,100.00
02221	7481260000-N EXTERNAL LOOP EMULATOR PRO- CESSING UNIT	 EA	4.000	5,250.00000 5,250.00000	21,000.00 21,000.00
	7481280000-N RELOCATE CAMERA SENSOR UNIT	 EA	6.000 6.000	585.00000 585.00000	3,510.00
	7575142060-N MODIFY RADIO INSTALLATION	 EA	8.000 8.000	820.00000 820.00000	6,560.00
	7576000000-N METAL STRAIN SIGNAL POLE	 EA	4.000	7,175.00000 7,175.00000	28,700.00
	7588000000-N METAL POLE WITH SINGLE MAST ARM	 EA	6.000 6.000	10,750.00000	64,500.00
 0227 		 EA	10.000	875.00000 875.00000	8,750.00

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Project(s): IMF-026-1(190)40 Contract ID: C203530

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Bidder: 3643 - Young & McQueen Grading Co., Inc.

+ Line	+ Line Item		Approx.	Unit Price	Bid Amount
No.	Description 	1	Quantity and Units	 Dollars Cts	Dollars Ct
•	7614100000-E DRILLED PIER FOUNDATION 	 CY	60.000 60.000	 585.00000 	35,100.00
-	7631000000-N MAST ARM WITH METAL POLE DE- SIGN 	 EA	6.000	 60.00000 	360.00
	7636000000-N SIGN FOR SIGNALS	 EA	31.000 31.000	321.00000 321.00000	9,951.00 9,951.00
0231	7642200000-N TYPE II PEDESTAL WITH FOUND- ATION	 EA	16.000	1,170.00000	18,720.00
	7684000000-N SIGNAL CABINET FOUNDATION 	 EA	3.000	1,050.00000	3,150.00
0233	7756000000-N CONTROLLER WITH CABINET (TYPE 2070L, BASE MOUNTED)		3.000	12,500.00000	37,500.00
0234	7768000000-N CONTROLLER WITH CABINET (TYPE 2070L, POLE MOUNTED)	•	2.000		23,800.00
	7780000000-N DETECTOR CARD (TYPE 2070L) 	 EA	27.000	120.00000	3,240.00
•	7901000000-N CABINET BASE EXTENDER 	 EA	3.000	410.00000	1,230.00
	796000000-N METAL POLE FOUNDATION REMOVAL 	 EA	4.000	875.00000	3,500.00
	7972000000-N METAL POLE REMOVAL 	 EA	8.000	470.00000	3,760.00

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Project(s): IMF-026-1(190)40 Contract ID: C203530

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Bidder: 3643 - Young & McQueen Grading Co., Inc.

Line No.	•	Approx.	Unit Price	Bid Amount
		and Units	Dollars Cts	Dollars Ct
0239	7980000000-N GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM PROTECTIVE BLACK COATING FOR METAL STRAIN POLE ASSEMBLY	 4.0 EA	 760.0000 	3,040.00
0240	798000000-N GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM PROTECTIVE BLACK COATING FOR PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL PEDESTAL	 16.(EA	 000 62.0000 	 0 992.00
0241	7980000000-N GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM PROTECTIVE BLACK COATING FOR SINGLE MAST ARM ASSEMBLY	 6.(EA	 000 1,600.0000 	9,600.00
	 Section 0001 Total			8,370,477.47
ectio	on 0003 WALL ITEMS		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
,	Alt Group			
0242	8802031000-E PRECAST GRAVITY RETAINING WALLS	 1,359.0	 000 75.5000 	 0 102,604.50
	 Section 0003 Total		1	102,604.50
Section	on 0004 STRUCTURE IT	EMS		
	Alt Group			
	850300000-E CONCRETE BARRIER RAIL 	 668.6 LF	 	. 0 90,265.05
0244	8860000000-N GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM EXPANSION JOINT SEALS	 LUMP	 LUMP 	 88,000.00
0245	8860000000-N GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM FOAM JOINT SEALS	 LUMP	LUMP	47,000.00

State of NC

Dept of Transportation Revised:

Date: 02-17-14

Project(s): IMF-026-1(190)40 Contract ID: C203530

Letting Date: 03-18-14 Call Order: 020

Bidder: 3643 - Young & McQueen Grading Co., Inc.

Line No.			Approx. Quantity	Unit Price	Bid Amount
NO .	Description	1	and Units	Dollars Cts	Dollars Ct
0246 S H	893000000-E GENERIC TRUCTURE ITEM YDRODEMOLITION OF BRI ECK	 DGE SY	 186.000 	315.00000 	58,590.00
0247 S	893000000-E GENERIC TRUCTURE ITEM SCARIFY RIDGE DECK	ING SY	186.000 186.000	100.00000 	18,600.00
 S	ection 0004 Total		 		302,455.05
 B	id Total		 		8,775,537.02

NON-COLLUSION AND DEBARMENT CERTIFICATION

The bidder certifies that neither he, nor any official, agent or employee of the bidder has entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action which is in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with this bid, and that the bidder intends to do the work with its own bonafide employees or subcontractors and is not bidding for the benefit of another contractor. In addition, submitting this electronic bid constitutes the bidder's certification of Status under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States and in accordance with the Debarment Certification on file with the Department.

By submitting this bid, the bidder certifies to the best of his knowledge and belief that he and his principals:

- a. Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;
- b. Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records; making false statements; or receiving stolen property;
- c. Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph b. of this certification; and
- d. Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.

Where the prospective bidder is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, the bidder shall submit an explanation in the blanks provided herein. The explanation will not necessarily result in denial of participation in a contract.

Explanation:

NOT ANSWERED

NOT ANSWERED

NOT ANSWERED

NOT ANSWERED

If the prequalified bidder's status changes, he shall immediately submit a new fully executed non-collusion affidavit and debarment certification with an explanation of the change to the Contract Office prior to submitting the bid.

Failure to furnish a certification or an explanation will be grounds for rejection of a bid

AWARD LIMITS ON MULTIPLE PROJECTS

By answering YES to this statement, the bidder acknowleges that they are using the award limits on multiple projects. No

A bidder who desires to bid on more than one project on which bids are to be opened on the same date, and who also desires to avoid receiving an award of more projects than he is equipped to handle, may bid on any number of projects but may limit the total amount of work awarded to him on selected projects by completing the AWARD LIMITS ON MULTIPLE PROJECTS.

The Award Limits on Multiple Projects must be filled in on each project bid for which the Bidder desires protection.

It is the desire of the Bidder to be awarded contracts, the value of which

will not exceed a total of NOT ANSWERED for those

projects indicated herein, for which bids will be opened on

(MM/DD/YY)

The Award Limits shall apply to the following projects:

Contract Number

County

NOT ANSWERED

NOT ANSWERED

NOT ANSWERED

NOT ANSWERED

NOT ANSWERED

NOT ANSWERED

It is agreed that if I am (we are) the low Bidder(s) on indicated projects, the total value of which is more than the above stipulated award limits, the Board of Transportation will award me (us) projects from among those indicated that have a total value not to exceed the award limit and will result in the lowest total bids to the Department of Transportation.

NORTH CAROLINA STATE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DBR COMMITMENT ITEMS

DATE:02-17-14 PAGE: 26

PROPOSAL: C203530

LETTING: L140318 CALL: 020

VENDOR: 3643 Young & McQueen Grading Co., Inc.

