# STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION RALEIGH, N.C.

# CONTRACT AND **CONTRACT BONDS**

FOR CONTRACT NO. C204341

44390.3.1 STATE FUNDED WBS

T.I.P NO. <u>U-5818</u>

**COUNTY OF MCDOWELL** 

THIS IS THE ROADWAY & STRUCTURE CONTRACT

**ROUTE NUMBER** LENGTH SR 1001 0.530 MILES

**LOCATION** SR-1001 FROM I-40 WB RAMPS TO 0.3 MILES WEST OF I-40 EB

RAMPS.

CONTRACTOR NATIONAL BRIDGE BUILDERS LLC

**ADDRESS** 106 WOODLAND TRAIL

KERNERSVILLE, NC 27284

BIDS OPENED JUNE 18, 2019 CONTRACT EXECUTION 7/12/2019

# STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION RALEIGH, N.C.

# **PROPOSAL**

DATE AND TIME OF BID OPENING: JUNE 18, 2019 AT 2:00 PM

CONTRACT ID C204341 WBS 44390.3.1

FEDERAL-AID NO. STATE FUNDED

COUNTY MCDOWELL

T.I.P. NO. U-5818

MILES 0.530

ROUTE NO. SR 1001

LOCATION SR-1001 FROM I-40 WB RAMPS TO 0.3 MILES WEST OF I-40 EB

RAMPS.

TYPE OF WORK GRADING, DRAINAGE, PAVING, SIGNALS, RETAINING WALLS, & STRS.

#### NOTICE:

ALL BIDDERS SHALL COMPLY WITH ALL APPLICABLE LAWS REGULATING THE PRACTICE OF GENERAL CONTRACTING AS CONTAINED IN CHAPTER 87 OF THE GENERAL STATUTES OF NORTH CAROLINA WHICH REQUIRES THE BIDDER TO BE LICENSED BY THE N.C. LICENSING BOARD FOR CONTRACTORS WHEN BIDDING ON ANY NON-FEDERAL AID PROJECT WHERE THE BID IS \$30,000 OR MORE, EXCEPT FOR CERTAIN SPECIALTY WORK AS DETERMINED BY THE LICENSING BOARD. BIDDERS SHALL ALSO COMPLY WITH ALL OTHER APPLICABLE LAWS REGULATING THE PRACTICES OF ELECTRICAL, PLUMBING, HEATING AND AIR CONDITIONING AND REFRIGERATION CONTRACTING AS CONTAINED IN CHAPTER 87 OF THE GENERAL STATUTES OF NORTH CAROLINA. NOTWITHSTANDING THESE LIMITATIONS ON BIDDING, THE BIDDER WHO IS AWARDED ANY FEDERAL - AID FUNDED PROJECT SHALL COMPLY WITH CHAPTER 87 OF THE GENERAL STATUTES OF NORTH CAROLINA FOR LICENSING REQUIREMENTS WITHIN 60 CALENDAR DAYS OF BID OPENING.

BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED AS SHOWN BELOW:

THIS IS A ROADWAY & STRUCTURE PROPOSAL

5% BID BOND OR BID DEPOSIT REQUIRED

# PROPOSAL FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF CONTRACT No. C204341 IN MCDOWELL COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA

| Date                  | 20        |
|-----------------------|-----------|
| DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPO | ORTATION, |

The Bidder has carefully examined the location of the proposed work to be known as Contract No. C204341 has carefully examined the plans and specifications, which are acknowledged to be part of the proposal, the special provisions, the

proposal, the form of contract, and the forms of contract payment bond and contract performance bond; and thoroughly understands the stipulations, requirements and provisions. The undersigned bidder agrees to bound upon his execution of the bid and subsequent award to him by the Board of Transportation in accordance with this proposal to provide the necessary contract payment bond and contract performance bond within fourteen days after the written notice of award is received by him. The undersigned Bidder further agrees to provide all necessary machinery, tools, labor, and other means of construction; and to do all the work and to furnish all materials, except as otherwise noted, necessary to perform and complete the said contract in accordance with the 2018 Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures by the dates(s) specified in the Project Special Provisions and in accordance with the requirements of the Engineer, and at the unit or lump sum prices, as the case may be, for the various items given on the sheets contained herein.

The Bidder shall provide and furnish all the materials, machinery, implements, appliances and tools, and perform the work and required labor to construct and complete State Highway Contract No. C204341 in McDowell County, for the unit or lump sum prices, as the case may be, bid by the Bidder in his bid and according to the proposal, plans, and specifications prepared by said Department, which proposal, plans, and specifications show the details covering this project, and hereby become a part of this contract.

The published volume entitled North Carolina Department of Transportation, Raleigh, Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures, January 2018 with all amendments and supplements thereto, is by reference incorporated into and made a part of this contract; that, except as herein modified, all the construction and work included in this contract is to be done in accordance with the specifications contained in said volume, and amendments and supplements thereto, under the direction of the Engineer.

If the proposal is accepted and the award is made, the contract is valid only when signed either by the Contract Officer or such other person as may be designated by the Secretary to sign for the Department of Transportation. The conditions and provisions herein cannot be changed except over the signature of the said Contract Officer.

The quantities shown in the itemized proposal for the project are considered to be approximate only and are given as the basis for comparison of bids. The Department of Transportation may increase or decrease the quantity of any item or portion of the work as may be deemed necessary or expedient.

An increase or decrease in the quantity of an item will not be regarded as sufficient ground for an increase or decrease in the unit prices, nor in the time allowed for the completion of the work, except as provided for the contract.

Accompanying this bid is a bid bond secured by a corporate surety, or certified check payable to the order of the Department of Transportation, for five percent of the total bid price, which deposit is to be forfeited as liquidated damages in case this bid is accepted and the Bidder shall fail to provide the required payment and performance bonds with the Department of Transportation, under the condition of this proposal, within 14 calendar days after the written notice of award is received by him, as provided in the Standard Specifications; otherwise said deposit will be returned to the Bidder.

State Contract Officer

DocuSigned by: -pocusigned by: Ronald E. Davenport, Jr. 5/16/2019

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#### **PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS**

#### **GENERAL**

#### **CONTRACT TIME AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:**

(8-15-00) (Rev. 12-18-07) 108 SP1 G07 A

The date of availability for this contract is **July 29, 2019**, except that work in jurisdictional waters and wetlands shall not begin until a meeting between the DOT, Regulatory Agencies, and the Contractor is held as stipulated in the permits contained elsewhere in this proposal. This delay in availability has been considered in determining the contract time for this project.

The completion date for this contract is **March 14, 2022**.

Except where otherwise provided by the contract, observation periods required by the contract will not be a part of the work to be completed by the completion date and/or intermediate contract times stated in the contract. The acceptable completion of the observation periods that extend beyond the final completion date shall be a part of the work covered by the performance and payment bonds.

The liquidated damages for this contract are **Two Hundred Dollars** (\$ 200.00) per calendar day. These liquidated damages will not be cumulative with any liquidated damages which may become chargeable under Intermediate Contract Time Number 1.

#### INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 1 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:

(7-1-95) (Rev. 2-21-12) 108 SPI GI3

Except for that work required under the Project Special Provisions entitled *Planting, Reforestation* and/or *Permanent Vegetation Establishment*, included elsewhere in this proposal, the Contractor will be required to complete all work included in this contract and shall place and maintain traffic on same.

The date of availability for this intermediate contract time is **July 29, 2019**.

The completion date for this intermediate contract time is **September 15, 2021**.

The liquidated damages for this intermediate contract time are **Two Thousand Dollars** (\$ 2,000.00) per calendar day.

Upon apparent completion of all the work required to be completed by this intermediate date, a final inspection will be held in accordance with Article 105-17 and upon acceptance, the Department will assume responsibility for the maintenance of all work except *Planting, Reforestation* and/or *Permanent Vegetation Establishment*. The Contractor will be responsible for and shall make corrections of all damages to the completed roadway caused by his planting operations, whether occurring prior to or after placing traffic through the project.

#### **INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 2 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:**

(2-20-07) 108 SP1 G14 A

The Contractor shall complete the required work of installing, maintaining, and removing the traffic control devices for lane closures and restoring traffic to the existing traffic pattern. The Contractor shall not close or narrow a lane of traffic on **SR-1001** (**Sugar Hill Road**) during the following time restrictions:

#### **DAY AND TIME RESTRICTIONS**

Monday thru Friday 7:00 A.M. to 9:00 A.M. 4:00 P.M. to 6:00 P.M.

In addition, the Contractor shall not close or narrow a lane of traffic on **SR-1001** (**Sugar Hill Road**), detain and/or alter the traffic flow on or during holidays, holiday weekends, special events, or any other time when traffic is unusually heavy, including the following schedules:

#### HOLIDAY AND HOLIDAY WEEKEND LANE CLOSURE RESTRICTIONS

- 1. For **unexpected occurrence** that creates unusually high traffic volumes, as directed by the Engineer.
- 2. For **New Year's Day**, between the hours of **6:00 A.M.** December 31<sup>st</sup> and **8:00 P.M.** January 2<sup>nd</sup>. If New Year's Day is on a Friday, Saturday, Sunday, or Monday, then until **8:00 P.M.** the following Tuesday.
- 3. For **Easter**, between the hours of **6:00 A.M.** Thursday and **8:00 P.M.** Monday.
- 4. For **Memorial Day**, between the hours of **6:00 A.M.** Friday and **8:00 P.M.** Tuesday.
- 5. For **Independence Day**, between the hours of **6:00 A.M.** the day before Independence Day and **8:00 P.M.** the day after Independence Day.
  - If **Independence Day** is on a Friday, Saturday, Sunday or Monday, then between the hours of **6:00 A.M.** the Thursday before Independence Day and **8:00 P.M.** the Tuesday after Independence Day.
- 6. For **Labor Day**, between the hours of **6:00 A.M.** Friday and **8:00 P.M.** Tuesday.
- 7. For **Thanksgiving**, between the hours of **6:00 A.M.** Tuesday and **8:00 P.M.** Monday.
- 8. For **Christmas**, between the hours of **6:00 A.M.** the Friday before the week of Christmas Day and **8:00 P.M.** the following Tuesday after the week of Christmas Day.

Holidays and holiday weekends shall include New Year's, Easter, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving, and Christmas. The Contractor shall schedule his work so that lane closures will not be required during these periods, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.

The time of availability for this intermediate contract work shall be the time the Contractor begins to install all traffic control devices for lane closures according to the time restrictions listed herein.

The completion time for this intermediate contract work shall be the time the Contractor is required to complete the removal of all traffic control devices for lane closures according to the time restrictions stated above and place traffic in the existing traffic pattern.

The liquidated damages are **One Thousand Dollars** (\$ 1,000.00) per hour.

# <u>INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 3 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:</u> (2-20-07) 108 SP

SP1 G14 A

The Contractor shall complete the required work of installing, maintaining, and removing the traffic control devices for lane closures and restoring traffic to the existing traffic pattern. The Contractor shall not close or narrow a lane of traffic on **I-40** during the following time restrictions:

#### DAY AND TIME RESTRICTIONS

**Monday thru Sunday** 6:00 A.M. to 8:00 P.M.

In addition, the Contractor shall not close or narrow a lane of traffic on I-40, detain and/or alter the traffic flow on or during holidays, holiday weekends, special events, or any other time when traffic is unusually heavy, including the following schedules:

#### HOLIDAY AND HOLIDAY WEEKEND LANE CLOSURE RESTRICTIONS

- 1. For **unexpected occurrence** that creates unusually high traffic volumes, as directed by the Engineer.
- For New Year's Day, between the hours of 6:00 A.M. December 31st and 8:00 P.M. 2. January 2nd. If New Year's Day is on a Friday, Saturday, Sunday, or Monday, then until **8:00 P.M.** the following Tuesday.
- 3. For **Easter**, between the hours of **6:00 A.M.** Thursday and **8:00 P.M.** Monday.
- 4. For **Memorial Day**, between the hours of **6:00 A.M.** Friday and **8:00 P.M.** Tuesday.
- For **Independence Day**, between the hours of **6:00 A.M.** the day before Independence Day 5. and **8:00 P.M.** the day after Independence Day.
  - If **Independence Day** is on a Friday, Saturday, Sunday or Monday, then between the hours of 6:00 A.M. the Thursday before Independence Day and 8:00 P.M. the Tuesday after Independence Day.
- For **Labor Day**, between the hours of **6:00 A.M.** Friday and **8:00 P.M.** Tuesday. 6.
- 7. For **Thanksgiving**, between the hours of **6:00 A.M.** Tuesday and **8:00 P.M.** Monday.

8. For **Christmas**, between the hours of **6:00 A.M.** the Friday before the week of Christmas Day and **8:00 P.M.** the following Tuesday after the week of Christmas Day.

Holidays and holiday weekends shall include New Year's, Easter, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving, and Christmas. The Contractor shall schedule his work so that lane closures will not be required during these periods, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.

The time of availability for this intermediate contract work shall be the time the Contractor begins to install all traffic control devices for lane closures according to the time restrictions listed herein.

The completion time for this intermediate contract work shall be the time the Contractor is required to complete the removal of all traffic control devices for lane closures according to the time restrictions stated above and place traffic in the existing traffic pattern.

The liquidated damages are **One Thousand Dollars** (\$ 1,000.00) per fifteen (15) minute time period.

# INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 4 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:

(2-20-07)

108

SP1 G14 D

The Contractor shall complete the required work of installing, maintaining and removing the traffic control devices for road closures and restoring traffic to the existing traffic pattern. The Contractor shall not close **I-40** during the following time restrictions:

# DAY AND TIME RESTRICTIONS Sunday thru Saturday 4:00 A.M. to 10:00 P.M.

The time of availability for this intermediate contract time will be the time the Contractor begins to install traffic control devices required for road closures according to the time restrictions stated herein.

The completion time for this intermediate contract time will be the time the Contractor is required to complete the removal of traffic control devices required for the road closures according to the time restrictions stated herein and restore traffic to the existing traffic pattern

The liquidated damages are **Two Thousand Dollars** (\$ 2,000.00) per fifteen (15) minute time period.

#### INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 5 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:

(2-20-07) (Rev. 6-18-13)

108

SP1 G14 H

The Contractor shall complete the work required of **Phase I**, **Step #3** as shown on Sheet **TMP-03** and shall place and maintain traffic on same.

The date of availability for this intermediate contract time is the date the Contractor elects to begin the work.

The completion date for this intermediate contract time is the date which is **twenty-one** (21) consecutive calendar days after and including the date the Contractor begins this work.

The liquidated damages are **Five Hundred Dollars** (\$ 500.00) per calendar day.

## **INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 6 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:**

(2-20-07) (Rev. 6-18-13)

108

SP1 G14 H

The Contractor shall complete the work required of **Phase I**, **Step #4** as shown on **Sheet TMP-03** and shall place and maintain traffic on same.

The date of availability for this intermediate contract time is the date the Contractor elects to begin the work.

The completion date for this intermediate contract time is the date which is **twenty-one** (21) consecutive calendar days after and including the date the Contractor begins this work.

The liquidated damages are **Five Hundred Dollars** (\$ 500.00) per calendar day.

#### INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 7 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:

(2-20-07) (Rev. 6-18-13)

108

SP1 G14 H

The Contractor shall complete the work required of **Phase II**, **Step #3** as shown on Sheet **TMP-03** and shall place and maintain traffic on same.

The date of availability for this intermediate contract time is the date the Contractor elects to begin the work.

The completion date for this intermediate contract time is the date which is **fourteen** (14) consecutive calendar days after and including the date the Contractor begins this work.

The liquidated damages are **One Thousand Dollars** (\$ 1,000.00) per calendar day.

#### INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 8 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:

(2-20-07) (Rev. 6-18-13)

108

SP1 G14 F

The Contractor shall complete the work required of **Phase III**, **Steps #1 and #2** as shown on Sheet **TMP-03** and shall place and maintain traffic on same.

The date of availability for this intermediate contract time is the date the Contractor elects to begin the work.

The completion date for this intermediate contract time is the date which is **fourteen** (14) consecutive calendar days after and including the date the Contractor begins this work.

The liquidated damages are **One Thousand Dollars** (\$ 1,000.00) per calendar day.

#### PERMANENT VEGETATION ESTABLISHMENT:

(2-16-12) (Rev. 10-15-13)

SP1 G16

Establish a permanent stand of the vegetation mixture shown in the contract. During the period between initial vegetation planting and final project acceptance, perform all work necessary to establish permanent vegetation on all erodible areas within the project limits, as well as,

in borrow and waste pits. This work shall include erosion control device maintenance and installation, repair seeding and mulching, supplemental seeding and mulching, mowing, and fertilizer topdressing, as directed. All work shall be performed in accordance with the applicable section of the 2018 Standard Specifications. All work required for initial vegetation planting shall be performed as a part of the work necessary for the completion and acceptance of the Intermediate Contract Time (ICT). Between the time of ICT and Final Project acceptance, or otherwise referred to as the vegetation establishment period, the Department will be responsible for preparing the required National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) inspection records.

Once the Engineer has determined that the permanent vegetation establishment requirement has been achieved at an 80% vegetation density (the amount of established vegetation per given area to stabilize the soil) and no erodible areas exist within the project limits, the Contractor will be notified to remove the remaining erosion control devices that are no longer needed. The Contractor will be responsible for, and shall correct any areas disturbed by operations performed in permanent vegetation establishment and the removal of temporary erosion control measures, whether occurring prior to or after placing traffic on the project.

Payment for Response for Erosion Control, Seeding and Mulching, Repair Seeding, Supplemental Seeding, Mowing, Fertilizer Topdressing, Silt Excavation, and Stone for Erosion Control will be made at contract unit prices for the affected items. Work required that is not represented by contract line items will be paid in accordance with Articles 104-7 or 104-3 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. No additional compensation will be made for maintenance and removal of temporary erosion control items.

#### **DELAY IN RIGHT OF ENTRY:**

(7-1-95) (Rev. 7-15-14) 108 SPI G22

The Contractor will not be allowed right of entry to the following parcel(s) prior to the listed date(s) unless otherwise permitted by the Engineer.

| Parcel No. | Property Owner                             | <u>Date</u>   |
|------------|--|---------------|
| 016        | Rutherford Electric Membership Corporation | July 19, 2019 |
| 021        | Linda D. Hamilton                          | July 19, 2019 |

#### **MAJOR CONTRACT ITEMS:**

(2-19-02) 104 SPI G28

The following listed items are the major contract items for this contract (see Article 104-5 of the 2018 Standard Specifications):

| Line # | Description                            |
|--------|--|
| 36     | Asphalt Conc. Base Course Type B25.0C  |
| 265    | MSE Retaining Wall No.**** (1)         |
| 266    | MSE Retaining Wall No.**** (2)         |
| 279    | Modified 63" Prestressed Conc. Girders |

#### **SPECIALTY ITEMS:**

(7-1-95)(Rev. 1-17-12) 108-6 SP1 G37

Items listed below will be the specialty items for this contract (see Article 108-6 of the 2018 Standard Specifications).

| Line #        | Description                             |
|---------------|---|
| 74-88         | Guardrail                               |
| 89-91         | Fencing                                 |
| 95-120        | Signing                                 |
| 139-142, 149- | Long-Life Pavement Markings             |
| 152, 161      |   |
| 143           | Removable Tape                          |
| 153, 154      | Work Zone Performance Pavement Markings |
| 162, 163      | Permanent Pavement Markers              |
| 164-177       | Utility Construction                    |
| 178-208       | Erosion Control                         |
| 209           | Reforestation                           |
| 210-258       | Signals/ITS System                      |
| 269, 271, 272 | Drilled Piers                           |
|               |   |

## **FUEL PRICE ADJUSTMENT:**

(11-15-05) (Rev. 2-18-14) 109-8 SPI G43

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

# Page 1-87, Article 109-8, Fuel Price Adjustments, add the following:

The base index price for DIESEL #2 FUEL is \$ 2.1851 per gallon. Where any of the following are included as pay items in the contract, they will be eligible for fuel price adjustment.

The pay items and the fuel factor used in calculating adjustments to be made will be as follows:

| Description                                    | Units   | Fuel Usage<br>Factor Diesel |
|--|---------|-----------------------------|
| Unclassified Excavation                        | Gal/CY  | 0.29                        |
| Borrow Excavation                              | Gal/CY  | 0.29                        |
| Class IV Subgrade Stabilization                | Gal/Ton | 0.55                        |
| Aggregate Base Course                          | Gal/Ton | 0.55                        |
| Sub-Ballast                                    | Gal/Ton | 0.55                        |
| Asphalt Concrete Base Course, Type             | Gal/Ton | 2.90                        |
| Asphalt Concrete Intermediate Course, Type     | Gal/Ton | 2.90                        |
| Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type          | Gal/Ton | 2.90                        |
| Open-Graded Asphalt Friction Course            | Gal/Ton | 2.90                        |
| Permeable Asphalt Drainage Course, Type        | Gal/Ton | 2.90                        |
| Sand Asphalt Surface Course, Type              | Gal/Ton | 2.90                        |
| Aggregate for Cement Treated Base Course       | Gal/Ton | 0.55                        |
| Portland Cement for Cement Treated Base Course | Gal/Ton | 0.55                        |
| " Portland Cement Concrete Pavement            | Gal/SY  | 0.245                       |
| Concrete Shoulders Adjacent to" Pavement       | Gal/SY  | 0.245                       |

#### SCHEDULE OF ESTIMATED COMPLETION PROGRESS:

(7-15-08) (Rev. 6-19-18) 108-2 SPI G58

The Contractor's attention is directed to the Standard Special Provision entitled *Availability of Funds Termination of Contracts* included elsewhere in this proposal. The Department of Transportation's schedule of estimated completion progress for this project as required by that Standard Special Provision is as follows:

| <u>Fiscal Year</u> |      | <u>Fiscal Year</u>  | <u>Progress (% of Dollar Value)</u> |  |
|--------------------|------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
|                    | 2020 | (7/01/19 - 6/30/20) | <b>57</b> % of Total Amount Bid     |  |
|                    | 2021 | (7/01/20 - 6/30/21) | 38% of Total Amount Bid             |  |
|                    | 2022 | (7/01/21 - 6/30/22) | 5% of Total Amount Bid              |  |

The Contractor shall also furnish his own progress schedule in accordance with Article 108-2 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. Any acceleration of the progress as shown by the Contractor's progress schedule over the progress as shown above shall be subject to the approval of the Engineer.

#### MINORITY BUSINESS ENTERPRISE AND WOMEN BUSINESS ENTERPRISE:

(10-16-07)(Rev. 2-19-19) 102-15(J) SPI G66

#### **Description**

The purpose of this Special Provision is to carry out the North Carolina Department of Transportation's policy of ensuring nondiscrimination in the award and administration of contracts financed in whole or in part with State funds.

#### **Definitions**

*Additional MBE/WBE Subcontractors* - Any MBE/WBE submitted at the time of bid that will <u>not</u> be used to meet the Combined MBE /WBE Goal. No submittal of a Letter of Intent is required.

*Combined MBE/WBE Goal:* A portion of the total contract, expressed as a percentage that is to be performed by committed MBE/WBE subcontractors.

Committed MBE/WBE Subcontractor - Any MBE/WBE submitted at the time of bid that is being used to meet the Combined MBE /WBE goal by submission of a Letter of Intent. Or any MBE or WBE used as a replacement for a previously committed MBE or WBE firm.

*Contract Goal Requirement* - The approved participation at time of award, but not greater than the advertised Combined MBE/WBE contract goal.

Goal Confirmation Letter - Written documentation from the Department to the bidder confirming the Contractor's approved, committed participation along with a listing of the committed MBE and WBE firms.

*Manufacturer* - A firm that operates or maintains a factory or establishment that produces on the premises, the materials or supplies obtained by the Contractor.

*MBE Participation (Anticipated)* - A portion of the total contract, expressed as a percentage that is anticipated to be performed by committed MBE subcontractor(s).

*Minority Business Enterprise (MBE)* - A firm certified as a Disadvantaged Minority-Owned Business Enterprise through the North Carolina Unified Certification Program.

Regular Dealer - A firm that owns, operates, or maintains a store, warehouse, or other establishment in which the materials or supplies required for the performance of the contract are bought, kept in stock, and regularly sold to the public in the usual course of business. A regular dealer engages in, as its principal business and in its own name, the purchase and sale or lease of the products in question. A regular dealer in such bulk items as steel, cement, gravel, stone, and petroleum products need not keep such products in stock, if it owns and operates distribution equipment for the products. Brokers and packagers are not regarded as manufacturers or regular dealers within the meaning of this section.

Replacement / Substitution – A full or partial reduction in the amount of work subcontracted to a committed (or an approved substitute) MBE/WBE firm.

*North Carolina Unified Certification Program (NCUCP)* - A program that provides comprehensive services and information to applicants for MBE/WBE certification. The MBE/WBE program follows the same regulations as the federal Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) program in accordance with 49 CFR Part 26.

*United States Department of Transportation (USDOT)* - Federal agency responsible for issuing regulations (49 CFR Part 26) and official guidance for the DBE program.

WBE Participation (Anticipated) - A portion of the total contract, expressed as a percentage, that is anticipated to be performed by committed WBE subcontractor(s).

Women Business Enterprise (WBE) - A firm certified as a Disadvantaged Women-Owned Business Enterprise through the North Carolina Unified Certification Program.

#### Forms and Websites Referenced in this Provision

Payment Tracking System - On-line system in which the Contractor enters the payments made to MBE and WBE subcontractors who have performed work on the project. https://apps.dot.state.nc.us/Vendor/PaymentTracking/

DBE-IS *Subcontractor Payment Information* - Form for reporting the payments made to all MBE/WBE firms working on the project. This form is for paper bid projects only. https://connect.ncdot.gov/business/Turnpike/Documents/Form%20DBE-IS%20Subcontractor%20Payment%20Information.pdf

RF-1 *MBE/WBE Replacement Request Form* - Form for replacing a committed MBE or WBE. http://connect.ncdot.gov/projects/construction/Construction%20Forms/DBE%20MBE%20WBE%20Replacement%20Request%20Form.pdf

SAF *Subcontract Approval Form* - Form required for approval to sublet the contract. http://connect.ncdot.gov/projects/construction/Construction%20Forms/Subcontract%20Approval%20Form%20Rev.%202012.zip

JC-1 *Joint Check Notification Form* - Form and procedures for joint check notification. The form acts as a written joint check agreement among the parties providing full and prompt disclosure of the expected use of joint checks.

http://connect.ncdot.gov/projects/construction/Construction%20 Forms/Joint%20 Check%20 Notification%20 Form.pdf

Letter of Intent - Form signed by the Contractor and the MBE/WBE subcontractor, manufacturer or regular dealer that affirms that a portion of said contract is going to be performed by the signed MBE/WBE for the estimated amount (based on quantities and unit prices) listed at the time of bid. http://connect.ncdot.gov/letting/LetCentral/Letter%20of%20Intent%20to%20Perform%20as%20 a%20Subcontractor.pdf

Listing of MBE and WBE Subcontractors Form - Form for entering MBE/WBE subcontractors on a project that will meet the Combined MBE/WBE goal. This form is for paper bids only. http://connect.ncdot.gov/municipalities/Bid%20Proposals%20for%20LGA%20Content/09%20MBE-WBE%20Subcontractors%20(State).docx

Subcontractor Quote Comparison Sheet - Spreadsheet for showing all subcontractor quotes in the work areas where MBEs and WBEs quoted on the project. This sheet is submitted with good faith effort packages.

http://connect.ncdot.gov/business/SmallBusiness/Documents/DBE%20Subcontractor%20Quote%20Comparison%20Example.xls

#### **Combined MBE/WBE Goal**

The Combined MBE/WBE Goal for this project is 4.0 %

The Combined Goal was established utilizing the following anticipated participation for Minority Business Enterprises and Women Business Enterprises:

- (A) Minority Business Enterprises 2.0 %
  - (1) If the anticipated MBE participation is more than zero, the Contractor shall exercise all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure that MBEs participate in at least the percent of the contract as set forth above.
  - (2) If the anticipated MBE participation is zero, the Contractor shall make an effort to recruit and use MBEs during the performance of the contract. Any MBE participation obtained shall be reported to the Department.

#### (B) Women Business Enterprises 2.0 %

- (1) If the anticipated WBE participation is more than zero, the Contractor shall exercise all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure that WBEs participate in at least the percent of the contract as set forth above.
- (2) If the anticipated WBE participation is zero, the Contractor shall make an effort to recruit and use WBEs during the performance of the contract. Any WBE participation obtained shall be reported to the Department.

The Bidder is required to submit only participation to meet the Combined MBE/WBE Goal. The Combined Goal may be met by submitting all MBE participation, all WBE participation, or a combination of MBE and WBE participation.

#### **Directory of Transportation Firms (Directory)**

Real-time information is available about firms doing business with the Department and firms that are certified through NCUCP in the Directory of Transportation Firms. Only firms identified in the Directory as MBE and WBE certified shall be used to meet the Combined MBE/WBE Goal. The Directory can be found at the following link.

https://www.ebs.nc.gov/VendorDirectory/default.html

The listing of an individual firm in the directory shall not be construed as an endorsement of the firm's capability to perform certain work.

#### **Listing of MBE/WBE Subcontractors**

At the time of bid, bidders shall submit <u>all</u> MBE and WBE participation that they anticipate to use during the life of the contract. Only those identified to meet the Combined MBE/WBE Goal will be considered committed, even though the listing shall include both committed MBE/WBE subcontractors and additional MBE/WBE subcontractors. Any additional MBE/WBE subcontractor participation above the goal will follow the banking guidelines found elsewhere in this provision. All other additional MBE/WBE subcontractor participation submitted at the time of bid will be used toward the Department's overall race-neutral goals. Only those firms with current MBE and WBE certification at the time of bid opening will be acceptable for listing in the bidder's submittal of MBE and WBE participation. The Contractor shall indicate the following required information:

#### (A) Electronic Bids

Bidders shall submit a listing of MBE and WBE participation in the appropriate section of the electronic submittal file.

(1) Submit the names and addresses of MBE and WBE firms identified to participate in the contract. If the bidder uses the updated listing of MBE and WBE firms shown in the electronic submittal file, the bidder may use the dropdown menu to access the name and address of the firms.

- (2) Submit the contract line numbers of work to be performed by each MBE and WBE firm. When no figures or firms are entered, the bidder will be considered to have no MBE or WBE participation.
- (3) The bidder shall be responsible for ensuring that the MBE and WBE are certified at the time of bid by checking the Directory of Transportation Firms. If the firm is not certified at the time of the bid-letting, that MBE's or WBE's participation will not count towards achieving the Combined MBE/WBE goal.

# (B) Paper Bids

- (1) If the Combined MBE/WBE Goal is more than zero,
  - (a) Bidders, at the time the bid proposal is submitted, shall submit a listing of MBE/WBE participation, including the names and addresses on *Listing of MBE and WBE Subcontractors* contained elsewhere in the contract documents in order for the bid to be considered responsive. Bidders shall indicate the total dollar value of the MBE and WBE participation for the contract.
  - (b) If bidders have no MBE or WBE participation, they shall indicate this on the *Listing of MBE and WBE Subcontractors* by entering the word "None" or the number "0." This form shall be completed in its entirety. **Blank forms will not be deemed to represent zero participation.** Bids submitted that do not have MBE and WBE participation indicated on the appropriate form will not be read publicly during the opening of bids. The Department will not consider these bids for award and the proposal will be rejected.
  - (c) The bidder shall be responsible for ensuring that the MBE/WBE is certified at the time of bid by checking the Directory of Transportation Firms. If the firm is not certified at the time of the bid-letting, that MBE's or WBE's participation will not count towards achieving the Combined MBE/WBE Goal.
- (2) If the Combined MBE/WBE Goal is zero, entries on the Listing of MBE and WBE Subcontractors are not required for the zero goal, however any MBE or WBE participation that is achieved during the project shall be reported in accordance with requirements contained elsewhere in the special provision.

#### **MBE or WBE Prime Contractor**

When a certified MBE or WBE firm bids on a contract that contains a Combined MBE/WBE goal, the firm is responsible for meeting the goal or making good faith efforts to meet the goal, just like any other bidder. In most cases, a MBE or WBE bidder on a contract will meet the Combined MBE/WBE Goal by virtue of the work it performs on the contract with its own forces. However, all the work that is performed by the MBE or WBE bidder and any other similarly certified

subcontractors will count toward the goal. The MBE or WBE bidder shall list itself along with any MBE or WBE subcontractors, if any, in order to receive credit toward the goal.

MBE/WBE prime contractors shall also follow Sections A and B listed under *Listing of MBE/WBE Subcontractor* just as a non-MBE/WBE bidder would.

#### Written Documentation – Letter of Intent

The bidder shall submit written documentation for each MBE/WBE that will be used to meet the Combined MBE/WBE Goal of the contract, indicating the bidder's commitment to use the MBE/WBE in the contract. This documentation shall be submitted on the Department's form titled *Letter of Intent*.

The documentation shall be received in the office of the State Contractor Utilization Engineer or at DBE@ncdot.gov no later than 10:00 a.m. of the sixth calendar day following opening of bids, unless the sixth day falls on an official state holiday. In that situation, it is due in the office of the State Contractor Utilization Engineer no later than 10:00 a.m. on the next official state business day.

If the bidder fails to submit the Letter of Intent from each committed MBE and WBE to be used toward the Combined MBE/WBE Goal, or if the form is incomplete (i.e. both signatures are not present), the MBE/WBE participation will not count toward meeting the Combined MBE/WBE Goal. If the lack of this participation drops the commitment below the Combined MBE/WBE Goal, the Contractor shall submit evidence of good faith efforts for the goal, completed in its entirety, to the State Contractor Utilization Engineer or DBE@ncdot.gov no later than 10:00 a.m. on the eighth calendar day following opening of bids, unless the eighth day falls on an official state holiday. In that situation, it is due in the office of the State Contractor Utilization Engineer no later than 10:00 a.m. on the next official state business day.

## **Banking MBE/WBE Credit**

If the bid of the lowest responsive bidder exceeds \$500,000 and if the committed MBE/WBE participation submitted exceeds the algebraic sum of the Combined MBE /WBE Goal by \$1,000 or more, the excess will be placed on deposit by the Department for future use by the bidder. Separate accounts will be maintained for MBE and WBE participation and these may accumulate for a period not to exceed 24 months.

When the apparent lowest responsive bidder fails to submit sufficient participation by MBE and WBE firms to meet the advertised goal, as part of the good faith effort, the Department will consider allowing the bidder to withdraw funds to meet the Combined MBE/WBE Goal as long as there are adequate funds available from the bidder's MBE and WBE bank accounts.

#### **Submission of Good Faith Effort**

If the bidder fails to meet or exceed the Combined MBE/WBE Goal, the apparent lowest responsive bidder shall submit to the Department documentation of adequate good faith efforts made to reach that specific goal.

A hard copy and an electronic copy of this information shall be received in the office of the State Contractor Utilization Engineer or at DBE@ncdot.gov no later than 10:00 a.m. on the sixth calendar day following opening of bids unless the sixth day falls on an official state holiday. In that situation, it would be due in the office of the State Contractor Utilization Engineer no later than 10:00 a.m. on the next official state business day. If the contractor cannot send the information electronically, then one complete set and 5 copies of this information shall be received under the same time constraints above.

Note: Where the information submitted includes repetitious solicitation letters, it will be acceptable to submit a representative letter along with a distribution list of the firms that were solicited. Documentation of MBE/WBE quotations shall be a part of the good faith effort submittal. This documentation may include written subcontractor quotations, telephone log notations of verbal quotations, or other types of quotation documentation.

# Consideration of Good Faith Effort for Projects with a Combined MBE/WBE Goal More Than Zero

Adequate good faith efforts mean that the bidder took all necessary and reasonable steps to achieve the goal which, by their scope, intensity, and appropriateness, could reasonably be expected to obtain sufficient MBE/WBE participation. Adequate good faith efforts also mean that the bidder actively and aggressively sought MBE/WBE participation. Mere *pro forma* efforts are not considered good faith efforts.

The Department will consider the quality, quantity, and intensity of the different kinds of efforts a bidder has made. Listed below are examples of the types of actions a bidder will take in making a good faith effort to meet the goals and are not intended to be exclusive or exhaustive, nor is it intended to be a mandatory checklist.

- (A) Soliciting through all reasonable and available means (e.g. attendance at pre-bid meetings, advertising, written notices, use of verifiable electronic means through the use of the NCDOT Directory of Transportation Firms) the interest of all certified MBEs/WBEs that are also prequalified subcontractors. The bidder must solicit this interest within at least 10 days prior to bid opening to allow the MBEs/WBEs to respond to the solicitation. Solicitation shall provide the opportunity to MBEs/WBEs within the Division and surrounding Divisions where the project is located. The bidder must determine with certainty if the MBEs/WBEs are interested by taking appropriate steps to follow up initial solicitations.
- (B) Selecting portions of the work to be performed by MBEs/WBEs in order to increase the likelihood that the Combined MBE/WBE Goal will be achieved.
  - (1) Where appropriate, break out contract work items into economically feasible units to facilitate MBE/WBE participation, even when the prime contractor might otherwise prefer to perform these work items with its own forces.
  - (2) Negotiate with subcontractors to assume part of the responsibility to meet the advertised goal when the work to be sublet includes potential for MBE/WBE participation (2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> tier subcontractors).

- (C) Providing interested certified MBEs/WBEs that are also prequalified subcontractors with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the contract in a timely manner to assist them in responding to a solicitation.
- (D) (1) Negotiating in good faith with interested MBEs/WBEs. It is the bidder's responsibility to make a portion of the work available to MBE/WBE subcontractors and suppliers and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available MBE/WBE subcontractors and suppliers, so as to facilitate MBE/WBE participation. Evidence of such negotiation includes the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of MBEs/WBEs that were considered; a description of the information provided regarding the plans and specifications for the work selected for subcontracting; and evidence as to why additional agreements could not be reached for MBEs/WBEs to perform the work.
  - (2) A bidder using good business judgment would consider a number of factors in negotiating with subcontractors, including MBE/WBE subcontractors, and would take a firm's price and capabilities as well as the advertised goal into consideration. However, the fact that there may be some additional costs involved in finding and using MBEs/WBEs is not in itself sufficient reason for a bidder's failure to meet the contract goal, as long as such costs are reasonable. Also, the ability or desire of a prime contractor to perform the work of a contract with its own organization does not relieve the bidder of the responsibility to make good faith efforts. Bidding contractors are not, however, required to accept higher quotes from MBEs/WBEs if the price difference is excessive or unreasonable.
- (E) Not rejecting MBEs/WBEs as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities. The bidder's standing within its industry, membership in specific groups, organizations, or associates and political or social affiliations (for example, union vs. non-union employee status) are not legitimate causes for the rejection or non-solicitation of bids in the bidder's efforts to meet the project goal.
- (F) Making efforts to assist interested MBEs/WBEs in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance as required by the recipient or bidder.
- (G) Making efforts to assist interested MBEs/WBEs in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials, or related assistance or services.
- (H) Effectively using the services of available minority/women community organizations; minority/women contractors' groups; Federal, State, and local minority/women business assistance offices; and other organizations as allowed on a case-by-case basis to provide assistance in the recruitment and placement of MBEs/WBEs. Contact within 7 days from the bid opening the Business Opportunity and Work Force Development Unit at BOWD@ncdot.gov to give notification of the bidder's inability to get MBE or WBE quotes.
- (I) Any other evidence that the bidder submits which shows that the bidder has made reasonable good faith efforts to meet the advertised goal.

In addition, the Department may take into account the following:

- (1) Whether the bidder's documentation reflects a clear and realistic plan for achieving the Combined MBE/WBE Goal.
- (2) The bidders' past performance in meeting the contract goal.
- (3) The performance of other bidders in meeting the advertised goal. For example, when the apparent successful bidder fails to meet the goal, but others meet it, you may reasonably raise the question of whether, with additional reasonable efforts the apparent successful bidder could have met the goal. If the apparent successful bidder fails to meet the advertised goal, but meets or exceeds the average MBE and WBE participation obtained by other bidders, the Department may view this, in conjunction with other factors, as evidence of the apparent successful bidder having made a good faith effort.

If the Department does not award the contract to the apparent lowest responsive bidder, the Department reserves the right to award the contract to the next lowest responsive bidder that can satisfy to the Department that the Combined MBE/WBE Goal can be met or that an adequate good faith effort has been made to meet the advertised goal.

#### **Non-Good Faith Appeal**

The State Contractual Services Engineer will notify the contractor verbally and in writing of non-good faith. A contractor may appeal a determination of non-good faith made by the Goal Compliance Committee. If a contractor wishes to appeal the determination made by the Committee, they shall provide written notification to the State Contractual Services Engineer or at DBE@ncdot.gov. The appeal shall be made within 2 business days of notification of the determination of non-good faith.

# **Counting MBE/WBE Participation Toward Meeting the Combined MBE/WBE Goal**

# (A) Participation

The total dollar value of the participation by a committed MBE/WBE will be counted toward the contract goal requirements. The total dollar value of participation by a committed MBE/WBE will be based upon the value of work actually performed by the MBE/WBE and the actual payments to MBE/WBE firms by the Contractor.

#### (B) Joint Checks

Prior notification of joint check use shall be required when counting MBE/WBE participation for services or purchases that involves the use of a joint check. Notification shall be through submission of Form JC-1 (*Joint Check Notification Form*) and the use of joint checks shall be in accordance with the Department's Joint Check Procedures.

#### (C) Subcontracts (Non-Trucking)

A MBE/WBE may enter into subcontracts. Work that a MBE subcontracts to another MBE firm may be counted toward the anticipated MBE participation. The same holds true for work that a WBE subcontracts to another WBE firm. Work that a MBE/WBE subcontracts to a non-MBE/WBE firm does <u>not</u> count toward the contract goal requirement. It should be noted that every effort shall be made by MBE and WBE contractors to subcontract to the same certification (i.e., MBEs to MBEs and WBEs to WBEs), in order to fulfill the MBE or WBE participation breakdown. This, however, may not always be possible due to the limitation of firms in the area. If the MBE or WBE firm shows a good faith effort has been made to reach out to similarly certified firms and there is no interest or availability, and they can get assistance from other certified firms, the Engineer will not hold the prime responsible for meeting the individual MBE or WBE breakdown. If a MBE or WBE contractor or subcontractor subcontracts a significantly greater portion of the work of the contract than would be expected on the basis of standard industry practices, it shall be presumed that the MBE or WBE is not performing a commercially useful function.

#### (D) Joint Venture

When a MBE or WBE performs as a participant in a joint venture, the Contractor may count toward its contract goal requirement a portion of the total value of participation with the MBE or WBE in the joint venture, that portion of the total dollar value being a distinct clearly defined portion of work that the MBE or WBE performs with its forces.

## (E) Suppliers

A contractor may count toward its MBE/WBE requirement 60 percent of its expenditures for materials and supplies required to complete the contract and obtained from a MBE or WBE regular dealer and 100 percent of such expenditures from a MBE or WBE manufacturer.

# (F) Manufacturers and Regular Dealers

A contractor may count toward its MBE/WBE requirement the following expenditures to MBE/WBE firms that are not manufacturers or regular dealers:

- (1) The fees or commissions charged by a MBE/WBE firm for providing a *bona fide* service, such as professional, technical, consultant, or managerial services, or for providing bonds or insurance specifically required for the performance of a DOT-assisted contract, provided the fees or commissions are determined to be reasonable and not excessive as compared with fees and commissions customarily allowed for similar services.
- (2) With respect to materials or supplies purchased from a MBE/WBE, which is neither a manufacturer nor a regular dealer, count the entire amount of fees or commissions charged for assistance in the procurement of the materials and supplies, or fees or transportation charges for the delivery of materials or supplies required on a job site (but not the cost of the materials and supplies themselves), provided the fees are

determined to be reasonable and not excessive as compared with fees customarily allowed for similar services.

#### **Commercially Useful Function**

## (A) MBE/WBE Utilization

The Contractor may count toward its contract goal requirement only expenditures to MBEs and WBEs that perform a commercially useful function in the work of a contract. A MBE/WBE performs a commercially useful function when it is responsible for execution of the work of the contract and is carrying out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work involved. To perform a commercially useful function, the MBE/WBE shall also be responsible with respect to materials and supplies used on the contract, for negotiating price, determining quality and quantity, ordering the material and installing (where applicable) and paying for the material itself. To determine whether a MBE/WBE is performing a commercially useful function, the Department will evaluate the amount of work subcontracted, industry practices, whether the amount the firm is to be paid under the contract is commensurate with the work it is actually performing and the MBE/WBE credit claimed for its performance of the work, and any other relevant factors. If it is determined that a MBE or WBE is not performing a Commercially Useful Function, the contractor may present evidence to rebut this presumption to the Department.

## (B) MBE/WBE Utilization in Trucking

The following factors will be used to determine if a MBE or WBE trucking firm is performing a commercially useful function:

- (1) The MBE/WBE shall be responsible for the management and supervision of the entire trucking operation for which it is responsible on a particular contract, and there shall not be a contrived arrangement for the purpose of meeting the Combined MBE/WBE Goal.
- (2) The MBE/WBE shall itself own and operate at least one fully licensed, insured, and operational truck used on the contract.
- (3) The MBE/WBE receives credit for the total value of the transportation services it provides on the contract using trucks it owns, insures, and operates using drivers it employs.
- (4) The MBE may subcontract the work to another MBE firm, including an owner-operator who is certified as a MBE. The same holds true that a WBE may subcontract the work to another WBE firm, including an owner-operator who is certified as a WBE. When this occurs, the MBE or WBE who subcontracts work receives credit for the total value of the transportation services the subcontracted MBE or WBE provides on the contract. It should be noted that every effort shall be made by MBE and WBE contractors to subcontract to the same certification (i.e.,

MBEs to MBEs and WBEs to WBEs), in order to fulfill the participation breakdown. This, however, may not always be possible due to the limitation of firms in the area. If the MBE or WBE firm shows a good faith effort has been made to reach out to similarly certified transportation service providers and there is no interest or availability, and they can get assistance from other certified providers, the Engineer will not hold the prime responsible for meeting the individual MBE or WBE participation breakdown.

- (5) The MBE/WBE may also subcontract the work to a non-MBE/WBE firm, including from an owner-operator. The MBE/WBE who subcontracts the work to a non-MBE/WBE is entitled to credit for the total value of transportation services provided by the non-MBE/WBE subcontractor not to exceed the value of transportation services provided by MBE/WBE-owned trucks on the contract. Additional participation by non-MBE/WBE subcontractors receives credit only for the fee or commission it receives as a result of the subcontract arrangement. The value of services performed under subcontract agreements between the MBE/WBE and the Contractor will not count towards the MBE/WBE contract requirement.
- (6) A MBE/WBE may lease truck(s) from an established equipment leasing business open to the general public. The lease must indicate that the MBE/WBE has exclusive use of and control over the truck. This requirement does not preclude the leased truck from working for others during the term of the lease with the consent of the MBE/WBE, so long as the lease gives the MBE/WBE absolute priority for use of the leased truck. This type of lease may count toward the MBE/WBE's credit as long as the driver is under the MBE/WBE's payroll.
- (7) Subcontracted/leased trucks shall display clearly on the dashboard the name of the MBE/WBE that they are subcontracted/leased to and their own company name if it is not identified on the truck itself. Magnetic door signs are not permitted.

#### **MBE/WBE Replacement**

When a Contractor has relied on a commitment to a MBE or WBE subcontractor (or an approved substitute MBE or WBE subcontractor) to meet all or part of a contract goal requirement, the contractor shall not terminate the MBE/WBE subcontractor for convenience. This includes, but is not limited to, instances in which the Contractor seeks to perform the work of the terminated subcontractor with another MBE/WBE subcontractor, a non-MBE/WBE subcontractor, or with the Contractor's own forces or those of an affiliate.

The Contractor must give notice in writing both by certified mail and email to the MBE/WBE subcontractor, with a copy to the Engineer of its intent to request to terminate and/or substitute, and the reason for the request. The Contractor must give the MBE/WBE subcontractor five (5) business days to respond to the Contractor's Notice of Intent to Request Termination and/or Substitution. If the MBE/WBE subcontractor objects to the intended termination/substitution, the MBE/WBE, within five (5) business days must advise the Contractor and the Department of the reasons why the action should not be approved. The five-day notice period shall begin on the next business day after written notice is provided to the MBE/WBE subcontractor.

A committed MBE/WBE subcontractor may only be terminated after receiving the Department's written approval based upon a finding of good cause for the proposed termination and/or substitution. For purposes of this section, good cause shall include the following circumstances:

- (a) The listed MBE/WBE subcontractor fails or refuses to execute a written contract;
- (b) The listed MBE/WBE subcontractor fails or refuses to perform the work of its subcontract in a way consistent with normal industry standards. Provided, however, that good cause does not exist if the failure or refusal of the MBE/WBE subcontractor to perform its work on the subcontract results from the bad faith or discriminatory action of the prime contractor;
- (c) The listed MBE/WBE subcontractor fails or refuses to meet the prime contractor's reasonable, nondiscriminatory bond requirements;
- (d) The listed MBE/WBE subcontractor becomes bankrupt, insolvent, or exhibits credit unworthiness:
- (e) The listed MBE/WBE subcontractor is ineligible to work on public works projects because of suspension and debarment proceedings pursuant to 2 CFR Parts 180, 215 and 1,200 or applicable state law;
- (f) The listed MBE/WBE subcontractor is not a responsible contractor;
- (g) The listed MBE/WBE voluntarily withdraws from the project and provides written notice of withdrawal;
- (h) The listed MBE/WBE is ineligible to receive MBE/WBE credit for the type of work required;
- (i) A MBE/WBE owner dies or becomes disabled with the result that the listed MBE/WBE contractor is unable to complete its work on the contract;
- (j) Other documented good cause that compels the termination of the MBE/WBE subcontractor. Provided, that good cause does not exist if the prime contractor seeks to terminate a MBE/WBE it relied upon to obtain the contract so that the prime contractor can self-perform the work for which the MBE/WBE contractor was engaged or so that the prime contractor can substitute another MBE/WBE or non-MBE/WBE contractor after contract award.

The Contractor shall comply with the following for replacement of a committed MBE/WBE:

#### (A) Performance Related Replacement

When a committed MBE/WBE is terminated for good cause as stated above, an additional MBE/WBE that was submitted at the time of bid may be used to fulfill the MBE/WBE commitment to meet the Combined MBE/WBE Goal. A good faith effort will only be required for removing a committed MBE/WBE if there were no additional MBE/WBE submitted at the time of bid to cover the same amount of work as the MBE/WBE that was terminated.

If a replacement MBE/WBE is not found that can perform at least the same amount of work as the terminated MBE/WBE, the Contractor shall submit a good faith effort documenting the steps taken. Such documentation shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- (1) Copies of written notification to MBE/WBEs that their interest is solicited in contracting the work defaulted by the previous MBE/WBE or in subcontracting other items of work in the contract.
- (2) Efforts to negotiate with MBE/WBEs for specific subbids including, at a minimum:
  - (a) The names, addresses, and telephone numbers of MBE/WBEs who were contacted.
  - (b) A description of the information provided to MBE/WBEs regarding the plans and specifications for portions of the work to be performed.
- (3) A list of reasons why MBE/WBE quotes were not accepted.
- (4) Efforts made to assist the MBE/WBEs contacted, if needed, in obtaining bonding or insurance required by the Contractor.

#### (B) Decertification Replacement

- (1) When a committed MBE/WBE is decertified by the Department after the SAF (*Subcontract Approval Form*) has been received by the Department, the Department will not require the Contractor to solicit replacement MBE/WBE participation equal to the remaining work to be performed by the decertified firm. The participation equal to the remaining work performed by the decertified firm will count toward the contract goal requirement.
- When a committed MBE/WBE is decertified prior to the Department receiving the SAF (*Subcontract Approval Form*) for the named MBE/WBE firm, the Contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to replace the MBE/WBE subcontractor with another MBE/WBE subcontractor to perform at least the same amount of work to meet the Combined MBE/WBE goal requirement. If a MBE/WBE firm is not found to do the same amount of work, a good faith effort must be submitted to NCDOT (see A herein for required documentation).

All requests for replacement of a committed MBE/WBE firm shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval on Form RF-1 (*DBE Replacement Request*). If the Contractor fails to follow this procedure, the Contractor may be disqualified from further bidding for a period of up to 6 months.

#### Changes in the Work

When the Engineer makes changes that result in the reduction or elimination of work to be performed by a committed MBE/WBE, the Contractor will not be required to seek additional participation. When the Engineer makes changes that result in additional work to be performed by a MBE/WBE based upon the Contractor's commitment, the MBE/WBE shall participate in additional work to the same extent as the MBE/WBE participated in the original contract work.

When the Engineer makes changes that result in extra work, which has more than a minimal impact on the contract amount, the Contractor shall seek additional participation by MBEs/WBEs unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

When the Engineer makes changes that result in an alteration of plans or details of construction, and a portion or all of the work had been expected to be performed by a committed MBE/WBE, the Contractor shall seek participation by MBEs/WBEs unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

When the Contractor requests changes in the work that result in the reduction or elimination of work that the Contractor committed to be performed by a MBE/WBE, the Contractor shall seek additional participation by MBEs/WBEs equal to the reduced MBE/WBE participation caused by the changes.

# **Reports and Documentation**

A SAF (*Subcontract Approval Form*) shall be submitted for all work which is to be performed by a MBE/WBE subcontractor. The Department reserves the right to require copies of actual subcontract agreements involving MBE/WBE subcontractors.

When using transportation services to meet the contract commitment, the Contractor shall submit a proposed trucking plan in addition to the SAF. The plan shall be submitted prior to beginning construction on the project. The plan shall include the names of all trucking firms proposed for use, their certification type(s), the number of trucks owned by the firm, as well as the individual truck identification numbers, and the line item(s) being performed.

Within 30 calendar days of entering into an agreement with a MBE/WBE for materials, supplies or services, not otherwise documented by the SAF as specified above, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the agreement. The documentation shall also indicate the percentage (60% or 100%) of expenditures claimed for MBE/WBE credit.

#### **Reporting Minority and Women Business Enterprise Participation**

The Contractor shall provide the Engineer with an accounting of payments made to all MBE/WBE firms, including material suppliers and contractors at all levels (prime, subcontractor, or second tier subcontractor). This accounting shall be furnished to the Engineer for any given month by the end of the following month. Failure to submit this information accordingly may result in the following action:

- (A) Withholding of money due in the next partial pay estimate; or
- (B) Removal of an approved contractor from the prequalified bidders' list or the removal of other entities from the approved subcontractors list.

While each contractor (prime, subcontractor, 2nd tier subcontractor) is responsible for accurate accounting of payments to MBEs/WBEs, it shall be the prime contractor's responsibility to report all monthly and final payment information in the correct reporting manner.

Failure on the part of the Contractor to submit the required information in the time frame specified may result in the disqualification of that contractor and any affiliate companies from further bidding until the required information is submitted.

Failure on the part of any subcontractor to submit the required information in the time frame specified may result in the disqualification of that contractor and any affiliate companies from being approved for work on future DOT projects until the required information is submitted.

Contractors reporting transportation services provided by non-MBE/WBE lessees shall evaluate the value of services provided during the month of the reporting period only.

At any time, the Engineer can request written verification of subcontractor payments.

The Contractor shall report the accounting of payments through the Department's Payment Tracking System.

#### **Failure to Meet Contract Requirements**

Failure to meet contract requirements in accordance with Subarticle 102-15(J) of the 2018 Standard Specifications may be cause to disqualify the Contractor.

# CONTRACTOR'S LICENSE REQUIREMENTS: 102-14

SP1 G88

If the successful bidder does not hold the proper license to perform any plumbing, heating, air conditioning, or electrical work in this contract, he will be required to sublet such work to a contractor properly licensed in accordance with Article 2 of Chapter 87 of the General Statutes (licensing of heating, plumbing, and air conditioning contractors) and Article 4 of Chapter 87 of the General Statutes (licensing of electrical contractors).

#### **SUBSURFACE INFORMATION:**

450 SP1 G112 D

Subsurface information is available on the roadway and structure portions of this project.

#### **PORTABLE CONCRETE BARRIER - (Partial Payments for Materials):**

(7-1-95) (Rev. 8-16-11) SP1 G121

When so authorized by the Engineer, partial materials payments will be made up to 95 percent of the delivered cost of portable concrete barrier, provided that these materials have been delivered on the project and stored in an acceptable manner, and further provided the documents listed in Subarticle 109-5(C) of the 2018 Standard Specifications have been furnished to the Engineer.

The provisions of Subarticle 109-5(B) of the 2018 Standard Specifications will apply to the portable concrete barrier.

C204341 U-5818 **G-24** McDowell County

# **REMOVABLE PAVEMENT MARKINGS - (Partial Payments for Materials):**

(7-1-95) (Rev. 8-16-11)

SP1 G124

When so authorized by the Engineer, partial materials payments will be made up to 95 percent of the delivered cost of pavement marking tape, provided that these materials have been delivered on or in the vicinity of the project, stored in an acceptable manner, not to exceed the shelf life recommended by the manufacturer, and further provided the documents listed in Subarticle 109-5(C) of the 2018 Standard Specifications have been furnished to the Engineer.

The Contractor shall be responsible for the material and the satisfactory performance of the material when used in the work.

The provisions of Article 109-6 of the 2018 Standard Specifications will not apply to removable pavement marking materials.

#### MAINTENANCE OF THE PROJECT:

(11-20-07) (Rev. 1-17-12)

104-10

SP1 G125

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 1-39, Article 104-10 Maintenance of the Project, line 25, add the following after the first sentence of the first paragraph:

All guardrail/guiderail within the project limits shall be included in this maintenance.

Page 1-39, Article 104-10 Maintenance of the Project, line 30, add the following as the last sentence of the first paragraph:

The Contractor shall perform weekly inspections of guardrail and guiderail and shall report damages to the Engineer on the same day of the weekly inspection. Where damaged guardrail or guiderail is repaired or replaced as a result of maintaining the project in accordance with this article, such repair or replacement shall be performed within 7 consecutive calendar days of such inspection report.

Page 1-39, Article 104-10 Maintenance of the Project, lines 42-44, replace the last sentence of the last paragraph with the following:

The Contractor will not be directly compensated for any maintenance operations necessary, except for maintenance of guardrail/guiderail, as this work will be considered incidental to the work covered by the various contract items. The provisions of Article 104-7, Extra Work, and Article 104-8, Compensation and Record Keeping will apply to authorized maintenance of guardrail/guiderail. Performance of weekly inspections of guardrail/guiderail, and the damage reports required as described above, will be considered to be an incidental part of the work being paid for by the various contract items.

#### **ELECTRONIC BIDDING:**

(2-19-19) 101, 102, 103 SPI G140

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 1-4, Article 101-3, DEFINITIONS, BID (OR PROPOSAL) *Electronic Bid*, line 1, replace "Bid Express®" with "the approved electronic bidding provider".

Page 1-15, Subarticle 102-8(B), Electronic Bids, lines 39-40, replace "to Bid Express®" with "via the approved electronic bidding provider".

Page 1-15, Subarticle 102-8(B)(1), Electronic Bids, line 41, delete "from Bid Express®"

Page 1-17, Subarticle 102-9(C)(2), Electronic Bids, line 21, replace "Bid Express® miscellaneous folder within the .ebs" with "electronic submittal".

Page 1-29, Subarticle 103-4(C)(2), Electronic Bids, line 32, replace ".ebs miscellaneous data file of Expedite" with "electronic submittal file"

#### TWELVE MONTH GUARANTEE:

(7-15-03) 108 SPI G145

- (A) The Contractor shall guarantee materials and workmanship against latent and patent defects arising from faulty materials, faulty workmanship or negligence for a period of twelve months following the date of final acceptance of the work for maintenance and shall replace such defective materials and workmanship without cost to the Department. The Contractor will not be responsible for damage due to faulty design, normal wear and tear, for negligence on the part of the Department, and/or for use in excess of the design.
- (B) Where items of equipment or material carry a manufacturer's guarantee for any period in excess of twelve months, then the manufacturer's guarantee shall apply for that particular piece of equipment or material. The Department's first remedy shall be through the manufacturer although the Contractor is responsible for invoking the warranted repair work with the manufacturer. The Contractor's responsibility shall be limited to the term of the manufacturer's guarantee. NCDOT would be afforded the same warranty as provided by the Manufacturer.

This guarantee provision shall be invoked only for major components of work in which the Contractor would be wholly responsible for under the terms of the contract. Examples would include pavement structures, bridge components, and sign structures. This provision will not be used as a mechanism to force the Contractor to return to the project to make repairs or perform additional work that the Department would normally compensate the Contractor for. In addition, routine maintenance activities (i.e. mowing grass, debris removal, ruts in earth shoulders,) are not parts of this guarantee.

Appropriate provisions of the payment and/or performance bonds shall cover this guarantee for the project.

To ensure uniform application statewide the Division Engineer will forward details regarding the circumstances surrounding any proposed guarantee repairs to the Chief Engineer for review and approval prior to the work being performed.

#### **OUTSOURCING OUTSIDE THE USA:**

(9-21-04) (Rev. 5-16-06)

All work on consultant contracts, services contracts, and construction contracts shall be performed in the United States of America. No work shall be outsourced outside of the United States of America.

*Outsourcing* for the purpose of this provision is defined as the practice of subcontracting labor, work, services, staffing, or personnel to entities located outside of the United States.

The North Carolina Secretary of Transportation shall approve exceptions to this provision in writing.

#### **EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL/STORMWATER CERTIFICATION:**

(1-16-07) (Rev 11-22-16)

105-16, 225-2, 16

SP1 G180

#### General

Schedule and conduct construction activities in a manner that will minimize soil erosion and the resulting sedimentation and turbidity of surface waters. Comply with the requirements herein regardless of whether or not a National Pollution discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit for the work is required.

Establish a chain of responsibility for operations and subcontractors' operations to ensure that the *Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan* is implemented and maintained over the life of the contract.

- (A) Certified Supervisor Provide a certified Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Supervisor to manage the Contractor and subcontractor operations, insure compliance with Federal, State and Local ordinances and regulations, and manage the Quality Control Program.
- (B) *Certified Foreman* Provide a certified, trained foreman for each construction operation that increases the potential for soil erosion or the possible sedimentation and turbidity of surface waters.
- (C) *Certified Installer* Provide a certified installer to install or direct the installation for erosion or sediment/stormwater control practices.
- (D) Certified Designer Provide a certified designer for the design of the erosion and sediment control/stormwater component of reclamation plans and, if applicable, for the design of the project erosion and sediment control/stormwater plan.

#### **Roles and Responsibilities**

(A) Certified Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Supervisor - The Certified Supervisor shall be Level II and responsible for ensuring the erosion and sediment control/stormwater plan is adequately implemented and maintained on the project and for conducting the quality control program. The Certified Supervisor shall be on the project within 24 hours

notice from initial exposure of an erodible surface to the project's final acceptance. Perform the following duties:

- (1) Manage Operations Coordinate and schedule the work of subcontractors so that erosion and sediment control/stormwater measures are fully executed for each operation and in a timely manner over the duration of the contract.
  - (a) Oversee the work of subcontractors so that appropriate erosion and sediment control/stormwater preventive measures are conformed to at each stage of the work.
  - (b) Prepare the required National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Inspection Record and submit to the Engineer.
  - (c) Attend all weekly or monthly construction meetings to discuss the findings of the NPDES inspection and other related issues.
  - (d) Implement the erosion and sediment control/stormwater site plans requested.
  - (e) Provide any needed erosion and sediment control/stormwater practices for the Contractor's temporary work not shown on the plans, such as, but not limited to work platforms, temporary construction, pumping operations, plant and storage yards, and cofferdams.
  - (f) Acquire applicable permits and comply with requirements for borrow pits, dewatering, and any temporary work conducted by the Contractor in jurisdictional areas.
  - (g) Conduct all erosion and sediment control/stormwater work in a timely and workmanlike manner.
  - (h) Fully perform and install erosion and sediment control/stormwater work prior to any suspension of the work.
  - (i) Coordinate with Department, Federal, State and Local Regulatory agencies on resolution of erosion and sediment control/stormwater issues due to the Contractor's operations.
  - (j) Ensure that proper cleanup occurs from vehicle tracking on paved surfaces or any location where sediment leaves the Right-of-Way.
  - (k) Have available a set of erosion and sediment control/stormwater plans that are initialed and include the installation date of Best Management Practices. These practices shall include temporary and permanent groundcover and be properly updated to reflect necessary plan and field changes for use and review by Department personnel as well as regulatory agencies.
- (2) Requirements set forth under the NPDES Permit The Department's NPDES Stormwater permit (NCS000250) outlines certain objectives and management measures pertaining to construction activities. The permit references NCG010000, General Permit to Discharge Stormwater under the NPDES, and states that the Department shall incorporate the applicable requirements into its delegated Erosion and Sediment Control Program for construction activities disturbing one or more acres of land. The Department further incorporates these requirements on all contracted bridge and culvert work at jurisdictional waters, regardless of size. Some of the requirements are, but are not limited to:

- (a) Control project site waste to prevent contamination of surface or ground waters of the state, i.e. from equipment operation/maintenance, construction materials, concrete washout, chemicals, litter, fuels, lubricants, coolants, hydraulic fluids, any other petroleum products, and sanitary waste.
- (b) Inspect erosion and sediment control/stormwater devices and stormwater discharge outfalls at least once every 7 calendar days and within 24 hours after a rainfall event of 0.5 inch that occurs within a 24 hour period. Additional monitoring may be required at the discretion of Division of Water Resources personnel if the receiving stream is 303(d) listed for turbidity and the project has had documented problems managing turbidity.
- (c) Maintain an onsite rain gauge or use the Department's Multi-Sensor Precipitation Estimate website to maintain a daily record of rainfall amounts and dates.
- (d) Maintain erosion and sediment control/stormwater inspection records for review by Department and Regulatory personnel upon request.
- (e) Implement approved reclamation plans on all borrow pits, waste sites and staging areas.
- (f) Maintain a log of turbidity test results as outlined in the Department's Procedure for Monitoring Borrow Pit Discharge.
- (g) Provide secondary containment for bulk storage of liquid materials.
- (h) Provide training for employees concerning general erosion and sediment control/stormwater awareness, the Department's NPDES Stormwater Permit NCS000250 requirements, and the applicable requirements of the *General Permit, NCG010000*.
- (i) Report violations of the NPDES permit to the Engineer immediately who will notify the Division of Water Quality Regional Office within 24 hours of becoming aware of the violation.
- (3) Quality Control Program Maintain a quality control program to control erosion, prevent sedimentation and follow provisions/conditions of permits. The quality control program shall:
  - (a) Follow permit requirements related to the Contractor and subcontractors' construction activities.
  - (b) Ensure that all operators and subcontractors on site have the proper erosion and sediment control/stormwater certification.
  - (c) Notify the Engineer when the required certified erosion and sediment control/stormwater personnel are not available on the job site when needed.
  - (d) Conduct the inspections required by the NPDES permit.
  - (e) Take corrective actions in the proper timeframe as required by the NPDES permit for problem areas identified during the NPDES inspections.
  - (f) Incorporate erosion control into the work in a timely manner and stabilize disturbed areas with mulch/seed or vegetative cover on a section-by-section basis
  - (g) Use flocculants approved by state regulatory authorities where appropriate and where required for turbidity and sedimentation reduction.
  - (h) Ensure proper installation and maintenance of temporary erosion and sediment control devices.

- (i) Remove temporary erosion or sediment control devices when they are no longer necessary as agreed upon by the Engineer.
- (j) The Contractor's quality control and inspection procedures shall be subject to review by the Engineer. Maintain NPDES inspection records and make records available at all times for verification by the Engineer.
- (B) *Certified Foreman* At least one Certified Foreman shall be onsite for each type of work listed herein during the respective construction activities to control erosion, prevent sedimentation and follow permit provisions:
  - (1) Foreman in charge of grading activities
  - (2) Foreman in charge of bridge or culvert construction over jurisdictional areas
  - (3) Foreman in charge of utility activities

The Contractor may request to use the same person as the Level II Supervisor and Level II Foreman. This person shall be onsite whenever construction activities as described above are taking place. This request shall be approved by the Engineer prior to work beginning.

The Contractor may request to name a single Level II Foreman to oversee multiple construction activities on small bridge or culvert replacement projects. This request shall be approved by the Engineer prior to work beginning.

- (C) *Certified Installers* Provide at least one onsite, Level I Certified Installer for each of the following erosion and sediment control/stormwater crew:
  - (1) Seeding and Mulching
  - (2) Temporary Seeding
  - (3) Temporary Mulching
  - (4) Sodding
  - (5) Silt fence or other perimeter erosion/sediment control device installations
  - (6) Erosion control blanket installation
  - (7) Hydraulic tackifier installation
  - (8) Turbidity curtain installation
  - (9) Rock ditch check/sediment dam installation
  - (10) Ditch liner/matting installation
  - (11) Inlet protection
  - (12) Riprap placement
  - (13) Stormwater BMP installations (such as but not limited to level spreaders, retention/detention devices)
  - (14) Pipe installations within jurisdictional areas

If a Level I *Certified Installer* is not onsite, the Contractor may substitute a Level II Foreman for a Level I Installer, provided the Level II Foreman is not tasked to another crew requiring Level II Foreman oversight.

(D) Certified Designer - Include the certification number of the Level III-B Certified Designer on the erosion and sediment control/stormwater component of all reclamation plans and if

applicable, the certification number of the Level III-A Certified Designer on the design of the project erosion and sediment control/stormwater plan.

## **Preconstruction Meeting**

Furnish the names of the *Certified Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Supervisor*, *Certified Foremen*, *Certified Installers* and *Certified Designer* and notify the Engineer of changes in certified personnel over the life of the contract within 2 days of change.

# **Ethical Responsibility**

Any company performing work for the North Carolina Department of Transportation has the ethical responsibility to fully disclose any reprimand or dismissal of an employee resulting from improper testing or falsification of records.

#### **Revocation or Suspension of Certification**

Upon recommendation of the Chief Engineer to the certification entity, certification for *Supervisor*, *Certified Foremen*, *Certified Installers* and *Certified Designer* may be revoked or suspended with the issuance of an *Immediate Corrective Action (ICA)*, *Notice of Violation (NOV)*, or *Cease and Desist Order* for erosion and sediment control/stormwater related issues.

The Chief Engineer may recommend suspension or permanent revocation of certification due to the following:

- (A) Failure to adequately perform the duties as defined within this certification provision.
- (B) Issuance of an ICA, NOV, or Cease and Desist Order.
- (C) Failure to fully perform environmental commitments as detailed within the permit conditions and specifications.
- (D) Demonstration of erroneous documentation or reporting techniques.
- (E) Cheating or copying another candidate's work on an examination.
- (F) Intentional falsification of records.
- (G) Directing a subordinate under direct or indirect supervision to perform any of the above actions.
- (H) Dismissal from a company for any of the above reasons.
- (I) Suspension or revocation of one's certification by another entity.

Suspension or revocation of a certification will be sent by certified mail to the certificant and the Corporate Head of the company that employs the certificant.

A certificant has the right to appeal any adverse action which results in suspension or permanent revocation of certification by responding, in writing, to the Chief Engineer within 10 calendar days after receiving notice of the proposed adverse action.

Chief Engineer 1536 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-1536 Failure to appeal within 10 calendar days will result in the proposed adverse action becoming effective on the date specified on the certified notice. Failure to appeal within the time specified will result in a waiver of all future appeal rights regarding the adverse action taken. The certificant will not be allowed to perform duties associated with the certification during the appeal process.

The Chief Engineer will hear the appeal and make a decision within 7 days of hearing the appeal. Decision of the Chief Engineer will be final and will be made in writing to the certificant.

If a certification is temporarily suspended, the certificant shall pass any applicable written examination and any proficiency examination, at the conclusion of the specified suspension period, prior to having the certification reinstated.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

Certified Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Supervisor, Certified Foremen, Certified Installers and Certified Designer will be incidental to the project for which no direct compensation will be made.

#### PROCEDURE FOR MONITORING BORROW PIT DISCHARGE:

(2-20-07) (Rev. 3-19-13)

05-16, 230, 801

SP1 G181

Water discharge from borrow pit sites shall not cause surface waters to exceed 50 NTUs (nephelometric turbidity unit) in streams not designated as trout waters and 10 NTUs in streams, lakes or reservoirs designated as trout waters. For lakes and reservoirs not designated as trout waters, the turbidity shall not exceed 25 NTUs. If the turbidity exceeds these levels due to natural background conditions, the existing turbidity level shall not be increased.

If during any operating day, the downstream water quality exceeds the standard, the Contractor shall do all of the following:

- (A) Either cease discharge or modify the discharge volume or turbidity levels to bring the downstream turbidity levels into compliance, or
- (B) Evaluate the upstream conditions to determine if the exceedance of the standard is due to natural background conditions. If the background turbidity measurements exceed the standard, operation of the pit and discharge can continue as long as the stream turbidity levels are not increased due to the discharge.
- (C) Measure and record the turbidity test results (time, date and sampler) at all defined sampling locations 30 minutes after startup and at a minimum, one additional sampling of all sampling locations during that 24-hour period in which the borrow pit is discharging.
- (D) Notify DWQ within 24 hours of any stream turbidity standard exceedances that are not brought into compliance.

During the Environmental Assessment required by Article 230-4 of the 2018 Standard Specifications, the Contractor shall define the point at which the discharge enters into the State's surface waters and the appropriate sampling locations. Sampling locations shall include points upstream and downstream from the point at which the discharge enters these waters. Upstream

sampling location shall be located so that it is not influenced by backwater conditions and represents natural background conditions. Downstream sampling location shall be located at the point where complete mixing of the discharge and receiving water has occurred.

The discharge shall be closely monitored when water from the dewatering activities is introduced into jurisdictional wetlands. Any time visible sedimentation (deposition of sediment) on the wetland surface is observed, the dewatering activity will be suspended until turbidity levels in the stilling basin can be reduced to a level where sediment deposition does not occur. Staining of wetland surfaces from suspended clay particles, occurring after evaporation or infiltration, does not constitute sedimentation. No activities shall occur in wetlands that adversely affect the functioning of a wetland. Visible sedimentation will be considered an indication of possible adverse impacts on wetland use.

The Engineer will perform independent turbidity tests on a random basis. These results will be maintained in a log within the project records. Records will include, at a minimum, turbidity test results, time, date and name of sampler. Should the Department's test results exceed those of the Contractor's test results, an immediate test shall be performed jointly with the results superseding the previous test results of both the Department and the Contractor.

The Contractor shall use the NCDOT Turbidity Reduction Options for Borrow Pits Matrix, available at:

https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/roadside/FieldOperationsDocuments/TurbidityReductionOpt ionSheet.pdf to plan, design, construct, and maintain BMPs to address water quality standards. Tier I Methods include stilling basins which are standard compensatory BMPs. Other Tier I methods are noncompensatory and shall be used when needed to meet the stream turbidity standards. Tier II Methods are also noncompensatory and are options that may be needed for protection of rare or unique resources or where special environmental conditions exist at the site which have led to additional requirements being placed in the DWQ's 401 Certifications and approval letters, Isolated Wetland Permits, Riparian Buffer Authorization or a DOT Reclamation Plan's Environmental Assessment for the specific site. Should the Contractor exhaust all Tier I Methods on a site exclusive of rare or unique resources or special environmental conditions, Tier II Methods may be required by regulators on a case by case basis per supplemental agreement.

The Contractor may use cation exchange capacity (CEC) values from proposed site borings to plan and develop the bid for the project. CEC values exceeding 15 milliequivalents per 100 grams of soil may indicate a high potential for turbidity and should be avoided when dewatering into surface water is proposed.

No additional compensation for monitoring borrow pit discharge will be paid.

## **AWARD OF CONTRACT:**

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

**Page 1-23, Subarticle 103-4 (A) General, first paragraph**, replace the 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> sentences with the following:

Where award is to be made, the notice of award will be issued within 60 days after the opening of bids or upon issuance of any necessary debt instrument, whichever is later, but not to exceed 120 days; except with the consent of the lowest responsible bidder the decision to award the contract to such bidder may be delayed for as long a time as may be agreed upon by the Department and such bidder. In the absence of such agreement, the lowest responsible bidder may withdraw his bid at the expiration of 120 days without penalty if no notice of award has been issued.

# **PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS**

# **ROADWAY**

## **CLEARING AND GRUBBING - METHOD II:**

(9-17-02) (Rev.8-18-15)

SP2 R02A

Perform clearing on this project to the limits established by Method "II" shown on Standard Drawing No. 200.02 of the 2018 Roadway Standard Drawings. Conventional clearing methods may be used except where permit drawings or conditions have been included in the proposal which require certain areas to be cleared by hand methods.

## SHOULDER AND FILL SLOPE MATERIAL:

(5-21-02) 235, 560

SP2 R45 A

## **Description**

Perform the required shoulder and slope construction for this project in accordance with the applicable requirements of Section 560 and Section 235 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

## **Measurement and Payment**

Where the material has been obtained from an authorized stockpile or from a borrow source and *Borrow Excavation* is not included in the contract, no direct payment will be made for this work, as the cost of this work will be part of the work being paid at the contract lump sum price for *Grading*. If *Borrow Excavation* is included in this contract and the material has been obtained from an authorized stockpile or from a borrow source, measurement and payment will be as provided in Section 230 of the 2018 Standard Specifications for Borrow Excavation.

## **FLOWABLE FILL:**

(9-17-02) (Rev 1-17-12)

300, 340, 1000, 1530, 1540, 1550

SP3 R30

## **Description**

This work consists of all work necessary to place flowable fill in accordance with these provisions, the plans, and as directed.

#### **Materials**

Refer to Division 10 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

ItemSectionFlowable Fill1000-6

## **Construction Methods**

Discharge flowable fill material directly from the truck into the space to be filled, or by other approved methods. The mix may be placed full depth or in lifts as site conditions dictate. The Contractor shall provide a method to plug the ends of the existing pipe in order to contain the flowable fill.

## **Measurement and Payment**

At locations where flowable fill is called for on the plans and a pay item for flowable fill is included in the contract, *Flowable Fill* will be measured in cubic yards and paid as the actual number of cubic yards that have been satisfactorily placed and accepted. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this provision including, but not limited to, the mix design, furnishing, hauling, placing and containing the flowable fill.

Payment will be made under:

Pay ItemPay UnitFlowable FillCubic Yard

## **AUTOMATED FINE GRADING:**

(1-16-96) SP5 R05

On mainline portions and ramps of this project, prepare the subgrade and base beneath the pavement structure in accordance with the applicable sections of the 2018 Standard Specifications except use an automatically controlled fine grading machine using string lines, laser controls or other approved methods to produce final subgrade and base surfaces meeting the lines, grades and cross sections required by the plans or established by the Engineer.

No direct payment will be made for the work required by this provision as it will be considered incidental to other work being paid for by the various items in the contract.

## **AGGREGATE SUBGRADE:**

(5-15-18) 505 SP5 R8

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

## Page 5-8, Article 505-1 DESCRIPTION, lines 4-6, replace the paragraph with the following:

Construct aggregate subgrades in accordance with the contract. Install geotextile for soil stabilization and place Class IV subgrade stabilization at locations shown in the plans and as directed.

Undercut natural soil materials if necessary to construct aggregate subgrades. Define "subbase" as the portion of the roadbed below the Class IV subgrade stabilization. For Type 2 aggregate subgrades, undercut subbases as needed. The types of aggregate subgrade with thickness and compaction requirements for each are as shown below.

**Type 1** – A 6 to 24 inch thick aggregate subgrade with Class IV subgrade stabilization compacted to 92% of AASHTO T 180 as modified by the Department or to the highest density that can be reasonably obtained.

**Type 2** – An 8 inch thick aggregate subgrade on a proof rolled subbase with Class IV subgrade stabilization compacted to 97% of AASHTO T 180 as modified by the Department.

Page 5-8, Article 505-3 CONSTRUCTION METHODS, line 12, insert the following after the first sentence of the first paragraph:

For Type 2 aggregate subgrades, proof roll subbases in accordance with Section 260 before installing geotextile for soil stabilization.

Page 5-8, Article 505-3 CONSTRUCTION METHODS, lines 16-17, replace the last sentence of the first paragraph with the following:

Compact ABC as required for the type of aggregate subgrade constructed.

Page 5-8, Article 505-4 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, line 26, insert the following after the last sentence of the first paragraph:

*Undercut Excavation* of natural soil materials from subbases for Type 2 aggregate subgrades will be measured and paid in accordance with Article 225-7 or 226-3. No measurement will be made for any undercut excavation of fill materials from subbases.

# PRICE ADJUSTMENT - ASPHALT BINDER FOR PLANT MIX:

(11-21-00)

620

SP6 R25

Price adjustments for asphalt binder for plant mix will be made in accordance with Section 620 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

The base price index for asphalt binder for plant mix is \$ 524.09 per ton.

This base price index represents an average of F.O.B. selling prices of asphalt binder at supplier's terminals on **May 1, 2019**.

# OPEN GRADED ASPHALT FRICTION COURSE, PERMEABLE ASPHALT DRAINAGE COURSE, AND ULTRA-THIN BONDED WEARING COURSE:

(4-17-12)(Rev. 12-15-15)

609, 610

SP6 R62

When producing and constructing open graded asphalt friction course, permeable asphalt drainage course, and ultra-thin bonded wearing course revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 6-9, Subarticle 609-6(B) Required Sampling and Testing Frequencies, delete the third paragraph and replace with the following:

Sample and test the completed mixture from each mix design per plant per year at the following minimum frequency during mix production:

Accumulative Production Increment Number of Samples per Increment 500 tons

**Page 6-9, Subarticle 609-6(C) Control Charts,** delete the second paragraph and replace with the following:

Record the following data on the standardized control charts and in accordance with the requirements of Section 7.4 of the *Asphalt QMS Manual*:

- (a) Aggregate Gradation Test Results:
  - 1. 12.5 mm (<u>Types P57 & FC-2 Mod. Only</u>)
  - 2. 9.5 mm (Excluding Type P57)
  - 3. 4.75 mm
  - 4. 2.36 mm
  - 5. 0.075 mm Sieves
- (b) Binder Content, %, P<sub>b</sub>

Page 6-10, Subarticle 609-6(D) Control Limits, Table 609-1 CONTROL LIMITS, replace with the following:

| Mix Control Criteria                 | Target Source    | Moving<br>Average<br>Limit | Individual<br>Limit |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|
| 12.5 mm Sieve (Types P57 & FC-2 Mod) | JMF              | ± 4.0                      | ± 8.0               |
| 9.5 mm Sieve (Excluding Type P57)    | JMF              | ± 4.0                      | ± 8.0               |
| 4.75 mm Sieve                        | JMF              | ± 4.0                      | ± 8.0               |
| 2.36 mm Sieve                        | JMF              | ± 4.0                      | ± 8.0               |
| 0.075 mm Sieve                       | JMF              | ± 1.5                      | ± 2.5               |
| Binder Content                       | JMF              | ± 0.3                      | ± 0.7               |
| TSR (Ultra-thin Only)                | Min. Spec. Limit | -                          | - 15%               |

Page 6-12, Subarticle 609-6(F) Allowable Retesting for Mix Deficiencies, Table 609-2 RETEST LIMITS FOR MIX DEFICIENCIES, replace with the following:

| TABLE 609-2                           |                          |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| RETEST LIMITS FOR MIX DEFICIENCIES    |                          |  |  |  |
| Property                              | Limit                    |  |  |  |
| % Binder Content                      | by more than $\pm 1.0\%$ |  |  |  |
| 12.5 mm Sieve (Types P 57 & FC-2 Mod) | by more than $\pm 9.0\%$ |  |  |  |
| 9.5 mm Sieve (Excluding Type P 57)    | by more than $\pm 9.0\%$ |  |  |  |
| 4.75 mm sieve                         | by more than $\pm$ 9.0%  |  |  |  |
| 2.36 mm sieve                         | by more than $\pm$ 9.0%  |  |  |  |
| 0.075 mm sieve                        | by more than $\pm 3.0\%$ |  |  |  |
| TSR (Ultra-thin only)                 | by more than -15%        |  |  |  |
|                                       | from Specification limit |  |  |  |

Page 6-14, Article 609-9 QUALITY ASSURANCE, Table 609-3 LIMITS OF PRECISION FOR TEST RESULTS, replace with the following:

| TABLE 609-3<br>LIMITS OF PRECISION FOR TEST RESULTS |         |  |  |  |
|---|---------|--|--|--|
| Mix Property Limits of Precision                    |         |  |  |  |
| 12.5 mm Sieve (Types P 57 & FC-2 Mod. Only)         | ± 6.0%  |  |  |  |
| 9.5 mm Sieve (Excluding Type P 57)                  | ± 5.0%  |  |  |  |
| 4.75 mm Sieve                                       | ± 5.0%  |  |  |  |
| 2.36 mm Sieve                                       | ± 5.0%  |  |  |  |
| 0.075 mm Sieve                                      | ± 2.0%  |  |  |  |
| Asphalt Binder Content                              | ± 0.5%  |  |  |  |
| TSR (Ultra-thin HMA Only)                           | ± 15.0% |  |  |  |

Page 6-16, Article 610-3, COMPOSITION OF MIXTURES (MIX DESIGN AND JOB MIX FORMULA), line 30, add the following at the end of the sixth paragraph:

For OGAFC, the maximum percent of binder contributed from RAS or a combination of RAS and RAP is 18%.