DBE SUBCONTRACTOR: 3376 REYNOLDS FENCE & GUARDRAIL INC

Will Use Quote: Yes

10.	NO.	DESC.	TYPE	SUBCONTRACTOR QUANTITY	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT
				SAPETY OF THE		and and and and and and and and and and
111	Ose Quote: Ye					
001	0000100000-N	MOBILIZATION	L5	1.000 3.000 2,000 45.000 2516.000 708.000 1123.000 6.000 1.000 4.000 74.000 8.000 7.000	10000.00000	10000.00
094	40480000000-E	REINF COIC F	CY	3.000	700.00000	2100.00
095	40540000000-E	PLN CONC FOU	CY	2,000	700.00000	1400.00
096	4057000000-E	OVERHEAD FOO	CY	45.000	1000.00000	45000.00
097	4060000000-E	SUPPORT, BRE	TB	2516.000	4.25000	10693.00
098	4066000000-E	SUPPORTS, SI	LB	708.000	3.50000	2478.00
099	4072000000-E	SUPPORT, 3-1	LP	1123.000	4.88000	5480.24
100	40790000000-1	SUPPORT, BAR		6.000	165.00000	990.00
101	4082100000-N	SUPPORT. OVE	LS	1.000	50200.00000	50200.00
102	4082100000-N	SUPPORT. OVR	LS	1.000	19260.0000	19260 00
104	4096000000-W	SIGN ERECTIO	ra.	4.000	75.00000	300.00
105	4102000000-N	STON REPORTO	TA.	74.000	sa naaa	3700.00
106	4100000000-%	KTON KREETTO	RA.		75.0000	600.00
107	#109000000-W	STON REPORTO	FA.	7.000	7 70000	
100	41100000000-W	CTCN ROSATIO	EA.	า กกก	400 00000	
ina	4116100000-9	CTON DEPOT	T.	3.000 8.000	200 0000	2400 00
110	#1 39000000-W	MIRDARD RUDD	22	74 777	200 0000	2077
111	#155000000	DICONCE GYEN		16.000 44.000		
103	4082100000-W	SUPPORT, OVR	15	1.000	44347.76000	44347.76
	NEC CAMBITANS	NT PATNERAL	*****	TONOMOD.		205,000.00 Commit
	DBE COMMITME	NT TOTAL FOR	ENDOF	TRACTOR:		205,000
13 W	anjin shari izijin algawa il	Transfer to the second		CRETE SERVICE,		
	Use Quote: Ye			CRSIS SERVICE,	4,18% s	
063	2451000000-N	CONC TRANS S	**	7.000 320.000 5870.000	650 00000	4550,00
dia att are	2535000000-R	***X*** CONC	1.6	320.000	14.00000	4480.00
Jbb	2549000000-7	21-6" conc.c.	1.9	5470 100	16.00000	93920 00
765 066		den de de la companya del companya del companya de la companya de	contact of the contac	The state of the s		
955 966 967	2556000000-R	SHOULDER RER	1.67	320_000	21.00000	6720 ON
057	2556000000-E	SHOULDER BER	ΓE	320.000	21.00000	6720.00
067 969	2556000000-E 2577000000-E	SHOULDER BER CONC EXPRESS	T'E.	320.000 780.000	21.00000 21.00000	6720.00 16380.00
069 069	2577000000-E 2577000000-E 2591000000-E	SHOULDER BER CONC EXPRESS 4" CONCRETE	I.F	320.000 780.000 2640.000	21.00000 21.00000 28.00000	6720.00 16380.00 73920.00
067 069 069 070	2556000000-E 2577000000-E 2591000000-E 2605000000-N	SHOULDER BER CONC EXPRESS 4" CONCRETE CONCRETE CUR		320.000 780.000 2640.000 25.000	21.00000 21.00000 28.00000 1100.00000	6720.00 16380.00 73920.00 27500.00
067 069 070 071	2556000000-E 2577000000-E 2591000000-E 2605000000-N 2612000000-E	SHOULDER BER CONC EXPRESS 4" CONCRETE CONCRETE CUR 6" CONCRETE	Le Le SY SA SY	320.000 780.000 2640.000 25.000 70.000	21,00000 21,00000 28,00000 1100,00000 38,00000	6720.00 16380.00 73920.00 27500.00 2660.00
067 069 070 071 072	2556000000-E 2577000000-E 2591000000-E 2605000000-E 2612000000-E 2627000000-E	SHOULDER BER CONC EXPRESS 4" CONCRETE CONCRETE CUR 6" CONCRETE 4" CONC ISLA	LF LF SY SX SY	320.000 780.000 2640.000 25.000 70.000 2690.000	21.00000 21.00000 28.00000 1100.00000 38.00000 28.00000	6720.00 16380.00 73920.00 27500.00 2660.00 75320.00
067 069 070 071 072 073	2556000000-E 2577000000-E 2591000000-E 2605000000-N 2612000000-E	SHOULDER BER CONC EXPRESS 4" CONCRETE CONCRETE CUR 6" CONCRETE	LP LP SY SA SY SY SY	320.000 780.000 2640.000 25.000 70.000	21,00000 21,00000 28,00000 1100,00000 38,00000	6720.00 16380.00 73920.00 27500.00 2660.00
067 069 070 071 072 073	2556000000-E 2577000000-E 2591000000-E 2605000000-E 2612000000-E 2627000000-E 2647000000-E 2753000000-E	SHOULDER BER CONC EXPRESS 4" CONCRETE CONCRETE CUR 6" CONCRETE 4" CONC ISLA 5" MONO CONC	LP LF SY SA SY SY SY	320.000 780.000 2640.000 25.000 70.000 2690.000 3630.000 2510.000	21,00000 21,00000 28,00000 1100,00000 38,00000 28,00000 42,00000	6720.00 16380.00 73920.00 27500.00 2660.00 75320.00 152460.00

NORTH CAROLINA STATE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DHE COMMITMENT ITEMS

ITEM UNIT SUBCONTRACTOR SUBCONTRACTOR EXTENDED DESC. TYPE QUANTITY UNIT PRICE AMOUNT LINE TIEM NO. NO. 0079 3030000000-E STL BM GUARD LF 1312.500 15.50000 20343.75
0080 3045000000-E SBGR SHOP CU LF 63.470 18.00000 1142.46
0081 3150000000-N ADDIT GUARDR EA 5.000 15.00000 75.00
0082 3165000000-N GR ANCHOR TY EA 1.000 1600.00000 1600.00
0083 3180000000-N GR ANCHOR TY EA 2.000 1600.00000 3200.00
0084 3210000000-N GR ANCHOR TY EA 5.000 575.00000 2875.00
0085 3270000000-N GR ANCHOR TY EA 6.000 1975.00000 11850.00
0086 3285000000-N GR ANCHOR TY EA 6.000 1550.00000 9300.00
0087 3317000000-N GR ANCHOR TY EA 5.000 1450.00000 7250.00
0089 3503000000-E NOVEN WIRE F LF 1090.000 3.50000 3815.00
0090 3509000000-E 4" TIMBER PO EA 61.000 17.00000 1037.00
0091 3515000000-E 5" TIMBER PO EA 34.000 34.00000 1156.00 0079 3030000000-E STL BM GUARD LF 63,644.21 Committed 63,644. DBE COMMITMENT TOTAL FOR SUBCONTRACTOR: DBE COMMITMENT TOTAL FOR SUBCONTRACTOR:
DBE COMMITMENT TOTAL FOR VENDOR (SubContractor) DBE SUBCONTRACTOR: 12392 HAMILTON HAULING LLC Will Use Quote: Yes 0033 1489000000-E ASP CONC BAS TON 3470.000 4.25000 14747.50 0034 1491000000-E ASP CONC BAS TON 2670.000 4.25000 11347.50 0035 1498000000-E ASP CONC INT TON 2500.000 4.25000 10625.00 0036 1503000000-E ASP CONC INT TON 3150.000 4.25000 13387.50 0037 1519000000-E ASP CONC SUR TON 3000.000 4.25000 12750.00 0038 1523000000-E ASP CONC SUR TON 4530.000 4.25000 19252.50 82,110.00 Committed DBE COMMITMENT TOTAL FOR SUBCONTRACTOR: DBE COMMITMENT TOTAL FOR VENDOR (SubContractor) 62,110. DBE SUBCONTRACTOR: 2855 BOSS CONSTRUCTION CO., INC. Will Use Quote: Yes 920.000 32.84000 30212.80 668.630 32.84000 21957.81 0075 2752000000-E GENERIC PAVI LF 0243 8503000000-E CONCRETE BAR LP 52,170.61 Committed DBE COMMITMENT TOTAL FOR SUBCONTRACTOR: DBE COMMITMENT TOTAL FOR VENDOR (SubContractor) 52,170.

890954.82 Entered: 10.15% or TOTAL DEE COMMITMENT FOR VENDOR: Required: 10.00% or 877553.70

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1 !	ItemNumber	Ca	Contract Item Sheets For C2	TI!4 Th! 3	Amount	
Line #	itemnumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
			ROADWAY ITEMS			
0001	0000100000-N	800	MOBILIZATION	Lump Sum LS	425,000.00	425,000.00
0002	0000400000-N	801	CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	Lump Sum LS	115,000.00	115,000.00
0003	0043000000-N	226	GRADING	Lump Sum LS	1,825,000.00	1,825,000.00
0004	0050000000-E	226	SUPPLEMENTARY CLEARING & GRUB- BING	1 ACR	100.00	100.00
0005	0057000000-E	226	UNDERCUT EXCAVATION	1,300 CY	12.00	15,600.00
0006	0134000000-E	240	DRAINAGE DITCH EXCAVATION	30 CY	14.00	420.00
0007	0195000000-E	265	SELECT GRANULAR MATERIAL	2,000 CY	39.00	78,000.00
0008	0196000000-E	270	GEOTEXTILE FOR SOIL STABILIZA- TION	2,980 SY	2.25	6,705.00
0009	0318000000-E	300	FOUNDATION CONDITIONING MATE- RIAL, MINOR STRUCTURES	580 TON	39.00	22,620.00
0010	0320000000-E	300	FOUNDATION CONDITIONING GEO- TEXTILE	1,800 SY	5.00	9,000.00
0011	0342000000-E	310	**" SIDE DRAIN PIPE (30")	156 LF	67.00	10,452.00
0012	0343000000-E	310	15" SIDE DRAIN PIPE	648 LF	61.00	39,528.00
0013	0344000000-E	310	18" SIDE DRAIN PIPE	72 LF	95.00	6,840.00
0014	0348000000-E	310	**" SIDE DRAIN PIPE ELBOWS (15")	8 EA	275.00	2,200.00
0015	0366000000-E	310	15" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	72 LF	62.00	4,464.00
0016	0372000000-E	310	18" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	96 LF	82.00	7,872.00
0017	0378000000-E	310	24" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS	32 LF	125.00	4,000.00
0018	0448200000-E	310	15" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	2,416 LF	53.00	128,048.00
0019	0448300000-E	310	18" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	538 LF	60.00	32,280.00

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Contract Item Sheets For C203530 ine ItemNumber Sec Description Quantity Unit Bid								
Unit Bid Price	Quantity Unit	Description	Sec #	ItemNumber	Line #			
78.00	280 LF	24" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	310	0448400000-E	0020			
120.00	42 LF	30" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	310	0448500000-E	0021			
65.00	440 LF	15" CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064" THICK	310	0582000000-E	0022			
330.00	284 LF	**" WELDED STEEL PIPE, ****" THICK, GRADE B IN SOIL (24", 0.500")	330	0973100000-E	 0023			
875.00	284 LF	**" WELDED STEEL PIPE, ****" THICK, GRADE B NOT IN SOIL (24", 0.500")	330	0973300000-E	0024			
117.50	20 LF	GENERIC PIPE ITEM 24" WELDED STEEL PIPE, 0.500" THICK, GRADE B, OPEN CUT	SP	098600000-E	0025			
15.00	1,624 LF	PIPE REMOVAL	340	0995000000-E	0026			
1,000.00	1 EA	PIPE CLEAN-OUT	350	0996000000-N	0027			
20.00	440 CY	SHALLOW UNDERCUT	505	1099500000-E	0028			
25.00	832 TON	CLASS IV SUBGRADE STABILIZA- TION	505	1099700000-E	0029			
25.00	500 TON	STABILIZER AGGREGATE	510	1110000000-E	0030			
25.00	100 TON	,	545	1220000000-E	0031			
7.50	2,930 SY	INCIDENTAL MILLING	607	1330000000-E	0032			
53.50	3,470 TON		610	1489000000-E	0033			
53.50	2,670 TON	ASPHALT CONC BASE COURSE, TYPE B25.0C	610	1491000000-E	0034			
52.50	2,500 TON	ASPHALT CONC INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE I19.0B	610	1498000000-E	 0035			
52.50	3,150 TON	ASPHALT CONC INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE I19.0C	610	1503000000-E	0036			
	3,000 TON		610	1519000000-E	0037			
	78.00 120.00 65.00 330.00 875.00 117.50 15.00 1,000.00 25.00 25.00 25.00 53.50 52.50	Unit Price	24" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	# Unit Price 310 24" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV LF 310 30" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV LF 310 15" CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064" LF 310 15" CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064" LF 310 15" CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064" LF 310 15" WELDED STEEL PIPE, ****** 284 330.00 LF 1111 CK, GRADE B IN SOIL LF 324 WELDED STEEL PIPE, ****** 284 875.00 LF 330 ****WELDED STEEL PIPE, ****** 284 LF 1111 CK, GRADE B NOT IN SOIL LF 324 WELDED STEEL PIPE, 0.500" LF 330 PIPE REMOVAL LF 340 PIPE REMOVAL LF 350 PIPE CLEAN-OUT LF 350 PIPE CLEAN-OUT LF 350 SHALLOW UNDERCUT 440 20.00 CY 505 CLASS IV SUBGRADE STABILIZA-TON TON 25.00 TON 25.00 TON 25.00 TON 25.00 TON 25.00 TON 25.00 TON 25.00 TON 25.00 TON 25.00 TON 59.00 TON 59.00 TON 59.00 TON 59.50 TO	0448400000-E 310 24" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV 280 78.00 LF 120.00 120.00 LF 12			

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			Contract Item Sheets For C2	03530		
Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
0038	1523000000-E	610	ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5C	4,530 TON	53.50	242,355.00
0039	1575000000-E	620	ASPHALT BINDER FOR PLANT MIX	990 TON	625.00	618,750.00
0040	1693000000-E	654	ASPHALT PLANT MIX, PAVEMENT REPAIR	50 TON	500.00	25,000.00
0041	2000000000-N		RIGHT OF WAY MARKERS	37 EA	175.00	6,475.00
0042	2022000000-E	815	SUBDRAIN EXCAVATION	336 CY	1.00	336.00
0043	2033000000-E	815		252 CY	40.00	10,080.00
0044	2044000000-E	815	6" PERFORATED SUBDRAIN PIPE	1,500 LF	15.00	22,500.00
0045	2070000000-N	815	SUBDRAIN PIPE OUTLET	3 EA	385.00	1,155.00
0046	2077000000-E	815	6" OUTLET PIPE	18 LF	32.00	576.00
0047	219000000-N	828	TEMPORARY STEEL PLATE COVERS FOR MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURE	2 EA	1,300.00	2,600.00
0048	2253000000-E	840	PIPE COLLARS	2.49 CY	1,050.00	2,614.50
0049	2264000000-E	840	PIPE PLUGS	0.07 CY	4,250.00	297.50
0050	2286000000-N	840	MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES	78 EA	1,400.00	109,200.00
0051	2308000000-E	840	MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES	60 LF	475.00	28,500.00
0052	2363000000-N	840	FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.***** (840.33)	1 EA	600.00	600.00
0053	2364000000-N	840	FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.16	7 EA	620.00	4,340.00
0054	2364200000-N	840	FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.20	5 EA	590.00	2,950.00
0055	2365000000-N	840	FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.22	3 EA	575.00	1,725.00
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Contract Item Sheets For C203530						
Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
	:	- 				
0056	2366000000-N	840	FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD	3	575.00	1,725.00
			840.24	EA		
0057	 2367000000-N	840	FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD	5	575.00	2,875.00
			840.29	EA		· •
0058	2374000000-N	840	FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD	2	655.00	1,310.00
0000	20. 1000000 1.	0.0	840.03, TYPE ** (E)	ĒĀ	000.00	1,010.00
0059	2374000000-N	840	FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD	16	675.00	10,800.00
			840.03, TYPE ** (F)	EA		