## **ULTRA-THIN BONDED WEARING COURSE:**

(1-15-19) 661 SP6 R64

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 6-49, Article 661-4, CONSTRUCTION METHODS, lines 25-28, delete the third sentence of this Sub-article and replace with the following:

Unless otherwise specified, use a mobile grade reference system capable of averaging the existing grade or pavement profile over at least a 30 feet distance; or by non-contacting laser or sonar type ski with at least three referencing stations mounted on the paver at a minimum length of 24 feet.

Page 6-50, Article 661-4, CONSTRUCTION METHODS, line 9, delete the word "four" and replace with "three".

## **ASPHALT CONCRETE PLANT MIX PAVEMENTS:**

(2-20-18) (Rev.1-15-19) 610, 1012 SP6 R65

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 6-14, Table 609-3, LIMITS OF PRECISION FOR TEST RESULTS, replace with the following:

| TABLE 609-3<br>LIMITS OF PRECISION FOR TEST RESULTS                 |                       |  |  |  |
|---|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| Mix Property  | Limits of Precision   |  |  |  |
| 25.0 mm sieve (Base Mix)  | ± 10.0%               |  |  |  |
| 19.0 mm sieve (Base Mix)  | ± 10.0%               |  |  |  |
| 12.5 mm sieve (Intermediate & Type P-57)                            | ± 6.0%                |  |  |  |
| 9.5 mm sieve (Surface Mix)  | ± 5.0%                |  |  |  |
| 4.75 mm sieve (Surface Mix)   | ± 5.0%                |  |  |  |
| 2.36 mm sieve (All Mixes, except S4.75A)                            | ± 5.0%                |  |  |  |
| 1.18 mm sieve (S4.75A)  | ± 5.0%                |  |  |  |
| 0.075 mm sieve (All Mixes)  | ± 2.0%                |  |  |  |
| Asphalt Binder Content  | ± 0.5%                |  |  |  |
| Maximum Specific Gravity (G <sub>mm</sub> )                         | $\pm  0.020$          |  |  |  |
| Bulk Specific Gravity (Gmb)   | $\pm  0.030$          |  |  |  |
| TSR   | ± 15.0%               |  |  |  |
| QA retest of prepared QC Gyratory<br>Compacted Volumetric Specimens | ± 0.015               |  |  |  |
| Retest of QC Core Sample  | ± 1.2% (% Compaction) |  |  |  |
| Comparison QA Core Sample   | ± 2.0% (% Compaction) |  |  |  |
| QA Verification Core Sample   | ± 2.0% (% Compaction) |  |  |  |
| Density Gauge Comparison of QC Test                                 | ± 2.0% (% Compaction) |  |  |  |
| QA Density Gauge Verification Test                                  | ± 2.0% (% Compaction) |  |  |  |

**Page 6-17, Table 610-1, MIXING TEMPERATURE AT THE ASPHALT PLANT**, replace with the following:

| TABLE 610-1<br>MIXING TEMPERATURE AT THE ASPHALT PLANT |                 |  |  |
|--|-----------------|--|--|
| Binder Grade   | JMF Temperature |  |  |
| PG 58-28; PG 64-22                                     | 250 - 290°F     |  |  |
| PG 76-22   | 300 - 325°F     |  |  |

Page 6-17, Subarticle 610-3(C), Job Mix Formula (JMF), lines 38-39, delete the fourth paragraph.

Page 6-18, Subarticle 610-3(C), Job Mix Formula (JMF), line 12, replace "SF9.5A" with "S9.5B".

Page 6-18, Table 610-3, MIX DESIGN CRITERIA, replace with the following:

|         | TABLE 610-3<br>MIX DESIGN CRITERIA                           |             |      |      |                        |             |                   |                  |        |
|---------|--|-------------|------|------|------------------------|-------------|-------------------|------------------|--------|
| Mix     | Mix Design Binder Compaction Max. Volumetric Properties B    |             |      |      |                        |             |                   |                  |        |
| Туре    | ESALs<br>millions A  | PG<br>Grade | Gm   | m @  | Depth                  | VMA VTM VFA |                   | %G <sub>mm</sub> |        |
|         | Illillions   | Grade       | Nini | Ndes | (mm)                   | % Min.      | %                 | MinMax.          | @ Nini |
| S4.75A  | < 1  | 64 - 22     | 6    | 50   | 11.5                   | 16.0        | 4.0 - 6.0         | 65 - 80          | ≤ 91.5 |
| S9.5B   | 0 - 3  | 64 - 22     | 6    | 50   | 9.5                    | 16.0        | 3.0 - 5.0         | 70 - 80          | ≤ 91.5 |
| S9.5C   | 3 - 30   | 64 - 22     | 7    | 65   | 6.5                    | 15.5        | 3.0 - 5.0         | 65 - 78          | ≤ 90.5 |
| S9.5D   | > 30   | 76 - 22     | 8    | 100  | 4.5                    | 15.5        | 3.0 - 5.0         | 65 - 78          | ≤ 90.0 |
| I19.0C  | ALL  | 64 - 22     | 7    | 65   | -                      | 13.5        | 3.0 - 5.0         | 65 - 78          | ≤ 90.5 |
| B25.0C  | ALL  | 64 - 22     | 7    | 65   | -                      | 12.5        | 3.0 - 5.0         | 65 - 78          | ≤ 90.5 |
|         | Design Parameter   |             |      |      | Design (               | Criteria    |                   |                  |        |
| All Mix | Dust to Binder Ratio (P <sub>0.075</sub> / P <sub>be</sub> ) |             |      |      | 0.6 - 1.4 <sup>C</sup> |             |                   |                  |        |
| Types   | Tensile Strength Ratio (TSR) D                               |             |      |      |                        | 85% N       | Min. <sup>E</sup> |                  |        |

- **A.** Based on 20 year design traffic.
- ${f B.}$  Volumetric Properties based on specimens compacted to  $N_{des}$  as modified by the Department.
- C. Dust to Binder Ratio  $(P_{0.075} / P_{be})$  for Type S4.75A is 1.0 2.0.
- **D.** NCDOT-T-283 (No Freeze-Thaw cycle required).
- E. TSR for Type S4.75A & B25.0C mixes is 80% minimum.

# Page 6-20, Table 610-5, BINDER GRADE REQUIREMENTS (BASED ON RBR%), replace with the following:

TABLE 610-5 BINDER GRADE REQUIREMENTS (BASED ON RBR%)

| Mix Type       | $\%$ RBR $\leq 20\%$  | $21\% \le \% RBR \le 30\%$ | $\%$ RBR $\geq 30\%$ |
|----------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| S4.75A, S9.5B, |                       |                            |                      |
| S9.5C, I19.0C, | PG 64-22              | PG 64-22 <sup>A</sup>      | PG-58-28             |
| B25.0C         |                       |                            |                      |
| S9.5D, OGFC    | PG 76-22 <sup>B</sup> | n/a                        | n/a                  |

- **A.** If the mix contains any amount of RAS, the virgin binder shall be PG 58-28.
- B. Maximum Recycled Binder Replacement (% RBR) is 18% for mixes using PG 76-22 binder.

Page 6-20, Table 610-6, PLACEMENT TEMPERATURES FOR ASPHALT, replace with the following:

| TABLE 610-6 PLACEMENT TEMPERATURES FOR ASPHALT |   |  |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| <b>Asphalt Concrete Mix Type</b>               | Asphalt Concrete Mix Type Minimum Surface and Air Temperature |  |  |  |
| B25.0C   | 35°F  |  |  |  |
| I19.0C   | 35°F  |  |  |  |
| S4.75A, S9.5B, S9.5C                           | 40°F <sup>A</sup>   |  |  |  |
| S9.5D  | 50°F  |  |  |  |

**A.** For the final layer of surface mixes containing recycled asphalt shingles (RAS), the minimum surface and air temperature shall be 50°F.

Page 6-21, Article 610-8, SPREADING AND FINISHING, lines 34-35, delete the second sentence and replace with the following:

Use an MTV for all surface mix regardless of binder grade on Interstate, US Routes, and NC Routes (primary routes) that have 4 or more lanes and median divided.

Page 6-21, Article 610-8, SPREADING AND FINISHING, lines 36-38, delete the fourth sentence and replace with the following:

Use MTV for all ramps, loops, Y-line that have 4 or more lanes and are median divided, full width acceleration lanes, full width deceleration lanes, and full width turn lanes that are greater than 1000 feet in length.

Page 6-23, Table 610-7, DENSITY REQUIREMENTS, replace with the following:

| TABLE 610-7 DENSITY REQUIREMENTS                               |                   |  |  |
|--|-------------------|--|--|
| Mix Type  Minimum % G <sub>mm</sub> (Maximum Specific Gravity) |                   |  |  |
| S4.75A   | 85.0 <sup>A</sup> |  |  |
| S9.5B  | 90.0              |  |  |
| S9.5C, S9.5D, I19.0C, B25.0C                                   | 92.0              |  |  |

**A.** Compaction to the above specified density will be required when the S4.75A mix is applied at a rate of 100 lbs/sy or higher.

Page 6-24, Article 610-13, FINAL SURFACE TESTING, lines 35-36, delete the second sentence and replace with the following:

Final surface testing is not required on ramps, loops and turn lanes.

Page 6-26, Subarticle 610-13(A)(1), Acceptance for New Construction, lines 29-30, delete the second sentence and replace with the following:

Areas excluded from testing by the profiler may be tested using a 10-foot straightedge in accordance with Article 610-12.

Page 6-27, Subarticle 610-13(B), Option 2- North Carolina Hearne Straightedge, lines 41-46, delete the eighth and ninth sentence of this paragraph and replace with the following:

Take profiles over the entire length of the final surface travel lane pavement exclusive of structures, approach slabs, paved shoulders, tapers, or other irregular shaped areas of pavement, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Test in accordance with this provision all mainline travel lanes, full width acceleration or deceleration lanes and collector lanes.

Page 6-28, Subarticle 610-13(B), Option 2- North Carolina Hearne Straightedge, lines 1-2, delete these two lines.

Page 6-32, Article 610-16 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, replace with the following:

| Pay Item  | Pay Unit |
|---|----------|
| Asphalt Concrete Base Course, Type B25.0C         | Ton      |
| Asphalt Concrete Intermediate Course, Type I19.0C | Ton      |
| Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type S4.75A      | Ton      |
| Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type S9.5B       | Ton      |
| Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type S9.5C       | Ton      |

Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type S9.5D

Ton

# **Page 10-30, Table 1012-1, AGGREGATE CONSENSUS PROPERTIES,** replace with the following:

TABLE 1012-1 AGGREGATE CONSENSUS PROPERTIES<sup>A</sup>

| Mix Type                 | Coarse<br>Aggregate<br>Angularity <sup>B</sup> | Fine Aggregate Angularity % Minimum | Sand<br>Equivalent<br>% Minimum | Flat and<br>Elongated<br>5:1 Ratio<br>% Maximum |
|--------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| Test Method              | ASTM D5821                                     | AASHTO T 304                        | AASHTO T 176                    | ASTM D4791                                      |
| S4.75A; S9.5B            | 75 / -   | 40                                  | 40                              | -   |
| S9.5C; I19.0C;<br>B25.0C | 95 / 90  | 45                                  | 45                              | 10  |
| S9.5D                    | 100 / 100                                      | 45                                  | 50                              | 10  |
| OGFC                     | 100 / 100                                      | 45                                  | 45                              | 10  |
| UBWC                     | 100 / 85                                       | 45                                  | 45                              | 10  |

A. Requirements apply to the design aggregate blend.

# **AUTOMATED MACHINE GUIDANCE**

(1-2-11) 801 SP8 R01

#### General

This Special Provision contains requirements to be followed if the Contractor elects to use Global Positioning System (GPS) machine control grading and shall be used in conjunction with Section 801 of the *Standard Specifications*. The use of this technology is referenced as Automated Machine Guidance (AMG).

All equipment using AMG shall be able to generate end results that meet the *Standard Specifications*. Perform test sections for each type of work to be completed with AMG to demonstrate that the system has the capability to achieve acceptable results. If acceptable results cannot be achieved, conform to the requirements for conventional stakeout.

The Contractor shall be responsible for all errors resulting from the use of AMG and shall correct deficiencies to the satisfaction of the Engineer at no cost to the Department.

#### **Submittals**

If the Contractor elects to use AMG, a Digital Terrain Model (DTM) of the design surface and all intermediate surfaces shall be developed and submitted to the Engineer for review.

**B.** 95 / 90 denotes that 95% of the coarse aggregate has one fractured face and 90% has 2 or more fractured faces.

At least 90 days prior to beginning grading operations, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer an AMG work plan to include, but not limited to, proposed equipment, control software manufacturer and version, types of work to be completed using AMG, project site calibration report, repetitive calibration methods for construction equipment and rover units to be used for the duration of the project, and local GPS base station to be used for broadcasting differential correction data to rover units (this may include the NC Network RTK). All surveys must be tied to existing project control as established by NCDOT.

## **Inspection**

The Engineer will perform quality assurance checks of all work associated with AMG. If it is determined that work is not being performed in a manner that will assure accurate results, the Engineer may require corrective action at no cost to the Department.

The Contractor shall provide the Engineer with one GPS rover unit for use during the duration of the contract. The rover will be loaded with the same model that is used with the AMG and have the same capability as rover units used by the Contractor. The rover will be kept in the possession of the Engineer and will be returned to the Contractor upon completion of the contract. Any maintenance or repairs required for the rover will be the responsibility of the Contractor. Formal training of at least 8 hours shall be provided to the Engineer by the Contractor on the use of the proposed AMG system.

# **Subgrade and Base Controls**

If the Contractor elects to use AMG for fine grading and placement of base or other roadway materials, the GPS shall be supplemented with a laser or robotic total station. Include details of the proposed system in the AMG work plan. In addition, the following requirements apply for the use of AMG for subgrade and base construction.

Provide control points at intervals along the project not to exceed 1,000 feet. The horizontal position of these points shall be determined by static GPS sessions or by traverse connection from the original base line control points. The elevation of these control points shall be established using differential leveling from project benchmarks, forming closed loops where practical. A copy of all new control point information shall be provided to the Engineer prior to construction activities.

Provide control points and conventional survey grade stakes at 500 foot intervals and at critical points such as, but not limited to, PCs, PTs, superelevation transition points, and other critical points as requested by the Engineer.

Provide hubs at the top of the finished subgrade at all hinge points on the cross section at 500 foot intervals. These hubs shall be established using conventional survey methods for use by the Engineer to check the accuracy of construction.

## **Measurement and Payment**

No direct payment will be made for work required to utilize this provision. All work will be considered incidental to various grading operations.

## **MEDIAN HAZARD PROTECTION:**

## **Description**

Construct Median Hazard Protection at locations indicated in the plans in accordance with the detail in the plans and as directed by the Engineer.

# **Measurement and Payment**

*Median Hazard Protection* will be measured and paid for per linear feet that are completed and accepted. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all labor, materials (including, but not limited to, concrete barrier, earth material, #57 stone, concrete cover, galvanized bar and grout) and incidentals necessary construct the Median Hazard Protection.

Payment will be made under:

Pay ItemPay UnitMedian Hazard ProtectionLinear Foot

## **GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE - TL-3:**

(4-20-04) (Rev. 7-1-17) 862 SP8 R65

## **Description**

Furnish and install guardrail end units in accordance with the details in the plans, the applicable requirements of Section 862 of the 2018 Standard Specifications, and at locations shown in the plans.

#### **Materials**

Furnish guardrail end units listed on the NCDOT <u>Approved Products List</u> at <a href="https://apps.dot.state.nc.us/vendor/approvedproducts/">https://apps.dot.state.nc.us/vendor/approvedproducts/</a> or approved equal.

Prior to installation the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer:

- (A) FHWA acceptance letter for each guardrail end unit certifying it meets the requirements of the AASHTO Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware, Test Level 3, in accordance with Article 106-2 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.
- (B) Certified working drawings and assembling instructions from the manufacturer for each guardrail end unit in accordance with Article 105-2 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

No modifications shall be made to the guardrail end unit without the express written permission from the manufacturer. Perform installation in accordance with the details in the plans, and details and assembling instructions furnished by the manufacturer.

#### **Construction Methods**

Guardrail end delineation is required on all approach and trailing end sections for both temporary and permanent installations. Guardrail end delineation consists of yellow reflective sheeting applied to the entire end section of the guardrail in accordance with Article 1088-3 of the 2018 Standard Specifications and is incidental to the cost of the guardrail end unit.

## **Measurement and Payment**

Measurement and payment will be made in accordance with Article 862-6 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

Payment will be made under:

Pay ItemPay UnitGuardrail End Units, Type TL-3Each

# **GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS AND TEMPORARY GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS:**

(1-16-2018) 862 SP8 R70

Guardrail anchor units will be in accordance with the details in the plans and the applicable requirements of Section 862 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

# Page 8-42, Article 862-6 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, add the following:

Guardrail Anchor Units, Type \_\_\_ and Temporary Guardrail Anchor Units Type \_\_\_ will be measured and paid as units of each completed and accepted. No separate measurement will be made of any rail, terminal sections, posts, offset blocks, concrete, hardware or any other components of the completed unit that are within the pay limits shown in the plans for the unit as all such components will be considered to be part of the unit.

Payment will be made under:

Pay ItemPay UnitGuardrail Anchor Units, Type \_\_\_\_EachTemporary Guardrail Anchor Units, Type \_\_\_\_Each

#### FOUNDATIONS AND ANCHOR ROD ASSEMBLIES FOR METAL POLES:

(1-17-12) (Rev. 1-16-18) 9, 14, 17 SP9 R05

## **Description**

Foundations for metal poles include foundations for signals, cameras, overhead and dynamic message signs (DMS) and high mount and light standards supported by metal poles or upright trusses. Foundations consist of footings with pedestals and drilled piers with or without grade beams or wings. Anchor rod assemblies consist of anchor rods (also called anchor bolts) with nuts and washers on the exposed ends of rods and nuts and a plate or washers on the other ends of rods embedded in the foundation.

Construct concrete foundations with the required resistances and dimensions and install anchor rod assemblies in accordance with the contract and accepted submittals. Construct drilled piers consisting of cast-in-place reinforced concrete cylindrical sections in excavated holes. Provide temporary casings or polymer slurry as needed to stabilize drilled pier excavations. Use a prequalified Drilled Pier Contractor to construct drilled piers for metal poles. Define "excavation" and "hole" as a drilled pier excavation and "pier" as a drilled pier.

This provision does not apply to foundations for signal pedestals; see Section 1743 of the 2018 Standard Specifications and 2018 Roadway Standard Drawing No. 1743.01.

## **Materials**

Refer to the 2018 Standard Specifications.

| Item                     | Section     |
|--------------------------|-------------|
| Conduit                  | 1091-3      |
| Grout, Type 2            | 1003        |
| Polymer Slurry           | 411-2(B)(2) |
| Portland Cement Concrete | 1000        |
| Reinforcing Steel        | 1070        |
| Rollers and Chairs       | 411-2(C)    |
| Temporary Casings        | 411-2(A)    |

Provide Type 3 material certifications in accordance with Article 106-3 of the 2018 Standard Specifications for conduit, rollers, chairs and anchor rod assemblies. Store steel materials on blocking at least 12" above the ground and protect it at all times from damage; and when placing in the work make sure it is free from dirt, dust, loose mill scale, loose rust, paint, oil or other foreign materials. Load, transport, unload and store foundation and anchor rod assembly materials so materials are kept clean and free of damage. Bent, damaged or defective materials will be rejected.

Use conduit type in accordance with the contract. Use Class A concrete for footings and pedestals, Class Drilled Pier concrete for drilled piers and Class AA concrete for grade beams and wings including portions of drilled piers above bottom of wings elevations. Corrugated temporary casings may be accepted at the discretion of the Engineer. A list of approved polymer slurry products is available from:

connect.ncdot.gov/resources/Geological/Pages/Products.aspx

Provide anchor rod assemblies in accordance with the contract consisting of the following:

- (A) Straight anchor rods,
- (B) Heavy hex top and leveling nuts and flat washers on exposed ends of rods, and
- (C) Nuts and either flat plates or washers on the other ends of anchor rods embedded in foundations.

Do not use lock washers. Use steel anchor rods, nuts and washers that meet ASTM F1554 for Grade 55 rods and Grade A nuts. Use steel plates and washers embedded in concrete with a thickness of at least 1/4". Galvanize anchor rods and exposed nuts and washers in accordance with Article 1076-4 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. It is not necessary to galvanize nuts, plates and washers embedded in concrete.

#### **Construction Methods**

Install the required size and number of conduits in foundations in accordance with the plans and accepted submittals. Construct top of piers, footings, pedestals, grade beams and wings flat, level and within 1" of elevations shown in the plans or approved by the Engineer. Provide an Ordinary Surface finish in accordance with Subarticle 825-6(B) of the 2018 Standard Specifications for portions of foundations exposed above finished grade. Do not remove anchor bolt templates or pedestal or grade beam forms or erect metal poles or upright trusses onto foundations until concrete attains a compressive strength of at least 3,000 psi.

## (A) Drilled Piers

Before starting drilled pier construction, hold a predrill meeting to discuss the installation, monitoring and inspection of the drilled piers. Schedule this meeting after the Drilled Pier Contractor has mobilized to the site. The Resident or Division Traffic Engineer, Contractor and Drilled Pier Contractor Superintendent will attend this predrill meeting.

Do not excavate holes, install piles or allow equipment wheel loads or vibrations within 20 ft of completed piers until 16 hours after Drilled Pier concrete reaches initial set.

Check for correct drilled pier alignment and location before beginning drilling. Check plumbness of holes frequently during drilling.

Construct drilled piers with the minimum required diameters shown in the plans. Install piers with tip elevations no higher than shown in the plans or approved by the Engineer.

Excavate holes with equipment of the sizes required to construct drilled piers. Depending on the subsurface conditions encountered, drilling through rock and boulders may be required. Do not use blasting for drilled pier excavations.

Contain and dispose of drilling spoils and waste concrete as directed and in accordance with Section 802 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. Drilling spoils consist of all materials and fluids removed from excavations.

If unstable, caving or sloughing materials are anticipated or encountered, stabilize holes with temporary casings and/or polymer slurry. Do not use telescoping temporary casings. If it becomes necessary to replace a temporary casing during drilling, backfill the excavation, insert a larger casing around the casing to be replaced or stabilize the excavation with polymer slurry before removing the temporary casing.

If temporary casings become stuck or the Contractor proposes leaving casings in place, temporary casings should be installed against undisturbed material. Unless otherwise

approved, do not leave temporary casings in place for mast arm poles and cantilever signs. The Engineer will determine if casings may remain in place. If the Contractor proposes leaving temporary casings in place, do not begin drilling until a casing installation method is approved.

Use polymer slurry and additives to stabilize holes in accordance with the slurry manufacturer's recommendations. Provide mixing water and equipment suitable for polymer slurry. Maintain the required slurry properties at all times except for sand content.

Define a "sample set" as slurry samples collected from mid-height and within 2 ft of the bottom of holes. Take sample sets from excavations to test polymer slurry immediately after filling holes with slurry, at least every 4 hours thereafter and immediately before placing concrete. Do not place Drilled Pier concrete until both slurry samples from an excavation meet the required polymer slurry properties. If any slurry test results do not meet the requirements, the Engineer may suspend drilling until both samples from a sample set meet the required polymer slurry properties.

Remove soft and loose material from bottom of holes using augers to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Assemble rebar cages and place cages and Drilled Pier concrete in accordance with Subarticle 411-4(E) of the 2018 Standard Specifications except for the following:

- (1) Inspections for tip resistance and bottom cleanliness are not required,
- (2) Temporary casings may remain in place if approved, and
- (3) Concrete placement may be paused near the top of pier elevations for anchor rod assembly installation and conduit placement or
- (4) If applicable, concrete placement may be stopped at bottom of grade beam or wings elevations for grade beam or wing construction.

If wet placement of concrete is anticipated or encountered, do not place Drilled Pier concrete until a concrete placement procedure is approved. If applicable, temporary casings and fluids may be removed when concrete placement is paused or stopped in accordance with the exceptions above provided holes are stable. Remove contaminated concrete from exposed Drilled Pier concrete after removing casings and fluids. If holes are unstable, do not remove temporary casings until a procedure for placing anchor rod assemblies and conduit or constructing grade beams or wings is approved.

Use collars to extend drilled piers above finished grade. Remove collars after Drilled Pier concrete sets and round top edges of piers.

If drilled piers are questionable, pile integrity testing (PIT) and further investigation may be required in accordance with Article 411-5 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. A drilled pier will be considered defective in accordance with Subarticle 411-5(D) of the 2018 Standard Specifications and drilled pier acceptance is based in part on the criteria in Article 411-6 of the 2018 Standard Specifications except for the top of pier tolerances in Subarticle 411-6(C) of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

If a drilled pier is under further investigation, do not grout core holes, backfill around the pier or perform any work on the drilled pier until the Engineer accepts the pier. If the drilled pier is accepted, dewater and grout core holes and backfill around the pier with approved material to finished grade. If the Engineer determines a pier is unacceptable, remediation is required in accordance with Article 411-6 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. No extension of completion date or time will be allowed for remediation of unacceptable drilled piers or post repair testing.

Permanently embed a plate in or mark top of piers with the pier diameter and depth, size and number of vertical reinforcing bars and the minimum compressive strength of the concrete mix at 28 days.

# (B) Footings, Pedestals, Grade Beams and Wings

Excavate as necessary for footings, grade beams and wings in accordance with the plans, accepted submittals and Section 410 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. If unstable, caving or sloughing materials are anticipated or encountered, shore foundation excavations as needed with an approved method. Notify the Engineer when foundation excavation is complete. Do not place concrete or reinforcing steel until excavation dimensions and foundation material are approved.

Construct cast-in-place reinforced concrete footings, pedestals, grade beams and wings with the dimensions shown in the plans and in accordance with Section 825 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. Use forms to construct portions of pedestals and grade beams protruding above finished grade. Provide a chamfer with a 3/4" horizontal width for pedestal and grade beam edges exposed above finished grade. Place concrete against undisturbed soil or backfill and fill in accordance with Article 410-8 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. Proper compaction around footings and wings is critical for foundations to resist uplift and torsion forces.

## (C) Anchor Rod Assemblies

Size anchor rods for design and the required projection above top of foundations. Determine required anchor rod projections from nut, washer and base plate thicknesses, the protrusion of 3 to 5 anchor rod threads above top nuts after tightening and the distance of one nut thickness between top of foundations and bottom of leveling nuts.

Protect anchor rod threads from damage during storage and installation of anchor rod assemblies. Before placing anchor rods in foundations, turn nuts onto and off rods past leveling nut locations. Turn nuts with the effort of one workman using an ordinary wrench without a cheater bar. Report any thread damage to the Engineer that requires extra effort to turn nuts.

Arrange anchor rods symmetrically about center of base plate locations as shown in the plans. Set anchor rod elevations based on required projections above top of foundations. Securely brace and hold rods in the correct position, orientation and alignment with a steel template. Do not weld to reinforcing steel, temporary casings or anchor rods.

Install top and leveling (bottom) nuts, washers and the base plate for each anchor rod assembly in accordance with the following procedure:

- (1) Turn leveling nuts onto anchor rods to a distance of one nut thickness between the top of foundation and bottom of leveling nuts. Place washers over anchor rods on top of leveling nuts.
- (2) Determine if nuts are level using a flat rigid template on top of washers. If necessary, lower leveling nuts to level the template in all directions or if applicable, lower nuts to tilt the template so the metal pole or upright truss will lean as shown in the plans. If leveling nuts and washers are not in full contact with the template, replace washers with galvanized beveled washers.
- (3) Verify the distance between the foundation and leveling nuts is no more than one nut thickness.
- (4) Place base plate with metal pole or upright truss over anchor rods on top of washers. High mount luminaires may be attached before erecting metal poles but do not attach cables, mast arms or trusses to metal poles or upright trusses at this time.
- (5) Place washers over anchor rods on top of base plate. Lubricate top nut bearing surfaces and exposed anchor rod threads above washers with beeswax, paraffin or other approved lubricant.
- (6) Turn top nuts onto anchor rods. If nuts are not in full contact with washers or washers are not in full contact with the base plate, replace washers with galvanized beveled washers.
- (7) Tighten top nuts to snug-tight with the full effort of one workman using a 12" wrench. Do not tighten any nut all at once. Turn top nuts in increments. Follow a star pattern cycling through each nut at least twice.
- (8) Repeat (7) for leveling nuts.
- (9) Replace washers above and below the base plate with galvanized beveled washers if the slope of any base plate face exceeds 1:20 (5%), any washer is not in firm contact with the base plate or any nut is not in firm contact with a washer. If any washers are replaced, repeat (7) and (8).
- (10) With top and leveling nuts snug-tight, mark each top nut on a corner at the intersection of 2 flats and a corresponding reference mark on the base plate. Mark top nuts and base plate with ink or paint that is not water-soluble. Use the turn-of-nut method for pretensioning. Do not pretension any nut all at once. Turn top nuts in increments for a total turn that meets the following nut rotation requirements:

| NUT ROTATION REQUIREMENTS          |                    |  |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| (Turn-of-Nut Pretensioning Method) |                    |  |
| Anchor Rod Diameter, inch          | Requirement        |  |
| ≤ 1 1/2                            | 1/3 turn (2 flats) |  |
| > 1 1/2                            | 1/6 turn (1 flat)  |  |

Follow a star pattern cycling through each top nut at least twice.

- (11) Ensure nuts, washers and base plate are in firm contact with each other for each anchor rod. Cables, mast arms and trusses may now be attached to metal poles and upright trusses.
- (12) Between 4 and 14 days after pretensioning top nuts, use a torque wrench calibrated within the last 12 months to check nuts in the presence of the Engineer. Completely erect mast arm poles and cantilever signs and attach any hardware before checking

top nuts for these structures. Check that top nuts meet the following torque requirements:

| TORQUE REQUIREMENTS       |                    |  |  |
|---------------------------|--------------------|--|--|
| Anchor Rod Diameter, inch | Requirement, ft-lb |  |  |
| 7/8                       | 180                |  |  |
| 1                         | 270                |  |  |
| 1 1/8                     | 380                |  |  |
| 1 1/4                     | 420                |  |  |
| ≥ 1 1/2                   | 600                |  |  |

If necessary, retighten top nuts in the presence of the Engineer with a calibrated torque wrench to within  $\pm$  10 ft-lb of the required torque. Do not overtighten top nuts.

(13) Do not grout under base plate.

# **Measurement and Payment**

Foundations and anchor rod assemblies for metal poles and upright trusses will be measured and paid for elsewhere in the contract.

No payment will be made for temporary casings that remain in drilled pier excavations. No payment will be made for PIT. No payment will be made for further investigation of defective piers. Further investigation of piers that are not defective will be paid as extra work in accordance with Article 104-7 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. No payment will be made for remediation of unacceptable drilled piers or post repair testing.

## THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING MATERIAL – COLOR TESTING:

3-19-19 1087 SP10 R05

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Pages 10-183 and 10-184, Subarticle 1087-7(D)(1)(b) Yellow, lines 9-11, delete and replace with the following:

Obtain Color Values Y,x,y per ASTM E1349 using C/2° illuminant/observer. Results shall be  $Y \ge 45\%$ , and x,y shall fall within PR#1 chart chromaticity limits.

# <u>POLYUREA PAVEMENT MARKING MATERIAL – TYPE 2 TYPICAL CERTIFIED MILL TEST REPORT:</u>

3-19-19 1087 SP10 R06

Amend the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

**Page 10-184, Subarticle 1087-8 Material Certification,** in accordance with Subarticle 106-3 provide a Type 2 Typical Certified Mill Test Report and a Type 3 Manufacturer's Certification for Polyurea pavement marking material.

When tested, the material shall meet the physical and chemical characteristics provided by the manufacturer. NCDOT reserves the right to compare these test results to baseline test results gathered by the NCDOT Materials and Test Unit.

## **SNOWPLOWABLE PAVEMENT MARKERS:**

3-19-19 1086, 1250, 1253 SP10 R07

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Pages 10-177 and 10-178, Subarticle 1086-3 SNOWPLOWABLE PAVEMENT MARKERS, delete items (A), (B) and (C)(1) and replace with the following:

#### (A) General

Use snowplowable pavement markers evaluated by NTPEP. The snowplowable pavement marker shall consist of a housing with one or more glass or plastic face lens type reflective lenses to provide the required color designation. Shape the housing to deflect a snowplow blade upward in both directions without being damaged. Plastic lens faces shall use an abrasion resistant coating.

Use recycled snowplowable pavement markers that meet all the requirements of new snowplowable pavement markers except Subarticle 1086-3(B)(1). Recycled snowplowable pavement markers with minimal variation in dimensions are acceptable only when the reflector fits in the housing of the recycled snowplowable pavement marker as originally designed.

# (B) Housings

(1) Dimensions

The dimension, slope and minimum area of reflecting surface shall conform to dimensions as shown in the plans. The minimum area of each reflecting surface shall be 1.44 sq.in.

- (2) Materials
  - Use snowplowable pavement markers that are on the NCDOT Approved Products List.
- (3) Surface
  - The surface of the housing shall be free of scale, dirt, rust, oil, grease or any other contaminant which might reduce its bond to the epoxy adhesive.
- (4) Identification
  - Mark the housing with the manufacturer's name and model number of marker.

## (C) Reflectors

(1) General

Laminate the reflector to an elastomeric pad and attach with adhesive to the housing. The thickness of the elastomeric pad shall be 0.04".

Pages 12-14, Subarticle 1250-3(C) Removal of Existing Pavement Markers, lines 19-29, delete and replace with the following:

Remove the existing raised pavement markers or the snowplowable pavement markers including the housings, before overlaying an existing roadway with pavement. Repair the pavement by filling holes as directed by the Engineer.

When traffic patterns are changed in work zones due to construction or reconstruction, remove all raised pavement markers or snowplowable markers including housings that conflict with the new traffic pattern before switching traffic to the new traffic pattern. Lens removal in lieu of total housing removal is not an acceptable practice for snowplowable markers.

Properly dispose of the removed pavement markers. No direct payment will be made for removal or disposal of existing pavement markers or repair of pavement, as such work will be incidental to other items in the contract.

**Pages 12-16 and 12-17, Subarticle 1253-3 CONSTRUCTION METHODS,** delete items (A), (B) and (C) and replace with the following:

### (A) General

Bond marker housings to the pavement with epoxy adhesive. Mechanically mix and dispense epoxy adhesives as required by the manufacturer's specifications. Place the markers immediately after the adhesive has been mixed and dispensed.

Install snowplowable pavement marker housings into slots sawcut into the pavement. Make slots in the pavement to exactly duplicate the shape of the housing of the snowplowable pavement markers.

Promptly remove all debris resulting from the saw cutting operation from the pavement surface. Install the marker housings within 7 calendar days after saw cutting slots in the pavement. Remove and dispose of loose material from the slots by brushing, blow cleaning or vacuuming. Dry the slots before applying the epoxy adhesive. Fill the cleaned slots totally with epoxy adhesive flush with the surface of the existing pavement. Install snowplowable pavement markers according to the manufacturer's recommendations.

Protect the snowplowable pavement markers until the epoxy has initially cured and is track free.

# (B) Reflector Replacement

In the event that a reflector is damaged, replace the damaged reflector by using adhesives and methods recommended by the manufacturer of the markers and approved by the Engineer. This work is considered incidental if damage occurs during the initial installation of the marker housings and maintenance of initial snowplowable markers specified in this section. This work will be paid for under the pay item for the type of reflector replacement if the damage occurred after the initial installation of the snowplowable pavement marker.

Missing housings shall be replaced. Broken housings shall be removed and replaced. In both cases the slot for the housings shall be properly prepared prior to installing the new housing. Removal of broken housings and preparation of slots will be considered incidental to the work of replacing housings.

# (C) Recycled Snowplowable Pavement Marker Housings

Use properly refurbished snowplowable pavement marker housings as approved by the Engineer such that approved new reflectors can be installed inside the housings.

## **TEMPORARY SHORING:**

(2-20-07) (Rev. 1-16-18) SP11 R02

# **Description**

Temporary shoring includes cantilever, braced and anchored shoring and temporary mechanically stabilized earth (MSE) walls. Temporary shoring does not include trench boxes. At the Contractor's option, use any type of temporary shoring unless noted otherwise in the plans or as directed. Design and construct temporary shoring based on actual elevations and shoring dimensions in accordance with the contract and accepted submittals. Construct temporary shoring at locations shown in the plans and as directed. Temporary shoring is required to maintain traffic when a 2:1 (H:V) slope from the top of an embankment or bottom of an excavation will intersect the existing ground line less than 5 feet from the edge of pavement of an open travelway. This provision does not apply to pipe, inlet or utility installation unless noted otherwise in the plans.

Positive protection includes concrete barrier and temporary guardrail. Provide positive protection for temporary shoring at locations shown in the plans and as directed. Positive protection is required if temporary shoring is located in the clear zone in accordance with the AASHTO Roadside Design Guide.

# (A) Cantilever and Braced Shoring

Cantilever shoring consists of steel sheet piles or H-piles with timber lagging. Braced shoring consists of sheet piles or H-piles with timber lagging and bracing such as beams, plates, walers, struts, rakers, etc. Define "piles" as sheet piles or H-piles.

## (B) Anchored Shoring

Anchored shoring consists of sheet piles with walers or H-piles with timber lagging anchored with ground or helical anchors. Driven anchors may be accepted at the discretion of the Engineer. A ground anchor consists of a grouted steel bar or multi-strand tendon with an anchorage. A helical anchor consists of a lead section with a central steel shaft and at least one helix steel plate followed by extensions with only central shafts (no helixes) and an anchorage. Anchorages consist of steel bearing plates with washers and hex nuts for bars or steel wedge plates and wedges for strands. Use a prequalified Anchored Wall Contractor to install ground anchors. Define "anchors" as ground, helical or driven anchors.

# (C) Temporary MSE Walls

Temporary MSE walls include temporary geosynthetic and wire walls. Define "temporary wall" as a temporary MSE wall and "Temporary Wall Vendor" as the vendor supplying the temporary MSE wall. Define "reinforcement" as geotextile, geogrid, welded wire grid or metallic strip reinforcement.

Temporary geosynthetic walls consist of geotextile or geogrid reinforcement wrapped behind welded wire facing. Define "temporary geotextile wall" as a temporary geosynthetic wall with geotextile reinforcement and "temporary geogrid wall" as a temporary geosynthetic wall with geogrid reinforcement.

Temporary wire walls consist of welded wire grid or metallic strip reinforcement connected to welded wire facing. Define "Wire Wall Vendor" as the vendor supplying the temporary wire wall.

## (D) Embedment

Define "embedment" for cantilever, braced and anchored shoring as the pile depth below the grade in front of shoring. Define "embedment" for temporary walls as the wall height below the grade in front of walls.

## (E) Positive Protection

Define "unanchored or anchored portable concrete barrier" as portable concrete barrier (PCB) that meets 2018 Roadway Standard Drawing No. 1170.01. Define "concrete barrier" as unanchored or anchored PCB or an approved equal. Define "temporary guardrail" as temporary steel beam guardrail that meets 2018 Roadway Standard Drawing No. 862.02.

## **Materials**

Refer to the 2018 Standard Specifications.

| Item                           | Section |
|--------------------------------|---------|
| Concrete Barrier Materials     | 1170-2  |
| Flowable Fill, Excavatable     | 1000-6  |
| Geosynthetics                  | 1056    |
| Neat Cement Grout              | 1003    |
| Portland Cement Concrete       | 1000    |
| Select Materials               | 1016    |
| Steel Beam Guardrail Materials | 862-2   |
| Steel Plates                   | 1072-2  |
| Steel Sheet Piles and H-Piles  | 1084    |
| Untreated Timber               | 1082-2  |
| Welded Wire Reinforcement      | 1070-3  |

Provide Type 6 material certifications for shoring materials in accordance with Article 106-3 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. Use Class IV select material for temporary guardrail. Use neat cement grout for Type 2 grout for ground anchors. Use Class A concrete that meets Article 450-2 of the 2018 Standard Specifications or Type 1 grout for drilled-in piles. Provide untreated timber with a thickness of at least 3 inches and a bending stress of at least 1,000 pounds per square inch for timber lagging. Provide steel bracing that meets ASTM A36.

# (A) Shoring Backfill

Use Class II, Type 1, Class III, Class V or Class VI select material or material that meets AASHTO M 145 for soil classification A-2-4 with a maximum PI of 6 for shoring backfill except do not use A-2-4 soil for backfill around culverts.

## (B) Anchors

Store anchor materials on blocking a minimum of 12 inches above the ground and protect it at all times from damage; and when placing in the work make sure it is free from dirt, dust, loose mill scale, loose rust, paint, oil or other foreign materials. Load, transport, unload and store anchor materials so materials are kept clean and free of damage. Bent, damaged or defective materials will be rejected.

## (1) Ground Anchors

Use high-strength deformed steel bars that meet AASHTO M 275 or seven-wire strands that meet ASTM A886 or Article 1070-5 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. Splice bars in accordance with Article 1070-9 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. Do not splice strands. Use bondbreakers, spacers and centralizers that meet Article 6.3.5 of the AASHTO LRFD Bridge Construction Specifications.

## (2) Helical Anchors

Use helical anchors with an ICC Evaluation Service, Inc. (ICC-ES) report. Provide couplers, thread bar adapters and bolts recommended by the Anchor Manufacturer to connect helical anchors together and to piles.

## (3) Anchorages

Provide steel plates for bearing plates and steel washers, hex nuts, wedge plates and wedges recommended by the Anchor Manufacturer.

## (C) Temporary Walls

# (1) Welded Wire Facing

Use welded wire reinforcement for welded wire facing, struts and wires. For temporary wire walls, provide welded wire facing supplied by the Wire Wall Vendor or a manufacturer approved or licensed by the vendor. For temporary wire walls with separate reinforcement and facing components, provide connectors (e.g., bars, clamps, plates, etc.) and fasteners (e.g., bolts, nuts, washers, etc.) required by the Wire Wall Vendor.

## (2) Geotextiles

Provide Type 2 geotextile for separation and retention geotextiles. Provide Type 5 geotextile for geotextile reinforcement with ultimate tensile strengths in accordance with the accepted submittals.

# (3) Geogrid Reinforcement

Use geogrids with a roll width of at least 4 feet and an "approved" or "approved for provisional use" status code. The list of approved geogrids is available from: connect.ncdot.gov/resources/Materials/Pages/Materials-Manual-by-Material.aspx

Provide geogrids for geogrid reinforcement with design strengths in accordance with the accepted submittals. Geogrids are typically approved for ultimate tensile strengths in the machine direction (MD) and cross-machine direction (CD) or short-term design strengths for a 3-year design life in the MD based on material type. Define material type from the website above for shoring backfill as follows:

| Material Type    | Shoring Backfill                              |
|------------------|---|
| Borrow           | A-2-4 Soil                                    |
| Fine Aggregate   | Class II, Type 1 or Class III Select Material |
| Coarse Aggregate | Class V or VI Select Material                 |

# (4) Welded Wire Grid and Metallic Strip Reinforcement

Provide welded wire grid and metallic strip reinforcement supplied by the Wire Wall Vendor or a manufacturer approved or licensed by the vendor. Use welded wire grid reinforcement ("mesh", "mats" and "ladders") that meet Article 1070-3 of the 2018 Standard Specifications and metallic strip reinforcement ("straps") that meet ASTM A572 or A1011.

# **Preconstruction Requirements**

## (A) Concrete Barrier

Define "clear distance" behind concrete barrier as the horizontal distance between the barrier and edge of pavement. The minimum required clear distance for concrete barrier is shown in the plans. At the Contractor's option or if the minimum required clear distance is not available, set concrete barrier next to and up against traffic side of temporary shoring except for barrier above temporary walls. Concrete barrier with the minimum required clear distance is required above temporary walls.

# (B) Temporary Guardrail

Define "clear distance" behind temporary guardrail as the horizontal distance between guardrail posts and temporary shoring. At the Contractor's option or if clear distance for cantilever, braced and anchored shoring is less than 4 feet, attach guardrail to traffic side of shoring as shown in the plans. Place ABC in clear distance and around guardrail posts instead of pavement. Do not use temporary guardrail above temporary walls.

# (C) Temporary Shoring Designs

Before beginning temporary shoring design, survey existing ground elevations in the vicinity of shoring locations to determine actual design heights (H). Submit PDF files of working drawings and design calculations for temporary shoring designs in accordance with Article 105-2 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. Submit working drawings showing plan views, shoring profiles, typical sections and details of temporary shoring design and construction sequence. Do not begin shoring construction until a design submittal is accepted.

Have cantilever and braced shoring designed, detailed and sealed by an engineer licensed in the state of North Carolina. Use a prequalified Anchored Wall Design Consultant to design anchored shoring. Provide anchored shoring designs sealed by a Design Engineer approved as a Geotechnical Engineer (key person) for an Anchored Wall Design Consultant. Include details in anchored shoring working drawings of anchor locations and lock-off loads, unit grout/ground bond strengths for ground anchors or minimum installation torque and torsional strength rating for helical anchors and if necessary, obstructions extending through shoring or interfering with anchors. Include details in the anchored shoring construction sequence of pile and anchor installation, excavation and anchor testing.

Provide temporary wall designs sealed by a Design Engineer licensed in the state of North Carolina and employed or contracted by the Temporary Wall Vendor. Include details in temporary wall working drawings of geotextile and reinforcement types, locations and directions and obstructions extending through walls or interfering with reinforcement.

## (1) Soil Parameters

Design temporary shoring for the assumed soil parameters and groundwater elevations shown in the plans. Assume the following soil parameters for shoring backfill:

(a) Unit weight  $(\gamma) = 120 \text{ pcf}$ ;

| (b) | Friction Angle (φ) | Shoring Backfill                              |
|-----|--------------------|---|
|     | 30°                | A-2-4 Soil                                    |
|     | 34°                | Class II, Type 1 or Class III Select Material |
|     | 38°                | Class V or VI Select Material                 |

(c) Cohesion (c) = 0 psf.

# (2) Traffic Surcharge

Design temporary shoring for a traffic surcharge of 250 pounds per square foot if traffic will be above and within H of shoring. This traffic surcharge does not apply to construction traffic. Design temporary shoring for any construction surcharge if construction traffic will be above and within H of shoring. For LRFD shoring designs, apply traffic (live load) surcharge in accordance with Figure C11.5.5-3 of the AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

# (3) Cantilever, Braced and Anchored Shoring Designs

Use shoring backfill for fill sections and voids between cantilever, braced and anchored shoring and the critical failure surface. Use concrete or grout for embedded portions of drilled-in H-piles. Do not use drilled-in sheet piles.

Define "top of shoring" for cantilever, braced and anchored shoring as where the grade intersects the back of sheet piles or H-piles and timber lagging. Design cantilever, braced and anchored shoring for a traffic impact load of 2,000 pounds per foot applied 18 inches above top of shoring if concrete barrier is above and next to shoring or temporary guardrail is above and attached to shoring. For anchored shoring designs, apply traffic impact load as horizontal load (P<sub>H1</sub>) in accordance with Figure 3.11.6.3-2(a) of the AASHTO LRFD specifications.

Extend cantilever, braced and anchored shoring at least 32 inches above top of shoring if shoring is designed for traffic impact. Otherwise, extend shoring at least 6 inches above top of shoring.

Design cantilever, braced and anchored shoring for a maximum deflection of 3 inches if the horizontal distance to the closest edge of pavement or structure is less than H. Otherwise, design shoring for a maximum deflection of 6 inches. Design cantilever and braced shoring in accordance with the plans and AASHTO Guide Design Specifications for Bridge Temporary Works.

Design anchored shoring in accordance with the plans and Article 11.9 of the AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Use a resistance factor of 0.80 for tensile resistance of anchors with bars, strands or shafts. Extend the unbonded length for ground anchors and the shallowest helix for helical anchors at least 5 feet behind the critical failure surface. Do not extend anchors beyond right-of-way or easement limits. If existing or future obstructions such as foundations, guardrail posts, pavements, pipes, inlets or utilities will interfere with anchors, maintain a clearance of at least 6 inches between obstructions and anchors.

# (4) Temporary Wall Designs

Use shoring backfill in the reinforced zone of temporary walls. Separation geotextiles are required between shoring backfill and backfill, natural ground or culverts along the sides of the reinforced zone perpendicular to the wall face. For Class V or VI select material in the reinforced zone, separation geotextiles are also

required between shoring backfill and backfill or natural ground on top of and at the back of the reinforced zone.

Design temporary walls in accordance with the plans and Article 11.10 of the AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Embed temporary walls at least 18 inches except for walls on structures or rock as determined by the Engineer. Use a uniform reinforcement length throughout the wall height of at least 0.7H or 6 feet, whichever is longer. Extend the reinforced zone at least 6 inches beyond end of reinforcement. Do not locate the reinforced zone outside right-of-way or easement limits.

Use the simplified method for determining maximum reinforcement loads in accordance with the AASHTO LRFD specifications. For geotextile reinforcement, use geotextile properties approved by the Department or default values in accordance with the AASHTO LRFD specifications. For geogrid reinforcement, use approved geogrid properties available from the website shown elsewhere in this provision. If the website does not list a short-term design strength for an approved geogrid, use a short-term design strength equal to the ultimate tensile strength divided by 3.5 for the geogrid reinforcement. Use geosynthetic properties for the direction reinforcement will be installed, a 3-year design life and shoring backfill to be used in the reinforced zone.

Do not use more than 4 different reinforcement strengths for each temporary geosynthetic wall. Design temporary geotextile walls for a reinforcement coverage ratio ( $R_c$ ) of 1.0. For temporary geogrid walls with an  $R_c$  of less than 1.0, use a maximum horizontal clearance between geogrids of 3 feet and stagger reinforcement so geogrids are centered over gaps in the reinforcement layer below.

For temporary geosynthetic walls, use "L" shaped welded wire facing with 18 to 24 inch long legs. Locate geotextile or geogrid reinforcement so reinforcement layers are at the same level as the horizontal legs of welded wire facing. Use vertical reinforcement spacing equal to facing height. Wrap geotextile or geogrid reinforcement behind welded wire facing and extend reinforcement at least 3 feet back behind facing into shoring backfill.

For temporary wire walls with separate reinforcement and facing components, attach welded wire grid or metallic strip reinforcement to welded wire facing with a connection approved by the Department. For temporary geogrid and wire walls, retain shoring backfill at welded wire facing with retention geotextiles and extend geotextiles at least 3 feet back behind facing into backfill.

## (D) Preconstruction Meeting

The Engineer may require a shoring preconstruction meeting to discuss the construction, inspection and testing of the temporary shoring. If required and if this meeting occurs before all shoring submittals have been accepted, additional preconstruction meetings may be required before beginning construction of temporary shoring without accepted submittals. The Resident, District or Bridge Maintenance Engineer, Area Construction

Engineer, Geotechnical Operations Engineer, Contractor and Shoring Contractor Superintendent will attend preconstruction meetings.

## **Construction Methods**

Control drainage during construction in the vicinity of shoring. Direct run off away from shoring and shoring backfill. Contain and maintain backfill and protect material from erosion.

Install positive protection in accordance with the contract and accepted submittals. Use PCB in accordance with Section 1170 of the 2018 Standard Specifications and 2018 Roadway Standard Drawing No. 1170.01. Use temporary guardrail in accordance with Section 862 of the 2018 Standard Specifications and 2018 Roadway Standard Drawing Nos. 862.01, 862.02 and 862.03.

## (A) Tolerances

Construct shoring with the following tolerances:

- (1) Horizontal wires of welded wire facing are level in all directions,
- (2) Shoring location is within 6 inches of horizontal and vertical alignment shown in the accepted submittals, and
- (3) Shoring plumbness (batter) is not negative and within 2 degrees of vertical.

## (B) Cantilever, Braced and Anchored Shoring Installation

If overexcavation behind cantilever, braced or anchored shoring is shown in the accepted submittals, excavate before installing piles. Otherwise, install piles before excavating for shoring. Install cantilever, braced or anchored shoring in accordance with the construction sequence shown in the accepted submittals. Remove piles and if applicable, timber lagging when shoring is no longer needed.

## (1) Pile Installation

Install piles with the minimum required embedment and extension in accordance with Subarticles 450-3(D) and 450-3(E) of the 2018 Standard Specifications except that a pile driving equipment data form is not required. Piles may be installed with a vibratory hammer as approved by the Engineer.

Do not splice sheet piles. Use pile excavation to install drilled-in H-piles. After filling holes with concrete or grout to the elevations shown in the accepted submittals, remove any fluids and fill remaining portions of holes with flowable fill. Cure concrete or grout at least 7 days before excavating.

Notify the Engineer if refusal is reached before pile excavation or driven piles attain the minimum required embedment. When this occurs, a revised design submittal may be required.

## (2) Excavation

Excavate in front of piles from the top down in accordance with the accepted submittals. For H-piles with timber lagging and braced and anchored shoring, excavate in staged horizontal lifts with a maximum height of 5 feet. Remove flowable fill and material in between H-piles as needed to install timber lagging. Position lagging with at least 3 inches of contact in the horizontal direction between the lagging and pile flanges. Do not excavate the next lift until timber lagging for the current lift is installed and if applicable, bracing and anchors for the current lift are accepted. Backfill behind cantilever, braced or anchored shoring with shoring backfill.

## (3) Anchor Installation

If applicable, install foundations located behind anchored shoring before installing anchors. Fabricate and install ground anchors in accordance with the accepted submittals, Articles 6.4 and 6.5 of the AASHTO LRFD Bridge Construction Specifications and the following unless otherwise approved:

- (a) Materials in accordance with this provision are required instead of materials conforming to Articles 6.4 and 6.5.3 of the AASHTO LRFD Specifications,
- (b) Encapsulation-protected ground anchors in accordance with Article 6.4.1.2 of the AASHTO LRFD specifications are not required, and
- (c) Corrosion protection for unbonded lengths of ground anchors and anchorage covers are not required.
- (d) Measure grout temperature, density and flow during grouting with at least the same frequency grout cubes are made for compressive strength. Perform density and flow field tests in the presence of the Engineer in accordance with American National Standards Institute/American Petroleum Institute Recommended Practice 13B-1 (Section 4, Mud Balance) and ASTM C939 (Flow Cone), respectively.

Install helical anchors in accordance with the accepted submittals and Anchor Manufacturer's instructions. Measure torque during installation and do not exceed the torsional strength rating of the helical anchor. Attain the minimum required installation torque and penetration before terminating anchor installation. When replacing a helical anchor, embed last helix of the replacement anchor at least 3 helix plate diameters past the location of the first helix of the previous anchor.

## (4) Anchor Testing

Proof test and lock-off anchors in accordance with the accepted submittals and Article 6.5.5 of the AASHTO LRFD Bridge Construction Specifications except for the acceptance criteria in Article 6.5.5.5. For the AASHTO LRFD specifications,

"ground anchor" refers to a ground or helical anchor and "tendon" refers to a bar, strand or shaft.

# (a) Anchor Acceptance

Anchor acceptance is based in part on the following criteria.

- (i) For ground and helical anchors, total movement is less than 0.04 inches between the 1 and 10 minute readings or less than 0.08 inches between the 6 and 60 minute readings.
- (ii) For ground anchors, total movement at maximum test load exceeds 80% of the theoretical elastic elongation of the unbonded length.

## (b) Anchor Test Results

Submit PDF files of anchor test records including movement versus load plots for each load increment within 24 hours of completing each row of anchors. The Engineer will review the test records to determine if the anchors are acceptable.

If the Engineer determines an anchor is unacceptable, revise the anchor design or installation methods. Submit a revised anchored shoring design for acceptance and provide an acceptable anchor with the revised design or installation methods. If required, replace the anchor or provide additional anchors with the revised design or installation methods.

# (C) Temporary Wall Installation

Excavate as necessary for temporary walls in accordance with the plans and accepted submittals. If applicable, install foundations located in the reinforced zone before placing shoring backfill or reinforcement unless otherwise approved. Notify the Engineer when foundation excavation is complete. Do not place shoring backfill or reinforcement until excavation dimensions and foundation material are approved.

Erect welded wire facing so the wall position is as shown in the plans and accepted submittals. Set welded wire facing adjacent to each other in the horizontal and vertical direction to completely cover the wall face with facing. Stagger welded wire facing to create a running bond by centering facing over joints in the row below.

Wrap geotextile reinforcement and retention geotextiles behind welded wire facing as shown in the plans and accepted submittals and cover geotextiles with at least 3" of shoring backfill. Overlap adjacent geotextile reinforcement and retention and separation geotextiles at least 18 inches with seams oriented perpendicular to the wall face. Hold geotextiles in place with wire staples or anchor pins as needed.

Place reinforcement within 3 inches of locations shown in the plans and accepted submittals. Before placing shoring backfill, pull reinforcement taut so it is in tension and free of kinks, folds, wrinkles or creases. Install reinforcement with the direction shown in

the plans and accepted submittals. For temporary wire walls with separate reinforcement and facing components, attach welded wire grid or metallic strip reinforcement to welded wire facing as shown in the accepted submittals. Do not splice or overlap reinforcement so seams are parallel to the wall face. Contact the Engineer when unanticipated existing or future obstructions such as foundations, pavements, pipes, inlets or utilities will interfere with reinforcement.

Place shoring backfill in the reinforced zone in 8 to 10 inch thick lifts. Compact A-2-4 soil and Class II, Type 1 and Class III select material in accordance with Subarticle 235-3(C) of the 2018 Standard Specifications. Use only hand operated compaction equipment to compact backfill within 3 feet of welded wire facing. At a distance greater than 3 feet, compact shoring backfill with at least 4 passes of an 8 to 10 ton vibratory roller in a direction parallel to the wall face. Smooth wheeled or rubber tired rollers are also acceptable for compacting backfill. Do not use sheepsfoot, grid rollers or other types of compaction equipment with feet. Do not displace or damage reinforcement when placing and compacting shoring backfill. End dumping directly on geotextile or geogrid reinforcement is not permitted. Do not operate heavy equipment on reinforcement until it is covered with at least 8 inches of shoring backfill. Replace any damaged reinforcement to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Backfill for temporary walls outside the reinforced zone in accordance with Article 410-8 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. Bench temporary walls into the sides of excavations where applicable. For temporary geosynthetic walls with top of wall within 5 feet of finished grade, remove top facing and incorporate top reinforcement layer into fill when placing fill in front of wall. Temporary walls remain in place permanently unless otherwise required.

# **Measurement and Payment**

Temporary Shoring will be measured and paid in square feet. Temporary walls will be measured as the square feet of exposed wall face area. Cantilever, braced or anchored shoring will be measured as the square feet of exposed shoring face area with the shoring height equal to the difference between the top and bottom of shoring elevations. Define "top of shoring" as where the grade intersects the back of sheet piles or H-piles and timber lagging. Define "bottom of shoring" as where the grade intersects front of sheet piles or H-piles and timber lagging. No measurement will be made for any embedment, shoring extension above top of shoring or pavement thickness above temporary walls.

The contract unit price for *Temporary Shoring* will be full compensation for providing shoring designs, submittals and materials, excavating, backfilling, hauling and removing excavated materials and supplying all labor, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to construct temporary shoring.

No payment will be made for temporary shoring not shown in the plans or required by the Engineer including shoring for OSHA reasons or the Contractor's convenience. No value engineering proposals will be accepted based solely on revising or eliminating shoring locations shown in the plans or estimated quantities shown in the bid item sheets as a result of actual field measurements or site conditions.

PCB will be measured and paid in accordance with Section 1170 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. No additional payment will be made for anchoring PCB for temporary shoring. Costs for anchoring PCB will be incidental to temporary shoring.

Temporary guardrail will be measured and paid for in accordance with Section 862 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

Payment will be made under:

Pay ItemPay UnitTemporary ShoringSquare Foot

# **EXTRUDED THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING THICKNESS:**

3-19-19 1205 SP12 R05

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 12-6, Subarticle 1205-4(A)(1) General, lines 5-8, delete the second sentence and replace with the following:

Use application equipment that provides multiple width settings ranging from 4 inches to 12 inches and multiple thickness settings to achieve a minimum pavement marking thickness of 0.090 inch above the surface of the pavement.

Page 12-7, Table 1205-3, THICKNESS REQUIREMENTS FOR THERMOPLASTIC, replace with the following:

| TABLE 1205-3                                     |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| MINIMUM THICKNESS REQUIREMENTS FOR THERMOPLASTIC |  |  |  |
| Thickness  | Location   |  |  |
| 240 mils   | In-lane and shoulder-transverse pavement markings (rumble strips). May be          |  |  |
|  | placed in 2 passes.  |  |  |
| 90 mils  | Center lines, skip lines, transverse bands, mini-skip lines, characters, bike lane |  |  |
|  | symbols, crosswalk lines, edge lines, gore lines, diagonals, and arrow symbols     |  |  |

# STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS – TERMINATION OF CONTRACTS

(5-20-08)

Z-2

General Statute 143C-6-11. (h) Highway Appropriation is hereby incorporated verbatim in this contract as follows:

(h) Amounts Encumbered. – Transportation project appropriations may be encumbered in the amount of allotments made to the Department of Transportation by the Director for the estimated payments for transportation project contract work to be performed in the appropriation fiscal year. The allotments shall be multiyear allotments and shall be based on estimated revenues and shall be subject to the maximum contract authority contained in General Statute 143C-6-11(c). Payment for transportation project work performed pursuant to contract in any fiscal year other than the current fiscal year is subject to appropriations by the General Assembly. Transportation project contracts shall contain a schedule of estimated completion progress, and any acceleration of this progress shall be subject to the approval of the Department of Transportation provided funds are available. The State reserves the right to terminate or suspend any transportation project contract, and any transportation project contract shall be so terminated or suspended if funds will not be available for payment of the work to be performed during that fiscal year pursuant to the contract. In the event of termination of any contract, the contractor shall be given a written notice of termination at least 60 days before completion of scheduled work for which funds are available. In the event of termination, the contractor shall be paid for the work already performed in accordance with the contract specifications.

Payment will be made on any contract terminated pursuant to the special provision in accordance with Subarticle 108-13(D) of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

# STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION NCDOT GENERAL SEED SPECIFICATION FOR SEED QUALITY

(5-17-11) Z-3

Seed shall be sampled and tested by the North Carolina Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Seed Testing Laboratory. When said samples are collected, the vendor shall supply an independent laboratory report for each lot to be tested. Results from seed so sampled shall be final. Seed not meeting the specifications shall be rejected by the Department of Transportation and shall not be delivered to North Carolina Department of Transportation warehouses. If seed has been delivered it shall be available for pickup and replacement at the supplier's expense.

Any re-labeling required by the North Carolina Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Seed Testing Laboratory, that would cause the label to reflect as otherwise specified herein shall be rejected by the North Carolina Department of Transportation.

Seed shall be free from seeds of the noxious weeds Johnsongrass, Balloonvine, Jimsonweed, Witchweed, Itchgrass, Serrated Tussock, Showy Crotalaria, Smooth Crotalaria, Sicklepod, Sandbur, Wild Onion, and Wild Garlic. Seed shall not be labeled with the above weed species on the seed analysis label. Tolerances as applied by the Association of Official Seed Analysts will NOT be allowed for the above noxious weeds except for Wild Onion and Wild Garlic.

Tolerances established by the Association of Official Seed Analysts will generally be recognized. However, for the purpose of figuring pure live seed, the found pure seed and found germination percentages as reported by the North Carolina Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Seed Testing Laboratory will be used. Allowances, as established by the NCDOT, will be recognized for minimum pure live seed as listed on the following pages.

The specifications for restricted noxious weed seed refers to the number per pound as follows:

| Restricted Noxious Weed | Limitations per Lb. Of Seed | Restricted Noxious Weed   | Limitations per Lb. of Seed |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Blessed Thistle         | 4 seeds                     | Cornflower (Ragged Robin) | 27 seeds                    |
| Cocklebur               | 4 seeds                     | Texas Panicum             | 27 seeds                    |
| Spurred Anoda           | 4 seeds                     | Bracted Plantain          | 54 seeds                    |
| Velvetleaf              | 4 seeds                     | Buckhorn Plantain         | 54 seeds                    |
| Morning-glory           | 8 seeds                     | Broadleaf Dock            | 54 seeds                    |
| Corn Cockle             | 10 seeds                    | Curly Dock                | 54 seeds                    |
| Wild Radish             | 12 seeds                    | Dodder                    | 54 seeds                    |
| Purple Nutsedge         | 27 seeds                    | Giant Foxtail             | 54 seeds                    |
| Yellow Nutsedge         | 27 seeds                    | Horsenettle               | 54 seeds                    |
| Canada Thistle          | 27 seeds                    | Quackgrass                | 54 seeds                    |
| Field Bindweed          | 27 seeds                    | Wild Mustard              | 54 seeds                    |
| Hedge Bindweed          | 27 seeds                    |                           |                             |

Seed of Pensacola Bahiagrass shall not contain more than 7% inert matter, Kentucky Bluegrass, Centipede and Fine or Hard Fescue shall not contain more than 5% inert matter whereas a maximum of 2% inert matter will be allowed on all other kinds of seed. In addition, all seed shall

not contain more than 2% other crop seed nor more than 1% total weed seed. The germination rate as tested by the North Carolina Department of Agriculture shall not fall below 70%, which includes both dormant and hard seed. Seed shall be labeled with not more than 7%, 5% or 2% inert matter (according to above specifications), 2% other crop seed and 1% total weed seed.

Exceptions may be made for minimum pure live seed allowances when cases of seed variety shortages are verified. Pure live seed percentages will be applied in a verified shortage situation. Those purchase orders of deficient seed lots will be credited with the percentage that the seed is deficient.

#### FURTHER SPECIFICATIONS FOR EACH SEED GROUP ARE GIVEN BELOW:

Minimum 85% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop seed; maximum 144 restricted noxious weed seed per pound. Seed less than 83% pure live seed will not be approved.

Sericea Lespedeza Oats (seeds)

Minimum 80% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop; maximum 144 restricted noxious weed seed per pound. Seed less than 78% pure live seed will not be approved.

Tall Fescue (all approved varieties)

Kobe Lespedeza

Bermudagrass

Browntop Millet

Carpetgrass

Minimum 78% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop seed; maximum 144 restricted noxious weed seed per pound. Seed less than 76% pure live seed will not be approved.

## Common or Sweet Sundangrass

Minimum 76% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop seed; maximum 144 restricted noxious weed seed per pound. Seed less than 74% pure live seed will not be approved.

Rye (grain; all varieties) Kentucky Bluegrass (all approved varieties) Hard Fescue (all approved varieties) Shrub (bicolor) Lespedeza

Minimum 70% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop seed; maximum 144 noxious weed seed per pound. Seed less than 70% pure live seed will not be approved.

Centipedegrass Japanese Millet Crownvetch Reed Canary Grass

Pensacola Bahiagrass Zoysia

Creeping Red Fescue

Minimum 70% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop seed; maximum 5% inert matter; maximum 144 restricted noxious weed seed per pound.

Barnyard Grass Big Bluestem Little Bluestem Bristly Locust Birdsfoot Trefoil Indiangrass Orchardgrass Switchgrass

Yellow Blossom Sweet Clover

#### **ERRATA**

(10-16-18) (Rev.1-15-19) Z-4

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

#### **Division 6**

Page 6-7, Article 609-1 DESCRIPTION, line 29, replace article number "609-10" with "609-9".

#### **Division 7**

**Page 7-27, Article 725-1 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, line 4,** replace article number "725-1" with "724-4".

**Page 7-28, Article 725-1 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, line 10,** replace article number "725-1" with "725-3".

#### **Division 10**

Page 10-78, Article 1056-4 GEOTEXTILES, TABLE 1056-1, Permittivity, Type 2, replace "Table 6<sup>D</sup>" with "Table 7<sup>D</sup>" and Permittivity, Type 3<sup>B</sup>, replace "Table 7<sup>D</sup>" with "Table 8<sup>D</sup>".

Page 10-162, Article 1080-50 PAINT FOR VERTICAL MARKERS, line 1, replace article number "1080-50" with "1080-10".

Page 10-162, Article 1080-61 EPOXY RESIN FOR REINFORCING STEEL, line 5, replace article number "1080-61" with "1080-11".

Page 10-162, Article 1080-72 ABRASIVE MATERIALS FOR BLAST CLEANING STEEL, line 22, replace article number "1080-72" with "1080-12".

Page 10-163, Article 1080-83 FIELD PERFORMANCE AND SERVICES, line 25, replace article number "1080-83" with "1080-13".

#### **Division 17**

Page 17-15, Article 1715-4 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, lines 42-44, replace the second sentence with the following:

An example is an installation of a single 1.25 inch HDPE conduit would be paid as:

Directional Drill (1)(1.25") Linear Foot

## **PLANT AND PEST QUARANTINES**

(Imported Fire Ant, Gypsy Moth, Witchweed, Emerald Ash Borer, Guava Root Knot Nematode, And Other Noxious Weeds)

(3-18-03) (Rev. 5-21-19) Z-04a

## Within Quarantined Area

This project may be within a county regulated for plant and/or pests. If the project or any part of the Contractor's operations is located within a quarantined area, thoroughly clean all equipment prior to moving out of the quarantined area. Comply with federal/state regulations by obtaining a certificate or limited permit for any regulated article moving from the quarantined area.

#### **Originating in a Quarantined County**

Obtain a certificate or limited permit issued by the N.C. Department of Agriculture/United States Department of Agriculture. Have the certificate or limited permit accompany the article when it arrives at the project site.

#### **Contact**

Contact the N.C. Department of Agriculture/United States Department of Agriculture at 1-800-206-9333, 919-707-3730, or <a href="https://www.ncagr.gov/plantindustry/Plant/quaran/table2.htm">https://www.ncagr.gov/plantindustry/Plant/quaran/table2.htm</a> to determine those specific project sites located in the quarantined area or for any regulated article used on this project originating in a quarantined county.

## **Regulated Articles Include**

- 1. Soil, sand, gravel, compost, peat, humus, muck, and decomposed manure, separately or with other articles. This includes movement of articles listed above that may be associated with cut/waste, ditch pulling, and shoulder cutting.
- 2. Plants with roots including grass sod.
- 3. Plant crowns and roots.
- 4. Bulbs, corms, rhizomes, and tubers of ornamental plants.
- 5. Hay, straw, fodder, and plant litter of any kind.
- 6. Clearing and grubbing debris.
- 7. Used agricultural cultivating and harvesting equipment.
- 8. Used earth-moving equipment.
- 9. Any other products, articles, or means of conveyance, of any character, if determined by an inspector to present a hazard of spreading imported fire ant, gypsy moth, witchweed, emerald ash borer, guava root knot nematode, or other noxious weeds.

#### **MINIMUM WAGES**

(7-21-09) Z-5

**FEDERAL:** The Fair Labor Standards Act provides that with certain exceptions every employer shall pay wages at the rate of not less than SEVEN DOLLARS AND TWENTY FIVE CENTS (\$7.25) per hour.

The North Carolina Minimum Wage Act provides that every employer shall pay to each of his employees, wages at a rate of not less than SEVEN DOLLARS AND TWENTY FIVE CENTS (\$7.25) per hour.

The minimum wage paid to all skilled labor employed on this contract shall be SEVEN DOLLARS AND TWENTY FIVE CENTS (\$7.25) per hour.

The minimum wage paid to all intermediate labor employed on this contract shall be SEVEN DOLLARS AND TWENTY FIVE CENTS (\$7.25) per hour.

The minimum wage paid to all unskilled labor on this contract shall be SEVEN DOLLARS AND TWENTY FIVE CENTS (\$7.25) per hour.

This determination of the intent of the application of this act to the contract on this project is the responsibility of the Contractor.

The Contractor shall have no claim against the Department of Transportation for any changes in the minimum wage laws, Federal or State. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to keep fully informed of all Federal and State Laws affecting his contract.

#### TITLE VI AND NONDISCRIMINATION:

(6-28-77)(Rev 6/19/2018)

Z-6

1 0

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Replace Article 103-4(B) with the following:

The North Carolina Department of Transportation is committed to carrying out the U.S. Department of Transportation's policy of ensuring nondiscrimination in the award and administration of contracts.

The provisions of this section related to United States Department of Transportation (US DOT) Order 1050.2A, Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) part 21, 23 United States Code (U.S.C.) 140 and 23 CFR part 200 (or 49 CFR 303, 49 U.S.C. 5332 or 49 U.S.C. 47123) are applicable to all North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) contracts and to all related subcontracts, material supply, engineering, architectural and other service contracts, regardless of dollar amount. Any Federal provision that is specifically required not specifically set forth is hereby incorporated by reference.

# (1) Title VI Assurances (USDOT Order 1050.2A, Appendix A)

During the performance of this contract, the contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest (hereinafter referred to as the "contractor") agrees as follows:

- (a) Compliance with Regulations
  - The contractor (hereinafter includes consultants) shall comply with the Acts and the Regulations relative to Nondiscrimination in Federally-assisted programs of the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), as they may be amended from time to time, which are herein incorporated by reference and made a part of this contract.
- (b) Nondiscrimination
  - The contractor, with regard to the work performed by it during the contract, shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, or national origin in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor shall not participate directly or indirectly in the discrimination prohibited by the Acts and the Regulations, including employment practices when the contract covers any activity, project, or program set forth in Appendix B of 49 CFR Part 21.
- (c) Solicitations for Subcontractors, Including Procurements of Materials and Equipment In all solicitations, either by competitive bidding, or negotiation made by the contractor for work to be performed under a subcontract, including procurements of materials, or leases of equipment, each potential subcontractor or supplier shall be notified by the contractor of the contractor's obligations under this contract and the Acts and the Regulations relative to Nondiscrimination on the grounds of race, color, or national origin.

# (d) Information and Reports

The contractor shall provide all information and reports required by the Acts, the Regulations, and directives issued pursuant thereto and shall permit access to its books, records, accounts, other sources of information, and its facilities as may be determined by the Recipient or the FHWA to be pertinent to ascertain compliance with such Acts,

Regulations, and instructions. Where any information required of a contractor is in the exclusive possession of another who fails or refuses to furnish the information, the contractor shall so certify to the Recipient or the FHWA, as appropriate, and shall set forth what efforts it has made to obtain the information.

## (e) Sanctions for Noncompliance:

In the event of a contractor's noncompliance with the Non-discrimination provisions of this contract, the Recipient will impose such contract sanctions as it and/or the FHWA may determine to be appropriate, including, but not limited to:

- (i) Withholding payments to the contractor under the contract until the contractor complies; and/or
- (ii) Cancelling, terminating, or suspending a contract, in whole or in part.

## (f) Incorporation of Provisions

The contractor shall include the provisions of paragraphs (a) through (f) in every subcontract, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment, unless exempt by the Acts, the Regulations and directives issued pursuant thereto. The contractor shall take action with respect to any subcontract or procurement as the Recipient or the FHWA may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions including sanctions for noncompliance. Provided, that if the contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with litigation by a subcontractor, or supplier because of such direction, the contractor may request the Recipient to enter into any litigation to protect the interests of the Recipient. In addition, the contractor may request the United States to enter into the litigation to protect the interests of the United States.

# (2) Title VI Nondiscrimination Program (23 CFR 200.5(p))

The North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) has assured the USDOT that, as a condition to receiving federal financial assistance, NCDOT will comply with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and all requirements imposed by Title 49 CFR part 21 and related nondiscrimination authorities to ensure that no person shall, on the ground of race, color, national origin, limited English proficiency, sex, age, or disability (including religion/creed or income-level, where applicable), be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any programs, activities, or services conducted or funded by NCDOT. Contractors and other organizations under contract or agreement with NCDOT must also comply with Title VI and related authorities, therefore:

- (a) During the performance of this contract or agreement, contractors (e.g., subcontractors, consultants, vendors, prime contractors) are responsible for complying with NCDOT's Title VI Program. Contractors are not required to prepare or submit Title VI Programs. To comply with this section, the prime contractor shall:
  - 1. Post NCDOT's Notice of Nondiscrimination and the Contractor's own Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Policy in conspicuous locations accessible to all employees, applicants and subcontractors on the jobsite.
  - 2. Physically incorporate the required Title VI clauses into all subcontracts on federally-assisted and state-funded NCDOT projects, and ensure inclusion by subcontractors into all lower-tier subcontracts.
  - 3. Required Solicitation Language. The Contractor shall include the following notification in all solicitations for bids and requests for work or material, regardless of funding source:

"The North Carolina Department of Transportation, in accordance with the provisions of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (78 Stat. 252, 42 US.C. §§

2000d to 2000d-4) and the Regulations, hereby notifies all bidders that it will affirmatively ensure that any contract entered into pursuant to this advertisement, disadvantaged business enterprises will be afforded full and fair opportunity to submit bids in response to this invitation and will not be discriminated against on the grounds of race, color, or national origin in consideration for an award. In accordance with other related nondiscrimination authorities, bidders and contractors will also not be discriminated against on the grounds of sex, age, disability, low-income level, creed/religion, or limited English proficiency in consideration for an award."

- 4. Physically incorporate the FHWA-1273, in its entirety, into all subcontracts and subsequent lower tier subcontracts on Federal-aid highway construction contracts only.
- 5. Provide language assistance services (i.e., written translation and oral interpretation), free of charge, to LEP employees and applicants. Contact NCDOT OCR for further assistance, if needed.
- 6. For assistance with these Title VI requirements, contact the NCDOT Title VI Nondiscrimination Program at 1-800-522-0453.
- (b) Subrecipients (e.g. cities, counties, LGAs, planning organizations) may be required to prepare and submit a Title VI Plan to NCDOT, including Title VI Assurances and/or agreements. Subrecipients must also ensure compliance by their contractors and subrecipients with Title VI. (23 CFR 200.9(b)(7))
- (c) If reviewed or investigated by NCDOT, the contractor or subrecipient agrees to take affirmative action to correct any deficiencies found within a reasonable time period, not to exceed 90 calendar days, unless additional time is granted by NCDOT. (23 CFR 200.9(b)(15))
- (d) The Contractor is responsible for notifying subcontractors of NCDOT's External Discrimination Complaints Process.
  - 1. Applicability

Title VI and related laws protect participants and beneficiaries (e.g., members of the public and contractors) from discrimination by NCDOT employees, subrecipients and contractors, regardless of funding source.

2. Eligibility

Any person—or class of persons—who believes he/she has been subjected to discrimination based on race, color, national origin, Limited English Proficiency (LEP), sex, age, or disability (and religion in the context of employment, aviation, or transit) may file a written complaint. The law also prohibits intimidation or retaliation of any sort.

- 3. Time Limits and Filing Options
  - Complaints may be filed by the affected individual(s) or a representative and must be filed no later than 180 calendar days after the following:
  - (i) The date of the alleged act of discrimination; or
  - (ii) The date when the person(s) became aware of the alleged discrimination; or
  - (iii) Where there has been a continuing course of conduct, the date on which that conduct was discontinued or the latest instance of the conduct.

Title VI and related discrimination complaints may be submitted to the following entities:

- North Carolina Department of Transportation, Office of Civil Rights, Title VI Program, 1511 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC 27699-1511; toll free 1-800-522-0453
- ➤ Federal Highway Administration, North Carolina Division Office, 310 New Bern Avenue, Suite 410, Raleigh, NC 27601, 919-747-7010
- ➤ US Department of Transportation, Departmental Office of Civil Rights, External Civil Rights Programs Division, 1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE, Washington, DC 20590; 202-366-4070

## 4. Format for Complaints

Complaints must be in writing and signed by the complainant(s) or a representative, and include the complainant's name, address, and telephone number. Complaints received by fax or e-mail will be acknowledged and processed. Allegations received by telephone will be reduced to writing and provided to the complainant for confirmation or revision before processing. Complaints will be accepted in other languages, including Braille.

Discrimination Complaint Form
 Contact NCDOT Civil Rights to receive a full copy of the Discrimination
 Complaint Form and procedures.

## 6. Complaint Basis

Allegations must be based on issues involving race, color, national origin (LEP), sex, age, disability, or religion (in the context of employment, aviation or transit). "Basis" refers to the complainant's membership in a protected group category.

| TABLE 103-1<br>COMPLAINT BASIS                   |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| Protected Categories                             | Definition   | Examples   | Applicable Nondiscrimination<br>Authorities  |
| Race and Ethnicity                               | An individual belonging to one of the accepted racial groups; or the perception, based usually on physical characteristics that a person is a member of a racial group | Black/African American, Hispanic/Latino, Asian, American Indian/Alaska Native, Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander, White | Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964;<br>49 CFR Part 21;<br>23 CFR 200;<br>49 U.S.C. 5332(b);<br>49 U.S.C. 47123.<br>(Executive Order 13166) |
| Color  | Color of skin, including shade of skin within a racial group   | Black, White, brown, yellow, etc.  |  |
| National Origin (Limited English<br>Proficiency) | Place of birth. Citizenship is not<br>a factor. (Discrimination based<br>on language or a person's<br>accent is also covered)  | Mexican, Cuban,<br>Japanese,<br>Vietnamese, Chinese  |  |
| Sex  | Gender. The sex of an individual. <i>Note:</i> Sex under this program does not include sexual orientation.   | Women and Men  | 1973 Federal-Aid Highway Act;<br>49 U.S.C. 5332(b);<br>49 U.S.C. 47123.  |
| Age  | Persons of any age   | 21-year-old person   | Age Discrimination Act of 1975<br>49 U.S.C. 5332(b);<br>49 U.S.C. 47123.   |
| Disability                                       | Physical or mental impairment, permanent or temporary, or perceived.   | Blind, alcoholic,<br>para-amputee,<br>epileptic, diabetic,<br>arthritic  | Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973; Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990   |

| Religion (in the context of employment) (Religion/ Creed in all aspects of any aviation or transit-related construction) | An individual belonging to a religious group; or the perception, based on distinguishable characteristics that a person is a member of a religious group. In practice, actions taken as a result of the moral and ethical beliefs as to what is right and wrong, which are sincerely held with the strength of traditional religious views. <i>Note:</i> Does not have to | Muslim, Christian,<br>Sikh, Hindu, etc. | Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964;<br>23 CFR 230;<br>FHWA-1273 Required Contract Provisions.<br>(49 U.S.C. 5332(b);<br>49 U.S.C. 47123) |
|--|---|---|---|
|  | actions taken as a result of the  |   |   |
|  |   |   |   |
|  | £ 2,  |   |   |
|  |   |   |   |
|  |   |   |   |
|  | be associated with a recognized   |   |   |
|  | religious group or church; if an  |   |   |
|  | individual sincerely holds to the   |   |   |
|  | belief, it is a protected religious   |   |   |
|  | practice.   |   |   |
|  |   |   |   |

#### (3) Pertinent Nondiscrimination Authorities

During the performance of this contract, the contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest agrees to comply with the following non-discrimination statutes and authorities, including, but not limited to:

- (a) Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. § 2000d et seq., 78 stat. 252), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin); and 49 CFR Part 21.
- (b) The Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, (42 U.S.C. § 4601), (prohibits unfair treatment of persons displaced or whose property has been acquired because of Federal or Federal-aid programs and projects);
- (c) Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1973, (23 U.S.C. § 324 et seq.), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex):
- (d) Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, (29 U.S.C. § 794 et seq.), as amended, (prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability) and 49 CFR Part 27;
- (e) The Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended, (42 U.S.C. § 6101 et seq.), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of age);
- (f) Airport and Airway Improvement Act of 1982, (49 USC § 471, Section 47123), as amended, (prohibits discrimination based on race, creed, color, national origin, or sex);
- (g) The Civil Rights Restoration Act of 1987, (PL 100-209), (Broadened the scope, coverage and applicability of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, The Age Discrimination Act of 1975 and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, by expanding the definition of the terms "programs or activities" to include all of the programs or activities of the Federal-aid recipients, sub-recipients and contractors, whether such programs or activities are Federally funded or not);
- (h) Titles II and III of the Americans with Disabilities Act, which prohibit discrimination on the basis of disability in the operation of public entities, public and private transportation systems, places of public accommodation, and certain testing entities (42 U.S.C. §§ 12131-12189) as implemented by Department of Transportation regulations at 49 C.F.R. parts 37 and 38;
- (i) The Federal Aviation Administration's Nondiscrimination statute (49 U.S.C. § 47123) (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, and sex);
- (j) Executive Order 12898, Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations, which ensures Nondiscrimination against minority populations by discouraging programs, policies, and activities with

- disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects on minority and low-income populations;
- (k) Executive Order 13166, Improving Access to Services for Persons with Limited English Proficiency, and resulting agency guidance, national origin discrimination includes discrimination because of Limited English proficiency (LEP). To ensure compliance with Title VI, you must take reasonable steps to ensure that LEP persons have meaningful access to your programs (70 Fed. Reg. at 74087 to 74100);
- (l) Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended, which prohibits you from discriminating because of sex in education programs or activities (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq).
- (m) Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. § 2000e et seq., Pub. L. 88-352), (prohibits employment discrimination on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin).

## (4) Additional Title VI Assurances

- \*\*The following Title VI Assurances (Appendices B, C and D) shall apply, as applicable
- (a) Clauses for Deeds Transferring United States Property (1050.2A, Appendix B) The following clauses will be included in deeds effecting or recording the transfer of real property, structures, or improvements thereon, or granting interest therein from the United States pursuant to the provisions of Assurance 4.