0060	2374000000-N	840	FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD 840.03, TYPE **	19 EA	675.00	12,825.00
			(G)			
0061	2396000000-N	840	FRAME WITH COVER, STD 840.54	6	510.00	3,060.00
				EA		
0062	2407000000-N	840	STEEL FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.37	8	1,400.00	11,200.00
			310 040.37	EA		
0063	2451000000-N	852	CONCRETE TRANSITIONAL SECTION	7	770.00	5,390.00
			FOR DROP INLET	EA ·		
0064	2473000000-N	 SP	GENERIC DRAINAGE ITEM	3	1,375.00	4,125.00
			BICYCLE SAFE STEEL FRAME AND GRATE	EA		·
0065	2535000000-E	846	**"X **" CONCRETE CURB (8" X 12")	320	16.50	5,280.00
	•		(5 × 12)	LF		
0066	2549000000-E	846	2'-6" CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER	5,870	18.75	110,062.50
				LF 		
0067	2556000000-E	846	SHOULDER BERM GUTTER	320 LF	24.50	7,840.00
	257700000 F	0.46	CONCRETE EXPRESSWAY GUTTER		24.50	40.440.00
0068	2577000000-E	846	CONCRETE EXPRESSIVAT GUTTER	780 LF	24.50	19,110.00
0069	2591000000-E	848	4" CONCRETE SIDEWALK	2,640	32.75	86,460.00
				SY		
0070	2605000000-N	848	CONCRETE CURB RAMP	25 EA	1,285.00	32,125.00
				EA		
0071	2612000000-E	848	6" CONCRETE DRIVEWAY	70 SY	44.50	3,115.00
0072	2627000000-E	. 852	4" CONCRETE ISLAND COVER	2,690	32.75	88,097.50
	-			SY		

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	Contract Item Sheets For C203530							
Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid		
0073	2647000000-E	852	5" MONOLITHIC CONCRETE ISLANDS (SURFACE MOUNTED)	3,630 SY	49.00	177,870.00		
0074	2703000000-E	854	CONCRETE BARRIER, TYPE ******* (III)	145 LF	350.00	50,750.00		
0075	2752000000-E	SP	GENERIC PAVING ITEM DDI BARRIER	920 LF	400.00	368,000.00		
0076	2753000000-E	846	GENERIC PAVING ITEM 18" CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER	2,510 LF	14.00	35,140.00		
0077	280000000-N	858	ADJUSTMENT OF CATCH BASINS	3 EA	440.00	1,320.00		
0078	286000000-N	859	CONVERT EXISTING CATCH BASIN TO JUNCTION BOX	1 EA	1,300.00	1,300.00		
0079	303000000-E	862	STEEL BM GUARDRAIL	1,312.5 LF	18.10	23,756.25		
0080	3045000000-E	862	STEEL BM GUARDRAIL, SHOP CURVED	63.47 LF	21.00	1,332.87		
0081	3150000000-N	862	ADDITIONAL GUARDRAIL POSTS	5 EA	17.50	87.50		
0082	3165000000-N	SP	GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE ************************************	1 EA	1,875.00	1,875.00		
0083	3180000000-N	862	GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE ************************************	2 EA	1,875.00	3,750.00		
0084	3210000000-N	862	GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE CAT-1	5 EA	675.00	3,375.00		
0085	3270000000-N	SP	GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE 350	6 EA	2,305.00	13,830.00		
0086	3285000000-N	SP	GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE M-350	6 EA	1,810.00	10,860.00		
0087	3317000000-N	862	GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE B-77	5 EA	1,700.00	8,500.00		
0088	3360000000-E	863	REMOVE EXISTING GUARDRAIL	491 LF	2.00	982.00		
0089	3503000000-E	866	WOVEN WIRE FENCE, 47" FABRIC	1,090 LF	4.10	4,469.00		
			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					

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Contract Item Sheets For C203530						
Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
0090	3509000000-E	866	4" TIMBER FENCE POSTS, 7'-6" LONG	61 EA	19.85	1,210.85
0091	3515000000-E	866	5" TIMBER FENCE POSTS, 8'-0" LONG	34 EA	36.20	1,230.80
0092	3649000000-E	876	RIP RAP, CLASS B	30 TON	49.25	1,477.50
0093	3656000000-E	876	GEOTEXTILE FOR DRAINAGE	1,205 SY	2.80	3,374.00
0094	4048000000-E	902	REINFORCED CONCRETE SIGN FOUN- DATIONS	3 CY	817.00	2,451.00
0095	4054000000-E	902	PLAIN CONCRETE SIGN FOUNDA- TIONS	2 CY	817.00	1,634.00
0096	4057000000-E	SP	OVERHEAD FOOTING	45 CY	1,500.00	67,500.00
0097	4060000000-E	903	SUPPORTS, BREAKAWAY STEEL BEAM	2,516 LB	4.95	12,454.20
0098	4066000000-E	903	SUPPORTS, SIMPLE STEEL BEAM	708 LB	4.10	2,902.80
0099	4072000000-E	903	SUPPORTS, 3-LB STEEL U-CHANNEL	1,123 LF	5.70	6,401.10
0100	4079000000-N	903	SUPPORTS, BARRIER (SMALL)	6 EA	192.50	1,155.00
0101	4082100000-N	SP	SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUC- TURE AT STA ****** (22+00 -L- NBL)	Lump Sum LS	58,750.00	58,750.00
0102	4082100000-N	SP	SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUC- TURE AT STA ****** (29+70 -L- NBL)	Lump Sum LS	23,500.00	23,500.00
0103	4082100000-N	SP	SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUC- TURE AT STA ****** (33+40 -L- SBL)	Lump Sum LS		52,000.00
0104	4096000000-N	904	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE D	4 EA	87.50	350.00
0105	4102000000-N	904	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE E	74 EA	58.50	4,329.00
0106	4108000000-N	904	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE F	8 EA	87.50	700.00
0107	4109000000-N	904	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE *** (OVER- HEAD) (A)	7 EA	1.20	8.40

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	Contract Item Sheets For C203530							
Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid		
0108	4110000000-N	904	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE *** (GROUND MOUNTED) (A)	3 EA	470.00	1,410.00		
0109	4116100000-N	904	SIGN ERECTION, RELOCATE, TYPE **** (GROUND MOUNTED) (A)	8 EA	350.00	2,800.00		
0110	4138000000-N	907	DISPOSAL OF SUPPORT, STEEL BEAM	16 EA	350.00	5,600.00		
0111	4155000000-N	907	DISPOSAL OF SIGN SYSTEM, U- CHANNEL	44 EA	1.20	52.80		
0112	4400000000-E	1110	WORK ZONE SIGNS (STATIONARY)	304 SF	4.95	1,504.80		
0113	4405000000-E	1110	WORK ZONE SIGNS (PORTABLE)	705 SF	21.80	15,369.00		
0114	4410000000-E	1110	WORK ZONE SIGNS (BARRICADE MOUNTED)	134 SF	8.55	1,145.70		
0115	4415000000-N	1115	FLASHING ARROW BOARD	4 EA	4,775.00	19,100.00		
0116	4420000000-N	1120	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	2 EA	15,000.00	30,000.00		
0117	4422000000-N	1120	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (SHORT TERM)	40 DAY	46.00	1,840.00		
0118	4430000000-N	1130	DRUMS	300 EA	95.00	28,500.00		
0119	4445000000-E	1145	BARRICADES (TYPE III)	514 LF	27.00	13,878.00		
0120	4455000000-N	1150	FLAGGER	360 DAY	225.00	81,000.00		
0121	4465000000-N	1160	TEMPORARY CRASH CUSHIONS	1 EA		4,850.00		
0122	4470000000-N	1160	RESET TEMPORARY CRASH CUSHION	1 EA	1,600.00	1,600.00		
0123	4485000000-E	1170	PORTABLE CONCRETE BARRIER	1,000 LF	22.00			
0124	4500000000-E	1170	RESET PORTABLE CONCRETE BAR- RIER	450 LF	3.50	1,575.00		
0125	4510000000-N	SP	LAW ENFORCEMENT	480 HR	41.00			

Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount
<u> </u>		π		Oint.	Titt	<u> </u>
0126	4516000000-N	1180	SKINNY DRUM	170 EA	35.00	5,950.00
 0127	4650000000-N	1251	TEMPORARY RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS	478 EA	17.50	8,365.00
0128	4697000000-E	1205	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (8", 120 MILS)	192 LF	3.50	672.00
 0129	4710000000-E	1205	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (24", 120 MILS)	1,109 LF	12.00	13,308.00
 0130	4721000000-E	1205	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING CHARACTER (120 MILS)	4 EA	150.00	600.00
 0131	4725000000-E	1205	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL (90 MILS)	76 EA	150.00	11,400.00
 0132	4810000000-E	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (4")	43,516 LF	0.45	19,582.20
0133	4835000000-E	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (24")	432 LF	3.50	1,512.00
 0134	484000000-N	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING CHARAC- TER	8 EA	58.50	468.00
 0135	4845000000-N	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL	114 EA	60.00	6,840.00
 0136	4847000000-E	1205	POLYUREA PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (4", *********) (HIGHLY REFLECTIVE ELEMENTS)	21,925 LF	1.75	38,368.75
 0137	4850000000-E	1205	REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (4")	3,000 LF	2.35	7,050.00
 0138	490000000-N	1251	PERMANENT RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS	22 EA	23.50	517.00
 0139	4905000000-N	1253	SNOWPLOWABLE PAVEMENT MARKERS	456 EA	38.00	17,328.00
0140	5000000000-E	1401	***' HIGH MOUNT STANDARD (60')	6 EA	14,000.00	84,000.00
 0141	5020000000-N	1401	PORTABLE DRIVE UNIT	1 EA	4,000.00	4,000.00
0142	5025000000-E	SP	HIGH MOUNT FOUNDATIONS	23.4 CY	670.00	15,678.00

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Contract Item Sheets For C203530						
Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
0143	5050000000-N	1404	LIGHT STANDARD, TYPE MTLT ***********************************	25 EA	2,350.00	58,750.00
 0144	5070000000-N	1405	STANDARD FOUNDATION ************************************	20 EA	1,125.00	22,500.00
 0145	5070000000-N	1405	STANDARD FOUNDATION ************************************	5 EA	1,300.00	6,500.00
 0146	5120000000-N	1407	ELECTRIC SERVICE POLE **** (30' CLASS 4)	1 EA	760.00	760.00
0147	5125000000-E	1407	ELECTRIC SERVICE LATERAL ************************************	100 LF	20.00	2,000.00
 0148	5145000000-N	1408	LIGHT CONTROL EQUIPMENT, TYPE RW ************************************	1 EA	9,350.00	9,350.00
 0149	5155000000-E	1409	ELECTRICAL DUCT, TYPE BD, SIZE ****** (2")	380 LF	7.00	2,660.00
0150	5160000000-E	1409	ELECTRICAL DUCT, TYPE JA, SIZE ****** (3")	465 LF	18.10	8,416.50
 0151	5160000000-E	1409	ELECTRICAL DUCT, TYPE JA, SIZE ****** (4")	255 LF	18.70	4,768.50
 0152	5170000000-E	1410	** #8 W/G FEEDER CIRCUIT (2)	485 LF	6.00	2,910.00
 0153	5175000000-E	1410	** #6 W/G FEEDER CIRCUIT (2)	330 LF	7.00	2,310.00
 0154	5205000000-E	1410	** #8 W/G FEEDER CIRCUIT IN ************************************	7,225 LF	9.50	68,637.50
 0155	5210000000-E	1410	** #6 W/G FEEDER CIRCUIT IN ************************************	1,230 LF	11.10	13,653.00
 0156	5240000000-N	1411	ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES ************************************	13 EA	350.00	4,550.00

North Carolina Department Of Transportation Contract Item Sheets For C203530

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Contract Item Sheets For C203530						
ine #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
157	5240000000-N	1411	ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOXES	4	525.00	2,100.00
			(PC30)	EA		
			·			
158	5255000000-N	1413	PORTABLE LIGHTING	Lump Sum LS	125,000.00	125,000.00
159	5270000000-N	SP	GENERIC LIGHTING ITEM HIGH MOUNT LUMINAIRE - LED	24 EA	2,275.00	54,600.00
160	5270000000-N	SP	GENERIC LIGHTING ITEM ROADWAY LIGHT STANDARD LUMIN- AIRE - LED	25 EA	1,050.00	26,250.00
161	5325600000-E	1510	6" WATER LINE	45	194.00	8,730.00
				LF 		
162	5325800000-E	1510	8" WATER LINE	740 LF	87.00	64,380.00
163	5326200000-E	1510	12" WATER LINE	70 LF	237.00	16,590.00
164	5327400000-E	1510	24" WATER LINE	60 LF	670.00	40,200.00
165	5571800000-E	1515	8" TAPPING VALVE	1 EA	16,750.00	16,750.00
166	5572200000-E	1515	12" TAPPING VALVE	1 EA	21,000.00	21,000.00
167	5643000000-E	1515	**" WATER METER (1")	1 EA	7,100.00	7,100.00
168	5643150000-E	1515	1-1/2" WATER METER	1 EA	6,500.00	6,500.00
169	5656100000-E	1515	RELOCATE **" RPZ BACKFLOW PRE- VENTION ASSEMBLY (1-1/2")	1 EA	5,800.00	5,800.00
170				1 EA	5,350.00	·
171			ABANDON 12" UTILITY PIPE	150 LF	30.00	
172	5882000000-N	SP	GENERIC UTILITY ITEM ROTATE TOP FOR EXISTING MAN- HOLE (CONCENTRIC TOP)	3 EA	1,500.00	4,500.00
 173	5882000000-N	SP	GENERIC UTILITY ITEM ROTATE TOP FOR EXISTING MAN- HOLE (ECCENTRIC TOP)	3 EA	1,500.00	4,500.00
174	600000000-E	1605	TEMPORARY SILT FENCE	6,350 LF	3.40	21,590.00

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	Contract Item Sheets For C203530							
Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid		
0175	6006000000-É	1610	STONE FOR EROSION CONTROL, CLASS A	600 TON	46.00	27,600.00		
0176	6009000000-E	1610	STONE FOR EROSION CONTROL, CLASS B	525 TON	57.00	29,925.00		
0177	6012000000-E	1610	SEDIMENT CONTROL STONE	1,015 TON	42.00	42,630.00		
0178	6015000000-E	1615	TEMPORARY MULCHING	3 ACR	1,275.00	3,825.00		
0179	6018000000-E	1620	SEED FOR TEMPORARY SEEDING	100 LB	2.50	250.00		
0180	6021000000-E	1620	FERTILIZER FOR TEMPORARY SEED- ING	1.25 TON	817.00	1,021.25		
0181	6024000000-E	1622	TEMPORARY SLOPE DRAINS	275 LF	10.00	2,750.00		
0182	6029000000-E	SP	SAFETY FENCE	100 LF	3.75	375.00		
0183	603000000-E	1630	SILT EXCAVATION	1,720 CY	10.00	17,200.00		
0184	6036000000-E	1631	MATTING FOR EROSION CONTROL	4,500 SY	0.25	1,125.00		
0185	6037000000-E	SP	COIR FIBER MAT	25 SY	1.65	41.25		
0186	6038000000-E	SP	PERMANENT SOIL REINFORCEMENT MAT	1,250 SY	4.25	5,312.50		
0187	6042000000-E	1632	1/4" HARDWARE CLOTH	3,700 LF	8.50	31,450.00		
0188	6071012000-E	SP	COIR FIBER WATTLE	350 LF	18.25	6,387.50		
0189	6071020000-E	SP	POLYACRYLAMIDE (PAM)	115 LB	11.50	1,322.50		
0190	6071030000-E	1640	COIR FIBER BAFFLE	400 LF	5.50	2,200.00		
0191	6071050000-E	SP	**" SKIMMER (2")	1 EA	5,000.00	5,000.00		
0192	6084000000-E	1660	SEEDING & MULCHING	3 ACR	2,100.00	6,300.00		
0193	6087000000-E	1660	MOWING	1.5 ACR	585.00	877.50		
0194	609000000-E	1661	SEED FOR REPAIR SEEDING	50 LB	2.35	117.50		