NOW, THEREFORE, the U.S. Department of Transportation as authorized by law and upon the condition that the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) will accept title to the lands and maintain the project constructed thereon in accordance with the North Carolina General Assembly, the Regulations for the Administration of the Federal-Aid Highway Program, and the policies and procedures prescribed by the Federal Highway Administration of the U.S. Department of Transportation in accordance and in compliance with all requirements imposed by Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, U.S. Department of Transportation, Subtitle A, Office of the Secretary, Part 21, Nondiscrimination in Federally-assisted programs of the U.S. Department of Transportation pertaining to and effectuating the provisions of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (78 Stat. 252; 42 U.S.C. § 2000d to 2000d-4), does hereby remise, release, quitclaim and convey unto the NCDOT all the right, title and interest of the U.S. Department of Transportation in and to said lands described in Exhibit A attached hereto and made a part hereof.

#### (HABENDUM CLAUSE)

TO HAVE AND TO HOLD said lands and interests therein unto the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) and its successors forever, subject, however, to the covenants, conditions, restrictions and reservations herein contained as follows, which will remain in effect for the period during which the real property or structures are used for a purpose for which Federal financial assistance is extended or for another purpose involving the provision of similar services or benefits and will be binding on the NCDOT, its successors and assigns.

The NCDOT, in consideration of the conveyance of said lands and interests in lands, does hereby covenant and agree as a covenant running with the land for itself, its successors and assigns, that (1) no person will on the grounds of race, color, or national origin, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination with regard to any facility located wholly or in part on, over, or under such lands hereby conveyed [,] [and]\* (2) that the NCDOT will use the lands and interests in lands and interests in lands so conveyed, in compliance with all requirements imposed by or pursuant to Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, U.S. Department of Transportation, Subtitle A, Office of the Secretary, Part 21, Nondiscrimination in Federally-assisted programs of the U.S. Department of Transportation, Effectuation of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, and as said Regulations and Acts may be amended [, and (3) that in the event of breach of any of the above-mentioned nondiscrimination conditions, the Department will have a right to enter or re-enter said lands and facilities on said land, and that above described land and facilities will thereon revert to and vest in and become the absolute property of the U.S. Department of Transportation and its assigns as such interest existed prior to this instruction].\*

- (\*Reverter clause and related language to be used only when it is determined that such a clause is necessary in order to make clear the purpose of Title VI.)
- (b) Clauses for Transfer of Real Property Acquired or Improved Under the Activity, Facility, or Program (1050.2A, Appendix C)

  The following clauses will be included in deeds, licenses, leases, permits, or similar

instruments entered into by the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) pursuant to the provisions of Assurance 7(a):

- 1. The (grantee, lessee, permittee, etc. as appropriate) for himself/herself, his/her heirs, personal representatives, successors in interest, and assigns, as a part of the consideration hereof, does hereby covenant and agree [in the case of deeds and leases add "as a covenant running with the land"] that:
  - (i.) In the event facilities are constructed, maintained, or otherwise operated on the property described in this (deed, license, lease, permit, etc.) for a purpose for which a U.S. Department of Transportation activity, facility, or program is extended or for another purpose involving the provision of similar services or benefits, the (grantee, licensee, lessee, permittee, etc.) will maintain and operate such facilities and services in compliance with all requirements imposed by the Acts and Regulations (as may be amended) such that no person on the grounds of race, color, or national origin, will be excluded from participation in, denied the benefits of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination in the use of said facilities.
- 2. With respect to licenses, leases, permits, etc., in the event of breach of any of the above Nondiscrimination covenants, the NCDOT will have the right to terminate the (lease, license, permit, etc.) and to enter, re-enter, and repossess said lands and facilities thereon, and hold the same as if the (lease, license, permit, etc.) had never been made or issued. \*
- 3. With respect to a deed, in the event of breach of any of the above Nondiscrimination covenants, the NCDOT will have the right to enter or re-enter the lands and facilities thereon, and the above described lands and facilities will there upon revert to and vest in and become the absolute property of the NCDOT and its assigns. \*

- (\*Reverter clause and related language to be used only when it is determined that such a clause is necessary to make clear the purpose of Title VI.)
- (c) Clauses for Construction/Use/Access to Real Property Acquired Under the Activity, Facility or Program (1050.2A, Appendix D)

The following clauses will be included in deeds, licenses, permits, or similar instruments/ agreements entered into by the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) pursuant to the provisions of Assurance 7(b):

- 1. The (grantee, licensee, permittee, etc., as appropriate) for himself/herself, his/her heirs, personal representatives, successors in interest, and assigns, as a part of the consideration hereof, does hereby covenant and agree (in the case of deeds and leases add, "as a covenant running with the land") that (1) no person on the ground of race, color, or national origin, will be excluded from participation in, denied the benefits of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination in the use of said facilities, (2) that in the construction of any improvements on, over, or under such land, and the furnishing of services thereon, no person on the ground of race, color, or national origin, will be excluded from participation in, denied the benefits of, or otherwise be subjected to discrimination, (3) that the (grantee, licensee, lessee, permittee, etc.) will use the premises in compliance with all other requirements imposed by or pursuant to the Acts and Regulations, as amended, set forth in this Assurance.
- 2. With respect to (licenses, leases, permits, etc.), in the event of breach of any of the above Non¬discrimination covenants, the NCDOT will have the right to terminate the (license, permit, etc., as appropriate) and to enter or re-enter and repossess said land and the facilities thereon, and hold the same as if said (license, permit, etc., as appropriate) had never been made or issued. \*
- 3. With respect to deeds, in the event of breach of any of the above Nondiscrimination covenants, the NCDOT will there upon revert to and vest in and become the absolute property of the NCDOT and its assigns. \*

(\*Reverter clause and related language to be used only when it is determined that such a clause is necessary to make clear the purpose of Title VI.)

#### **ON-THE-JOB TRAINING**

(10-16-07) (Rev. 4-21-15) Z-10

## **Description**

The North Carolina Department of Transportation will administer a custom version of the Federal On-the-Job Training (OJT) Program, commonly referred to as the Alternate OJT Program. All contractors (existing and newcomers) will be automatically placed in the Alternate Program. Standard OJT requirements typically associated with individual projects will no longer be applied at the project level. Instead, these requirements will be applicable on an annual basis for each contractor administered by the OJT Program Manager.

On the Job Training shall meet the requirements of 23 CFR 230.107 (b), 23 USC – Section 140, this provision and the On-the-Job Training Program Manual.

The Alternate OJT Program will allow a contractor to train employees on Federal, State and privately funded projects located in North Carolina. However, priority shall be given to training employees on NCDOT Federal-Aid funded projects.

#### **Minorities and Women**

Developing, training and upgrading of minorities and women toward journeyman level status is a primary objective of this special training provision. Accordingly, the Contractor shall make every effort to enroll minority and women as trainees to the extent that such persons are available within a reasonable area of recruitment. This training commitment is not intended, and shall not be used, to discriminate against any applicant for training, whether a member of a minority group or not.

## **Assigning Training Goals**

The Department, through the OJT Program Manager, will assign training goals for a calendar year based on the contractors' past three years' activity and the contractors' anticipated upcoming year's activity with the Department. At the beginning of each year, all contractors eligible will be contacted by the Department to determine the number of trainees that will be assigned for the upcoming calendar year. At that time the Contractor shall enter into an agreement with the Department to provide a self-imposed on-the-job training program for the calendar year. This agreement will include a specific number of annual training goals agreed to by both parties. The number of training assignments may range from 1 to 15 per contractor per calendar year. The Contractor shall sign an agreement to fulfill their annual goal for the year.\

## **Training Classifications**

The Contractor shall provide on-the-job training aimed at developing full journeyman level workers in the construction craft/operator positions. Preference shall be given to providing training in the following skilled work classifications:

Equipment Operators Office Engineers

Truck Drivers Estimators

Carpenters Iron / Reinforcing Steel Workers

Concrete Finishers Mechanics
Pipe Layers Welders

The Department has established common training classifications and their respective training requirements that may be used by the contractors. However, the classifications established are not all-inclusive. Where the training is oriented toward construction applications, training will be allowed in lower-level management positions such as office engineers and estimators. Contractors shall submit new classifications for specific job functions that their employees are performing. The Department will review and recommend for acceptance to FHWA the new classifications proposed by contractors, if applicable. New classifications shall meet the following requirements:

Proposed training classifications are reasonable and realistic based on the job skill classification needs, and

The number of training hours specified in the training classification is consistent with common practices and provides enough time for the trainee to obtain journeyman level status.

The Contractor may allow trainees to be trained by a subcontractor provided that the Contractor retains primary responsibility for meeting the training and this provision is made applicable to the subcontract. However, only the Contractor will receive credit towards the annual goal for the trainee.

Where feasible, 25 percent of apprentices or trainees in each occupation shall be in their first year of apprenticeship or training. The number of trainees shall be distributed among the work classifications on the basis of the contractor's needs and the availability of journeymen in the various classifications within a reasonable area of recruitment.

No employee shall be employed as a trainee in any classification in which they have successfully completed a training course leading to journeyman level status or in which they have been employed as a journeyman.

#### **Records and Reports**

The Contractor shall maintain enrollment, monthly and completion reports documenting company compliance under these contract documents. These documents and any other information as requested shall be submitted to the OJT Program Manager.

Upon completion and graduation of the program, the Contractor shall provide each trainee with a certification Certificate showing the type and length of training satisfactorily completed.

#### **Trainee Interviews**

All trainees enrolled in the program will receive an initial and Trainee/Post graduate interview conducted by the OJT program staff.

#### **Trainee Wages**

Contractors shall compensate trainees on a graduating pay scale based upon a percentage of the prevailing minimum journeyman wages (Davis-Bacon Act). Minimum pay shall be as follows:

| 60 percent | of the journeyman wage for the first half of the training period    |
|------------|---|
| 75 percent | of the journeyman wage for the third quarter of the training period |
| 90 percent | of the journeyman wage for the last quarter of the training period  |

In no instance shall a trainee be paid less than the local minimum wage. The Contractor shall adhere to the minimum hourly wage rate that will satisfy both the NC Department of Labor (NCDOL) and the Department.

### **Achieving or Failing to Meet Training Goals**

The Contractor will be credited for each trainee employed by him on the contract work who is currently enrolled or becomes enrolled in an approved program and who receives training for at least 50 percent of the specific program requirement. Trainees will be allowed to be transferred between projects if required by the Contractor's scheduled workload to meet training goals.

If a contractor fails to attain their training assignments for the calendar year, they may be taken off the NCDOT's Bidders List.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

No compensation will be made for providing required training in accordance with these contract documents.

# PROJECT STANDARD PROVISIONS

# **GEOTECHNICAL**

MSE RETAINING WALLS GT-1.1 - GT-1.12

GEOTEXTILE FOR PAVEMENT STABILIZATION GT-2.1 - GT-2.2

#### MECHANICALLY STABILIZED EARTH RETAINING WALLS

(1-16-18)

#### 1.0 GENERAL

Construct mechanically stabilized earth (MSE) retaining walls consisting of steel or geosynthetic reinforcement in the reinforced zone connected to vertical facing elements. Use precast concrete panels for vertical facing elements and coarse aggregate in the reinforced zone unless noted otherwise in the plans. Provide reinforced concrete coping and pile sleeves as required. Design and construct MSE retaining walls based on actual elevations and wall dimensions in accordance with the contract and accepted submittals. Use a prequalified MSE Wall Installer to construct MSE retaining walls.

Define MSE wall terms as follows:

Geosynthetic or Geogrid Reinforcement – Polyester Type (PET), HDPE or Polypropylene (PP) geogrid reinforcement,

Geogrid - PET, HDPE or PP geogrid,

Reinforcement – Steel or geogrid reinforcement,

Aggregate – Coarse or fine aggregate,

Panel – Precast concrete panel,

Coping – Precast or CIP concrete coping,

MSE Wall - Mechanically stabilized earth retaining wall,

MSE Wall Vendor – Vendor supplying the chosen MSE wall system,

MSE Panel Wall – MSE wall with panels,

*MSE Segmental Wall* – MSE wall with segmental retaining wall (SRW) units and *Abutment Wall* – MSE wall with bridge foundations in any portion of the reinforced zone or an MSE wall connected to an abutment wall (Even if bridge foundations only penetrate a small part of the reinforced zone, the entire MSE wall is considered an abutment wall).

For bridge approach fills behind end bents with MSE abutment walls, design reinforcement connected to end bent caps in accordance with the plans and this provision. Construct Type III Reinforced Bridge Approach Fills in accordance with the *Bridge Approach Fills* provision and Roadway Detail Drawing No. 422D10.

Use an approved MSE wall system in accordance with the plans and any NCDOT restrictions or exceptions for the chosen system. Value engineering proposals for other MSE wall systems will not be considered. Do not use MSE wall systems with an "approved for provisional use" status for abutment walls or MSE walls subject to scour, walls with design heights greater than 35 ft or walls supporting or adjacent to railroads or interstate highways. The list of approved MSE wall systems with approval status is available from: connect.ncdot.gov/resources/Geological/Pages/Products.aspx

#### 2.0 MATERIALS

Refer to the Standard Specifications.

| Item                  | Section |
|-----------------------|---------|
| Aggregate             | 1014    |
| Corrugated Steel Pipe | 1032-3  |

| 1081      |
|-----------|
| 1056      |
| 1003      |
| 1028      |
| 1000      |
| 1077      |
| 1070      |
| 1077      |
| 1040-4    |
| 1016      |
| 816-2     |
| 1036-4(A) |
|           |

Use galvanized corrugated steel pipe with a zinc coating weight of 2 oz/sf (G200) for pile sleeves. Provide Type 2 geotextile for filtration and separation geotextiles. Use Class A concrete for CIP coping, leveling concrete and pads. Use galvanized steel pipe, threaded rods and nuts for the PET geogrid reinforcement vertical obstruction detail. Provide galvanized Grade 36 anchor rods and Grade A hex nuts that meet AASHTO M 314 for threaded rods and nuts.

Use panels and SRW units from producers approved by the Department and licensed by the MSE Wall Vendor. Provide steel strip connectors embedded in panels fabricated from structural steel that meets the requirements for steel strip reinforcement. Unless required otherwise in the contract, produce panels with a smooth flat final finish that meets Article 1077-11 of the *Standard Specifications*. Accurately locate and secure reinforcement connectors in panels and maintain required concrete cover. Produce panels within 1/4" of the panel dimensions shown in the accepted submittals.

Damaged panels or SRW units with excessive discoloration, chips or cracks as determined by the Engineer will be rejected. Do not damage reinforcement connection devices or mechanisms in handling or storing panels and SRW units.

Store steel materials on blocking at least 12" above the ground and protect it at all times from damage; and when placing in the work make sure it is free from dirt, dust, loose mill scale, loose rust, paint, oil or other foreign materials. Handle and store geotextiles and geogrids in accordance with Article 1056-2 of the *Standard Specifications*. Load, transport, unload and store MSE wall materials so materials are kept clean and free of damage. Bent, damaged or defective materials will be rejected.

## A. Aggregate

Use standard size No. 57, 57M, 67 or 78M that meets Table 1005-1 of the *Standard Specifications* for coarse aggregate and the following for fine aggregate:

- 1. Standard size No. 1S, 2S, 2MS or 4S that meets Table 1005-2 of the *Standard Specifications* or
- 2. Gradation that meets Class III, Type 3 select material in accordance with Article

1016-3 of the Standard Specifications.

Fine aggregate is exempt from mortar strength in Subarticle 1014-1(E) of the *Standard Specifications*. Use fine aggregate with a maximum organic content of 1.0%. Provide aggregate with electrochemical properties that meet the following requirements:

| AGGREGATE pH REQUIREMENTS   |                                    |         |
|---|------------------------------------|---------|
| Aggregate Type (in reinforced zone)  Reinforcement or Connector Material pH |                                    |         |
| Coarse or Fine  | Steel                              | 5 – 10  |
| Coarse or Fine  | PET                                | 5 – 8   |
| Coarse or Fine  | Polyolefin (HDPE or Polypropylene) | 4.5 – 9 |

| AGGREGATE CHEMICAL REQUIREMENTS (Steel Reinforcement/Connector Materials Only) |                                       |           |           |  |  |
|--|---------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|--|--|
| Aggregate Type (in reinforced zone)  | Recistivity Chlorides Sulfates        |           |           |  |  |
| Coarse   | $\geq$ 5,000 $\Omega \cdot \text{cm}$ | < 100     | < 200     |  |  |
| Fine   | $\geq$ 3,000 $\Omega \cdot \text{cm}$ | ≤ 100 ppm | ≤ 200 ppm |  |  |

Use aggregate from sources participating in the Department's Aggregate QC/QA Program as described in Section 1006 of the *Standard Specifications*. Sample and test aggregate in accordance with the *Mechanically Stabilized Earth Wall Aggregate Sampling and Testing Procedures*. Electrochemical testing is only required for coarse aggregate from sources in the Coastal Plain as defined by Subarticle 1018-2(B)(1).

#### B. Reinforcement

Provide steel or geosynthetic reinforcement supplied by the MSE Wall Vendor or a manufacturer approved or licensed by the vendor. Use reinforcement approved for the chosen MSE wall system. The list of approved reinforcement for each MSE wall system is available from the website shown elsewhere in this provision.

#### 1. Steel Reinforcement

Provide Type 1 material certifications in accordance with Article 106-3 of the *Standard Specifications* for steel reinforcement. Use welded wire grid reinforcement ("mesh", "mats" and "ladders") that meet Article 1070-3 of the *Standard Specifications* and steel strip reinforcement ("straps") that meet ASTM A572, A1011 or A463. Use 10 gauge or heavier structural steel Grade 50 or higher for steel strip reinforcement. Galvanize steel reinforcement in accordance with Section 1076 of the *Standard Specifications* or provide aluminized steel strip reinforcement that meet ASTM A463, Type 2-100.

## 2. Geosynthetic Reinforcement

Use HDPE or PP geogrid for geogrid reinforcement connected to backwalls of end bent caps. Use PET or HDPE geogrid for geogrid reinforcement connected to SRW units and only HDPE geogrid for geogrid reinforcement connected to panels.

Define machine direction (MD) and cross-machine direction (CD) for geogrids per Article 1056-3 of the *Standard Specifications*. Provide Type 1 material certifications and identify geogrid reinforcement in accordance with Article 1056-3 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Provide extruded geogrids manufactured from punched and drawn polypropylene sheets for PP geogrids that meet the following:

| PP GEOGRID REQUIREMENTS                   |                            |                         |  |
|---|----------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Property                                  | Requirement <sup>1</sup>   | Test Method             |  |
| Aperture Dimensions <sup>2</sup>          | 1" x 1.2"                  | N/A                     |  |
| Minimum Rib Thickness <sup>2</sup>        | 0.07" x 0.07"              | N/A                     |  |
| Tensile Strength @ 2% Strain <sup>2</sup> | 580 lb/ft x 690 lb/ft      | A CTM D6627             |  |
| Tensile Strength @ 5% Strain <sup>2</sup> | 1,200 lb/ft x 1,370 lb/ft  | ASTM D6637,<br>Method A |  |
| Ultimate Tensile Strength <sup>2</sup>    | 1,850 lb/ft x 2,050 lb/ft  | Method A                |  |
| Junction Efficiency <sup>3</sup>          | 93%                        | ASTM D7737              |  |
| (MD)                                      | 93%                        | ASTM D7/37              |  |
| Flexural Rigidity <sup>4</sup>            | 2,000,000 mg–cm            | ASTM D7748              |  |
| Aperture Stability Modulus <sup>5</sup>   | 0.55 lb-ft/degrees         | ASTM D7864              |  |
| UV Stability                              | 100%                       | ASTM D4355              |  |
| (Retained Strength)                       | (after 500 hr of exposure) | AS 1 W D4555            |  |

- **1.** MARV per Article 1056-3 of the *Standard Specifications* except dimensions and thickness are nominal.
- **2.** Requirement for MD x CD.
- 3. Junction Efficiency (%) = (Average Junction Strength ( $Xj_{ave}$ ) / Ultimate Tensile Strength in the MD from ASTM D6637, Method A) × 100.
- **4.** Test specimens two ribs wide, with transverse ribs cut flush with exterior edges of longitudinal ribs, and sufficiently long to enable measurement of the overhang dimension.
- **5.** Applied moment of 17.7 lb—inch (torque increment).

#### C. Bearing Pads

For MSE panel walls, use bearing pads that meet Section 3.6.1.a of the *FHWA Design* and Construction of Mechanically Stabilized Earth Walls and Reinforced Soil Slopes – Volume I (Publication No. FHWA-NHI-10-024) except durometer hardness for rubber pads may be 60 or  $80 \pm 5$  and density testing for HDPE pads may be in accordance with ASTM D1505 or D792. Provide bearing pads with thicknesses that meet the following:

| BEARING PAD THICKNESS   |      |  |
|---|------|--|
| Facing Area per Panel Minimum Pad Thickness After Compression |      |  |
| (A) (based on 2 times panel weight above pads)                |      |  |
| $A \le 30 \text{ sf}$   | 1/2" |  |

| $30 \text{ sf} < A \le 75 \text{ sf}$ | 3/4" |
|---------------------------------------|------|
|---------------------------------------|------|

#### D. Miscellaneous Components

Miscellaneous components may include connectors (e.g., anchors, bars, clamps, pins, plates, ties, etc.), fasteners (e.g., bolts, nuts, washers, etc.) and any other MSE wall components not included above. Galvanize steel components in accordance with Section 1076 of the *Standard Specifications*. Provide miscellaneous components approved for the chosen MSE wall system. The list of approved miscellaneous components for each MSE wall system is available from the website shown elsewhere in this provision.

## 3.0 PRECONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

#### A. MSE Wall Surveys

The Retaining Wall Plans show a plan view, typical sections, details, notes and an elevation or profile view (wall envelope) for each MSE wall. Before beginning MSE wall design, survey existing ground elevations shown in the plans and other elevations in the vicinity of MSE wall locations as needed. For proposed slopes above or below MSE walls, survey existing ground elevations to at least 10 ft beyond slope stake points. Based on these elevations, finished grades and actual MSE wall dimensions and details, submit revised wall envelopes for acceptance. Use accepted wall envelopes for design.

## B. MSE Wall Designs

For MSE wall designs, submit PDF files of working drawings and design calculations at least 30 days before the preconstruction meeting. Note name and NCDOT ID number of the panel or SRW unit production facility on working drawings. Do not begin MSE wall construction until a design submittal is accepted.

Use a prequalified MSE Segmental Wall Design Consultant to design MSE segmental walls. Provide MSE segmental wall designs sealed by a Design Engineer approved as a Geotechnical Engineer (key person) for the MSE Segmental Wall Design Consultant. Provide MSE panel wall designs sealed by a Design Engineer licensed in the state of North Carolina and employed or contracted by the MSE Wall Vendor.

Design MSE walls in accordance with the plans, *AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications* and any NCDOT restrictions for the chosen MSE wall system unless otherwise required. Design MSE walls for seismic if walls are located in seismic zone 2 based on Figure 2-1 of the *Structure Design Manual*. Connect reinforcement to panels or SRW units with methods or devices approved for the chosen system. Use a uniform reinforcement length throughout the wall height of at least 0.7H with H as shown in the plans or 6 ft, whichever is longer, unless noted otherwise in the plans. Extend the reinforced zone at least 6" beyond end of reinforcement. Do not locate drains, the reinforced zone or leveling pads outside right-of-way or easement limits.

Use the simplified method for determining maximum reinforcement loads and design

parameters approved for the chosen MSE wall system or default values in accordance with the AASHTO LRFD specifications. Design steel components including reinforcement and connectors for the design life noted in the plans and aggregate type in the reinforced zone. If an MSE wall system with geogrid reinforcement includes any steel parts for obstructions, bin walls, connections or other components, design steel exposed to aggregate for the design life noted in the plans and aggregate type in the reinforced zone. Use "loss of galvanizing" metal loss rates for nonaggressive backfill in accordance with the AASHTO LRFD specifications for galvanized and aluminized steel and metal loss rates for carbon steel in accordance with the following:

| CARBON STEEL CORROSION RATES  |               |  |
|---|---------------|--|
| Aggregate Type Carbon Steel Loss Rate (in reinforced zone) Carbon Steel Loss Rate |               |  |
| Coarse  | 0.47 mil/year |  |
| Fine (except abutment walls)  | 0.58 mil/year |  |
| Fine (abutment walls)   | 0.70 mil/year |  |

For PET or HDPE geogrid reinforcement and geosynthetic connectors, use approved geosynthetic properties for the design life noted in the plans and aggregate type in the reinforced zone. For geogrid reinforcement connected to end bent caps, embed geosynthetic reinforcement or connectors in caps as shown in the plans. For PP geogrid reinforcement connected to end bent caps, use the following design parameters for the aggregate type in the reinforced approach fill.

| PP GEOGRID REINFORCEMENT DESIGN PARAMETERS   |           |      |     |        |  |
|--|-----------|------|-----|--------|--|
| $\begin{array}{c cccc} Aggregate \ Type & T_{al} & \\ (in \ reinforced \ zone) & (MD) & F^* & \alpha & \rho \end{array}$ |           |      |     |        |  |
| Coarse   | 400 lb/ft | 0.70 | 0.8 | 32.0°  |  |
| Fine   | 428 lb/ft | 0.54 | 0.8 | 28.35° |  |

Where,

 $T_{al}$  = long-term design strength (LTDS),

F\* = pullout resistance factor,

 $\alpha$  = scale effect correction factor and

 $\rho$  = soil-geogrid friction angle.

When noted in the plans, design MSE walls for a live load (traffic) surcharge of 250 psf in accordance with Figure C11.5.6-3(b) of the AASHTO LRFD specifications. For steel beam guardrail with 8 ft posts or concrete barrier rail above MSE walls, analyze top 2 reinforcement layers for traffic impact loads in accordance with Section 7.2 of the FHWA MSE wall manual shown elsewhere in this provision except use the following for geosynthetic reinforcement rupture:

$$\phi T_{al} R_c \ge T_{max} + (T_I / RF_{CR})$$

Where,

φ = resistance factor for tensile resistance in accordance with Section 7.2.1 of the FHWA MSE wall manual,

 $T_{al}$  = long-term geosynthetic design strength approved for chosen MSE wall system,

 $R_c$  = reinforcement coverage ratio = 1 for continuous geosynthetic reinforcement,

 $T_{max}$  = factored static load in accordance with Section 7.2 of the FHWA MSE wall manual,

T<sub>I</sub> = factored impact load in accordance with Section 7.2 of the FHWA MSE wall manual and

 $RF_{CR}$  = creep reduction factor approved for chosen MSE wall system.

When shown in the plans for abutment walls, use pile sleeves to segregate piles from aggregate in the reinforced zone. If existing or future obstructions such as foundations, guardrail, fence or handrail posts, moment slabs, pavements, pipes, inlets or utilities will interfere with reinforcement, maintain a clearance of at least 3" between obstructions and reinforcement unless otherwise approved. Design reinforcement for obstructions and locate reinforcement layers so all of reinforcement length is within 3" of corresponding connection elevations. Modify PET geogrid reinforcement for obstructions as shown in the plans.

Use 6" thick CIP unreinforced concrete leveling pads beneath panels and SRW units that are continuous at steps and extend at least 6" in front of and behind bottom row of panels or SRW units. Unless required otherwise in the plans, embed top of leveling pads in accordance with the following requirements:

| EMBEDMENT REQUIREMENTS                 |      |   |  |  |
|--|------|---|--|--|
| Front Slope <sup>1</sup> (H:V)         |      | Minimum Embedment Depth <sup>2</sup> (whichever is greater) |  |  |
| 6:1 or flatter (except abutment walls) | H/20 | 1 ft for $H \le 10$ ft<br>2 ft for $H > 10$ ft              |  |  |
| 6:1 or flatter (abutment walls)        | H/10 | 2 ft  |  |  |
| > 6:1 to < 3:1                         | H/10 | 2 ft  |  |  |
| 3:1 to 2:1                             | H/7  | 2 ft  |  |  |

- **1.** Front slope is as shown in the plans.
- 2. Define "H" as the maximum design height plus embedment per wall with the design height and embedment as shown in the plans.

When noted in the plans, locate a continuous aggregate shoulder drain along the base of the reinforced zone behind the aggregate. Provide wall drainage systems consisting of drains and outlet components in accordance with Roadway Standard Drawing No. 816.02.

For MSE panel walls, cover joints at back of panels with filtration geotextiles at least 12" wide. If the approval of the chosen MSE wall system does not require a minimum number of bearing pads, provide the number of pads in accordance with the following:

#### NUMBER OF BEARING PADS

| Facing Area per Panel (A)             | Maximum Wall<br>Height Above<br>Horizontal Panel Joint | Minimum Number<br>of Pads per<br>Horizontal Panel Joint |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|
| A ≤ 30 sf                             | 25 ft  | 2   |
|                                       | 35 ft <sup>1</sup>                                     | 3   |
| $30 \text{ sf} < A \le 75 \text{ sf}$ | 25 ft  | 3   |
|                                       | 35 ft <sup>1</sup>                                     | 4   |

1. Additional bearing pads per horizontal panel joint may be required for wall heights above joints greater than 35 ft.

For MSE segmental walls, coarse aggregate is required in any SRW unit core spaces and between and behind SRW units for a horizontal distance of at least 18". Separation geotextiles are required between the aggregate and overlying fill or pavement sections except when concrete pavement, full depth asphalt or cement treated base is placed directly on aggregate. When noted in the plans, separation geotextiles are also required at the back of the reinforced zone between the aggregate and backfill or natural ground. Unless required otherwise in the plans, use reinforced concrete coping at top of walls that meets the following requirements:

- 1. Coping dimensions as shown in the plans,
- 2. At the Contractor's option, coping that is precast or CIP concrete for MSE panel walls unless CIP coping is required as shown in the plans,
- 3. CIP concrete coping for MSE segmental walls and
- 4. At the Contractor's option and when shown in the plans, CIP concrete coping that extends down back of panels or SRW units or connects to panels or SRW units with dowels.

For MSE segmental walls with dowels, attach dowels to top courses of SRW units in accordance with the following:

- 1. Set dowels in core spaces of SRW units filled with grout instead of coarse aggregate or
- 2. Embed adhesively anchored dowels in holes of solid SRW units with epoxy.

For MSE panel walls with coping, connect CIP concrete coping or leveling concrete for precast concrete coping to top row of panels with dowels cast into panels. When concrete barrier rail is required above MSE walls, use concrete barrier rail with moment slab as shown in the plans.

Submit working drawings and design calculations for acceptance in accordance with Article 105-2 of the *Standard Specifications*. Submit working drawings showing plan views, wall profiles with foundation pressures, typical sections with reinforcement and connection details, aggregate locations and types, geotextile locations and details of leveling pads, panels or SRW units, coping, bin walls, slip joints, pile sleeves, etc. If necessary, include details on working drawings for concrete barrier rail with moment

slab, reinforcement splices if allowed for the chosen MSE wall system, reinforcement connected to end bent caps, curved MSE walls with tight (short) radii and obstructions extending through walls or interfering with reinforcement, leveling pads, barriers or moment slabs. Submit design calculations for each wall section with different surcharge loads, geometry or material parameters. At least one analysis is required for each wall section with different reinforcement lengths. When designing MSE walls with computer software other than MSEW, use MSEW, version 3.0 with update 14.96 or later, manufactured by ADAMA Engineering, Inc. to verify the design. At least one MSEW analysis is required per 100 ft of wall length with at least one analysis for the wall section with the longest reinforcement. Submit electronic MSEW input files and PDF output files with design calculations.

### C. Preconstruction Meeting

Before starting MSE wall construction, hold a preconstruction meeting to discuss the construction and inspection of the MSE walls. If this meeting occurs before all MSE wall submittals have been accepted, additional preconstruction meetings may be required before beginning construction of MSE walls without accepted submittals. The Resident or Bridge Maintenance Engineer, Area Construction Engineer, Geotechnical Operations Engineer, Contractor and MSE Wall Installer Superintendent will attend preconstruction meetings.

## 4.0 Corrosion Monitoring

Corrosion monitoring is required for MSE walls with steel reinforcement. The Engineer will determine the number of monitoring locations and where to install the instrumentation. Contact M&T before beginning wall construction. M&T will provide the corrosion monitoring instrumentation kits and if necessary, assistance with installation.

#### 5.0 SITE ASSISTANCE

Unless otherwise approved, an MSE Wall Vendor representative is required to assist and guide the MSE Wall Installer on-site for at least 8 hours when the first panels or SRW units and reinforcement layer are placed. If problems are encountered during construction, the Engineer may require the vendor representative to return to the site for a time period determined by the Engineer.

#### 6.0 CONSTRUCTION METHODS

Control drainage during construction in the vicinity of MSE walls. Direct run off away from MSE walls, aggregate and backfill. Contain and maintain aggregate and backfill and protect material from erosion.

Excavate as necessary for MSE walls in accordance with the accepted submittals. If applicable and at the Contractor's option, use temporary shoring for wall construction instead of temporary slopes to construct MSE walls. Define "temporary shoring for wall construction" as temporary shoring not shown in the plans or required by the Engineer including shoring for OSHA reasons or the Contractor's convenience.

Unless required otherwise in the plans, install foundations and if required, pile sleeves located in the reinforced zone before placing aggregate or reinforcement. Brace piles in the reinforced zone to maintain alignment when placing and compacting aggregate. Secure piles together with steel members near top of piles. Clamp members to piles instead of welding if bracing is at or below pile cut-off elevations.

Notify the Engineer when foundation excavation is complete. Do not place leveling pad concrete, aggregate or reinforcement until excavation dimensions and foundation material are approved.

Construct CIP concrete leveling pads at elevations and with dimensions shown in the accepted submittals and in accordance with Section 420 of the *Standard Specifications*. Cure leveling pads at least 24 hours before placing panels or SRW units.

Erect and support panels and stack SRW units so the final wall position is as shown in the accepted submittals. Stagger SRW units to create a running bond by centering SRW units over joints in the row below as shown in the accepted submittals. Space bearing pads in horizontal panel joints as shown in the accepted submittals and cover all panel joints with filtration geotextiles as shown in the accepted submittals. Attach filtration geotextiles to back of panels with adhesives, tapes or other approved methods.

Construct MSE walls with the following tolerances:

- A. SRW units are level from front to back and between units when checked with a 4 ft long level,
- B. Vertical joint widths are 1/4" maximum for SRW units and 3/4",  $\pm 1/4$ " for panels,
- C. Final wall face is within 3/4" of horizontal and vertical alignment shown in the accepted submittals when measured along a 10 ft straightedge and
- D. Final wall plumbness (batter) is not negative (wall face leaning forward) and within  $0.5^{\circ}$  of vertical unless otherwise approved.

Place reinforcement at locations and elevations shown in the accepted submittals and within 3" of corresponding connection elevations. Install reinforcement with the direction shown in the accepted submittals. Before placing aggregate, pull geogrid reinforcement taut so it is in tension and free of kinks, folds, wrinkles or creases. Reinforcement may be spliced once per reinforcement length if shown in the accepted submittals. Use reinforcement pieces at least 6 ft long. Contact the Engineer when unanticipated existing or future obstructions such as foundations, guardrail, fence or handrail posts, pavements, pipes, inlets or utilities will interfere with reinforcement. To avoid obstructions, deflect, skew or modify reinforcement as shown in the accepted submittals.

Place aggregate in the reinforced zone in 8" to 10" thick lifts. Compact fine aggregate in accordance with Subarticle 235-3(C) of the *Standard Specifications*. Use only hand operated compaction equipment to compact aggregate within 3 ft of panels or SRW units. At a distance greater than 3 ft, compact aggregate with at least 4 passes of an 8 ton to 10 ton vibratory roller in a direction parallel to the wall face. Smooth wheeled or rubber tired rollers are also acceptable for compacting aggregate. Do not use sheepsfoot, grid rollers or other

types of compaction equipment with feet. Do not displace or damage reinforcement when placing and compacting aggregate. End dumping directly on geogrids is not permitted. Do not operate heavy equipment on reinforcement until it is covered with at least 8" of aggregate. Replace any damaged reinforcement to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Backfill for MSE walls outside the reinforced zone in accordance with Article 410-8 of the *Standard Specifications*. If a drain is required, install wall drainage systems as shown in the accepted submittals and in accordance with Section 816 of the *Standard Specifications*. If pile sleeves are required, fill sleeves with loose uncompacted sand before constructing end bent caps.

Install dowels as necessary for SRW units and place and construct coping and leveling concrete as shown in the accepted submittals. Construct leveling concrete in accordance with Section 420 of the *Standard Specifications*. Construct CIP concrete coping in accordance with Subarticle 452-4(B) of the *Standard Specifications*. When single faced precast concrete barrier is required in front of and against MSE walls, stop coping just above barrier so coping does not interfere with placing barrier up against wall faces. If the gap between a single faced barrier and wall face is wider than 2", fill gap with Class V select material (standard size No. 78M stone). Otherwise, fill gap with backer rod and seal joint between barrier and MSE wall with silicone sealant.

When separation geotextiles are required, overlap adjacent geotextiles at least 18" and hold geotextiles in place with wire staples or anchor pins as needed. Seal joints above and behind MSE walls between coping and concrete slope protection with silicone sealant.

#### 7.0 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

MSE Retaining Wall No. \_\_ will be measured and paid in square feet. MSE walls will be measured as the square feet of wall face area with the pay height equal to the difference between top of wall and top of leveling pad elevations. Define "top of wall" as top of coping or top of panels or SRW units for MSE walls without coping.

The contract unit price for *MSE Retaining Wall No*. \_\_ will be full compensation for providing designs, submittals, labor, tools, equipment and MSE wall materials, excavating, backfilling, hauling and removing excavated materials and supplying site assistance, leveling pads, panels, SRW units, reinforcement, aggregate, wall drainage systems, geotextiles, bearing pads, coping, miscellaneous components and any incidentals necessary to construct MSE walls. The contract unit price for *MSE Retaining Wall No*. \_\_ will also be full compensation for reinforcement and connector design for reinforcement connected to end bent caps, wall modifications for obstructions, pile sleeves filled with sand, joints sealed with silicone sealant and gaps between barriers and MSE walls filled with backer rod or No. 78M stone, if required.

No separate payment will be made for temporary shoring for wall construction. Temporary shoring for wall construction will be incidental to the contract unit price for *MSE Retaining Wall No.* \_\_\_.

The contract unit price for MSE Retaining Wall No. \_\_ does not include the cost for ditches,

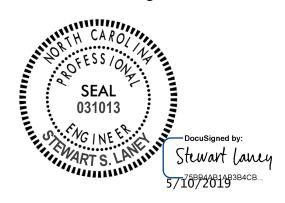
fences, handrails, barrier or guardrail associated with MSE walls as these items will be paid for elsewhere in the contract. The contract unit price for *MSE Retaining Wall No.* \_\_\_ also does not include the cost for constructing bridge approach fills behind end bents with MSE abutment walls. See *Bridge Approach Fills* provision for measurement and payment of Type III Reinforced Bridge Approach Fills.

Where it is necessary to provide backfill material behind the reinforced zone from sources other than excavated areas or borrow sources used in connection with other work in the contract, payment for furnishing and hauling such backfill material will be paid as extra work in accordance with Article 104-7 of the *Standard Specifications*. Placing and compacting such backfill material is not considered extra work but is incidental to the work being performed.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item
MSE Retaining Wall No. \_\_\_

**Pay Unit** Square Foot



#### GEOTEXTILE FOR PAVEMENT STABILIZATION:

(1-16-18)

## **Description**

Supply and install geotextile for pavement stabilization in accordance with the contract. Geotextile for pavement stabilization may be required above chemically stabilized subgrades or below Class IV Subgrade Stabilization to prevent pavement cracking at locations shown in the plans and as directed. Define "subbase" as the portion of the roadbed below the Class IV Subgrade Stabilization.

#### **Materials**

Refer to Division 10 of the Standard Specifications.

| Item                      | Section |
|---------------------------|---------|
| Geotextiles               | 1056    |
| Select Material, Class IV | 1016    |

Use Class IV select material for Class IV Subgrade Stabilization. Provide Type 5 geotextile for geotextile for pavement stabilization that meets the following tensile strength requirements in the machine direction (MD) and cross-machine direction (CD):

| GEOTEXTILE FOR PAVEMENT STABILIZATION REQUIREMENTS |                                  |                    |  |
|--|----------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| Tensile Strength                                   | Requirement (MARV <sup>A</sup> ) | <b>Test Method</b> |  |
| Tensile Strength @ 5% Strain (MD & CDA)            | 1,900 lb/ft                      | ASTM D4595         |  |
| Ultimate Tensile Strength (MD & CD <sup>A</sup> )  | 4,800 lb/ft                      | ASTM D4595         |  |

**A.** MD, CD and MARV per Article 1056-3 of the *Standard Specifications*.

#### **Construction Methods**

Geotextile for pavement stabilization may be required at locations shown in the plans and other locations as directed. For locations with ABC on chemically stabilized subgrades, use of geotextile for pavement stabilization will be based on sampling and testing for chemical stabilization. For all other locations, notify the Engineer when the embankment is completed to within 2 ft of subgrade elevation and allow 3 days for the Engineer to determine if geotextile for pavement stabilization is required.

Place geotextile for pavement stabilization above chemically stabilized subgrades or below Class IV Subgrade Stabilization as shown in the plans. Pull geotextiles taut so they are in tension and free of kinks, folds, wrinkles or creases. Install geotextile for pavement stabilization perpendicular to the survey or lane line in the MD and adjacent to each other in the CD as shown in the plans. Continuous geotextiles are required in the MD, i.e., do not splice or overlap geotextiles so seams are parallel to the survey or lane line. Completely cover stabilized subgrades or subbases with geotextile for pavement stabilization. Overlapping geotextiles in the CD is permitted but not required. Overlap geotextiles in the direction that aggregate will be placed to prevent lifting the edge of the top geotextile. Hold geotextiles in place with wire staples or anchor pins as needed.

Do not damage geotextile for pavement stabilization when placing ABC or Class IV Subgrade Stabilization. Place and compact ABC in accordance with the contract and *Standard Specifications*. Place, compact and maintain Class IV Subgrade Stabilization in accordance with Article 505-3 of the *Standard Specifications*. Do not operate heavy equipment on geotextiles any

more than necessary to construct base courses or subgrades. Replace any damaged geotextiles to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

## **Measurement and Payment**

Geotextile for Pavement Stabilization will be measured and paid in square yards. Geotextiles will be measured along subgrades or subbases as the square yards of exposed geotextiles installed before placing ABC or Class IV Subgrade Stabilization. No measurement will be made for overlapping geotextiles. The contract unit price for Geotextile for Pavement Stabilization will be full compensation for providing, transporting and installing geotextiles, wire staples and anchor pins.

Class IV Subgrade Stabilization will be measured and paid in accordance with Article 505-4 of the Standard Specifications.

Payment will be made under:

**Pay Item**Geotextile for Pavement Stabilization

**Pay Unit** Square Yard



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# WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL Project Special Provisions

## **SEQUENTIAL FLASHING WARNING LIGHTS:**

(10/08/2016)

## **Description**

Furnish and install Sequential Flashing Warning Lights on drums used for merging tapers during nightly work activities on interstates and freeways with speed limits greater than 55 MPH and or facilities that have significant traffic volumes.

The purpose of these lights is to assist the motorist in determining which direction to merge when approaching a lane closure. It's also designed to reduce the number of late merges resulting in devices being struck and having to be reset to maintain positive guidance at the merge point. The successive flashing of the lights shall occur from the upstream end of the merging taper to the downstream end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path.

#### **Materials**

The Sequential Flashing Warning Lights shall meet all of the requirements for warning lights within the current edition of the Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD).

Each light unit shall be capable of operating fully and continuously for a minimum of 200 hours when equipped with a standard battery set.

Each light in the sequence shall be flashed at a rate of not less than 55 times per minute and not more than 75 times per minute. The flash rate and flash duration shall be consistent throughout the sequence.

Supply a Type 3 Certification (Independent Test Lab results) documenting all actual test results for the specified parameters contained in the Institute of Transportation Engineer's (ITE's) *Purchase Specification for Flashing and Steady Burn Warning Lights*. The laboratory shall also identify all manufacturer codes and part numbers for the incandescent lamp or LED clusters, lenses, battery, and circuitry, and the total width of the light with the battery in place. The complete assembly shall be certified as crashworthy when firmly affixed to the channelizing device.

All Sequential Flashing Warning Lights shall be on the NCDOT Work Zone Traffic Control Approved Products List.

## **Construction Methods**

Sequential Flashing Warning Lights are to be used for night time lane closures.

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These lights shall flash sequentially beginning with the first light and continuing until the final light.

The Sequential Flashing Warning Lights shall automatically flash in sequence when placed on the drums that form the merging taper.

The number of lights used in the drum taper shall equal the number of drums used in the taper.

Drums are the only channelizing device allowed to mount sequential flashing warning lights.

The Sequential Flashing Warning Lights shall be weather independent and visual obstructions shall not interfere with the operation of the lights.

The Sequential Flashing Warning Lights shall automatically sequence when placed in line in an open area with a distance between lights of 10 to 100 feet. A 10 foot stagger in the line of lights shall have no adverse effect on the operation of the lights.

If one light fails, the flashing sequence shall continue. If more than 1 light fails, all of the lights are to be automatically turned to the "off" mode. Non-sequential flashing is prohibited.

When lane closures are not in effect, the Sequential Flashing Warning Lights shall be deactivated.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

Sequential Flashing Warning Lights will be measured and paid as the maximum number of sequential flashing warning lights satisfactorily installed and properly functioning at any one time during the life of the project.

This includes all materials and labor to install, maintain and remove all Sequential Flashing Warning Lights.

Pay Item

Sequential Flashing Warning Lights

Pay Unit
Each
4/23/2019

CARO
SEAL
022999

Docusigned by:
Gry S. Purvis

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# WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL Project Special Provisions

# WORK ZONE "PERFORMANCE" PAVEMENT MARKINGS:

(06/04/2015)

#### **Description**

Furnish and install Work Zone "Performance" pavement markings that delineate the travel way for work zone traffic patterns on high speed (greater than 55 MPH) facilities and or facilities that have traffic volumes greater than 50,000 ADT. The purpose of Work Zone "Performance" pavement marking is to provide a more durable work zone pavement marking that will last the full duration of a traffic pattern during any particular phase of construction without having to be replaced or reapplied for a period of up to 12 months. In addition, they are to provide a higher performance level for both initial and residual retroreflectivity than standard traffic paints to improve nighttime work zone visibility.

#### **Materials**

#### A) General

Use materials in accordance with the Manufacturer's recommendations that will retain both durability and a minimum retroreflectivity as described elsewhere in this specification for a period of up to 12 months.

In addition, it shall be manufactured to bond successfully to both concrete and asphalt pavements. The pavement marking materials shall be applied in a single application. The following are approved materials to be used for Work Zone "Performance" pavement marking applications.

- Polyurea
- Thermoplastic (Extruded and Sprayed)
- Epoxy
- Polymer (Single System)
- Cold Applied Plastic (Type IV)

### B) Material Qualifications/Certifications

Only use Work Zone "Performance" pavement marking materials as listed above that are on the NCDOT Approved Products List. In addition, provide a Type 3 Material Certification for all materials and a Type 3 and Type 4 certification for all reflective media in accordance with Article 106-3, and Section 1087-4 of the North Carolina Standard Specifications For Roads and Structures.

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#### (C) Performance

Poor performance of Work Zone "Performance" pavement marking materials at any site, whether or not related to a specific contract may be grounds for removing the material from the NCDOT Approved Products List and or removing from any project under contract.

#### **Construction Methods**

Do not use hand applied methods or any other non-truck mounted application equipment /device to install Work Zone "Performance" pavement markings for applications longer than 1000 feet. All Work Zone "Performance" pavement markings are to be installed in a single application.

#### A) Testing Procedures.

All Work Zone "Performance" pavement markings will be tested by the Department through an independent Mobile Retroreflective Contractor. The Work Zone "Performance" pavement markings will be scanned to ensure the retroreflectivity requirements in Section C of this specification are met.

## B) Application Equipment

See Section 1205 of the North Carolina Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures

#### C) Material Application

The Work Zone "Performance" pavement marking material shall be applied at the following minimum thicknesses:

Polyurea = 20 mils wet

Epoxy = 20 mils wet

Thermoplastic = 50 mils (Extruded or Sprayed)

Polymer = 20 mils wet

Cold Applied Plastic (IV) = Manufacturer's recommendation

Unless otherwise stated in the plans, the line widths are as follows:

Edge lines, Solid Lane Lines, Skip and Mini-Skip Lines = 6" Gorelines = 12"

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"No track" dry times for the liquid systems shall be 10 minutes or less. Traffic shall not be placed on any material until it's sufficiently dry/cured to eliminate wheel tracking.

The minimum level of retroreflectivity for any Work Zone "Performance" pavement marking system selected is as follows:

## Reflectometer Requirements For Work Zone "Performance" Pavement Markings

| Color  | Initial        | Months         |
|--------|----------------|----------------|
| White  | 375 mcd/lux/m2 | 275 mcd/lux/m2 |
| Yellow | 250 mcd/lux/m2 | 150 mcd/lux/m2 |

The above chart describes the retroreflectivity levels the work zone performance pavement markings are required to meet during initial placement and maintain for a minimum of 6 months.

Initial retroreflective measurements will be taken with a mobile retroreflectomer within 30 days after initial placement. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer 7-10 days prior to the installation of new pavement marking lines. Accordingly, the Engineer will notify the Signing and Delineation Unit's Standards Engineer so the Mobile Retroreflective Contractors can be scheduled to measure the pavement markings for compliance.

In addition, work zone performance pavement markings are intended to maintain hardy retroreflective levels for the full 12 month duration. If the markings appear to be non-performing within the first 6 months, the Engineer may request additional retroreflectivity readings be taken. If and when this becomes necessary, the same notification procedure as described above will be used to have markings read by the Mobile Retroreflective Contractors.

If measured and found not to be in reasonable compliance, the markings are to be replaced at no cost to the Department.

If Work Zone "Performance" pavement markings are snowplowed within their 12 month expected life, the material shall be durable to withstand a single snow event without showing excessive fatigue in both bond and retroreflectivity. However, if excessive damage has occurred during a single event or multiple snow plow events, resulting in more than 25% of the pavement marking edgelines or skips being physically removed, then the Work Zone "Performance" pavement markings are to be replaced at the contract unit price unless the traffic pattern is to change within 30 days.

Unless the Work Zone "Performance" pavement marking is replaced due to excessive damage, it shall meet the following minimum retroreflectivity values within the single snow event.

# **TC-6**

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# Reflectometer Requirements For Work Zone "Performance" Pavement Markings After Single Snow Event

| Color  | MINIMUM        |
|--------|----------------|
| White  | 150 mcd/lux/m2 |
| Yellow | 100 mcd/lux/m2 |

If the work zone experiences more than more than 1 snow event requiring snowplowing, the retroreflectivity numbers in the chart no longer apply. The Engineer will determine if the pavement markings are still performing adequately or if replacement is necessary due to excessive damage caused by snowplow activities. If the markings are found to be deficient, they shall be replaced at the contract unit price unless the traffic pattern is to change within 30 days.

# D) Surface Preparation

All pavement surfaces to receive Work Zone "Performance" pavement markings are to be swept clean and prepared in accordance with the Manufacturer's recommendation.

# E) Temperature and Weather Limitations

Do not apply Work Zone "Performance" pavement markings unless the ambient air temperature and the pavement temperature is 50°F or higher for thermoplastic and is 40°F or higher for all other materials. Do not install unless the pavement surface is completely dry and not within 4 hours of a heavy rain event such as a thunderstorm with rainfall intensities greater than 1 inch/per hour.

In the event a traffic shift has to take place when the air and pavement temperatures are below the required minimums or if a rain event occurs prior to or during a planned traffic shift, upon approval by the Engineer, an acceptable alternative is to install temporary pavement marking. Use 1 application of standard traffic paint to produce a 4" line with at 15 mils (wet). Beads shall also be applied to provide proper retroreflectivity until the "performance" material can be installed. Payment will be made at the contract unit price for 4" paint. The Work Zone "Performance" pavement markings shall be applied within 90 days of installation of the temporary pavement markings.

#### Maintenance

Replace any Work Zone "Performance" pavement material that prematurely fails due to debonding or excessive wearing where it doesn't maintain its retroreflectivity for the required 12 month duration. Any traffic control and Work Zone "Performance" pavement marking costs due to replacement is at no cost to the Department unless it's due to excessive damage caused by snowplow damage.

# **TC-7**

U-5818 McDowell County

## **Measurement And Payment**

Work Zone "Performance" pavement markings will be measured and paid by the linear foot that's satisfactorily placed and accepted by the Engineer. The quantity of Work Zone "Performance" pavement marking- solid lines, will be the summation of the linear feet of solid line measured end- to-end of the line. The quantity of skip or broken lines will be the summation of the linear feet derived by multiplying the nominal length of a line by the number of broken lines satisfactorily placed.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item: Pay Unit

Work Zone "Performance" Pavement Marking Lines, 6" Linear Foot

Work Zone "Performance" Pavement Marking Lines, 12" Linear Foot



# PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS

# **UTILITY CONSTRUCTION**

#### **UTILITY CONFLICTS:**

It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to contact all affected utility owners and determine the precise locations of all utilities prior to beginning construction. Utility owners shall be contacted a minimum of 48 hours prior to the commencement of operations. Special care shall be used in working around or near existing utilities, protecting them when necessary to provide uninterrupted service. If any utility service is interrupted, the Contractor shall notify the utility owner immediately and shall cooperate with the owner, or his representative, in the restoration of service in the shortest time possible. Existing fire hydrants shall be kept accessible to fire departments at all times.

The Contractor shall adhere to all applicable regulations and follow accepted safety procedures when working in the vicinity of utilities in order to insure the safety of construction personnel and the public.

Utility relocation may not be complete prior to the start of construction; therefore, the contractor shall coordinate with the utility owner(s) during the relocation.

#### **Utility Construction**

The Contractor shall contact **City of Marion Public Works** 48 Hours prior to starting the relocation of the water line and sewer line.

The waterline shall be installed using the applicable NCDOT specifications as shown in the January 2018 edition of the NCDOT *Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures*.

#### **City of Marion Public Works**

Water and Sewer: Mr. Bob Boyette, City Manager Address: P.O. Box 700, Marion, N.C. 28752-0700

Phone: 828-652-3551

Email: bboyette@marionnc.org



Project: U-5818 UbO-1 County: McDowell

# PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS Utilities by Others



1223 Jones Franklin Road Raleigh, NC 27606 Phone: 919.851.8077 Fax: 919.851.8107 wei@wetherilleng.com

#### General:

- A) Frontier (Communications)
- B) PSNC (Gas)

The conflicting facilities of these concerns will be adjusted prior to the date of availability, unless otherwise noted and are therefore listed in these special provisions for the benefit of the Contractor. All utility work listed herein will be done by the utility owner. All utilities are shown on the plans from the best available information.

The Contractor's attention is directed to Article 105.8 of the Standard Specifications.

# **Utilities Requiring Adjustment:**

Utility relocations are shown on the Utilities by Others Plans.

# A) Frontier (Communications)

Frontier's relocation work will be completed by the date of availability.

1) Contact person for Frontier: Mark Marshall, 989-858-6005

Mark.Marshall@ftr.com

# B) PSNC (Gas)

PSNC has completed all relocation work.

2) Contact person for PSNC: Samantha Ward, 704-810-3216

smward@scana.com

24 April 2019

#### PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS

#### **EROSION CONTROL**

#### **COIR FIBER WATTLES WITH POLYACRYLAMIDE (PAM):**

# **Description**

Coir Fiber Wattles are tubular products consisting of coir fibers (coconut fibers) encased in coir fiber netting. Coir Fiber Wattles are used on slopes or channels to intercept runoff and act as a velocity break. Coir Fiber Wattles are to be placed at locations shown on the plans or as directed. Installation shall follow the detail provided in the plans and as directed. Work includes furnishing materials, installation of coir fiber wattles, matting installation, PAM application, and removing wattles.

#### **Materials**

Coir Fiber Wattle shall meet the following specifications:

100% Coir (Coconut) Fibers

Minimum Diameter 12 in.

Minimum Density  $3.5 \text{ lb/ft}^3 +/- 10\%$ 

Net Material Coir Fiber
Net Openings 2 in. x 2 in.
Net Strength 90 lbs.

Minimum Weight 2.6 lbs./ft. +/- 10%

Anchors: Stakes shall be used as anchors.

#### Wooden Stakes:

Provide hardwood stakes a minimum of 2-ft. long with a 2 in. x 2 in. nominal square cross section. One end of the stake must be sharpened or beveled to facilitate driving down into the underlying soil.

Matting shall meet the requirements of Article 1060-8 of the *Standard Specifications*, or shall meet specifications provided elsewhere in this contract.

Provide staples made of 0.125" diameter new steel wire formed into a u shape not less than 12" in length with a throat of 1" in width.

Polyacrylamide (PAM) shall be applied in powder form and shall be anionic or neutrally charged. Soil samples shall be obtained in areas where the wattles will be placed, and from offsite material used to construct the roadway, and analyzed for the appropriate PAM flocculant to be utilized with each wattle. The PAM product used shall be listed on the North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality Division of Water Resources web site as an approved PAM product for use in North Carolina.

Coir Fiber Wattles shall be secured to the soil by wire staples approximately every 1 linear foot and at the end of each section of wattle. A minimum of 4 stakes shall be installed on the downstream side of the wattle with a maximum spacing of 2 linear feet along the wattle, and according to the detail. Install a minimum of 2 stakes on the upstream side of the wattle according to the detail provided in the plans. Stakes shall be driven into the ground a minimum of 10 in. with no more than 2 in. projecting from the top of the wattle. Drive stakes at an angle according to the detail provided in the plans.

Only install coir fiber wattle(s) to a height in ditch so flow will not wash around wattle and scour ditch slopes and according to the detail provided in the plans and as directed. Overlap adjoining sections of wattles a minimum of 6 in.

Installation of matting shall be in accordance with the detail provided in the plans, and in accordance with Article 1631-3 of the *Standard Specifications*, or in accordance with specifications provided elsewhere in this contract.

Apply PAM over the lower center portion of the coir fiber wattle where the water is going to flow over at a rate of 2 ounces per wattle, and 1 ounce of PAM on matting on each side of the wattle. PAM applications shall be done during construction activities after every rainfall event that is equal to or exceeds 0.50 in.

The Contractor shall maintain the coir fiber wattles until the project is accepted or until the wattles are removed, and shall remove and dispose of silt accumulations at the wattles when so directed in accordance with the requirements of Section 1630 of the *Standard Specifications*.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

Coir Fiber Wattles will be measured and paid for by the actual number of linear feet of wattles which are installed and accepted. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this section, including, but not limited to, furnishing all materials, labor, equipment and incidentals necessary to install the Coir Fiber Wattles.

Matting will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1631-4 of the *Standard Specifications*, or in accordance with specifications provided elsewhere in this contract.

*Polyacrylamide(PAM)* will be measured and paid for by the actual weight in pounds of PAM applied to the coir fiber wattles. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this section, including, but not limited to, furnishing all materials, labor, equipment and incidentals necessary to apply the *Polyacrylamide(PAM)*.

Payment will be made under:

Pay ItemPay UnitPolyacrylamide(PAM)PoundCoir Fiber WattleLinear Foot

(01-03-19)

# **Description**

Concrete washout structures are enclosures above or below grade to contain concrete waste water and associated concrete mix from washing out ready-mix trucks, drums, pumps, or other equipment. Concrete washouts must collect and retain all the concrete washout water and solids, so that this material does not migrate to surface waters or into the ground water. These enclosures are not intended for concrete waste not associated with wash out operations.

The concrete washout structure may include constructed devices above or below ground and or commercially available devices designed specifically to capture concrete wash water.

#### **Materials**

ItemSectionTemporary Silt Fence1605

Safety Fence shall meet the specifications as provided elsewhere in this contract.

Geomembrane basin liner shall meet the following minimum physical properties for low permeability; it shall consist of a polypropylene or polyethylene 10 mil think geomembrane. If the minimum setback dimensions can be achieved the liner is not required. (5 feet above groundwater, 50 feet from top of bank of perennial stream, other surface water body, or wetland.)

#### **Construction Methods**

Build an enclosed earthen berm or excavate to form an enclosure in accordance with the details and as directed.

Install temporary silt fence around the perimeter of the enclosure in accordance with the details and as directed if structure is not located in an area where existing erosion and sedimentation control devices are capable to containing any loss of sediment.

Post a sign with the words "Concrete Washout" in close proximity of the concrete washout area, so it is clearly visible to site personnel. Install safety fence as directed for visibility to construction traffic.

The construction details for the above grade and below grade concrete washout structures can be found on the following web page link:

https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/roadside/SoilWaterDocuments/ConcreteWashoutStructuredetail.pdf

Alternate details for accommodating concrete washout may be submitted for review and approval.

The alternate details shall include the method used to retain and dispose of the concrete waste water within the project limits and in accordance with the minimum setback requirements. (5 feet above groundwater, 50 feet from top of bank of perennial stream, other surface water body, or wetland.)

#### **Maintenance and Removal**

Maintain the concrete washout structure(s) to provide adequate holding capacity plus a minimum freeboard of 12 inches. Remove and dispose of hardened concrete and return the structure to a functional condition after reaching 75% capacity.

Inspect concrete washout structures for damage and maintain for effectiveness.

Remove the concrete washout structures and sign upon project completion. Grade the earth material to match the existing contours and permanently seed and mulch area.

# **Measurement and Payment**

Concrete Washout Structure will be paid for per each enclosure installed in accordance with the details. If alternate details are approved then those details will also be paid for per each approved and installed device.

Temporary Silt Fence will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1605-5 of the Standard Specifications.

No measurement will be made for other items or for over excavation or stockpiling.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item
Concrete Washout Structure
Each

## **IMPERVIOUS DIKE:**

#### **Description**

This work consists of furnishing, installing, maintaining, and removing an *Impervious Dike* for the purpose of diverting normal stream flow around the construction site. The Contractor shall construct an impervious dike in such a manner approved by the Engineer. The impervious dike shall not permit seepage of water into the construction site or contribute to siltation of the stream. The impervious dike shall be constructed of an acceptable material in the locations noted on the plans or as directed.

#### **Materials**

Acceptable materials shall include but not be limited to sheet piles, sandbags, and/or the placement of an acceptable size stone lined with polypropylene or other impervious geotextile.

Earth material shall not be used to construct an impervious dike when it is in direct contact with the stream unless vegetation can be established before contact with the stream takes place.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

*Impervious Dike* will be measured and paid as the actual number of linear feet of impervious dike(s) constructed, measured in place from end to end of each separate installation that has been completed and accepted. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work including but not limited to furnishing materials, construction, maintenance, and removal of the impervious dike.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item
Impervious Dike
Linear Foot

# **MINIMIZE REMOVAL OF VEGETATION:**

The Contractor shall minimize removal of vegetation within project limits to the maximum extent practicable. Vegetation along stream banks and adjacent to other jurisdictional resources outside the construction limits shall only be removed upon approval of Engineer. No additional payment will be made for this minimization work.

# PERMANENT SOIL REINFORCEMENT MAT:

# **Description**

This work consists of furnishing and placing *Permanent Soil Reinforcement Mat*, of the type specified, over previously prepared areas as directed.

#### **Materials**

The product shall be a permanent erosion control reinforcement mat and shall be constructed of synthetic or a combination of coconut and synthetic fibers evenly distributed throughout the mat between a bottom UV stabilized netting and a heavy duty UV stabilized top net. The matting shall be stitched together with UV stabilized polypropylene thread to form a permanent three-dimensional structure. The mat shall have the following minimum physical properties:

| Property                   | <b>Test Method</b>     | Value        | Unit               |
|----------------------------|------------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Light Penetration          | ASTM D6567             | 9            | %                  |
| Thickness                  | ASTM D6525             | 0.40         | in                 |
| Mass Per Unit Area         | ASTM D6566             | 0.55         | lb/sy              |
| Tensile Strength           | ASTM D6818             | 385          | lb/ft              |
| Elongation (Maximum)       | ASTM D6818             | 49           | <b>%</b>           |
| Resiliency                 | ASTM D1777             | >70          | <b>%</b>           |
| UV Stability *             | ASTM D4355             | <u>≥</u> 80  | <b>%</b>           |
| Porosity (Permanent Net)   | <b>ECTC Guidelines</b> | <u>≥</u> 85  | <b>%</b>           |
| Maximum Permissible Shear  | Performance Bench      | <u>≥</u> 8.0 | lb/ft <sup>2</sup> |
| Stress (Vegetated)         | Test                   |              |                    |
| Maximum Allowable Velocity | Performance Bench      | ≥16.0        | ft/s               |
| (Vegetated)                | Test                   |              |                    |

<sup>\*</sup>ASTM D1682 Tensile Strength and % strength retention of material after 1000 hours of exposure.

Submit a certification (Type 1, 2, or 3) from the manufacturer showing:

- (A) the chemical and physical properties of the mat used, and
- (B) conformance of the mat with this specification.

#### **Construction Methods**

Matting shall be installed in accordance with Subarticle 1631-3(B) of the Standard Specifications.

All areas to be protected with the mat shall be brought to final grade and seeded in accordance with Section 1660 of the *Standard Specifications*. The surface of the soil shall be smooth, firm, stable and free of rocks, clods, roots or other obstructions that would prevent the mat from lying in direct contact with the soil surface. Areas where the mat is to be placed will not need to be mulched.

# **Measurement and Payment**

Permanent Soil Reinforcement Mat will be measured and paid for as the actual number of square yards measured along the surface of the ground over which Permanent Soil Reinforcement Mat is installed and accepted. Overlaps will not be included in the measurement, and will be considered as incidental to the work. Such payment shall be full compensation for furnishing and installing the mat, including overlaps, and for all required maintenance.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item Pay Unit

Permanent Soil Reinforcement Mat

Square Yard

# **REFORESTATION:**

# **Description**

*Reforestation* will be planted within interchanges and along the outside borders of the road, and in other areas as directed. *Reforestation* is not shown on the plan sheets. See the Reforestation Detail Sheet.

All non-maintained riparian buffers impacted by the placement of temporary fill or clearing activities shall be restored to the preconstruction contours and revegetated with native woody species.

The entire *Reforestation* operation shall comply with the requirements of Section 1670 of the *Standard Specifications*.

#### **Materials**

Reforestation shall be bare root seedlings 12"-18" tall.

# **Construction Methods**

Reforestation shall be shall be planted as soon as practical following permanent Seeding and Mulching. The seedlings shall be planted in a 16-foot wide swath adjacent to mowing pattern line, or as directed.

Root dip: The roots of reforestation seedlings shall be coated with a slurry of water, and either a fine clay (kaolin) or a superabsorbent that is designated as a bare root dip. The type, mixture ratio, method of application, and the time of application shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval.

With the approval of the Engineer, seedlings may be coated before delivery to the job or at the time of planting, but at no time shall the roots of the seedlings be allowed to dry out. The roots shall be moistened immediately prior to planting.

Seasonal Limitations: *Reforestation* shall be planted from November 15 through March 15.

# **Measurement and Payment**

Reforestation will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1670-17 of the Standard Specifications.

# **RESPONSE FOR EROSION CONTROL:**

# **Description**

Furnish the labor, materials, tools and equipment necessary to move personnel, equipment, and supplies to the project necessary for the pursuit of any or all of the following work as shown herein, by an approved subcontractor.

| Section | Erosion Control Item             | Unit   |
|---------|----------------------------------|--------|
| 1605    | Temporary Silt Fence             | LF     |
| 1606    | Special Sediment Control Fence   | LF/TON |
| 1615    | Temporary Mulching               | ACR    |
| 1620    | Seed - Temporary Seeding         | LB     |
| 1620    | Fertilizer - Temporary Seeding   | TN     |
| 1631    | Matting for Erosion Control      | SY     |
| SP      | Coir Fiber Mat                   | SY     |
| 1640    | Coir Fiber Baffles               | LF     |
| SP      | Permanent Soil Reinforcement Mat | SY     |
| 1660    | Seeding and Mulching             | ACR    |
| 1661    | Seed - Repair Seeding            | LB     |
| 1661    | Fertilizer - Repair Seeding      | TON    |
| 1662    | Seed - Supplemental Seeding      | LB     |
| 1665    | Fertilizer Topdressing           | TON    |
| SP      | Safety/Highly Visible Fencing    | LF     |
| SP      | Response for Erosion Control     | EA     |

### **Construction Methods**

Provide an approved subcontractor who performs an erosion control action as described in the NPDES Inspection Form SPPP30. Each erosion control action may include one or more of the above work items.

# **Measurement and Payment**

Response for Erosion Control will be measured and paid for by counting the actual number of times the subcontractor moves onto the project, including borrow and waste sites, and satisfactorily completes an erosion control action described in Form 1675. The provisions of Article 104-5 of the Standard Specifications will not apply to this item of work.

Payment will be made under:

Pay ItemPay UnitResponse for Erosion ControlEach

# **STABILIZATION REQUIREMENTS:**

(3-11-2016)

Stabilization for this project shall comply with the time frame guidelines as specified by the NCG-010000 general construction permit effective August 1, 2016 issued by the North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality Division of Water Resources. Temporary or permanent ground cover stabilization shall occur within 7 calendar days from the last land-disturbing activity, with the following exceptions in which temporary or permanent ground cover shall be provided in 14 calendar days from the last land-disturbing activity:

- Slopes between 2:1 and 3:1, with a slope length of 10 ft. or less
- Slopes 3:1 or flatter, with a slope of length of 50 ft. or less
- Slopes 4:1 or flatter

The stabilization timeframe for High Quality Water (HQW) Zones shall be 7 calendar days with no exceptions for slope grades or lengths. High Quality Water Zones (HQW) Zones are defined by North Carolina Administrative Code 15A NCAC 04A.0105 (25). Temporary and permanent ground cover stabilization shall be achieved in accordance with the provisions in this contract and as directed.

# **SEEDING AND MULCHING:**

(WestEd)

The kinds of seed and fertilizer, and the rates of application of seed, fertilizer, and limestone, shall be as stated below. During periods of overlapping dates, the kind of seed to be used shall be determined. All rates are in pounds per acre.

#### Shoulder and Median Areas

| August 1 - June 1 |                    | <b>May 1 - S</b> | May 1 - September 1       |  |
|-------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------------|--|
| 20#               | Kentucky Bluegrass | 20#              | Kentucky Bluegrass        |  |
| 75#               | Hard Fescue        | 75#              | Hard Fescue               |  |
| 25#               | Rye Grain          | 10#              | German or Browntop Millet |  |
| 500#              | Fertilizer         | 500#             | Fertilizer                |  |
| 4000#             | Limestone          | 4000#            | Limestone                 |  |

# Areas Beyond the Mowing Pattern, Waste and Borrow Areas:

| August 1 - June 1 |                    | <b>May 1 - S</b> | May 1 - September 1       |  |
|-------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------------|--|
| 100#              | Tall Fescue        | 100#             | Tall Fescue               |  |
| 15#               | Kentucky Bluegrass | 15#              | Kentucky Bluegrass        |  |
| 30#               | Hard Fescue        | 30#              | Hard Fescue               |  |
| 25#               | Rye Grain          | 10#              | German or Browntop Millet |  |
| 500#              | Fertilizer         | 500#             | Fertilizer                |  |
| 4000#             | Limestone          | 4000#            | Limestone                 |  |

# Approved Tall Fescue Cultivars

| 06 Dust                    | Escalade        | Justice         | Serengeti          |
|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| 2 <sup>nd</sup> Millennium | Essential       | Kalahari        | Shelby             |
| 3 <sup>rd</sup> Millennium | Evergreen 2     | Kitty Hawk 2000 | Sheridan           |
| Apache III                 | Falcon IV       | Legitimate      | Signia             |
| Avenger                    | Falcon NG       | Lexington       | Silver Hawk        |
| Barlexas                   | Falcon V        | LSD             | Sliverstar         |
| Barlexas II                | Faith           | Magellan        | Shenandoah Elite   |
| Bar Fa                     | Fat Cat         | Matador         | Sidewinder         |
| Barrera                    | Festnova        | Millennium SRP  | Skyline            |
| Barrington                 | Fidelity        | Monet           | Solara             |
| Barrobusto                 | Finelawn Elite  | Mustang 4       | Southern Choice II |
| Barvado                    | Finelawn Xpress | Ninja 2         | Speedway           |
| Biltmore                   | Finesse II      | Ol' Glory       | Spyder LS          |
| Bingo                      | Firebird        | Olympic Gold    | Sunset Gold        |
| Bizem                      | Firecracker LS  | Padre           | Taccoa             |
| Blackwatch                 | Firenza         | Patagonia       | Tanzania           |
| Blade Runner II            | Five Point      | Pedigree        | Trio               |
| Bonsai                     | Focus           | Picasso         | Tahoe II           |
| Braveheart                 | Forte           | Piedmont        | Talladega          |
| Bravo                      | Garrison        | Plantation      | Tarheel            |
| Bullseye                   | Gazelle II      | Proseeds 5301   | Terrano            |
| Cannavaro                  | Gold Medallion  | Prospect        | Titan ltd          |
| Catalyst                   | Grande 3        | Pure Gold       | Titanium LS        |
| Cayenne                    | Greenbrooks     | Quest           | Tracer             |
| Cessane Rz                 | Greenkeeper     | Raptor II       | Traverse SRP       |
| Chipper                    | Gremlin         | Rebel Exeda     | Tulsa Time         |
| Cochise IV                 | Greystone       | Rebel Sentry    | Turbo              |
| Constitution               | Guardian 21     | Rebel IV        | Turbo RZ           |
| Corgi                      | Guardian 41     | Regiment II     | Tuxedo RZ          |
| Corona                     | Hemi            | Regenerate      | Ultimate           |
| Coyote                     | Honky Tonk      | Rendition       | Venture            |
| Darlington                 | Hot Rod         | Rhambler 2 SRP  | Umbrella           |
| Davinci                    | Hunter          | Rembrandt       | Van Gogh           |
| Desire                     | Inferno         | Reunion         | Watchdog           |
| Dominion                   | Innovator       | Riverside       | Wolfpack II        |
| Dynamic                    | Integrity       | RNP             | Xtremegreen        |
| Dynasty                    | Jaguar 3        | Rocket          |                    |
| Endeavor                   | Jamboree        | Scorpion        |                    |
|                            |                 |                 |                    |

# Approved Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars:

Blue Velvet 4-Season Gladstone Quantum Leap Rambo Alexa II Blueberry Granite America Boomerang Hampton Rhapsody **Brilliant** Harmonie Rhythm Apollo Arcadia Cabernet **Impact** Rita Aries Champagne Jefferson Royce Armada Champlain Juliet Rubicon Chicago II Rugby II Arrow Jump Start Arrowhead Corsair Keeneland Shiraz Showcase Courtyard Langara Aura Delight Avid Liberator Skye Award Diva Madison Solar Eclipse Awesome Dynamo Mercury Sonoma Eagleton Sorbonne Bandera Midnight **Emblem** Midnight II Starburst Barduke **Empire** Moon Shadow Sudden Impact Barnique Envicta Moonlight SLT Total Eclipse Baroness Barrister **Everest** Mystere Touche Tsunami Barvette HGT Everglade Nu Destiny NuChicago Bedazzled **Excursion** Unique NuGlade Valor Belissimo Freedom II Voyager II Bewitched Freedom III Odyssey Perfection Washington Beyond Front Page Blacksburg II **Futurity** Pinot Zinfandel Blackstone Gaelic Princeton 105 Blue Note Ginney II **Prosperity** 

#### Approved Hard Fescue Cultivars:

| Aurora II   | Eureka II | Oxford     | Scaldis II |
|-------------|-----------|------------|------------|
| Aurora Gold | Firefly   | Reliant II | Spartan II |
| Berkshire   | Granite   | Reliant IV | Stonehenge |
| Bighorn GT  | Heron     | Rescue 911 |            |
| Chariot     | Nordic    | Rhino      |            |

On cut and fill slopes 2:1 or steeper add 20# Sericea Lespedeza and 15# Crown Vetch January 1 - December 31.

The Crown Vetch Seed should be double inoculated if applied with a hand seeder. Four times the normal rate of inoculant should be used if applied with a hydroseeder. If a fertilizer-seed slurry is used, the required limestone should also be included to prevent fertilizer acidity from killing the inoculant bacteria. Caution should be used to keep the inoculant below 80° F to prevent harm to the bacteria. The rates and grades of fertilizer and limestone shall be the same as specified for *Seeding and Mulching*.

Fertilizer shall be 10-20-20 analysis. A different analysis of fertilizer may be used provided the 1-2-2 ratio is maintained and the rate of application adjusted to provide the same amount of plant food as a 10-20-20 analysis and as directed.

## **TEMPORARY SEEDING:**

Fertilizer shall be the same analysis as specified for *Seeding and Mulching* and applied at the rate of 400 pounds and seeded at the rate of 50 pounds per acre. German Millet, or Browntop Millet shall be used in summer months and rye grain during the remainder of the year. The Engineer will determine the exact dates for using each kind of seed.

# **FERTILIZER TOPDRESSING:**

Fertilizer used for topdressing shall be 16-8-8 grade and shall be applied at the rate of 500 pounds per acre. A different analysis of fertilizer may be used provided the 2-1-1 ratio is maintained and the rate of application adjusted to provide the same amount of plant food as 16-8-8 analysis and as directed.

#### **SUPPLEMENTAL SEEDING:**

The kinds of seed and proportions shall be the same as specified for *Seeding and Mulching*, and the rate of application may vary from 25# to 75# per acre. The actual rate per acre will be determined prior to the time of topdressing and the Contractor will be notified in writing of the rate per acre, total quantity needed, and areas on which to apply the supplemental seed. Minimum tillage equipment, consisting of a sod seeder shall be used for incorporating seed into the soil as to prevent disturbance of existing vegetation. A clodbuster (ball and chain) may be used where degree of slope prevents the use of a sod seeder.

# **MOWING:**

The minimum mowing height on this project shall be six inches.

# **SKIMMER BASIN WITH BAFFLES:**

## **Description**

Provide a skimmer basin to remove sediment from construction site runoff at locations shown in the erosion control plans. See the Skimmer Basin with Baffles Detail sheet provided in the erosion control plans. Work includes constructing sediment basin, installation of temporary slope drain pipe and coir fiber baffles, furnishing, installation and cleanout of skimmer, providing and placing stone pad on bottom of basin underneath skimmer device, providing and placing a geotextile spillway liner, providing coir fiber mat stabilization for the skimmer outlet, disposing of excess materials, removing temporary slope drain, coir fiber baffles, geotextile liner and skimmer device, backfilling basin area with suitable material and providing proper drainage when basin area is abandoned.

#### **Materials**

| Item                                      | Section |
|---|---------|
| Stone for Erosion Control, Class B        | 1042    |
| Geotextile for Soil Stabilization, Type 4 | 1056    |
| Fertilizer for Temporary Seeding          | 1060-2  |
| Seed for Temporary Seeding                | 1060-4  |
| Seeding and Mulching                      | 1060-4  |
| Matting for Erosion Control               | 1060-8  |

| Staples               | 1060-8  |
|-----------------------|---------|
| Coir Fiber Mat        | 1060-14 |
| Temporary Slope Drain | 1622-2  |
| Coir Fiber Baffle     | 1640    |

Provide appropriately sized and approved skimmer device.

Provide Schedule 40 PVC pipe with a length of 6 ft. to attach to the skimmer and the coupling connection to serve as the arm pipe. For skimmer sizes of 2.5 in. and smaller, the arm pipe diameter shall be 1.5 inches. For skimmer sizes of 3 in. and larger, refer to manufacturer recommendation.

Provide 4" diameter Schedule 40 PVC pipe to attach to coupling connection of skimmer to serve as the barrel pipe through the earthen dam.

Anchors: Staples, stakes, or reinforcement bars shall be used as anchors.

#### Wooden Stakes:

Provide hardwood stakes 12"- 24" long with a 2" x 2" nominal square cross section. One end of the stake must be sharpened or beveled to facilitate driving through the coir fiber mat and down into the underlying soil. The other end of the stake needs to have a 1"- 2" long head at the top with a 1"- 2" notch following to catch and secure the coir fiber mat.

#### Steel Reinforcement Bars:

Provide uncoated #10 steel reinforcement bars 24" nominal length. The bars shall have a 4" diameter bend at one end with a 4" straight section at the tip to catch and secure the coir fiber mat.

# Staples:

Provide staples made of 0.125" diameter new steel wire formed into a u shape not less than 12" in length with a throat of 1" in width.

#### **Construction Methods**

Excavate basin according to the erosion control plans with basin surface free of obstructions, debris, and pockets of low-density material. Install temporary slope drain pipe and construct the primary spillway according to the Skimmer Basin with Baffles Detail sheet in the erosion control plans. Temporary slope drain pipe at inlet of basin may be replaced by geotextile as directed. Construct the coir fiber baffles according to *Roadway Standard Drawings* No. 1640.01 and Section 1640 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Install skimmer device according to manufacturer recommendations. Install 4" Schedule 40 PVC pipe into dam on the lower side of basin 1 ft. from the bottom of the basin and according to the detail, and extend the pipe so the basin will drain. Attach a 6 ft. arm pipe to the coupling connection and skimmer according to manufacturer recommendations. The coupling shall be rigid and non-buoyant and not exceed a diameter of 4" and 12" in length. Attach the rope included with the skimmer to the tee between the vent socket and the tube inlet, and the other end to a wooden stake or metal post. Clean out skimmer device when it becomes clogged with sediment and/or debris and is unable to float at the top of water in skimmer basin. Take appropriate measures to avoid ice accumulation in

the skimmer device. Construct a stone pad of Class B stone directly underneath the skimmer device at bottom of basin. The pad shall be a minimum of 12" in height, and shall have a minimum cross sectional area of 4 ft. by 4 ft.

Line primary spillway with geotextile unrolled in the direction of flow and lay smoothly but loosely on soil surface without creases. Bury edges of geotextile in a trench at least 5" deep and tamp firmly. If geotextile for the primary spillway is not one continuous piece of material, make horizontal overlaps a minimum of 18" with upstream geotextile overlapping the downstream geotextile. Secure geotextile with eleven gauge wire staples shaped into a u shape with a length of not less than 12" and a throat not less than 1" in width. Place staples along outer edges and throughout the geotextile a maximum of 3 ft. horizontally and vertically. Geotextile shall be placed to the bottom and across the entire width of the basin according to the Skimmer Basin with Baffles detail. Place sealant inside basin around barrel pipe on top of geotextile with a minimum width of 6 in.

At the skimmer outlet, provide a smooth soil surface free from stones, clods, or debris that will prevent contact of the coir fiber matting with the soil. Unroll the matting and apply without stretching such that it will lie smoothly but loosely on the soil surface. Wooden stakes, reinforcement bars, or staples may be used as anchors in accordance with the details in the plans and as directed. Place anchors across the matting at the ends approximately 1 ft. apart. Place anchors along the outer edges and down the center of the matting 3 ft. apart.

All bare side slope sections of the skimmer basin shall be seeded with a temporary or permanent seed mix as directed and in accordance with Articles 1620-3, 1620-4, 1620-5, 1660-4, 1660-5 and 1660-7 of the *Standard Specifications*. Straw or excelsior matting shall be installed on all bare side slope sections immediately upon the completion of seeding and in accordance with Article 1631-3 of the *Standard Specifications*.

# **Measurement and Payment**

Silt Excavation will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1630-4 of the Standard Specifications, as calculated from the typical section throughout the length of the basin as shown on the final approved plans.

Geotextile for Soil Stabilization will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 270-4 of the Standard Specifications.

Coir Fiber Baffles will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1640-4 of the Standard Specifications.

\_\_" Skimmer will be measured in units of each. \_\_" Skimmer will be measured and paid for as the maximum number of each size skimmer acceptably installed and in use at any one time during the life of the project. Barrel and arm pipe, cleanout, relocation and reinstallation of \_\_" Skimmer is considered incidental to the measurement of the quantity of \_\_" Skimmer and no separate payment will be made. No separate payment shall be made if \_\_" Skimmer, barrel and/or arm pipe(s) are damaged by ice accumulation.

Coir Fiber Mat will be measured and paid for as the actual number of square yards measured along the surface of the ground over which coir fiber mat is installed and accepted.

Temporary Slope Drain will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1622-4 of the Standard Specifications.

Stone for Erosion Control, Class \_\_ will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1610-4 of the Standard Specifications.

Seeding and Mulching will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1660-8 of the Standard Specifications.

Seed for Temporary Seeding will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1620-6 of the Standard Specifications.

Fertilizer for Temporary Seeding will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1620-6 of the Standard Specifications.

*Matting for Erosion Control* will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1631-4 of the *Standard Specifications*.

No measurement will be made for other items or for over excavation or stockpiling.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item

\_\_" Skimmer

Coir Fiber Mat

Pay Unit

Each

Square Yard

# **STOCKPILE AREAS:**

The Contractor shall install and maintain erosion control devices sufficient to contain sediment around any erodible material stockpile areas as directed.

#### **ACCESS AND HAUL ROADS:**

At the end of each working day, the Contractor shall install or re-establish temporary diversions or earth berms across access/haul roads to direct runoff into sediment devices. Silt fence sections that are temporarily removed shall be reinstalled across access/haul roads at the end of each working day.

# **TEMPORARY PIPE FOR CULVERT CONSTRUCTION:**

## **Description**

This work consists of furnishing, installing, maintaining and removing any and all temporary pipe used on this project in conjunction with the culvert construction.