North Carolina Department Of Transportation Contract Item Sheets For C203530

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	Contract Item Sheets For C203530						
Line #	itemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid	
0195	6093000000-E	1661	FERTILIZER FOR REPAIR SEEDING	0.25 TON	820.00	205.00	
0196	6096000000-E	1662	SEED FOR SUPPLEMENTAL SEEDING	75 LB	2.50	187.50	
0197	6108000000-E	1665	FERTILIZER TOPDRESSING	2 TON	820.00	1,640.00	
0198	6114500000-N	1667	SPECIALIZED HAND MOWING	10 MHR	50.00	500.00	
0199	6117000000-N	SP	RESPONSE FOR EROSION CONTROL	25 EA	120.00	3,000.00	
0200	7048500000-E	1705	PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEAD (16", 1 SECTION W/COUNTDOWN)	12 EA	816.60	9,799.20	
0201	7060000000-E	1705	SIGNAL CABLE	12,420 LF	2.35	29,187.00	
0202	7120000000-E	1705	VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 3 SECTION)	86 EA	845.75	72,734.50	
0203	7132000000-E	1705	VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 4 SECTION)	6 EA	962.50	5,775.00	
0204	7144000000-E	1705	VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 5 SECTION)	2 EA	1,225.00	2,450.00	
0205	7264000000-E	1710	MESSENGER CABLE (3/8")	3,215 LF	2.35	7,555.25	
0206	7300000000-E	1715	UNPAVED TRENCHING (*********) (1, 2")	4,580 LF	5.55	25,419.00	
0207	7300100000-E	1715	UNPAVED TRENCHING FOR TEMP- ORARY LEAD-IN	55 . LF	2.35	129.25	
0208	7301000000-E	1715	DIRECTIONAL DRILL (*********) (2, 2")	195 LF	19.00	3,705.00	
0209	7301000000-E	1715	DIRECTIONAL DRILL (*********) (3, 2")	90 LF	25.50	2,295.00	
0210	7301000000-E	1715	DIRECTIONAL DRILL (***********) (5, 2")	110 LF	32.75	3,602.50	
0211	7301000000-E	1715	DIRECTIONAL DRILL (************) (7, 2")	90 LF	37.50	3,375.00	
0212	7324000000-N	1716	JUNCTION BOX (STANDARD SIZE)	21 EA	315.00	6,615.00	

North Carolina Department Of Transportation Contract Item Sheets For C203530

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			Contract Item Sheets For C2	03530		
Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
0213	7348000000-N	1716	JUNCTION BOX (OVER-SIZED, HEA- VY DUTY)	16 EA	440.00	7,040.00
 0214	7360000000-N	1720	WOOD POLE	 18 EA	935.00	16,830.00
0215	7372000000-N	1721	GUY ASSEMBLY	36 EA	325.00	11,700.00
0216	7408000000-E	1722	1" RISER WITH WEATHERHEAD	3 EA	350.00	1,050.00
0217	7420000000-E	1722	2" RISER WITH WEATHERHEAD	7 EA	450.00	3,150.00
0218	7444000000-E	1725	INDUCTIVE LOOP SAWCUT	4,440 LF	7.50	33,300.00
0219	7456000000-E	1726	LEAD-IN CABLE (**************) (14-2)	11,725 LF	1.45	17,001.25
0220	7481000000-N	SP	SITE SURVEY	4 EA	350.00	1,400.00
0221	7481240000-N	SP	CAMERA WITHOUT INTERNAL LOOP EMULATOR PROCESSING UNIT	11 EA	4,100.00	45,100.00
 0222	7481260000-N	SP	EXTERNAL LOOP EMULATOR PRO- CESSING UNIT	4 EA	5,250.00	21,000.00
0223	7481280000-N	SP	RELOCATE CAMERA SENSOR UNIT	6 EA	585.00	3,510.00
0224	7575142060-N	SP	MODIFY RADIO INSTALLATION	8 EA	820.00	6,560.00
0225	7576000000-N	SP	METAL STRAIN SIGNAL POLE	EA	7,175.00	
0226	7588000000-N	SP	METAL POLE WITH SINGLE MAST ARM	6 EA	10,750.00	64,500.00
 0227	7613000000-N	SP	SOIL TEST	10 EA	875.00	8,750.00
0228	7614100000-E	SP	DRILLED PIER FOUNDATION	60 CY	585.00	35,100.00
 0229	7631000000-N	SP	MAST ARM WITH METAL POLE DE- SIGN	6 EA	60.00	360.00
 0230	7636000000-N	1745	SIGN FOR SIGNALS	31 EA	321.00	9,951.00
0231	7642200000-N	1743	TYPE II PEDESTAL WITH FOUND- ATION	16 EA	1,170.00	18,720.00

North Carolina Department Of Transportation Contract Item Sheets For C203530

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	Contract Item Sheets For C203530						
Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid	
0232	7684000000-N	1750	SIGNAL CABINET FOUNDATION	3 E A	1,050.00	3,150.00	
0233	7756000000-N	1751	CONTROLLER WITH CABINET (TYPE 2070L, BASE MOUNTED)	3 EA	12,500.00	37,500.00	
0234	7768000000-N	1751	CONTROLLER WITH CABINET (TYPE 2070L, POLE MOUNTED)	2 EA	11,900.00	23,800.00	
0235	7780000000-N	1751	DETECTOR CARD (TYPE 2070L)	27 EA	120.00	3,240.00	
0236	7901000000-N	1753	CABINET BASE EXTENDER	3 EA	410.00	1,230.00	
0237	7960000000-N	SP	METAL POLE FOUNDATION REMOVAL	4 EA	875.00	3,500.00	
0238	7972000000-N	SP	METAL POLE REMOVAL	8 EA	470.00	3,760.00	
0239	798000000-N	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM PROTECTIVE BLACK COATING FOR METAL STRAIN POLE ASSEMBLY	4 EA	760.00	3,040.00	
0240	7980000000-N	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM PROTECTIVE BLACK COATING FOR PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL PEDESTAL	16 EA	62.00	992.00	
0241	7980000000-N	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM PROTECTIVE BLACK COATING FOR SINGLE MAST ARM ASSEMBLY	6 EA	1,600.00	9,600.00	

North Carolina Department Of Transportation Contract Item Sheets For C203530

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Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
0242	8802031000-E	SP	PRECAST GRAVITY RETAINING WALLS	1,359 SF	75.50	102,604.50

North Carolina Department Of Transportation Contract Item Sheets For C203530

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\$8,775,537.02

Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
0243	8503000000-E	460	CONCRETE BARRIER RAIL	668.63 LF	135.00	90,265.05
0244	8860000000-N	SP	GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM EXPANSION JOINT SEALS	Lump Sum LS	88,000.00	88,000.00
 0245	886000000-N	SP	GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM FOAM JOINT SEALS	Lump Sum LS	47,000.00	47,000.00
 0246	8893000000-E	SP	GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM HYDRODEMOLITION OF BRIDGE DECK	186 SY	315.00	58,590.00
 0247	8893000000-E	SP	GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM SCARIFYING BRIDGE DECK	186 SY	100.00	18,600.00

TOTAL AMOUNT OF BID FOR ENTIRE PROJECT

1005/Apr04/Q220514.56/D1079778815060/E247

County BUNCOMBE, HENDERSON

My Commission Expires: 04/21/2018

EXECUTION OF CONTRACT NON-COLLUSION AFFIDAVIT, DEBARMENT CERTIFICATION AND GIFT BAN CERTIFICATION

CORPORATION

The Contractor being duly sworn, solemnly swears (or affirms) that neither he, nor any official, agent or employee has entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action which is in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with this Contract, that the Contractor has not been convicted of violating N.C.G.S. § 133-24 within the last three years, and that the Contractor intends to do the work with its own bonafide employees or subcontractors and did not bid for the benefit of another contractor.

By submitting this Execution of Contract, Non-Collusion Affidavit and Debarment Certification, the Contractor is certifying his status under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States in accordance with the Debarment Certification attached, provided that the Debarment Certification also includes any required statements concerning exceptions that are applicable.

N.C.G.S. § 133-32 and Executive Order 24 prohibit the offer to, with a contract with the State, or from any person seeking to do procurement, you attest, for your entire organization and its empleen offered, accepted, or promised by any employees of your organization.	business with the State. By execution of any response in this ployees or agents, that you are not aware that any such gift has
SIGNATURE OF	
YOUNG & MCQUEEN GRADING CO., INC.	
Full name of	Corporation
25 CREST VIEW RD., BURNSVILLE, NC 28714	
Address as P Attest Secretary/Assistant/Secretary Select appropriate title	
KIMBERLY M YOUNG Print or type Signer's name	SAMUEL K YOUNG Print or type Signer's name
	CORPORATE SEAL
AFFIDAVIT MUST	BE NOTARIZED
Subscribed and sworn to before me this the	
day of April 2014 What was a gardner Signature of Notary Public	NOTAP TO
of YANCEY County State of NC	TOURTY WHITE

DEBARMENT CERTIFICATION

Conditions for certification:

- 1. The prequalified bidder shall provide immediate written notice to the Department if at any time the bidder learns that his certification was erroneous when he submitted his debarment certification or explanation filed with the Department, or has become erroneous because of changed circumstances.
- 2. The terms covered transaction, debarred, suspended, ineligible, lower tier covered transaction, participant, person, primary covered transaction, principal, proposal, and voluntarily excluded, as used in this provision, have the meanings set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of the rules implementing Executive Order 12549. A copy of the Federal Rules requiring this certification and detailing the definitions and coverages may be obtained from the Contract Officer of the Department.
- 3. The prequalified bidder agrees by submitting this form, that he will not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in NCDOT contracts, unless authorized by the Department.
- 4. For Federal Aid projects, the prequalified bidder further agrees that by submitting this form he will include the Federal-Aid Provision titled *Required Contract Provisions Federal-Aid Construction Contract (Form FHWA PR* 1273) provided by the Department, without subsequent modification, in all lower tier covered transactions.
- 5. The prequalified bidder may rely upon a certification of a participant in a lower tier covered transaction that he is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless he knows that the certification is erroneous. The bidder may decide the method and frequency by which he will determine the eligibility of his subcontractors.
- 6. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this provision. The knowledge and information of a participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- 7. Except as authorized in paragraph 6 herein, the Department may terminate any contract if the bidder knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available by the Federal Government.

DEBARMENT CERTIFICATION

The prequalified bidder certifies to the best of his knowledge and belief, that he and his principals:

- a. Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;
- b. Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records; making false statements; or receiving stolen property;
- c. Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph b. of this certification; and
- d. Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.
- e. Will submit a revised Debarment Certification immediately if his status changes and will show in his bid proposal an explanation for the change in status.

If the prequalified bidder cannot certify that he is not debarred, he shall provide an explanation with this submittal. An explanation will not necessarily result in denial of participation in a contract.

Failure to submit a non-collusion affidavit and debarment certification will result in the prequalified bidder's bid being considered non-responsive.

Check here i	if an expla	nation is	attached t	o this	certification.

Contract No. C203530

County (ies): Buncombe, Henderson

ACCEPTED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Contract Officer

Date

Execution of Contract and Bonds Approved as to Form:

Attorney General

C203530 Buncombe, Henderson Rev 5-17-11

CONTRACT PAYMENT BOND

Date of Payment Bond Execution April 4, 2014 Name of Principal Contractor Young & McQueen Grading Company, Inc. Name of Surety: Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland North Carolina Department of Transportation Name of Contracting Body: Raleigh, North Carolina Eight million Seven Hundred Seventy Five Amount of Bond: (\$8,775,537.02) Thousand Five Hundred Thirty Seven Dollars and 02/100 Contract ID No.: C203530 County Name: Buncombe, Henderson

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, That we, the PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR (hereafter, PRINCIPAL) and SURETY above named, are held and firmly bound unto the above named Contracting Body, hereinafter called the Contracting Body, in the penal sum of the amount stated above for the payment of which sum well and truly to be made, we bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, and successors, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents.

THE CONDITION OF THIS OBLIGATION IS SUCH, that whereas the principal entered into a certain contract with the Contracting Body, numbered as shown above and hereto attached:

NOW THEREFORE, if the principal shall promptly make payment to all persons supplying labor and material in the prosecution of the work provided for in said contract, and any and all duly authorized modifications of said contract that may hereafter be made, notice of which modifications to the surety being hereby waived, then this obligation to be void; otherwise to remain in full force and virtue.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the above-bound parties have executed this instrument under their several seals on the date indicated above, the name and corporate seal of each corporate party being hereto affixed and these presents duly signed by its undersigned representative, pursuant to authority of its governing body.

C203530

County

Buncombe, Henderson

CONTRACT PAYMENT BOND

Affix Seal of Surety Company	Affix	Seal	of Surety	Company
------------------------------	-------	------	-----------	---------

Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland
Print or type Surety Company Name

By Donna K. Ashley

Print, stamp or type name of Attorney-in-Fact

Signature of Attorney-in-Pact

Jennifer C. Hoehn

Print or type Signer's name

6100 Fairview Road

Charlotte, NC 28210

Address of Attorney-in-Fact

CONTRACT PAYMENT BOND

CORPORATION

SIGNATURE OF CONTRACTOR (Principal)

YOUNG & MCQUEEN GRADING CO., INC.

Full name of Corporation

25 CREST VIEW RD., BURNSVILLE, NC 28714

Address as prequalified

By

Signature of President, Vice President, Assistant Vice President

Select appropriate title

SAMUEL K YOUNG

Print or type Signer's name

Affix Corporate Seal

Attest

Signature of Secretary, Assistant Secretary

Select appropriate title

KIMBERLY M YOUNG

Print or type Signer's name

8990168

Bond Number

NC DOT

Obligee

ZURICH AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY COLONIAL AMERICAN CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND POWER OF ATTORNEY

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS: That the ZURICH AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY, a corporation of the State of New York, the COLONIAL AMERICAN CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY, a corporation of the State of Maryland, and the FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND a corporation of the State of Maryland (herein collectively called the "Companies"), by THOMAS O. MCCLELLEN, Vice President, in pursuance of authority granted by Article V, Section 8, of the By-Laws of said Companies, which are set forth on the reverse side hereof and are hereby certified to be in full force and effect on the date hereof, do hereby nominate, constitute, and appoint Wendy E. LAHM, William J. QUINN, G. Timothy WILKERSON, Donna K. ASHLEY, Angela D. RAMSEY, John D. LEAK, III, Jennifer C. HOEHN and John F. THOMAS, all of Charlotte, North Carolina, EACH its true and lawful agent and Attorney-in-Fact, to make, execute, seal and deliver, for, and on its behalf as surety, and as its act and deed: any and all bonds and undertakings, and the execution of such bonds or undertakings in pursuance of these presents, shall be as binding upon said Companies, as fully and amply, to all intents and purposes, as if they had been duly executed and acknowledged by the regularly elected officers of the ZURICH AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY at its office in New York, New York., the regularly elected officers of the FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND at its office in Owings Mills, Maryland., and the regularly elected officers of the FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND at its office in Owings Mills, Maryland., in their own proper persons. This power of attorney revokes that issued on behalf of Wendy E. LAHM, William J. QUINN, G. Timothy WILKERSON, Donna K. ASHLEY, Angela D. RAMSEY, John D. LEAK, III, Jennifer C. HOEHN, John F. THOMAS, dated December 17, 2007.

The said Vice President does hereby certify that the extract set forth on the reverse side hereof is a true copy of Article V, Section 8, of the By-Laws of said Companies, and is now in force.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the said Vice-President has hereunto subscribed his/her names and affixed the Corporate Seals of the said ZURICH AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY, COLONIAL AMERICAN CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY, and FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND, this 11th day of April, A.D. 2012.

ATTEST:

ZURICH AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY COLONIAL AMERICAN CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND







By: Assistant Secretary
Gregory E. Murray

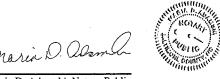
Thomas O. McClellen

State of Maryland

City of Baltimore

On this 11th day of April, A.D. 2012, before the subscriber, a Notary Public of the State of Maryland, duly commissioned and qualified, **THOMAS O.**MCCLELLEN, Vice President, and GREGORY E. MURRAY, Assistant Secretary, of the Companies, to me personally known to be the individuals and officers described in and who executed the preceding instrument, and acknowledged the execution of same, and being by me duly sworn, deposeth and saith, that he/she is the said officer of the Company aforesaid, and that the seals affixed to the preceding instrument are the Corporate Seals of said Companies, and that the said Corporate Seals and the signature as such officer were duly affixed and subscribed to the said instrument by the authority and direction of the said Corporations.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my Official Seal the day and year first above written.