#### **Construction Methods**

The Contractor shall install temporary pipe in locations shown on the plans in such a manner approved by the Engineer. The temporary pipe shall provide a passageway for the stream through the work-site. The minimum size requirements will be as stated on the erosion control plans.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

\_\_" Temporary Pipe will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per linear foot of temporary pipe approved by the Engineer and measured in place from end to end. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this section including but not limited to furnishing all materials required for installation, construction, maintenance, and removal of temporary pipe.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item

" Temporary Pipe

Linear Foot

# **WASTE AND BORROW SOURCES:**

Payment for temporary erosion control measures, except those made necessary by the Contractor's own negligence or for his own convenience, will be paid for at the appropriate contract unit price for the devices or measures utilized in borrow sources and waste areas.

No additional payment will be made for erosion control devices or permanent seeding and mulching in any commercial borrow or waste pit. All erosion and sediment control practices that may be required on a commercial borrow or waste site will be done at the Contractor's expense.

All offsite Staging Areas, Borrow and Waste sites shall be in accordance with "Borrow and Waste Site Reclamation Procedures for Contracted Projects" located at:

 $\underline{https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/roadside/FieldOperationsDocuments/ContractedReclamationProcedures.pdf}$ 

All forms and documents referenced in the "Borrow and Waste Site Reclamation Procedures for Contracted Projects" shall be included with the reclamation plans for offsite staging areas, and borrow and waste sites.

# **WATTLES WITH POLYACRYLAMIDE (PAM):**

# **Description**

Wattles are tubular products consisting of excelsior fibers encased in synthetic netting. Wattles are used on slopes or channels to intercept runoff and act as a velocity break. Wattles are to be placed at locations shown on the plans or as directed. Installation shall follow the detail provided in the plans and as directed. Work includes furnishing materials, installation of wattles, matting installation, PAM application, and removing wattles.

#### Materials

Wattle shall meet the following specifications:

100% Curled Wood (Excelsior) Fibers
Minimum Diameter 12 in.
Minimum Density 2.5 lb/ft<sup>3</sup> +/- 10%

Net MaterialSyntheticNet Openings1 in. x 1 in.Net ConfigurationTotally Encased

Minimum Weight 20 lb. +/- 10% per 10 ft. length

Anchors: Stakes shall be used as anchors.

#### Wooden Stakes:

Provide hardwood stakes a minimum of 2-ft. long with a 2 in. x 2 in. nominal square cross section. One end of the stake must be sharpened or beveled to facilitate driving down into the underlying soil.

Matting shall meet the requirements of Article 1060-8 of the *Standard Specifications*, or shall meet specifications provided elsewhere in this contract.

Provide staples made of 0.125" diameter new steel wire formed into a u shape not less than 12" in length with a throat of 1" in width.

Polyacrylamide (PAM) shall be applied in powder form and shall be anionic or neutrally charged. Soil samples shall be obtained in areas where the wattles will be placed, and from offsite material used to construct the roadway, and analyzed for the appropriate PAM flocculant to be utilized with each wattle. The PAM product used shall be listed on the North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality Division of Water Resources web site as an approved PAM product for use in North Carolina.

#### **Construction Methods**

Wattles shall be secured to the soil by wire staples approximately every 1 linear foot and at the end of each section of wattle. A minimum of 4 stakes shall be installed on the downstream side of the wattle with a maximum spacing of 2 linear feet along the wattle, and according to the detail. Install a minimum of 2 stakes on the upstream side of the wattle according to the detail provided in the plans. Stakes shall be driven into the ground a minimum of 10 in. with no more than 2 in. projecting from the top of the wattle. Drive stakes at an angle according to the detail provided in the plans.

Only install wattle(s) to a height in ditch so flow will not wash around wattle and scour ditch slopes and according to the detail provided in the plans and as directed. Overlap adjoining sections of wattles a minimum of 6 in.

Installation of matting shall be in accordance with the detail provided in the plans, and in accordance with Article 1631-3 of the *Standard Specifications*, or in accordance with specifications provided elsewhere in this contract.

Apply PAM over the lower center portion of the wattle where the water is going to flow over at a rate of 2 ounces per wattle, and 1 ounce of PAM on matting on each side of the wattle. PAM applications shall be done during construction activities after every rainfall event that is equal to or exceeds 0.50 in.

The Contractor shall maintain the wattles until the project is accepted or until the wattles are removed, and shall remove and dispose of silt accumulations at the wattles when so directed in accordance with the requirements of Section 1630 of the *Standard Specifications*.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

Wattles will be measured and paid for by the actual number of linear feet of wattles which are installed and accepted. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this section, including, but not limited to, furnishing all materials, labor, equipment and incidentals necessary to install the Wattles.

Matting will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1631-4 of the *Standard Specifications*, or in accordance with specifications provided elsewhere in this contract.

*Polyacrylamide(PAM)* will be measured and paid for by the actual weight in pounds of PAM applied to the wattles. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this section, including, but not limited to, furnishing all materials, labor, equipment and incidentals necessary to apply the *Polyacrylamide(PAM)*.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item
Polyacrylamide(PAM)
Pound
Wattle
Linear Foot

# **SAFETY FENCE AND JURISDICTIONAL FLAGGING:**

# **Description**

Safety Fence shall consist of furnishing materials, installing and maintaining polyethylene or polypropylene fence along the outside riparian buffer, wetland, or water boundary, or other boundaries located within the construction corridor to mark the areas that have been approved to infringe within the buffer, wetland, endangered vegetation, culturally sensitive areas or water. The fence shall be installed prior to any land disturbing activities.

Interior boundaries for jurisdictional areas noted above shall be delineated by stakes and highly visible flagging.

Jurisdictional boundaries at staging areas, waste sites, or borrow pits, whether considered outside or interior boundaries shall be delineated by stakes and highly visible flagging.

#### **Materials**

### (A) Safety Fencing

Polyethylene or polypropylene fence shall be a highly visible preconstructed safety fence approved by the Engineer. The fence material shall have an ultraviolet coating.

Either wood posts or steel posts may be used. Wood posts shall be hardwood with a wedge or pencil tip at one end, and shall be at least 5 ft. in length with a minimum nominal 2" x 2" cross section. Steel posts shall be at least 5 ft. in length, and have a minimum weight of 0.85 lb/ft of length.

#### (B) Boundary Flagging

Wooden stakes shall be 4 feet in length with a minimum nominal 3/4" x 1-3/4" cross section. The flagging shall be at least 1" in width. The flagging material shall be vinyl and shall be orange in color and highly visible.

#### **Construction Methods**

No additional clearing and grubbing is anticipated for the installation of this fence. The fence shall be erected to conform to the general contour of the ground.

# (A) Safety Fencing

Posts shall be set at a maximum spacing of 10 ft., maintained in a vertical position and hand set or set with a post driver. Posts shall be installed a minimum of 2 ft. into the ground. If hand set, all backfill material shall be thoroughly tamped. Wood posts may be sharpened to a dull point if power driven. Posts damaged by power driving shall be removed and replaced prior to final acceptance. The tops of all wood posts shall be cut at a 30-degree angle. The wood posts may, at the option of the Contractor, be cut at this angle either before or after the posts are erected.

The fence geotextile shall be attached to the wood posts with one 2" galvanized wire staple across each cable or to the steel posts with wire or other acceptable means.

Place construction stakes to establish the location of the safety fence in accordance with Article 105-9 or Article 801-1 of the *Standard Specifications*. No direct pay will be made for the staking of the safety fence. All stakeouts for safety fence shall be considered incidental to the work being paid for as "Construction Surveying", except that where there is no pay item for construction surveying, all safety fence stakeout will be performed by state forces.

The Contractor shall be required to maintain the safety fence in a satisfactory condition for the duration of the project as determined by the Engineer.

# (B) Boundary Flagging

Boundary flagging delineation of interior boundaries shall consist of wooden stakes on 25 feet maximum intervals with highly visible orange flagging attached. Stakes shall be installed a minimum of 6" into the ground. Interior boundaries may be staked on a tangent that runs parallel to buffer but must not encroach on the buffer at any location. Interior boundaries of hand clearing shall be identified with a different colored flagging to distinguish it from mechanized clearing.

Boundary flagging delineation of interior boundaries will be placed in accordance with Article 105-9 or Article 801-1 of the *Standard Specifications*. No direct pay will be made for delineation of the interior boundaries. This delineation will be considered incidental to the work being paid for as *Construction Surveying*, except that where there is no pay item or construction surveying the cost of boundary flagging delineation shall be included in the unit prices bid for the various items in the contract. Installation for delineation of all jurisdictional boundaries at staging areas, waste sites, or borrow pits shall consist of wooden stakes on 25 feet maximum intervals with highly visible orange flagging attached. Stakes shall be installed a minimum of 6" into the ground. Additional flagging may be placed on overhanging vegetation to enhance visibility but does not substitute for installation of stakes.

Installation of boundary flagging for delineation of all jurisdictional boundaries at staging areas,

waste sites, or borrow pits shall be performed in accordance with Subarticle 230-4(B)(5) or Subarticle 802-2(F) of the *Standard Specifications*. No direct pay will be made for this delineation, as the cost of same shall be included in the unit prices bid for the various items in the contract.

The Contractor shall be required to maintain alternative stakes and highly visible flagging in a satisfactory condition for the duration of the project as determined by the Engineer.

# **Measurement and Payment**

Safety Fence will be measured and paid as the actual number of linear feet of polyethylene or polypropylene fence installed in place and accepted. Such payment will be full compensation including but not limited to furnishing and installing fence geotextile with necessary posts and post bracing, staples, tie wires, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete this work.

Payment will be made under:

Pay ItemPay UnitSafety FenceLinear Foot

# **COIR FIBER MAT:**

# **Description**

Furnish material, install and maintain coir fiber mat in locations shown on the plans or in locations as directed. Work includes providing all materials, excavating and backfilling, and placing and securing coir fiber mat with stakes, steel reinforcement bars or staples as directed.

#### Materials

ItemSectionCoir Fiber Mat1060-14

Anchors: Stakes, reinforcement bars, or staples shall be used as anchors.

#### Wooden Stakes:

Provide hardwood stakes 12"- 24" long with a 2" x 2" nominal square cross section. One end of the stake must be sharpened or beveled to facilitate driving through the coir fiber mat and down into the underlying soil. The other end of the stake needs to have a 1"- 2" long head at the top with a 1"- 2" notch following to catch and secure the coir fiber mat.

## Steel Reinforcement Bars:

Provide uncoated #10 steel reinforcement bars 24" nominal length. The bars shall have a 4" diameter bend at one end with a 4" straight section at the tip to catch and secure the coir fiber mat.

# Staples:

Provide staples made of 0.125" diameter new steel wire formed into a *u* shape not less than

12" in length with a throat of 1" in width.

#### **Construction Methods**

Place the coir fiber mat immediately upon final grading. Provide a smooth soil surface free from stones, clods, or debris that will prevent the contact of the mat with the soil. Unroll the mat and apply without stretching such that it will lie smoothly but loosely on the soil surface.

For stream relocation applications, take care to preserve the required line, grade, and cross section of the area covered. Bury the top slope end of each piece of mat in a narrow trench at least 6 in. deep and tamp firmly. Where one roll of matting ends and a second roll begins, overlap the end of the upper roll over the buried end of the second roll so there is a 6 in. overlap. Construct check trenches at least 12 in. deep every 50 ft. longitudinally along the edges of the mat or as directed. Fold over and bury mat to the full depth of the trench, close and tamp firmly. Overlap mat at least 6 in. where 2 or more widths of mat are installed side by side.

Place anchors across the mat at the ends approximately 1 ft. apart. Place anchors along the outer edges and down the center of the mat 3 ft. apart.

Adjustments in the trenching or anchoring requirements to fit individual site conditions may be required.

# **Measurement and Payment**

Coir Fiber Mat will be measured and paid for as the actual number of square yards measured along the surface of the ground over which coir fiber mat is installed and accepted.

No measurement will be made for anchor items.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item
Coir Fiber Mat
Square Yard

# NATIVE GRASS SEEDING AND MULCHING: (West)

Native Grass Seeding and Mulching shall be performed on the disturbed areas of wetlands and riparian areas, and adjacent to Stream Relocation and/or trout stream construction within a 50 foot zone on both sides of the stream or depression, measured from top of stream bank or center of depression. The stream bank of the stream relocation shall be seeded by a method that does not alter the typical cross section of the stream bank. Native Grass Seeding and Mulching shall also be performed in the permanent soil reinforcement mat section of preformed scour holes, and in other areas as directed.

The kinds of seed and fertilizer, and the rates of application of seed, fertilizer, and limestone, shall be as stated below. During periods of overlapping dates, the kind of seed to be used shall be determined. All rates are in pounds per acre.

**August 1 - June 1** 18# Creeping Red Fescue May 1 – September 1 18# Creeping Red Fescue

| TIP# U-5818        | EC-21 | McDowell County  |
|--------------------|-------|------------------|
| 1 1P# 1  - 3 X 1 X |       | MICLIOWELLCOUNTY |
| $111 \pi 0-3010$   |       | WICDOWCII COunty |

| 8#    | Big Bluestem | 8#    | Big Bluestem              |
|-------|--------------|-------|---------------------------|
| 6#    | Indiangrass  | 6#    | Indiangrass               |
| 4#    | Switchgrass  | 4#    | Switchgrass               |
| 35#   | Rye Grain    | 25#   | German or Browntop Millet |
| 500#  | Fertilizer   | 500#  | Fertilizer                |
| 4000# | Limestone    | 4000# | Limestone                 |

## Approved Creeping Red Fescue Cultivars:

| Aberdeen | Boreal | Epic | Cindy Lou |
|----------|--------|------|-----------|
|          |        |      |           |

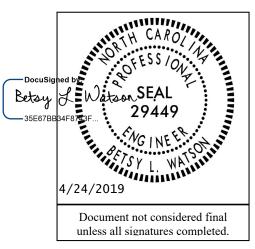
Fertilizer shall be 10-20-20 analysis. A different analysis of fertilizer may be used provided the 1-2-2 ratio is maintained and the rate of application adjusted to provide the same amount of plant food as a 10-20-20 analysis and as directed.

Native Grass Seeding and Mulching shall be performed in accordance with Section 1660 of the *Standard Specifications* and vegetative cover sufficient to restrain erosion shall be installed immediately following grade establishment.

# **Measurement and Payment**

Native Grass *Seeding and Mulching* will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1660-8 of the *Standard Specifications*.

U-5818 TS-1 McDowell County



# Signals and Intelligent Transportation Systems Project Special Provisions (Version 18.2)

Prepared By: <u>EDH</u> 24-Apr-19

print date: 04/24/19

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#### 1. 2018 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROADS & STRUCTURES

The 2018 Standard Specifications are revised as follows:

# 1.1. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS – Construction Methods (1700-3(K))

Page 17-4, revise sentence starting on line 14 to read "Modify existing electrical services, as necessary, to meet the grounding requirements of the NEC, these *Standard Specifications, Standard Drawings*, and the project plans."

Page 17-4, revise sentence beginning on line 21 to read "Furnish and install additional ground rods to grounding electrode system as necessary to meet the *Standard Specifications*, *Standard Drawings*, and test requirements."

# 1.2. WOOD POLES – Construction Methods (1720-3)

Page 17-18, revise sentence starting on line 13 to read "On new Department-owned poles, install a grounding system consisting of #6 AWG solid bare copper wire that is mechanically crimped using an irreversible compression tool with die to a single ground rod installed at base of pole or to the electrical service grounding electrode system located within 10 feet of the pole."

#### 2. SIGNAL HEADS

#### 2.1. MATERIALS

#### A. General:

Fabricate vehicle signal head housings and end caps from die-cast aluminum. Fabricate 12-inch and 16-inch pedestrian signal head housings and end caps from die-cast aluminum. Provide visor mounting screws, door latches, and hinge pins fabricated from stainless steel. Provide interior screws, fasteners, and metal parts fabricated from stainless steel.

Fabricate tunnel and traditional visors from sheet aluminum.

Paint all surfaces inside and outside of signal housings and doors. Paint outside surfaces of tunnel and traditional visors, wire outlet bodies, wire entrance fitting brackets and end caps when supplied as components of messenger cable mounting assemblies, pole and pedestal mounting assemblies, and pedestrian pushbutton housings. Have electrostatically-applied, fused-polyester paint in highway BLACK (Federal Standard 595C, Color Chip Number 37038) a minimum of 2.5 to 3.5 mils thick. Do not apply paint to the latching hardware, rigid vehicle signal head mounting brackets for mast-arm attachments, messenger cable hanger components or balance adjuster components.

Have the interior surfaces of tunnel and traditional visors painted an alkyd urea black synthetic baking enamel with a minimum gloss reflectance and meeting the requirements of MIL-E-10169, "Enamel Heat Resisting, Instrument Black."

Where required, provide polycarbonate signal heads and visors that comply with the provisions pertaining to the aluminum signal heads listed on the QPL with the following exceptions:

Fabricate signal head housings, end caps, and visors from virgin polycarbonate material. Provide UV stabilized polycarbonate plastic with a minimum thickness of  $0.1 \pm 0.01$  inches that is highway yellow (Federal Standard 595C, Color Chip 13538). Ensure the color is incorporated into the plastic material before molding the signal head housings and end caps. Ensure the plastic

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formulation provides the following physical properties in the assembly (tests may be performed on separately molded specimens):

| Test   | Required           | Method     |
|--|--------------------|------------|
| Specific Gravity                                   | 1.17 minimum       | ASTM D 792 |
| Flammability                                       | Self-extinguishing | ASTM D 635 |
| Tensile Strength, yield, PSI                       | 8500 minimum       | ASTM D 638 |
| Izod impact strength, ft-lb/in [notched, 1/8 inch] | 12 minimum         | ASTM D 256 |

For pole mounting, provide side of pole mounting assemblies with framework and all other hardware necessary to make complete, watertight connections of the signal heads to the poles and pedestals. Fabricate the mounting assemblies and frames from aluminum with all necessary hardware, screws, washers, etc. to be stainless steel. Provide mounting fittings that match the positive locking device on the signal head with the serrations integrally cast into the brackets. Provide upper and lower pole plates that have a 1 ¼-inch vertical conduit entrance hubs with the hubs capped on the lower plate and 1 ½-inch horizontal hubs. Ensure that the assemblies provide rigid attachments to poles and pedestals so as to allow no twisting or swaying of the signal heads. Ensure that all raceways are free of sharp edges and protrusions, and can accommodate a minimum of ten Number 14 AWG conductors.

For pedestal mounting, provide a post-top slipfitter mounting assembly that matches the positive locking device on the signal head with serrations integrally cast into the slipfitter. Provide stainless steel hardware, screws, washers, etc. Provide a minimum of six 3/8 X 3/4-inch long square head bolts for attachment to pedestal. Provide a center post for multi-way slipfitters.

For light emitting diode (LED) traffic signal modules, provide the following requirements for inclusion on the Department's Qualified Products List for traffic signal equipment.

- 1. Sample submittal,
- 2. Third-party independent laboratory testing results for each submitted module with evidence of testing and conformance with all of the Design Qualification Testing specified in section 6.4 of each of the following Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) specifications:
  - Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads Light Emitting Diode (LED) Circular Signal Supplement
  - Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads Light Emitting Diode (LED) Vehicle Arrow Traffic Signal Supplement
  - Pedestrian Traffic Control Signal Indications –Light Emitting Diode (LED) Signal Modules.

(Note: The Department currently recognizes two approved independent testing laboratories. They are Intertek ETL Semko and Light Metrics, Incorporated with Garwood Laboratories. Independent laboratory tests from other laboratories may be considered as part of the QPL submittal at the discretion of the Department,

- 3. Evidence of conformance with the requirements of these specifications,
- 4. A manufacturer's warranty statement in accordance with the required warranty, and

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- 5. Submittal of manufacturer's design and production documentation for the model, including but not limited to, electrical schematics, electronic component values, proprietary part numbers, bill of materials, and production electrical and photometric test parameters.
- 6. Evidence of approval of the product to bear the Intertek ETL Verified product label for LED traffic signal modules.

In addition to meeting the performance requirements for the minimum period of 60 months, provide a written warranty against defects in materials and workmanship for the modules for a period of 60 months after installation of the modules. During the warranty period, the manufacturer must provide new replacement modules within 45 days of receipt of modules that have failed at no cost to the State. Repaired or refurbished modules may not be used to fulfill the manufacturer's warranty obligations. Provide manufacturer's warranty documentation to the Department during evaluation of product for inclusion on Qualified Products List (QPL).

# **B.** Vehicle Signal Heads:

Comply with the ITE standard "Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads". Provide housings with provisions for attaching backplates.

. Provide visors that are 10 inches in length for 12-inch vehicle signal heads.

Provide a termination block with one empty terminal for field wiring for each indication plus one empty terminal for the neutral conductor. Have all signal sections wired to the termination block. Provide barriers between the terminals that have terminal screws with a minimum Number 8 thread size and that will accommodate and secure spade lugs sized for a Number 10 terminal screw.

Mount termination blocks in the yellow signal head sections on all in-line vehicle signal heads. Mount the termination block in the red section on five-section vehicle signal heads.

Furnish vehicle signal head interconnecting brackets. Provide one-piece aluminum brackets less than 4.5 inches in height and with no threaded pipe connections. Provide hand holes on the bottom of the brackets to aid in installing wires to the signal heads. Lower brackets that carry no wires and are used only for connecting the bottom signal sections together may be flat in construction.

For messenger cable mounting, provide messenger cable hangers, wire outlet bodies, balance adjusters, bottom caps, wire entrance fitting brackets, and all other hardware necessary to make complete, watertight connections of the vehicle signal heads to the messenger cable. Fabricate messenger cable hanger components, wire outlet bodies and balance adjuster components from stainless steel or malleable iron galvanized in accordance with ASTM A153 (Class A) or ASTM A123. Provide serrated rings made of aluminum. Provide messenger cable hangers with U-bolt clamps. Fabricate washers, screws, hex-head bolts and associated nuts, clevis pins, cotter pins, U-bolt clamps and nuts from stainless steel.

For mast-arm mounting, provide rigid vehicle signal head mounting brackets and all other hardware necessary to make complete, watertight connections of the vehicle signal heads to the mast arms and to provide a means for vertically adjusting the vehicle signal heads to proper alignment. Fabricate the mounting assemblies from aluminum, and provide serrated rings made of aluminum. Provide stainless steel cable attachment assemblies to secure the brackets to the mast arms. Ensure all fastening hardware and fasteners are fabricated from stainless steel.

Provide LED vehicular traffic signal modules (hereafter referred to as modules) that consist of an assembly that uses LEDs as the light source in lieu of an incandescent lamp for use in traffic signal

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sections. Use LEDs that are aluminum indium gallium phosphorus (AlInGaP) technology for red and yellow indications and indium gallium nitride (InGaN) for green indications. Install the ultra bright type LEDs that are rated for 100,000 hours of continuous operation from -40°F to +165°F. Design modules to have a minimum useful life of 60 months and to meet all parameters of this specification during this period of useful life.

For the modules, provide spade terminals crimped to the lead wires and sized for a #10 screw connection to the existing terminal block in a standard signal head. Do not provide other types of crimped terminals with a spade adapter.

Ensure the power supply is integral to the module assembly. On the back of the module, permanently mark the date of manufacture (month & year) or some other method of identifying date of manufacture.

Tint the red, yellow and green lenses to correspond with the wavelength (chromaticity) of the LED. Transparent tinting films are unacceptable. Provide a lens that is integral to the unit with a smooth outer surface.

# 1. LED Circular Signal Modules:

Provide modules in the following configurations: 12-inch circular sections. All makes and models of LED modules purchased for use on the State Highway System shall appear on the current NCDOT Traffic Signal Qualified Products List (QPL).

Provide the manufacturer's model number and the product number (assigned by the Department) for each module that appears on the 2018 or most recent Qualified Products List. In addition, provide manufacturer's certification in accordance with Article 106-3 of the *Standard Specifications*, that each module meets or exceeds the ITE "Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads – Light Emitting Diode (LED) Circular Signal Supplement" dated June 27, 2005 (hereafter referred to as VTCSH Circular Supplement) and other requirements stated in this specification.

Provide modules that meet the following requirements when tested under the procedures outlined in the VTCSH Circular Supplement:

| Module Type            | Max. Wattage at 165° F | Nominal Wattage at 77° F |
|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 12-inch red circular   | 17                     | 11                       |
| 12-inch green circular | 15                     | 15                       |

For yellow circular signal modules, provide modules tested under the procedures outlined in the VTCSH Circular Supplement to insure power required at 77° F is 22 Watts or less for the 12-inch circular module.

Note: Use a wattmeter having an accuracy of  $\pm 1\%$  to measure the nominal wattage and maximum wattage of a circular traffic signal module. Power may also be derived from voltage, current and power factor measurements.

# 2. LED Arrow Signal Modules

Provide 12-inch omnidirectional arrow signal modules. All makes and models of LED modules purchased for use on the State Highway System shall appear on the current NCDOT Traffic Signal Qualified Products List (QPL).

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Provide the manufacturer's model number and the product number (assigned by the Department) for each module that appears on the 2018 or most recent Qualified Products List. In addition, provide manufacturer's certification in accordance with Article 106-3 of the *Standard Specifications*, that each module meets or exceeds the requirements for 12-inch omnidirectional modules specified in the ITE "Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads – Light Emitting Diode (LED) Vehicle Arrow Traffic Signal Supplement" dated July 1, 2007 (hereafter referred to as VTCSH Arrow Supplement) and other requirements stated in this specification.

Provide modules that meet the following requirements when tested under the procedures outlined in the VTCSH Arrow Supplement:

| Module Type         | Max. Wattage at 165° F | Nominal Wattage at 77° F |
|---------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 12-inch red arrow   | 12                     | 9                        |
| 12-inch green arrow | 11                     | 11                       |

For yellow arrow signal modules, provide modules tested under the procedures outlined in the VTCSH Arrow Supplement to insure power required at 77° F is 12 Watts or less.

Note: Use a wattmeter having an accuracy of  $\pm 1\%$  to measure the nominal wattage and maximum wattage of an arrow traffic signal module. Power may also be derived from voltage, current and power factor measurements.

#### C. Pedestrian Signal Heads:

Provide pedestrian signal heads with international symbols that meet the MUTCD. Do not provide letter indications.

Comply with the ITE standard for "Pedestrian Traffic Control Signal Indications" and the following sections of the ITE standard for "Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads" in effect on the date of advertisement:

- Section 3.00 "Physical and Mechanical Requirements"
- Section 4.01 "Housing, Door, and Visor: General"
- Section 4.04 "Housing, Door, and Visor: Materials and Fabrication"
- Section 7.00 "Exterior Finish"

Provide a double-row termination block with three empty terminals and number 10 screws for field wiring. Provide barriers between the terminals that accommodate a spade lug sized for number 10 terminal screws. Mount the termination block in the hand section. Wire all signal sections to the terminal block.

Where required by the plans, provide 16-inch pedestrian signal heads with traditional three-sided, rectangular visors, 6 inches long. Where required by the plans, provide 12-inch pedestrian signal heads with traditional three-sided, rectangular visors, 8 inches long.

Provide 2-inch diameter pedestrian push-buttons with weather-tight housings fabricated from die-cast aluminum and threading in compliance with the NEC for rigid metal conduit. Provide a weep hole in the housing bottom and ensure that the unit is vandal resistant.

Provide push-button housings that are suitable for mounting on flat or curved surfaces and that will accept 1/2-inch conduit installed in the top. Provide units that have a heavy duty push-button

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assembly with a sturdy, momentary, normally-open switch. Have contacts that are electrically insulated from the housing and push-button. Ensure that the push-buttons are rated for a minimum of 5 mA at 24 volts DC and 250 mA at 12 volts AC.

Provide standard R10-3 signs with mounting hardware that comply with the MUTCD in effect on the date of advertisement. Provide R10-3E signs for countdown pedestrian heads and R10-3B for non-countdown pedestrian heads.

Design the LED pedestrian traffic signal modules (hereafter referred to as modules) for installation into standard pedestrian traffic signal sections that do not contain the incandescent signal section reflector, lens, eggcrate visor, gasket, or socket. Provide modules that consist of an assembly that uses LEDs as the light source in lieu of an incandescent lamp. Use LEDs that are of the latest aluminum indium gallium phosphorus (AlInGaP) technology for the Portland Orange hand and countdown displays. Use LEDs that are of the latest indium gallium nitride (InGaN) technology for the Lunar White walking man displays. Install the ultra-bright type LEDs that are rated for 100,000 hours of continuous operation from -40°F to +165°F. Design modules to have a minimum useful life of 60 months and to meet all parameters of this specification during this period of useful life.

Design all modules to operate using a standard 3 - wire field installation. Provide spade terminals crimped to the lead wires and sized for a #10 screw connection to the existing terminal block in a standard pedestrian signal housing. Do not provide other types of crimped terminals with a spade adapter.

Ensure the power supply is integral to the module assembly. On the back of the module, permanently mark the date of manufacture (month & year) or some other method of identifying date of manufacture.

Provide modules in the following configuration: 16-inch displays which have the solid hand/walking man overlay on the left and the countdown on the right, and 12-inch displays which have the solid hand/walking man module as an overlay. All makes and models of LED modules purchased for use on the State Highway System shall appear on the current NCDOT Traffic Signal Oualified Products List (OPL).

Provide the manufacturer's model number and the product number (assigned by the Department) for each module that appears on the 2018 or most recent Qualified Products List. In addition, provide manufacturer's certification in accordance with Article 106-3 of the *Standard Specifications*, that each module meets or exceeds the ITE "Pedestrian Traffic Control Signal Indicators - Light Emitting Diode (LED) Signal Modules" dated August 04, 2010 (hereafter referred to as PTCSI Pedestrian Standard) and other requirements stated in this specification.

Provide modules that meet the following requirements when tested under the procedures outlined in the PTCSI Pedestrian Standard:

| Module Type            | Max. Wattage at 165° F | Nominal Wattage at 77° F |
|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| Hand Indication        | 16                     | 13                       |
| Walking Man Indication | 12                     | 9                        |
| Countdown Indication   | 16                     | 13                       |

Note: Use a wattmeter having an accuracy of  $\pm 1\%$  to measure the nominal wattage and maximum wattage of a circular traffic signal module. Power may also be derived from voltage, current and power factor measurements.

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Provide module lens that is hard coated or otherwise made to comply with the material exposure and weathering effects requirements of the Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE) J576. Ensure all exposed components of the module are suitable for prolonged exposure to the environment, without appreciable degradation that would interfere with function or appearance.

Ensure the countdown display continuously monitors the traffic controller to automatically learn the pedestrian phase time and update for subsequent changes to the pedestrian phase time.

Ensure the countdown display begins normal operation upon the completion of the preemption sequence and no more than one pedestrian clearance cycle.

# D. Signal Cable:

Furnish 16-4 and 16-7 signal cable that complies with IMSA specification 20-1 except provide the following conductor insulation colors:

- For 16-4 cable: white, yellow, red, and green
- For 16-7 cable: white, yellow, red, green, yellow with black stripe tracer, red with black stripe tracer, and green with black stripe tracer. Apply continuous stripe tracer on conductor insulation with a longitudinal or spiral pattern.

Provide a ripcord to allow the cable jacket to be opened without using a cutter. IMSA specification 19-1 will not be acceptable. Provide a cable jacket labeled with the IMSA specification number and provide conductors constructed of stranded copper.

#### 3. CONTROLLERS WITH CABINETS

#### 3.1. MATERIALS – GENERAL CABINETS

Provide a moisture resistant coating on all circuit boards.

Provide one 20 mm diameter radial lead UL-recognized metal oxide varistor (MOV) between each load switch field terminal and equipment ground. Electrical performance is outlined below.

| PROPERTIES OF MOV SURGE PROTECTOR           |               |
|---|---------------|
| Maximum Continuous Applied Voltage at       | 150 VAC (RMS) |
| 185° F                                      | 200 VDC       |
| Maximum Peak 8x20μs Current at 185° F       | 6500 A        |
| Maximum Energy Rating at 185° F             | 80 J          |
| Voltage Range 1 mA DC Test at 77° F         | 212-268 V     |
| Max. Clamping Voltage 8x20μs, 100A at 77° F | 395 V         |
| Typical Capacitance (1 MHz) at 77° F        | 1600 pF       |

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Provide a power line surge protector that is a two-stage device that will allow connection of the radio frequency interference filter between the stages of the device. Ensure that a maximum continuous current is at least 10A at 120V. Ensure that the device can withstand a minimum of 20 peak surge current occurrences at 20,000A for an 8x20 microsecond waveform. Provide a maximum clamp voltage of 395V at 20,000A with a nominal series inductance of 200µh. Ensure that the voltage does not exceed 395V. Provide devices that comply with the following:

| Frequency (Hz) | Minimum Insertion Loss (dB) |
|----------------|-----------------------------|
| 60             | 0                           |
| 10,000         | 30                          |
| 50,000         | 55                          |
| 100,000        | 50                          |
| 500,000        | 50                          |
| 2,000,000      | 60                          |
| 5,000,000      | 40                          |
| 10,000,000     | 20                          |
| 20,000,000     | 25                          |

#### 3.2. MATERIALS – TYPE 170E CABINETS

#### A. Type 170 E Cabinets General:

Conform to the city of Los Angeles' Specification No. 54-053-08, *Traffic Signal Cabinet Assembly Specification* (dated July 2008), except as required herein.

Furnish model 336S pole mounted cabinets configured for 8 vehicle phases, 4 pedestrian phases, and 6 overlaps. Do not reassign load switches to accommodate overlaps unless shown on electrical details. Provide 336S pole mounted cabinets that are 46" high with 40" high internal rack assemblies.

Furnish model 332 base mounted cabinets configured for 8 vehicle phases, 4 pedestrian phases, and 6 overlaps. When overlaps are required, provide auxiliary output files for the overlaps. Do not reassign load switches to accommodate overlaps unless shown on electrical details.

Provide model 200 load switches, model 222 loop detector sensors, model 252 AC isolators, and model 242 DC isolators according to the electrical details. As a minimum, provide one (1) model 2018 conflict monitor, one (1) model 206L power supply unit, two (2) model 204 flashers, one (1) DC isolator (located in slot I14), and four (4) model 430 flash transfer relays (provide seven (7) model 430 flash transfer relays if auxiliary output file is installed) with each cabinet.

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# **B.** Type 170 E Cabinet Electrical Requirements:

Provide a cabinet assembly designed to ensure that upon leaving any cabinet switch or conflict monitor initiated flashing operation, the controller starts up in the programmed start up phases and start up interval.

Furnish two sets of non-fading cabinet wiring diagrams and schematics in a paper envelope or container and placed in the cabinet drawer.

All AC+ power is subject to radio frequency signal suppression.

Provide surge suppression in the cabinet for each type of cabinet device. Provide surge protection for the full capacity of the cabinet input file. Provide surge suppression devices that operate properly over a temperature range of -40° F to +185° F. Ensure the surge suppression devices provide both common and differential modes of protection.

Provide a pluggable power line surge protector that is installed on the back of the PDA (power distribution assembly) chassis to filter and absorb power line noise and switching transients. Ensure the device incorporates LEDs for failure indication and provides a dry relay contact closure for the purpose of remote sensing. Ensure the device meets the following specifications:

| Peak Surge Current (Single pulse, 8x20μs) | .20,000A             |
|---|----------------------|
| Occurrences (8x20µs waveform)             | 10 minimum @ 20,000A |
| Maximum Clamp Voltage                     | 395VAC               |
| Operating Current                         | 15 amps              |
| Response Time                             | < 5 nanoseconds      |

Provide a loop surge suppressor for each set of loop terminals in the cabinet. Ensure the device meets the following specifications:

| Peak Surge Current (6 times, 8x20μs) |                 |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| (Differential Mode)                  | 400A            |
| (Common Mode)                        | 1,000A          |
| Occurrences (8x20µs waveform)        | 500 min @ 200A  |
| Maximum Clamp Voltage                |                 |
| (Differential Mode @400A)            | 35V             |
| (Common Mode @1,000A)                | 35V             |
| Response Time                        | < 5 nanoseconds |
| Maximum Capacitance                  | 35 pF           |

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Provide a data communications surge suppressor for each communications line entering or leaving the cabinet. Ensure the device meets the following specifications:

Provide a DC signal surge suppressor for each DC input channel in the cabinet. Ensure the device meets the following specifications:

Peak Surge Current (Single pulse,  $8x20\mu s$ )......10,000A Occurrences ( $8x20\mu s$  waveform).......100 @ 2,000A Maximum Clamp Voltage......30V Response Time......<1 nanosecond

Provide a 120 VAC signal surge suppressor for each AC+ interconnect signal input. Ensure the device meets the following specifications:

Peak Surge Current (Single pulse,  $8x20\mu s$ )......20,000A

Maximum Clamp Voltage.......350VAC

Response Time.......< 200 nanoseconds

Discharge Voltage......<200 Volts @ 1,000A

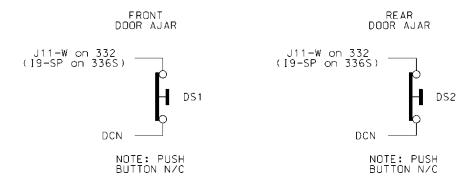
Insulation Resistance.....>100 M $\Omega$ 

Provide conductors for surge protection wiring that are of sufficient size (ampacity) to withstand maximum overcurrents which could occur before protective device thresholds are attained and current flow is interrupted.

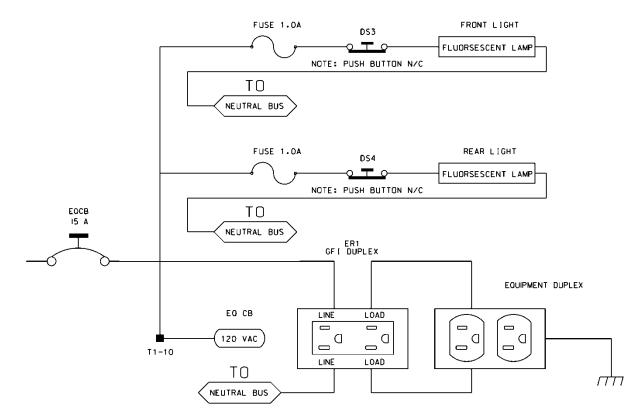
If additional surge protected power outlets are needed to accommodate fiber transceivers, modems, etc., install a UL listed, industrial, heavy-duty type power outlet strip with a minimum rating of 15 A / 125 VAC, 60 Hz. Provide a strip that has a minimum of 3 grounded outlets. Ensure the power outlet strip plugs into one of the controller unit receptacles located on the rear of the PDA. Ensure power outlet strip is mounted securely; provide strain relief if necessary.

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Provide a door switch in the front and a door switch in the rear of the cabinet that will provide the controller unit with a Door Ajar alarm when either the front or the rear door is open. Ensure the door switches apply DC ground to the Input File when either the front door or the rear door is open.



Furnish a fluorescent fixture in the rear across the top of the cabinet and another fluorescent fixture in the front across the top of the cabinet at a minimum. Ensure that the fixtures provide sufficient light to illuminate all terminals, labels, switches, and devices in the cabinet. Conveniently locate the fixtures so as not to interfere with a technician's ability to perform work on any devices or terminals in the cabinet. Provide a protective diffuser to cover exposed bulbs. Install 16 watt T-4 lamps in the fluorescent fixtures. Provide a door switch to provide power to each fixture when the respective door is open. Wire the fluorescent fixtures to the 15 amp ECB (equipment circuit breaker).



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Furnish a police panel with a police panel door. For model 336S cabinets, mount the police panel on the rear door. Ensure that the police panel door permits access to the police panel when the main door is closed. Ensure that no rainwater can enter the cabinet even with the police panel door open. Provide a police panel door hinged on the right side as viewed from the front. Provide a police panel door lock that is keyed to a standard police/fire call box key. In addition to the requirements of LA Specification No. 54-053-08, provide the police panel with a toggle switch connected to switch the intersection operation between normal stop-and-go operation (AUTO) and manual operation (MANUAL). Ensure that manual control can be implemented using inputs and software such that the controller provides full programmed clearance times for the yellow clearance and red clearance for each phase while under manual control.

Provide a 1/4-inch locking phone jack in the police panel for a hand control to manually control the intersection. Provide sufficient room in the police panel for storage of a hand control and cord.

Ensure the 336S cabinet Input File is wired as follows:

|                 | 336S Cabinet |     |     |     |        |        |        |       |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|-----------------|--------------|-----|-----|-----|--------|--------|--------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
|                 |              |     |     | Po  | rt-Bit | /C-1 P | in Ass | signm | ent |     |     |     |     |     |
| Slot#           | 1            | 2   | 3   | 4   | 5      | 6      | 7      | 8     | 9   | 10  | 11  | 12  | 13  | 14  |
| C-1<br>(Spares) | 59           | 60  | 61  | 62  | 63     | 64     | 65     | 66    | 75  | 76  | 77  | 78  | 79  | 80  |
| Port            | 3-2          | 1-1 | 3-4 | 1-3 | 3-1    | 1-2    | 3-3    | 1-4   | 2-5 | 5-5 | 5-6 | 5-1 | 5-2 | 6-7 |
| C-1             | 56           | 39  | 58  | 41  | 55     | 40     | 57     | 42    | 51  | 71  | 72  | 67  | 68  | 81  |
| Port            | 2-1          | 1-5 | 2-3 | 1-7 | 2-2    | 1-6    | 2-4    | 1-8   | 2-6 | 5-7 | 5-8 | 5-3 | 5-4 | 6-8 |
| C-1             | 47           | 43  | 49  | 45  | 48     | 44     | 50     | 46    | 52  | 73  | 74  | 69  | 70  | 82  |

For model 332 base mounted cabinets, ensure terminals J14-E and J14-K are wired together on the rear of the Input File. Connect TB9-12 (J14 Common) on the Input Panel to T1-2 (AC-) on the rear of the PDA.

Provide detector test switches mounted at the top of the cabinet rack or other convenient location which may be used to place a call on each of eight phases based on the chart below. Provide three positions for each switch: On (place call), Off (normal detector operation), and Momentary On (place momentary call and return to normal detector operation after switch is released). Ensure that the switches are located such that the technician can read the controller display and observe the intersection.

Connect detector test switches for cabinets as follows:

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|--------|--------------|-----------------|
|        |              |                 |

| 336S Cabinet                  | t         | 332 Cabinet                   |           |  |
|-------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|-----------|--|
| <b>Detector Call Switches</b> | Terminals | <b>Detector Call Switches</b> | Terminals |  |
| Phase 1                       | I1-F      | Phase 1                       | I1-W      |  |
| Phase 2                       | I2-F      | Phase 2                       | I4-W      |  |
| Phase 3                       | I3-F      | Phase 3                       | I5-W      |  |
| Phase 4                       | I4-F      | Phase 4                       | I8-W      |  |
| Phase 5                       | I5-F      | Phase 5                       | J1-W      |  |
| Phase 6                       | I6-F      | Phase 6                       | J4-W      |  |
| Phase 7                       | I7-F      | Phase 7                       | J5-W      |  |
| Phase 8                       | I8-F      | Phase 8                       | J8-W      |  |

Provide the PCB 28/56 connector for the conflict monitor unit (CMU) with 28 independent contacts per side, dual-sided with 0.156 inch contact centers. Provide the PCB 28/56 connector contacts with solder eyelet terminations. Ensure all connections to the PCB 28/56 connector are soldered to the solder eyelet terminations.

Ensure that all cabinets have the CMU connector wired according to the 332 cabinet connector pin assignments (include all wires for auxiliary output file connection). Wire pins 13, 16, R, and U of the CMU connector to a separate 4 pin plug, P1, as shown below. Provide a second plug, P2, which will mate with P1 and is wired to the auxiliary output file as shown below. Provide an additional plug, P3, which will mate with P1 and is wired to the pedestrian yellow circuits as shown below. When no auxiliary output file is installed in the cabinet, provide wires for the green and yellow inputs for channels 11, 12, 17, and 18, the red inputs for channels 17 and 18, and the wires for the P2 plug. Terminate the two-foot wires with ring type lugs, insulated, and bundled for optional use.

|     | P1       |         | P1 P2    |         | Р3       |         |
|-----|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|---------|
| PIN | FUNCTION | CONN TO | FUNCTION | CONN TO | FUNCTION | CONN TO |
| 1   | CH-9G    | CMU-13  | OLA-GRN  | A123    | 2P-YEL   | 114     |
| 2   | СН-9Ү    | CMU-16  | OLA-YEL  | A122    | 4P-YEL   | 105     |
| 3   | CH-10G   | CMU-R   | OLB-GRN  | A126    | 6P-YEL   | 120     |
| 4   | CH-10Y   | CMU-U   | OLB-YEL  | A125    | 8P-YEL   | 111     |

Do not provide the P20 terminal assembly (red monitor board) or red interface ribbon cable as specified in LA Specification No. 54-053-08.

Provide a P20 connector that mates with and is compatible with the red interface connector mounted on the front of the conflict monitor. Ensure that the P20 connector and the red interface

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connector on the conflict monitor are center polarized to ensure proper connection. Ensure that removal of the P20 connector will cause the conflict monitor to recognize a latching fault condition and place the cabinet into flashing operation.

Wire the P20 connector to the output file and auxiliary output file using 22 AWG stranded wires. Ensure the length of these wires is a minimum of 42 inches in length. Provide a durable braided sleeve around the wires to organize and protect the wires.

Wire the P20 connector to the traffic signal red displays to provide inputs to the conflict monitor as shown below. Ensure the pedestrian Don't Walk circuits are wired to channels 13 through 16 of the P20 connector. When no auxiliary output file is installed in the cabinet, provide wires for channels 9 through 12 reds. Provide a wire for special function 1. Terminate the unused wires with ring type lugs, insulated, and bundled for optional use.

|     | P20 Connector  |         |     |                 |         |  |  |
|-----|----------------|---------|-----|-----------------|---------|--|--|
| PIN | FUNCTION       | CONN TO | PIN | FUNCTION        | CONN TO |  |  |
| 1   | Channel 15 Red | 119     | 2   | Channel 16 Red  | 110     |  |  |
| 3   | Channel 14 Red | 104     | 4   | Chassis GND     | 01-9    |  |  |
| 5   | Channel 13 Red | 113     | 6   | N/C             |         |  |  |
| 7   | Channel 12 Red | AUX 101 | 8   | Spec Function 1 |         |  |  |
| 9   | Channel 10 Red | AUX 124 | 10  | Channel 11 Red  | AUX 114 |  |  |
| 11  | Channel 9 Red  | AUX 121 | 12  | Channel 8 Red   | 107     |  |  |
| 13  | Channel 7 Red  | 122     | 14  | Channel 6 Red   | 134     |  |  |
| 15  | Channel 5 Red  | 131     | 16  | Channel 4 Red   | 101     |  |  |
| 17  | Channel 3 Red  | 116     | 18  | Channel 2 Red   | 128     |  |  |
| 19  | Channel 1 Red  | 125     | 20  | Red Enable      | 01-14   |  |  |

the unit the output file wired to connector. auxiliary is installed

controller outputs to auxiliary are prethe C5 When no output file

Ensure

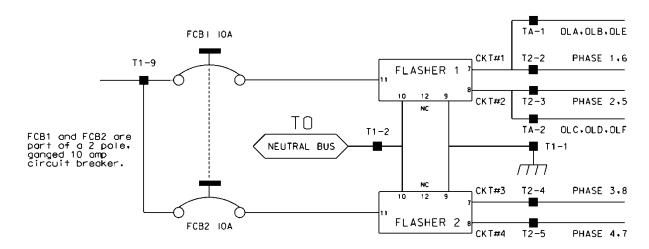
in the cabinet, connect the C5 connector to a storage socket located on the Input Panel or on the rear of the PDA.

Do not wire pin 12 of the load switch sockets.

In addition to the requirements of LA Specification No. 54-053-08, ensure relay K1 on the Power Distribution Assembly (PDA) is a four pole relay and K2 on the PDA is a two pole relay.

Provide a two pole, ganged circuit breaker for the flash bus circuit. Ensure the flash bus circuit breaker is an inverse time circuit breaker rated for 10 amps at 120 VAC with a minimum of 10,000 RMS symmetrical amperes short circuit current rating. Do not provide the auxiliary switch feature on the flash bus circuit breaker. Ensure the ganged flash bus circuit breaker is certified by the circuit breaker manufacturer to provide gang tripping operation.





Ensure auxiliary output files are wired as follows:

| AUXILIARY OUTPUT FILE TERMINAL BLOCK TA ASSIGNMENTS |   |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| POSITION  | FUNCTION  |  |  |  |
| 1   | Flasher Unit #1, Circuit 1/FTR1 (OLA, OLB)/FTR3 (OLE) |  |  |  |
| 2   | Flasher Unit #1, Circuit 2/FTR2 (OLC, OLD)/FTR3 (OLF) |  |  |  |
| 3   | Flash Transfer Relay Coils                            |  |  |  |
| 4   | AC -  |  |  |  |
| 5   | Power Circuit 5                                       |  |  |  |
| 6   | Power Circuit 5                                       |  |  |  |
| 7   | Equipment Ground Bus                                  |  |  |  |
| 8   | NC  |  |  |  |

Provide four spare load resistors mounted in each cabinet. Ensure each load resistor is rated as shown in the table below. Wire one side of each load resistor to AC-. Connect the other side of each resistor to a separate terminal on a four (4) position terminal block. Mount the load resistors and terminal block either inside the back of Output File No. 1 or on the upper area of the Service Panel.

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| ACCEPTABLE LOAD RESISTOR<br>VALUES |           |  |  |  |
|------------------------------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| VALUE (ohms)                       | WATTAGE   |  |  |  |
| 1.5K – 1.9 K                       | 25W (min) |  |  |  |
| 2.0K – 3.0K                        | 10W (min) |  |  |  |

Provide Model 200 load switches, Model 204 flashers, Model 242 DC isolators, Model 252 AC isolators, and Model 206L power supply units that conform to CALTRANS' "*Transportation Electrical Equipment Specifications*" dated March 12, 2009 with Erratum 1.

## C. Type 170 E Cabinet Physical Requirements:

Do not mold, cast, or scribe the name "City of Los Angeles" on the outside of the cabinet door as specified in LA Specification No. 54-053-08. Do not provide a Communications Terminal Panel as specified in LA Specification No. 54-053-08. Do not provide terminal block TBB on the Service Panel. Do not provide Cabinet Verification Test Program software or associated test jigs as specified in LA Specification No. 54-053-08.

Furnish unpainted, natural, aluminum cabinet shells. Ensure that all non-aluminum hardware on the cabinet is stainless steel or a Department approved non-corrosive alternate.

Ensure the lifting eyes, gasket channels, police panel, and all supports welded to the enclosure and doors are fabricated from 0.125 inch minimum thickness aluminum sheet and meet the same standards as the cabinet and doors.

Provide front and rear doors with latching handles that allow padlocking in the closed position. Furnish 0.75 inch minimum diameter stainless steel handles with a minimum 0.5 inch shank. Place the padlocking attachment at 4.0 inches from the handle shank center to clear the lock and key. Provide an additional 4.0 inches minimum gripping length.

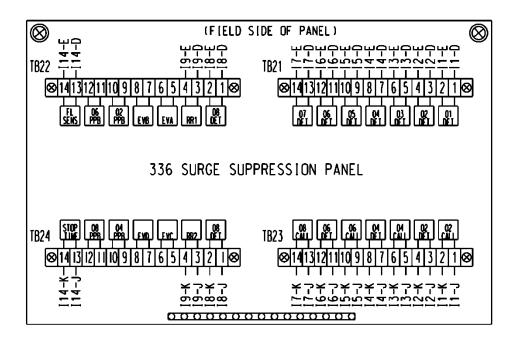
Provide Corbin #2 locks on the front and rear doors. Provide one (1) Corbin #2 and one (1) police master key with each cabinet. Ensure main door locks allow removal of keys in the locked position only.

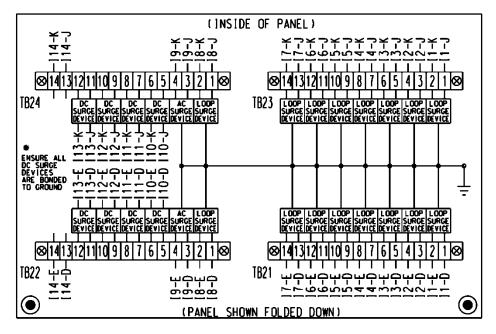
Provide a surge protection panel with 16 loop surge protection devices and designed to allow sufficient free space for wire connection/disconnection and surge protection device replacement. For model 332 cabinets, provide an additional 20 loop surge protection devices. Provide an additional two AC+ interconnect surge devices to protect one slot and eight DC surge protection devices to protect four slots. Provide no protection devices on slot I14.

For pole mounted cabinets, mount surge protection devices for the AC+ interconnect inputs, inductive loop detector inputs, and low voltage DC inputs on a swing down panel assembly fabricated from sturdy aluminum. Attach the swing down panel to the bottom rear cabinet rack assembly using thumb screws. Ensure the swing down panel allows for easy removal of the input file without removing the surge protection panel assembly or its parts. Have the surge protection devices mounted horizontally on the panel and soldered to the feed through terminals of four 14 position terminal blocks with #8 screws mounted on the other side. Ensure the top row of terminals is connected to the upper slots and the bottom row of terminals is connected to the bottom slots. Provide a 15 position copper equipment ground bus attached to the field terminal side (outside) of

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the swing down panel for termination of loop lead-in shield grounds. Ensure that a Number 4 AWG green wire connects the surge protection panel assembly ground bus to the main cabinet equipment ground.





For base mounted cabinets, mount surge protection panels on the left side of the cabinet as viewed from the rear. Attach each panel to the cabinet rack assembly using bolts and make it easily removable. Mount the surge protection devices in vertical rows on each panel and connect the

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devices to one side of 12 position, double row terminal blocks with #8 screws. For each surge protection panel, terminate all grounds from the surge protection devices on a copper equipment ground bus attached to the surge protection panel. Wire the terminals to the rear of a standard input file using spade lugs for input file protection.

Provide permanent labels that indicate the slot and the pins connected to each terminal that may be viewed from the rear cabinet door. Label and orient terminals so that each pair of inputs is next to each other. Indicate on the labeling the input file (I or J), the slot number (1-14) and the terminal pins of the input slots (either D & E for upper or J & K for lower).

Provide a minimum 14 x 16 inch pull out, hinged top shelf located immediately below controller mounting section of the cabinet. Ensure the shelf is designed to fully expose the table surface outside the controller at a height approximately even with the bottom of the controller. Ensure the shelf has a storage bin interior which is a minimum of 1 inch deep and approximately the same dimensions as the shelf. Provide an access to the storage area by lifting the hinged top of the shelf. Fabricate the shelf and slide from aluminum or stainless steel and ensure the assembly can support the 2070L controller plus 15 pounds of additional weight. Ensure shelf has a locking mechanism to secure it in the fully extended position and does not inhibit the removal of the 2070L controller or removal of cards inside the controller when fully extended. Provide a locking mechanism that is easily released when the shelf is to be returned to its non-use position directly under the controller.

#### D. Model 2018 Enhanced Conflict Monitor:

Furnish Model 2018 Enhanced Conflict Monitors that provide monitoring of 18 channels. Ensure each channel consists of a green, yellow, and red field signal input. Ensure that the conflict monitor meets or exceeds CALTRANS' Transportation Electrical Equipment Specifications dated March 12, 2009, with Erratum 1 (hereafter referred to as CALTRANS' 2009 TEES) for a model 210 monitor unit and other requirements stated in this specification.

Ensure the conflict monitor is provided with an 18 channel conflict programming card. Pin EE and Pin T of the conflict programming card shall be connected together. Pin 16 of the conflict programming card shall be floating. Ensure that the absence of the conflict programming card will cause the conflict monitor to trigger (enter into fault mode), and remain in the triggered state until the programming card is properly inserted and the conflict monitor is reset.

Provide a conflict monitor that incorporates LED indicators into the front panel to dynamically display the status of the monitor under normal conditions and to provide a comprehensive review of field inputs with monitor status under fault conditions. Ensure that the monitor indicates the channels that were active during a conflict condition and the channels that experienced a failure for all other per channel fault conditions detected. Ensure that these indications and the status of each channel are retained until the Conflict Monitor is reset. Furnish LED indicators for the following:

- AC Power (Green LED indicator)
- VDC Failed (Red LED indicator)
- WDT Error (Red LED indicator)
- Conflict (Red LED indicator)
- Red Fail (Red LED indicator)
- Dual Indication (Red LED indicator)

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- Yellow/Clearance Failure (Red LED indicator)
- PCA/PC Ajar (Red LED indicator)
- Monitor Fail/Diagnostic Failure (Red LED indicator)
- 54 Channel Status Indicators (1 Red, 1 Yellow, and 1 Green LED indicator for each of the 18 channels)

Provide a switch to set the Red Fail fault timing. Ensure that when the switch is in the ON position the Red Fail fault timing value is set to 1350 +/- 150 ms (2018 mode). Ensure that when the switch is in the OFF position the Red Fail fault timing value is set to 850 +/- 150 ms (210 mode).

Provide a switch to set the Watchdog fault timing. Ensure that when the switch is in the ON position the Watchdog fault timing value is set to  $1.0 \pm 0.1$  s (2018 mode). Ensure that when the switch is in the OFF position the Watchdog fault timing value is set to  $1.5 \pm 0.1$  s (210 mode).

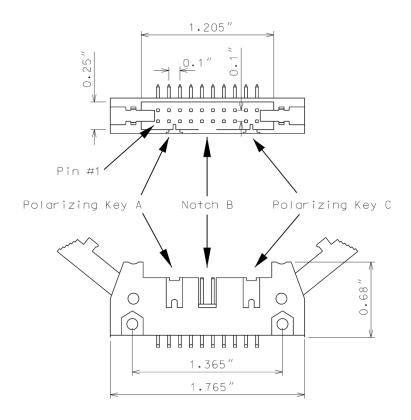
Provide a jumper or switch to set the AC line brown-out levels. Ensure that when the jumper is present or the switch is in the ON position the AC line dropout voltage threshold is 98 +/- 2 Vrms, the AC line restore voltage threshold is 103 +/- 2 Vrms, and the AC line brown-out timing value is set to 400 +/- 50ms (2018 mode). Ensure that when the jumper is not present or the switch is in the OFF position the AC line dropout voltage threshold is 92 +/- 2 Vrms, the AC line restore voltage threshold is 98 +/- 2 Vrms, and the AC line brown-out timing value is set to 80 +/- 17 ms (210 mode).

Provide a jumper or switch that will enable and disable the Watchdog Latch function. Ensure that when the jumper is not present or the switch is in the OFF position the Watchdog Latch function is disabled. In this mode of operation, a Watchdog fault will be reset following a power loss, brownout, or power interruption. Ensure that when the jumper is present or the switch is in the ON position the Watchdog Latch function is enabled. In this mode of operation, a Watchdog fault will be retained until a Reset command is issued.

Provide a jumper that will reverse the active polarity for pin #EE (output relay common). Ensure that when the jumper is not present pin #EE (output relay common) will be considered 'Active' at a voltage greater than 70 Vrms and 'Not Active' at a voltage less than 50 Vrms (Caltrans mode). Ensure that when the jumper is present pin #EE (output relay common) will be considered 'Active' at a voltage less than 50 Vrms and 'Not Active' at a voltage greater than 70 Vrms (Failsafe mode).

In addition to the connectors required by CALTRANS' 2009 TEES, provide the conflict monitor with a red interface connector mounted on the front of the monitor. Ensure the connector is a 20 pin, right angle, center polarized, male connector with latching clip locks and polarizing keys. Ensure the right angle solder tails are designed for a 0.062" thick printed circuit board. Keying of the connector shall be between pins 3 and 5, and between 17 and 19. Ensure the connector has two rows of pins with the odd numbered pins on one row and the even pins on the other row. Ensure the connector pin row spacing is 0.10" and pitch is 0.10". Ensure the mating length of the connector pins is 0.24". Ensure the pins are finished with gold plating  $30\mu$ " thick.

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Ensure the red interface connector pins on the monitor have the following functions:

| Pin # | Function       | Pin # | Function           |
|-------|----------------|-------|--------------------|
| 1     | Channel 15 Red | 2     | Channel 16 Red     |
| 3     | Channel 14 Red | 4     | Chassis Ground     |
| 5     | Channel 13 Red | 6     | Special Function 2 |
| 7     | Channel 12 Red | 8     | Special Function 1 |
| 9     | Channel 10 Red | 10    | Channel 11 Red     |
| 11    | Channel 9 Red  | 12    | Channel 8 Red      |
| 13    | Channel 7 Red  | 14    | Channel 6 Red      |
| 15    | Channel 5 Red  | 16    | Channel 4 Red      |
| 17    | Channel 3 Red  | 18    | Channel 2 Red      |
| 19    | Channel 1 Red  | 20    | Red Enable         |

Ensure that removal of the P20 cable connector will cause the conflict monitor to recognize a latching fault condition and place the cabinet into flashing operation.

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Provide Special Function 1 and Special Function 2 inputs to the unit which shall disable only Red Fail Monitoring when either input is sensed active. A Special Function input shall be sensed active when the input voltage exceeds 70 Vrms with a minimum duration of 550 ms. A Special Function input shall be sensed not active when the input voltage is less than 50 Vrms or the duration is less than 250 ms. A Special Function input is undefined by these specifications and may or may not be sensed active when the input voltage is between 50 Vrms and 70 Vrms or the duration is between 250 ms and 550 ms.

Ensure the conflict monitor recognizes field signal inputs for each channel that meet the following requirements:

- consider a Red input greater than 70 Vrms and with a duration of at least 500 ms as an "on" condition;
- consider a Red input less than 50 Vrms or with a duration of less than 200 ms as an "off" condition (no valid signal);
- consider a Red input between 50 Vrms and 70 Vrms or with a duration between 200 ms and 500 ms to be undefined by these specifications;
- consider a Green or Yellow input greater than 25 Vrms and with a duration of at least 500 ms as an "on" condition;
- consider a Green or Yellow input less than 15 Vrms or with a duration of less than 200 ms as an "off" condition; and
- consider a Green or Yellow input between 15 Vrms and 25 Vrms or with a duration between 200 ms and 500 ms to be undefined by these specifications.

Provide a conflict monitor that recognizes the faults specified by CALTRANS' 2009 TEES and the following additional faults. Ensure the conflict monitor will trigger upon detection of a fault and will remain in the triggered (in fault mode) state until the unit is reset at the front panel or through the external remote reset input for the following failures:

- 1. **Red Monitoring or Absence of Any Indication (Red Failure):** A condition in which no "on" voltage signal is detected on any of the green, yellow, or red inputs to a given monitor channel. If a signal is not detected on at least one input (R, Y, or G) of a conflict monitor channel for a period greater than 1000 ms when used with a 170 controller and 1500 ms when used with a 2070 controller, ensure monitor will trigger and put the intersection into flash. If the absence of any indication condition lasts less than 700 ms when used with a 170 controller and 1200 ms when used with a 2070 controller, ensure conflict monitor will not trigger. Red fail monitoring shall be enabled on a per channel basis by the use of switches located on the conflict monitor. Have red monitoring occur when all of the following input conditions are in effect:
  - a) Red Enable input to monitor is active (Red Enable voltages are "on" at greater than 70 Vrms, off at less than 50 Vrms, undefined between 50 and 70 Vrms), and
  - b) Neither Special Function 1 nor Special Function 2 inputs are active.

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- c) Pin #EE (output relay common) is not active
- 2. Short/Missing Yellow Indication Fault (Clearance Error): Yellow indication following a green is missing or shorter than 2.7 seconds (with ± 0.1-second accuracy). If a channel fails to detect an "on" signal at the Yellow input for a minimum of 2.7 seconds (± 0.1 second) following the detection of an "on" signal at a Green input for that channel, ensure that the monitor triggers and generates a clearance/short yellow error fault indication. Short/missing yellow (clearance) monitoring shall be enabled on a per channel basis by the use of switches located on the conflict monitor. This fault shall not occur when the channel is programmed for Yellow Inhibit, when the Red Enable signal is inactive or pin #EE (output relay common) is active.
- 3. **Dual Indications on the Same Channel:** In this condition, more than one indication (R,Y,G) is detected as "on" at the same time on the same channel. If dual indications are detected for a period greater than 500 ms, ensure that the conflict monitor triggers and displays the proper failure indication (Dual Ind fault). If this condition is detected for less than 200 ms, ensure that the monitor does not trigger. G-Y-R dual indication monitoring shall be enabled on a per channel basis by the use of switches located on the conflict monitor. G-Y dual indication monitoring shall be enabled for all channels by use of a switch located on the conflict monitor. This fault shall not occur when the Red Enable signal is inactive or pin #EE (output relay common) is active.
- 4. **Configuration Settings Change:** The configuration settings are comprised of (as a minimum) the permissive diode matrix, dual indication switches, yellow disable jumpers, any option switches, any option jumpers, and the Watchdog Enable switch. Ensure the conflict monitor compares the current configuration settings with the previous stored configuration settings on power-up, on reset, and periodically during operation. If any of the configuration settings are changed, ensure that the conflict monitor triggers and causes the program card indicator to flash. Ensure that configuration change faults are only reset by depressing and holding the front panel reset button for a minimum of three seconds. Ensure the external remote reset input does not reset configuration change faults.

Ensure the conflict monitor will trigger and the AC Power indicator will flash at a rate of  $2 \text{ Hz} \pm 20\%$  with a 50% duty cycle when the AC Line voltage falls below the "drop-out" level. Ensure the conflict monitor will resume normal operation when the AC Line voltage returns above the "restore" level. Ensure the AC Power indicator will remain illuminated when the AC voltage returns above the "restore" level. Should an AC Line power interruption occur while the monitor is in the fault mode, then upon restoration of AC Line power, the monitor will remain in the fault mode and the correct fault and channel indicators will be displayed.

Provide a flash interval of at least 6 seconds and at most 10 seconds in duration following a power-up, an AC Line interruption, or a brownout restore. Ensure the conflict monitor will suspend all fault monitoring functions, close the Output relay contacts, and flash the AC indicator at a rate of  $4 \text{ Hz} \pm 20\%$  with a 50% duty cycle during this interval. Ensure the termination of the flash interval after at least 6 seconds if the Watchdog input has made 5 transitions between the True and False state and the AC Line voltage is greater than the "restore" level. If the watchdog input has not made

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5 transitions between the True and False state within  $10 \pm 0.5$  seconds, the monitor shall enter a WDT error fault condition.

Ensure the conflict monitor will monitor an intersection with a minimum of four approaches using the four-section Flashing Yellow Arrow (FYA) vehicle traffic signal as outlined by the NCHRP 3-54 research project for protected-permissive left turn signal displays. Ensure the conflict monitor will operate in the FYA mode and FYAc (Compact) mode as specified below to monitor each channel pair for the following fault conditions: Conflict, Flash Rate Detection, Red Fail, Dual Indication, and Clearance. Provide a switch to select between the FYA mode and FYAc mode. Provide a switch to select each FYA phase movement for monitoring.

#### FYA mode

| FYA Signal<br>Head          | Phase 1             | Phase 3              | Phase 5              | Phase 7              |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Red Arrow                   | Channel 9 Red       | Channel 10 Red       | Channel 11 Red       | Channel 12 Red       |
| Yellow<br>Arrow             | Channel 9<br>Yellow | Channel 10<br>Yellow | Channel 11<br>Yellow | Channel 12<br>Yellow |
| Flashing<br>Yellow<br>Arrow | Channel 9<br>Green  | Channel 10<br>Green  | Channel 11<br>Green  | Channel 12<br>Green  |
| Green<br>Arrow              | Channel 1<br>Green  | Channel 3 Green      | Channel 5 Green      | Channel 7 Green      |

## FYAc mode

| FYA Signal<br>Head          | Phase 1             | Phase 3             | Phase 5             | Phase 7              |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| Red Arrow                   | Channel 1 Red       | Channel 3 Red       | Channel 5 Red       | Channel 7 Red        |
| Yellow<br>Arrow             | Channel 1<br>Yellow | Channel 3<br>Yellow | Channel 5<br>Yellow | Channel 7<br>Yellow  |
| Flashing<br>Yellow<br>Arrow | Channel 1<br>Green  | Channel 3 Green     | Channel 5 Green     | Channel 7 Green      |
| Green<br>Arrow              | Channel 9<br>Green  | Channel 9<br>Yellow | Channel 10<br>Green | Channel 10<br>Yellow |

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If a FYA channel pair is enabled for FYA operation, the conflict monitor will monitor the FYA logical channel pair for the additional following conditions:

- 1. **Conflict:** Channel conflicts are detected based on the permissive programming jumpers on the program card. This operation remains unchanged from normal operation except for the solid Yellow arrow (FYA clearance) signal.
- 2. Yellow Change Interval Conflict: During the Yellow change interval of the Permissive Turn channel (flashing Yellow arrow) the conflict monitor shall verify that no conflicting channels to the solid Yellow arrow channel (clearance) are active. These conflicting channels shall be determined by the program card compatibility programming of the Permissive Turn channel (flashing Yellow arrow). During the Yellow change interval of the Protected Turn channel (solid Green arrow) the conflict monitor shall verify that no conflicting channels to the solid Yellow arrow channel (clearance) are active as determined by the program card compatibility programming of the Protected Turn channel (solid Green arrow).
- 3. Flash Rate Detection: The conflict monitor unit shall monitor for the absence of a valid flash rate for the Permissive turn channel (flashing Yellow arrow). If the Permissive turn channel (flashing Yellow arrow) is active for a period greater than 1600 milliseconds, ensure the conflict monitor triggers and puts the intersection into flash. If the Permissive turn channel (flashing Yellow arrow) is active for a period less than 1400 milliseconds, ensure the conflict monitor does not trigger. Ensure the conflict monitor will remain in the triggered (in fault mode) state until the unit is reset at the front panel or through the external remote reset input. Provide a jumper or switch that will enable and disable the Flash Rate Detection function. Ensure that when the jumper is not present or the switch is in the OFF position the Flash Rate Detection function is enabled. Ensure that when the jumper is present or the switch is in the ON position the Flash Rate Detection function is disabled.
- 4. **Red Monitoring or Absence of Any Indication (Red Failure):** The conflict monitor unit shall detect a red failure if there is an absence of voltage on all four of the inputs of a FYA channel pair (RA, YA, FYA, GA).
- 5. **Dual Indications on the Same Channel:** The conflict monitor unit shall detect a dual indication if two or more inputs of a FYA channel pair (RA, YA, FYA, GA) are "on" at the same time.
- 6. **Short/Missing Yellow Indication Fault (Clearance Error):** The conflict monitor unit shall monitor the solid Yellow arrow for a clearance fault when terminating both the Protected Turn channel (solid Green arrow) interval and the Permissive Turn channel (flashing Yellow arrow) interval.

Ensure that the conflict monitor will log at least nine of the most recent events detected by the monitor in non-volatile EEPROM memory (or equivalent). For each event, record at a minimum the time, date, type of event, status of each field signal indication with RMS voltage, and specific channels involved with the event. Ensure the conflict monitor will log the following events: monitor reset, configuration, previous fault, and AC line. Furnish the signal sequence log that shows all channel states (Greens, Yellows, and Reds) and the Red Enable State for a minimum of 2 seconds prior to the current fault trigger point. Ensure the display resolution of the inputs for the signal sequence log is not greater than 50 ms.

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For conflict monitors used within an Ethernet communications system, provide a conflict monitor with an Ethernet 10/100 Mbps, RJ-45 port for data communication access to the monitor by a local notebook computer and remotely via a workstation or notebook computer device connected to the signal system local area network. The Ethernet port shall be electrically isolated from the conflict monitor's electronics and shall provide a minimum of 1500 Vrms isolation. Integrate monitor with Ethernet network in cabinet. Provide software to retrieve the time and date from a network server in order to synchronize the on-board times between the conflict monitor and the controller. Furnish and install the following Windows based, graphic user interface software on workstations and notebook computers where the signal system client software is installed: 1) software to view and retrieve all event log information, 2) software that will search and display a list of conflict monitor IP addresses and IDs on the network, and 3) software to change the conflict monitor's network parameters such as IP address and subnet mask.

For non-Ethernet connected monitors, provide a RS-232C/D compliant port (DB-9 female connector) on the front panel of the conflict monitor in order to provide communications from the conflict monitor to the 170/2070 controller or to a Department-furnished laptop computer. Electrically isolate the port interface electronics from all monitor electronics, excluding Chassis Ground. Ensure that the controller can receive all event log information through a controller Asynchronous Communications Interface Adapter (Type 170E) or Async Serial Comm Module (2070). Furnish and connect a serial cable from the conflict monitor's DB-9 connector to Comm Port 1 of the 2070 controller. Ensure conflict monitor communicates with the controller. Provide a Windows based graphic user interface software to communicate directly through the same monitor RS-232C/D compliant port to retrieve and view all event log information to a Department-furnished laptop computer. The RS-232C/D compliant port on the monitor shall allow the monitor to function as a DCE device with pin connections as follows:

| Conflict Monitor RS-232C/D (DB-9 Female) Pinout |          |     |  |  |  |
|---|----------|-----|--|--|--|
| Pin Number                                      | Function | I/O |  |  |  |
| 1   | DCD      | 0   |  |  |  |
| 2   | TX Data  | О   |  |  |  |
| 3   | RX Data  | I   |  |  |  |
| 4   | DTR      | I   |  |  |  |
| 5   | Ground   | -   |  |  |  |
| 6   | DSR      | О   |  |  |  |
| 7   | CTS      | I   |  |  |  |
| 8   | RTS      | О   |  |  |  |
| 9   | NC       | -   |  |  |  |

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|       | MONITOR BOARD EDGE CONNECTOR |       |                             |  |  |  |
|-------|------------------------------|-------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Pin # | Function (Back Side)         | Pin # | Function (Component Side)   |  |  |  |
| 1     | Channel 2 Green              | A     | Channel 2 Yellow            |  |  |  |
| 2     | Channel 13 Green             | В     | Channel 6 Green             |  |  |  |
| 3     | Channel 6 Yellow             | C     | Channel 15 Green            |  |  |  |
| 4     | Channel 4 Green              | D     | Channel 4 Yellow            |  |  |  |
| 5     | Channel 14 Green             | E     | Channel 8 Green             |  |  |  |
| 6     | Channel 8 Yellow             | F     | Channel 16 Green            |  |  |  |
| 7     | Channel 5 Green              | Н     | Channel 5 Yellow            |  |  |  |
| 8     | Channel 13 Yellow            | J     | Channel 1 Green             |  |  |  |
| 9     | Channel 1 Yellow             | K     | Channel 15 Yellow           |  |  |  |
| 10    | Channel 7 Green              | L     | Channel 7 Yellow            |  |  |  |
| 11    | Channel 14 Yellow            | M     | Channel 3 Green             |  |  |  |
| 12    | Channel 3 Yellow             | N     | Channel 16 Yellow           |  |  |  |
| 13    | Channel 9 Green              | P     | Channel 17 Yellow           |  |  |  |
| 14    | Channel 17 Green             | R     | Channel 10 Green            |  |  |  |
| 15    | Channel 11 Yellow            | S     | Channel 11 Green            |  |  |  |
| 16    | Channel 9 Yellow             | T     | Channel 18 Yellow           |  |  |  |
| 17    | Channel 18 Green             | U     | Channel 10 Yellow           |  |  |  |
|       |                              |       |                             |  |  |  |
| 18    | Channel 12 Yellow            | V     | Channel 12 Green            |  |  |  |
| 19    | Channel 17 Red               | W     | Channel 18 Red              |  |  |  |
| 20    | Chassis Ground               | X     | Not Assigned                |  |  |  |
| 21    | AC-                          | Y     | DC Common                   |  |  |  |
| 22    | Watchdog Timer               | Z     | External Test Reset         |  |  |  |
| 23    | +24VDC                       | AA    | +24VDC                      |  |  |  |
| 24    | Tied to Pin 25               | BB    | Stop Time (Output)          |  |  |  |
| 25    | Tied to Pin 24               | CC    | Not Assigned                |  |  |  |
| 26    | Not Assigned                 | DD    | Not Assigned                |  |  |  |
| 27    | Relay Output, Side #3, N.O.  | EE    | Relay Output,Side #2,Common |  |  |  |

FF

AC+

Relay Output, Side #1, N.C.

28

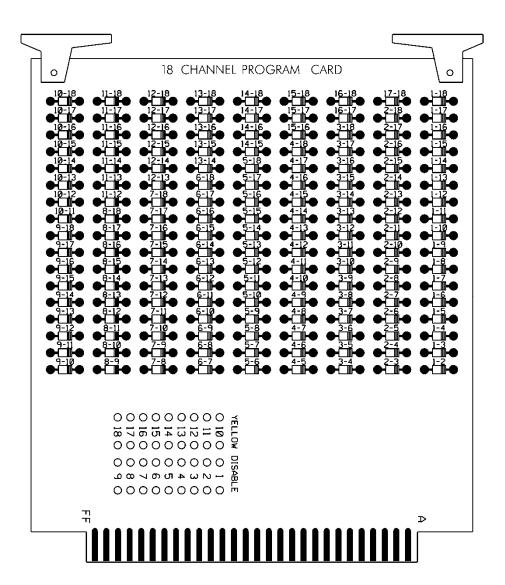
<sup>--</sup> Slotted for keying between Pins 17/U and 18/V

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| CONFLICT PROGRAM CARD PIN ASSIGNMENTS |                       |       |                              |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Pin #                                 | Function (Back Side)  | Pin # | Function (Component<br>Side) |  |  |  |
| 1                                     | Channel 2 Green       | A     | Channel 1 Green              |  |  |  |
| 2                                     | Channel 3 Green       | В     | Channel 2 Green              |  |  |  |
| 3                                     | Channel 4 Green       | C     | Channel 3 Green              |  |  |  |
| 4                                     | Channel 5 Green       | D     | Channel 4 Green              |  |  |  |
| 5                                     | Channel 6 Green       | E     | Channel 5 Green              |  |  |  |
| 6                                     | Channel 7 Green       | F     | Channel 6 Green              |  |  |  |
| 7                                     | Channel 8 Green       | Н     | Channel 7 Green              |  |  |  |
| 8                                     | Channel 9 Green       | J     | Channel 8 Green              |  |  |  |
| 9                                     | Channel 10 Green      | K     | Channel 9 Green              |  |  |  |
| 10                                    | Channel 11 Green      | L     | Channel 10 Green             |  |  |  |
| 11                                    | Channel 12 Green      | M     | Channel 11 Green             |  |  |  |
| 12                                    | Channel 13 Green      | N     | Channel 12 Green             |  |  |  |
| 13                                    | Channel 14 Green      | P     | Channel 13 Green             |  |  |  |
| 14                                    | Channel 15 Green      | R     | Channel 14 Green             |  |  |  |
| 15                                    | Channel 16 Green      | S     | Channel 15 Green             |  |  |  |
| 16                                    | N/C                   | T     | PC AJAR                      |  |  |  |
| 17                                    | Channel 1 Yellow      | U     | Channel 9 Yellow             |  |  |  |
| 18                                    | Channel 2 Yellow      | V     | Channel 10 Yellow            |  |  |  |
| 19                                    | Channel 3 Yellow      | W     | Channel 11 Yellow            |  |  |  |
| 20                                    | Channel 4 Yellow      | X     | Channel 12 Yellow            |  |  |  |
| 21                                    | Channel 5 Yellow      | Y     | Channel 13 Yellow            |  |  |  |
| 22                                    | Channel 6 Yellow      | Z     | Channel 14 Yellow            |  |  |  |
| 23                                    | Channel 7 Yellow      | AA    | Channel 15 Yellow            |  |  |  |
| 24                                    | Channel 8 Yellow      | BB    | Channel 16 Yellow            |  |  |  |
|                                       |                       |       |                              |  |  |  |
| 25                                    | Channel 17 Green      | CC    | Channel 17 Yellow            |  |  |  |
| 26                                    | Channel 18 Green      | DD    | Channel 18 Yellow            |  |  |  |
| 27                                    | Channel 16 Green      | EE    | PC AJAR (Program Card)       |  |  |  |
| 28                                    | Yellow Inhibit Common | FF    | Channel 17 Green             |  |  |  |

<sup>--</sup> Slotted for keying between Pins 24/BB and 25/CC

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#### 3.3. MATERIALS – TYPE 170 DETECTOR SENSOR UNITS

Furnish detector sensor units that comply with Chapter 5 Section 1, "General Requirements," and Chapter 5 Section 2, "Model 222 & 224 Loop Detector Sensor Unit Requirements," of the CALTRANS "Transportation Electrical Equipment Specifications" dated March 12, 2009 with Erratum 1.

#### 3.4. MATERIALS – TYPE 2070E CONTROLLERS

Furnish model 2070E controller units that conform to CALTRANS *Transportation Electrical Equipment Specifications* (TEES) (dated March 12, 2009, plus Errata 1 dated January 21, 2010 and Errata 2 dated December 5, 2014) except as required herein.

The Department will provide software at the beginning of the burning-in period. Contractor shall give 5 working days notice before needing software. Program software provided by the Department.

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Provide model 2070E controllers with OS-9 release 1.3.1 or later with kernel edition #380 or later operating software and device drivers, composed of the unit chassis and at a minimum the following modules and assemblies:

- MODEL 2070-1E, CPU Module, Single Board, with 8Mb Datakey (blue in color)
- MODEL 2070-2E+, Field I/O Module (FI/O)
  - Note: Configure the Field I/O Module to disable both the External WDT Shunt/Toggle Switch and SP3 (SP3 active indicator is "off")
- MODEL 2070-3B, Front Panel Module (FP), Display B (8x40)
- MODEL 2070-4A, Power Supply Module, 10 AMP
- MODEL 2070-7A, Async Serial Com Module (9-pin RS-232)

Provide a Board Support Package (BSP) to the state and to any specified applications software manufacturer when requested by the state to facilitate the porting of application software.

#### 4. VIDEO IMAGING LOOP EMULATOR DETECTOR SYSTEMS

#### 4.1. DESCRIPTION

Design, furnish, provide training, and install video imaging loop emulator detection systems with all necessary hardware in accordance with the plans and specifications.

Unless otherwise specified in the contract, all loop emulator detection equipment will remain the property of the contractor.

#### 4.2. MATERIALS

#### A. General:

Material and equipment furnished under this section must be pre-approved on the Department's QPL by the date of installation except miscellaneous hardware such as cables and mounting hardware do not need to be pre-approved.

Used equipment will be acceptable provided the following conditions have been met:

- Equipment is listed on the current QPL.
- Equipment is in good working condition.
- Equipment is to remain the property of the contractor.

Ensure that software is licensed for use by the Department and by any other agency responsible for maintaining or operating the loop emulation system. Provide the Department with a license to duplicate and distribute the software as necessary for design and maintenance support.

Design and furnish video imaging loop emulator detection systems that detect vehicles at signalized intersections by processing video images and providing detection outputs to the signal controller in real time (within 112 milliseconds of vehicle arrival).

Furnish all required camera sensor units, loop emulator processor units, hardware and software packages, cabling, poles, mast arms, harnesses, camera mounting assemblies, surge protection panels, grounding systems, messenger cable and all necessary hardware. Furnish systems that allow the display of detection zones superimposed on an image of the roadway on a Department-furnished

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monitor or laptop computer screen. Ensure detection zones can be defined and data entered using a simple keyboard or mouse and monitor, or using a laptop PC with software.

Provide design drawings showing design details and camera sensor unit locations for review and acceptance before installation. Provide mounting height and location requirements for camera sensor units on the design based on site survey. Design video imaging loop emulator detection systems with all necessary hardware. Indicate all necessary poles, spans, mast arms, luminaire arms, cables, camera mounting assemblies and hardware to achieve the required detection zones where Department owned poles are not adequate to locate the camera sensor units. Do not design for the installation of poles in medians.

Obtain the Engineer's approval before furnishing video imaging loop emulator detection systems. The contractor is responsible for the final design of video imaging loop emulator detection systems. Review and acceptance of the designs by the Department does not relieve the contractor from the responsibility to provide fully functional systems and to ensure that the required detection zones can be provided.

Provide the ability to program each detection call (input to the controller) with the following functions:

- Full Time Delay Delay timer is active continuously,
- Normal Delay Delay timer is inhibited when assigned phase is green (except when used with TS 2 and 170/2070L controllers),
- Extend Call is extended for this amount of time after vehicle leaves detection area,
- Delay Call/Extend Call This feature uses a combination of full time delay and extend time on the same detection call. Ensure operation is as follows: Vehicle calls are received after the delay timer times out. When a call is detected, it is held until the detection area is empty and the programmed extend time expires. If another vehicle enters the detection area before the extend timer times out, the call is held and the extend time is reset. When the extend timer times out, the delay timer has to expire before another vehicle call can be received.

Provide the ability to program each detection zone as one of the following functions:

- Presence detector,
- Directional presence detector,
- Pulse detector,
- Directional pulse detector.

Ensure previously defined detector zones and configurations can be edited.

Provide each individual system with all the necessary equipment to focus and zoom the camera lenses without the need to enter the camera enclosure.

Provide systems that allow for the placement of at least 8 detection zones within the combined field of view of a single camera sensor unit. Provide a minimum of 8 detection outputs per camera.

Provide detection zones that can be overlapped. Ensure systems reliably detect vehicles when the horizontal distance from the camera sensor unit to the detection zone area is less than ten times the mounting height of the sensor. Ensure systems detect vehicles in multiple travel lanes.

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Ensure systems can detect vehicle presence within a 98 to 102 percent accuracy (up to 2 percent of the vehicles missed and up to 2 percent of false detection) for clear, dry, daylight conditions, a 96 to 105 percent accuracy (up to 4 percent of the vehicles missed and up to 5 percent false detection) for dawn and dusk conditions, and a 96 percent accuracy (up to 4 percent of the vehicles missed) for night and adverse conditions (fog, snow, rain, etc.) using standard sensor optics and in the absence of occlusion.

Repair and replace all failed components within 72 hours.

The Department may conduct field-testing to ensure the accuracy of completed video imaging loop emulator detection systems.

## **B.** Loop Emulator System:

Furnish loop emulator systems that receive and simultaneously process information from camera sensor units, and provides detector outputs to signal controllers.

Ensure systems provide the following:

- Operate in a typical roadside environment and meet the environmental specifications and are fully compatible with NEMA TS 1, NEMA TS 2, or Type 170/2070L controllers and cabinets,
- provide a "fail-safe" mode whereby failure of one or more of the camera sensor units or power failure of the loop emulator system will cause constant calls to be placed on the affected vehicle detection outputs to the signal controller,
- provide compensation for minor camera movement of up to 2 percent of the field of view at 400 feet without falsely detecting vehicles,
- process the video at a minimum rate of 30 times per second,
- provide separate wired connectors inside the controller cabinet for video recording each camera,
- provide remote video monitoring with a minimum refresh rate at 1 frame per second over a standard dial-up telephone line,
- provide remote video detection monitoring.

Furnish camera sensor units that comply with the following:

- have an output signal conforming to EIA RS-170 standard,
- have a nominal output impedance of 75 ohms,
- be immune to bright light sources, or have built in circuitry or protective devices to prevent damage to the sensor when pointed directly at strong light sources,
- be housed in a light colored environmental enclosure that is water proof and dust tight, and that conforms to NEMA-4 specifications or better,
- simultaneously monitor at least five travel lanes when placed at the proper mounting location with a zoom lens,
- have a sunshield attached to the environmental enclosure to minimize solar heating,

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- meet FCC class B requirements for electromagnetic interference emissions,
- have a heater attached to the viewing window of the environmental enclosure to prevent ice and condensation in cold weather.

Where coaxial video cables and other cables are required between the camera sensor and other components located in the controller cabinet, furnish surge protection in the controller cabinet.

If furnishing coaxial communications cable comply with the following, as recommended by the approved loop emulator manufacturer:

- Number 20 AWG, solid bare copper conductor terminated with crimped-on BNC connectors (do not use BNC adapters) from the camera sensor to the signal controller cabinet.
- Number 22 AWG, stranded bare copper conductor terminated with crimped-on BNC connectors (do not use BNC adapters) from the camera sensor unit to the junction box, and within the signal controller cabinet.

Furnish power cable appropriately sized to meet the power requirements of the sensors. At a minimum, provide three conductor 120 VAC field power cable.

As determined during the site survey, furnish sensor junction boxes with nominal 6 x 10 x 6 inches dimensions at each sensor location. Provide terminal blocks and tie points for coaxial cable.

## C. Video Imaging Loop Emulator System Support:

Furnish video imaging loop emulator systems with either a simple keyboard or a mouse with monitor and appropriate software, or with system software for use on department-owned laptop PCs. Ensure the system is Windows 2000 and Windows XP compatible.

Provide Windows 2000 and Windows XP compatible personal computer software, if needed, to provide remote video and video detection monitoring.

Ensure systems allow the user to edit previously defined detector configurations. When a vehicle is within a detection zone, provide for a change in color or intensity of the detection zone perimeter or other appropriate display changes on the Department-furnished monitor or laptop computer screen.

Provide cabling and interconnection hardware with 6-foot minimum length interconnection cable to interface with the system.

Provide all associated equipment manuals and documentation.

#### 4.3. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

Arrange and conduct site surveys with the system manufacturer's representative and Department personnel to determine proper camera sensor unit selection and placement. Provide the Department at least 3 working days notice before conducting site surveys. Upon completion of the site surveys the Department will provide revised plans reflecting the findings of the site survey.

Before beginning work at locations requiring video imaging loop emulator detection systems, furnish system software. Upon activation of detection zones, provide detector configuration files. Ensure that up-to-date detection configuration files are furnished for various detection zone configurations that may be required for construction phasing.

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Place into operation loop emulator detection systems. Configure loop emulator detection systems to achieve required detection in designated zones. Have a certified manufacturer's representative on site to supervise and assist with installation, set up, and testing of the system.

Install the necessary processing and communications equipment in the signal controller cabinet. Make all necessary modifications to install equipment, cabling harnesses, and camera sensor interface panels with surge suppression.

Perform modifications to camera sensor unit gain, sensitivity, and iris limits necessary to complete the installation.

Do not install camera sensor units on signal poles unless approved by the Engineer.

Install the necessary cables from each sensor to the signal controller cabinet along signal cabling routes. Install surge protection and terminate all cable conductors.

Relocate camera sensor units and reconfigure detection zones as necessary according to the plans for construction phases.

Provide at least 8 hours of training on the set up, operation, troubleshooting, and maintenance of the loop emulator detection system to a maximum of ten Department personnel. Arrange for training to be conducted by the manufacturer's representative at an approved site within the Division responsible for administration of the project. Thirty days before conducting training submit a detailed course curriculum, draft manuals and materials, and resumes. Obtain approval of the submittal before conducting the training. At least one week before beginning training, provide three sets of complete documentation necessary to maintain and operate the system. Do not perform training until installation of loop emulator detection systems is complete.

#### 4.4. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Actual number of site surveys, arranged, conducted, and accepted.

Actual number of luminaire arms for video systems furnished, installed, and accepted.

Actual number of cameras without internal loop emulator processing units furnished, installed, and accepted.

Actual number of external loop emulator processing units furnished, installed, and accepted.

Actual number of camera sensor units relocated with detection zones reconfigured installed and accepted.

No measurement will be made of video imaging loop emulator system support or training, power and video cables, and trenching as these items will be considered incidental to furnishing and installing video imaging loop emulator detection systems.

Payment will be made under:

| Site Survey   | Each |
|---|------|
| Luminaire Arm for Video System                        |      |
| Camera without Internal Loop Emulator Processing Unit |      |
| External Loop Emulator Processing Unit                |      |
| Relocate Camera Sensor Unit                           |      |

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#### 5. MICROWAVE VEHICLE DETECTION SYSTEM – MULTIPLE DETECTION ZONES

#### 5.1. DESCRIPTION

Design, furnish and install a microwave vehicle detection system with the manufacturer recommended cables and hardware in accordance to the plans and specifications. Ensure the detection system provides multiple detection zones.

#### 5.2. MATERIALS

Provide design drawings showing design details and microwave sensor locations for review and acceptance before installation. Provide mounting height and location requirements for microwave sensor units on the design based on a site survey. Design microwave vehicle detection system with all necessary hardware. Indicate all necessary poles, spans, mast arms, luminaire arms, cables, microwave sensor mounting assemblies and hardware to achieve the required detection zones where Department owned poles are not adequate to locate the microwave sensor units. Do not design for the installation of poles in medians.

Obtain the Engineer's approval before furnishing microwave vehicle detection system. The contractor is responsible for the final design of microwave vehicle detection system. Review and acceptance of the designs by the Department does not relieve the contractor from the responsibility to provide fully functional systems and to ensure that the required detection zones can be provided. With the exception of contractor-furnished poles, mast arms, and luminaire arms, furnish material, equipment, and hardware under this section that is pre-approved on the ITS and Signals QPL. Submit and obtain Engineer's approval of shop drawings for any poles, mast arms, and luminaire arms provided by the contractor prior to ordering from manufacturer.

Provide a detector for either side-fire or forward-fire configuration. Ensure the detector will detect vehicles in sunny, cloudy, rainy, snowy, and foggy weather conditions. Ensure the detector can operate from the voltage supplied by a NEMA TS-1/TS-2 or Type 332 or 336 traffic signal cabinet. Ensure the detector can provide detection calls to the traffic signal controller within a NEMA TS-1/TS-2 or Type 332 or 336 cabinet. Ensure the detection system provides a constant call in the event of a component failure or loss of power. Ensure the detector has an operating temperature range of -30 to 165 degrees F and operates within the frequency range of 10 to 25 GHz. Ensure the detector is provided with a water-tight housing offering NEMA 4X protection and operates properly in up to 95% relative humidity, non-condensing.

Provide each detector unit to allow the placement of at least 8 detection zones with a minimum of 8 detection channel outputs. When the microwave vehicle detection system requires an integrated card rack interface(s), provide only enough interface cards to implement the vehicle detection shown on the signal plans. Provide a means acceptable to the Engineer to configure traffic lanes and detection zones. Provide each channel output with a programmable means to delay the output call upon activation of a detection zone that is adjustable in one second increments (maximum) over the range of 0 to 25 seconds. Provide each channel output with a programmable means to extend the output call that is adjustable in one second increments (maximum) over the range of 0 to 25 seconds. Ensure both delay and extend timing can be set for the same channel output.

For advance detection system, ensure the detector senses vehicles in motion at a range of 50 to 400 feet from the detector unit for forward-fire configuration and a range of 50 to 200 feet from the detector unit for side-fire configuration with an accuracy of 95% for both configurations. Ensure the advance detection system provides each channel output call of at least 100 ms in duration.

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For stop bar presence detection system, ensure the detector outputs a constant call while a vehicle is in the detection zone and removes the call after all vehicles exit the detection zone. Ensure the presence detector unit can cover a detection zone as shown on the plans and has an effective range of 10 to 120 feet from the detector unit.

For units without an integrated card rack interface, provide Form C output relay contacts rated a minimum of 3A, 24VDC.

If a laptop is used to adjust detector settings, ensure that software is licensed for use by the Department and by any other agency responsible for maintaining or operating the microwave detection system. Provide the Department with a license to duplicate and distribute the software as necessary for design and maintenance support.

After initial detector configuration and installation, ensure routine adjustments or calibration are not needed to maintain acceptable performance.

#### 5.3. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

Install the microwave vehicle detection system in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

Monitor and maintain each detector unit during construction to ensure microwave vehicle detection system is functioning properly and aimed for the detection zone shown in the plans. Refer to Subarticle 1700-3 (D) Maintenance and Repair of Materials of the *Standard Specifications* for failure to maintain the microwave detection system.

#### 5.4. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Actual number of microwave vehicle detection systems – multiple zones furnished, installed, and accepted.

No measurement will be made of cables or hardware, as these will be considered incidental to furnishing and installing microwave vehicle detection systems.

Payment will be made under:

Microwave Vehicle Detection System – Multiple Zones ...... Each

#### 6. TRAFFIC SIGNAL SUPPORTS

#### 6.1. METAL TRAFFIC SIGNAL SUPPORTS – ALL POLES

#### A. General:

Furnish and install metal strain poles and metal poles with mast arms, grounding systems, and all necessary hardware. The work covered by this special provision includes requirements for the design, fabrication, and installation of both standard and custom/site specifically designed metal traffic signal supports and associated foundations.

Provide metal traffic signal support systems that contain no guy assemblies, struts, or stay braces. Provide designs of completed assemblies with hardware that equals or exceeds AASHTO *Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals* 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2013 (hereafter called 6<sup>th</sup> Edition AASHTO), including the latest interim specifications. Provide assemblies with a round or near-round (18 sides or more) cross-section, or a multi sided cross section with no less than six sides. The sides may be straight, convex, or concave.

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Pole heights shown on signal plans are estimated from available data for bid purposes. Prior to furnishing metal signal poles, use field measurements and adjusted cross-sections to determine whether pole heights are sufficient to obtain required clearances. If pole heights are not sufficient, the Contractor should immediately notify the Engineer of the required revised pole heights.

Ensure that metal signal poles permit cables to be installed inside poles and any required mast arms. For holes in the poles and arms used to accommodate cables, provide full-circumference grommets. Arm flange plate wire access holes should be deburred, non grommeted, and oversized to fit around the 2" diameter grommeted shaft flange plate wire access hole.

After fabrication, have steel poles, required mast arms, and all parts used in the assembly hot-dip galvanized per section 1076. Design structural assemblies with weep holes large enough and properly located to drain molten zinc during the galvanization process. Provide hot-dip galvanizing on structures that meets or exceeds ASTM Standard A-123. Provide galvanizing on hardware that meets or exceeds ASTM Standard A-153. Ensure that threaded material is brushed and retapped as necessary after galvanizing. Perform repair of damaged galvanizing that complies with the following:

Repair of Galvanizing ......Article 1076-7

Standard Drawings for Metal Poles are available that supplement these project special provisions. These drawings are located on the Department's website:

https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/safety/pages/ITS-Design-Resources.aspx

Comply with article 1098-1B of the 2018 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROADS & STRUCTURES, hereinafter referred to as the Standard Specifications for submittal requirements. Furnish shop drawings for approval. Provide the copies of detailed shop drawings for each type of structure as summarized below. Ensure that shop drawings include material specifications for each component and identify welds by type and size on the detail drawing only, not in table format. Do not release structures for fabrication until shop drawings have been approved by NCDOT. Provide an itemized bill of materials for all structural components and associated connecting hardware on the drawings.

Comply with article 1098-1A of the *Standard Specifications* for Qualified Products List (QPL) submittals. All shop drawings must include project location description, signal inventory number(s) and a project number or work order number on the drawings.

Summary of information required for metal pole review submittal:

| Item  | Hardcopy<br>Submittal | Electronic<br>Submittal | Comments / Special Instructions  |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Sealed, Approved Signal<br>Plan/Loading Diagram | 1                     | 1                       | All structure design information needs to reflect<br>the latest approved signal plans  |
| Custom Pole Shop<br>Drawings                    | 4 sets                | 1 set                   | Show NCDOT inventory number(s), contractor's name and relevant revision number in the title block. All drawings must have a unique <u>drawing</u> number for each project and identified for multiple pages. |

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| Standard Pole Shop<br>Drawings (from the QPL) | 4 sets | 1 set | Submit drawings on 11" x 17" format media. Show NCDOT inventory number(s), contractor's name and relevant revision number in the title block. All drawings must have a <u>unique drawing</u> number for each project and identified for multiple pages.  |
|---|--------|-------|--|
| Structure Calculations                        | 1 set  | 1 set | Not required for Standard QPL Poles  |
| Standard Pole Foundation<br>Drawings          | 1 set  | 1 set | Submit drawings on 11" x 17" format media. Submit a completed Standard Foundation Selection form for each pole using foundation table on Metal Pole Drawing M-8.   |
| Custom Foundation<br>Drawings                 | 4 sets | 1 set | Submit drawings on 11" x 17" format media. Show NCDOT inventory number(s), contractor's name and relevant revision number in the title block. All drawings must have a unique drawing number for each project and identified for multiple pages.  If QPL Poles are used, include the corresponding QPL pole shop drawings with this submittal. |
| Foundation Calculations                       | 1      | 1     | Submit copies of LPILE input, output and pile tip deflection graph per Section 11.4 of this specification for each foundation.  Not required for Standard QPL Poles  |
| Soil Boring Logs and<br>Report                | 1      | 1     | Report should include a location plan and a soil classification report including soil capacity, water level, hammer efficiency, soil bearing pressure, soil density, etc. for each pole.   |

**NOTE** – All shop drawings and custom foundation design drawings must be sealed by a Professional Engineer licensed in the state of North Carolina. All geotechnical information must be sealed by either a Professional Engineer or geologist licensed in the state of North Carolina. Include a title block and revision block on the shop drawings and foundation drawings showing the NCDOT inventory number.

Shop drawings and foundation drawings may be submitted together or separately for approval. However, shop drawings must be approved before foundations can be reviewed. Foundation designs will be returned without review if the associated shop drawing has not been approved. Boring reports should include the following: Engineer's summary, boring location maps, soil classification per AASHTO Classification System, hammer efficiency, and Metal Pole Standard Foundation Selection Form. Incomplete submittals will be returned without review. The Reviewer has the right to request additional analysis and copies of the calculations to expedite the approval process.

#### **B.** Materials:

Fabricate metal pole and arm shaft from coil or plate steel to meet the requirements of ASTM A 595 Grade A tubes. For structural steel shapes, plates and bars use A572 Gr 50 min or ASTM A709

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Gr 50 min. Provide pole and arm shafts that are round in cross section or multisided tubular shapes and have a uniform linear taper of 0.14 in/ft. Construct shafts from one piece of single ply plate or coil so there are no circumferential weld splices. Galvanize in accordance with AASHTO M 111 or an approved equivalent.

Use the submerged arc process or other NCDOT previously approved process suitable for pole shaft and arms to continuously weld pole shafts and arm shafts along their entire length. The longitudinal seam weld will be finished flush to the outside contour of the base metal. Ensure shafts have no circumferential welds except at the lower end joining the shaft to the pole base and arm base. Use full penetration groove welds with backing ring for all tube-to-transverse-plate connections in accordance with 6<sup>th</sup> Edition AASHTO. Provide welding that conforms to Article 1072-18 of the *Standard Specifications*, except that no field welding on any part of the pole will be permitted unless approved by a qualified engineer.

Refer to Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheets M2 through M5 for fabrication details. Fabricate anchor bases and mast arm connecting plates from plate steel meeting, as a minimum, the requirements of ASTM A572 Gr 50, AASHTO M270 Gr 50, ASTM A709 Gr50, or an approved equivalent. Conform to the applicable bolt pattern and orientation as shown on Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheet M2.

Ensure all hardware is galvanized steel or stainless steel. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring that the designer/fabricator specifies connecting hardware and/or materials that do not create a dissimilar metal corrosive reaction.

Provide a minimum of four (4) 1-1/2" diameter high strength bolts for connection between arm plate and pole plate. Increase number of bolts to six (6) 1-1/2" diameter high strength bolts when arm lengths are greater than 50'-0" long.

Unless otherwise required by the design, ensure each anchor rod is 2" diameter and 60" length. Provide 10" minimum thread projection at the top of the rod, and 8" minimum at the bottom of the rod. Use anchor rod assembly and drilled pier foundation materials that meet the *Foundations and Anchor Rod Assemblies for Metal Poles* provision.

For each structural bolt and other steel hardware, hot dip galvanizing shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 232 (ASTM A 153). Ensure end caps for poles or mast arms are constructed of cast aluminum conforming to Aluminum Alloy 356.0F.

Provide a circular anchor bolt lock plate that will be secured to the anchor bolts at the embedded end with 2 washers and 2 nuts. Provide a base plate template that matches the bolt circle diameter of the anchor bolt lock plate. Construct plates and templates from ¼" minimum thick steel with a minimum width of 4". Galvanizing is not required for both plates.

Provide 4 heavy hex nuts and 4 flat washers for each anchor bolt. For nuts, use AASHTO M291 grade 2H, DH, or DH3 or equivalent material. For flat washers, use AASHTO M293 or equivalent material.

#### **C.** Construction Methods:

Erect signal support poles only after concrete has attained a minimum allowable compressive strength of 3000 psi. Install anchor rod assemblies in accordance with the *Foundations and Anchor Rod Assemblies for Metal Poles* provision.

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For further construction methods, see construction methods for Metal Strain Pole, or Metal Pole with Mast Arm.

Connect poles to grounding electrodes and bond them to the electrical service grounding electrodes.

For holes in the poles used to accommodate cables, install grommets before wiring pole or arm. Do not cut or split grommets.

Attach the terminal compartment cover to the pole by a sturdy chain or cable. Ensure the chain or cable is long enough to permit the cover to hang clear of the compartment opening when the cover is removed, and is strong enough to prevent vandalism. Ensure the chain or cable will not interfere with service to the cables in the pole base.

Attach cap to pole with a sturdy chain or cable. Ensure the chain or cable is long enough to permit the cap to hang clear of the opening when the cap is removed.

Perform repair of damaged galvanizing that complies with the *Standard Specifications*, Article 1076-7 "Repair of Galvanizing."

Install galvanized wire mesh around the perimeter of the base plate to cover the gap between the base plate and top of foundation for debris and pest control.

Install a 1/4" thick plate for concrete foundation tag to include: concrete grade, depth, diameter, and reinforcement sizes of the installed foundation.

## 6.2. METAL POLE UPRIGHTS (VERTICAL MEMBERS)

### A. Materials:

- Provide tapered tubular shafts and fabricated of steel conforming to ASTM A-595 Grade A or an approved equivalent.
- Hot-dip galvanize poles in accordance with AASHTO M 111 or an approved equivalent.
- Have shafts that are continuously welded for the entire length by the submerged arc process, and with exposed welds ground or rolled smooth and flush with the base metal. Provide welding that conforms to Article 1072-18 of the *Standard Specification* except that no field welding on any part of the pole will be permitted.
- Have Shafts with no circumferential welds except at the lower end joining the shaft to the base.
- Have anchor bases for steel poles fabricated from plate steel meeting as a minimum the requirements of ASTM A572 Gr 50, AASHTO M270 Gr 50, ASTM A709 Gr 50, or an approved equivalent.

Provide a grounding lug(s) in the approximate vicinity of the messenger cable clamp for bonding and grounding messenger cable. Lugs must accept #4 or #6 AWG wire to bond messenger cables to the pole in order to provide an effective ground fault circuit path. Refer to Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheet M6 for construction details.

Have poles permanently stamped above the hand holes with the identification tag details as shown on Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheet M2.

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Provide liquid tight flexible metal conduit (Type LFMC), liquid tight flexible nonmetallic conduit (Type LFNC), high density polyethylene conduit (Type HDPE), or approved equivalent to isolate conductors feeding luminaires.

Fabricate poles from a single piece of steel or aluminum with single line seam weld with no transverse butt welds. Fabrication of two ply pole shafts is unacceptable with the exception of fluted shafts. Provide tapers for all shafts that begin at base and that have diameters which decrease uniformly at the rate of not more than 0.14 inch per foot (11.7 millimeters per meter) of length.

Provide four anchor nuts and four washers for each anchor bolt. Ensure that anchor bolts have required diameters, lengths, and positions, and will develop strengths comparable to their respective poles.

Provide a terminal compartment with cover and screws in each pole that encompasses the hand hole and contains a 12-terminal barrier type terminal block. Provide two terminal screws with a removable shorting bar between them for each termination. Furnish terminal compartment covers attached to the pole by a sturdy chain or cable approved by the Engineer. Ensure that the chain or cable is long enough to permit the cover to hang clear of the compartment opening when the cover is removed, and is strong enough to prevent vandals from being able to disconnect the cover from the pole. Ensure that the chain or cable will not interfere with service to the cables in the pole base.

Install grounding lugs that will accept #4 or #6 AWG wire to electrically bond messenger cables to the pole. Refer to Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheet M6 for construction details.

For each pole, provide a 1/2 inch minimum thread diameter, coarse thread stud and nut for grounding which will accommodate #6 AWG ground wire. Ensure that the lug is electrically bonded to the pole and is conveniently located inside the pole at the hand hole.

Provide a removable pole cap with stainless steel attachment screws for the top of each pole. Ensure that the cap is cast aluminum conforming to Aluminum Association Alloy 356.0F. Furnish cap attached to the pole with a sturdy chain or cable approved by the Engineer. Ensure that the chain or cable is long enough to permit the cap to hang clear of the pole-top opening when the cap is removed.

When required by the plans, furnish couplings 42 inches above the bottom of the base for mounting of pedestrian pushbuttons. Provide mounting points consisting of 1-1/2 inch internally threaded half-couplings that comply with the NEC and that are mounted within the poles. Ensure that couplings are essentially flush with the outside surfaces of the poles and are installed before any required galvanizing. Provide a threaded plug in each mounting point. Ensure that the surface of the plug is essentially flush with the outer end of the mounting point when installed and has a recessed hole to accommodate a standard wrench.

### 1. MAST ARM POLE SHAFTS

Ensure that allowable pole deflection does not exceed that allowed per 6<sup>th</sup> Edition AASHTO. Ensure that maximum angular rotation of the top of the mast arm pole does not exceed 1 degree 40 minutes (1°40').

#### **B.** Construction Methods:

Install metal poles, hardware, and fittings as shown on the manufacturer's installation drawings. Install metal poles so that when the pole is fully loaded it is within 1 degree 40 minutes (1°40') of

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vertical. Install poles with the manufacturer's recommended "rake." Use threaded leveling nuts to establish rake if required.

#### 6.3. MAST ARMS

Provide pole plates and associated gussets and fittings for attachment of required mast arms. As part of each mast arm attachment, provide a cable passage hole in the pole to allow passage of signal cables from the pole to the arm.

Ensure that allowable mast arm deflection does not exceed that allowed per 6<sup>th</sup> Edition AASHTO. Also when arm is fully loaded, tip of the arm shall not go below the arm attachment point with the pole for all load conditions per 6<sup>th</sup> Edition AASHTO.

Furnish all arm plates and necessary attachment hardware, including bolts and brackets.

Provide two extra bolts for each arm.

Provide grommet holes on the arms to accommodate cables for the signals.

Provide arms with weatherproof connections for attaching to the shaft of the pole.

Provide hardware that is galvanized steel, stainless steel, or corrosive-resistant aluminum.

Provide a removable end cap with stainless steel attachment screws for the end of each mast arm. Ensure that the cap is cast aluminum conforming to Aluminum Association Alloy 356.0F. Furnish cap attached to the arm with a sturdy chain or cable approved by the Engineer. Ensure that the chain or cable is long enough to permit the cap to hang clear of the arm end opening when the cap is removed.

## **Comply with the following for Steel Luminaire Arms:**

- In addition to tapered tube, luminaire arms may be standard weight black steel pipe conforming to ASTM A 53-90a, Type E or Type S, Grade B or an approved equivalent.
- Conform to the welding requirements of the steel poles.
- After all fabricating, cutting, punching, and welding are completed, luminaire arms should be hot-dipped galvanized inside and outside.
- In accordance with the National Electrical Code (NEC) Article 230.2(E), provide identification of the electrical source provider for the luminaire feeder circuit with contact information on a permanent label located in the pole hand hole in the vicinity of the feeder circuit raceway.

#### A. Materials:

After all fabricating, cutting, punching, and welding are completed, hot-dip galvanize the structure in accordance with the AASHTO M 111 or an approved equivalent.

#### **B.** Construction Methods:

Install horizontal-type arms with sufficient manufactured rise to keep arm from deflecting below the arm attachment height.

Attach cap to the mast arm with a sturdy chain or cable. Ensure that the chain or cable is long enough to permit the cap to hang clear of the arm opening when the cap is removed.

For mast arm poles, use full penetration welds with back-up ring at the pole base and at the arm base connection.

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#### 6.4. DRILLED PIER FOUNDATIONS FOR METAL TRAFFIC SIGNAL POLES

Analysis procedures and formulas shall be based on AASHTO 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, latest ACI code and the *Drilled Shafts: Construction Procedures and Design Methods* FHWA-NHI-10-016 manual. Design methods based on engineering publications or research papers needs to have prior approval from NCDOT. The Department reserves the right to accept or disapprove any method used for the analysis.

Use a Factor of Safety of 1.33 for torsion and 2.0 for bending for the foundation design.

Foundation design for lateral load shall not exceed 1" lateral deflection at top of foundation.

For lateral analysis, use LPILE Plus V6.0 or later. Inputs, results and corresponding graphs are to be submitted with the design calculations.

Skin Friction is to be calculated using the  $\alpha$ -method for cohesive soils and the  $\beta$ -method for cohesion-less soils (**Broms method will not be accepted**). Detailed descriptions of the " $\alpha$ " and " $\beta$ " methods can be found in *FHWA-NHI-10-016*.

Omit first 2.5ft for cohesive soils when calculating skin friction.

When hammer efficiency is not provided, assume a value of 0.70.

Design all custom foundations to carry the maximum capacity of each metal pole. For standard case strain poles only, if a custom foundation is designed, use the actual shear, axial and moment reactions from the Standard Foundation Selection Table shown on Standard Drawing No. M8.

When poor soil conditions are encountered which could create an excessively large foundation design, consideration may be given to allowing an exemption to the maximum capacity design. The contractor must gain approval from the engineer before reducing a foundation's capacity. On projects where poor soil is known to be present, it is advisable that the contractor consider getting foundations approved before releasing poles for fabrication.

Have the contractor notify the engineer if the proposed foundation is to be installed on a slope other than 8H: 1V or flatter.

## A. Description:

Furnish and install foundations for NCDOT metal poles with all necessary hardware in accordance with the plans and specifications.

Metal Pole Standards have been developed and implemented by NCDOT for use at signalized intersections in North Carolina. If the plans call for a standard pole, then a standard foundation may be selected from the plans. However, the Contractor is not required to use a standard foundation. If the Contractor chooses to design a non-standard site-specific foundation for a standard pole or if the plans call for a non-standard site-specific pole, design the foundation to conform to the applicable provisions in the NCDOT Metal Pole Standard Drawings and Section B7 (Non-Standard Foundation Design) below. If non-standard site specific foundations are designed for standard QPL approved strain poles, the foundation designer must use the design moment specified by load case on Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheet M8. Failure to conform to this requirement will be grounds for rejection of the design.

If the Contractor chooses to design a non-standard foundation for a standard pole and the soil test results indicate a standard foundation is feasible for the site, the Contractor will be paid the cost of the standard foundation (drilled pier and wing wall, if applicable). Any additional costs associated

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with a non-standard site-specific foundation including additional materials, labor and equipment will be considered incidental to the cost of the standard foundation. All costs for the non-standard foundation design will also be considered incidental to the cost of the standard foundation.

#### **B.** Soil Test and Foundation Determination:

#### 1. General:

Drilled piers are reinforced concrete sections, cast-in-place against in situ, undisturbed material. Drilled piers are of straight shaft type and vertical.

Some standard drilled piers for supporting poles with mast arms may require wing walls to resist torsional rotation. Based upon this provision and the results of the required soil test, a drilled pier length and wing wall requirement may be determined and constructed in accordance with the plans.

For non-standard site-specific poles, the contractor-selected pole fabricator will determine if the addition of wing walls is necessary for the supporting foundations.

#### 2. Soil Test:

Perform a soil test at each proposed metal pole location. Complete all required fill placement and excavation at each signal pole location to finished grade before drilling each boring. Soil tests performed that are not in compliance with this requirement may be rejected and will not be paid. Drill one boring to a depth of 26 feet within a 25 foot radius of each proposed foundation.

Perform standard penetration tests (SPT) in accordance with ASTM D 1586 at depths of 1, 2.5, 5, 7.5, 10, 15, 20 and 26 feet. Discontinue the boring if one of the following occurs:

- A total of 100 blows have been applied in any 2 consecutive 6-in. intervals.
- A total of 50 blows have been applied with < 3-in. penetration.

Describe each intersection as the "Intersection of (*Route or SR #*), (*Street Name*) and (*Route or SR #*), (*Street Name*), \_\_\_\_\_ County, Signal Inventory No. \_\_\_\_ ". Label borings with "B- N, S, E, W, NE, NW, SE or SW" corresponding to the quadrant location within the intersection. Pole numbers should be made available to the Drill Contractor. Include pole numbers in the boring label if they are available. If they are not available, ensure the boring labels can be cross-referenced to corresponding pole numbers. For each boring, submit a legible (hand written or typed) boring log signed and sealed by a licensed Geologist or Professional Engineer registered in North Carolina. Include on each boring the SPT blow counts and N-values at each depth, depth of the boring, hammer efficiency, depth of water table and a general description of the soil types encountered using the AASHTO Classification System.

#### 3. Standard Foundation Determination:

Use the following method for determining the Design N-value:

$$N_{AVG} = (N@1' + N@2.5' + ...... N@Deepest Boring Depth)$$
  
Total Number of N-values

$$Y = (N@1')^2 + (N@2.5')^2 + \dots (N@Deepest Boring Depth)^2$$

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$$Z = (N@1' + N@2.5' + \dots N@Deepest Boring Depth)$$

$$N_{STD DEV} = \underbrace{ \frac{(Total \ Number \ of \ N-values \ x \ Y) - Z^2}{(Total \ Number \ of \ N-values) \ x \ (Total \ Number \ of \ N-values - 1)}^{0.5}}_{0.5}$$

**Design N-value** equals lesser of the following two conditions:

$$N_{AVG}$$
 – (NSTD DEV x 0.45)  
Or  
Average of First Four N-Values =  $(N@1' + N@2.5' + N@5' + N@7.5')$ 

*Note: If less than 4 N-values are obtained because of criteria listed in Section 2 above, use* average of N-values collected for second condition. Do not include the N-value at the deepest boring depth for above calculations if the boring is discontinued at or before the required boring depth because of criteria listed in Section 2 above. Use N-value of zero for weight of hammer or weight of rod. If N-value is greater than 50, reduce Nvalue to 50 for calculations.

If standard NCDOT strain poles are shown on the plans and the Contractor chooses to use standard foundations, determine a drilled pier length, "L," for each signal pole from the Standard Foundations Chart (sheet M 8) based on the Design N-value and the predominant soil type. For each standard pole location, submit a completed "Metal Pole Standard Foundation Selection Form" signed by the Contractor's representative. Signature on form is for verification purposes only. Include the Design N-value calculation and resulting drilled pier length, "L," on each form.

If non-standard site-specific poles are shown on the plans, submit completed boring logs collected in accordance with Section 2 (Soil Test) above along with pole loading diagrams from the plans to the contractor-selected pole fabricator to assist in the pole and foundation design.

If one of the following occurs, the Standard Foundations Chart shown on the plans may not be used and a non-standard foundation may be required. In such case, contact the Engineer.

- The Design N-value is less than 4.
- The drilled pier length, "L", determined from the Standard Foundations Chart, is greater than the depth of the corresponding boring.

In the case where a standard foundation cannot be used, the Department will be responsible for the additional cost of the non-standard foundation.

Foundation designs are based on level ground around the traffic signal pole. If the slope around the edge of the drilled pier is steeper than 8:1 (H:V) or the proposed foundation will be less than 10 feet from the top of an embankment slope, the Contractor is responsible for providing slope information to the foundation designer and to the Engineer so it can be considered in the design.

The "Metal Pole Standard Foundation Selection Form" may be found at:

http://www.ncdot.gov/doh/preconstruct/highway/geotech/formdet/misc/MetalPole.pdf If assistance is needed, contact the Engineer.

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## 4. Non-Standard Foundation Design:

Design non-standard foundations based upon site-specific soil test information collected in accordance with Section 2 (Soil Test) above. Design drilled piers for side resistance only in accordance with Section 4.6 of the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges. Use the computer software LPILE version-6.0 or later manufactured by Ensoft, Inc. to analyze drilled piers. Use the computer software gINT V8i or later manufactured by Bentley Systems, Inc. with the current NCDOT gINT library and data template to produce SPT boring logs. Provide a drilled pier foundation for each pole with a length and diameter that result in a horizontal lateral movement of less than 1 inch at the top of the pier and a horizontal rotational movement of less than 1 inch at the edge of the pier. Contact the Engineer for pole loading diagrams for standard poles to be used for non-standard foundation designs. Submit any non-standard foundation designs including drawings, calculations, and soil boring logs to the Engineer for review and approval before construction.

#### C. Drilled Pier Construction:

Construct drilled pier foundations in accordance with the *Foundations and Anchor Rod Assemblies for Metal Poles* provision.

#### 6.5. CUSTOM DESIGN OF TRAFFIC SIGNAL SUPPORTS

#### A. General:

Design traffic signal supports with foundations consisting of metal strain poles or metal poles with mast arms.

The lengths of the metal signal poles shown on the plans are estimated from available data for bid purposes. Determine the actual length of each pole from field measurements and adjusted cross-sections. Furnish the revised pole heights to the Engineer. Use all other dimensional requirements shown on the plans.

Ensure each pole includes an identification tag with information and location positions as defined on Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheets M2, M3 and M4. All pole shaft tags must include the NCDOT Inventory number followed by the pole number shown on the traffic signal or ITS (non-signalized locations) plan.

Design all traffic signal support structures using the following 6<sup>th</sup> Edition AASHTO specifications:

- Design for a 50 year service life as recommended by Table 3.8.3-2.
- Use the wind pressure map developed from 3-second gust speeds, as provided in Article 3.8.
- Ensure signal support structures include natural wind gust loading and truck-induced gust loading in the fatigue design, as provided for in Articles 11.7.1.2 and 11.7.1.3, respectively. Designs need not consider periodic galloping forces.
- Assume the natural wind gust speed in North Carolina is 11.2 mph. For natural wind fatigue stress calculations, utilize a drag coefficient (C<sub>d</sub>) computed for 11.2 mph wind velocity and not the basic wind speed velocity.
- Design for Category II fatigue, as provided for in Article 11.6, unless otherwise specified.
- Calculate all stresses using applicable equations from Section 5. The Maximum allowable stress ratios for all signal support designs are 0.9.
- Conform to article 10.4.2 and 11.8 for all deflection requirements.

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Ensure that the design permits cables to be installed inside poles and mast arms.

Unless otherwise specified by special loading criteria, the computed surface area for ice load on signal heads is:

- 3-section, 12-inch, Surface area: 26.0 ft<sup>2</sup> (17.0 ft<sup>2</sup> without back plate)
- 4-section, 12-inch, Surface area: 32.0 ft<sup>2</sup> (21.0 ft<sup>2</sup> without back plate)
- 5-section, 12-inch, Surface area: 42.0 ft<sup>2</sup> (29.0 ft<sup>2</sup> without back plate)

The ice loading for signal heads defined above includes the additional surface area that back plates will induce. Special loading criteria may be specified in instances where back plates will not be installed on signal heads. Refer to the Loading Schedule on each Metal Pole Loading Diagram for revised signal head surface areas. The pole designer should revise ice loads accordingly in this instance. Careful examination of the plans when this is specified is important as this may impact sizing of the metal support structure and foundation design which could affect proposed bid quotes. All maximum stress ratios of 0.9 still apply.

Assume the combined minimum weight of a messenger cable bundle (including messenger cable, signal cable and detector lead-in cables) is 1.3 lbs/ft. Assume the combined minimum diameter of this cable bundle is 1.3 inches.

Ensure that designs provide a removable pole cap with stainless steel attachment screws for each pole top and mast arm end.

#### **B.** Metal Poles:

Submit design drawings for approval including pre-approved QPL pole drawings. Show all the necessary details and calculations for the metal poles including the foundation and connections. Include NCDOT inventory number on design drawings. Include as part of the design calculations the ASTM specification numbers for the materials to be used. Provide the types and sizes of welds on the design drawings. Include a Bill of Materials on design drawings. Ensure design drawings and calculations are signed, dated, and sealed by the responsible professional engineer licensed in the state of North Carolina. Immediately bring to the attention of the Engineer any structural deficiency that becomes apparent in any assembly or member of any assembly as a result of the design requirements imposed by these specifications, the plans, or the typical drawings. Said Professional Engineer is wholly responsible for the design of all poles and arms. Review and acceptance of these designs by the Department does not relieve the said Professional Engineer of his responsibility. **Do** not fabricate the assemblies until receipt of the Department's approval of the design drawings.

For mast arm poles, provide designs with provisions for pole plates and associated gussets and fittings for mast arm attachment. As part of each mast arm attachment, provide a grommeted 2" diameter hole on the shaft side of the connection to allow passage of the signal cables from the pole to the arm.

Where ice is present, assume wind loads as shown in Figure 3.9.4.2-3 of the 6<sup>th</sup> Edition AASHTO Specification for Group III loading.

For each strain pole, provide two messenger cable clamps and associated hardware to attach the messenger support cable. Ensure that the diameter of the clamps is appropriately designed to be adjustable from 1'-6" inches below the top, down to 6'-6" below the top of the pole. Do not attach more than one messenger support cable to a messenger cable clamp.

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Provide a grounding lug(s) in the approximate vicinity of the messenger cable clamp for bonding and grounding messenger cable. Lugs must accept #4 or #6 AWG wire to bond messenger cables to the pole in order to provide an effective ground fault circuit path. Refer to Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheet M6 for construction details.

Design tapers for all pole shafts that begin at the base with diameters that decrease uniformly at the rate of 0.14 inch per foot of length.

Design a base plate on each pole. The minimum base plate thickness for all poles is determined by the following criteria:

<u>Case 1</u> Circular or rectangular solid base plate with the upright pole welded to the top surface of base plate with full penetration butt weld, and where no stiffeners are provided. A base plate with a small center hole, which is less than 1/3 of the upright diameter, and located concentrically with the upright pole, may be considered as a solid base plate.

The magnitude of bending moment in the base plate, induced by the anchoring force of each anchor bolt is  $M = (P \times D_1) / 2$ , where

M = bending moment at the critical section of the base plate induced by one anchor bolt

P = anchoring force of each anchor bolt

 $D_1$  = horizontal distance between the anchor bolt center and the outer face of the upright, or the difference between the bolt circle radius and the outside radius of the upright

Locate the critical section at the face of the anchor bolt and perpendicular to the bolt circle radius. The overlapped part of two adjacent critical sections is considered ineffective.

<u>Case 2</u> Circular or rectangular base plate with the upright pole socketed into and attached to the base plate with two lines of fillet weld, and where no stiffeners are provided, or any base plate with a center hole that is larger in diameter than 1/3 of the upright diameter.

The magnitude of bending moment induced by the anchoring force of each anchor bolt is  $M = P \times D_2$ ,

where P = anchoring force of each anchor bolt

 $D_2$  = horizontal distance between the face of the upright and the face of the anchor bolt nut

Locate the critical section at the face of the anchor bolt top nut and perpendicular to the radius of the bolt circle. The overlapped part of two adjacent critical sections is considered ineffective.

If the base plate thickness calculated for Case 2 is less than Case 1, use the thickness calculated for Case 1.

The following additional owner requirements apply concerning pole base plates.

• Ensure that whichever case governs as defined above, the anchor bolt diameter is set to match the base plate thickness. If the minimum diameter required for the anchor bolt exceeds the thickness required for the base plate, set the base plate thickness equal to the required bolt diameter.

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- For dual mast arm supports, or for single mast arm supports 50' or greater, use a minimum 8 bolt orientation with 2" diameter anchor bolts, and a 2" thick base plate.
- For all metal poles with mast arms, use a full penetration groove weld with a backing ring to connect the pole upright component to the base. Refer to Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheet M4.

Ensure that designs have anchor bolt holes with a diameter 1/4 inch larger than the anchor bolt diameters in the base plate.

Ensure that the anchor bolts have the required diameters, lengths, and positions, and will develop strengths comparable to their respective poles.

Provide designs with a 6 x 12-inch hand hole with a reinforcing frame for each pole.

Provide designs with a terminal compartment with cover and screws in each pole that encompasses the hand hole and contains provisions for a 12-terminal barrier type terminal block.

For each pole, provide designs with provisions for a 1/2 inch minimum thread diameter, coarse thread stud and nut for grounding which will accommodate a #6 AWG ground wire. Ensure the lug is electrically bonded to the pole and is conveniently located inside the pole at the hand hole.

When required, design couplings on the pole for mounting pedestrian pushbuttons at a height of 42 inches above the bottom of the base. Provide mounting points consisting of 1-1/2 inch internally threaded half-couplings that comply with the NEC that are mounted within the poles. Ensure the couplings are essentially flush with the outside surfaces of the poles and are installed before any required galvanizing. Provide a threaded plug for each half coupling. Ensure that the surface of the plug is essentially flush with the outer end of the mounting point when installed and has a recessed hole to accommodate a standard wrench.

## C. Mast Arms:

Design all arm plates and necessary attachment hardware, including bolts and brackets as required by the plans.

Design for grommeted holes on the arms to accommodate the cables for the signals if specified.

Design arms with weatherproof connections for attaching to the shaft of the pole.

Always use a full penetration groove weld with a backing ring to connect the mast arm to the pole. Refer to Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheet M5.

Capacity of tapped flange plate must be sufficient to develop the full capacity of the connecting bolts. In all cases the flange plate of both arm and shaft must be at least as thick as the arm connecting bolts are in diameter.

## 6.6. POLE NUMBERING SYSTEM

#### A. New Poles

Attach an identification tag to each pole shaft and mast arm section as shown on Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheet M2 "Typical Fabrication Details Common To All Metal Poles".

## 6.7. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Actual number of metal poles with single mast arms furnished, installed, and accepted.

Actual number of soil tests with SPT borings drilled furnished and accepted.

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Actual volume of concrete poured in cubic yards of drilled pier foundation furnished, installed and accepted.

Actual number of designs for mast arms with metal poles furnished and accepted.

No measurement will be made for foundation designs prepared with metal pole designs, as these will be considered incidental to designing signal support structures.

## Payment will be made under:

| Metal Pole with Single Mast Arm | Each |
|---------------------------------|------|
| Soil Test                       |      |
| Drilled Pier Foundation.        |      |
| Mast Arm with Metal Pole Design | Each |

#### 7. PROTECTIVE COATING FOR METAL POLES

## 7.1. Description

Protective coating for metal poles is a supplemental durable color coating that is applied to galvanized steel and aluminum traffic signal structures installed in locations where maintaining an aesthetic appearance is important. Powder Coating is the preferred supplemental protective coating process for coating galvanized steel and aluminum structures. However, for the purposes of this special provision, an Acrylic Primer and top coat paint system is included as an acceptable alternative when protective color coating is required.

Provide protective coating over galvanization for all steel poles including all necessary hardware in accordance with the plans and specifications. Any aluminum components do not need to be galvanized before application of protective coating.

## 7.2. Materials

With the exception of aluminum components, furnish all metal poles with galvanic protection along with a tough and durable application of protective coating. Aluminum components shall have a durable powder coating application. Galvanization is not required for aluminum components.

Furnish pole caps that have a low gloss powder finish applied over a hot-dipped galvanized surface. Comply with the applicable provisions of Section 442-10 and 442-12 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Ensure the selected color for protective coating has been verified and approved by the Engineer prior to fabrication.

## 7.3. Coating Shop Approval

Approve the coating shop facility prior to the application of any coating process. Submit all requests, procedures and documents electronically to:

- Mr. Brian Hunter, P.E., Chemical Testing Engineer
- bhunter@ncdot.gov
- A) Submit a quality control procedure that the company has established to ensure a quality and durable coating. The quality control procedure shall contain at a minimum the following:
  - Qualified / Certified personnel to manage the QC Program and to conduct Quality Control tests

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- Qualified / certified coaters
- Source and type of powder
- How the powder will be stored
- Powder application facility (heated or unheated)
- Surface pre-treatment
- Surface preparation including profile
- Application methods
- Curing conditions (conventional or infrared)
- Curing Temperature
- Adhesion & Holiday Detection
- Repair Procedure
- Storage and protection of coated items
- Shipping and handling (packing, protection, and wrapping)
- B) Submit a powder certification from the manufacturer
- C) Submit the following to the Chemical Testing Engineer a minimum of four weeks prior to coating application.
  - 1. Two test panels of ASTM A36 steel, ¼ or greater in thickness measuring 8 inches by 11 inches using the proposed color of the final coat; a powder coated over galvanized test panel and a powder coated over un-galvanized test panel.
  - 2. In addition, provide two (2) samples of the same or comparable material and thickness as production pieces. Ensure production piece replicas do not exceed twelve inches (12") in length and width nor 50 pounds in weight.
  - 3. Submit all test panels with inspection reports and records according to *Standard Specifications*, Section 442, Section 1072, Section 1076, and Section 1080.
  - 4. Acceptance of the panels is determined by meeting the requirements of ASTM D-4541 of 800 psi for both galvanized and un-galvanized and production piece test panels.
  - 5. Send all panels to:

Materials and Tests Unit 1801 Blue Ridge Road Raleigh, NC 27607

Attn: Chemical Testing Engineer

#### 7.4. POWDER COATING

## A. Galvanizing

Galvanize steel products in accordance with Section 1076 of the *Standard Specifications*. Ensure the fabricator or designated representative(s) that is supplying the components to be galvanized communicates with the galvanizer to indicate that the galvanized pieces will be powder coated to avoid water or chromate quenching.

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## **B.** Surface Preparation

Comply with manufacturer's recommended surface coating specifications, Steel Structure Painting Council (SSPC) specifications and applicable articles of Section 442 (Painting Steel Structures) of the *Standard Specifications*. Ensure that surface preparations and treatments are performed and meet the requirements of the above referenced specifications.

Some pole components, specifically steel plates <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> inches or more in thickness, may need blast cleaning prior to structure assembly to remove impurities and non-metallic foreign materials. Mechanically remove all weld flux after structure is assembled

Degrease and prepare steel structure for zinc coating after assembly using full immersion baths and pickling processes in heat controlled caustic and acid solutions. Rinse and clean structure to remove caustic or acid solutions by immersion in a circulating fresh water bath. Immerse structure in a heat controlled concentrated zinc ammonium chloride flux solution and air dry as a final prep before hot-dip galvanization.

Ensure that the surface preparation is no less than specified by the powder manufacturer's recommendations. Prepare all components to be coated in accordance with SSPC SP-2 (Hand Tool Cleaning) and/or SSPC SP-3 (Power Tool Cleaning). Remove all drainage spikes, high spots, protrusions or other surface defects using hand or power tools. Do not remove the galvanization below the limits set forth in AASHTO M111.

Remove grease, oils, moisture, scale, rust or any other foreign matter prior to powder coating to ensure ideal adhesion and coating performance. Prepare and coat the galvanized surface as soon as possible after the galvanization process.

## C. Powder Coating Application and Curing

Prepare galvanized finish for powder coating by brush blasting in accordance with SSPC-SP7. Ensure all threaded components of the structure are protected from damage during blasting process.

Use thermosetting powder resin that meets 5A or 5B classifications of ASTM D3359. Apply powder coating electrostatically. Follow manufacturer's recommended preheating requirements. Ensure the top coat finish is applied uniformly to all surfaces with a dry film thickness of between 3.0 to 5.0 mils. Cure the top coat by heating the structure to manufacturer recommended temperatures at the duration required to ensure complete and uniform bond.

## **D.** Quality Control

Ensure the applicator provides all test reports and documentation and inspects all coated material as outlined in the *Standard Specifications*, Section 442, Section 1072, Section 1076, and Section 1080. Ensure the quality control inspection is kept separate from the production functions.

## E. Storage, Shipping, and Handling

Store all powder coated material inside or as directed by the Engineer.

Protect the product from incurring damage during all shipping, handling, and storing activities. Do not store the product directly on the ground or in areas where water may

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pool; the Engineer determines the effectiveness of all storage, shipping and handling methods.

## F. Repair of Powder Coated Material

Repair all damage to the coating by the original method of application as outlined in the coating facility's repair procedure. Ensure all repair areas meet the original requirements for adhesion as stated in this Project Special Provision.

Photograph, document, and report all damages upon delivery to the project site prior to unloading. Provide documented damage notifications to the Engineer or to their authorized representative so the application firm can be notified. The Engineer has the authority to accept or reject the material as outlined in the *Standard Specifications*.

Submit to the Engineer a repair procedure for damaged coatings which occur during storage, transporting, handling and or installation. Utilize a liquid paint approved by the Department, compatible with the powder applied product. Ensure all repair areas demonstrate an adhesion rating of 400 psi in accordance with ASTM D-4541. Obtain Engineer's acceptance of the final finish.

## 7.5.ACRYLIC PRIMER AND TOP COAT PAINT SYSTEM 4 (MODIFIED)

## A. Description

Follow NCDOT procedures for Powder Coating over Galvanizing. Provide an Acrylic Primer and top coat when a substitute for powder coating is necessary.

Provide supplemental coating for all mast arms with metal signal poles and all necessary hardware for the signalized intersection in accordance with NCDOT Standard specifications – sections 442 and 1080, as contained herein, and as shown on the plans.

Ensure all painting work for new structures, except field touch-up and bolt painting is performed in the shop.

#### **B.** Surface Preparation

Ensure all surface preparation is not less than that specified by the paint manufacturer's recommendations.

Ensure all components to be coated are prepared in accordance with SSPC SP2 (Hand Tool Cleaning and or SSPC SP-3 (Power Tool Cleaning). Remove all drainage spikes, high spots, protrusions or other surface defects using hand or power tools. Do not remove the galvanization below the limits set forth in AASHTO M111.

Perform abrasive sweep blasting in accordance with ASTM D6386. Refer to this section for a description of the abrasive blast material to be used. Use a material and technique capable of stripping action to remove corrosion products and to provide a rough surface profile while leaving base zinc layers intact.

Blow down all blasted surfaces with clean compressed air to provide a clean, dry surface.

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Ensure all surfaces are free of visible zinc oxides or zinc hydroxides.

#### C. Materials

Use an approved/qualified waterborne paint meeting the requirements of NCDOT Standard specification section 1080. Do not apply paint until each batch has been tested by the Department. Provide color as specified in the contract documents.

Ensure all paint used on this contract is produced by the same manufacturer.

## D. Painting

Apply paint in accordance with the requirements of Section 1080 and Section 442 of the 2010 *Standard Specifications* using System 4 as modified herein.

# System 4 (Modified) Acrylic Primer and Top Coats

| Coat    | Material Mils Dry/Wet Film Mils |           | Mils Dry/Wet Film |
|---------|---------------------------------|-----------|-------------------|
|         |                                 | Thickness | Thickness         |
|         |                                 | Minimum   | Maximum           |
| Primer  | 1080-12 White                   | 3.0 DFT   | 5.0 DFT           |
| Stripe  | 1080-12 Brown                   | 4.0 WFT   | 7.0 WFT           |
| Topcoat | 1080-12 Brown                   | 2.0 DFT   | 4.0 DFT           |
| Total   |                                 | 5.0 DFT   | 9.0 DFT           |

Shop paint all galvanized surfaces within 8 hours after surface preparation with the exception of field touch-up and bolt painting.

Mask off and do not paint all data plates and faying surfaces prior to application.

Spray apply all coatings except for the stripe coat. Brush apply the stripe coat to all plate edges, welds, bolt holes and bolts prior to applying the finish coat.

## E. Curing

Store all material in a heated shop for a period no less than 24 hours once top coat has been applied. Continue storing material until requirements of ASTM D-1640 have been met.

## F. Inspection

Provide inspection records showing the initial average thickness of the hot dipped galvanizing as well as the final average DFT measurement.

Ensure all material is of a uniform appearance free of runs, drips, and sags.

## G. Handling

Do not handle, ship, or erect coated members until paint is thoroughly dry.

Protect all shipping and handling either from the coating facility to project site and or storage site to area(s) to construction location from incurring damage to product. Wood blocks and nylon slings are recommended for securing, loading, hoisting or storing members.

# H. Repair of Damaged Coating

Repair damage occurring to the galvanized portion of the coating during shipment or installation in accordance with Articles 1076-6 and 1080-9 of the *Standard Specifications*. Repair damage

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occurring to the painted portion of the coating during shipment or installation by applying 4.0-7.0 wet mils of topcoat with a brush or roller and feather or taper this to be level with the surrounding areas.

#### 7.6. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Actual number of single mast arm poles with protective coating applied furnished, installed, and accepted.

Actual number of signal pedestals with protective coating applied furnished, installed, and accepted.

## Payment will be made under:

| Protective Coating for Single | e Mast Arm Pole   | e (Black) | .Each |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|-------|
| Protective Coating for Signa  | l Pedestal (Black | k)        | .Each |

## 8. BACK PULL FIBER OPTIC CABLE

#### 8.1. DESCRIPTION

Back pull and store or back pull and reinstall existing communications cable.

#### 8.1. CONSTRUCTION

During project construction where instructed to back pull existing aerial sections of fiber optic communications cable, de-lash the cable from the messenger cable and back pull the cable to a point where it can be stored or re-routed as shown on the plans. If instructed, remove and discard the existing messenger cable and pole mounting hardware once the cable is safely out of harm's way.

During project construction where instructed to back pull existing underground sections of fiber optic communications cable, back pull the cable to a point where it can be stored or re-routed as shown on the plans. If instructed, remove abandoned junction boxes and backfill with a suitable material to match the existing grade. Leave abandoned conduits in place unless otherwise noted.

Where instructed, re-pull the fiber optic cable back along messenger cable or through conduit systems.

## 8.2. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Back Pull Fiber Optic Cable will be paid for as the actual linear feet of fiber optic cable back pulled and either stored or back pulled and rerouted. Payment is for the actual linear feet of cable back pulled.

No payment will be made for removing messenger cable and pole mounting hardware or removing junction boxes and back filling to match the surrounding grade as these items of work will be considered incidental to back pulling the fiber optic cable.

Payment will be made under:

Back Pull Fiber Optic Cable ......Linear Feet

TIP No. U-5818 County: Mcdowell

## PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS

# **STRUCTURE**

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# MAINTENANCE AND PROTECTION OF TRAFFIC BENEATH PROPOSED STRUCTURE AT STATION 27+83.62 -L (8-13-04)

#### 1.0 GENERAL

| Maintain traffic on _  | <u>I-40</u>            | as   | shown   | in | Traffic | Control | Plans  | and    | as  |
|------------------------|------------------------|------|---------|----|---------|---------|--------|--------|-----|
| directed by the Engine | er.                    |      |         |    |         |         |        |        |     |
|                        | emporary vertical clea | ıran | ce of _ |    | 15.54'_ |         | _ at a | ll tin | nes |
| during construction.   |                        |      |         |    |         |         |        |        |     |

Submit plans and calculations for review and approval for protecting traffic and bracing girders, as described herein, at the above station before beginning work at this location. Have the drawings and design calculations prepared, signed, and sealed by a North Carolina Registered Professional Engineer. The approval of the Engineer will not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility for the safety of the method or equipment.

## 2.0 PROTECTION OF TRAFFIC

Protect traffic from any operation that affords the opportunity for construction materials, equipment, tools, etc. to be dropped into the path of traffic beneath the structure. Based on Contractor means and methods determine and clearly define all dead and live loads for this system, which, at a minimum, shall be installed between beams or girders over any travelway or shoulder area where traffic is maintained. Install the protective system before beginning any construction operations over traffic. In addition, for these same areas, keep the overhang falsework in place until after the rails have been poured.

## 3.0 Bracing Girders

Brace girders to resist wind forces, weight of forms and other temporary loads, especially those eccentric to the vertical axis of the member during all stages of erection and construction. Before casting of intermediate diaphragms, decks, or connecting steel diaphragms do not allow the horizontal movement of girders to exceed ½ inch.

#### 4.0 BASIS OF PAYMENT

Payment at the contract unit prices for the various pay items will be full compensation for the above work.

## STEEL REINFORCED ELASTOMERIC BEARINGS (6-22-16)

The 2018 Standard Specifications shall be revised as follows:

In **Section 1079-2(A)** – **Elastomeric Bearings** add the following after the second paragraph:

Internal holding pins are required for all shim plates when the contract plans indicate the structure contains the necessary corrosion protection for a corrosive site.

Repair laminated (reinforced) bearing pads utilizing external holding pins via vulcanization. Submit product data for repair material and a detailed application procedure to the Materials and Tests Unit for approval before use and annually thereafter.

## THERMAL SPRAYED COATINGS (METALLIZATION)

(12-1-2017)

## 1.0 DESCRIPTION

Apply a thermal sprayed coating (TSC) and sealer to metal surfaces in accordance with the Thermal Sprayed Coatings (Metallization) Program and as specified herein when called for on the plans or by other Special Provisions. Use only Arc Sprayed application methods to apply TSC. The Engineer must approve other methods of application.

The Thermal Sprayed Coatings (Metallization) Program is available on the Materials and Tests Unit website.

## 2.0 QUALIFICATIONS

Only use NCDOT approved TSC Contractors meeting the requirements outlined in the Thermal Sprayed Coatings (Metallization) Program.

## 3.0 MATERIALS

Use only materials meeting the requirements of Section 7 of the Thermal Sprayed Coatings (Metallization) Program.

#### 4.0 SURFACE PREPARATION AND TSC APPLICATION

Surface preparation of TSC surfaces shall meet the requirements of Section 8 of the Thermal Sprayed Coatings (Metallization) Program. Apply TSC with the alloy to the thickness specified on the plans or as required by Thermal Sprayed Coatings (Metallization) Program.

## 5.0 Inspection and Testing

The TSC Contractor must conduct inspections and tests listed in the Thermal Sprayed Coatings (Metallization) Program.

## 6.0 REPAIRS

Perform all shop repairs in accordance with the procedures outlined in the Thermal Sprayed Coatings (Metallization) Program.

Repairs associated with field welding shall be made by removing the existing metallizing by blast or power tool cleaning. Affected areas shall be addressed as follows:

- For Marine Environments, incorporate a minimum surface preparation in accordance with SSPC SP-11 (Power Tool Cleaning to Bare Metal) and require an approved epoxy mastic coating applied in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation. Apply a minimum of two (2) coats at a rate of 5-7 (WFT) per coat to the affected area.
- For Non-Marine Environments, incorporate a minimum surface preparation in accordance with SSPC SP-11 (Power Tool Cleaning to Bare Metal) and require an approved organic zinc-rich coating applied in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation. Apply a minimum of two (2) coats at a rate of 5-7 (WFT) per coat to the affected area.
  - 1. Minor localized areas less than or equal to 0.1 ft<sup>2</sup> with exposed substrate shall be repaired as outlined above for marine and non-marine environments.
  - 2. Large localized areas greater than 0.1 ft<sup>2</sup> with exposed substrate shall require the Contractor to submit a detailed repair procedure to the Engineer for review and approval.
- Repair methods for areas where the substrate has not been exposed shall be mutually agreed upon between the Contractor and TSC Contractor as approved by the Engineer.

## 7.0 TWELVE MONTH OBSERVATION PERIOD

All TSC materials applied under the Thermal Sprayed Coatings (Metallization) Program shall be evaluated twelve (12) months after project acceptance for defective materials and workmanship.

## 8.0 BASIS OF PAYMENT

The contract price bid for the metal component to which the TSC is applied will be full compensation for the thermal sprayed coating.

## **ELASTOMERIC CONCRETE**

(9-27-12)

## 1.0 DESCRIPTION

Elastomeric concrete is a mixture of a two-part polymer consisting of polyurethane and/or epoxy and kiln-dried aggregate. Provide an elastomeric concrete and binder system that is preapproved. Use the concrete in the blocked out areas on both sides of the bridge deck joints as indicated on the plans.

## 2.0 MATERIALS

Provide materials that comply with the following minimum requirements at 14 days (or at the end of the specified curing time).

| ELASTOMERIC CONCRETE<br>PROPERTIES | TEST METHOD       | MINIMUM<br>REQUIREMENT |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|
| Compressive Strength, psi          | ASTM D695         | 2000                   |
| 5% Deflection Resilience           | ASTM D695         | 95                     |
| Splitting Tensile Strength, psi    | ASTM D3967        | 625                    |
| Bond Strength to Concrete, psi     | ASTM D882 (D882M) | 450                    |
| Durometer Hardness                 | ASTM D2240        | 50                     |

| BINDER PROPERTIES (without aggregate) | TEST METHOD | MINIMUM<br>REQUIREMENT |  |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|--|
| Tensile Strength, psi                 | ASTM D638   | 1000                   |  |
| Ultimate Elongation                   | ASTM D638   | 150%                   |  |
| Tear Resistance, lb/in                | ASTM D624   | 200                    |  |

In addition to the requirements above, the elastomeric concrete must be resistant to water, chemical, UV and ozone exposure and withstand temperature extremes. Elastomeric concrete systems requiring preheated aggregates are not allowed.

## 3.0 PREQUALIFICATION

Manufacturers of elastomeric concrete materials shall submit samples (including aggregate, primer and binder materials) and a Type 3 certification in accordance with Article 106-3 of the Standard Specifications for prequalification to:

North Carolina Department of Transportation Materials and Tests Unit 1801 Blue Ridge Road Raleigh, NC 27607

Prequalification will be determined for the system. Individual components will not be evaluated, nor will individual components of previously evaluated systems be deemed prequalified for use.

The submitted binder (a minimum volume of 1 gallon) and corresponding aggregate samples will be evaluated for compliance with the Materials requirements specified above. Systems satisfying all of the Materials requirements will be prequalified for a one year period. Before the end of this period new product samples shall be resubmitted for prequalification evaluation.

If, at any time, any formulation or component modifications are made to a prequalified system that system will no longer be approved for use.

## 4.0 Installation

The elastomeric concrete shall not be placed until the reinforced concrete deck slab has cured for seven full days and reached a minimum strength of 3000 psi.

Provide a manufacturer's representative at the bridge site during the installation of the elastomeric concrete to ensure that all steps being performed comply with all manufacturer installation requirements including, but not limited to weather conditions (ambient temperature, relative humidity, precipitation, wind, etc), concrete deck surface preparation, binder and aggregate mixing, primer application, elastomeric concrete placement, curing conditions and minimum curing time before joint exposure to traffic. Do not place elastomeric concrete if the ambient air or surface temperature is below 45°F.

Prepare the concrete surface within 48 hours prior to placing the elastomeric concrete. Before placing the elastomeric concrete, all concrete surfaces shall be thoroughly cleaned and dry. Sandblast the concrete surface in the blockout and clear the surface of all loose debris. Do not place the elastomeric concrete until the surface preparation is completed and approved.

Prepare and apply a primer, as per manufacturer's recommendations, to all concrete faces to be in contact with elastomeric concrete, and to areas specified by the manufacturer.

Prepare, batch, and place the elastomeric concrete in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Place the elastomeric concrete in the areas specified on the plans while the primer is still tacky and within 2 hours after applying the primer. Trowel the elastomeric concrete to a smooth finish.

The joint opening in the elastomeric concrete shall match the formed opening in the concrete deck prior to sawing the joint.

## 5.0 FIELD SAMPLING

Provide additional production material to allow freshly mixed elastomeric concrete to be sampled for acceptance. A minimum of six 2 inch cube molds and three 3x6 inch cylinders will be taken by the Department for each day's production. Compression, splitting tensile, and durometer hardness testing will be performed by the Department to determine acceptance. Materials failing to meet the requirements listed above are subject to removal and replacement at no cost to the Department.

## **6.0 BASIS OF PAYMENT**

No separate payment will be made for elastomeric concrete. The lump sum contract price bid for "Foam Joint Seals" will be full compensation for furnishing and placing the Elastomeric Concrete.

## **FOAM JOINT SEALS**

(9-27-12)

#### 1.0 SEALS

Use preformed seals compatible with concrete and resistant to abrasion, oxidation, oils, gasoline, salt and other materials that are spilled on or applied to the surface. Use a resilient, UV stable, preformed, impermeable, flexible, expansion joint seal. The joint seal shall consist of low-density, closed cell, cross-linked polyethylene non-extrudable, foam. The joint seal shall contain no EVA (Ethylene Vinyl Acetate). Cell generation shall be achieved by being physically blown using nitrogen. No chemical blowing agents shall be used in the cell generation process.

Use seals manufactured with grooves 1/8"± wide by 1/8"± deep and spaced between 1/4" and 1/2" apart along the bond surface running the length of the joint. Use seals with a depth that meets the manufacturer's recommendation, but is not less than 70% of the uncompressed width. Provide a seal designed so that, when compressed, the center portion of the top does not extend upward above the original height of the seal by more than 1/4". Provide a seal that has a working range of 30% tension and 60% compression and meets the requirements given below.

| TEST                | TEST METHOD                    | REQUIREMENT                 |  |
|---------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Tensile strength    | ASTM D3575-08, Suffix T        | 110 – 130 psi               |  |
| Compression Set     | ASTM D1056                     | 10% - 16%                   |  |
|                     | Suffix B, 2 hr recovery        | 10% - 10%                   |  |
| Water Absorption    | ASTM D3575                     | $< 0.03 \text{ lb/ft}^2$    |  |
| Elongation at Break | ASTM D3575                     | 180% - 210%                 |  |
| Tear Strength       | ASTM D624 (D3575-08, Suffix G) | 14 – 20 pli                 |  |
| Dansity             | ASTM D3575-08,                 | $1.8 - 2.2 \text{ lb/ft}^3$ |  |
| Density             | Suffix W, Method A             | 1.0 – 2.2 10/10             |  |
| Toxicity            | ISO-10993.5                    | Pass (not cytotoxic)        |  |

Have the top of the joint seal clearly shop marked. Inspect the joint seals upon receipt to ensure that the marks are clearly visible before installation.

## 2.0 BONDING ADHESIVE

Use a two component, 100% solid, modified epoxy adhesive supplied by the joint seal manufacturer that meets the requirements given below.

| TEST                 | TEST METHOD   | REQUIREMENT          |
|----------------------|---------------|----------------------|
| Tensile strength     | ASTM D638     | 3000 psi (min.)      |
| Compressive strength | ASTM D695     | 7000 psi (min.)      |
| Hardness             | Shore D Scale | 75-85 psi            |
| Water Absorption     | ASTM D570     | 0.25% by weight max. |
| Elongation to Break  | ASTM D638     | 5% (max.)            |
| Bond Strength        | ASTM C882     | 2000 psi (min.)      |

Use an adhesive that is workable to 40°F. When installing in ambient air or surface temperatures below 40°F or for application on moist, difficult to dry concrete surfaces, use an adhesive specified by the manufacturer of the joint seal.

## 3.0 SAWING THE JOINT

The joint opening shall be initially formed to the width shown on the plans including the blockout for the elastomeric concrete.

The elastomeric concrete shall have sufficient time to cure such that no damage can occur to the elastomeric concrete prior to sawing to the final width and depth as specified in the plans.

When sawing the joint to receive the foam seal, always use a rigid guide to control the saw in the desired direction. To control the saw and to produce a straight line as indicated on the plans, anchor and positively connect a template or a track to the bridge deck. Do not saw the joint by visual means such as a chalk line. Fill the holes used for holding the template or track to the deck with an approved, flowable non-shrink, non-metallic grout.

Saw cut to the desired width and depth in one or two passes of the saw by placing and spacing two metal blades on the saw shaft to the desired width for the joint opening.

The desired depth is the depth of the seal plus 1/4" above the top of the seal plus approximately 1" below the bottom of the seal. An irregular bottom of sawed joint is permitted as indicated on the plans. Grind exposed corners on saw cut edges to a 1/4" chamfer.

Saw cut a straight joint, centered over the formed opening and to the desired width specified in the plans. Prevent any chipping or damage to the sawed edges of the joint.

Remove any staining or deposited material resulting from sawing with a wet blade to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

## 4.0 PREPARATION OF SAWED JOINT FOR SEAL INSTALLATION

The elastomeric concrete shall cure a minimum of 24 hours prior to seal installation.

After sawing the joint, the Engineer will thoroughly inspect the sawed joint opening for spalls, popouts, cracks, etc. All necessary repairs will be made by the Contractor prior to blast cleaning and installing the seal.

Clean the joints by sandblasting with clean dry sand immediately before placing the bonding agent. Sandblast the joint opening to provide a firm, clean joint surface free of curing compound, loose material and any foreign matter. Sandblast the joint opening without causing pitting or uneven surfaces. The aggregate in the elastomeric concrete may be exposed after sandblasting.

After blasting, either brush the surface with clean brushes made of hair, bristle or fiber, blow the surface with compressed air, or vacuum the surface until all traces of blast products and abrasives are removed from the surface, pockets, and corners.

If nozzle blasting is used to clean the joint opening, use compressed air that does not contain detrimental amounts of water or oil.

Examine the blast cleaned surface and remove any traces of oil, grease or smudge deposited in the cleaning operations.

Bond the seal to the blast cleaned surface on the same day the surface is blast cleaned.

#### 5.0 SEAL INSTALLATION

Install the joint seal according to the manufacturer's procedures and recommendations and as recommended below. Do not install the joint seal if the ambient air or surface temperature is below 45°F. Have a manufacturer's certified trained factory representative present during the installation of the first seal of the project.

Before installing the joint seal, check the uninstalled seal length to insure the seal is the same length as the deck opening. When the joint seal requires splicing, use the heat welding method by placing the joint material ends against a teflon heating iron of 425-475°F for 7 - 10 seconds, then pressing the ends together tightly. Do not test the welding until the material has completely cooled.

Begin installation by protecting the top edges of the concrete deck adjacent to the vertical walls of the joint as a means to minimize clean up. After opening both cans of the bonding agent, stir each can using separate stirring rods for each component to prevent premature curing of the bonding agent. Pour the two components, at the specified mixing ratio, into a clean mixing bucket. Mix the components with a low speed drill (400 rpm max.) until a uniform gray color is achieved without visible marbling. Apply bonding agent to both sides of the elastomeric concrete as well as both sides of the joint seal, making certain to completely fill the grooves with epoxy. With gloved hands, compress the joint seal and

with the help of a blunt probe, push the seal into the joint opening until the seal is recessed approximately 1/4" below the surface. When pushing down on the joint seal, apply pressure only in a downward direction. Do not push the joint seal into the joint opening at an angle that would stretch the material. Seals that are stretched during installation shall be removed and rejected. Once work on placing a seal begins, do not stop until it is completed. Clean the excess epoxy from the top of the joint seal immediately with a trowel. Do not use solvents or any cleaners to remove the excess epoxy from the top of the seal. Remove the protective cover at the joint edges and check for any excess epoxy on the surface. Remove excess epoxy with a trowel, the use of solvents or any cleaners will not be allowed.

The installed system shall be watertight and will be monitored until final inspection and approval. Do not place pavement markings on top of foam joint seals.

#### **6.0** BASIS OF PAYMENT

Payment for all foam joint seals will be at the lump sum contract price bid for "Foam Joint Seals". Prices and payment will be full compensation for furnishing all material, including elastomeric concrete, labor, tools and equipment necessary for installing these units in place and accepted.

## FALSEWORK AND FORMWORK

(4-5-12)

## 1.0 DESCRIPTION

Use this Special Provision as a guide to develop temporary works submittals required by the Standard Specifications or other provisions; no additional submittals are required herein. Such temporary works include, but are not limited to, falsework and formwork.

Falsework is any temporary construction used to support the permanent structure until it becomes self-supporting. Formwork is the temporary structure or mold used to retain plastic or fluid concrete in its designated shape until it hardens. Access scaffolding is a temporary structure that functions as a work platform that supports construction personnel, materials, and tools, but is not intended to support the structure. Scaffolding systems that are used to temporarily support permanent structures (as opposed to functioning as work platforms) are considered to be falsework under the definitions given. Shoring is a component of falsework such as horizontal, vertical, or inclined support members. Where the term "temporary works" is used, it includes all of the temporary facilities used in bridge construction that do not become part of the permanent structure.

Design and construct safe and adequate temporary works that will support all loads imposed and provide the necessary rigidity to achieve the lines and grades shown on the plans in the final structure.

## 2.0 MATERIALS

Select materials suitable for temporary works; however, select materials that also ensure the safety and quality required by the design assumptions. The Engineer has authority to reject material on the basis of its condition, inappropriate use, safety, or nonconformance with the plans. Clearly identify allowable loads or stresses for all materials or manufactured devices on the plans. Revise the plan and notify the Engineer if any change to materials or material strengths is required.

## 3.0 DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

## A. Working Drawings

Provide working drawings for items as specified in the contract, or as required by the Engineer, with design calculations and supporting data in sufficient detail to permit a structural and safety review of the proposed design of the temporary work.

On the drawings, show all information necessary to allow the design of any component to be checked independently as determined by the Engineer.

When concrete placement is involved, include data such as the drawings of proposed sequence, rate of placement, direction of placement, and location of all construction joints. Submit the number of copies as called for by the contract.

When required, have the drawings and calculations prepared under the guidance of, and sealed by, a North Carolina Registered Professional Engineer who is knowledgeable in temporary works design.

If requested by the Engineer, submit with the working drawings manufacturer's catalog data listing the weight of all construction equipment that will be supported on the temporary work. Show anticipated total settlements and/or deflections of falsework and forms on the working drawings. Include falsework footing settlements, joint take-up, and deflection of beams or girders.

As an option for the Contractor, overhang falsework hangers may be uniformly spaced, at a maximum of 36 inches, provided the following conditions are met:

| Member<br>Type<br>(PCG) | Member<br>Depth,<br>(inches) | Max. Overhang<br>Width,<br>(inches) | Max. Slab Edge<br>Thickness,<br>(inches) | Max. Screed<br>Wheel Weight,<br>(lbs.) | Bracket Min. Vertical Leg Extension, (inches) |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|
| II                      | 36                           | 39                                  | 14                                       | 2000                                   | 26  |
| III                     | 45                           | 42                                  | 14                                       | 2000                                   | 35  |
| IV                      | 54                           | 45                                  | 14                                       | 2000                                   | 44  |
| MBT                     | 63                           | 51                                  | 12                                       | 2000                                   | 50  |
| MBT                     | 72                           | 55                                  | 12                                       | 1700                                   | 48  |

Overhang width is measured from the centerline of the girder to the edge of the deck slab.

For Type II, III & IV prestressed concrete girders (PCG), 45-degree cast-in-place half hangers and rods must have a minimum safe working load of 6,000 lbs.

For MBT prestressed concrete girders, 45-degree angle holes for falsework hanger rods shall be cast through the girder top flange and located, measuring along the top of the member, 1'-2 ½" from the edge of the top flange. Hanger hardware and rods must have a minimum safe working load of 6,000 lbs.

The overhang bracket provided for the diagonal leg shall have a minimum safe working load of 3,750 lbs. The vertical leg of the bracket shall extend to the point that the heel bears on the girder bottom flange, no closer than 4 inches from the bottom of the member. However, for 72-inch members, the heel of the bracket shall bear on the web, near the bottom flange transition.

Provide adequate overhang falsework and determine the appropriate adjustments for deck geometry, equipment, casting procedures and casting conditions.

If the optional overhang falsework spacing is used, indicate this on the falsework submittal and advise the girder producer of the proposed details. Failure to notify the Engineer of hanger type and hanger spacing on prestressed concrete girder casting drawings may delay the approval of those drawings.

Falsework hangers that support concentrated loads and are installed at the edge of thin top flange concrete girders (such as bulb tee girders) shall be spaced so as not to exceed 75% of the manufacturer's stated safe working load. Use of dual leg hangers (such as Meadow Burke HF-42 and HF-43) are not allowed on concrete girders with thin top flanges. Design the falsework and forms supporting deck slabs and overhangs on girder bridges so that there will be no differential settlement between the girders and the deck forms during placement of deck concrete.

When staged construction of the bridge deck is required, detail falsework and forms for screed and fluid concrete loads to be independent of any previous deck pour components when the mid-span girder deflection due to deck weight is greater than <sup>3</sup>4".

Note on the working drawings any anchorages, connectors, inserts, steel sleeves or other such devices used as part of the falsework or formwork that remains in the permanent structure. If the plan notes indicate that the structure contains the necessary corrosion protection required for a Corrosive Site, epoxy coat, galvanize or metalize these devices. Electroplating will not be allowed. Any coating required by the Engineer will be considered incidental to the various pay items requiring temporary works.

Design falsework and formwork requiring submittals in accordance with the 1995 AASHTO *Guide Design Specifications for Bridge Temporary Works* except as noted herein.

## 1. Wind Loads

Table 2.2 of Article 2.2.5.1 is modified to include wind velocities up to 110 mph. In addition, Table 2.2A is included to provide the maximum wind speeds by county in North Carolina.

**Table 2.2 - Wind Pressure Values** 

| Height Zone       | Pressure, lb/ft <sup>2</sup> for Indicated Wind Velocity, mph |                  |    |    |    |  |  |
|-------------------|---|------------------|----|----|----|--|--|
| feet above ground | 70  | 70 80 90 100 110 |    |    |    |  |  |
| 0 to 30           | 15  | 20               | 25 | 30 | 35 |  |  |
| 30 to 50          | 20  | 25               | 30 | 35 | 40 |  |  |
| 50 to 100         | 25  | 30               | 35 | 40 | 45 |  |  |
| over 100          | 30  | 35               | 40 | 45 | 50 |  |  |

## 2. Time of Removal

The following requirements replace those of Article 3.4.8.2.

Do not remove forms until the concrete has attained strengths required in Article 420-16 of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Do not remove forms until the concrete has sufficient strength to prevent damage to the surface.

Table 2.2A - Steady State Maximum Wind Speeds by Counties in North Carolina

|            | 25 VD          |             | 25 VD          |              | 25 VD       |
|------------|----------------|-------------|----------------|--------------|-------------|
| COUNTY     | 25 YR<br>(mph) | COUNTY      | 25 YR<br>(mph) | COUNTY       | 25 YR (mph) |
| Alamance   | 70             | Franklin    | 70             | Pamlico      | 100         |
| Alexander  | 70             | Gaston      | 70             | Pasquotank   | 100         |
| Alleghany  | 70             | Gates       | 90             | Pender       | 100         |
| Anson      | 70             | Graham      | 80             | Perquimans   | 100         |
| Ashe       | 70             | Granville   | 70             | Person       | 70          |
| Avery      | 70             | Greene      | 80             | Pitt         | 90          |
| Beaufort   | 100            | Guilford    | 70             | Polk         | 80          |
| Bertie     | 90             | Halifax     | 80             | Randolph     | 70          |
| Bladen     | 90             | Harnett     | 70             | Richmond     | 70          |
| Brunswick  | 100            | Haywood     | 80             | Robeson      | 80          |
| Buncombe   | 80             | Henderson   | 80             | Rockingham   | 70          |
| Burke      | 70             | Hertford    | 90             | Rowan        | 70          |
| Cabarrus   | 70             | Hoke        | 70             | Rutherford   | 70          |
| Caldwell   | 70             | Hyde        | 110            | Sampson      | 90          |
| Camden     | 100            | Iredell     | 70             | Scotland     | 70          |
| Carteret   | 110            | Jackson     | 80             | Stanley      | 70          |
| Caswell    | 70             | Johnston    | 80             | Stokes       | 70          |
| Catawba    | 70             | Jones       | 100            | Surry        | 70          |
| Cherokee   | 80             | Lee         | 70             | Swain        | 80          |
| Chatham    | 70             | Lenoir      | 90             | Transylvania | 80          |
| Chowan     | 90             | Lincoln     | 70             | Tyrell       | 100         |
| Clay       | 80             | Macon       | 80             | Union        | 70          |
| Cleveland  | 70             | Madison     | 80             | Vance        | 70          |
| Columbus   | 90             | Martin      | 90             | Wake         | 70          |
| Craven     | 100            | McDowell    | 70             | Warren       | 70          |
| Cumberland | 80             | Mecklenburg | 70             | Washington   | 100         |
| Currituck  | 100            | Mitchell    | 70             | Watauga      | 70          |
| Dare       | 110            | Montgomery  | 70             | Wayne        | 80          |
| Davidson   | 70             | Moore       | 70             | Wilkes       | 70          |
| Davie      | 70             | Nash        | 80             | Wilson       | 80          |
| Duplin     | 90             | New Hanover | 100            | Yadkin       | 70          |
| Durham     | 70             | Northampton | 80             | Yancey       | 70          |
| Edgecombe  | 80             | Onslow      | 100            |              |             |
| Forsyth    | 70             | Orange      | 70             |              |             |

## B. Review and Approval

The Engineer is responsible for the review and approval of temporary works' drawings.

Submit the working drawings sufficiently in advance of proposed use to allow for their review, revision (if needed), and approval without delay to the work.

The time period for review of the working drawings does not begin until complete drawings and design calculations, when required, are received by the Engineer.

Do not start construction of any temporary work for which working drawings are required until the drawings have been approved. Such approval does not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility for the accuracy and adequacy of the working drawings.

#### 4.0 Construction Requirements

All requirements of Section 420 of the Standard Specifications apply.

Construct temporary works in conformance with the approved working drawings. Ensure that the quality of materials and workmanship employed is consistent with that assumed in the design of the temporary works. Do not weld falsework members to any portion of the permanent structure unless approved. Show any welding to the permanent structure on the approved construction drawings.

Provide tell-tales attached to the forms and extending to the ground, or other means, for accurate measurement of falsework settlement. Make sure that the anticipated compressive settlement and/or deflection of falsework does not exceed 1 inch. For cast-in-place concrete structures, make sure that the calculated deflection of falsework flexural members does not exceed 1/240 of their span regardless of whether or not the deflection is compensated by camber strips.

## A. Maintenance and Inspection

Inspect and maintain the temporary work in an acceptable condition throughout the period of its use. Certify that the manufactured devices have been maintained in a condition to allow them to safely carry their rated loads. Clearly mark each piece so that its capacity can be readily determined at the job site.

Perform an in-depth inspection of an applicable portion(s) of the temporary works, in the presence of the Engineer, not more than 24 hours prior to the beginning of each concrete placement. Inspect other temporary works at least once a month to ensure that they are functioning properly. Have a North Carolina Registered Professional Engineer inspect the cofferdams, shoring, sheathing, support of excavation structures, and support systems for load tests prior to loading.

#### B. Foundations

Determine the safe bearing capacity of the foundation material on which the supports for temporary works rest. If required by the Engineer, conduct load tests to verify proposed bearing capacity values that are marginal or in other high-risk situations.

The use of the foundation support values shown on the contract plans of the permanent structure is permitted if the foundations are on the same level and on the same soil as those of the permanent structure.

Allow for adequate site drainage or soil protection to prevent soil saturation and washout of the soil supporting the temporary works supports.

If piles are used, the estimation of capacities and later confirmation during construction using standard procedures based on the driving characteristics of the pile is permitted. If preferred, use load tests to confirm the estimated capacities; or, if required by the Engineer conduct load tests to verify bearing capacity values that are marginal or in other high risk situations.

The Engineer reviews and approves the proposed pile and soil bearing capacities.

## 5.0 REMOVAL

Unless otherwise permitted, remove and keep all temporary works upon completion of the work. Do not disturb or otherwise damage the finished work.

Remove temporary works in conformance with the contract documents. Remove them in such a manner as to permit the structure to uniformly and gradually take the stresses due to its own weight.

#### **6.0** METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

Unless otherwise specified, temporary works will not be directly measured.

## 7.0 BASIS OF PAYMENT

Payment at the contract unit prices for the various pay items requiring temporary works will be full compensation for the above falsework and formwork.