Maria D. Adamski, Notary Public My Commission Expires: July 8, 2015

EXTRACT FROM BY-LAWS OF THE COMPANIES

"Article V, Section 8, <u>Attorneys-in-Fact</u>. The Chief Executive Officer, the President, or any Executive Vice President or Vice President may, by written instrument under the attested corporate seal, appoint attorneys-in-fact with authority to execute bonds, policies, recognizances, stipulations, undertakings, or other like instruments on behalf of the Company, and may authorize any officer or any such attorney-in-fact to affix the corporate seal thereto; and may with or without cause modify of revoke any such appointment or authority at any time."

CERTIFICATE

I, the undersigned, Vice President of the ZURICH AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY, the COLONIAL AMERICAN CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY, and the FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND, do hereby certify that the foregoing Power of Attorney is still in full force and effect on the date of this certificate; and I do further certify that Article V, Section 8, of the By-Laws of the Companies is still in force.

This Power of Attorney and Certificate may be signed by facsimile under and by authority of the following resolution of the Board of Directors of the ZURICH AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY at a meeting duly called and held on the 15th day of December 1998.

RESOLVED: "That the signature of the President or a Vice President and the attesting signature of a Secretary or an Assistant Secretary and the Seal of the Company may be affixed by facsimile on any Power of Attorney...Any such Power or any certificate thereof bearing such facsimile signature and seal shall be valid and binding on the Company."

This Power of Attorney and Certificate may be signed by facsimile under and by authority of the following resolution of the Board of Directors of the COLONIAL AMERICAN CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY at a meeting duly called and held on the 5th day of May, 1994, and the following resolution of the Board of Directors of the FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND at a meeting duly called and held on the 10th day of May, 1990.

RESOLVED: "That the facsimile or mechanically reproduced seal of the company and facsimile or mechanically reproduced signature of any Vice-President, Secretary, or Assistant Secretary of the Company, whether made heretofore or hereafter, wherever appearing upon a certified copy of any power of attorney issued by the Company, shall be valid and binding upon the Company with the same force and effect as though manually affixed.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name and affixed the corporate seals of the said Companies, this _4_ day of _____, 20_14_.







James M. Carroll, Vice President

ames M Carroll

C203530

Buncombe, Henderson

Rev 5-17-11

CONTRACT PERFORMANCE BOND

April 4, 2014 Date of Performance Bond Execution: Young & McQueen Grading Company, Inc. Name of Principal Contractor: Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland Name of Surety: Name of Contracting Body: North Carolina Department of Transportation Raleigh, North Carolina Eight million Seven Hundred Seventy Five (\$8,775,537.02) Eight million Seven Fluiding Seven Dollars and 02/100 Amount of Bond: C203530 Contract ID No.: Buncombe, Henderson County Name:

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, That we, the PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR (hereafter, PRINCIPAL) and SURETY above named, are held and firmly bound unto the above named Contracting Body, hereinafter called the Contracting Body, in the penal sum of the amount stated above for the payment of which sum well and truly to be made, we bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, and successors, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents.

THE CONDITION OF THIS OBLIGATION IS SUCH, that whereas the principal entered into a certain contract with the Contracting Body, numbered as shown above and hereto attached:

NOW THEREFORE, if the principal shall well and truly perform and fulfill all the undertakings, covenants, terms, conditions, and agreements of said contract during the original term of said contract and any extensions thereof that may be granted by the Contracting Body, with or without notice to the Surety, and during the life of any guaranty required under the contract, and shall also well and truly perform and fulfill all the undertakings, covenants, terms, conditions, and agreements of any and all duly authorized modifications of said contract that may hereafter be made, notice of which modifications to the surety being hereby waived, then this obligation to be void; otherwise to remain in full force and virtue.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the above-bound parties have executed this instrument under their several seals on the date indicated above, the name and corporate seal of each corporate party being hereto affixed and these presents duly signed by its undersigned representative, pursuant to authority of its governing body.

Rev 5-17-11

CONTRACT PERFORMANCE BOND

Affix S	Seal of	Surety	Company
---------	---------	--------	---------

Print or type Surety Company Name

By Donna K. Ashley

Print, stamp or type name of Attorney-in-Fact

Signature of Attorney in-Fact

Jennifer C. Hoehn

Print or type Signer's name

6100 Fairview Road

Charlotte, NC 28210

Address of Attorney-in-Fact

BUNCOMBE, HENDERSON

CONTRACT PERFORMANCE BOND

CORPORATION

SIGNATURE OF CONTRACTOR (Principal)

YOUNG 8	MCQUEEN GRADING CO., INC.	
	Full name of Corporation	· · ·
25 CRES	T VIEW RD., BURNSVILLE, NC 28714	
	Address as prequalified	
	By Signature of President, Vice President Select approximation	
	SAMUEL K YOUN Print or	G type Signer's name
	Affix Corporate Seal	
Attest	Signature of Secretary, Assistant Secretary Select appropriate title	
	KIMBERLY M YOUNG	
	Print or type Signer's name	

8990168 **Bond Number**

NC DOT

Obligee

ZURICH AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY COLONIAL AMERICAN CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND POWER OF ATTORNEY

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS: That the ZURICH AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY, a corporation of the State of New York, the COLONIAL AMERICAN CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY, a corporation of the State of Maryland, and the FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND a corporation of the State of Maryland (herein collectively called the "Companies"), by THOMAS O. MCCLELLEN, Vice President, in pursuance of authority granted by Article V, Section 8, of the By-Laws of said Companies, which are set forth on the reverse side hereof and are hereby certified to be in full force and effect on the date hereof, do hereby nominate, constitute, and appoint Wendy E. LAHM, William J. QUINN, G. Timothy WILKERSON, Donna K. ASHLEY, Angela D. RAMSEY, John D. LEAK, III, Jennifer C. HOEHN and John F. THOMAS, all of Charlotte, North Carolina, EACH its true and lawful agent and Attorney-in-Fact, to make, execute, seal and deliver, for, and on its behalf as surety, and as its act and deed: any and all bonds and undertakings,, and the execution of such bonds or undertakings in pursuance of these presents, shall be as binding upon said Companies, as fully and amply, to all intents and purposes, as if they had been duly executed and acknowledged by the regularly elected officers of the ZURICH AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY at its office in New York, New York, the regularly elected officers of the COLONIAL AMERICAN CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY at its office in Owings Mills, Maryland., and the regularly elected officers of the FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND at its office in Owings Mills, Maryland., in their own proper persons. This power of attorney revokes that issued on behalf of Wendy E. LAHM, William J. QUINN, G. Timothy WILKERSON, Donna K. ASHLEY, Angela D. RAMSEY, John D. LEAK, III, Jennifer C. HOEHN, John F. THOMAS, dated December 17, 2007.

The said Vice President does hereby certify that the extract set forth on the reverse side hereof is a true copy of Article V, Section 8, of the By-Laws of said Companies, and is now in force.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the said Vice-President has hereunto subscribed his/her names and affixed the Corporate Seals of the said ZURICH AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY, COLONIAL AMERICAN CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY, and FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND, this 11th day of April, A.D. 2012.

ATTEST:

ZURICH AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY COLONIAL AMERICAN CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND







Gregory E. Murray

Thomas O. McClellen

State of Maryland

City of Baltimore

On this 11th day of April, A.D. 2012, before the subscriber, a Notary Public of the State of Maryland, duly commissioned and qualified, THOMAS O. MCCLELLEN, Vice President, and GREGORY E. MURRAY, Assistant Secretary, of the Companies, to me personally known to be the individuals and officers described in and who executed the preceding instrument, and acknowledged the execution of same, and being by me duly sworn, deposeth and saith, that he/she is the said officer of the Company aforesaid, and that the seals affixed to the preceding instrument are the Corporate Seals of said Companies, and that the said Corporate Seals and the signature as such officer were duly affixed and subscribed to the said instrument by the authority and direction of the said Corporations.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my Official Seal the day and year first above written.



Maria D. Adamski, Notary Public My Commission Expires: July 8, 2015

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CERTIFICATE

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RESOLVED: "That the facsimile or mechanically reproduced seal of the company and facsimile or mechanically reproduced signature of any Vice-President, Secretary, or Assistant Secretary of the Company, whether made heretofore or hereafter, wherever appearing upon a certified copy of any power of attorney issued by the Company, shall be valid and binding upon the Company with the same force and effect as though manually affixed.







James M. Carroll, Vice President

ames M Carroll