## **SUBMITTAL OF WORKING DRAWINGS**

(6-28-17)

## 1.0 GENERAL

Submit working drawings in accordance with Article 105-2 of the *Standard Specifications* and this provision. For this provision, "submittals" refers to only those listed in this provision. The list of submittals contained herein does not represent a list of required submittals for the project. Submittals are only necessary for those items as required by the

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Via other delivery service:

of Transportation

Raleigh, NC 27610

Mr. B. C. Hanks, P. E.

State Structures Engineer

1000 Birch Ridge Drive

North Carolina Department

Structures Management Unit

Attention: Mr. J. L. Bolden, P. E.

contract. Make submittals that are not specifically noted in this provision directly to the

contract. Make submittals that are not specifically noted in this provision directly to the Engineer. Either the Structures Management Unit or the Geotechnical Engineering Unit or both units will jointly review submittals.

If a submittal contains variations from plan details or specifications or significantly affects project cost, field construction or operations, discuss the submittal with and submit all copies to the Engineer. State the reason for the proposed variation in the submittal. To minimize review time, make sure all submittals are complete when initially submitted. Provide a contact name and information with each submittal. Direct any questions regarding submittal requirements to the Engineer, Structures Management Unit contacts or the Geotechnical Engineering Unit contacts noted below.

In order to facilitate in-plant inspection by NCDOT and approval of working drawings, provide the name, address and telephone number of the facility where fabrication will actually be done if different than shown on the title block of the submitted working drawings. This includes, but is not limited to, precast concrete items, prestressed concrete items and fabricated steel or aluminum items.

## 2.0 ADDRESSES AND CONTACTS

For submittals to the Structures Management Unit, use the following addresses:

Via US mail:

Mr. B. C. Hanks, P. E. State Structures Engineer North Carolina Department

of Transportation

Structures Management Unit 1581 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-1581

Attention: Mr. J. L. Bolden, P. E.

Submittals may also be made via email.

Send submittals to:

<u>ilbolden@ncdot.gov</u> (James Bolden)

Send an additional e-copy of the submittal to the following address:

<u>eomile@ncdot.gov</u> (Emmanuel Omile) <u>mrorie@ncdot.gov</u> (Madonna Rorie)

For submittals to the Geotechnical Engineering Unit, use the following addresses:

For projects in Divisions 1-7, use the following Eastern Regional Office address:

Via US mail: Via other delivery service:

Mr. Chris Kreider, P. E. Mr. Chris Kreider, P. E.

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Eastern Regional Geotechnical Eastern Regional Geotechnical

Manager Manager

North Carolina Department North Carolina Department

of Transportation of Transportation

Geotechnical Engineering Unit Geotechnical Engineering Unit

Eastern Regional Office Eastern Regional Office

1570 Mail Service Center 3301 Jones Sausage Road, Suite 100

Raleigh, NC 27699-1570 Garner, NC 27529

Via Email: EastGeotechnicalSubmittal@ncdot.gov

For projects in Divisions 8-14, use the following Western Regional Office address:

Via US mail or other delivery service:

Mr. Eric Williams, P. E.

Western Regional Geotechnical

Manager

North Carolina Department

of Transportation

Geotechnical Engineering Unit

Western Regional Office

5253 Z Max Boulevard

Harrisburg, NC 28075

Via Email: WestGeotechnicalSubmittal@ncdot.gov

The status of the review of structure-related submittals sent to the Structures Management Unit can be viewed from the Unit's website, via the "Drawing Submittal Status" link.

The status of the review of geotechnical-related submittals sent to the Geotechnical Engineering Unit can be viewed from the Unit's website, via the "Geotechnical Construction Submittals" link.

Direct any questions concerning submittal review status, review comments or drawing markups to the following contacts:

Primary Structures Contact: James Bolden

(919) 707 - 6408

(919)

250 – 4082 facsimile

<u>ilbolden@ncdot.gov</u>

Secondary Structures Contacts: Emmanuel Omile (919) 707 –

6451

Madonna Rorie (919) 707 –

6508

Eastern Regional Geotechnical Contact (Divisions 1-7):

U-5818 ST-19 Mcdowell County

Chris Kreider (919)
662 – 4710

ckreider@ncdot.gov

Western Regional Geotechnical Contact (Divisions 8-14):
Eric Williams (704) 455 –
8902

ewilliams3@ncdot.gov

## 3.0 SUBMITTAL COPIES

Furnish one complete copy of each submittal, including all attachments, to the Engineer. At the same time, submit the number of hard copies shown below of the same complete submittal directly to the Structures Management Unit and/or the Geotechnical Engineering Unit.

The first table below covers "Structure Submittals". The Engineer will receive review comments and drawing markups for these submittals from the Structures Management Unit. The second table in this section covers "Geotechnical Submittals". The Engineer will receive review comments and drawing markups for these submittals from the Geotechnical Engineering Unit.

Unless otherwise required, submit one set of supporting calculations to either the Structures Management Unit or the Geotechnical Engineering Unit unless both units require submittal copies in which case submit a set of supporting calculations to each unit. Provide additional copies of any submittal as directed.

## **STRUCTURE SUBMITTALS**

| Submittal                          | Copies Required by Structures Management Unit | Copies Required by Geotechnical Engineering Unit | Contract Reference<br>Requiring Submittal <sup>1</sup> |
|------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Arch Culvert Falsework             | 5   | 0  | Plan Note, SN Sheet & "Falsework and Formwork"         |
| Box Culvert Falsework <sup>7</sup> | 5   | 0  | Plan Note, SN Sheet & "Falsework and Formwork"         |
| Cofferdams                         | 6   | 2  | Article 410-4  |
| Foam Joint Seals <sup>6</sup>      | 9   | 0  | "Foam Joint Seals"                                     |
| Expansion Joint Seals              | 9   | 0  | "Expansion Joint Seals"                                |

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| (hold down plate type with base angle)                                     |                           |   |  |
|--|---------------------------|---|--|
| Expansion Joint Seals (modular)  | 2, then 9                 | 0 | "Modular Expansion Joint Seals"  |
|  |                           |   |  |
| Expansion Joint Seals (strip seals)  | 9                         | 0 | "Strip Seals"  |
| Falsework & Forms <sup>2</sup> (substructure)                              | 8                         | 0 | Article 420-3 & "Falsework and Formwork"   |
| Falsework & Forms (superstructure)   | 8                         | 0 | Article 420-3 & "Falsework and Formwork"   |
| Girder Erection over Railroad  | 5                         | 0 | <b>Railroad Provisions</b>   |
| Maintenance and Protection of<br>Traffic Beneath Proposed<br>Structure     | 8                         | 0 | "Maintenance and<br>Protection of Traffic<br>Beneath Proposed Structure<br>at Station" |
| Metal Bridge Railing   | 8                         | 0 | Plan Note  |
| Metal Stay-in-Place Forms  | 8                         | 0 | Article 420-3  |
| Metalwork for Elastomeric<br>Bearings <sup>4,5</sup>                       | 7                         | 0 | Article 1072-8   |
| Miscellaneous Metalwork <sup>4,5</sup>                                     | 7                         | 0 | Article 1072-8   |
| Disc Bearings <sup>4</sup>   | 8                         | 0 | "Disc Bearings"  |
| Overhead and Digital Message<br>Signs (DMS) (metalwork and<br>foundations) | 13                        | 0 | Applicable Provisions  |
| Placement of Equipment on Structures (cranes, etc.)                        | 7                         | 0 | Article 420-20   |
| Precast Concrete Box Culverts  | 2, then<br>1 reproducible | 0 | "Optional Precast<br>Reinforced Concrete Box<br>Culvert at Station"                    |
| Prestressed Concrete Cored Slab (detensioning sequences) <sup>3</sup>      | 6                         | 0 | Article 1078-11  |
| Prestressed Concrete Deck Panels   | 6 and<br>1 reproducible   | 0 | Article 420-3  |
| Prestressed Concrete Girder (strand elongation and                         | 6                         | 0 | Articles 1078-8 and 1078-  |

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| detensioning sequences)   |                           |   | 11  |
|---|---------------------------|---|---|
| Removal of Existing Structure over Railroad                                   | 5                         | 0 | Railroad Provisions   |
| Revised Bridge Deck Plans<br>(adaptation to prestressed deck<br>panels)       | 2, then<br>1 reproducible | 0 | Article 420-3   |
| Revised Bridge Deck Plans<br>(adaptation to modular<br>expansion joint seals) | 2, then<br>1 reproducible | 0 | "Modular Expansion Joint Seals"   |
| Sound Barrier Wall (precast items)  | 10                        | 0 | Article 1077-2 & "Sound Barrier Wall"   |
| Sound Barrier Wall Steel<br>Fabrication Plans <sup>5</sup>                    | 7                         | 0 | Article 1072-8 & "Sound Barrier Wall"   |
| Structural Steel <sup>4</sup>   | 2, then 7                 | 0 | Article 1072-8  |
| Temporary Detour Structures   | 10                        | 2 | Article 400-3 & "Construction, Maintenance and Removal of Temporary Structure at Station" |
| TFE Expansion Bearings <sup>4</sup>   | 8                         | 0 | Article 1072-8  |
| FOOTNOTES   |                           |   |   |

# FOOTNOTES

- 1. References are provided to help locate the part of the contract where the submittals are required. References in quotes refer to the provision by that name. Articles refer to the *Standard Specifications*.
- 2. Submittals for these items are necessary only when required by a note on plans.
- 3. Submittals for these items may not be required. A list of pre-approved sequences is available from the producer or the Materials & Tests Unit.
- 4. The fabricator may submit these items directly to the Structures Management Unit.
- 5. The two sets of preliminary submittals required by Article 1072-8 of the *Standard Specifications* are not required for these items.
- 6. Submittals for Fabrication Drawings are not required. Submittals for Catalogue Cuts of Proposed Material are required. See Section 5.A of the referenced provision.
- 7. Submittals are necessary only when the top slab thickness is 18" or greater.

## **GEOTECHNICAL SUBMITTALS**

| Cor | oies ( | Copies | Contract Reference |
|-----|--------|--------|--------------------|
|     |        |        |                    |

| Submittal   | Required by<br>Geotechnical<br>Engineering<br>Unit | Required by<br>Structures<br>Management<br>Unit | Requiring Submittal <sup>1</sup>                  |
|---|--|---|---|
| Drilled Pier Construction Plans <sup>2</sup>          | 1  | 0   | Subarticle 411-3(A)                               |
| Crosshole Sonic Logging (CSL)<br>Reports <sup>2</sup> | 1  | 0   | Subarticle 411-5(A)(2)                            |
| Pile Driving Equipment Data Forms <sup>2,3</sup>      | 1  | 0   | Subarticle 450-3(D)(2)                            |
| Pile Driving Analyzer (PDA)<br>Reports <sup>2</sup>   | 1  | 0   | Subarticle 450-3(F)(3)                            |
| Retaining Walls <sup>4</sup>                          | 1 drawings,<br>1 calculations                      | 2 drawings                                      | Applicable Provisions                             |
| Temporary Shoring <sup>4</sup>                        | 1 drawings,<br>1 calculations                      | 2 drawings                                      | "Temporary Shoring" & "Temporary Soil Nail Walls" |

## **FOOTNOTES**

- 1. References are provided to help locate the part of the contract where the submittals are required. References in quotes refer to the provision by that name. Subarticles refer to the *Standard Specifications*.
- 2. Submit one hard copy of submittal to the Engineer. Submit a second copy of submittal electronically (PDF via email), US mail or other delivery service to the appropriate Geotechnical Engineering Unit regional office. Electronic submission is preferred.
- 3. The Pile Driving Equipment Data Form is available from: <a href="https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/Geological/Pages/Geotech\_Forms\_Details.aspx">https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/Geological/Pages/Geotech\_Forms\_Details.aspx</a> See second page of form for submittal instructions.
- 4. Electronic copy of submittal is required. See referenced provision.

CRANE SAFETY (8-15-05)

Comply with the manufacturer specifications and limitations applicable to the operation of any and all cranes and derricks. Prime contractors, sub-contractors, and fully operated rental companies shall comply with the current Occupational Safety and Health Administration regulations (OSHA).

Submit all items listed below to the Engineer prior to beginning crane operations involving critical lifts. A critical lift is defined as any lift that exceeds 75 percent of the manufacturer's crane chart capacity for the radius at which the load will be lifted or requires the use of more

than one crane. Changes in personnel or equipment must be reported to the Engineer and all applicable items listed below must be updated and submitted prior to continuing with crane operations.

## CRANE SAFETY SUBMITTAL LIST

- A. <u>Competent Person:</u> Provide the name and qualifications of the "Competent Person" responsible for crane safety and lifting operations. The named competent person will have the responsibility and authority to stop any work activity due to safety concerns.
- B. <u>Riggers:</u> Provide the qualifications and experience of the persons responsible for rigging operations. Qualifications and experience should include, but not be limited to, weight calculations, center of gravity determinations, selection and inspection of sling and rigging equipment, and safe rigging practices.
- C. <u>Crane Inspections:</u> Inspection records for all cranes shall be current and readily accessible for review upon request.
- D. <u>Certifications:</u> By July 1, 2006, crane operators performing critical lifts shall be certified by NC CCO (National Commission for the Certification of Crane Operators), or satisfactorily complete the Carolinas AGC's Professional Crane Operator's Proficiency Program. Other approved nationally accredited programs will be considered upon request. All crane operators shall also have a current CDL medical card. Submit a list of anticipated critical lifts and corresponding crane operator(s). Include current certification for the type of crane operated (small hydraulic, large hydraulic, small lattice, large lattice) and medical evaluations for each operator.

## **GROUT FOR STRUCTURES**

(12-1-17)

#### 1.0 DESCRIPTION

This special provision addresses grout for use in pile blockouts, grout pockets, shear keys, dowel holes and recesses for structures. This provision does not apply to grout placed in post-tensioning ducts for bridge beams, girders, decks, end bent caps, or bent caps. Mix and place grout in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, the applicable sections of the Standard Specifications and this provision.

## 2.0 MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS

Unless otherwise noted on the plans, use a Type 3 Grout in accordance with Section 1003 of the Standard Specifications.

Initial setting time shall not be less than 10 minutes when tested in accordance with ASTM C266.

Construction loading and traffic loading shall not be allowed until the 3 day compressive strength is achieved.

#### 3.0 SAMPLING AND PLACEMENT

Place and maintain components in final position until grout placement is complete and accepted. Concrete surfaces to receive grout shall be free of defective concrete, laitance, oil, grease and other foreign matter. Saturate concrete surfaces with clean water and remove excess water prior to placing grout.

#### 4.0 BASIS OF PAYMENT

No separate payment will be made for "Grout for Structures". The cost of the material, equipment, labor, placement, and any incidentals necessary to complete the work shall be considered incidental to the structure item requiring grout.

# ASBESTOS ASSESSMENT FOR BRIDGE DEMOLITION AND RENOVATION ACTIVITIES

(12-30-15)

#### 1.0 Inspection for Asbestos Containing Material

Prior to conducting bridge demolition or renovation activities, the Contractor shall thoroughly inspect the bridge or affected components for the presence of asbestos containing material (ACM) using a firm prequalified by NCDOT to perform asbestos surveys. The inspection must be performed by a N.C. accredited asbestos inspector with experience inspecting bridges or other industrial structures. The N.C. accredited asbestos inspector must conduct a thorough inspection, identifying all asbestos-containing material as required by the Environmental Protection Agency National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 40 CFR, Part 61, Subpart M.

The Contractor shall submit an inspection report to the Engineer, which at a minimum must include information required in 40 CFR 763.85 (a)(4) vi)(A)-(E), as well as a project location map, photos of existing structure, the date of inspection and the name, N.C. accreditation number, and signature of the N.C. accredited asbestos inspector who performed the inspection and completed the report. The cover sheet of the report shall include project identification information. Place the following notes on the cover sheet of the report and check the appropriate box:

| ACM | was | found     |
|-----|-----|-----------|
| ACM | was | not found |

#### 2.0 REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL OF ASBESTOS CONTAINING MATERIAL

If ACM is found, notify the Engineer. Compensation for removal and disposal of ACM is considered extra work in accordance with Article 104-7 of the Standard Specifications.

An Asbestos Removal Permit must be obtained from the Health Hazards Control Unit (HHCU) of the N.C. Department of Health & Human Services, Division of Public Health, if more than 35 cubic feet, 160 square feet, or 260 linear feet of regulated ACM (RACM) is to be removed from a structure and this work must be completed by a contractor prequalified by NCDOT to perform asbestos abatement. RACM is defined in 40 CFR, Part

61, Subpart M. Note: 40 CFR 763.85 (a)(4) vi)(D) defines ACM as surfacing, TSI and Miscellaneous which does not meet the NESHAP RACM.

#### 3.0 DEMOLITION NOTIFICATION

Even if no ACM is found (or if quantities are less than those required for a permit), a Demolition Notification (DHHS-3768) must be submitted to the HHCU. Notifications and Asbestos Permit applications require an original signature and must be submitted to the HHCU 10 working days prior to beginning demolition activities. The 10 working day period starts based on the post-marked date or date of hand delivery. Demolition that does not begin as originally notified requires submission of a separate revision form HHCU 3768-R to HHCU. Reference the North Carolina Administrative Code, Chapter 10A, Subchapter 41C, Article .0605 for directives on revision submissions.

## **Contact Information**

Health Hazards Control Unit (HHCU) N.C. Department of Health and Human Services 1912 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-1912 Telephone: (919) 707-5950

Fax: (919) 870-4808

## 4.0 SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS

Buncombe, Forsyth, and Mecklenburg counties also have asbestos permitting and NESHAP requirements must be followed. For projects involving permitted RACM removals, both the applicable county and the state (HHCU) must be notified.

For demolitions with no RACM, only the local environmental agencies must be notified. Contact information is as follows:

## Buncombe County

WNC Regional Air Pollution Control Agency 49 Mt. Carmel Road Asheville, NC 28806 (828) 250-6777

## Forsyth County

Environmental Affairs Department 537 N. Spruce Street Winston-Salem, NC 27101 (336) 703-2440

## Mecklenburg County

Land Use and Environmental Services Agency Mecklenburg Air Quality 700 N. Tryon Street U-5818

Charlotte, NC 28202 (704) 336-5430

## 5.0 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information may be found on N.C. asbestos rules, regulations, procedures and N.C. accredited inspectors, as well as associated forms for demolition notifications and asbestos permit applications at the N.C. Asbestos Hazard Management Program website:

www.epi.state.nc.us/epi/asbestos/ahmp.html

## **6.0** BASIS OF PAYMENT

Payment for the work required in this provision will be at the lump sum contract unit price for "Asbestos Assessment". Such payment will be full compensation for all asbestos inspections, reports, permitting and notifications.

## PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISION

(10-18-95) (Rev. 3-21-17))

## **PERMITS**

Z-1a

The Contractor's attention is directed to the following permits, which have been issued to the Department of Transportation by the authority granting the permit.

PERMIT AUTHORITY GRANTING THE PERMIT

| Dredge and Fill and/or<br>Work in Navigable Waters (404) | U. S. Army Corps of Engineers  |
|--|--|
| W/ater   Diality //IIII                                  | Division of Environmental Management, DEQ<br>State of North Carolina |

The Contractor shall comply with all applicable permit conditions during construction of this project. Those conditions marked by \* are the responsibility of the Department and the Contractor has no responsibility in accomplishing those conditions.

Agents of the permitting authority will periodically inspect the project for adherence to the permits.

The Contractor's attention is also directed to Articles 107-10 and 107-13 of the 2018 Standard Specifications and the following:

Should the Contractor propose to utilize construction methods (such as temporary structures or fill in waters and/or wetlands for haul roads, work platforms, cofferdams, etc.) not specifically identified in the permit (individual, general, or nationwide) authorizing the project it shall be the Contractor's responsibility to coordinate with the Engineer to determine what, if any, additional permit action is required. The Contractor shall also be responsible for initiating the request for the authorization of such construction method by the permitting agency. The request shall be submitted through the Engineer. The Contractor shall not utilize the construction method until it is approved by the permitting agency. The request normally takes approximately 60 days to process; however, no extensions of time or additional compensation will be granted for delays resulting from the Contractor's request for approval of construction methods not specifically identified in the permit.

Where construction moratoriums are contained in a permit condition which restricts the Contractor's activities to certain times of the year, those moratoriums will apply only to the portions of the work taking place in the restricted waters, wetlands or buffer zones, provided that activities outside those areas is done in such a manner as to not affect the restricted waters, wetlands or buffer zones.

# P-2 U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS

WILMINGTON DISTRICT

Action ID. SAW-2018-02049 County: McDowell

# GENERAL PERMIT (REGIONAL AND NATIONWIDE) VERIFICATION

Property Owner / Authorized Agent: North Carolina Department of Transportation

Attn: Mr. Mark Gibbs, Division Engineer

Address: PO Box 3279

Asheville, North Carolina 28802, Telephone No.: 828-251-6171

Size and location of property (water body, road name/number, town, etc.): <u>The project is located on a section of SR 1001 (Sugar Hill Road) at I-40, and on the on and off ramps to I-40 at this location (Exit 81) in McDowell County, North Carolina.</u>

Description of project area and activity: <u>In order to extend the 3-lane section of SR 1001 across I-40 to tie in to the existing 3-lane section west of the I-40 eastbound ramps, and improve the on and off ramps to I-40, the permittee is authorized to impact waters of the U.S. as follows:</u>

**Summary of Authorized Impacts and Required Mitigation** 

| Summary of Authorized Impacts and Required Witigation                |           |                 |  |              |           |               |                                |
|--|-----------|-----------------|--|--------------|-----------|---------------|--------------------------------|
| Impact ID #  | NWP       | Open Water (ac) |  | Wetland (ac) |           | Stream (lf)   |                                |
| Impact ID #  | / GP #    | Temporary       | Permanent  | Temporary    | Permanent | Temporary     | Permanent                      |
| Site 1 (1A & 1B<br>on plans)<br>(North Muddy<br>Creek)               | <u>14</u> |                 |  |              |           |               | 42' (culvert)                  |
| Site 2 (1A & 1B<br>on plans)<br>(North Muddy<br>Creek)               | <u>14</u> |                 |  |              |           |               | 92'<br>(bank<br>stabilization) |
| Site 3 (2 on plans)<br>(North Muddy<br>Creek)                        | <u>14</u> |                 |  |              |           |               | 93'<br>(culvert)               |
| Site 4 (2 on plans)<br>(North Muddy<br>Creek)                        | <u>14</u> |                 |  |              |           | 60' (dewater) |                                |
| Site 5 (2 on plans)<br>(North Muddy<br>Creek)                        | <u>14</u> |                 |  |              |           |               | 64'<br>(bank<br>stabilization) |
| Site 6 (3 on plans)<br>(North Muddy<br>Creek)                        | <u>14</u> |                 |  |              |           |               | 9'<br>(culvert)                |
| Site 7 (3 on plans)<br>(North Muddy<br>Creek)                        | <u>14</u> |                 |  |              |           | 10' (dewater) |                                |
| Site 8 (3 on plans) (North Muddy Creek)                              | <u>14</u> |                 |  |              |           |               | 22'<br>(bank<br>stabilization) |
| Impact Tota  | ls        | 0               | 0  | 0            | 0         | 70            | 322                            |
| Total Loss of waters of the U.S. (wetlands and/or open waters in ac) |           | 0               | Total Loss of waters of the U.S. (streams in lf) |              | 144       |               |                                |
| Required Wetland Mitigation (ac)                                     |           | 0               | Required Stream Mitigation (lf)                  |              |           | 288           |                                |

| Applicable Law: | Section 404 (Clean Water Act, 33 USC 1344)      |
|-----------------|---|
|                 | Section 10 (Rivers and Harbors Act, 33 USC 403) |
| Authorization:  | Regional General Permit Number:                 |
|                 | Nationwide Permit Number: <u>14</u>             |

Your work is authorized by the above referenced permit provided it is accomplished in strict accordance with the attached conditions, your submitted application, and the following special conditions:

#### **Special Conditions**

- 1. All work must be performed in strict compliance with the description of work and plans in the application dated September 26, 2018. Any modification to the description of work and/or the permit plans must be approved by the USACE prior to implementation.
- 2. In order to compensate for impacts associated with this permit, mitigation shall be provided in accordance with the provisions outlined on the most recent version of the attached Compensatory Mitigation Responsibility Transfer Form. The requirements of this form, including any special conditions listed on this form, are hereby incorporated as special conditions of this permit authorization.
- 3. The permittee shall require its contractors and/or agents to comply with the terms and conditions of this authorization letter in the construction and maintenance of this project, and shall provide each of its contractors and/or agents associated with the construction or maintenance of this project with a copy of this authorization letter, all conditions, and any authorized modifications. A copy of this authorization letter, all conditions, and any authorized modifications, shall be available at the project site during construction and maintenance of this project.

Any violation of the attached conditions or deviation from your submitted plans may subject the permittee to a stop work order, a restoration order, a Class I administrative penalty, and/or appropriate legal action.

This verification will remain valid until the expiration date identified below unless the nationwide and/or regional general permit authorization is modified, suspended or revoked. If, prior to the expiration date identified below, the nationwide and/or regional general permit authorization is reissued and/or modified, this verification will remain valid until the expiration date identified below, provided it complies with all requirements of the modified nationwide and/or regional general permit. If the nationwide and/or regional general permit authorization expires or is suspended, revoked, or is modified, such that the activity would no longer comply with the terms and conditions of the nationwide and/or regional general permit, activities which have commenced (i.e., are under construction) or are under contract to commence in reliance upon the nationwide and/or regional general permit, will remain authorized provided the activity is completed within twelve months of the date of the nationwide and/or regional general permit's expiration, modification or revocation, unless discretionary authority has been exercised on a case-by-case basis to modify, suspend or revoke the authorization.

Activities subject to Section 404 (as indicated above) may also require an individual Section 401 Water Quality Certification. You should contact the NC Division of Water Resources (telephone 828-296-4500) to determine Section 401 requirements.

This Department of the Army verification does not relieve the permittee of the responsibility to obtain any other required Federal, State or local approvals/permits.

If there are any questions regarding this verification, any of the conditions of the Permit, or the Corps of Engineers regulatory program, please contact Lori Beckwith at 828-271-7980.

BECKWITH.LORETT Digitally signed by BECKWITHLORETTA.ANN.1173452264
DN: c-US, 0=US. Government, ou-DoD, ou-PKI, ou-USA,
corps Regulatory Official: Lori Beckwith A.ANN.1173452264

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Date: November 5, 2018 Expiration Date of Verification: March 18, 2022

Copy furnish – NCDOT, Mr. Roger Bryan

#### **Determination of Jurisdiction:**

| 1. | There are waters on the above described project area that may be subject to Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) (33 USC § 1344) and/or Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act (RHA) (33 USC § 403). This preliminary determination is not an appealable action under the Regulatory Program Administrative Appeal Process (Reference 33 CFR Part 331). However, you may request an approved JD, which is an appealable action, by contacting the Corps district for further instruction. Please note, if work is authorized by either a general or nationwide permit, and you wish to request an appeal of an approved JD, the appeal must be received by the Corps and the appeal process concluded prior to the commencement of any work in waters of the United States and prior to any work that could alter the hydrology of waters of the United States. |
|----|---|
| 2. | There are Navigable Waters of the United States within the above described project area subject to the permit requirements of Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act (RHA) (33 USC § 403) and Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) (33 USC § 1344). Unless there is a change in the law or our published regulations, this determination may be relied upon for a period not to exceed five years from the date of this notification.   |
| 3. | ☐ There are waters, including wetlands, within the above described project area that are subject to the permit requirements of Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) (33 USC § 1344). Unless there is a change in the law or our published regulations, this determination may be relied upon for a period not to exceed five years from the date of this notification.  |
| 4. | A jurisdiction determination was not completed with this request. Therefore, this is not an appealable action. However, you may request an approved JD, which is an appealable action, by contacting the Corps for further instruction.   |
| 5. | ☐ The aquatic resources within the above described project area have been identified under a previous action. Please reference the approved jurisdictional determination issued on, under Action ID: SAW  |
|    |   |

**Basis for Jurisdictional Determination:** N/A for PJD.

**Remarks:** Approximate boundaries of waters are depicted on aerial photographs titled, "TIP U-5818 SR 1001 (Sugar Hill Rd) McDowell County, NC, Figure 3: Jurisdictional Features Map (Sheet 1 of 2)", dated February 2017.

# **Attention USDA Program Participants**

This delineation/determination has been conducted to identify the limits of Corps' Clean Water Act jurisdiction for the particular site identified in this request. The delineation/determination may not be valid for the wetland conservation provisions of the Food Security Act of 1985. If you or your tenant are USDA Program participants, or anticipate participation in USDA programs, you should request a certified wetland determination from the local office of the Natural Resources Conservation Service, prior to starting work.

# Appeals Information for Approved Jurisdiction Determinations (as indicated in A2 and A3 above).

If you object to this determination, you may request an administrative appeal under Corps regulations at 33 CFR Part 331. Enclosed you will find a Notification of Appeal Process (NAP) fact sheet and Request for Appeal (RFA) form. If you request to appeal this determination you must submit a completed RFA form to the following address:

US Army Corps of Engineers South Atlantic Division Attn: Jason Steele, Review Officer 60 Forsyth Street SW, Room 10M15 Atlanta, Georgia 30303-8801 Phone: (404) 562-5137

Corps Regulatory Official: Lori Beckwith

In order for an RFA to be accepted by the Corps, the Corps must determine that it is complete, that it meets the criteria for appeal under 33 CFR part 331.5, and that it has been received by the Division Office within 60 days of the date of this NWP verification letter and the NAP.

It is not necessary to submit an RFA form to the Division Office if you do not object to the determination in this correspondence.

**BECKWITH.LORETT** 

Digitally signed by BECKWITH.LORETTA.ANN.1173452264 DN: c=US, o=U.S. Government, ou=DoD, ou=PKI, A.ANN.1173452264 ou=USA, cn=BECKWITH.LORETTA.ANN.1173452264 Date: 2018.11.05 16:25:39 -05'00'

Issue Date: November 5, 2018 Expiration Date: N/A for PJD Action ID Number: <u>SAW-2018-02049 U-5818</u>

**County: McDowell** 

Permittee: NCDOT, Mr. Mark Gibbs, Division Engineer

Project Name: NCDOT/U-5818/Div 13

**Nationwide Permit: 14** 

Date Verification Issued: November 5, 2018

**Project Manager: Lori Beckwith** 

Upon completion of the activity authorized by this permit and any mitigation required by the permit, sign this certification and return it to the following address:

US ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
WILMINGTON DISTRICT
Attn: Lori Beckwith
151 Patton Avenue
Room 208

Asheville, NC 28801-5006

Please note that your permitted activity is subject to a compliance inspection by a U. S. Army Corps of Engineers representative. Failure to comply with any terms or conditions of this authorization may result in the Corps suspending, modifying or revoking the authorization and/or issuing a Class I administrative penalty, or initiating other

appropriate legal action.

I hereby certify that the work authorized by the above referenced permit has been completed in accordance with the terms and condition of the said permit, and required mitigation was completed in accordance with the permit conditions.

| Signature of Permittee | Date |  |
|------------------------|------|--|

#### NOTIFICATION OF ADMINISTRATIVE APPEAL OPTIONS AND PROCESS AND **REQUEST FOR APPEAL** Date: November 5, 2018 Applicant: Mr. Mark Gibbs, Division Engineer File Number: **SAW-2018-02049** See Section below Attached is: INITIAL PROFFERED PERMIT (Standard Permit or Letter of permission) PROFFERED PERMIT (Standard Permit or Letter of permission) В PERMIT DENIAL C APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION D PRELIMINARY JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION E

SECTION I - The following identifies your rights and options regarding an administrative appeal of the above decision. Additional information may be found at

 $\underline{http://www.usace.army.mil/Missions/CivilWorks/RegulatoryProgram and Permits.aspx}$ 

or Corps regulations at 33 CFR Part 331.

# A: INITIAL PROFFERED PERMIT: You may accept or object to the permit.

- ACCEPT: If you received a Standard Permit, you may sign the permit document and return it to the district engineer for final authorization. If you received a Letter of Permission (LOP), you may accept the LOP and your work is authorized. Your signature on the Standard Permit or acceptance of the LOP means that you accept the permit in its entirety, and waive all rights to appeal the permit, including its terms and conditions, and approved jurisdictional determinations associated with the permit.
- OBJECT: If you object to the permit (Standard or LOP) because of certain terms and conditions therein, you may request that the permit be modified accordingly. You must complete Section II of this form and return the form to the district engineer. Your objections must be received by the district engineer within 60 days of the date of this notice, or you will forfeit your right to appeal the permit in the future. Upon receipt of your letter, the district engineer will evaluate your objections and may: (a) modify the permit to address all of your concerns, (b) modify the permit to address some of your objections, or (c) not modify the permit having determined that the permit should be issued as previously written. After evaluating your objections, the district engineer will send you a proffered permit for your reconsideration, as indicated in Section B below.

# B: PROFFERED PERMIT: You may accept or appeal the permit

- ACCEPT: If you received a Standard Permit, you may sign the permit document and return it to the district engineer for final authorization. If you received a Letter of Permission (LOP), you may accept the LOP and your work is authorized. Your signature on the Standard Permit or acceptance of the LOP means that you accept the permit in its entirety, and waive all rights to appeal the permit, including its terms and conditions, and approved jurisdictional determinations associated with the permit.
- APPEAL: If you choose to decline the proffered permit (Standard or LOP) because of certain terms and conditions therein, you may appeal the declined permit under the Corps of Engineers Administrative Appeal Process by completing Section II of this form and sending the form to the division engineer. This form must be received by the division engineer within 60 days of the date of this notice.
- **C: PERMIT DENIAL:** You may appeal the denial of a permit under the Corps of Engineers Administrative Appeal Process by completing Section II of this form and sending the form to the division engineer. This form must be received by the division engineer within 60 days of the date of this notice.
- **D: APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:** You may accept or appeal the approved JD or provide new information.
- ACCEPT: You do not need to notify the Corps to accept an approved JD. Failure to notify the Corps within 60 days of the date of this notice means that you accept the approved JD in its entirety, and waive all rights to appeal the approved JD.
- APPEAL: If you disagree with the approved JD, you may appeal the approved JD under the Corps of Engineers Administrative Appeal Process by completing Section II of this form and sending the form to the district engineer. This form must be received by the division engineer within 60 days of the date of this notice.

| P-9  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| <b>E: PRELIMINARY JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION</b> : You do not need to respond to the Corps regarding the oreliminary JD. The Preliminary JD is not appealable. If you wish, you may request an approved JD (which may be appealed), by contacting the Corps district for further instruction. Also you may provide new information for further consideration by the Corps to evaluate the JD.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SECTION II - REQUEST FOR APPEAL or OBJEC   |  |  |  |  |  |
| REASONS FOR APPEAL OR OBJECTIONS: (Descinitial proffered permit in clear concise statements. You may at objections are addressed in the administrative record.)  | cribe your reasons for appealing the decision or your objections to an tach additional information to this form to clarify where your reasons or |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: The appeal is limited to a review of the administrative record, the Corps memorandum for the record of the appeal conference or meeting, and any supplemental information that the review officer has determined is needed to clarify the administrative record. Neither the appellant nor the Corps may add new information or analyses to the record. However, you may provide additional information to clarify the location of information that is already in the administrative record. |  |  |  |  |  |
| POINT OF CONTACT FOR QUESTIONS OR INFORMATION:   |  |  |  |  |  |
| If you have questions regarding this decision and/or the appeal process you may contact:   | If you only have questions regarding the appeal process you may also contact:  |  |  |  |  |
| District Engineer, Wilmington Regulatory Division, Attn:   | Mr. Jason Steele, Administrative Appeal Review Officer CESAD-PDO   |  |  |  |  |
| Lori Beckwith<br>151 Patton Ave  | U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, South Atlantic Division  |  |  |  |  |
| RM 208   | 60 Forsyth Street, Room 10M15  |  |  |  |  |
| Asheville NC 28801   | Atlanta Georgia 30303-8801   |  |  |  |  |

day notice of any site investigation, and will have the opportunity to participate in all site investigations.

Date: Telephone number:

RIGHT OF ENTRY: Your signature below grants the right of entry to Corps of Engineers personnel, and any government consultants, to conduct investigations of the project site during the course of the appeal process. You will be provided a 15

Phone: (404) 562-5137

Signature of appellant or agent.

828-271-7980

For appeals on Initial Proffered Permits send this form to:

District Engineer, Wilmington Regulatory Division, Attn: Lori Beckwith, Project Manager, 69 Darlington Avenue, Wilmington, North Carolina 28403

For Permit denials, Proffered Permits and Approved Jurisdictional Determinations send this form to:

Division Engineer, Commander, U.S. Army Engineer Division, South Atlantic, Attn: Mr. Jason Steele, Administrative Appeal Officer, CESAD-PDO, 60 Forsyth Street, Room 10M15, Atlanta, Georgia 30303-8801

Phone: (404) 562-51

# NATIONWIDE PERMIT 14 DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS FINAL NOTICE OF ISSUANCE AND MODIFICATION OF NATIONWIDE PERMITS FEDERAL REGISTER AUTHORIZED MARCH 19, 2017

<u>Linear Transportation Projects</u>. Activities required for crossings of waters of the United States associated with the construction, expansion, modification, or improvement of linear transportation projects (e.g., roads, highways, railways, trails, airport runways, and taxiways) in waters of the United States. For linear transportation projects in non-tidal waters, the discharge cannot cause the loss of greater than 1/2-acre of waters of the United States. For linear transportation projects in tidal waters, the discharge cannot cause the loss of greater than 1/3-acre of waters of the United States. Any stream channel modification, including bank stabilization, is limited to the minimum necessary to construct or protect the linear transportation project; such modifications must be in the immediate vicinity of the project.

This NWP also authorizes temporary structures, fills, and work, including the use of temporary mats, necessary to construct the linear transportation project. Appropriate measures must be taken to maintain normal downstream flows and minimize flooding to the maximum extent practicable, when temporary structures, work, and discharges, including cofferdams, are necessary for construction activities, access fills, or dewatering of construction sites. Temporary fills must consist of materials, and be placed in a manner, that will not be eroded by expected high flows. Temporary fills must be removed in their entirety and the affected areas returned to pre-construction elevations. The areas affected by temporary fills must be revegetated, as appropriate.

This NWP cannot be used to authorize non-linear features commonly associated with transportation projects, such as vehicle maintenance or storage buildings, parking lots, train stations, or aircraft hangars.

- \* Notification: The permittee must submit a pre-construction notification to the district engineer prior to commencing the activity if: (1) the loss of waters of the United States exceeds 1/10-acre; or (2) there is a discharge in a special aquatic site, including wetlands. (See general condition 32.) (Authorities: Sections 10 and 404)
  - <u>Note 1:</u> For linear transportation projects crossing a single waterbody more than one time at separate and distant locations, or multiple waterbodies at separate and distant locations, each crossing is considered a single and complete project for purposes of NWP authorization. Linear transportation projects must comply with 33 CFR 330.6(d).
  - <u>Note 2:</u> Some discharges for the construction of farm roads or forest roads, or temporary roads for moving mining equipment, may qualify for an exemption under section 404(f) of the Clean Water Act (see 33 CFR 323.4).
  - <u>Note 3:</u> For NWP 14 activities that require pre-construction notification, the PCN must include any other NWP(s), regional general permit(s), or individual permit(s) used or intended

to be used to authorize any part of the proposed project or any related activity, including other separate and distant crossings that require Department of the Army authorization but do not require pre-construction notification (see paragraph (b) of general condition 32). The district engineer will evaluate the PCN in accordance with Section D, "District Engineer's Decision." The district engineer may require mitigation to ensure that the authorized activity results in no more than minimal individual and cumulative adverse environmental effects (see general condition 23).

#### NATIONWIDE PERMIT GENERAL CONDITIONS

The following General Conditions must be followed in order for any authorization by a NWP to be valid:

- 1. <u>Navigation</u>. (a) No activity may cause more than a minimal adverse effect on navigation.
- (b) Any safety lights and signals prescribed by the U.S. Coast Guard, through regulations or otherwise, must be installed and maintained at the permittee's expense on authorized facilities in navigable waters of the United States.
- (c) The permittee understands and agrees that, if future operations by the United States require the removal, relocation, or other alteration, of the structure or work herein authorized, or if, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Army or his authorized representative, said structure or work shall cause unreasonable obstruction to the free navigation of the navigable waters, the permittee will be required, upon due notice from the Corps of Engineers, to remove, relocate, or alter the structural work or obstructions caused thereby, without expense to the United States. No claim shall be made against the United States on account of any such removal or alteration.
- 2. Aquatic Life Movements. No activity may substantially disrupt the necessary life cycle movements of those species of aquatic life indigenous to the waterbody, including those species that normally migrate through the area, unless the activity's primary purpose is to impound water. All permanent and temporary crossings of waterbodies shall be suitably culverted, bridged, or otherwise designed and constructed to maintain low flows to sustain the movement of those aquatic species. If a bottomless culvert cannot be used, then the crossing should be designed and constructed to minimize adverse effects to aquatic life movements.
- 3. <u>Spawning Areas</u>. Activities in spawning areas during spawning seasons must be avoided to the maximum extent practicable. Activities that result in the physical destruction (e.g., through excavation, fill, or downstream smothering by substantial turbidity) of an important spawning area are not authorized.
- 4. <u>Migratory Bird Breeding Areas</u>. Activities in waters of the United States that serve as breeding areas for migratory birds must be avoided to the maximum extent practicable.
- 5. <u>Shellfish Beds</u>. No activity may occur in areas of concentrated shellfish populations, unless the activity is directly related to a shellfish harvesting activity authorized by NWPs 4 and 48, or is a shellfish seeding or habitat restoration activity authorized by NWP 27.
- 6. <u>Suitable Material</u>. No activity may use unsuitable material (e.g., trash, debris, car bodies, asphalt, etc.). Material used for construction or discharged must be free from toxic pollutants in toxic amounts (see section 307 of the Clean Water Act).

- 7. <u>Water Supply Intakes</u>. No activity may occur in the proximity of a public water supply intake, except where the activity is for the repair or improvement of public water supply intake structures or adjacent bank stabilization.
- 8. <u>Adverse Effects From Impoundments</u>. If the activity creates an impoundment of water, adverse effects to the aquatic system due to accelerating the passage of water, and/or restricting its flow must be minimized to the maximum extent practicable.
- 9. <u>Management of Water Flows</u>. To the maximum extent practicable, the preconstruction course, condition, capacity, and location of open waters must be maintained for each activity, including stream channelization, storm water management activities, and temporary and permanent road crossings, except as provided below. The activity must be constructed to withstand expected high flows. The activity must not restrict or impede the passage of normal or high flows, unless the primary purpose of the activity is to impound water or manage high flows. The activity may alter the pre-construction course, condition, capacity, and location of open waters if it benefits the aquatic environment (e.g., stream restoration or relocation activities).
- 10. <u>Fills Within 100-Year Floodplains</u>. The activity must comply with applicable FEMA-approved state or local floodplain management requirements.
- 11. <u>Equipment</u>. Heavy equipment working in wetlands or mudflats must be placed on mats, or other measures must be taken to minimize soil disturbance.
- 12. <u>Soil Erosion and Sediment Controls</u>. Appropriate soil erosion and sediment controls must be used and maintained in effective operating condition during construction, and all exposed soil and other fills, as well as any work below the ordinary high water mark or high tide line, must be permanently stabilized at the earliest practicable date. Permittees are encouraged to perform work within waters of the United States during periods of low-flow or no-flow, or during low tides.
- 13. <u>Removal of Temporary Fills</u>. Temporary fills must be removed in their entirety and the affected areas returned to pre-construction elevations. The affected areas must be revegetated, as appropriate.
- 14. <u>Proper Maintenance</u>. Any authorized structure or fill shall be properly maintained, including maintenance to ensure public safety and compliance with applicable NWP general conditions, as well as any activity-specific conditions added by the district engineer to an NWP authorization.
- 15. <u>Single and Complete Project</u>. The activity must be a single and complete project. The same NWP cannot be used more than once for the same single and complete project.
- 16. <u>Wild and Scenic Rivers</u>. (a) No NWP activity may occur in a component of the National Wild and Scenic River System, or in a river officially designated by Congress as a "study river" for possible inclusion in the system while the river is in an official study status,

unless the appropriate Federal agency with direct management responsibility for such river, has determined in writing that the proposed activity will not adversely affect the Wild and Scenic River designation or study status.

- (b) If a proposed NWP activity will occur in a component of the National Wild and Scenic River System, or in a river officially designated by Congress as a "study river" for possible inclusion in the system while the river is in an official study status, the permittee must submit a pre-construction notification (see general condition 32). The district engineer will coordinate the PCN with the Federal agency with direct management responsibility for that river. The permittee shall not begin the NWP activity until notified by the district engineer that the Federal agency with direct management responsibility for that river has determined in writing that the proposed NWP activity will not adversely affect the Wild and Scenic River designation or study status.
- (c) Information on Wild and Scenic Rivers may be obtained from the appropriate Federal land management agency responsible for the designated Wild and Scenic River or study river (e.g., National Park Service, U.S. Forest Service, Bureau of Land Management, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service). Information on these rivers is also available at: <a href="http://www.rivers.gov/">http://www.rivers.gov/</a>.
- 17. <u>Tribal Rights</u>. No NWP activity may cause more than minimal adverse effects on tribal rights (including treaty rights), protected tribal resources, or tribal lands.
- 18. Endangered Species. (a) No activity is authorized under any NWP which is likely to directly or indirectly jeopardize the continued existence of a threatened or endangered species or a species proposed for such designation, as identified under the Federal Endangered Species Act (ESA), or which will directly or indirectly destroy or adversely modify the critical habitat of such species. No activity is authorized under any NWP which "may affect" a listed species or critical habitat, unless ESA section 7 consultation addressing the effects of the proposed activity has been completed. Direct effects are the immediate effects on listed species and critical habitat caused by the NWP activity. Indirect effects are those effects on listed species and critical habitat that are caused by the NWP activity and are later in time, but still are reasonably certain to occur.
- (b) Federal agencies should follow their own procedures for complying with the requirements of the ESA. If pre-construction notification is required for the proposed activity, the Federal permittee must provide the district engineer with the appropriate documentation to demonstrate compliance with those requirements. The district engineer will verify that the appropriate documentation has been submitted. If the appropriate documentation has not been submitted, additional ESA section 7 consultation may be necessary for the activity and the respective federal agency would be responsible for fulfilling its obligation under section 7 of the ESA.
- \* (c) Non-federal permittees must submit a pre-construction notification to the district engineer if any listed species or designated critical habitat might be affected or is in the vicinity of the activity, or if the activity is located in designated critical habitat, and shall not begin work on the activity until notified by the district engineer that the requirements of the ESA have been satisfied and that the activity is authorized. For activities that might affect Federally-listed endangered or threatened species or designated critical habitat, the preconstruction notification must include the name(s) of the endangered or threatened species that

might be affected by the proposed activity or that utilize the designated critical habitat that might be affected by the proposed activity. The district engineer will determine whether the proposed activity "may affect" or will have "no effect" to listed species and designated critical habitat and will notify the non- Federal applicant of the Corps' determination within 45 days of receipt of a complete pre- construction notification. In cases where the non-Federal applicant has identified listed species or critical habitat that might be affected or is in the vicinity of the activity, and has so notified the Corps, the applicant shall not begin work until the Corps has provided notification that the proposed activity will have "no effect" on listed species or critical habitat, or until ESA section 7 consultation has been completed. If the non-Federal applicant has not heard back from the Corps within 45 days, the applicant must still wait for notification from the Corps.

- (d) As a result of formal or informal consultation with the FWS or NMFS the district engineer may add species-specific permit conditions to the NWPs.
- (e) Authorization of an activity by an NWP does not authorize the "take" of a threatened or endangered species as defined under the ESA. In the absence of separate authorization (e.g., an ESA Section 10 Permit, a Biological Opinion with "incidental take" provisions, etc.) from the FWS or the NMFS, the Endangered Species Act prohibits any person subject to the jurisdiction of the United States to take a listed species, where "take" means to harass, harm, pursue, hunt, shoot, wound, kill, trap, capture, or collect, or to attempt to engage in any such conduct. The word "harm" in the definition of "take" means an act which actually kills or injures wildlife. Such an act may include significant habitat modification or degradation where it actually kills or injures wildlife by significantly impairing essential behavioral patterns, including breeding, feeding or sheltering.
- (f) If the non-federal permittee has a valid ESA section 10(a)(1)(B) incidental take permit with an approved Habitat Conservation Plan for a project or a group of projects that includes the proposed NWP activity, the non-federal applicant should provide a copy of that ESA section 10(a)(1)(B) permit with the PCN required by paragraph (c) of this general condition. The district engineer will coordinate with the agency that issued the ESA section 10(a)(1)(B) permit to determine whether the proposed NWP activity and the associated incidental take were considered in the internal ESA section 7 consultation conducted for the ESA section 10(a)(1)(B) permit. If that coordination results in concurrence from the agency that the proposed NWP activity and the associated incidental take were considered in the internal ESA section 7 consultation for the ESA section 10(a)(1)(B) permit, the district engineer does not need to conduct a separate ESA section 7 consultation for the proposed NWP activity. The district engineer will notify the non-federal applicant within 45 days of receipt of a complete pre-construction notification whether the ESA section 10(a)(1)(B) permit covers the proposed NWP activity or whether additional ESA section 7 consultation is required.
- (g) Information on the location of threatened and endangered species and their critical habitat can be obtained directly from the offices of the FWS and NMFS or their world wide web pages at <a href="http://www.fws.gov/">http://www.fws.gov/</a> or <a href="http://www.fws.gov/">http://www.fws.gov/</a> and <a href="http://www.nmfs.noaa.gov/pr/species/esa/">http://www.nmfs.noaa.gov/pr/species/esa/</a> respectively.
- 19. <u>Migratory Birds and Bald and Golden Eagles</u>. The permittee is responsible for ensuring their action complies with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act and the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act. The permittee is responsible for contacting appropriate local office of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service to determine applicable measures to reduce impacts to migratory

birds or eagles, including whether "incidental take" permits are necessary and available under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act or Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act for a particular activity.

- 20. <u>Historic Properties</u>. (a) In cases where the district engineer determines that the activity may have the potential to cause effects to properties listed, or eligible for listing, in the National Register of Historic Places, the activity is not authorized, until the requirements of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) have been satisfied.
- (b) Federal permittees should follow their own procedures for complying with the requirements of section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act. If pre-construction notification is required for the proposed NWP activity, the Federal permittee must provide the district engineer with the appropriate documentation to demonstrate compliance with those requirements. The district engineer will verify that the appropriate documentation has been submitted. If the appropriate documentation is not submitted, then additional consultation under section 106 may be necessary. The respective federal agency is responsible for fulfilling its obligation to comply with section 106.
- (c) Non-federal permittees must submit a pre-construction notification to the district engineer if the NWP activity might have the potential to cause effects to any historic properties listed on, determined to be eligible for listing on, or potentially eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places, including previously unidentified properties. For such activities, the pre-construction notification must state which historic properties might have the potential to be affected by the proposed NWP activity or include a vicinity map indicating the location of the historic properties or the potential for the presence of historic properties. Assistance regarding information on the location of, or potential for, the presence of historic properties can be sought from the State Historic Preservation Officer, Tribal Historic Preservation Officer, or designated tribal representative, as appropriate, and the National Register of Historic Places (see 33 CFR 330.4(g)). When reviewing pre-construction notifications, district engineers will comply with the current procedures for addressing the requirements of section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act. The district engineer shall make a reasonable and good faith effort to carry out appropriate identification efforts. which may include background research, consultation, oral history interviews, sample field investigation, and field survey. Based on the information submitted in the PCN and these identification efforts, the district engineer shall determine whether the proposed NWP activity has the potential to cause effects on the historic properties. Section 106 consultation is not required when the district engineer determines that the activity does not have the potential to cause effects on historic properties (see 36 CFR 800.3(a)). Section 106 consultation is required when the district engineer determines that the activity has the potential to cause effects on historic properties. The district engineer will conduct consultation with consulting parties identified under 36 CFR 800.2(c) when he or she makes any of the following effect determinations for the purposes of section 106 of the NHPA: no historic properties affected, no adverse effect, or adverse effect. Where the non-Federal applicant has identified historic properties on which the activity might have the potential to cause effects and so notified the Corps, the non-Federal applicant shall not begin the activity until notified by the district engineer either that the activity has no potential to cause effects to historic properties or that NHPA section 106 consultation has been completed.

- (d) For non-federal permittees, the district engineer will notify the prospective permittee within 45 days of receipt of a complete pre-construction notification whether NHPA section 106 consultation is required. If NHPA section 106 consultation is required, the district engineer will notify the non-Federal applicant that he or she cannot begin the activity until section 106 consultation is completed. If the non-Federal applicant has not heard back from the Corps within 45 days, the applicant must still wait for notification from the Corps.
- (e) Prospective permittees should be aware that section 110k of the NHPA (54 U.S.C. 306113) prevents the Corps from granting a permit or other assistance to an applicant who, with intent to avoid the requirements of section 106 of the NHPA, has intentionally significantly adversely affected a historic property to which the permit would relate, or having legal power to prevent it, allowed such significant adverse effect to occur, unless the Corps, after consultation with the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation (ACHP), determines that circumstances justify granting such assistance despite the adverse effect created or permitted by the applicant. If circumstances justify granting the assistance, the Corps is required to notify the ACHP and provide documentation specifying the circumstances, the degree of damage to the integrity of any historic properties affected, and proposed mitigation. This documentation must include any views obtained from the applicant, SHPO/THPO, appropriate Indian tribes if the undertaking occurs on or affects historic properties on tribal lands or affects properties of interest to those tribes, and other parties known to have a legitimate interest in the impacts to the permitted activity on historic properties.
- 21. <u>Discovery of Previously Unknown Remains and Artifacts</u>. If you discover any previously unknown historic, cultural or archeological remains and artifacts while accomplishing the activity authorized by this permit, you must immediately notify the district engineer of what you have found, and to the maximum extent practicable, avoid construction activities that may affect the remains and artifacts until the required coordination has been completed. The district engineer will initiate the Federal, Tribal, and state coordination required to determine if the items or remains warrant a recovery effort or if the site is eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places.
- 22. <u>Designated Critical Resource Waters</u>. Critical resource waters include, NOAA-managed marine sanctuaries and marine monuments, and National Estuarine Research Reserves. The district engineer may designate, after notice and opportunity for public comment, additional waters officially designated by a state as having particular environmental or ecological significance, such as outstanding national resource waters or state natural heritage sites. The district engineer may also designate additional critical resource waters after notice and opportunity for public comment.
- (a) Discharges of dredged or fill material into waters of the United States are not authorized by NWPs 7, 12, 14, 16, 17, 21, 29, 31, 35, 39, 40, 42, 43, 44, 49, 50, 51, and 52 for any activity within, or directly affecting, critical resource waters, including wetlands adjacent to such waters.
- (b) For NWPs 3, 8, 10, 13, 15, 18, 19, 22, 23, 25, 27, 28, 30, 33, 34, 36, 37, 38, and 54, notification is required in accordance with general condition 32, for any activity proposed in the designated critical resource waters including wetlands adjacent to those waters. The district engineer may authorize activities under these NWPs only after it is determined that the impacts to the critical resource waters will be no more than minimal.

- 23. <u>Mitigation</u>. The district engineer will consider the following factors when determining appropriate and practicable mitigation necessary to ensure that the individual and cumulative adverse environmental effects are no more than minimal:
- (a) The activity must be designed and constructed to avoid and minimize adverse effects, both temporary and permanent, to waters of the United States to the maximum extent practicable at the project site (i.e., on site).
- (b) Mitigation in all its forms (avoiding, minimizing, rectifying, reducing, or compensating for resource losses) will be required to the extent necessary to ensure that the individual and cumulative adverse environmental effects are no more than minimal.
- (c) Compensatory mitigation at a minimum one-for-one ratio will be required for all wetland losses that exceed 1/10-acre and require pre-construction notification, unless the district engineer determines in writing that either some other form of mitigation would be more environmentally appropriate or the adverse environmental effects of the proposed activity are no more than minimal, and provides an activity-specific waiver of this requirement. For wetland losses of 1/10-acre or less that require pre-construction notification, the district engineer may determine on a case-by-case basis that compensatory mitigation is required to ensure that the activity results in only minimal adverse environmental effects.
- (d) For losses of streams or other open waters that require pre-construction notification, the district engineer may require compensatory mitigation to ensure that the activity results in no more than minimal adverse environmental effects. Compensatory mitigation for losses of streams should be provided, if practicable, through stream rehabilitation, enhancement, or preservation, since streams are difficult-to-replace resources (see 33 CFR 332.3(e)(3)).
- (e) Compensatory mitigation plans for NWP activities in or near streams or other open waters will normally include a requirement for the restoration or enhancement, maintenance, and legal protection (e.g., conservation easements) of riparian areas next to open waters. In some cases, the restoration or maintenance/protection of riparian areas may be the only compensatory mitigation required. Restored riparian areas should consist of native species. The width of the required riparian area will address documented water quality or aquatic habitat loss concerns. Normally, the riparian area will be 25 to 50 feet wide on each side of the stream, but the district engineer may require slightly wider riparian areas to address documented water quality or habitat loss concerns. If it is not possible to restore or maintain/protect a riparian area on both sides of a stream, or if the waterbody is a lake or coastal waters, then restoring or maintaining/protecting a riparian area along a single bank or shoreline may be sufficient. Where both wetlands and open waters exist on the project site, the district engineer will determine the appropriate compensatory mitigation (e.g., riparian areas and/or wetlands compensation) based on what is best for the aquatic environment on a watershed basis. In cases where riparian areas are determined to be the most appropriate form of minimization or compensatory mitigation, the district engineer may waive or reduce the requirement to provide wetland compensatory mitigation for wetland losses.
- (f) Compensatory mitigation projects provided to offset losses of aquatic resources must comply with the applicable provisions of 33 CFR part 332.
- (1) The prospective permittee is responsible for proposing an appropriate compensatory mitigation option if compensatory mitigation is necessary to ensure that the activity results in no more than minimal adverse environmental effects. For the NWPs, the preferred mechanism for providing compensatory mitigation is mitigation bank credits or in-

lieu fee program credits (see 33 CFR 332.3(b)(2) and (3)). However, if an appropriate number and type of mitigation bank or in-lieu credits are not available at the time the PCN is submitted to the district engineer, the district engineer may approve the use of permittee-responsible mitigation.

- (2) The amount of compensatory mitigation required by the district engineer must be sufficient to ensure that the authorized activity results in no more than minimal individual and cumulative adverse environmental effects (see 33 CFR 330.1(e)(3)). (See also 33 CFR 332.3(f)).
- (3) Since the likelihood of success is greater and the impacts to potentially valuable uplands are reduced, aquatic resource restoration should be the first compensatory mitigation option considered for permittee-responsible mitigation.
- (4) If permittee-responsible mitigation is the proposed option, the prospective permittee is responsible for submitting a mitigation plan. A conceptual or detailed mitigation plan may be used by the district engineer to make the decision on the NWP verification request, but a final mitigation plan that addresses the applicable requirements of 33 CFR 332.4(c)(2) through (14) must be approved by the district engineer before the permittee begins work in waters of the United States, unless the district engineer determines that prior approval of the final mitigation plan is not practicable or not necessary to ensure timely completion of the required compensatory mitigation (see 33 CFR 332.3(k)(3)).
- (5) If mitigation bank or in-lieu fee program credits are the proposed option, the mitigation plan only needs to address the baseline conditions at the impact site and the number of credits to be provided.
- (6) Compensatory mitigation requirements (e.g., resource type and amount to be provided as compensatory mitigation, site protection, ecological performance standards, monitoring requirements) may be addressed through conditions added to the NWP authorization, instead of components of a compensatory mitigation plan (see 33 CFR 332.4(c)(1)(ii)).
- (g) Compensatory mitigation will not be used to increase the acreage losses allowed by the acreage limits of the NWPs. For example, if an NWP has an acreage limit of 1/2-acre, it cannot be used to authorize any NWP activity resulting in the loss of greater than 1/2-acre of waters of the United States, even if compensatory mitigation is provided that replaces or restores some of the lost waters. However, compensatory mitigation can and should be used, as necessary, to ensure that an NWP activity already meeting the established acreage limits also satisfies the no more than minimal impact requirement for the NWPs.
- (h) Permittees may propose the use of mitigation banks, in-lieu fee programs, or permittee-responsible mitigation. When developing a compensatory mitigation proposal, the permittee must consider appropriate and practicable options consistent with the framework at 33 CFR 332.3(b). For activities resulting in the loss of marine or estuarine resources, permittee-responsible mitigation may be environmentally preferable if there are no mitigation banks or in-lieu fee programs in the area that have marine or estuarine credits available for sale or transfer to the permittee. For permittee-responsible mitigation, the special conditions of the NWP verification must clearly indicate the party or parties responsible for the implementation and performance of the compensatory mitigation project, and, if required, its long-term management.
- (i) Where certain functions and services of waters of the United States are permanently adversely affected by a regulated activity, such as discharges of dredged or fill

material into waters of the United States that will convert a forested or scrub-shrub wetland to a herbaceous wetland in a permanently maintained utility line right-of-way, mitigation may be required to reduce the adverse environmental effects of the activity to the no more than minimal level.

- 24. <u>Safety of Impoundment Structures</u>. To ensure that all impoundment structures are safely designed, the district engineer may require non-Federal applicants to demonstrate that the structures comply with established state dam safety criteria or have been designed by qualified persons. The district engineer may also require documentation that the design has been independently reviewed by similarly qualified persons, and appropriate modifications made to ensure safety.
- 25. <u>Water Quality</u>. Where States and authorized Tribes, or EPA where applicable, have not previously certified compliance of an NWP with CWA section 401, individual 401 Water Quality Certification must be obtained or waived (see 33 CFR 330.4(c)). The district engineer or State or Tribe may require additional water quality management measures to ensure that the authorized activity does not result in more than minimal degradation of water quality.
- 26. <u>Coastal Zone Management</u>. In coastal states where an NWP has not previously received a state coastal zone management consistency concurrence, an individual state coastal zone management consistency concurrence must be obtained, or a presumption of concurrence must occur (see 33 CFR 330.4(d)). The district engineer or a State may require additional measures to ensure that the authorized activity is consistent with state coastal zone management requirements.
- 27. <u>Regional and Case-By-Case Conditions</u>. The activity must comply with any regional conditions that may have been added by the Division Engineer (see 33 CFR 330.4(e)) and with any case specific conditions added by the Corps or by the state, Indian Tribe, or U.S. EPA in its section 401 Water Quality Certification, or by the state in its Coastal Zone Management Act consistency determination.
- 28. <u>Use of Multiple Nationwide Permits</u>. The use of more than one NWP for a single and complete project is prohibited, except when the acreage loss of waters of the United States authorized by the NWPs does not exceed the acreage limit of the NWP with the highest specified acreage limit. For example, if a road crossing over tidal waters is constructed under NWP 14, with associated bank stabilization authorized by NWP 13, the maximum acreage loss of waters of the United States for the total project cannot exceed 1/3-acre.
- 29. <u>Transfer of Nationwide Permit Verifications</u>. If the permittee sells the property associated with a nationwide permit verification, the permittee may transfer the nationwide permit verification to the new owner by submitting a letter to the appropriate Corps district office to validate the transfer. A copy of the nationwide permit verification must be attached to the letter, and the letter must contain the following statement and signature: "When the structures or work authorized by this nationwide permit are still in existence at the time the property is transferred, the terms and conditions of this nationwide permit, including any special conditions, will continue to be binding on the new owner(s) of the property. To

validate the transfer of this nationwide permit and the associated liabilities associated with compliance with its terms and conditions, have the transferee sign and date below."

| (Transferee) |  |  |  |
|--------------|--|--|--|
|              |  |  |  |
| (Date)       |  |  |  |

- 30. <u>Compliance Certification</u>. Each permittee who receives an NWP verification letter from the Corps must provide a signed certification documenting completion of the authorized activity and implementation of any required compensatory mitigation. The success of any required permittee-responsible mitigation, including the achievement of ecological performance standards, will be addressed separately by the district engineer. The Corps will provide the permittee the certification document with the NWP verification letter. The certification document will include:
- (a) A statement that the authorized activity was done in accordance with the NWP authorization, including any general, regional, or activity-specific conditions;
- (b) A statement that the implementation of any required compensatory mitigation was completed in accordance with the permit conditions. If credits from a mitigation bank or in-lieu fee program are used to satisfy the compensatory mitigation requirements, the certification must include the documentation required by 33 CFR 332.3(l)(3) to confirm that the permittee secured the appropriate number and resource type of credits; and
- (c) The signature of the permittee certifying the completion of the activity and mitigation.

The completed certification document must be submitted to the district engineer within 30 days of completion of the authorized activity or the implementation of any required compensatory mitigation, whichever occurs later.

- 31. Activities Affecting Structures or Works Built by the United States. If an NWP activity also requires permission from the Corps pursuant to 33 U.S.C. 408 because it will alter or temporarily or permanently occupy or use a U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) federally authorized Civil Works project (a "USACE project"), the prospective permittee must submit a pre-construction notification. See paragraph (b)(10) of general condition 32. An activity that requires section 408 permission is not authorized by NWP until the appropriate Corps office issues the section 408 permission to alter, occupy, or use the USACE project, and the district engineer issues a written NWP verification.
- 32. <u>Pre-Construction Notification</u>. (a) <u>Timing</u>. Where required by the terms of the NWP, the prospective permittee must notify the district engineer by submitting a preconstruction notification (PCN) as early as possible. The district engineer must determine if the PCN is complete within 30 calendar days of the date of receipt and, if the PCN is determined to be incomplete, notify the prospective permittee within that 30 day period to request the additional information necessary to make the PCN complete. The request must specify the information needed to make the PCN complete. As a general rule, district engineers will request additional information necessary to make the PCN complete only once. However, if the

prospective permittee does not provide all of the requested information, then the district engineer will notify the prospective permittee that the PCN is still incomplete and the PCN review process will not commence until all of the requested information has been received by the district engineer. The prospective permittee shall not begin the activity until either:

- (1) He or she is notified in writing by the district engineer that the activity may proceed under the NWP with any special conditions imposed by the district or division engineer; or
- (2) 45 calendar days have passed from the district engineer's receipt of the complete PCN and the prospective permittee has not received written notice from the district or division engineer. However, if the permittee was required to notify the Corps pursuant to general condition 18 that listed species or critical habitat might be affected or are in the vicinity of the activity, or to notify the Corps pursuant to general condition 20 that the activity might have the potential to cause effects to historic properties, the permittee cannot begin the activity until receiving written notification from the Corps that there is "no effect" on listed species or "no potential to cause effects" on historic properties, or that any consultation required under Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act (see 33 CFR 330.4(f)) and/or section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (see 33 CFR 330.4(g)) has been completed. Also, work cannot begin under NWPs 21, 49, or 50 until the permittee has received written approval from the Corps. If the proposed activity requires a written waiver to exceed specified limits of an NWP, the permittee may not begin the activity until the district engineer issues the waiver. If the district or division engineer notifies the permittee in writing that an individual permit is required within 45 calendar days of receipt of a complete PCN, the permittee cannot begin the activity until an individual permit has been obtained. Subsequently, the permittee's right to proceed under the NWP may be modified, suspended, or revoked only in accordance with the procedure set forth in 33 CFR 330.5(d)(2).
- (b) <u>Contents of Pre-Construction Notification</u>: The PCN must be in writing and include the following information:
  - (1) Name, address and telephone numbers of the prospective permittee;
  - (2) Location of the proposed activity;
- (3) Identify the specific NWP or NWP(s) the prospective permittee wants to use to authorize the proposed activity;
- (4) A description of the proposed activity; the activity's purpose; direct and indirect adverse environmental effects the activity would cause, including the anticipated amount of loss of wetlands, other special aquatic sites, and other waters expected to result from the NWP activity, in acres, linear feet, or other appropriate unit of measure; a description of any proposed mitigation measures intended to reduce the adverse environmental effects caused by the proposed activity; and any other NWP(s), regional general permit(s), or individual permit(s) used or intended to be used to authorize any part of the proposed project or any related activity, including other separate and distant crossings for linear projects that require Department of the Army authorization but do not require pre-construction notification. The description of the proposed activity and any proposed mitigation measures should be sufficiently detailed to allow the district engineer to determine that the adverse environmental effects of the activity will be no more than minimal and to determine the need for compensatory mitigation or other mitigation measures. For single and complete linear projects, the PCN must include the quantity of anticipated losses of wetlands, other special aquatic sites, and other waters for each single and complete crossing of those wetlands, other special aquatic sites, and other waters.

Sketches should be provided when necessary to show that the activity complies with the terms of the NWP. (Sketches usually clarify the activity and when provided results in a quicker decision. Sketches should contain sufficient detail to provide an illustrative description of the proposed activity (e.g., a conceptual plan), but do not need to be detailed engineering plans);

- (5) The PCN must include a delineation of wetlands, other special aquatic sites, and other waters, such as lakes and ponds, and perennial, intermittent, and ephemeral streams, on the project site. Wetland delineations must be prepared in accordance with the current method required by the Corps. The permittee may ask the Corps to delineate the special aquatic sites and other waters on the project site, but there may be a delay if the Corps does the delineation, especially if the project site is large or contains many wetlands, other special aquatic sites, and other waters. Furthermore, the 45 day period will not start until the delineation has been submitted to or completed by the Corps, as appropriate;
- (6) If the proposed activity will result in the loss of greater than 1/10-acre of wetlands and a PCN is required, the prospective permittee must submit a statement describing how the mitigation requirement will be satisfied, or explaining why the adverse environmental effects are no more than minimal and why compensatory mitigation should not be required. As an alternative, the prospective permittee may submit a conceptual or detailed mitigation plan.
- (7) For non-Federal permittees, if any listed species or designated critical habitat might be affected or is in the vicinity of the activity, or if the activity is located in designated critical habitat, the PCN must include the name(s) of those endangered or threatened species that might be affected by the proposed activity or utilize the designated critical habitat that might be affected by the proposed activity. For NWP activities that require pre-construction notification, Federal permittees must provide documentation demonstrating compliance with the Endangered Species Act;
- (8) For non-Federal permittees, if the NWP activity might have the potential to cause effects to a historic property listed on, determined to be eligible for listing on, or potentially eligible for listing on, the National Register of Historic Places, the PCN must state which historic property might have the potential to be affected by the proposed activity or include a vicinity map indicating the location of the historic property. For NWP activities that require pre-construction notification, Federal permittees must provide documentation demonstrating compliance with section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act;
- (9) For an activity that will occur in a component of the National Wild and Scenic River System, or in a river officially designated by Congress as a "study river" for possible inclusion in the system while the river is in an official study status, the PCN must identify the Wild and Scenic River or the "study river" (see general condition 16); and
- (10) For an activity that requires permission from the Corps pursuant to 33 U.S.C. 408 because it will alter or temporarily or permanently occupy or use a U.S. Army Corps of Engineers federally authorized civil works project, the pre-construction notification must include a statement confirming that the project proponent has submitted a written request for section 408 permission from the Corps office having jurisdiction over that USACE project.
- (c) Form of Pre-Construction Notification: The standard individual permit application form (Form ENG 4345) may be used, but the completed application form must clearly indicate that it is an NWP PCN and must include all of the applicable information required in paragraphs (b)(1) through (10) of this general condition. A letter containing the required information may also be used. Applicants may provide electronic files of PCNs and

supporting materials if the district engineer has established tools and procedures for electronic submittals.

- (d) <u>Agency Coordination</u>: (1) The district engineer will consider any comments from Federal and state agencies concerning the proposed activity's compliance with the terms and conditions of the NWPs and the need for mitigation to reduce the activity's adverse environmental effects so that they are no more than minimal.
- (2) Agency coordination is required for: (i) all NWP activities that require preconstruction notification and result in the loss of greater than 1/2-acre of waters of the United States; (ii) NWP 21, 29, 39, 40, 42, 43, 44, 50, 51, and 52 activities that require preconstruction notification and will result in the loss of greater than 300 linear feet of stream bed; (iii) NWP 13 activities in excess of 500 linear feet, fills greater than one cubic yard per running foot, or involve discharges of dredged or fill material into special aquatic sites; and (iv) NWP 54 activities in excess of 500 linear feet, or that extend into the waterbody more than 30 feet from the mean low water line in tidal waters or the ordinary high water mark in the Great Lakes.
- (3) When agency coordination is required, the district engineer will immediately provide (e.g., via e-mail, facsimile transmission, overnight mail, or other expeditious manner) a copy of the complete PCN to the appropriate Federal or state offices (FWS, state natural resource or water quality agency, EPA, and, if appropriate, the NMFS). With the exception of NWP 37, these agencies will have 10 calendar days from the date the material is transmitted to notify the district engineer via telephone, facsimile transmission, or e-mail that they intend to provide substantive, site-specific comments. The comments must explain why the agency believes the adverse environmental effects will be more than minimal. If so contacted by an agency, the district engineer will wait an additional 15 calendar days before making a decision on the pre-construction notification. The district engineer will fully consider agency comments received within the specified time frame concerning the proposed activity's compliance with the terms and conditions of the NWPs, including the need for mitigation to ensure the net adverse environmental effects of the proposed activity are no more than minimal. The district engineer will provide no response to the resource agency, except as provided below. The district engineer will indicate in the administrative record associated with each pre-construction notification that the resource agencies' concerns were considered. For NWP 37, the emergency watershed protection and rehabilitation activity may proceed immediately in cases where there is an unacceptable hazard to life or a significant loss of property or economic hardship will occur. The district engineer will consider any comments received to decide whether the NWP 37 authorization should be modified, suspended, or revoked in accordance with the procedures at 33 CFR 330.5.
- (4) In cases of where the prospective permittee is not a Federal agency, the district engineer will provide a response to NMFS within 30 calendar days of receipt of any Essential Fish Habitat conservation recommendations, as required by section 305(b)(4)(B) of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act.
- (5) Applicants are encouraged to provide the Corps with either electronic files or multiple copies of pre-construction notifications to expedite agency coordination.

# **DISTRICT ENGINEER'S DECISION**

1. In reviewing the PCN for the proposed activity, the district engineer will determine whether the activity authorized by the NWP will result in more than minimal

individual or cumulative adverse environmental effects or may be contrary to the public interest. If a project proponent requests authorization by a specific NWP, the district engineer should issue the NWP verification for that activity if it meets the terms and conditions of that NWP, unless he or she determines, after considering mitigation, that the proposed activity will result in more than minimal individual and cumulative adverse effects on the aquatic environment and other aspects of the public interest and exercises discretionary authority to require an individual permit for the proposed activity. For a linear project, this determination will include an evaluation of the individual crossings of waters of the United States to determine whether they individually satisfy the terms and conditions of the NWP(s), as well as the cumulative effects caused by all of the crossings authorized by NWP. If an applicant requests a waiver of the 300 linear foot limit on impacts to streams or of an otherwise applicable limit, as provided for in NWPs 13, 21, 29, 36, 39, 40, 42, 43, 44, 50, 51, 52, or 54, the district engineer will only grant the waiver upon a written determination that the NWP activity will result in only minimal individual and cumulative adverse environmental effects. For those NWPs that have a waivable 300 linear foot limit for losses of intermittent and ephemeral stream bed and a 1/2-acre limit (i.e., NWPs 21, 29, 39, 40, 42, 43, 44, 50, 51, and 52), the loss of intermittent and ephemeral stream bed, plus any other losses of jurisdictional waters and wetlands, cannot exceed 1/2-acre.

- 2. When making minimal adverse environmental effects determinations the district engineer will consider the direct and indirect effects caused by the NWP activity. He or she will also consider the cumulative adverse environmental effects caused by activities authorized by NWP and whether those cumulative adverse environmental effects are no more than minimal. The district engineer will also consider site specific factors, such as the environmental setting in the vicinity of the NWP activity, the type of resource that will be affected by the NWP activity, the functions provided by the aquatic resources that will be affected by the NWP activity, the degree or magnitude to which the aquatic resources perform those functions, the extent that aquatic resource functions will be lost as a result of the NWP activity (e.g., partial or complete loss), the duration of the adverse effects (temporary or permanent), the importance of the aquatic resource functions to the region (e.g., watershed or ecoregion), and mitigation required by the district engineer. If an appropriate functional or condition assessment method is available and practicable to use, that assessment method may be used by the district engineer to assist in the minimal adverse environmental effects determination. The district engineer may add case-specific special conditions to the NWP authorization to address site- specific environmental concerns.
- 3. If the proposed activity requires a PCN and will result in a loss of greater than 1/10-acre of wetlands, the prospective permittee should submit a mitigation proposal with the PCN. Applicants may also propose compensatory mitigation for NWP activities with smaller impacts, or for impacts to other types of waters (e.g., streams). The district engineer will consider any proposed compensatory mitigation or other mitigation measures the applicant has included in the proposal in determining whether the net adverse environmental effects of the proposed activity are no more than minimal. The compensatory mitigation proposal may be either conceptual or detailed. If the district engineer determines that the activity complies with the terms and conditions of the NWP and that the adverse environmental effects are no more than minimal, after considering mitigation, the district engineer will notify the permittee and

include any activity-specific conditions in the NWP verification the district engineer deems necessary. Conditions for compensatory mitigation requirements must comply with the appropriate provisions at 33 CFR 332.3(k). The district engineer must approve the final mitigation plan before the permittee commences work in waters of the United States, unless the district engineer determines that prior approval of the final mitigation plan is not practicable or not necessary to ensure timely completion of the required compensatory mitigation. If the prospective permittee elects to submit a compensatory mitigation plan with the PCN, the district engineer will expeditiously review the proposed compensatory mitigation plan. The district engineer must review the proposed compensatory mitigation plan within 45 calendar days of receiving a complete PCN and determine whether the proposed mitigation would ensure the NWP activity results in no more than minimal adverse environmental effects. If the net adverse environmental effects of the NWP activity (after consideration of the mitigation proposal) are determined by the district engineer to be no more than minimal, the district engineer will provide a timely written response to the applicant. The response will state that the NWP activity can proceed under the terms and conditions of the NWP, including any activity-specific conditions added to the NWP authorization by the district engineer.

4. If the district engineer determines that the adverse environmental effects of the proposed activity are more than minimal, then the district engineer will notify the applicant either: (a) that the activity does not qualify for authorization under the NWP and instruct the applicant on the procedures to seek authorization under an individual permit; (b) that the activity is authorized under the NWP subject to the applicant's submission of a mitigation plan that would reduce the adverse environmental effects so that they are no more than minimal; or (c) that the activity is authorized under the NWP with specific modifications or conditions. Where the district engineer determines that mitigation is required to ensure no more than minimal adverse environmental effects, the activity will be authorized within the 45-day PCN period (unless additional time is required to comply with general conditions 18, 20, and/or 31, or to evaluate PCNs for activities authorized by NWPs 21, 49, and 50), with activity-specific conditions that state the mitigation requirements. The authorization will include the necessary conceptual or detailed mitigation plan or a requirement that the applicant submit a mitigation plan that would reduce the adverse environmental effects so that they are no more than minimal. When compensatory mitigation is required, no work in waters of the United States may occur until the district engineer has approved a specific mitigation plan or has determined that prior approval of a final mitigation plan is not practicable or not necessary to ensure timely completion of the required compensatory mitigation.

# **FURTHER INFORMATION**

- 1. District Engineers have authority to determine if an activity complies with the terms and conditions of an NWP.
- 2. NWPs do not obviate the need to obtain other federal, state, or local permits, approvals, or authorizations required by law.
  - 3. NWPs do not grant any property rights or exclusive privileges.
  - 4. NWPs do not authorize any injury to the property or rights of others.
- 5. NWPs do not authorize interference with any existing or proposed Federal project (see general condition 31).

# **DEFINITIONS**

Best management practices (BMPs): Policies, practices, procedures, or structures implemented to mitigate the adverse environmental effects on surface water quality resulting from development. BMPs are categorized as structural or non-structural.

<u>Compensatory mitigation</u>: The restoration (re-establishment or rehabilitation), establishment (creation), enhancement, and/or in certain circumstances preservation of aquatic resources for the purposes of offsetting unavoidable adverse impacts which remain after all appropriate and practicable avoidance and minimization has been achieved.

<u>Currently serviceable</u>: Useable as is or with some maintenance, but not so degraded as to essentially require reconstruction.

<u>Direct effects</u>: Effects that are caused by the activity and occur at the same time and place.

<u>Discharge</u>: The term "discharge" means any discharge of dredged or fill material into waters of the United States.

Ecological reference: A model used to plan and design an aquatic habitat and riparian area restoration, enhancement, or establishment activity under NWP 27. An ecological reference may be based on the structure, functions, and dynamics of an aquatic habitat type or a riparian area type that currently exists in the region where the proposed NWP 27 activity is located. Alternatively, an ecological reference may be based on a conceptual model for the aquatic habitat type or riparian area type to be restored, enhanced, or established as a result of the proposed NWP 27 activity. An ecological reference takes into account the range of variation of the aquatic habitat type or riparian area type in the region.

<u>Enhancement</u>: The manipulation of the physical, chemical, or biological characteristics of an aquatic resource to heighten, intensify, or improve a specific aquatic resource function(s). Enhancement results in the gain of selected aquatic resource function(s), but may also lead to a decline in other aquatic resource function(s). Enhancement does not result in a gain in aquatic resource area.

<u>Ephemeral stream</u>: An ephemeral stream has flowing water only during, and for a short duration after, precipitation events in a typical year. Ephemeral stream beds are located above the water table year-round. Groundwater is not a source of water for the stream. Runoff from rainfall is the primary source of water for stream flow.

<u>Establishment (creation)</u>: The manipulation of the physical, chemical, or biological characteristics present to develop an aquatic resource that did not previously exist at an upland site. Establishment results in a gain in aquatic resource area.

<u>High Tide Line</u>: The line of intersection of the land with the water's surface at the maximum height reached by a rising tide. The high tide line may be determined, in the absence of actual data, by a line of oil or scum along shore objects, a more or less continuous deposit of fine shell or debris on the foreshore or berm, other physical markings or characteristics, vegetation lines, tidal gages, or other suitable means that delineate the general height reached by a rising tide. The line encompasses spring high tides and other high tides that occur with periodic frequency but does not include storm surges in which there is a departure from the normal or predicted reach of the tide due to the piling up of water against a coast by strong winds such as those accompanying a hurricane or other intense storm.

<u>Historic Property</u>: Any prehistoric or historic district, site (including archaeological site), building, structure, or other object included in, or eligible for inclusion in, the National

Register of Historic Places maintained by the Secretary of the Interior. This term includes artifacts, records, and remains that are related to and located within such properties. The term includes properties of traditional religious and cultural importance to an Indian tribe or Native Hawaiian organization and that meet the National Register criteria (36 CFR part 60).

Independent utility: A test to determine what constitutes a single and complete non-linear project in the Corps Regulatory Program. A project is considered to have independent utility if it would be constructed absent the construction of other projects in the project area. Portions of a multi-phase project that depend upon other phases of the project do not have independent utility. Phases of a project that would be constructed even if the other phases were not built can be considered as separate single and complete projects with independent utility.

<u>Indirect effects</u>: Effects that are caused by the activity and are later in time or farther removed in distance, but are still reasonably foreseeable.

<u>Intermittent stream</u>: An intermittent stream has flowing water during certain times of the year, when groundwater provides water for stream flow. During dry periods, intermittent streams may not have flowing water. Runoff from rainfall is a supplemental source of water for stream flow.

Loss of waters of the United States: Waters of the United States that are permanently adversely affected by filling, flooding, excavation, or drainage because of the regulated activity. Permanent adverse effects include permanent discharges of dredged or fill material that change an aquatic area to dry land, increase the bottom elevation of a waterbody, or change the use of a waterbody. The acreage of loss of waters of the United States is a threshold measurement of the impact to jurisdictional waters for determining whether a project may qualify for an NWP; it is not a net threshold that is calculated after considering compensatory mitigation that may be used to offset losses of aquatic functions and services. The loss of stream bed includes the acres or linear feet of stream bed that are filled or excavated as a result of the regulated activity. Waters of the United States temporarily filled, flooded, excavated, or drained, but restored to preconstruction contours and elevations after construction, are not included in the measurement of loss of waters of the United States. Impacts resulting from activities that do not require Department of the Army authorization, such as activities eligible for exemptions under section 404(f) of the Clean Water Act, are not considered when calculating the loss of waters of the United States.

<u>Navigable waters</u>: Waters subject to section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899. These waters are defined at 33 CFR part 329.

<u>Non-tidal wetland</u>: A non-tidal wetland is a wetland that is not subject to the ebb and flow of tidal waters. Non-tidal wetlands contiguous to tidal waters are located landward of the high tide line (i.e., spring high tide line).

Open water: For purposes of the NWPs, an open water is any area that in a year with normal patterns of precipitation has water flowing or standing above ground to the extent that an ordinary high water mark can be determined. Aquatic vegetation within the area of flowing or standing water is either non-emergent, sparse, or absent. Vegetated shallows are considered to be open waters. Examples of "open waters" include rivers, streams, lakes, and ponds.

Ordinary High Water Mark: An ordinary high water mark is a line on the shore established by the fluctuations of water and indicated by physical characteristics, or by other appropriate means that consider the characteristics of the surrounding areas.

<u>Perennial stream</u>: A perennial stream has flowing water year-round during a typical year. The water table is located above the stream bed for most of the year. Groundwater is the

primary source of water for stream flow. Runoff from rainfall is a supplemental source of water for stream flow.

<u>Practicable</u>: Available and capable of being done after taking into consideration cost, existing technology, and logistics in light of overall project purposes.

<u>Pre-construction notification</u>: A request submitted by the project proponent to the Corps for confirmation that a particular activity is authorized by nationwide permit. The request may be a permit application, letter, or similar document that includes information about the proposed work and its anticipated environmental effects. Pre-construction notification may be required by the terms and conditions of a nationwide permit, or by regional conditions. A pre-construction notification may be voluntarily submitted in cases where pre-construction notification is not required and the project proponent wants confirmation that the activity is authorized by nationwide permit.

<u>Preservation</u>: The removal of a threat to, or preventing the decline of, aquatic resources by an action in or near those aquatic resources. This term includes activities commonly associated with the protection and maintenance of aquatic resources through the implementation of appropriate legal and physical mechanisms. Preservation does not result in a gain of aquatic resource area or functions.

<u>Protected tribal resources</u>: Those natural resources and properties of traditional or customary religious or cultural importance, either on or off Indian lands, retained by, or reserved by or for, Indian tribes through treaties, statutes, judicial decisions, or executive orders, including tribal trust resources.

<u>Re-establishment</u>: The manipulation of the physical, chemical, or biological characteristics of a site with the goal of returning natural/historic functions to a former aquatic resource. Re-establishment results in rebuilding a former aquatic resource and results in a gain in aquatic resource area and functions.

<u>Rehabilitation</u>: The manipulation of the physical, chemical, or biological characteristics of a site with the goal of repairing natural/historic functions to a degraded aquatic resource. Rehabilitation results in a gain in aquatic resource function, but does not result in a gain in aquatic resource area.

<u>Restoration</u>: The manipulation of the physical, chemical, or biological characteristics of a site with the goal of returning natural/historic functions to a former or degraded aquatic resource. For the purpose of tracking net gains in aquatic resource area, restoration is divided into two categories: re-establishment and rehabilitation.

Riffle and pool complex: Riffle and pool complexes are special aquatic sites under the 404(b)(1) Guidelines. Riffle and pool complexes sometimes characterize steep gradient sections of streams. Such stream sections are recognizable by their hydraulic characteristics. The rapid movement of water over a course substrate in riffles results in a rough flow, a turbulent surface, and high dissolved oxygen levels in the water. Pools are deeper areas associated with riffles. A slower stream velocity, a streaming flow, a smooth surface, and a finer substrate characterize pools.

<u>Riparian areas</u>: Riparian areas are lands next to streams, lakes, and estuarine-marine shorelines. Riparian areas are transitional between terrestrial and aquatic ecosystems, through which surface and subsurface hydrology connects riverine, lacustrine, estuarine, and marine waters with their adjacent wetlands, non-wetland waters, or uplands. Riparian areas provide a variety of ecological functions and services and help improve or maintain local water quality. (See general condition 23.)

Shellfish seeding: The placement of shellfish seed and/or suitable substrate to increase shellfish production. Shellfish seed consists of immature individual shellfish or individual shellfish attached to shells or shell fragments (i.e., spat on shell). Suitable substrate may consist of shellfish shells, shell fragments, or other appropriate materials placed into waters for shellfish habitat.

Single and complete linear project: A linear project is a project constructed for the purpose of getting people, goods, or services from a point of origin to a terminal point, which often involves multiple crossings of one or more waterbodies at separate and distant locations. The term "single and complete project" is defined as that portion of the total linear project proposed or accomplished by one owner/developer or partnership or other association of owners/developers that includes all crossings of a single water of the United States (i.e., a single waterbody) at a specific location. For linear projects crossing a single or multiple waterbodies several times at separate and distant locations, each crossing is considered a single and complete project for purposes of NWP authorization. However, individual channels in a braided stream or river, or individual arms of a large, irregularly shaped wetland or lake, etc., are not separate waterbodies, and crossings of such features cannot be considered separately.

Single and complete non-linear project: For non-linear projects, the term "single and complete project" is defined at 33 CFR 330.2(i) as the total project proposed or accomplished by one owner/developer or partnership or other association of owners/developers. A single and complete non-linear project must have independent utility (see definition of "independent utility"). Single and complete non-linear projects may not be "piecemealed" to avoid the limits in an NWP authorization.

<u>Stormwater management</u>: Stormwater management is the mechanism for controlling stormwater runoff for the purposes of reducing downstream erosion, water quality degradation, and flooding and mitigating the adverse effects of changes in land use on the aquatic environment.

Stormwater management facilities: Stormwater management facilities are those facilities, including but not limited to, stormwater retention and detention ponds and best management practices, which retain water for a period of time to control runoff and/or improve the quality (i.e., by reducing the concentration of nutrients, sediments, hazardous substances and other pollutants) of stormwater runoff.

<u>Stream bed</u>: The substrate of the stream channel between the ordinary high water marks. The substrate may be bedrock or inorganic particles that range in size from clay to boulders. Wetlands contiguous to the stream bed, but outside of the ordinary high water marks, are not considered part of the stream bed.

<u>Stream channelization</u>: The manipulation of a stream's course, condition, capacity, or location that causes more than minimal interruption of normal stream processes. A channelized stream remains a water of the United States.

Structure: An object that is arranged in a definite pattern of organization. Examples of structures include, without limitation, any pier, boat dock, boat ramp, wharf, dolphin, weir, boom, breakwater, bulkhead, revetment, riprap, jetty, artificial island, artificial reef, permanent mooring structure, power transmission line, permanently moored floating vessel, piling, aid to navigation, or any other manmade obstacle or obstruction.

<u>Tidal wetland</u>: A tidal wetland is a jurisdictional wetland that is inundated by tidal waters. Tidal waters rise and fall in a predictable and measurable rhythm or cycle due to the gravitational pulls of the moon and sun. Tidal waters end where the rise and fall of the water

surface can no longer be practically measured in a predictable rhythm due to masking by other waters, wind, or other effects. Tidal wetlands are located channelward of the high tide line.

<u>Tribal lands</u>: Any lands title to which is either: 1) held in trust by the United States for the benefit of any Indian tribe or individual; or 2) held by any Indian tribe or individual subject to restrictions by the United States against alienation.

<u>Tribal rights</u>: Those rights legally accruing to a tribe or tribes by virtue of inherent sovereign authority, unextinguished aboriginal title, treaty, statute, judicial decisions, executive order or agreement, and that give rise to legally enforceable remedies.

<u>Vegetated shallows</u>: Vegetated shallows are special aquatic sites under the 404(b)(1) Guidelines. They are areas that are permanently inundated and under normal circumstances have rooted aquatic vegetation, such as seagrasses in marine and estuarine systems and a variety of vascular rooted plants in freshwater systems.

<u>Waterbody</u>: For purposes of the NWPs, a waterbody is a jurisdictional water of the United States. If a wetland is adjacent to a waterbody determined to be a water of the United States, that waterbody and any adjacent wetlands are considered together as a single aquatic unit (see 33 CFR 328.4(c)(2)). Examples of "waterbodies" include streams, rivers, lakes, ponds, and wetlands.

# **FINAL 2017 REGIONAL CONDITIONS**

#### NOTICE ABOUT WEB LINKS IN THIS DOCUMENT:

The web links (both internal to our Wilmington District and any external links to collaborating agencies) in this document are valid at the time of publication. However, the Wilmington District Regulatory Program web page addresses, as with other agency web sites, may change over the timeframe of the five-year Nationwide Permit renewal cycle, in response to policy mandates or technology advances. While we will make every effort to check on the integrity of our web links and provide re-direct pages whenever possible, we ask that you report any broken links to us so we can keep the page information current and usable. We apologize in advanced for any broken links that you may encounter, and we ask that you navigate from the Regulatory home page (Regulatory Permit Program Wetlands and Streams) of the Wilmington District Corps of Engineers, to the "Permits" section of our web site to find links for pages that cannot be found by clicking directly on the listed web link in this document.

# Final 2017 Regional Conditions for Nationwide Permits (NWP) in the Wilmington District

#### 1.0 Excluded Waters

The Corps has identified waters that will be excluded from the use of all NWP's during certain timeframes. These waters are:

# 1.1 Anadromous Fish Spawning Areas

Waters of the United States identified by either the North Carolina Division of Marine Fisheries (NCDMF) or the North Carolina Wildlife Resources Commission (NCWRC) as anadromous fish spawning areas are excluded during the period between February 15 and June 30, without prior written approval from the Corps and either NCDMF or NCWRC.

#### 1.2 Trout Waters Moratorium

Waters of the United States in the designated trout watersheds of North Carolina are excluded during the period between October 15 and April 15 without prior written approval from the NCWRC, or from the Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians (EBCI) Fisheries and Wildlife Management (FWM) office if the project is located on EBCI trust land. (See Section 2.7 for information on the designated trout watersheds).

# 1.3 Sturgeon Spawning Areas as Designated by the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS)

Waters of the United States designated as sturgeon spawning areas are excluded during the period between February 1 and June 30, without prior written approval from the NMFS.

# \* 2.0 Waters Requiring Additional Notification

The Corps has identified waters that will be subject to additional notification requirements for activities authorized by all NWPs. These waters are:

# \* 2.1 Western NC Counties that Drain to Designated Critical Habitat

For proposed activities within waters of the United States that require a Pre-Construction Notification (PCN) and are located in the sixteen counties listed below, permittees must provide a copy of the PCN to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS), 160 Zillicoa Street, Asheville, North Carolina 28801. This PCN must be sent concurrently to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the Corps Asheville Regulatory Field Office. Please see General Condition 18 for specific notification requirements related to the Endangered Species Act and the below website for information on the location of designated critical habitat.

Counties with tributaries that drain to designated critical habitat that require notification to the Asheville U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service: Avery, Cherokee, Forsyth, Graham, Haywood, Henderson, Jackson, Macon, Mecklenburg, Mitchell, Stokes, Surry, Swain, Transylvania, Union and Yancey.

Website and office addresses for Endangered Species Act Information:

The Wilmington District has developed the following website for permittees which provides guidelines on how to review linked websites and maps in order to fulfill NWP General Condition 18 requirements:

http://www.saw.usace.army.mil/Missions/RegulatoryPermitProgram/AgencyCoordination/ESA.aspx

Permittees who do not have internet access may contact the appropriate U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service offices listed below or Corps at (910) 251-4633:

Asheville U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Office counties: All counties west of and including Anson, Stanly, Davidson, Forsythe and Stokes Counties.

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Asheville Field Office 160 Zillicoa Street Asheville, NC 28801 Telephone: (828) 258-3939

Raleigh U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Office counties: all counties east of and including Richmond, Montgomery, Randolph, Guilford, and Rockingham Counties.

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Raleigh Field Office Post Office Box 33726 Raleigh, NC 27636-3726 Telephone: (919) 856-4520

# \* 2.2 Special Designation Waters

Prior to the use of any NWP, except NWP 3, that involves a discharge of dredged or fill material in any of the following identified waters and/or adjacent wetlands in North Carolina, permittees shall submit a PCN to the District Engineer prior to commencing the activity (see General Condition 32). The North Carolina waters and wetlands that require additional notification requirements are:

"Outstanding Resource Waters" (ORW) or "High Quality Waters" (HQW) as designated by the North Carolina Environmental Management Commission; "Primary Nursery Areas" (PNA), including inland PNA, as designated by the North Carolina Marine Fisheries Commission and the NCWRC; or wetlands adjacent to these waters. Definitions of ORW, HQW and PNA waters can be found in the North Carolina State Administrative Code, Title 15A, Subchapters 2B and 10C (15A NCAC 02B, 15A NCAC 10C) and at the following World Wide Web page: <a href="http://reports.oah.state.nc.us/ncac.asp?folderName=\Title%2015A%20-%20Environmental%20Quality&lookUpError=15A%20NCAC%20000%20">http://reports.oah.state.nc.us/ncac.asp?folderName=\Title%2015A%20-%20Environmental%20Quality&lookUpError=15A%20NCAC%20000%20</a>. Surface water classifications for waters in North Carolina can be viewed at the North Carolina Division of Water Resources website or at the following World Wide Web Page: <a href="https://deq.nc.gov/about/divisions/water-resources/planning/classification-standards/classifications">https://deq.nc.gov/about/divisions/water-resources/planning/classification-standards/classifications</a>

Permittees who do not have internet access may contact the Corps at (910) 251-4633.

# 2.3 Coastal Area Management Act (CAMA) Areas of Environmental Concern

Non-federal permittees for any NWP in a designated "Area of Environmental Concern" (AEC) in the twenty (20) counties of Eastern North Carolina covered by the North Carolina Coastal Area Management Act (CAMA) must also obtain the required CAMA permit. Development activities for non-federal projects may not commence until a copy of the approved CAMA permit is furnished to the appropriate Wilmington District Regulatory Field Office (Wilmington Field Office – 69 Darlington Avenue, Wilmington, NC 28403, (910) 251-4802 or Washington Field Office – 2407 West 5th Street, Washington, NC 27889, (910) 251-4610).

#### \* 2.4 Barrier Islands

Prior to the use of any NWP on a barrier island of North Carolina, permittees must submit a PCN to the District Engineer prior to commencing the activity (see General Condition 32).

# \* 2.5 Mountain or Piedmont Bogs

Prior to the use of any NWP in a Bog, as classified by the North Carolina Wetland Assessment Methodology (NCWAM), permittees shall submit a PCN to the District Engineer prior to commencing the activity (see General Condition 32). The latest version of NCWAM can be

viewed on the Corps RIBITS (Regulatory In-lieu Fee and Bank Information Tracking System) website or at the following World Wide Web Page: <a href="https://ribits.usace.army.mil/ribits\_apex/f?p=107:27:0::NO:::">https://ribits.usace.army.mil/ribits\_apex/f?p=107:27:0::NO:::</a>

# \* 2.6 Animal Waste Facilities

Prior to use of any NWP for construction of animal waste facilities in waters of the United States, including wetlands, permittees shall submit a PCN to the District Engineer prior to commencing the activity (see General Condition 32).

#### \* 2.7 Trout Waters

Prior to any discharge of dredge or fill material into streams, waterbodies or wetlands within the 294 designated trout watersheds of North Carolina, the permittee shall submit a PCN (see General Condition 32) to the District Engineer prior to commencing the activity, unless other thresholds are established in the Regional Conditions in Section 4 (Additional Regional Conditions for Specific Nationwide Permits). The permittee shall also provide a copy of the notification to the appropriate NCWRC office, or to the EBCI FWM Office (if the project is located on EBCI trust land), to facilitate the determination of any potential impacts to designated Trout Waters.

Notification to the Corps will include a statement with the name of the NCWRC or EBCI FWM biologist contacted, the date of the notification, the location of work, a delineation of wetlands and waters, a discussion of alternatives to working in the mountain trout waters, why alternatives were not selected, and, if applicable, a plan to provide compensatory mitigation for all unavoidable adverse impacts to mountain trout waters.

# NCWRC and NC Trout Watersheds:

| NCWRC Contact**           | Counties that are     |              | Counties that are      |            |  |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|------------------------|------------|--|
|                           | entirely within Trout |              | partially within Trout |            |  |
|                           | Watersheds            | Watersheds*  |                        | k          |  |
| Mountain Coordinator      | Alleghany             | Jackson      | Burke                  | McDowell   |  |
| Balsam Depot              | Ashe                  | Macon        | Buncombe               | Mitchell   |  |
| 20830 Great Smoky         | Avery                 | Swain        | Caldwell               | Polk       |  |
| Mountain Expressway       | Graham                | Transylvania | Cherokee               | Rutherford |  |
| Waynesville, NC 28786     | Haywood               | Watauga      | Clay                   | Surry      |  |
| Telephone: (828) 558-6011 |                       |              | Henderson              | Wilkes     |  |
|                           |                       |              | Madison                | Yancey     |  |
| For NCDOT Projects:       |                       |              |                        |            |  |
| NCDOT Coordinator         |                       |              |                        |            |  |
| 206 Charter. Street       |                       |              |                        |            |  |
| Albemarle, NC 28001       |                       |              |                        |            |  |
| Telephone: (704) 982-9181 |                       |              |                        |            |  |
|                           |                       |              |                        |            |  |

\*NOTE: To determine notification requirements, contact the Corps Asheville Regulatory Field Office at (828) 271-7980 or view maps for each County at the following World Wide Web page: <a href="http://www.saw.usace.army.mil/Missions/Regulatory-Permit-Program/Agency-Coordination/Trout/">http://www.saw.usace.army.mil/Missions/Regulatory-Permit-Program/Agency-Coordination/Trout/</a>.

\*\*If a project is located on EBCI trust land, submit the PCN in accordance with Section 3.14. Contact the Corps Asheville Regulatory Field Office at (828) 271-7980 with questions.

#### \* 2.8 Western NC Waters and Corridors

The permittee shall submit a PCN (see General Condition 32) to the District Engineer prior to commencing the activity in waters of the United States if the activity will occur within any of the following identified waters in western North Carolina, within 0.5 mile on either side of these waters, or within 0.75 mile of the Little Tennessee River, as measured from the top of the bank of the respective water (i.e., river, stream, or creek):

Brasstown Creek

Burningtown Creek

Cane River

Caney Fork

Cartoogechaye Creek

Chattooga River

Cheoah River

Cowee Creek

Cullasaja River

Deep Creek

Ellijay Creek

French Broad River

Garden Creek

Hiwassee River

Hominy Creek

Iotla Creek

Little Tennessee River (within the river or within 0.75 mile on either side of this river)

Nantahala River

Nolichucky River

North Fork French Broad River

North Toe River

Nottley River

Oconaluftee River (portion not located on trust/EBCI land)

Peachtree Creek

**Shooting Creek** 

**Snowbird Creek** 

South Toe River

Stecoah Creek

Swannanoa River

Sweetwater Creek

Tuckasegee River (also spelled Tuckaseegee or Tuckaseigee)
Valley River
Watauga Creek
Watauga River
Wayah Creek
West Fork French Broad River

To determine notification requirements, contact the Corps Asheville Regulatory Field Office at (828) 271-7980 or view maps for all corridors at the following World Wide Web page: <a href="http://www.saw.usace.army.mil/Missions/Regulatory-Permit-Program/Agency-Coordination/Designated-Special-Waters.aspx">http://www.saw.usace.army.mil/Missions/Regulatory-Permit-Program/Agency-Coordination/Designated-Special-Waters.aspx</a>

#### 3.0 List of Corps Regional Conditions for All Nationwide Permits

The following conditions apply to all Nationwide Permits in the Wilmington District:

#### 3.1 Limitation of Loss of Stream Bed

NWPs may not be used for activities that may result in the loss or degradation of more than 300 total linear feet of stream bed, unless the District Engineer has waived the 300 linear foot limit for ephemeral and intermittent streams on a case-by-case basis and has determined that the proposed activity will result in minimal individual and cumulative adverse impacts to the aquatic environment. Waivers for the loss of ephemeral and intermittent streams must be in writing and documented by appropriate/accepted stream quality assessments\*. This waiver only applies to the 300 linear feet threshold for NWPs.

This Regional Condition does not apply to NWP 23 (Approved Categorical Exclusions).

\*NOTE: Permittees should utilize the most current methodology prescribed by Wilmington District to assess stream function and quality. Information can be found at: <a href="https://ribits.usace.army.mil/ribits\_apex/f?p=107:27:0::NO:::">https://ribits.usace.army.mil/ribits\_apex/f?p=107:27:0::NO:::</a>

# 3.2 Mitigation for Loss of Stream Bed

For any NWP that results in a loss of more than 150 linear feet of stream, the permittee shall provide a mitigation proposal to compensate for more than minimal individual and cumulative adverse impacts to the aquatic environment. For stream losses of 150 linear feet or less that require a PCN, the District Engineer may determine, on a case-by-case basis, that compensatory mitigation is required to ensure that the activity results in minimal adverse effect on the aquatic environment.

# 3.3 Pre-construction Notification for Loss of Streambed Exceeding 150 Feet

Prior to use of any NWP for any activity which impacts more than 150 total linear feet of perennial stream, intermittent or ephemeral stream, the permittee shall submit a PCN to the District Engineer prior to commencing the activity (see General Condition 32). This applies to

NWPs that do not have specific notification requirements. If a NWP has specific notification requirements, the requirements of the NWP should be followed.

### 3.4 Restriction on Use of Live Concrete

For all NWPs which allow the use of concrete as a building material, live or fresh concrete, including bags of uncured concrete, may not come into contact with the water in or entering into waters of the United States. Water inside coffer dams or casings that has been in contact with wet concrete shall only be returned to waters of the United States after the concrete is set and cured and when it no longer poses a threat to aquatic organisms.

## 3.5 Requirements for Using Riprap for Bank Stabilization

For all NWPs that allow for the use of riprap material for bank stabilization, the following measures shall be applied:

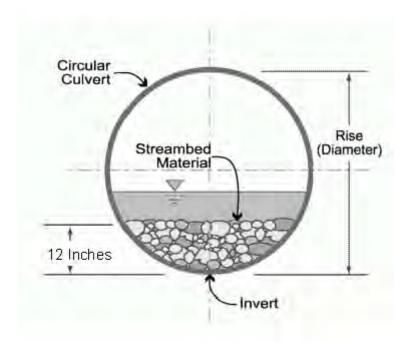
- **3.5.1.** Where bank stabilization is conducted as part of an activity, natural design, bioengineering and/or geoengineering methods that incorporate natural durable materials, native seed mixes, and native plants and shrubs are to be utilized to the maximum extent practicable.
- **3.5.2.** Filter cloth must be placed underneath the riprap as an additional requirement of its use in North Carolina waters. The placement of filter fabric is not required if the riprap will be pushed or "keyed" into the bank of the waterbody. A waiver from the specifications in this Regional Condition may be requested in writing. The waiver will only be issued if it can be demonstrated that the impacts of complying with this Regional Condition would result in greater adverse impacts to the aquatic environment.
- **3.5.3.** The placement of riprap shall be limited to the areas depicted on submitted work plan drawings.
- **3.5.4.** The riprap material shall be clean and free from loose dirt or any pollutant except in trace quantities that would not have an adverse environmental effect.
- **3.5.5.** It shall be of a size sufficient to prevent its movement from the authorized alignment by natural forces under normal conditions.
- **3.5.6.** The riprap material shall consist of clean rock or masonry material such as, but not limited to, granite, marl, or broken concrete.

### 3.6 Requirements for Culvert Placement

**3.6.1** For all NWPs that involve the construction/installation of culverts, measures will be included in the construction/installation that will promote the safe passage of fish and other aquatic organisms. The dimension, pattern, and profile of the stream above and below a pipe or culvert should not be modified by altering the width or depth of the stream profile in connection with the construction activity. The width, height, and gradient of a proposed culvert should be

sufficient to pass the average historical low flow and spring flow without adversely altering flow velocity. Spring flow is the seasonal sustained high flow that typically occurs in the spring. Spring flows should be determined from gage data, if available. In the absence of such data, bank-full flow can be used as a comparable indicator.

In Public Trust Areas of Environmental Concern (AEC) and/or the Estuarine Waters AEC as designated by the Coastal Area Management Act (CAMA): All pipes/culverts must be sufficiently sized to allow for the burial of the bottom of the culvert at least one foot below normal bed elevation.



In all other areas: Culverts greater than 48 inches in diameter will be buried at least one foot below the bed of the stream. Culverts 48 inches in diameter or less shall be buried to maintain aquatic passage and to maintain passage during drought or low flow conditions, and every effort shall be made to maintain the existing channel slope.

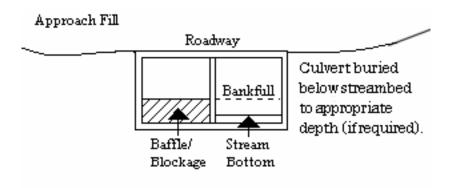
Culverts must be designed and constructed in a manner that minimizes destabilization and head cutting. Destabilizing the channel and head cutting upstream should be considered and appropriate actions incorporated in the design and placement of the culvert.

A waiver from the depth specifications in this condition may be requested, in writing, by the permittee and issued by the Corp; this request must be specific as to the reasons(s) for the request. The waiver will be issued if it can be demonstrated that the proposed design would result in less impacts to the aquatic environment.

All counties: Culverts placed within riparian and/or riverine wetlands must be installed in a manner that does not restrict the flow and circulation patterns of waters of the United States.

Culverts placed across wetland fills purely for the purposes of equalizing surface water do not have to be buried, but the culverts must be of adequate size and/or number to ensure unrestricted transmission of water.

**3.6.2** Bank-full flows (or less) shall be accommodated through maintenance of the existing bank-full channel cross sectional area. Additional culverts or culvert barrels at such crossings shall be allowed only to receive bank-full flows.



- **3.6.3** Where adjacent floodplain is available, flows exceeding bank-full should be accommodated by installing culverts at the floodplain elevation. Additional culverts or culvert barrels at such crossings should not be buried, or if buried, must have sills at the inlets to ensure that they only receive flows exceeding bank-full.
- **3.6.4** Excavation of existing stream channels shall be limited to the minimum necessary to construct or install the proposed culvert. The final width of the impacted stream at the culvert inlet and outlet should be no greater than the original stream width. A waiver from this condition may be requested in writing; this request must be specific as to the reason(s) for the request. The waiver will be issued if the proposed design would result in less impacts to the aquatic environment and/or if it can be demonstrated that it is not practicable to restore the final width of the impacted stream at the culvert inlet and outlet to the width of the original stream channel.
- **3.6.5** The width of the culvert shall be comparable to the width of the stream channel. If the width of the culvert is wider than the stream channel, the culvert shall include baffles, benches and/or sills to maintain the width of the stream channel. A waiver from this condition may be requested in writing; this request must be specific as to the reason(s) for the request. The waiver will be issued if it can be demonstrated that it is not practicable or necessary to include baffles, benches or sills and the design would result in less impacts to the aquatic environment.

### 3.7 Notification to NCDEQ Shellfish Sanitation Section

Permittees shall notify the NCDEQ Shellfish Sanitation Section prior to dredging in or removing sediment from an area closed to shell fishing where the effluent may be released to an area open for shell fishing or swimming in order to avoid contamination from the disposal area and cause a temporary shellfish closure to be made. Such notification shall also be provided to the appropriate Corps Regulatory Field Office. Any disposal of sand to the ocean beach should occur between November 1 and April 30 when recreational usage is low. Only clean sand

should be used and no dredged sand from closed shell fishing areas may be used. If beach disposal were to occur at times other than stated above or if sand from a closed shell fishing area is to be used, a swimming advisory shall be posted, and a press release shall be issued by the permittee.

### 3.8 Submerged Aquatic Vegetation

Impacts to Submerged Aquatic Vegetation (SAV) are not authorized by any NWP, except NWP 48, unless EFH Consultation has been completed pursuant to the Magnuson-Stevens Fisheries Conservation and Management Act (Magnuson-Stevens Act). Permittees shall submit a PCN (See NWP General Condition 32) to the District Engineer prior to commencing the activity if the project would affect SAV. The permittee may not begin work until notified by the Corps that the requirements of the Magnuson-Stevens Act have been satisfied and that the activity is authorized.

### 3.9 Sedimentation and Erosion Control Structures and Measures

All PCNs will identify and describe sedimentation and erosion control structures and measures proposed for placement in waters of the United States. The structures and measures should be depicted on maps, surveys or drawings showing location and impacts to jurisdictional wetlands and streams.

## 3.10 Restoration of Temporary Impacts to Stream Beds

Upon completion of work that involves temporary stream impacts, streambeds are to be restored to pre-project elevations and widths using natural streambed material such that the impacted stream reach mimics the adjacent upstream and downstream reach. The impacted area shall be backfilled with natural streambed material to a depth of at least 12 inches or to the bottom depth of the impacted area if shallower than 12 inches. An engineered in-stream structure or material can be used to provide protection of a buried structure if it provides benefits to the aquatic environment and can be accomplished by a natural streambed design. A permittee may request a waiver of this condition if it is determined a buried structure needs significant physical protection beyond those provided in this condition. This condition does not apply to NWP 27 – Aquatic Habitat Restoration, Enhancement, and Establishment Activities.

## 3.11 Restoration of Temporary Impacts to Stream Banks

Upon completion of work involving temporary stream bank impacts, stream banks are to be restored to pre-project grade and contours or beneficial grade and contours if the original bank slope is steep and unstable. Natural durable materials, native seed mixes, and native plants and shrubs are to be utilized in the restoration. Natural designs which use bioengineered and/or geoengineered methods are to be applied. An engineered structure or material can be used to provide protection of a buried structure if it provides benefits to the stream bank environment, provided it is not in excess of the minimum amount needed for protection and does not exceed an average of one cubic yard per running foot placed along the bank below the plane of the ordinary high water mark. A permittee may request a waiver of this condition if it is determined a buried structure

needs significant physical protection beyond those provided in this condition. This condition does not apply to NWP 27 – Aquatic Habitat Restoration, Enhancement, and Establishment Activities.

## 3.12 Federal Navigation Channel Setbacks and Corps Easements

**3.12.1** Authorized structures and fills located in or adjacent to Federally authorized waterways will be constructed in accordance with the latest setback criteria established by the Wilmington District Engineer. You may review the setback policy at <a href="http://www.saw.usace.army.mil/Missions/Navigation/Setbacks.aspx">http://www.saw.usace.army.mil/Missions/Navigation/Setbacks.aspx</a>. This general permit does not authorize the construction of hardened or permanently fixed structures within the Federally Authorized Channel Setback, unless the activity is approved by the Corps. The permittee shall submit a PCN (see General Condition 32) to the District Engineer prior to the construction of any structures or fills within the Federally Authorized Channel Setback.

**3.12.2** The permittee shall obtain a Consent to Cross Government Easement from the Wilmington District's Land Use Coordinator prior to any crossing of the Corps easement and/or prior to commencing construction of any structures, authorized dredging or other work within the right-of-way of, or in proximity to, a federally designated disposal area. The Land Use Coordinator may be contacted at: CESAW-OP-N, 69 Darlington Avenue, Wilmington, North Carolina 28403-1343, email: <a href="mailto:SAWWeb-NAV@usace.army.mil">SAWWeb-NAV@usace.army.mil</a>

## 3.13 Northern Long-eared Bat – Endangered Species Act Compliance

The Wilmington District, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers has consulted with the United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) in regards to the threatened Northern long-eared bat (NLEB) (*Myotis septentrionalis*) and Standard Local Operating Procedures for Endangered Species (SLOPES) have been approved by the Corps and the USFWS. This condition concerns effects to the NLEB only and does not address effects to other federally listed species and/or federally designated critical habitat.

A. Procedures when the Corps is the lead federal\* agency for a project:

The permittee must comply with (1) and (2) below when:

- the project is located in the western 41 counties of North Carolina, to include non-federal aid North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) projects, OR;
- the project is located in the 59 eastern counties of North Carolina, and is a non-NCDOT project.

\*Generally, if a project is located on private property or on non-federal land, and the project is not being funded by a federal entity, the Corps will be the lead federal agency due to the requirement to obtain Department of the Army authorization to impact waters of the United States. If the project is located on federal land, contact the Corps to determine the lead federal agency.

- (1) A permittee using a NWP must check to see if their project is located in the range of the NLEB by using the following website: <a href="http://www.fws.gov/midwest/endangered/mammals/nleb/pdf/WNSZone.pdf">http://www.fws.gov/midwest/endangered/mammals/nleb/pdf/WNSZone.pdf</a>. If the project is within the range of the NLEB, or if the project includes percussive activities (e.g., blasting, pile driving, etc.), the permittee is then required to check the appropriate website in the paragraph below to discover if their project:
  - is located in a 12-digit Hydrologic Unit Code area ("red HUC" shown as red areas on the map), AND/OR;
  - involves percussive activities within 0.25 mile of a red HUC.

Red HUC maps - for the western 41 counties in NC (covered by the Asheville Ecological Services Field Office), check the project location against the electronic maps found at: <a href="http://www.fws.gov/asheville/htmls/project\_review/NLEB\_in\_WNC.html">http://www.fws.gov/asheville/htmls/project\_review/NLEB\_in\_WNC.html</a>. For the eastern 59 counties in NC (covered by the Raleigh Ecological Services Field Office), check the project location against the electronic maps found at: <a href="https://www.fws.gov/raleigh/NLEB\_RFO.html">https://www.fws.gov/raleigh/NLEB\_RFO.html</a>.

- (2) A permittee <u>must</u> submit a PCN to the District Engineer, and receive written authorization from the District Engineer, prior to commencing the activity, if the activity will involve <u>any</u> of the following:
  - tree clearing/removal, construction/installation of wind turbines in a red HUC, AND/OR;
  - bridge removal or maintenance, unless the bridge has been inspected and there is no evidence of bat use, (applies anywhere in the range of the NLEB), AND/OR:
  - percussive activities in a red HUC, or within 0.25 mile of a red HUC.

The permittee may proceed with the activity without submitting a PCN to either the Corps or the USFWS, provided the activity complies with all applicable NWP terms and general and regional conditions, if the permittee's review under A.(1) and A.(2) above shows that the project is:

- located <u>outside</u> of a red HUC (and there are no percussive activities), and the activity will NOT include bridge removal or maintenance, unless the bridge has been inspected and there is no evidence of bat use, OR;
- located <u>outside</u> of a red HUC and there are percussive activities, but the percussive activities will <u>not</u> occur within 0.25-mile of a red HUC boundary, and the activity will NOT include bridge removal or maintenance, unless the bridge has been inspected and there is no evidence of bat use, OR;

- located in a red HUC, but the activity will NOT include: tree clearing/removal; construction/installation of wind turbines; bridge removal or maintenance, unless the bridge has been inspected and there is no evidence of bat use, and/or; any percussive activities.
- B. Procedures when the USACE is not the lead federal agency:

For projects where another federal agency is the lead federal agency - if that other federal agency has completed project-specific ESA Section 7(a)(2) consultation for the NLEB, and has (1) determined that the project would not cause prohibited incidental take of the NLEB, and (2) completed coordination/consultation that is required by the USFWS (per the directions on the respective USFWS office's website), that project may proceed without notification to either the USACE or the USFWS, provided all General and Regional Permit Conditions are met.

The NLEB SLOPES can be viewed on the USACE website at the following World Wide Web Page: <a href="http://www.saw.usace.army.mil/Missions/Regulatory-Permit-Program/Agency-Coordination/ESA/">http://www.saw.usace.army.mil/Missions/Regulatory-Permit-Program/Agency-Coordination/ESA/</a>. Permittees who do not have internet access may contact the USACE at (910) 251-4633.

### 3.14 Work on Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians Land

All PCNs submitted for activities in waters of the United States on Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians (EBCI) trust land (i.e., Qualla Boundary and non-contiguous tracts of trust land), must comply with the requirements of the latest MOU between the Wilmington District and the Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians.

## 4.0 Additional Regional Conditions for Specific Nationwide Permits

### 4.1 NWP #14 - Linear Transportation Projects

**4.1.1** If appropriate, permittees shall employ natural channel design (see definition below and NOTE below) to the maximum extent practicable for stream relocations. All stream relocation proposals shall include a Relocation and Monitoring Plan and a functional assessment of baseline conditions (e.g., use of the North Carolina Stream Assessment Methodology). Compensatory mitigation may be required for stream relocations.

Natural Channel Design means a geomorphologic approach to stream restoration based on an understanding of valley type, general watershed conditions, dimension, pattern, profile, hydrology and sediment transport of natural, stable channels (reference condition) and applying this understanding to the reconstruction of a stable channel.

NOTE: For more information on Natural Channel Design, permittees should reference North Carolina Stream Mitigation Guidance on the Corps RIBITS (Regulatory In-lieu Fee and Bank Information Tracking System) website or at the following World Wide Web Page: https://ribits.usace.army.mil/ribits\_apex/f?p=107:27:16705499703550::NO:RP:P27\_BUTTON\_KEY:0.

- **4.1.2** This NWP authorizes only upland to upland crossings and cannot be used in combination with Nationwide Permit 18 to create an upland within waters of the United States, including wetlands.
- **4.1.3** This NWP cannot be used for private projects located in tidal waters or tidal wetlands.
- **4.1.4** In designated trout watersheds, a PCN is not required for impacts to a maximum of 60 linear feet (150 linear feet for temporary dewatering) or 1/10-acre of jurisdictional aquatic resources for proposed structures not adjoining, adjacent to, or connected to existing structures. In designated trout waters, the permittee shall submit a PCN (see Regional Conditions 2.7 and General Condition 32) to the District Engineer prior to commencing the activity if 1) impacts (other than temporary dewatering to work in dry conditions) to jurisdictional aquatic resources exceed 60 linear feet or 1/10-acre; 2) temporary impacts to streams or waterbodies associated with dewatering to work in dry conditions exceed 150 linear feet; 3) the project will involve impacts to wetlands; 4) the primary purpose of the project is for commercial development; 5) the project involves the replacement of a bridge or spanning structure with a culvert or non-spanning structure in waters of the United States; or 6) the activity will be constructed during the trout waters moratorium (October 15 through April 15).
- **4.1.5** The permittee shall submit a PCN to the District Engineer prior to commencing the activity if the activity will involve the discharge of dredged or fill material into more than 150 linear feet of stream channel for the construction of temporary access fills and/or temporary road crossings. The PCN must include a restoration plan that thoroughly describes how all temporary fills will be removed, describes how pre-project conditions will be restored, and includes a timetable for all restoration activities.



ROY COOPER
Governor
MICHAEL S. REGAN
Secretary
LINDA CULPEPPER
Interim Director

October 23, 2018 McDowell County NCDWR Project No. 20181302 Road Improvements to SR1001 State Project No. U-5818

### APPROVAL of 401 WATER QUALITY CERTIFICATION with ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS

Mr. Roger D. Bryan, Environmental Supervisor NCDOT, Division 13 55 Orange Street Asheville, North Carolina 28801

Dear Mr. Bryan:

You have our approval, in accordance with the conditions listed below, for the following impacts for the purpose of road improvements in McDowell County:

Stream Impacts in the Catawba River Basin

| Site    | Permanent Fill<br>in Perennial<br>Stream<br>(linear ft) | Temporary Fill<br>in Perennial<br>Stream<br>(linear ft) | Total Stream<br>Impact<br>(linear ft) |  |  |
|---------|---|---|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| 1A & 1B | 42  |   | 42                                    |  |  |
| 1A & 1B | 92  |   | 92                                    |  |  |
| 2       | 93  |   | 93                                    |  |  |
| 2       |   | 60  | 60                                    |  |  |
| 2       | 64  |   | 64                                    |  |  |
| 3       | 9   |   | 9                                     |  |  |
| 3       |   | 10  | 10                                    |  |  |
| 3       | 22  |   | 22                                    |  |  |
| TOTAL   | 322   | 70  | 392                                   |  |  |

Total Stream Impact for Project: 147 linear feet.

The project shall be constructed in accordance with your application received September 25, 2018 After reviewing your application, we have decided that these impacts are covered by General Water Quality Certification Number 4135. This certification corresponds to the Nationwide Permit 14 issued by the Corps of Engineers. In addition, you should acquire any other federal, state or local permits before you proceed with your project including (but not limited to) Sediment and Erosion Control, Non-Discharge and Water Supply Watershed regulations. This approval will expire with the accompanying 404 permit.

This approval is valid solely for the purpose and design described in your application (unless modified below).



Should your project change, you must notify the NCDWR and submit a new application. If the property is sold, the new owner must be given a copy of this Certification and approval letter, and is thereby responsible for complying with all the conditions. If total wetland fills for this project (now or in the future) exceed one acre, or of total impacts to streams (now or in the future) exceed 150 linear feet, compensatory mitigation may be required as described in 15A NCAC 2H .0506 (h) (6) and (7). For this approval to remain valid, you must adhere to the conditions listed in the attached certification(s) and any additional conditions listed below.

### Condition(s) of Certification:

### **General Conditions**

- 1. Unless otherwise approved in this certification, placement of culverts and other structures in open waters and streams shall be placed below the elevation of the streambed by one foot for all culverts with a diameter greater than 48 inches, and 20 percent of the culvert diameter for culverts having a diameter less than 48 inches, to allow low flow passage of water and aquatic life. Design and placement of culverts and other structures including temporary erosion control measures shall not be conducted in a manner that may result in dis-equilibrium of wetlands or streambeds or banks, adjacent to or upstream and downstream of the above structures. The applicant is required to provide evidence that the equilibrium is being maintained if requested in writing by NCDWR. If this condition is unable to be met due to bedrock or other limiting features encountered during construction, please contact NCDWR for guidance on how to proceed and to determine whether or not a permit modification will be required.

  [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(2)]
- 2. If concrete is used during construction, a dry work area shall be maintained to prevent direct contact between curing concrete and stream water. Water that inadvertently contacts uncured concrete shall not be discharged to surface waters due to the potential for elevated pH and possible aquatic life and fish kills. [15A NCAC 02B.0200]
- 3. During the construction of the project, no staging of equipment of any kind is permitted in waters of the U.S., or protected riparian buffers. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(2)]
- 4. The dimension, pattern and profile of the stream above and below the crossing shall not be modified. Disturbed floodplains and streams shall be restored to natural geomorphic conditions. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(2)]
- 5. The use of rip-rap above the Normal High Water Mark shall be minimized. Any rip-rap placed for stream stabilization shall be placed in stream channels in such a manner that it does not impede aquatic life passage. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(2)]
- \* 6. The Permittee shall ensure that the final design drawings adhere to the permit and to the permit drawings submitted for approval. [15A NCAC 02H .0507(c) and 15A NCAC 02H .0506 (b)(2) and (c)(2)]
  - 7. All work in or adjacent to stream waters shall be conducted in a dry work area. Approved BMP measures from the most current version of NCDOT Construction and Maintenance Activities manual such as sandbags, rock berms, cofferdams and other diversion structures shall be used to prevent excavation in flowing water. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3) and (c)(3)]
  - 8. Heavy equipment shall be operated from the banks rather than in the stream channel in order to minimize sedimentation and reduce the introduction of other pollutants into the stream. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3)]



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- 9. All mechanized equipment operated near surface waters must be regularly inspected and maintained to prevent contamination of stream waters from fuels, lubricants, hydraulic fluids, or other toxic materials. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3)]
- 10. No rock, sand or other materials shall be dredged from the stream channel except where authorized by this certification. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3)]
- 11. Discharging hydroseed mixtures and washing out hydroseeders and other equipment in or adjacent to surface waters is prohibited. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3)]
- 12. The permittee and its authorized agents shall conduct its activities in a manner consistent with State water quality standards (including any requirements resulting from compliance with §303(d) of the Clean Water Act) and any other appropriate requirements of State and Federal law. If the NCDWR determines that such standards or laws are not being met (including the failure to sustain a designated or achieved use) or that State or federal law is being violated, or that further conditions are necessary to assure compliance, the NCDWR may reevaluate and modify this certification. [15A NCAC 02B.0200]
- 13. All fill slopes located in jurisdictional wetlands shall be placed at slopes no flatter than 3:1, unless otherwise authorized by this certification. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(2)]
- 14. A copy of this Water Quality Certification shall be maintained on the construction site at all times. In addition, the Water Quality Certification and all subsequent modifications, if any, shall be maintained with the Division Engineer and the on-site project manager. [15A NCAC 02H .0507(c) and 15A NCAC 02H .0506 (b)(2) and (c)(2)]
- 15. The outside buffer, wetland or water boundary located within the construction corridor approved by this authorization shall be clearly marked by highly visible fencing prior to any land disturbing activities. Impacts to areas within the fencing are prohibited unless otherwise authorized by this certification. [15A NCAC 02H.0501 and .0502]
- 16. The issuance of this certification does not exempt the Permittee from complying with any and all statutes, rules, regulations, or ordinances that may be imposed by other government agencies (i.e. local, state, and federal) having jurisdiction, including but not limited to applicable buffer rules, stormwater management rules, soil erosion and sedimentation control requirements, etc.
- 17. The Permittee shall report any violations of this certification to the Division of Water Resources within 24 hours of discovery. [15A NCAC 02B.0506(b)(2)]
- \* 18. Upon completion of the project (including any impacts at associated borrow or waste sites), the NCDOT Division Engineer shall complete and return the enclosed "Certification of Completion Form" to notify the NCDWR when all work included in the 401 Certification has been completed. [15A NCAC 02H.0502(f)]
  - 19. There shall be no excavation from, or waste disposal into, jurisdictional wetlands or waters associated with this permit without appropriate modification. Should waste or borrow sites, or access roads to waste or borrow sites, be located in wetlands or streams, compensatory mitigation will be required since that is a direct impact from road construction activities.[15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3) and (c)(3)]
  - 20. Erosion and sediment control practices must be in full compliance with all specifications governing the proper design, installation and operation and maintenance of such Best Management Practices in order to protect surface waters standards [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3) and (c)(3]):



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- a. The erosion and sediment control measures for the project must be designed, installed, operated, and maintained in accordance with the most recent version of the *North Carolina Sediment and Erosion Control Planning and Design Manual*.
- b. The design, installation, operation, and maintenance of the sediment and erosion control measures must be such that they equal, or exceed, the requirements specified in the most recent version of the *North Carolina Sediment and Erosion Control Manual*. The devices shall be maintained on all construction sites, borrow sites, and waste pile (spoil) projects, including contractor-owned or leased borrow pits associated with the project.
- c. For borrow pit sites, the erosion and sediment control measures must be designed, installed, operated, and maintained in accordance with the most recent version of the *North Carolina Surface Mining Manual*.
- d. The reclamation measures and implementation must comply with the reclamation in accordance with the requirements of the Sedimentation Pollution Control Act.
- 21. Sediment and erosion control measures shall not be placed in wetlands or waters unless otherwise approved by this Certification. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3) and (c)(3)]

If you wish to contest any statement in the attached Certification you must file a petition for an administrative hearing. You may obtain the petition form from the office of Administrative hearings. You must file the petition with the office of Administrative Hearings within sixty (60) days of receipt of this notice. A petition is considered filed when it is received in the office of Administrative Hearings during normal office hours. The Office of Administrative Hearings accepts filings Monday through Friday between the hours of 8:00am and 5:00pm, except for official state holidays. The original and one (1) copy of the petition must be filed with the Office of Administrative Hearings.

The petition may be faxed-provided the original and one copy of the document is received by the Office of Administrative Hearings within five (5) business days following the faxed transmission.

The mailing address for the Office of Administrative Hearings is:

Office of Administrative Hearings 6714 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-6714 Telephone: (919) 431-3000, Facsimile: (919) 431-3100

A copy of the petition must also be served on DEQ as follows:

Mr. Bill F. Lane, General Counsel Department of Environmental Quality 1601 Mail Service Center



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This letter completes the review of the Division of Water Resources under Section 401 of the Clean Water Act. If you have any questions, please contact Kevin Barnett at (828) 296-4657 or kevin.barnett@ncdenr.gov.

Sincerely,

Linda Culpepper, Interim Director Division of Water Resources

Electronic copy only distribution:

EAU@ncdot.gov EPU@ncdot.gov

Crystal Amschler, US Army Corps of Engineers, Asheville Field Office Marla Chambers, NC Wildlife Resources Commission



# STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES

## WATER QUALITY GENERAL CERTIFICATION NO. 4135

### GENERAL CERTIFICATION FOR PROJECTS ELIGIBLE FOR US ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS

- NATIONWIDE PERMIT NUMBER 14 (LINEAR TRANSPORTATION PROJECTS), AND
- REGIONAL GENERAL PERMIT 198200031 (NCDOT BRIDGES, WIDENING PROJECTS, INTERCHANGE IIMPROVEMENTS)

Water Quality Certification Number 4135 is issued in conformity with the requirements of Section 401, Public Laws 92-500 and 95-217 of the United States and subject to the North Carolina Regulations in 15A NCAC 02H .0500 and 15A NCAC 02B .0200 for the discharge of fill material to surface waters and wetland areas as described in 33 CFR 330 Appendix A (B) (14) of the US Army Corps of Engineers regulations and Regional General Permit 198200031.

The State of North Carolina certifies that the specified category of activity will not violate applicable portions of Sections 301, 302, 303, 306 and 307 of the Public Laws 92-500 and 95-217 if conducted in accordance with the conditions hereinafter set forth.

Effective date: December 1, 2017

Signed this day: December 1, 2017

By

for Linda Culpepper Interim Director

# P-52 GC4135

Activities meeting any one (1) of the following thresholds or circumstances require <u>written</u> <u>approval</u> for a 401 Water Quality Certification from the Division of Water Resources (DWR):

- a) If any of the conditions of this Certification (listed below) cannot be met; or
- b) Any temporary or permanent impacts to wetlands, open waters and/or streams, except for construction of a driveway to a single family residential lot that is determined to not be part of a larger common plan of development, as long as the driveway involves a travel lane of less than 25 feet and total stream impacts of less than 60 feet, including any topographic/slope stabilization or in-stream stabilization needed for the crossing; or
- c) Any stream relocation or stream restoration; or
- d) Any high-density project, as defined in 15A NCAC 02H .1003(2)(a) and by the density thresholds specified in 15A NCAC 02H .1017, which:
  - i. Disturbs one acre or more of land (including a project that disturbs less than one acre of land that is part of a larger common plan of development or sale); and
  - ii. Has permanent wetland, stream or open water impacts; and
  - iii. Is proposing new built-upon area; and
  - iv. Does not have a stormwater management plan reviewed and approved under a state stormwater program<sup>1</sup> or a state-approved local government stormwater program<sup>2</sup>.

Projects that have vested rights, exemptions, or grandfathering from state or locally-implemented stormwater programs and projects that satisfy state or locally-implemented stormwater programs through use of community in-lieu programs **require** written approval; or

- e) Any permanent impacts to waters, or to wetlands adjacent to waters, designated as: ORW (including SAV), HQW (including PNA), SA, WS-I, WS-II, or North Carolina or National Wild and Scenic River.
- f) Any permanent impacts to waters, or to wetlands adjacent to waters, designated as Trout except for driveway projects that are below threshold (b) above provided that:
  - i. The impacts are not adjacent to any existing structures
  - ii. All conditions of this General Certification can be met, including adherence to any moratoriums as stated in Condition #10; and
  - iii. A *Notification of Work in Trout Watersheds Form* is submitted to the Division at least 60 days prior to commencement of work; or
- g) Any permanent impacts to coastal wetlands [15A NCAC 07H .0205], or Unique Wetlands (UWL); or
- h) Any impact associated with a Notice of Violation or an enforcement action for violation(s) of NC Wetland Rules (15A NCAC 02H .0500), NC Isolated Wetland Rules (15A NCAC 02H .1300), NC Surface Water or Wetland Standards (15A NCAC 02B .0200), or State Regulated Riparian Buffer Rules (15A NCAC 02B .0200); or

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> e.g. Coastal Counties, HQW, ORW, or state-implemented Phase II NPDES

 $<sup>^{2}</sup>$  e.g. Delegated Phase II NPDES, Water Supply Watershed, Nutrient-Sensitive Waters, or Universal Stormwater Management Program

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- \* i) Any impacts to subject water bodies and/or state regulated riparian buffers along subject water bodies in the Neuse, Tar-Pamlico, or Catawba River Basins or in the Randleman Lake, Jordan Lake or Goose Creek Watersheds (or any other basin or watershed with State Regulated Riparian Area Protection Rules [Buffer Rules] in effect at the time of application) unless:
  - i. The activities are listed as "EXEMPT" from these rules; or
  - ii. A Buffer Authorization Certificate is issued by the NC Division of Coastal Management (DCM); or
  - iii. A Buffer Authorization Certificate or a Minor Variance is issued by a delegated or designated local government implementing a state riparian buffer program pursuant to 143-215.23

Activities included in this General Certification that do not meet one of the thresholds listed above do not require written approval.

#### I. ACTIVITY SPECIFIC CONDITIONS:

- \*1. If this Water Quality Certification is used to access residential, commercial or industrial building sites, then all parcels owned by the applicant that are part of the single and complete project authorized by this Certification must be buildable without additional impacts to streams or wetlands. If required in writing by DWR, the applicant shall provide evidence that the parcels are buildable without requiring additional impacts to wetlands, waters, or state regulated riparian buffers. [15A NCAC 02H .0506(b)(4) and (c)(4)]
  - 2. For road and driveway construction purposes, this Certification shall only be utilized from natural high ground to natural high ground. [15A NCAC 02H .0506(b)(2) and (c)(2)]
- \*3. Deed notifications or similar mechanisms shall be placed on all lots with retained jurisdictional wetlands, waters, and state regulated riparian buffers within the project boundaries in order to assure compliance with NC Wetland Rules (15A NCAC 02H .0500), NC Isolated Wetland Rules (15A NCAC 02H .1300), and/or State Regulated Riparian Buffer Rules (15A NCAC 02B .0200). These mechanisms shall be put in place at the time of recording of the property or individual parcels, whichever is appropriate. [15A NCAC 02H .0506(b)(4) and (c)(4)]
  - 4. For the North Carolina Department of Transportation, compliance with the NCDOT's individual NPDES permit NCS000250 shall serve to satisfy this condition. All other high-density projects that trigger threshold item (d) above shall comply with one of the following requirements: [15A NCAC 02H .0506(b)(5) and (c)(5)]

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- a. Provide a completed Stormwater Management Plan (SMP) for review and approval, including all appropriate stormwater control measure (SCM) supplemental forms and associated items, that complies with the high-density development requirements of 15A NCAC 02H .1003. Stormwater management shall be provided throughout the entire project area in accordance with 15A NCAC 02H .1003. For the purposes of 15A NCAC 02H .1003(2)(a), density thresholds shall be determined in accordance with 15A NCAC 02H .1017.
- b. Provide documentation (including calculations, photos, etc.) that the project will not cause degradation of downstream surface waters. Documentation shall include a detailed analysis of the hydrological impacts from stormwater runoff when considering the volume and velocity of stormwater runoff from the project built upon area and the size and existing condition of the receiving stream(s).

Exceptions to this condition require application to and written approval from DWR.

### **II. GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

- \*1. When written authorization is required, the plans and specifications for the project are incorporated into the authorization by reference and are an enforceable part of the Certification. Any modifications to the project require notification to DWR and may require an application submittal to DWR with the appropriate fee. [15A NCAC 02H .0501 and .0502]
  - 2. No waste, spoil, solids, or fill of any kind shall occur in wetlands or waters beyond the footprint of the impacts (including temporary impacts) as authorized in the written approval from DWR; or beyond the thresholds established for use of this Certification without written authorization. [15A NCAC 02H .0501 and .0502]
    - No removal of vegetation or other impacts of any kind shall occur to state regulated riparian buffers beyond the footprint of impacts approved in a Buffer Authorization or Variance or as listed as an exempt activity in the applicable riparian buffer rules. [15A NCAC 02B .0200]
- \*3. In accordance with 15A NCAC 02H .0506(h) and Session Law 2017-10, compensatory mitigation may be required for losses of greater than 300 linear feet of perennial streams and/or greater than one (1) acre of wetlands. Impacts associated with the removal of a dam shall not require mitigation when the removal complies with the requirements of Part 3 of Article 21 in Chapter 143 of the North Carolina General Statutes. Impacts to isolated and other non-404 jurisdictional wetlands shall not be combined with 404 jurisdictional wetlands for the purpose of determining when impact thresholds trigger a mitigation requirement. For linear publicly owned and maintained transportation projects that are not determined to be part of a larger common plan of development by the US Army Corps of Engineers, compensatory mitigation may be required for losses of greater than 300 linear feet per perennial stream.

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Compensatory stream and/or wetland mitigation shall be proposed and completed in compliance with G.S. 143-214.11. For applicants proposing to conduct mitigation within a project site, a complete mitigation proposal developed in accordance with the most recent guidance issued by the US Army Corps of Engineers Wilmington District shall be submitted for review and approval with the application for impacts.

- 4. All activities shall be in compliance with any applicable State Regulated Riparian Buffer Rules in Chapter 2 of Title 15A.
- 5. When applicable, all construction activities shall be performed and maintained in full compliance with G.S. Chapter 113A Article 4 (Sediment and Pollution Control Act of 1973). Regardless of applicability of the Sediment and Pollution Control Act, all projects shall incorporate appropriate Best Management Practices for the control of sediment and erosion so that no violations of state water quality standards, statutes, or rules occur. [15A NCAC 02H .0506(b)(3) and (c)(3) and 15A NCAC 02B .0200]

Design, installation, operation, and maintenance of all sediment and erosion control measures shall be equal to or exceed the requirements specified in the most recent version of the North Carolina Sediment and Erosion Control Manual, or for linear transportation projects, the NCDOT Sediment and Erosion Control Manual.

All devices shall be maintained on all construction sites, borrow sites, and waste pile (spoil) sites, including contractor-owned or leased borrow pits associated with the project. Sufficient materials required for stabilization and/or repair of erosion control measures and stormwater routing and treatment shall be on site at all times.

For borrow pit sites, the erosion and sediment control measures shall be designed, installed, operated, and maintained in accordance with the most recent version of the *North Carolina Surface Mining Manual*. Reclamation measures and implementation shall comply with the reclamation in accordance with the requirements of the Sedimentation Pollution Control Act and the Mining Act of 1971.

If the project occurs in waters or watersheds classified as Primary Nursery Areas (PNAs), SA, WS-I, WS-II, High Quality Waters (HQW), or Outstanding Resource Waters (ORW), then the sedimentation and erosion control designs shall comply with the requirements set forth in 15A NCAC 04B .0124, Design Standards in Sensitive Watersheds.

- Sediment and erosion control measures shall not be placed in wetlands or waters except within the footprint of temporary or permanent impacts authorized under this Certification. Exceptions to this condition require application to and written approval from DWR. [15A NCAC 02H .0501 and .0502]
- 7. Erosion control matting that incorporates plastic mesh and/or plastic twine shall not be used along streambanks or within wetlands. Exceptions to this condition require application to and written approval from DWR. [15A NCAC 02B .0201]

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8. An NPDES Construction Stormwater Permit (NCG010000) is required for construction projects that disturb one (1) or more acres of land. The NCG010000 Permit allows stormwater to be discharged during land disturbing construction activities as stipulated in the conditions of the permit. If the project is covered by this permit, full compliance with permit conditions including the erosion & sedimentation control plan, inspections and maintenance, self-monitoring, record keeping and reporting requirements is required. [15A NCAC 02H .0506(b)(5) and (c)(5)]

The North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) shall be required to be in full compliance with the conditions related to construction activities within the most recent version of their individual NPDES (NCS000250) stormwater permit. [15A NCAC 02H .0506(b)(5) and (c)(5)]

- 9. All work in or adjacent to streams shall be conducted so that the flowing stream does not come in contact with the disturbed area. Approved best management practices from the most current version of the NC Sediment and Erosion Control Manual, or the NC DOT Construction and Maintenance Activities Manual, such as sandbags, rock berms, cofferdams, and other diversion structures shall be used to minimize excavation in flowing water. Exceptions to this condition require application to and written approval from DWR. [15A NCAC 02H .0506(b)(3) and (c)(3)]
- 10. If activities must occur during periods of high biological activity (e.g. sea turtle nesting, fish spawning, or bird nesting), then biological monitoring may be required at the request of other state or federal agencies and coordinated with these activities. [15A NCAC 02H .0506 (b)(2) and 15A NCAC 04B .0125]

All moratoriums on construction activities established by the NC Wildlife Resources Commission (WRC), US Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS), NC Division of Marine Fisheries (DMF), or National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) shall be implemented. Exceptions to this condition require written approval by the resource agency responsible for the given moratorium. A copy of the approval from the resource agency shall be forwarded to DWR.

Work within a designated trout watershed of North Carolina (as identified by the Wilmington District of the US Army Corps of Engineers), or identified state or federal endangered or threatened species habitat, shall be coordinated with the appropriate WRC, USFWS, NMFS, and/or DMF personnel.

11. Culverts shall be designed and installed in such a manner that the original stream profiles are not altered and allow for aquatic life movement during low flows. The dimension, pattern, and profile of the stream above and below a pipe or culvert shall not be modified by widening the stream channel or by reducing the depth of the stream in connection with the construction activity. The width, height, and gradient of a proposed culvert shall be such as to pass the average historical low flow and spring flow without adversely altering flow velocity. [15A NCAC 02H .0506(b)(2) and (c)(2)]

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Placement of culverts and other structures in streams shall be below the elevation of the streambed by one foot for all culverts with a diameter greater than 48 inches, and 20% of the culvert diameter for culverts having a diameter less than or equal to 48 inches, to allow low flow passage of water and aquatic life.

If multiple pipes or barrels are required, they shall be designed to mimic the existing stream cross section as closely as possible including pipes or barrels at flood plain elevation and/or sills where appropriate. Widening the stream channel shall be avoided.

When topographic constraints indicate culvert slopes of greater than 5%, culvert burial is not required, provided that all alternative options for flattening the slope have been investigated and aquatic life movement/connectivity has been provided when possible (e.g. rock ladders, cross vanes, etc.). Notification, including supporting documentation to include a location map of the culvert, culvert profile drawings, and slope calculations, shall be provided to DWR 60 calendar days prior to the installation of the culvert.

When bedrock is present in culvert locations, culvert burial is not required provided that there is sufficient documentation of the presence of bedrock. Notification, including supporting documentation such as, a location map of the culvert, geotechnical reports, photographs, etc. shall be provided to DWR a minimum of 60 calendar days prior to the installation of the culvert. If bedrock is discovered during construction, then DWR shall be notified by phone or email within 24 hours of discovery.

If other site-specific topographic constraints preclude the ability to bury the culverts as described above and/or it can be demonstrated that burying the culvert would result in destabilization of the channel, then exceptions to this condition require application to and written approval from DWR.

Installation of culverts in wetlands shall ensure continuity of water movement and be designed to adequately accommodate high water or flood conditions. When roadways, causeways, or other fill projects are constructed across FEMA-designated floodways or wetlands, openings such as culverts or bridges shall be provided to maintain the natural hydrology of the system as well as prevent constriction of the floodway that may result in destabilization of streams or wetlands.

The establishment of native woody vegetation and other soft stream bank stabilization techniques shall be used where practicable instead of rip-rap or other bank hardening methods.

12. Bridge deck drains shall not discharge directly into the stream. Stormwater shall be directed across the bridge and pre-treated through site-appropriate means to the maximum extent practicable (e.g. grassed swales, pre-formed scour holes, vegetated buffers, etc.) before entering the stream. Exceptions to this condition require application to and written approval from DWR. [15A NCAC 02H .0506(b)(5)]

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- 13. Application of fertilizer to establish planted/seeded vegetation within disturbed riparian areas and/or wetlands shall be conducted at agronomic rates and shall comply with all other Federal, State and Local regulations. Fertilizer application shall be accomplished in a manner that minimizes the risk of contact between the fertilizer and surface waters. [15A NCAC 02B .0200 and 15A NCAC 02B .0231]
- 14. If concrete is used during construction, then all necessary measures shall be taken to prevent direct contact between uncured or curing concrete and waters of the state. Water that inadvertently contacts uncured concrete shall not be discharged to waters of the state. [15A NCAC 02B .0200]
- 15. All proposed and approved temporary fill and culverts shall be removed and the impacted area shall be returned to natural conditions within 60 calendar days after the temporary impact is no longer necessary. The impacted areas shall be restored to original grade, including each stream's original cross sectional dimensions, planform pattern, and longitudinal bed profile. For projects that receive written approval, no temporary impacts are allowed beyond those included in the application and authorization. All temporarily impacted sites shall be restored and stabilized with native vegetation. [15A NCAC 02H .0506(b)(2) and (c)(2)]
- 16. All proposed and approved temporary pipes/culverts/rip-rap pads etc. in streams shall be installed as outlined in the most recent edition of the North Carolina Sediment and Erosion Control Planning and Design Manual or the North Carolina Surface Mining Manual or the North Carolina Department of Transportation Best Management Practices for Construction and Maintenance Activities so as not to restrict stream flow or cause dis-equilibrium during use of this Certification. [15A NCAC 02H .0506(b)(2) and (c)(2)]
- 17. Any rip-rap required for proper culvert placement, stream stabilization, or restoration of temporarily disturbed areas shall be restricted to the area directly impacted by the approved construction activity. All rip-rap shall be placed such that the original stream elevation and streambank contours are restored and maintained. Placement of rip-rap or other approved materials shall not result in de-stabilization of the stream bed or banks upstream or downstream of the area or in a manner that precludes aquatic life passage. [15A NCAC 02H .0506(b)(2)]
- 18. Any rip-rap used for stream or shoreline stabilization shall be of a size and density to prevent movement by wave, current action, or stream flows and shall consist of clean rock or masonry material free of debris or toxic pollutants. Rip-rap shall not be installed in the streambed except in specific areas required for velocity control and to ensure structural integrity of bank stabilization measures. [15A NCAC 02H .0506(b)(2)]
- 19. Applications for rip-rap groins proposed in accordance with 15A NCAC 07H .1401 (NC Division of Coastal Management General Permit for construction of Wooden and Rip-rap Groins in Estuarine and Public Trust Waters) shall meet all the specific conditions for design and construction specified in 15A NCAC 07H .1405.

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- 20. All mechanized equipment operated near surface waters shall be inspected and maintained regularly to prevent contamination of surface waters from fuels, lubricants, hydraulic fluids, or other toxic materials. Construction shall be staged in order to minimize the exposure of equipment to surface waters to the maximum extent practicable. Fueling, lubrication and general equipment maintenance shall be performed in a manner to prevent, to the maximum extent practicable, contamination of surface waters by fuels and oils. [15A NCAC 02H .0506(b)(3) and (c)(3) and 15A NCAC 02B .0211 (12)]
- 21. Heavy equipment working in wetlands shall be placed on mats or other measures shall be taken to minimize soil disturbance. [15A NCAC 02H .0506(b)(3) and (c)(3)]
- 22. In accordance with 143-215.85(b), the applicant shall report any petroleum spill of 25 gallons or more; any spill regardless of amount that causes a sheen on surface waters; any petroleum spill regardless of amount occurring within 100 feet of surface waters; and any petroleum spill less than 25 gallons that cannot be cleaned up within 24 hours.
- \*23. If an environmental document is required under the State Environmental Policy Act (SEPA), then this General Certification is not valid until a Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) or Record of Decision (ROD) is issued by the State Clearinghouse. If an environmental document is required under the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), then this General Certification is not valid until a Categorical Exclusion, the Final Environmental Assessment, or Final Environmental Impact Statement is published by the lead agency. [15A NCAC 01C .0107(a)]
  - 24. This General Certification does not relieve the applicant of the responsibility to obtain all other required Federal, State, or Local approvals before proceeding with the project, including those required by, but not limited to, Sediment and Erosion Control, Non-Discharge, Water Supply Watershed, and Trout Buffer regulations.
  - 25. The applicant and their authorized agents shall conduct all activities in a manner consistent with State water quality standards (including any requirements resulting from compliance with §303(d) of the Clean Water Act), and any other appropriate requirements of State and Federal Law. If DWR determines that such standards or laws are not being met, including failure to sustain a designated or achieved use, or that State or Federal law is being violated, or that further conditions are necessary to assure compliance, then DWR may revoke or modify a written authorization associated with this General Water Quality Certification. [15A NCAC 02H .0507(d)]
  - 26. The permittee shall require its contractors and/or agents to comply with the terms and conditions of this permit in the construction and maintenance of this project, and shall provide each of its contractors and/or agents associated with the construction or maintenance of this project with a copy of this Certification. A copy of this Certification, including all conditions shall be available at the project site during the construction and maintenance of this project. [15A NCAC 02H .0507 (c) and 15A NCAC 02H .0506 (b)(2) and (c)(2)]

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- \* 27. When written authorization is required for use of this Certification, upon completion of all permitted impacts included within the approval and any subsequent modifications, the applicant shall be required to return a certificate of completion (available on the DWR website <a href="https://edocs.deg.nc.gov/Forms/Certificate-of-Completion">https://edocs.deg.nc.gov/Forms/Certificate-of-Completion</a>). [15A NCAC 02H .0502(f)]
  - 28. Additional site-specific conditions, including monitoring and/or modeling requirements, may be added to the written approval letter for projects proposed under this Water Quality Certification in order to ensure compliance with all applicable water quality and effluent standards. [15A NCAC 02H .0507(c)]
  - 29. If the property or project is sold or transferred, the new permittee shall be given a copy of this Certification (and written authorization if applicable) and is responsible for complying with all conditions. [15A NCAC 02H .0501 and .0502]

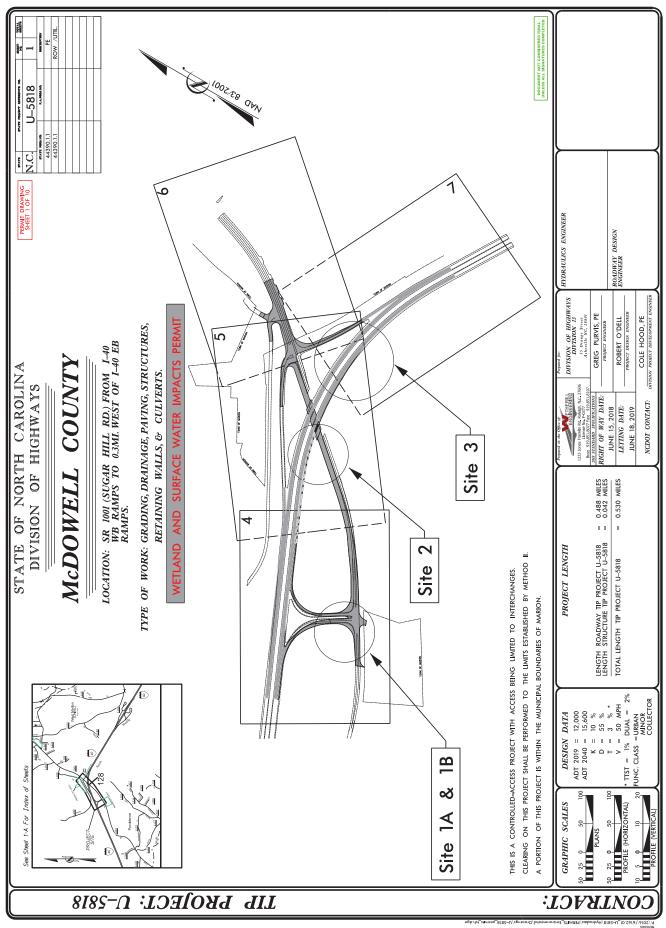
### **III. GENERAL CERTIFICATION ADMINISTRATION:**

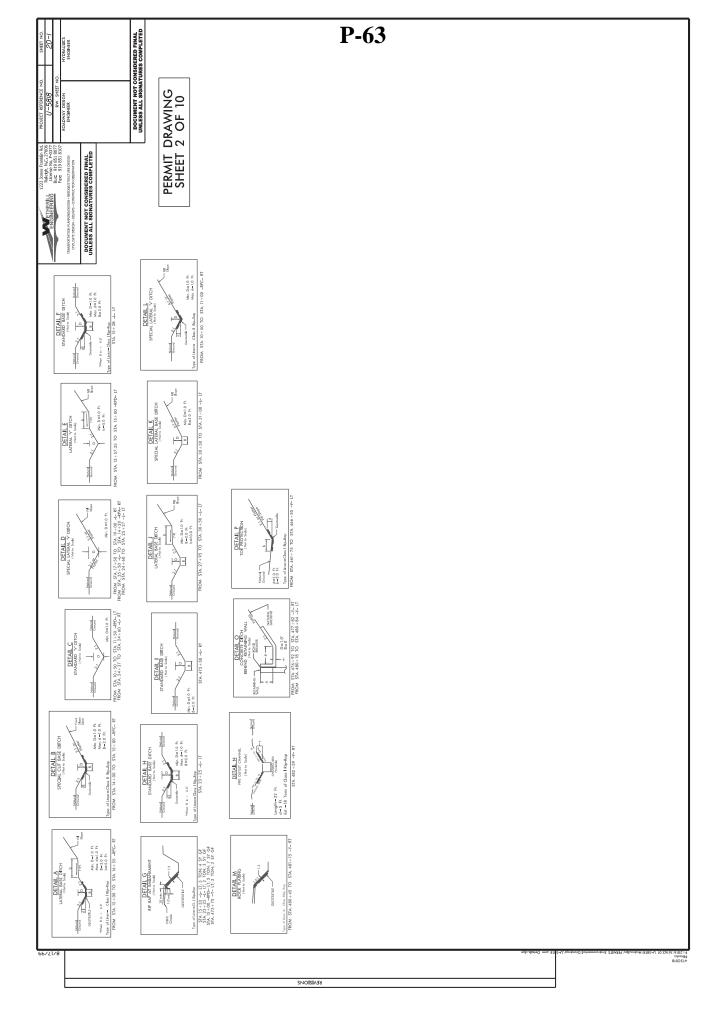
- \* 1. In accordance with North Carolina General Statute 143-215.3D(e), written approval for a 401 Water Quality General Certification must include the appropriate fee. An applicant for a CAMA permit under Article 7 of Chapter 113A of the General Statutes for which a Water Quality Certification is required shall only make one payment to satisfy both agencies; the fee shall be as established by the Secretary in accordance with 143-215.3D(e)(7).
  - 2. This Certification neither grants nor affirms any property right, license, or privilege in any waters, or any right of use in any waters. This Certification does not authorize any person to interfere with the riparian rights, littoral rights, or water use rights of any other person and this Certification does not create any prescriptive right or any right of priority regarding any usage of water. This Certification shall not be interposed as a defense in any action respecting the determination of riparian or littoral rights or other rights to water use. No consumptive user is deemed by virtue of this Certification to possess any prescriptive or other right of priority with respect to any other consumptive user regardless of the quantity of the withdrawal or the date on which the withdrawal was initiated or expanded.
  - 3. This Certification grants permission to the Director, an authorized representative of the Director, or DWR staff, upon the presentation of proper credentials, to enter the property during normal business hours. [15A NCAC 02H .0502(e)]
  - 4. This General Certification shall expire on the same day as the expiration date of the corresponding Nationwide Permit and/or Regional General Permit. The conditions in effect on the date of issuance of Certification for a specific project shall remain in effect for the life of the project, regardless of the expiration date of this Certification. This General Certification is rescinded when the US Army Corps of Engineers reauthorizes any of the corresponding Nationwide Permits and/or Regional General Permits or when deemed appropriate by the Director of the Division of Water Resources.

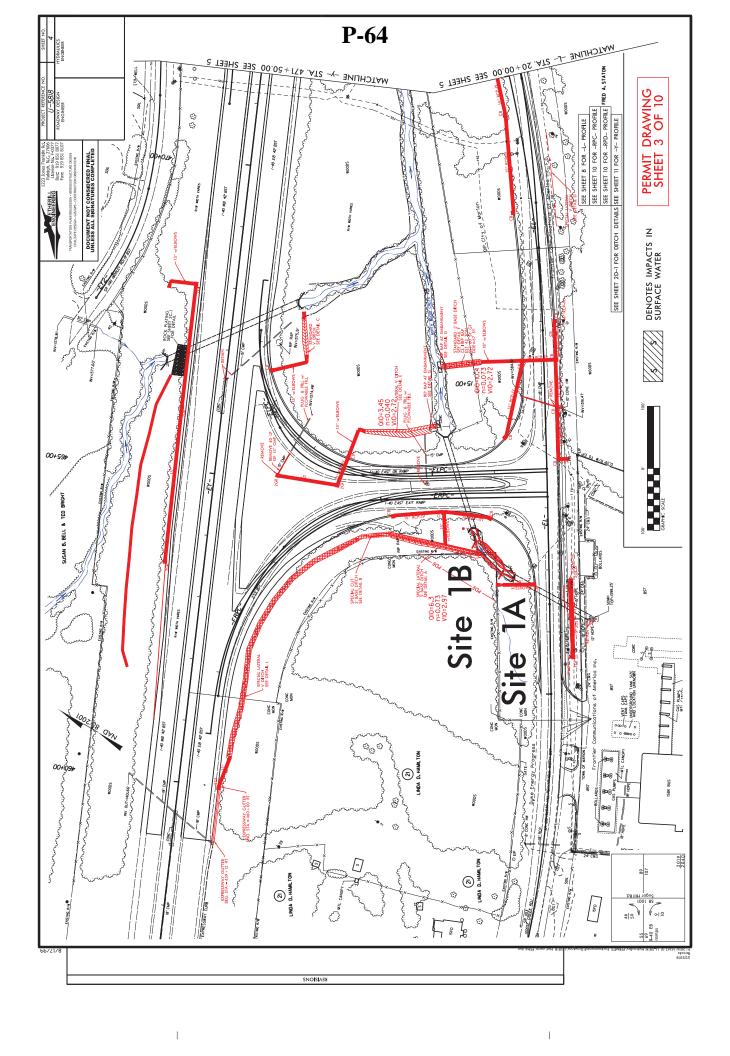
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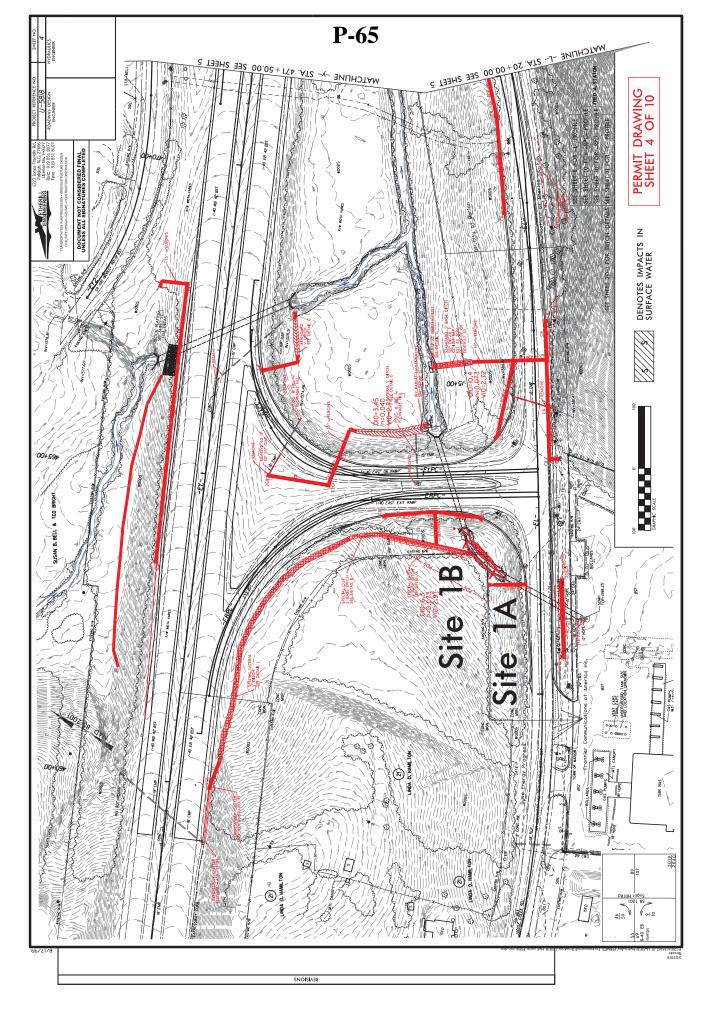
- 5. Non-compliance with or violation of the conditions herein set forth by a specific project may result in revocation of this General Certification for the project and may also result in criminal and/or civil penalties.
- \* 6. The Director of the North Carolina Division of Water Resources may require submission of a formal application for Individual Certification for any project in this category of activity if it is deemed in the public's best interest or determined that the project is likely to have a significant adverse effect upon water quality, including state or federally listed endangered or threatened aquatic species, or degrade the waters so that existing uses of the water or downstream waters are precluded.

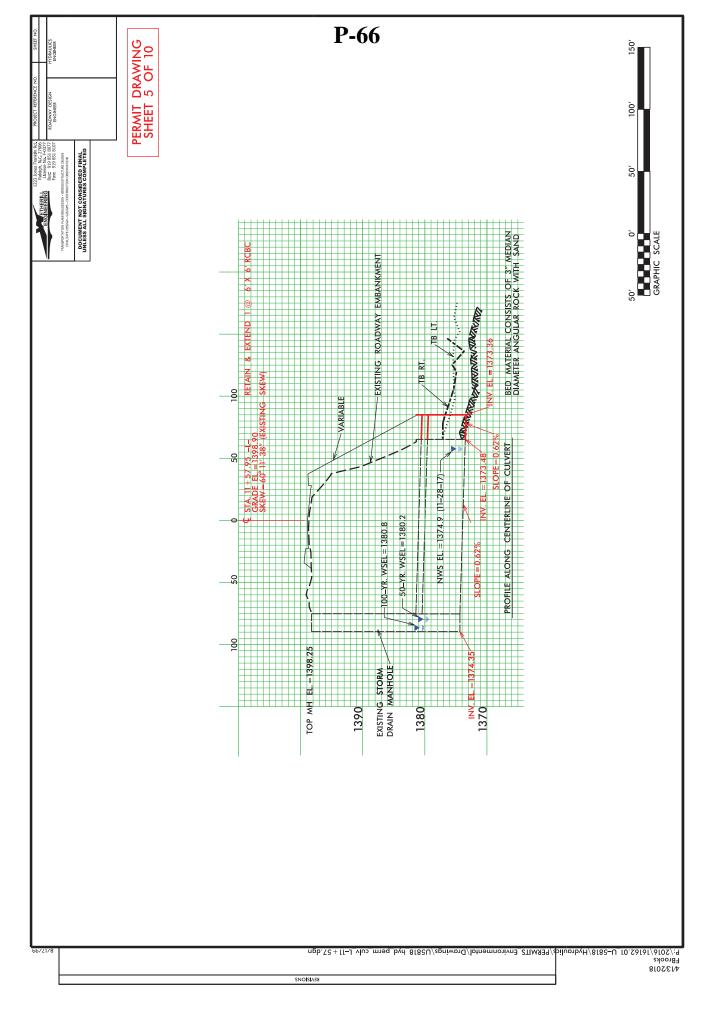
History Note: Water Quality Certification (WQC) Number 4135 issued December 1, 2017 replaces WQC Number 4088 issued March 3, 2017; WQC 3886 issued March 12, 2012; WQC Number 3820 issued April 6, 2010; WQC Number 3627 issued March 2007; WQC Number 3404 issued March 2003; WQC Number 3375 issued March 18, 2002; WQC Number 3289 issued June 1, 2000; WQC Number 3103 issued February 11, 1997; WQC Number 2732 issued May 1, 1992; WQC Number 2666 issued January 21, 1992; WQC Number 2177 issued November 5, 1987.

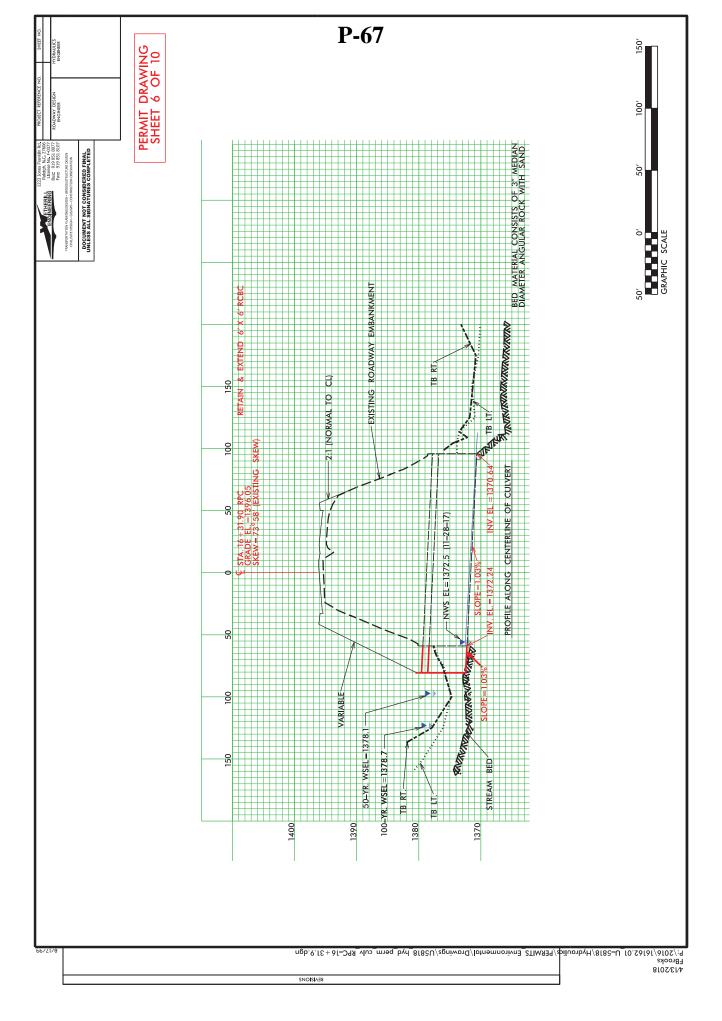


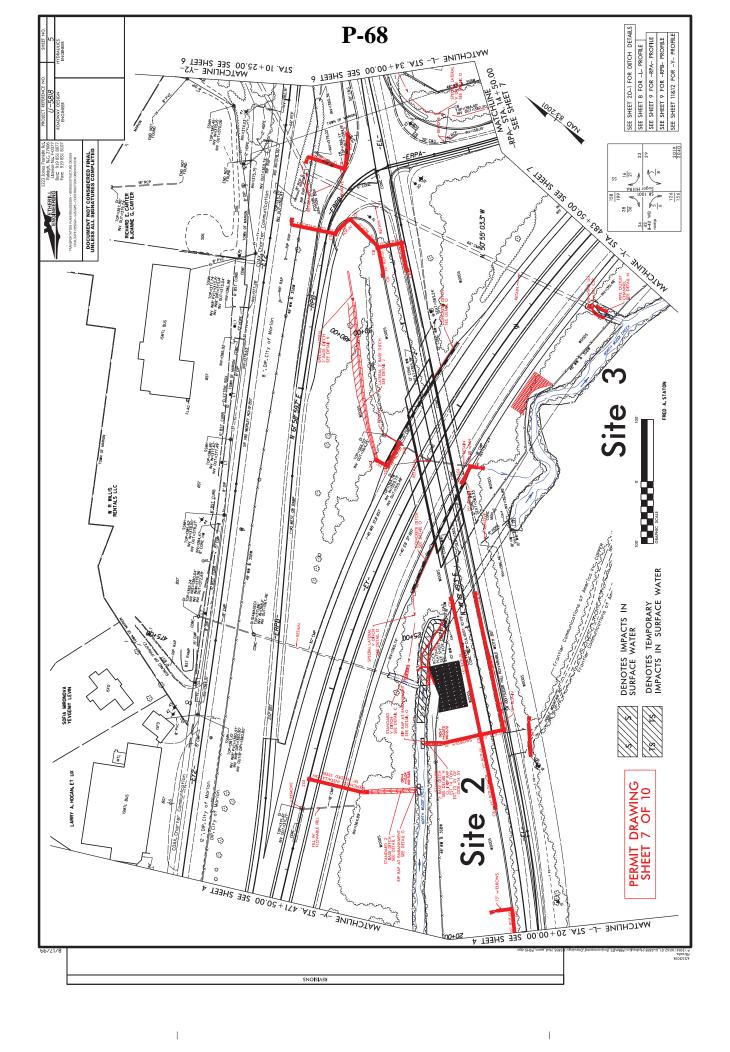


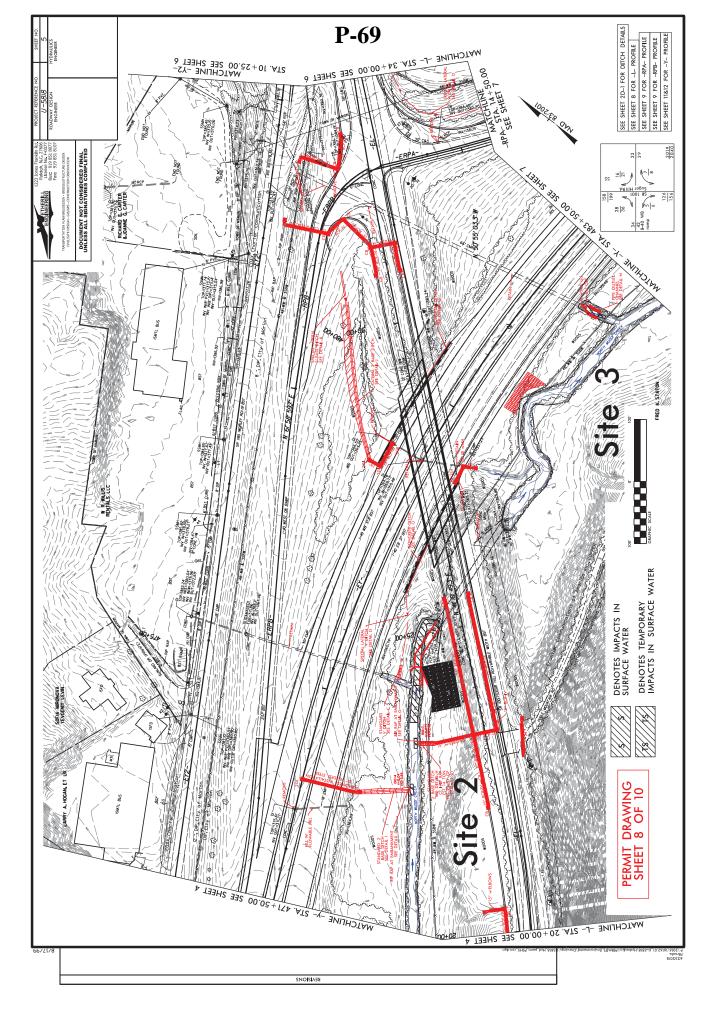


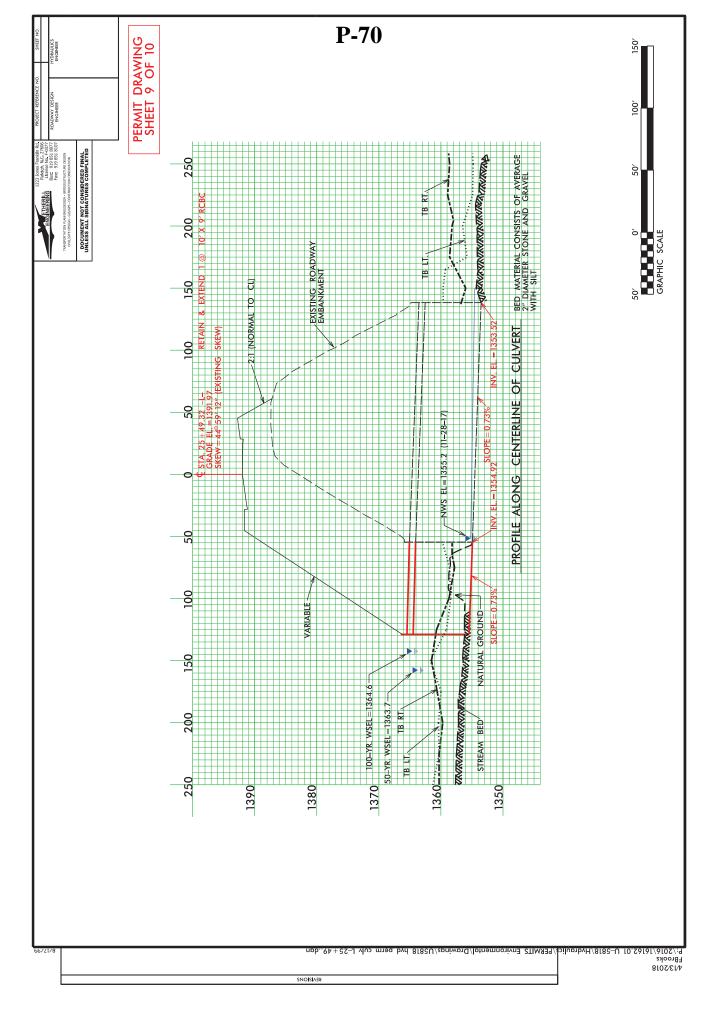












| STS                   |                  | Impacts Stream Temp. Design |      |                  |                  |                    | 60                    |                    | 10            |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 02     |   |        | AANSPORTATION<br>GHWAYS<br>:8  |        |  |
|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|---------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|----------|---|--------|--|--------|--|
| SURFACE WATER IMPACTS |                  | Impacts Im<br>Permanent To  |      | 20               | 22               | 92                 | 93                    | 64                 | 6             | 22                 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 322      |   |        | NC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS 4/20/2018 MCDOWFIT CO | U-5818 |  |
| SURFA                 | Temp.            | SW<br>impacts               | (ac) |                  |                  |                    | 0.02                  |                    | < 0.01        |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.02     |   |        | NCD  |        |  |
|                       | Permanent        | SW<br>impacts               | (ac) | < 0.01           | < 0.01           | 0.01               | 0.02                  | 0.01               | < 0.01        | < 0.01             |  |  |  |  |  |  | 90.0     |   |        |  |        |  |
|                       | Hand<br>Clearing | in<br>Wetlands              | (ac) |                  |                  |                    |                       |                    |               |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |          |   |        |  |        |  |
| STS                   | Mechanized       | Clearing<br>in Wetlands     | (ac) |                  |                  |                    |                       |                    |               |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |          |   |        |  |        |  |
| WETLAND IMPACTS       | Excavation       | in<br>Wetlands              |      |                  |                  |                    |                       |                    |               |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |          |   |        |  |        |  |
| WET                   | Temp.            | Fill In<br>Wetlands         | (ac) |                  |                  |                    |                       |                    |               |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |          |   |        |  |        |  |
|                       | Permanent        | Fill In<br>Wetlands         | (ac) |                  |                  |                    |                       |                    |               |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |          |   |        |  |        |  |
|                       |                  | Structure<br>Size / Type    |      | 1 @ RCBC 6' X 6' | 1 @ RCBC 6' X 6' |                    | 1 @ RCBC 10' X 9'     |                    | 66" CSP       |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |          | acts                                      |        |  |        |  |
|                       |                  | Station<br>(From/To)        | ,    | -L- 11+84        | -L- 12+50        | Bank Stabilization | -L- 22+55 to 25+18 LT | Bank Stabilization | -Y- 482+62 RT | Bank Stabilization |  |  |  |  |  |  |          | *Rounded totals are sum of actual impacts |        |  |        |  |
|                       |                  | Site<br>No.                 |      | 1A               | 1B               | 1A & 1B            | 2                     |                    | 3             |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  | TOTALS*: | tounded to                                | NOTES: |  |        |  |

| Line<br># | Item Number  | Sec<br># | Description   | Quantity    | Unit Cost | Amount |
|-----------|--------------|----------|---|-------------|-----------|--------|
|           |              | F        | ROADWAY ITEMS   |             |           |        |
|           |              |          |   |             |           |        |
| 0001      | 0000100000-N | 800      | MOBILIZATION  | Lump Sum    | L.S.      |        |
| 0002      | 0000400000-N | 801      | CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING                                  | Lump Sum    | L.S.      |        |
| 0003      | 0043000000-N | 226      | GRADING   | Lump Sum    | L.S.      |        |
| 0004      | 0050000000-E | 226      | SUPPLEMENTARY CLEARING & GRUB-<br>BING                  | 1<br>ACR    |           |        |
| 0005      | 0057000000-Е | 226      | UNDERCUT EXCAVATION                                     | 1,600<br>CY |           |        |
| 0006      | 0134000000-E | 240      | DRAINAGE DITCH EXCAVATION                               | 520<br>CY   |           |        |
| 0007      | 0195000000-E | 265      | SELECT GRANULAR MATERIAL                                | 1,239<br>CY |           |        |
| 0008      | 0196000000-E | 270      | GEOTEXTILE FOR SOIL STABILIZA-<br>TION                  | 1,176<br>SY |           |        |
| 0009      | 0199000000-E | SP       | TEMPORARY SHORING                                       | 4,480<br>SF |           |        |
| 0010      | 0223000000-E | 275      | ROCK PLATING  | 650<br>SY   |           |        |
| 0011      | 0318000000-E | 300      | FOUNDATION CONDITIONING MATE-<br>RIAL, MINOR STRUCTURES | 380<br>TON  |           |        |
| 0012      | 0320000000-E | 300      | FOUNDATION CONDITIONING GEO-<br>TEXTILE                 | 1,200<br>SY |           |        |
| 0013      | 0335200000-E |          | 15" DRAINAGE PIPE                                       | 1,364<br>LF |           |        |
| 0014      | 0335300000-E |          | 18" DRAINAGE PIPE                                       | 148<br>LF   |           |        |
| 0015      | 0335400000-E | 305      | 24" DRAINAGE PIPE                                       | 12<br>LF    |           |        |
| 0016      | 0335850000-E | 305      | **" DRAINAGE PIPE ELBOWS<br>(15")                       | 16<br>EA    |           |        |
| 0017      | 0335850000-E | 305      | **" DRAINAGE PIPE ELBOWS<br>(18")                       | 2<br>EA     |           |        |
| 0018      | 0345000000-E | 310      | 24" SIDE DRAIN PIPE                                     | 54<br>LF    |           |        |
| 0019      | 0366000000-E | 310      | 15" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS<br>III                      | 68<br>LF    |           |        |

County: Mcdowell

| Line<br># | Item Number  | Sec<br># | Description  | Quantity      | Unit Cost | Amount |
|-----------|--------------|----------|--|---------------|-----------|--------|
|           |              |          |  |               |           |        |
| 0020      | 0372000000-Е | 310      | 18" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS<br>III                                   | 24<br>LF      |           |        |
| 0021      | 0448200000-E | 310      | 15" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV                                       | 1,532<br>LF   |           |        |
| 0022      | 0448300000-E | 310      | 18" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV                                       | 212<br>LF     |           |        |
| 0023      | 0576000000-E | 310      | **" CS PIPE CULVERTS, *****" THICK (66", 0.138")                     | 4<br>LF       |           |        |
| 0024      | 0582000000-E | 310      | 15" CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064"<br>THICK                                | 72<br>LF      |           |        |
| <br>0025  | 0636000000-E | 310      | **" CS PIPE ELBOWS, ****" THICK (15", 0.064")                        | 2<br>EA       |           |        |
| <br>0026  | 0973100000-E | 330      | **" WELDED STEEL PIPE, ****" THICK, GRADE B IN SOIL (18", 0.25")     | 44<br>LF      |           |        |
| <br>0027  | 0973300000-Е | 330      | **" WELDED STEEL PIPE, ****" THICK, GRADE B NOT IN SOIL (18", 0.25") | 44<br>LF      |           |        |
| 0028      | 0995000000-E |          | PIPE REMOVAL   | 273<br>LF     |           |        |
| 0029      | 1099500000-E |          | SHALLOW UNDERCUT   | 120<br>CY     |           |        |
| 0030      | 1099700000-E | 505      | CLASS IV SUBGRADE STABILIZA-<br>TION                                 | 247<br>TON    |           |        |
| 0031      | 1115000000-E | SP       | GEOTEXTILE FOR PAVEMENT STA-<br>BILIZATION                           | 10,335<br>SY  |           |        |
| 0032      | 1121000000-E | 520      | AGGREGATE BASE COURSE  | 4,250<br>TON  |           |        |
| 0033      | 1220000000-E | 545      | INCIDENTAL STONE BASE  | 50<br>TON     |           |        |
| 0034      | 1275000000-E | 600      | PRIME COAT   | 233.45<br>GAL |           |        |
| 0035      | 1330000000-E | 607      | INCIDENTAL MILLING   | 5,400<br>SY   |           |        |
| 0036      | 1491000000-E | 610      | ASPHALT CONC BASE COURSE, TYPE<br>B25.0C                             | 10,230<br>TON |           |        |

### ITEMIZED PROPOSAL FOR CONTRACT NO. C204341

| #        | Item Number                      | Sec<br># | Description  | Quantity         | Unit Cost | Amount |
|----------|----------------------------------|----------|--|------------------|-----------|--------|
|          |                                  |          |  |                  |           |        |
| 0037     | 1503000000-E                     | 610      | ASPHALT CONC INTERMEDIATE<br>COURSE, TYPE 119.0C   | 3,410<br>TON     |           |        |
| 0038     | 1519000000-E                     | 610      | ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE,<br>TYPE S9.5B         | 4,570<br>TON     |           |        |
| 0039     | 1523000000-E                     | 610      | ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE,<br>TYPE S9.5C         | 1,520<br>TON     |           |        |
| 0040     | 1575000000-E                     | 620      | ASPHALT BINDER FOR PLANT MIX                       | 1,025<br>TON     |           |        |
| 0041     | 1577000000-E                     | 620      | POLYMER MODIFIED ASPHALT BIN-<br>DER FOR PLANT MIX | 50<br>TON        |           |        |
| 0042     | 1693000000-E                     | 654      | ASPHALT PLANT MIX, PAVEMENT<br>REPAIR              | 200<br>TON       |           |        |
| 0043     | 1839140000-E                     | 661      | ULTRA-THIN BONDED WEARING<br>COURSE                | 910<br>TON       |           |        |
| 0044     | 184000000-E                      | 665      | MILLED RUMBLE STRIPS (ASPHALT<br>CONCRETE)         | 13,300<br>LF     |           |        |
| <br>0045 | 2022000000-E                     | 815      | SUBDRAIN EXCAVATION                                | 1,612.8<br>CY    |           |        |
| 0046     | 2026000000-Е                     | 815      | GEOTEXTILE FOR SUBSURFACE<br>DRAINS                | 200<br>SY        |           |        |
| 0047     | 2033000000-Е                     | 815      | SUBDRAIN FINE AGGREGATE                            | 1,176<br>CY      |           |        |
| 0048     | 2036000000-Е                     | 815      | SUBDRAIN COARSE AGGREGATE                          | 33.6<br>CY       |           |        |
| 0049     | 2044000000-E                     |          | 6" PERFORATED SUBDRAIN PIPE                        | 7,200<br>LF      |           |        |
|          | 2070000000-N                     |          | SUBDRAIN PIPE OUTLET                               | 15<br>EA         |           |        |
|          |                                  |          | 6" OUTLET PIPE                                     | 90<br>LF<br>     |           |        |
|          | 2253000000-E<br><br>2275000000-E |          | PIPE COLLARS FLOWABLE FILL                         | 0.45<br>CY<br>10 |           |        |
|          | 2286000000-N                     |          | MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES                        | CY<br>56         |           |        |
|          | <br>2297000000-E                 | <br>840  | MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES                        | EA<br>7.4        |           |        |

| Line<br># | Item Number  | Sec<br># | Description  | Quantity    | Unit Cost | Amount |
|-----------|--------------|----------|--|-------------|-----------|--------|
|           |              |          |  |             |           |        |
| 0056      | 2308000000-Е | 840      | MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES                            | 13.9<br>LF  |           |        |
| 0057      | 2364200000-N | 840      | FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD<br>840.20                   | 10<br>EA    |           |        |
| 0058      | 2365000000-N | 840      | FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD<br>840.22                   | 9<br>EA     |           |        |
| 0059      | 2374000000-N | 840      | FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD<br>840.03, TYPE **<br>(E) | 5<br>EA     |           |        |
| 0060      | 2374000000-N | 840      | FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD<br>840.03, TYPE **<br>(F) | 13<br>EA    |           |        |
| 0061      | 2374000000-N | 840      | FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD<br>840.03, TYPE **<br>(G) | 18<br>EA    |           |        |
| 0062      | 2396000000-N | 840      | FRAME WITH COVER, STD 840.54                           | 1<br>EA     |           |        |
| 0063      | 2549000000-E | 846      | 2'-6" CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER                           | 5,860<br>LF |           |        |
| 0064      | 2556000000-E | 846      | SHOULDER BERM GUTTER                                   | 706<br>LF   |           |        |
| 0065      | 2577000000-E | 846      | CONCRETE EXPRESSWAY GUTTER                             | 88<br>LF    |           |        |
| 0066      | 2591000000-E | 848      | 4" CONCRETE SIDEWALK                                   | 1,300<br>SY |           |        |
| 0067      | 2605000000-N | 848      | CONCRETE CURB RAMPS                                    | 10<br>EA    |           |        |
| 0068      | 2612000000-E | 848      | 6" CONCRETE DRIVEWAY                                   | 30<br>SY    |           |        |
| 0069      | 2619000000-E | 850      | 4" CONCRETE PAVED DITCH                                | 70<br>SY    |           |        |
| 0070      | 2647000000-Е | 852      | 5" MONOLITHIC CONCRETE ISLANDS<br>(SURFACE MOUNTED)    | 560<br>SY   |           |        |
| 0071      | 2724000000-E | 857      | PRECAST REINFORCED CONCRETE<br>BARRIER, SINGLE FACED   | 500<br>LF   |           |        |
| 0072      | 2752000000-E | SP       | GENERIC PAVING ITEM<br>MEDIAN HAZARD PROTECTION        | 180<br>LF   |           |        |
| 0073      | 2830000000-N | 858      | ADJUSTMENT OF MANHOLES                                 | 1<br>EA     |           |        |

### ITEMIZED PROPOSAL FOR CONTRACT NO. C204341

| Line<br># | Item Number  | Sec<br># | Description  | Quantity      | Unit Cost | Amount |
|-----------|--------------|----------|--|---------------|-----------|--------|
|           |              |          |  |               |           |        |
| 0074      | 303000000-Е  | 862      | STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL   | 10,675<br>LF  |           |        |
| 0075      | 3045000000-E | 862      | STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL, SHOP<br>CURVED                             | 562.5<br>LF   |           |        |
| 0076      | 3150000000-N | 862      | ADDITIONAL GUARDRAIL POSTS                                       | 15<br>EA      |           |        |
| 0077      | 3195000000-N | 862      | GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE AT-1                                   | 1<br>EA       |           |        |
| 0078      | 3210000000-N | 862      | GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE<br>CAT-1                               | 8<br>EA       |           |        |
| 0079      | 3215000000-N | SP       | GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE                                     | 4<br>EA       |           |        |
| 0080      | 3287000000-N | SP       | GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE TL-3                                   | 10<br>EA      |           |        |
| 0081      | 3317000000-N | SP       | GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE<br>B-77                             | 7<br>EA       |           |        |
| 0082      | 336000000-Е  | 863      | REMOVE EXISTING GUARDRAIL  | 9,148.2<br>LF |           |        |
| 0083      | 338000000-Е  | 862      | TEMPORARY STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL                                   | 837.5<br>LF   |           |        |
| 0084      | 3383000000-Е | 862      | TEMPORARY STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL<br>DOUBLE FACED                   | 662.5<br>LF   |           |        |
| 0085      | 3387000000-N | SP       | TEMPORARY GUARDRAIL ANCHOR<br>UNITS, TYPE **********<br>(B-77)   | 4<br>EA       |           |        |
| 0086      | 3387000000-N | SP       | TEMPORARY GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE ****************(III)     | 2<br>EA       |           |        |
| 0087      | 3389150000-N | SP       | TEMPORARY GUARDRAIL END UNITS,<br>TYPE *****<br>(TL-3)           | 2<br>EA       |           |        |
| 0088      | 3436000000-N | 862      | GENERIC GUARDRAIL ITEM TEMPORARY GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE CAT-1 | 4<br>EA       |           |        |
| 0089      | 3503000000-E | 866      | WOVEN WIRE FENCE, 47" FABRIC                                     | 1,090<br>LF   |           |        |
| 0090      | 3509000000-E | 866      | 4" TIMBER FENCE POSTS, 7'-6"<br>LONG                             | 56<br>EA      |           |        |
|           |              |          |  |               |           |        |

### ITEMIZED PROPOSAL FOR CONTRACT NO. C204341

| Line<br># | Item Number  | Sec<br># | Description                                      | Quantity     | Unit Cost | Amount |
|-----------|--------------|----------|--|--------------|-----------|--------|
|           |              |          |  |              |           |        |
| 0091      | 3515000000-Е | 866      | 5" TIMBER FENCE POSTS, 8'-0"<br>LONG             | 41<br>EA     |           |        |
| 0092      | 3628000000-E | 876      | RIP RAP, CLASS I                                 | 820<br>TON   |           |        |
| 0093      | 3649000000-E | 876      | RIP RAP, CLASS B                                 | 230<br>TON   |           |        |
| 0094      | 3656000000-E | 876      | GEOTEXTILE FOR DRAINAGE                          | 2,440<br>SY  |           |        |
| 0095      | 4025000000-E | 901      | CONTRACTOR FURNISHED, TYPE ***<br>SIGN<br>(A)    | 853.25<br>SF |           |        |
| 0096      | 4025000000-E |          | CONTRACTOR FURNISHED, TYPE *** SIGN (B)          | 164<br>SF    |           |        |
| 0097      | 4025000000-E | 901      | CONTRACTOR FURNISHED, TYPE *** SIGN (D)          | 35.5<br>SF   |           |        |
| 0098      | 4025000000-Е | 901      | CONTRACTOR FURNISHED, TYPE *** SIGN (E)          | 471.65<br>SF |           |        |
| 0099      | 4025000000-Е | 901      | CONTRACTOR FURNISHED, TYPE *** SIGN (F)          | 89.31<br>SF  |           |        |
| 0100      | 4025000000-Е | 901      | CONTRACTOR FURNISHED, TYPE *** SIGN (MILEMARKER) | 6<br>SF      |           |        |
| 0101      | 4048000000-E | 902      | REINFORCED CONCRETE SIGN FOUN-<br>DATIONS        | 6<br>CY      |           |        |
| 0102      | 4054000000-E | 902      | PLAIN CONCRETE SIGN FOUNDA-<br>TIONS             | 2<br>CY      |           |        |
| 0103      | 4060000000-E | 903      | SUPPORTS, BREAKAWAY STEEL BEAM                   | 3,858<br>LB  |           |        |
| 0104      | 4066000000-E | 903      | SUPPORTS, SIMPLE STEEL BEAM                      | 3,364<br>LB  |           |        |
| 0105      | 4072000000-E | 903      | SUPPORTS, 3-LB STEEL U-CHANNEL                   | 1,550<br>LF  |           |        |
| 0106      | 4096000000-N | 904      | SIGN ERECTION, TYPE D                            | 4<br>EA      |           |        |
| 0107      | 4102000000-N | 904      | SIGN ERECTION, TYPE E                            | 51<br>EA     |           |        |

| Line<br># | Item Number  | Sec<br># | Description   | Quantity    | Unit Cost | Amount |
|-----------|--------------|----------|---|-------------|-----------|--------|
|           |              |          |   |             |           |        |
| 0108      | 4108000000-N | 904      | SIGN ERECTION, TYPE F                                   | 8<br>EA     |           |        |
| 0109      | 4110000000-N | 904      | SIGN ERECTION, TYPE ***<br>(GROUND MOUNTED)<br>(A)      | 9<br>EA     |           |        |
| <br>0110  | 4110000000-N | 904      | SIGN ERECTION, TYPE *** (GROUND MOUNTED) (B)            | 2<br>EA     |           |        |
| <br>0111  | 4110000000-N | 904      | SIGN ERECTION, TYPE *** (GROUND MOUNTED) (MILEMARKERS)  | 2<br>EA     |           |        |
| <br>0112  | 4116100000-N | 904      | SIGN ERECTION, RELOCATE TYPE ***** (GROUND MOUNTED) (A) | 3<br>EA     |           |        |
| 0113      | 4116100000-N | 904      | SIGN ERECTION, RELOCATE TYPE ***** (GROUND MOUNTED) (B) | 1<br>EA     |           |        |
| <br>0114  | 4116100000-N | 904      | SIGN ERECTION, RELOCATE TYPE ***** (GROUND MOUNTED) (D) | 3<br>EA     |           |        |
| <br>0115  | 4116100000-N | 904      | SIGN ERECTION, RELOCATE TYPE **** (GROUND MOUNTED) (E)  | 1<br>EA     |           |        |
| <br>0116  | 4138000000-N | 907      | DISPOSAL OF SUPPORT, STEEL<br>BEAM                      | 8<br>EA     |           |        |
| <br>0117  | 4152000000-N | 907      | DISPOSAL OF SIGN SYSTEM, STEEL<br>BEAM                  | 5<br>EA     |           |        |
| 0118      | 4155000000-N | 907      | DISPOSAL OF SIGN SYSTEM, U-<br>CHANNEL                  | 60<br>EA    |           |        |
| 0119      | 4192000000-N | 907      | DISPOSAL OF SUPPORT, U-CHANNEL                          | 5<br>EA     |           |        |
| 0120      | 4238000000-N | 907      | DISPOSAL OF SIGN, D, E OR F                             | 2<br>EA     |           |        |
| 0121      | 440000000-E  | 1110     | WORK ZONE SIGNS (STATIONARY)                            | 884<br>SF   |           |        |
| 0122      | 4405000000-E | 1110     | WORK ZONE SIGNS (PORTABLE)                              | 1,805<br>SF |           |        |
| 0123      | 441000000-E  | 1110     | WORK ZONE SIGNS (BARRICADE<br>MOUNTED)                  | 234<br>SF   |           |        |
|           |              |          |   |             |           |        |

| Line<br># | Item Number  | Sec<br># | Description  | Quantity     | Unit Cost | Amount |
|-----------|--------------|----------|--|--------------|-----------|--------|
|           |              |          |  |              |           |        |
| 0124      | 4415000000-N | 1115     | FLASHING ARROW BOARD                                     | 7<br>EA      |           |        |
| 0125      | 4420000000-N | 1120     | PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE<br>SIGN                      | 5<br>EA      |           |        |
| 0126      | 4422000000-N | 1120     | PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE<br>SIGN (SHORT TERM)         | 42<br>DAY    |           |        |
| 0127      | 443000000-N  | 1130     | DRUMS  | 300<br>EA    |           |        |
| 0128      | 4434000000-N | SP       | SEQUENTIAL FLASHING WARNING<br>LIGHTS                    | 12<br>EA     |           |        |
| 0129      | 4445000000-E | <br>1145 | BARRICADES (TYPE III)                                    | 208<br>LF    |           |        |
| 0130      | 4455000000-N | 1150     | FLAGGER  | 1,440<br>DAY |           |        |
| 0131      | 4465000000-N | 1160     | TEMPORARY CRASH CUSHIONS                                 | 7<br>EA      |           |        |
| 0132      | 447000000-N  | 1160     | REMOVE & RESET TEMPORARY CRASH CUSHION                   | 13<br>EA     |           |        |
| 0133      | 4480000000-N | 1165     | TMA  | 4<br>EA      |           |        |
| 0134      | 4485000000-E |          | PORTABLE CONCRETE BARRIER                                | 1,170<br>LF  |           |        |
| 0135      | 4490000000-E |          | PORTABLE CONCRETE BARRIER<br>(ANCHORED)                  | 5,450<br>LF  |           |        |
| 0136      | 4505000000-E | 1170     | REMOVE & RESET PORTABLE CONC-<br>RETE BARRIER (ANCHORED) | 4,230<br>LF  |           |        |
| 0137      | 4510000000-N | 1190     | LAW ENFORCEMENT  | 120<br>HR    |           |        |
| 0138      | 4650000000-N | 1251     | TEMPORARY RAISED PAVEMENT<br>MARKERS                     | 560<br>EA    |           |        |
| 0139      | 4695000000-E | 1205     | THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (8", 90 MILS)    | 50<br>LF     |           |        |
| 0140      | 4700000000-E | 1205     | THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (12", 90 MILS)   | 350<br>LF    |           |        |
| 0141      | 4720000000-E | 1205     | THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING<br>CHARACTER (90 MILS)    | 8<br>EA      |           |        |

| Line<br># | Item Number  | Sec<br># | Description  | Quantity     | Unit Cost | Amount |
|-----------|--------------|----------|--|--------------|-----------|--------|
|           |              |          |  |              |           |        |
| 0142      | 4725000000-Е | 1205     | THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL (90 MILS)                      | 43<br>EA     |           |        |
| 0143      | 4770000000-E | 1205     | COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT<br>MARKING LINES, TYPE ** (4")<br>(IV) | 3,600<br>LF  |           |        |
| 0144      | 4810000000-E | 1205     | PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (4")                                    | 57,441<br>LF |           |        |
| 0145      | 4820000000-E | 1205     | PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (8")                                    | 600<br>LF    |           |        |
| 0146      | 4835000000-Е | 1205     | PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (24")                                   | 341<br>LF    |           |        |
| 0147      | 4840000000-N | 1205     | PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING CHARAC-<br>TER                                | 16<br>EA     |           |        |
| 0148      | 4845000000-N | 1205     | PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL  | 154<br>EA    |           |        |
| 0149      | 4847010000-E | 1205     | POLYUREA PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (4", 20 MILS)                     | 8,450<br>LF  |           |        |
| 0150      | 4847030000-Е | 1205     | POLYUREA PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (6", 20 MILS)                     | 19,600<br>LF |           |        |
| 0151      | 4847050000-Е | 1205     | POLYUREA PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (8", 20 MILS)                     | 600<br>LF    |           |        |
| 0152      | 4847070000-Е | 1205     | POLYUREA PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (12", 20 MILS)                    | 2,000<br>LF  |           |        |
| 0153      | 4847500000-E | SP       | WORK ZONE PERFORMANCE PAVEMENT<br>MARKING LINES, 6"                  | 36,054<br>LF |           |        |
| 0154      | 4847600000-E | SP       | WORK ZONE PERFORMANCE PAVEMENT<br>MARKING LINES, 12"                 | 2,800<br>LF  |           |        |
| 0155      | 4850000000-E | 1205     | REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (4")                            | 44,500<br>LF |           |        |
| 0156      | 4855000000-E | 1205     | REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (6")                            | 41,000<br>LF |           |        |
| 0157      | 4860000000-E | 1205     | REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (8")                            | 1,500<br>LF  |           |        |

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| Line<br># | Item Number  | Sec<br># | Description   | Quantity    | Unit Cost | Amount |
|-----------|--------------|----------|---|-------------|-----------|--------|
|           |              |          |   |             |           |        |
| 0158      | 4865000000-E | 1205     | REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (12")  | 2,100<br>LF |           |        |
| 0159      | 4870000000-E | 1205     | REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (24")  | 200<br>LF   |           |        |
| 0160      | 4875000000-N | 1205     | REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING<br>SYMBOLS & CHARACTERS                               | 60<br>EA    |           |        |
| 0161      | 4891000000-E | 1205     | GENERIC PAVEMENT MARKING ITEM THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (24", 90 MILS) | 340<br>LF   |           |        |
| 0162      | 4900000000-N | 1251     | PERMANENT RAISED PAVEMENT<br>MARKERS  | 5<br>EA     |           |        |
| 0163      | 4905000000-N | 1253     | SNOWPLOWABLE PAVEMENT MARKERS   | 520<br>EA   |           |        |
| 0164      | 5325600000-Е | 1510     | 6" WATER LINE   | 23<br>LF    |           |        |
| 0165      | 5326200000-E | 1510     | 12" WATER LINE  | 441<br>LF   |           |        |
| 0166      | 5326600000-E | 1510     | 16" WATER LINE  | 159<br>LF   |           |        |
| 0167      | 5329000000-E | 1510     | DUCTILE IRON WATER PIPE<br>FITTINGS   | 1,865<br>LB |           |        |
| 0168      | 5558000000-E | 1515     | 12" VALVE   | 1<br>EA     |           |        |
| 0169      | 5666000000-N | 1515     | FIRE HYDRANT  | 1<br>EA     |           |        |
| 0170      | 5672000000-N | 1515     | RELOCATE FIRE HYDRANT   | 1<br>EA     |           |        |
| 0171      | 5709400000-E | 1520     | 8" FORCE MAIN SEWER   | 131<br>LF   |           |        |
| 0172      | 5709500000-E | 1520     | 10" FORCE MAIN SEWER  | 165<br>LF   |           |        |
| 0173      | 5769000000-E | 1520     | DUCTILE IRON SEWER PIPE<br>FITTINGS   | 220<br>LB   |           |        |
| 0174      | 5801000000-E | 1530     | ABANDON 8" UTILITY PIPE   | 361<br>LF   |           |        |
| <br>0175  | 580400000-E  | 1530     | ABANDON 12" UTILITY PIPE  | 661<br>LF   |           |        |

| Line<br># | Item Number  | Sec<br># | Description                           | Quantity     | Unit Cost | Amount |
|-----------|--------------|----------|---------------------------------------|--------------|-----------|--------|
|           |              |          |                                       |              |           |        |
| 0176      | 5872600000-E | 1550     | DIRECTIONAL DRILLING OF **" (10")     | 165<br>LF    |           |        |
| 0177      | 5872600000-E | 1550     | DIRECTIONAL DRILLING OF **" (16")     | 159<br>LF    |           |        |
| <br>0178  | 6000000000-E | 1605     | TEMPORARY SILT FENCE                  | 9,735<br>LF  |           |        |
| <br>0179  | 6006000000-E | 1610     | STONE FOR EROSION CONTROL,<br>CLASS A | 420<br>TON   |           |        |
| 0180      | 6009000000-E | 1610     | STONE FOR EROSION CONTROL,<br>CLASS B | 845<br>TON   |           |        |
| 0181      | 6012000000-E | 1610     | SEDIMENT CONTROL STONE                | 1,125<br>TON |           |        |
| 0182      | 6015000000-E | 1615     | TEMPORARY MULCHING                    | 6.5<br>ACR   |           |        |
| 0183      | 6018000000-E | 1620     | SEED FOR TEMPORARY SEEDING            | 500<br>LB    |           |        |
| 0184      | 6021000000-E | 1620     | FERTILIZER FOR TEMPORARY SEED-<br>ING | 3.5<br>TON   |           |        |
| 0185      | 6024000000-E | 1622     | TEMPORARY SLOPE DRAINS                | 1,100<br>LF  |           |        |
| 0186      | 6029000000-Е | SP       | SAFETY FENCE                          | 600<br>LF    |           |        |
| 0187      | 6030000000-E | 1630     | SILT EXCAVATION                       | 1,900<br>CY  |           |        |
| 0188      | 6036000000-E | 1631     | MATTING FOR EROSION CONTROL           | 43,500<br>SY |           |        |
| 0189      | 6037000000-E | SP       | COIR FIBER MAT                        | 100<br>SY    |           |        |
| 0190      | 6038000000-E | SP       | PERMANENT SOIL REINFORCEMENT<br>MAT   | 460<br>SY    |           |        |
| 0191      | 6042000000-E | 1632     | 1/4" HARDWARE CLOTH                   | 3,135<br>LF  |           |        |
| 0192      | 6045000000-E | SP       | **" TEMPORARY PIPE<br>(15")           | 125<br>LF    |           |        |
| <br>0193  | 6045000000-E | SP       | **" TEMPORARY PIPE<br>(24")           | 125<br>LF    |           |        |
| 0194      | 6070000000-N | 1639     | SPECIAL STILLING BASINS               | 3<br>EA      |           |        |

| Line<br># | Item Number  | Sec<br># | Description                             | Quantity      | Unit Cost | Amount |
|-----------|--------------|----------|---|---------------|-----------|--------|
|           |              |          |   |               |           |        |
| 0.405     | 6071012000 F | 0.5      | OOLD EIDED WATTLE                       | 200           |           |        |
| 0195      | 6071012000-E | SP       | COIR FIBER WATTLE                       | 300<br>LF     |           |        |
| 0196      | 6071020000-E | SP       | POLYACRYLAMIDE (PAM)                    | 290<br>LB     |           |        |
| 0197      | 6071030000-E | 1640     | COIR FIBER BAFFLE                       | <br>625<br>LF |           |        |
| 0198      | 6071050000-E | <br>SP   | **" SKIMMER                             | 6             |           |        |
|           |              |          | (1-1/2")                                | EA<br>        |           |        |
| 0199      | 6084000000-Е | 1660     | SEEDING & MULCHING                      | 6<br>ACR      |           |        |
| 0200      | 6087000000-Е | 1660     | MOWING                                  | 6<br>ACR      |           |        |
| 0201      | 6090000000-E | 1661     | SEED FOR REPAIR SEEDING                 | ACR<br>100    |           |        |
|           |              |          |   | LB            |           |        |
| 0202      | 6093000000-E | 1661     | FERTILIZER FOR REPAIR SEEDING           | 0.25<br>TON   |           |        |
| 0203      | 6096000000-E | 1662     | SEED FOR SUPPLEMENTAL SEEDING           | 150<br>LB     |           |        |
| 0204      | 6108000000-E | 1665     | FERTILIZER TOPDRESSING                  | 4.25          |           |        |
|           |              |          |   | TON           |           |        |
| 0205      | 6111000000-Е | SP       | IMPERVIOUS DIKE                         | 99<br>LF      |           |        |
| 0206      | 6114500000-N | 1667     | SPECIALIZED HAND MOWING                 | 10<br>MHR     |           |        |
| 0207      | 6117000000-N | <br>SP   | RESPONSE FOR EROSION CONTROL            | 25            |           |        |
|           |              |          |   | EA            |           |        |
| 0208      | 6117500000-N | SP       | CONCRETE WASHOUT STRUCTURE              | 6<br>EA       |           |        |
| 0209      | 6123000000-Е | 1670     | REFORESTATION                           | 3<br>ACR      |           |        |
| 0210      | 7048500000-E | 1705     | PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEAD (16", 1          | 2             |           |        |
|           |              |          | SECTION W/COUNTDOWN)                    | EA            |           |        |
| 0211      | 7060000000-E | 1705     | SIGNAL CABLE                            | 4,690<br>LF   |           |        |
| 0212      | 7120000000-E | 1705     | VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 3             |               |           |        |
|           |              |          | SECTION)                                | EA            |           |        |
| 0213      | 7132000000-Е | 1705     | VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 4<br>SECTION) | 3<br>EA       |           |        |
|           |              |          |   |               |           |        |

| Line<br># | Item Number  | Sec<br># | Description                                | Quantity  | Unit Cost | Amount |
|-----------|--------------|----------|--|-----------|-----------|--------|
|           |              |          |  |           |           |        |
| 0214      | 7144000000-E | 1705     | VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 5<br>SECTION)    | 6<br>EA   |           |        |
| 0215      | 7264000000-E | 1710     | MESSENGER CABLE (3/8")                     | 830<br>LF |           |        |
| 0216      | 7279000000-E | 1715     | TRACER WIRE                                | 350<br>LF |           |        |
| 0217      | 7288000000-E | 1715     | PAVED TRENCHING (**********)<br>(1, 2")    | 10<br>LF  |           |        |
| 0218      | 7300000000-E | 1715     | UNPAVED TRENCHING (********)<br>(1, 2")    | 820<br>LF |           |        |
| 0219      | 7300000000-E | 1715     | UNPAVED TRENCHING (********)<br>(2, 2")    | 180<br>LF |           |        |
| 0220      | 7300000000-E | 1715     | UNPAVED TRENCHING (********)<br>(3, 2")    | 110<br>LF |           |        |
| 0221      | 7300000000-E | 1715     | UNPAVED TRENCHING (********)<br>(4, 2")    | 230<br>LF |           |        |
| 0222      | 7301000000-E | 1715     | DIRECTIONAL DRILL (********)<br>(1, 2")    | 120<br>LF |           |        |
| 0223      | 7301000000-E | 1715     | DIRECTIONAL DRILL (*********)<br>(2, 2")   | 260<br>LF |           |        |
| 0224      | 7301000000-E |          | DIRECTIONAL DRILL (*********)<br>(4, 2")   | 110<br>LF |           |        |
| 0225      | 7324000000-N | 1716     | JUNCTION BOX (STANDARD SIZE)               | 19<br>EA  |           |        |
| 0226      | 7348000000-N | 1716     | JUNCTION BOX (OVER-SIZED, HEA-<br>VY DUTY) | 3<br>EA   |           |        |
| 0227      | 7360000000-N | 1720     | WOOD POLE                                  | 8<br>EA   |           |        |
| 0228      | 7372000000-N | 1721     | GUY ASSEMBLY                               | 13<br>EA  |           |        |
| 0229      | 7408000000-E | 1722     | 1" RISER WITH WEATHERHEAD                  | 2<br>EA   |           |        |
| 0230      | 7420000000-E | 1722     | 2" RISER WITH WEATHERHEAD                  | 2<br>EA   |           |        |
| 0231      | 7432000000-E | 1722     | 2" RISER WITH HEAT SHRINK<br>TUBING        | 2<br>EA   |           |        |
|           |              |          |  |           |           |        |

| Line<br># | Item Number  | Sec<br># | Description  | Quantity    | Unit Cost | Amount |
|-----------|--------------|----------|--|-------------|-----------|--------|
|           |              |          |  |             |           |        |
| 0232      | 7444000000-E | 1725     | INDUCTIVE LOOP SAWCUT                                    | 1,160<br>LF |           |        |
| 0233      | 7456000000-E | 1726     | LEAD-IN CABLE (*************)<br>(14-2)                  | 2,210<br>LF |           |        |
| 0234      | 7481000000-N | SP       | SITE SURVEY  | 2<br>EA     |           |        |
| 0235      | 7481200000-N | SP       | LUMINAIRE ARM FOR VIDEO SYSTEM                           | 6<br>EA     |           |        |
| 0236      | 7481240000-N | SP       | CAMERA WITHOUT INTERNAL LOOP<br>EMULATOR PROCESSING UNIT | 6<br>EA     |           |        |
| 0237      | 7481260000-N | SP       | EXTERNAL LOOP EMULATOR PRO-<br>CESSING UNIT              | 2<br>EA     |           |        |
| 0238      | 7481280000-N | SP       | RELOCATE CAMERA SENSOR UNIT                              | 12<br>EA    |           |        |
| 0239      | 7528000000-E | 1730     | DROP CABLE   | 450<br>LF   |           |        |
| 0240      | 7541000000-N | 1731     | MODIFY SPLICE ENCLOSURE                                  | 2<br>EA     |           |        |
| 0241      | 7552000000-N | 1731     | INTERCONNECT CENTER                                      | 2<br>EA     |           |        |
|           | 7564000000-N |          | FIBER-OPTIC TRANSCEIVER, DROP<br>& REPEAT                | 2<br>EA     |           |        |
|           |              |          | DELINEATOR MARKER  | 3<br>EA     |           |        |
| 0244      | 7575160000-E | 1734     | REMOVE EXISTING COMMUNICATIONS CABLE                     | 260<br>LF   |           |        |
| 0245      | 7588000000-N | SP       | METAL POLE WITH SINGLE MAST<br>ARM                       | 4<br>EA     |           |        |
| 0246      | 7613000000-N | SP       | SOIL TEST  | 4<br>EA     |           |        |
| 0247      | 7614100000-E | SP       | DRILLED PIER FOUNDATION                                  | 24<br>CY    |           |        |
| 0248      | 7631000000-N | SP       | MAST ARM WITH METAL POLE DE-<br>SIGN                     | 4<br>EA     |           |        |
| 0249      | 7636000000-N | 1745     | SIGN FOR SIGNALS   | 6<br>EA     |           |        |
| 0250      | 7642200000-N | 1743     | TYPE II PEDESTAL WITH FOUND-<br>ATION                    | 2<br>EA     |           |        |
|           |              |          |  |             |           |        |

### ITEMIZED PROPOSAL FOR CONTRACT NO. C204341

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| Line<br># | Item Number  | Sec<br># | Description   | Quantity     | Unit Cost | Amount |
|-----------|--------------|----------|---|--------------|-----------|--------|
| 0251      | 7684000000-N | 1750     | SIGNAL CABINET FOUNDATION   | 2            |           |        |
|           |              |          |   | EA           |           |        |
| 0252      | 7696000000-N | 1751     | CONTROLLERS WITH CABINET (************************************              | 2            |           |        |
|           |              |          | (TYPE 2070E, BASE MOUNTED)  | EA           |           |        |
| 0253      | 7744000000-N | 1751     | DETECTOR CARD (TYPE 170)  | 9            |           |        |
|           |              |          |   | EA<br>       |           |        |
| 0254      | 7901000000-N | 1753     | CABINET BASE EXTENDER   | 2<br>EA      |           |        |
| 0255      | 7980000000-N | SP       | GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM<br>MICROWAVE VEHICLE DETECTION<br>SYSTEM MULTIPLE ZONES | 1<br>EA      |           |        |
| 0256      | 7980000000-N | SP       | GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM PROTECTIVE COATING FOR SIGNAL MAST ARM POLE (BLACK)     | 4<br>EA      |           |        |
| <br>0257  | 7980000000-N | SP       | GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM PROTECTIVE COATING FOR SIGNAL PEDESTAL (BLACK)          | 2<br>EA      |           |        |
| 0258      | 7990000000-E | SP       | GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM<br>BACK PULL FIBER OPTIC CABLE                          | 740<br>LF    |           |        |
|           |              | C        | CULVERT ITEMS   |              |           |        |
| 0259      | 8126000000-N | 414      | CULVERT EXCAVATION, STA ****** (11+57.95-L-)                                | Lump Sum     | L.S.      |        |
| 0260      | 8126000000-N | 414      | CULVERT EXCAVATION, STA ****** (16+31.90-RPC-)                              | Lump Sum     | L.S.      |        |
| 0261      | 8126000000-N | 414      | CULVERT EXCAVATION, STA ******<br>(25+49.32-L-)                             | Lump Sum     | L.S.      |        |
| 0262      | 8133000000-E | 414      | FOUNDATION CONDITIONING MATERIAL, BOX CULVERT                               | 109<br>TON   |           |        |
| 0263      | 8196000000-E | 420      | CLASS A CONCRETE (CULVERT)  | 250.5<br>CY  |           |        |
| 0264      | 8245000000-E | 425      | REINFORCING STEEL (CULVERT)   | 29,389<br>LB |           |        |

### ITEMIZED PROPOSAL FOR CONTRACT NO. C204341

| County | : | Mcdowell |
|--------|---|----------|
|        |   |          |

| Line<br># | Item Number  | Sec<br># | Description  | Quantity       | Unit Cost | Amount |
|-----------|--------------|----------|--|----------------|-----------|--------|
|           |              | V        | VALL ITEMS   |                |           |        |
| 0265      | 8801000000-E | SP       | MSE RETAINING WALL NO **** (1)   | 5,440<br>SF    |           |        |
| 0266      | 8801000000-E | SP       | MSE RETAINING WALL NO **** (2)   | 4,195<br>SF    |           |        |
|           |              | s        | STRUCTURE ITEMS  |                |           |        |
| 0267      | 8035000000-N | 402      | REMOVAL OF EXISTING STRUCTURE<br>AT STATION ************************************ | Lump Sum       | L.S.      |        |
| 0268      | 8065000000-N | SP       | ASBESTOS ASSESSMENT  | Lump Sum       | L.S.      |        |
| <br>0269  | 8108000000-E | 411      | **'-**" DIA DRILLED PIERS<br>(4'-0")   | 159.83<br>LF   |           |        |
| 0270      | 8112730000-N | 450      | PDA TESTING  | 1<br>EA        |           |        |
| 0271      | 8114000000-N | 411      | SPT TESTING  | 5<br>EA        |           |        |
| 0272      | 8115000000-N | 411      | CSL TESTING  | 1<br>EA        |           |        |
| 0273      | 8147000000-E | 420      | REINFORCED CONCRETE DECK SLAB  | 11,739<br>SF   |           |        |
| 0274      | 8161000000-E | 420      | GROOVING BRIDGE FLOORS   | 11,177<br>SF   |           |        |
| 0275      | 8182000000-E | 420      | CLASS A CONCRETE (BRIDGE)  | 264.2<br>CY    |           |        |
| 0276      | 8210000000-N | 422      | BRIDGE APPROACH SLABS, STATION ************************************              | Lump Sum       | L.S.      |        |
| <br>0277  | 8217000000-E | 425      | REINFORCING STEEL (BRIDGE)   | 47,925<br>LB   |           |        |
| 0278      | 8238000000-E | 425      | SPIRAL COLUMN REINFORCING<br>STEEL (BRIDGE)                                      | 6,494<br>LB    |           |        |
| 0279      | 8274000000-E | 430      | MODIFIED 63" PRESTRESSED CONC<br>GIRDERS   | 1,499.46<br>LF |           |        |

| Line<br># | Item Number  | Sec<br># | Description  | Quantity     | Unit Cost | Amount |
|-----------|--------------|----------|--|--------------|-----------|--------|
|           |              |          |  |              |           |        |
| 0280      | 8328200000-E | 450      | PILE DRIVING EQUIPMENT SETUP<br>FOR *** STEEL PILES<br>(HP12X53) | 30<br>EA     |           |        |
| <br>0281  | 8364000000-E | 450      | HP12X53 STEEL PILES  | 1,320<br>LF  |           |        |
| 0282      | 8475000000-E | 460      | TWO BAR METAL RAIL   | 420.22<br>LF |           |        |
| 0283      | 8517000000-E | 460      | 1'-**"X *****" CONCRETE PARA-<br>PET<br>(1'-2" X 3'-3")          | 437.9<br>LF  |           |        |
| <br>0284  | 8531000000-E | 462      | 4" SLOPE PROTECTION  | 75<br>SY     |           |        |
| 0285      | 8657000000-N | 430      | ELASTOMERIC BEARINGS   | Lump Sum     | L.S.      |        |
| <br>0286  | 8692000000-N | SP       | FOAM JOINT SEALS   | Lump Sum     | L.S.      |        |
|           |              |          |  |              |           |        |

1557/May14/Q570075.62/D1351200832000/E286

Total Amount Of Bid For Entire Project :

DBE GOAL SET: 4.00% DBE GOAL OBT: 4.92%

# Vendor 1 of 5: NATIONAL BRIDGE BUILDERS LLC (16857) Call Order 010 (Proposal: C204341)

Bid Checksum: D276AC2B96

Time Total: \$0.00

**Bid Total:** \$12,358,341.47

**Items Total:** \$12,358,341.47

# **Bid Information**

**Proposal County:** MCDOWELL

**Vendor Address:** 106 WOODLAND TRAIL

KERNERSVILLE, NC, 27284

Signature Check: Dena Marie Brown

Time Bid Received: June 18, 2019 01:55 PM

**Amendment Count:** 0

**Bidding Errors:** 

None.

NCDOT Page 82 of 91

# Vendor 1 of 5: NATIONAL BRIDGE BUILDERS LLC (16857) Call Order 010 (Proposal: C204341)

# **Bid Bond Information**

**Projects:** 

Bond ID: BA49-KDRU-9LTV-QHNX

Paid by Check: No

**Bond Percent:** 5%

**Counties:** 

**Bond Maximum:** 

State of Incorporation: MI

**Agency Execution Date:** 6/18/2019

Surety Name: Surety Wave

Bond Agency Name: Frankenmuth Mutual

Insurance Company

NCDOT Page 83 of 91

Letting: L190618 06/18/2019 02:00:00 PM

DBE Load Information

Letting ID: L190618

Letting Date: 06/18/2019

Call Order: 010

Contract ID: C204341

Project: STATE FUNDEDSTATE FUNDEDSTATE FUNDED

Bid Total: \$12,358,341.47 DBE Goal: 4.00% (\$494,333.66)

Vendor ID: 16857

Vendor Name: National Bridge Builders, LLC.

DBE Entered: 4.92% (\$608,036.85)

| Vendor ID | DBE Name                    | Is Supplier? | City/State                              | Goods/Service | Amount     |
|-----------|-----------------------------|--------------|---|---------------|------------|
| 7334      | RRC CONCRETE INC            | No           | 1432 NORTH                              | SubContractor | 328,297.40 |
|           |                             |              | SHARON AMITY ROAD , CHARLOTTE, NC 28211 |               | committed  |
| 4898      | BULLINGTON CONSTRUCTION INC | No           | 417 FOXGLOVE<br>LANE , INDIAN           | SubContractor | 279,739.45 |
|           |                             |              | TRAIL, NC 28079                         |               | committed  |

Errors: No Page 2 Check: D276AC2B96 Amendment Count: 0

Contract ID: C204341

Call: 010

Letting: L190618 North Carolina Department of Transportation 06/18/2019 02:00:00 PM 16857 - National Bridge Builders, LLC.

BondID: BA49-KDRU-9LTV-QHNX

Surety Registry Agency: SuretyWave
Verified?: 1

Surety Agency: Frankenmuth Mutual Insurance Company

Bond Execution Date: 6/18/2019

Errors: No Check: D276AC2B96
Page 8 Amendment Count: 0

Contract ID: C204341

Call: 010

Contract ID: C204341 Call: 010

| Line 1 | Number                | Item Number                             | Quantity | Unit | Unit Price       | Extension Price                         |
|--------|-----------------------|---|----------|------|------------------|---|
|        | on 0001<br>ADWAY ITEM | IS                                      |          |      |                  |   |
| 0001   |                       | 0000100000-N                            | 1.000    | LS   | \$615,000.0000   | \$615,000.00                            |
|        | MOBILIZA              | ATION                                   |          |      |                  |   |
| 0002   |                       | 0000400000-N                            | 1.000    | LS   | \$150,000.0000   | \$150,000.00                            |
|        |                       | CTION SURVEYING                         |          |      |                  |   |
| 0003   | GRADING               | 004300000-N                             | 1.000    | LS   | \$2,485,000.0000 | \$2,485,000.00                          |
| 0004   |                       | 0050000000-E                            | 1.000    | ACR  | \$100.0000       | \$100.00                                |
|        | SUPPLEME              | ENTARY CLEARING & GRUB-                 |          |      | , ,,,,,,,,       | , , , , , , ,                           |
| 0005   |                       | 0057000000-E                            | 1600.000 | CY   | \$12.0000        | \$19,200.00                             |
|        |                       | F EXCAVATION                            |          |      |                  |   |
| 0006   |                       | 0134000000-E                            | 520.000  | CY   | \$12.0000        | \$6,240.00                              |
|        |                       | E DITCH EXCAVATION                      | 1000     |      |                  |   |
| 0007   |                       | 0195000000-E<br>GRANULAR MATERIAL       | 1239.000 | CY   | \$25.0000        | \$30,975.00                             |
| 0008   |                       | 0196000000-E                            | 1176 000 | SY   | \$3,0000         | \$3,528.00                              |
|        |                       | ILE FOR SOIL STABILIZA-                 |          |      | 40.000           | +3 <b>,</b> 323.33                      |
| 0009   |                       | 0199000000-E                            | 4480.000 | SF   | \$60.0000        | \$268,800.00                            |
|        |                       | RY SHORING                              |          |      |                  |   |
| 0010   | ROCK PLA              | 0223000000-E<br>ATING                   | 650.000  | SY   | \$65.0000        | \$42,250.00                             |
| 0011   |                       | 0318000000-E                            | 380.000  | TON  | \$45.0000        | \$17,100.00                             |
|        | FOUNDATI              | ON CONDITIONING MATE-                   |          |      |                  | , |
| 0012   |                       | 0320000000-E ION CONDITIONING GEO-      |          | SY   | \$2.0000         | \$2,400.00                              |
| 0013   |                       | 0335200000-E<br>INAGE PIPE              | 1364.000 | LF   | \$60.0000        | \$81,840.00                             |
| 0014   |                       | 0335300000-E<br>INAGE PIPE              | 148.000  | LF   | \$65.0000        | \$9,620.00                              |
| 0015   |                       | 0335400000-E                            | 12.000   | LF   | \$85.0000        | \$1,020.00                              |
|        | 24" DRAI              | INAGE PIPE                              |          |      |                  |   |
| 0016   |                       | 0335850000-E                            | 16.000   | EA   | \$500.0000       | \$8,000.00                              |
|        | **" DRAI              | INAGE PIPE ELBOWS (15")                 |          |      |                  |   |
| 0017   | **" DD71              | 0335850000-E<br>INAGE PIPE ELBOWS (18") | 2.000    | EA   | \$500.0000       | \$1,000.00                              |
| 0010   | - ^ · · DRAI          |   |          | T.E. | \$65,0000        | ¢2 E10 00                               |
| 0018   | 24" SIDE              | 0345000000-E<br>E DRAIN PIPE            | 54.000   | LГ   | \$65.0000        | \$3,510.00                              |
| 0019   |                       | 0366000000-E                            | 68.000   | LF   | \$60.0000        | \$4,080.00                              |
|        | 15" RC F              | PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS                    | III      |      | ·                | . ,                                     |
| 0020   |                       | 0372000000-E                            | 24.000   | LF   | \$65.0000        | \$1,560.00                              |
|        | 18" RC E              | PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS                    | III      |      |                  |   |
| 0021   |                       | 0448200000-E                            | 1532.000 | LF   | \$65.0000        | \$99,580.00                             |
|        | 15" RC F              | PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IN                 |          |      |                  |   |
| 0022   | 10" DC T              | 0448300000-E                            | 212.000  | LF   | \$70.0000        | \$14,840.00                             |
| 0000   | TO KC F               | PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IN                 |          |      | A1 F00 0000      | <b>AC 000 00</b>                        |
| 0023   |                       | 0576000000-E<br>PIPE CULVERTS, ****"    | 4.000    |      | \$1,500.0000     | \$6,000.00                              |

Errors: No Page 2

Letting: L190618 North Carolina Department of Transportation Contract ID: C204341 06/18/2019 02:00:00 PM 16857 - National Bridge Builders, LLC. Call: 010 0582000000-E 72.000 LF \$4,320.00 0024 \$60.0000 15" CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064" THICK 0025 0636000000-E 2.000 EA \$500.0000 \$1,000.00 \*\*" CS PIPE ELBOWS, \*\*\*\*\*" THICK (15", 0.064") 0026 0973100000-E 44.000 LF \$350.0000 \*\*" WELDED STEEL PIPE, \*\*\*\*" THICK, GRADE B IN SOIL (18", 0.25") 0027 0973300000-E 44.000 LF \$1,000.0000 \*\*" WELDED STEEL PIPE, \*\*\*\*" THICK, GRADE B NOT IN SOIL (18", 0.25") 0028 0995000000-E 273.000 LF \$5.0000 PIPE REMOVAL 0029 1099500000-E 120.000 CY \$20.0000 SHALLOW UNDERCUT 0030 1099700000-E 247.000 TON \$30.0000 CLASS IV SUBGRADE STABILIZA-TION 0031 1115000000-E 10335.000 \$5.0000 SY GEOTEXTILE FOR PAVEMENT STA-BILTZATION 0032 1121000000-E 4250.000 TON \$25.0000 AGGREGATE BASE COURSE 0033 1220000000-E \$50.0000 50.000 TON INCIDENTAL STONE BASE 0034 1275000000-E 233.450 GAL \$10.0000 PRIME COAT 0035 1330000000-E 5400.000 SY \$15.0000

\$15,400.00 \$44,000.00 \$1,365.00 \$2,400.00 \$7,410.00 \$51,675.00 \$106,250.00 \$2,500.00 \$2,334.50 \$81,000.00 INCIDENTAL MILLING 1491000000-E \$664,950.00 0036 10230.000 TON \$65.0000 ASPHALT CONC BASE COURSE, TYPE B25.0C 0037 1503000000-E 3410.000 TON \$65.0000 \$221,650.00 ASPHALT CONC INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE I19.0C 1519000000-E 4570.000 TON 0038 \$65.0000 \$297,050.00 ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5B 0039 1523000000-E 1520.000 TON \$70.0000 \$106,400.00 ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5C 0040 1575000000-E 1025.000 TON \$650.0000 \$666,250.00 ASPHALT BINDER FOR PLANT MIX 0041 1577000000-E 50.000 TON \$775.0000 \$38,750.00 POLYMER MODIFIED ASPHALT BIN- DER FOR PLANT MIX 0042 \$40,000.00 1693000000-E 200.000 TON \$200.0000 ASPHALT PLANT MIX, PAVEMENT REPAIR 0043 1839140000-E 910.000 TON \$133.0000 \$121,030.00 ULTRA-THIN BONDED WEARING COURSE 0044 1840000000-E 13300.000 LF \$0.5000 \$6,650.00 MILLED RUMBLE STRIPS (ASPHALT CONCRETE) 0045 1612.800 CY \$10.0000 \$16,128.00 2022000000-E SUBDRAIN EXCAVATION 0046 2026000000-E 200.000 SY \$2.0000 \$400.00 GEOTEXTILE FOR SUBSURFACE DRAINS 0047 2033000000-E 1176.000 CY \$50.0000 \$58,800.00 SUBDRAIN FINE AGGREGATE 0048 \$60.0000 \$2,016.00 2036000000-E 33.600 CY

Errors: No Page 3

|      | SUBDRAIN COARSE AGGREGATE                    |                              |    |              |              |
|------|--|------------------------------|----|--------------|--------------|
| 0049 | 2044000000-E<br>6" PERFORATED SUBDRAIN PIPE  | 7200.000                     | LF | \$5.0000     | \$36,000.00  |
| 0050 | 2070000000-N<br>SUBDRAIN PIPE OUTLET         | 15.000                       | EA | \$300.0000   | \$4,500.00   |
| 0051 | 2077000000-E<br>6" OUTLET PIPE               | 90.000                       | LF | \$30.0000    | \$2,700.00   |
| 0052 | 2253000000-E<br>PIPE COLLARS                 | 0.450                        | СУ | \$2,500.0000 | \$1,125.00   |
| 0053 | 2275000000-E<br>FLOWABLE FILL                | 10.000                       | СУ | \$300.0000   | \$3,000.00   |
| 0054 | 2286000000-N<br>MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES  | 56.000                       | EA | \$1,650.0000 | \$92,400.00  |
| 0055 | 2297000000-E<br>MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES  | 7.400                        | СУ | \$1,000.0000 | \$7,400.00   |
| 0056 | 2308000000-E<br>MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES  | 13.900                       | LF | \$600.0000   | \$8,340.00   |
| 0057 | 2364200000-N<br>FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD   | 10.000                       | EA | \$600.0000   | \$6,000.00   |
| 0058 | 2365000000-N<br>FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD   | 9.000                        | EA | \$625.0000   | \$5,625.00   |
| 0059 | 2374000000-N<br>FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD | 5.000<br>840.03, TYPE **     |    | \$650.0000   | \$3,250.00   |
| 0060 | 2374000000-N<br>FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD | 13.000<br>840.03, TYPE **    |    | \$650.0000   | \$8,450.00   |
| 0061 | 2374000000-N<br>FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD | 18.000<br>840.03, TYPE **    |    | \$650.0000   | \$11,700.00  |
| 0062 | 2396000000-N<br>FRAME WITH COVER, STD 840.54 | 1.000                        | EA | \$500.0000   | \$500.00     |
| 0063 | 2549000000-E<br>2'-6" CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER | 5860.000                     | LF | \$25.9400    | \$152,008.40 |
| 0064 | 2556000000-E<br>SHOULDER BERM GUTTER         | 706.000                      | LF | \$35.5000    | \$25,063.00  |
| 0065 | 2577000000-E<br>CONCRETE EXPRESSWAY GUTTER   | 88.000                       | LF | \$102.0000   | \$8,976.00   |
| 0066 | 2591000000-E<br>4" CONCRETE SIDEWALK         | 1300.000                     | SY | \$42.0000    | \$54,600.00  |
| 0067 | 2605000000-N<br>CONCRETE CURB RAMPS          | 10.000                       | EA | \$1,500.0000 | \$15,000.00  |
| 0068 | 2612000000-E<br>6" CONCRETE DRIVEWAY         | 30.000                       | SY | \$90.0000    | \$2,700.00   |
| 0069 | 2619000000-E<br>4" CONCRETE PAVED DITCH      | 70.000                       | SY | \$145.0000   | \$10,150.00  |
| 0070 | 2647000000-E<br>5" MONOLITHIC CONCRETE ISLAN | 560.000<br>DS(SURFACE MOUNTE |    | \$80.0000    | \$44,800.00  |
| 0071 | 2724000000-E<br>PRECAST REINFORCED CONCRETE  | 500.000<br>BARRIER, SINGLE   |    | \$125.0000   | \$62,500.00  |
| 0072 | 2752000000-E<br>GENERIC PAVING ITEM MEDIAN H | 180.000<br>AZARD PROTECTION  | LF | \$50.0000    | \$9,000.00   |

| _    | L190618<br>2019 02:00:00 PM                 | •                           | ment of Transportation<br>Bridge Builders, LLC. |              | Contract ID: C204341<br>Call: 010 |
|------|---|-----------------------------|---|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| 0073 | 283000000-N<br>ADJUSTMENT OF MANHOLES       | 1.000                       | EA  | \$1,500.0000 | \$1,500.00                        |
| 0074 | 303000000-E<br>STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL         | 10675.000                   | LF  | \$16.5000    | \$176,137.50                      |
| 0075 | 3045000000-E<br>STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL, SHOP  | 562.500<br>CURVED           | LF  | \$17.5000    | \$9,843.75                        |
| 0076 | 3150000000-N<br>ADDITIONAL GUARDRAIL POSTS  | 15.000                      | EA  | \$44.0000    | \$660.00                          |
| 0077 | 3195000000-N<br>GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE A | 1.000<br>T-1                | EA  | \$650.0000   | \$650.00                          |
| 0078 | 3210000000-N<br>GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE   | 8.000<br>CAT-1              | EA  | \$625.0000   | \$5,000.00                        |
| 0079 | 3215000000-N<br>GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYP | 4.000<br>E III              | EA  | \$1,650.0000 | \$6,600.00                        |
| 0080 | 3287000000-N<br>GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE T | 10.000<br>L-3               | EA  | \$3,100.0000 | \$31,000.00                       |
| 0081 | 3317000000-N<br>GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYP | 7.000<br>E B-77             | EA  | \$1,650.0000 | \$11,550.00                       |
| 0082 | 3360000000-E<br>REMOVE EXISTING GUARDRAIL   | 9148.200                    | LF  | \$1.0000     | \$9,148.20                        |
| 0083 | 3380000000-E<br>TEMPORARY STEEL BEAM GUARDR | 837.500<br>AIL              | LF  | \$11.0000    | \$9,212.50                        |
| 0084 | 3383000000-E<br>TEMPORARY STEEL BEAM GUARDR | 662.500<br>AIL DOUBLE FACED | LF  | \$15.0000    | \$9,937.50                        |
| 0085 | 3387000000-N<br>TEMPORARY GUARDRAIL ANCHOR  | 4.000<br>UNITS, TYPE **     | EA<br>******* (B-77)                            | \$600.0000   | \$2,400.00                        |
| 0086 | 3387000000-N<br>TEMPORARY GUARDRAIL ANCHOR  | 2.000<br>UNITS, TYPE **     |   | \$600.0000   | \$1,200.00                        |
| 0087 | 3389150000-N<br>TEMPORARY GUARDRAIL END UNI | 2.000<br>TS, TYPE **** (TI  |   | \$2,700.0000 | \$5,400.00                        |
| 0088 | 3436000000-N<br>GENERIC GUARDRAIL ITEM TEMP | 4.000<br>ORARY GUARDRAIL EN |   | \$250.0000   | \$1,000.00                        |
| 0089 | 3503000000-E<br>WOVEN WIRE FENCE, 47" FABRI | 1090.000<br>C               | LF  | \$4.2500     | \$4,632.50                        |
| 0090 | 3509000000-E<br>4" TIMBER FENCE POSTS, 7'-6 | 56.000<br>" LONG            | EA  | \$18.0000    | \$1,008.00                        |
| 0091 | 3515000000-E<br>5" TIMBER FENCE POSTS, 8'-0 | 41.000<br>" LONG            | EA  | \$30.0000    | \$1,230.00                        |
| 0092 | 3628000000-E<br>RIP RAP, CLASS I            | 820.000                     | TON   | \$45.0000    | \$36,900.00                       |
| 0093 | 3649000000-E<br>RIP RAP, CLASS B            | 230.000                     | TON   | \$45.0000    | \$10,350.00                       |
| 0094 | 3656000000-E<br>GEOTEXTILE FOR DRAINAGE     | 2440.000                    | SY  | \$3.0000     | \$7,320.00                        |
| 0095 | 4025000000-E<br>CONTRACTOR FURNISHED, TYPE  | 853.250<br>***SIGN (A)      | SF  | \$28.0000    | \$23,891.00                       |
| 0096 | 4025000000-E<br>CONTRACTOR FURNISHED, TYPE  | 164.000<br>***SIGN (B)      | SF  | \$28.0000    | \$4,592.00                        |
|      |   |                             |   |              |                                   |

35.500 SF

0097

4025000000-E

Check: D276AC2B96 Amendment Count: 0

\$710.00

\$20.0000

|      | CONTRACTOR FURNISHED, TYPE ***SIGN (D)                                       |                     |                     |
|------|--|---------------------|---------------------|
| 0098 | 4025000000-E 471.650 SF  | \$17.0000           | \$8,018.05          |
|      | CONTRACTOR FURNISHED, TYPE ***SIGN (E)                                       | ģ17. 0000           | <u> </u>            |
| 0099 | 4025000000-E 89.310 SF CONTRACTOR FURNISHED, TYPE ***SIGN (F)                | \$17.0000           | \$1,518.27          |
| 0100 | 4025000000-E 6.000 SF  | \$23.0000           | \$138.00            |
| 0100 | CONTRACTOR FURNISHED, TYPE ***SIGN (MILEMARKER)                              | 723.0000            | 7130.00             |
| 0101 | 4048000000-E 6.000 CY  | \$1,200.0000        | \$7,200.00          |
| 0101 | REINFORCED CONCRETE SIGN FOUN-DATIONS  | ¥1 <b>,</b> 200.000 | Ψ7 <b>,</b> 200.00  |
| 0102 | 405400000-E 2.000 CY   | \$750.0000          | \$1,500.00          |
| 0102 | PLAIN CONCRETE SIGN FOUNDA- TIONS  | 4 700 1000          | 41,000.00           |
| 0103 | 406000000-E 3858.000 LB  | \$5.5000            | \$21,219.00         |
| 0100 | SUPPORTS, BREAKAWAY STEEL BEAM   | 40.0000             | 421,213.00          |
| 0104 | 4066000000-E 3364.000 LB   | \$4.5000            | \$15,138.00         |
| 0101 | SUPPORTS, SIMPLE STEEL BEAM  | 71.0000             | 7137130.00          |
| 0105 | 4072000000-E 1550.000 LF   | \$7.0000            | \$10,850.00         |
| 0103 | SUPPORTS, 3-LB STEEL U-CHANNEL   | ¥7.0000             | Ψ10 <b>,</b> 030.00 |
| 0106 | 409600000-N 4.000 EA   | \$175.0000          | \$700.00            |
| 0100 | SIGN ERECTION, TYPE D  | 7173.0000           | 7700.00             |
| 0107 | 4102000000-N 51.000 EA   | \$65.0000           | \$3,315.00          |
| 0107 | SIGN ERECTION, TYPE E  | 703.0000            | 43,313.00           |
| 0108 | 4108000000-N 8.000 EA  | \$150.0000          | \$1,200.00          |
| 0108 | SIGN ERECTION, TYPE F  | 7130.0000           | 71,200.00           |
| 0109 | 4110000000-N 9.000 EA  | \$600.0000          | \$5,400.00          |
| 0109 | SIGN ERECTION, TYPE *** (GROUND MOUNTED) (A)                                 | 7000.0000           | 75,400.00           |
| 0110 | 4110000000-N 2.000 EA  | \$600.0000          | \$1,200.00          |
| 0110 | SIGN ERECTION, TYPE *** (GROUND MOUNTED) (B)                                 | 7000.0000           | 71,200.00           |
| 0111 | 4110000000-N 2.000 EA  | \$75.0000           | \$150.00            |
| 0111 | SIGN ERECTION, TYPE *** (GROUND MOUNTED) (MILEMARKERS)                       | \$75.0000           | \$10.00             |
| 0112 | 4116100000-N 3.000 EA  | \$600.0000          | \$1,800.00          |
| 0112 | SIGN ERECTION, RELOCATE TYPE **** (GROUND MOUNTED) (A)                       | 7000.0000           | 71,000.00           |
| 0112 | 4116100000-N 1.000 EA  | \$600.0000          | \$600.00            |
| 0113 | SIGN ERECTION, RELOCATE TYPE **** (GROUND MOUNTED) (B)                       | 2000.0000           | \$600.00            |
| 0114 | <u> </u>   | \$150 0000          | \$450.00            |
| 0114 | 4116100000-N 3.000 EA SIGN ERECTION, RELOCATE TYPE **** (GROUND MOUNTED) (D) | \$150.0000          | \$450.00            |
| 0115 |  | ¢100 0000           | \$100.00            |
| 0113 | 4116100000-N 1.000 EA SIGN ERECTION, RELOCATE TYPE **** (GROUND MOUNTED) (E) | \$100.0000          | \$100.00            |
| 0116 | 4138000000-N 8.000 EA  | \$20.0000           | \$1.60,00           |
| 0110 | DISPOSAL OF SUPPORT, STEEL BEAM  | \$20.0000           | \$160.00            |
| 0117 |  | \$20.0000           | \$100.00            |
| 0117 | 4152000000-N 5.000 EA DISPOSAL OF SIGN SYSTEM, STEELBEAM                     | 720.0000            | \$100.00            |
| 0118 | 4155000000-N 60.000 EA   | \$5.2500            | \$315.00            |
| 0110 | DISPOSAL OF SIGN SYSTEM, U- CHANNEL  | 73.2300             | \$313.00            |
| 0110 |  | ¢E 2500             | ¢2.C. 2.E           |
| 0119 | 4192000000-N 5.000 EA DISPOSAL OF SUPPORT, U-CHANNEL                         | \$5.2500            | \$26.25             |
| 0120 |  | ¢E 2500             | 610 50              |
| 0120 | 4238000000-N 2.000 EA DISPOSAL OF SIGN, D, E OR F                            | \$5.2500            | \$10.50             |
| 0101 |  | 614 0000            | 610 276 00          |
| 0121 | 440000000-E 884.000 SF WORK ZONE SIGNS (STATIONARY)                          | \$14.0000           | \$12,376.00         |
|      | HOLE BOND COLLISIONALLY  |                     |                     |

Letting: L190618 North Carolina Department of Transportation Contract ID: C204341 06/18/2019 02:00:00 PM 16857 - National Bridge Builders, LLC. Call: 010 4405000000-E 1805.000 SF 0122 \$9.7500 \$17,598.75 WORK ZONE SIGNS (PORTABLE) 0123 4410000000-E 234.000 SF \$10.0000 \$2,340.00 WORK ZONE SIGNS (BARRICADE MOUNTED) 0124 4415000000-N 7.000 EA \$5,500.0000 \$38,500.00 FLASHING ARROW BOARD 4420000000-N 0125 5.000 EA \$10,800.0000 \$54,000.00 PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN 0126 4422000000-N 42.000 DAY \$75.0000 \$3,150.00 PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (SHORT TERM) 0127 4430000000-N 300.000 EA \$100.0000 \$30,000.00 DRUMS 0128 4434000000-N 12.000 EA \$155.0000 \$1,860.00 SEQUENTIAL FLASHING WARNING LIGHTS 0129 4445000000-E 208.000 LF \$25.0000 \$5,200.00 BARRICADES (TYPE III) 0130 4455000000-N 1440.000 DAY \$200.0000 \$288,000.00 FLAGGER 0131 4465000000-N 7.000 EA \$5,000.0000 \$35,000.00 TEMPORARY CRASH CUSHIONS \$37,700.00 0132 4470000000-N 13.000 EΑ \$2,900.0000 REMOVE & RESET TEMPORARY CRASH CUSHION 0133 \$70,000.00 4480000000-N 4.000 EA \$17,500.0000 TMA 0134 1170.000 LF 4485000000-E \$22.0000 \$25,740.00 PORTABLE CONCRETE BARRIER 0135 4490000000-E 5450.000 LF \$28.0000 \$152,600.00 PORTABLE CONCRETE BARRIER (ANCHORED) 0136 4505000000-E 4230.000 LF \$12.5000 \$52,875.00 REMOVE & RESET PORTABLE CONC-0137 4510000000-N 120.000 HR \$65.0000 \$7,800.00 LAW ENFORCEMENT 0138 4650000000-N 560.000 EA \$8.0000 \$4,480.00 TEMPORARY RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS 0139 4695000000-E

> Errors: No Page 7

50.000 LF

350.000 LF

8.000 EA

43.000 EA

3600.000 LF

57441.000 LF

600.000 LF

341.000 LF

THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKINGLINES (8", 90 MILS)

THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKINGLINES (12", 90 MILS)

THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKINGCHARACTER (90 MILS)

COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES, TYPE \*\* (4") (IV)

(4")

(8")

THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKINGSYMBOL (90 MILS)

470000000-E

4720000000-E

4725000000-E

477000000-E

4810000000-E

4820000000-E

4835000000-E

PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES

PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES

0140

0141

0142

0143

0144

0145

0146

Check: D276AC2B96 Amendment Count: 0

\$250.00

\$1,050.00

\$1,000.00

\$5,375.00

\$13,500.00

\$17,232.30

\$600.00

\$1,023.00

\$5.0000

\$3.0000

\$125.0000

\$125.0000

\$3.7500

\$0.3000

\$1.0000

\$3.0000

|      | PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES                  | (24")                        |    |                             |             |
|------|---|------------------------------|----|-----------------------------|-------------|
| 0147 | 484000000-N<br>PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING CHARAC  | 16.000<br>-TER               | EA | \$75.0000                   | \$1,200.00  |
| 0148 | 4845000000-N<br>PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL | 154.000                      | EA | \$75.0000                   | \$11,550.00 |
| 0149 | 4847010000-E<br>POLYUREA PAVEMENT MARKING     |                              |    | \$1.0000                    | \$8,450.00  |
| 0150 | 4847030000-E<br>POLYUREA PAVEMENT MARKING     | 19600.000<br>LINES (6", 20 M |    | \$1.2000                    | \$23,520.00 |
| 0151 | 4847050000-E<br>POLYUREA PAVEMENT MARKING     | 600.000<br>LINES (8", 20 M   |    | \$2.0000                    | \$1,200.00  |
| 0152 | 4847070000-E<br>POLYUREA PAVEMENT MARKING     | 2000.000<br>LINES (12", 20   |    | \$2.3000                    | \$4,600.00  |
| 0153 | 4847500000-E<br>WORK ZONE PERFORMANCE PAVEMEN | 36054.000<br>IMARKING LINES, |    | \$0.6500                    | \$23,435.10 |
| 0154 | 4847600000-E<br>WORK ZONE PERFORMANCE PAVEMEN | 2800.000<br>IMARKING LINES,  |    | \$1.4000                    | \$3,920.00  |
| 0155 | 4850000000-E<br>REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING   |                              | LF | \$0.7000                    | \$31,150.00 |
| 0156 | 4855000000-E<br>REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING   |                              | LF | \$0.7500                    | \$30,750.00 |
| 0157 | 486000000-E<br>REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING    |                              | LF | \$1.0000                    | \$1,500.00  |
| 0158 | 4865000000-E<br>REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING   |                              | LF | \$1.5000                    | \$3,150.00  |
| 0159 | 4870000000-E<br>REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING   |                              | LF | \$3.0000                    | \$600.00    |
| 0160 | 4875000000-N<br>REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING   |                              |    | \$75.0000                   | \$4,500.00  |
| 0161 | 4891000000-E<br>GENERIC PAVEMENT MARKING ITEM | 340.000<br>THERMOPLASTIC P.  |    | \$10.0000<br>(24", 90 MILS) | \$3,400.00  |
| 0162 | 490000000-N<br>PERMANENT RAISED PAVEMENT      | 5.000<br>MARKERS             | EA | \$100.0000                  | \$500.00    |
| 0163 | 4905000000-N<br>SNOWPLOWABLE PAVEMENT MARKERS | 520.000                      | EA | \$28.5000                   | \$14,820.00 |
| 0164 | 5325600000-E<br>6" WATER LINE                 | 23.000                       | LF | \$60.0000                   | \$1,380.00  |
| 0165 | 5326200000-E<br>12" WATER LINE                | 441.000                      | LF | \$100.0000                  | \$44,100.00 |
| 0166 | 5326600000-E<br>16" WATER LINE                | 159.000                      | LF | \$100.0000                  | \$15,900.00 |
| 0167 | 5329000000-E<br>DUCTILE IRON WATER PIPE       | 1865.000<br>FITTINGS         | LB | \$10.0000                   | \$18,650.00 |
| 0168 | 5558000000-E<br>12" VALVE                     | 1.000                        | EA | \$3,500.0000                | \$3,500.00  |
| 0169 | 5666000000-N<br>FIRE HYDRANT                  | 1.000                        | EA | \$5,000.0000                | \$5,000.00  |
| 0170 | 5672000000-N<br>RELOCATE FIRE HYDRANT         | 1.000                        | EA | \$2,500.0000                | \$2,500.00  |

| Letting: L190618<br>06/18/2019 02:00:00 PM |  | •                  | ment of Transportation<br>Fridge Builders, LLC. |              | Contract ID: C204341<br>Call: 010 |  |
|--|--|--------------------|---|--------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| 0171                                       | 5709400000-E<br>8" FORCE MAIN SEWER          | 131.000            | LF  | \$125.0000   | \$16,375.00                       |  |
| 0172                                       | 5709500000-E<br>10" FORCE MAIN SEWER         | 165.000            | LF  | \$25.0000    | \$4,125.00                        |  |
| 0173                                       | 5769000000-E<br>DUCTILE IRON SEWER PIPE      | 220.000 FITTINGS   | LB  | \$10.0000    | \$2,200.00                        |  |
| 0174                                       | 5801000000-E<br>ABANDON 8" UTILITY PIPE      | 361.000            | LF  | \$15.0000    | \$5,415.00                        |  |
| 0175                                       | 5804000000-E<br>ABANDON 12" UTILITY PIPE     | 661.000            | LF  | \$20.0000    | \$13,220.00                       |  |
| 0176                                       | 5872600000-E<br>DIRECTIONAL DRILLING OF **"  | 165.000            | LF  | \$185.0000   | \$30,525.00                       |  |
| 0177                                       | 5872600000-E<br>DIRECTIONAL DRILLING OF **"  | 159.000<br>(16")   | LF  | \$250.0000   | \$39,750.00                       |  |
| 0178                                       | 600000000-E<br>TEMPORARY SILT FENCE          | 9735.000           | LF  | \$3.2500     | \$31,638.75                       |  |
| 0179                                       | 6006000000-E<br>STONE FOR EROSION CONTROL,   | 420.000<br>CLASS A | TON   | \$40.0000    | \$16,800.00                       |  |
| 0180                                       | 6009000000-E<br>STONE FOR EROSION CONTROL,   |                    | TON   | \$40.0000    | \$33,800.00                       |  |
| 0181                                       | 6012000000-E<br>SEDIMENT CONTROL STONE       | 1125.000           | TON   | \$40.0000    | \$45,000.00                       |  |
| 0182                                       | 6015000000-E<br>TEMPORARY MULCHING           | 6.500              | ACR   | \$1,100.0000 | \$7,150.00                        |  |
| 0183                                       | 6018000000-E<br>SEED FOR TEMPORARY SEEDING   | 500.000            | LB  | \$3.5000     | \$1,750.00                        |  |
| 0184                                       | 6021000000-E<br>FERTILIZER FOR TEMPORARY SEE | 3.500<br>ED-ING    | TON   | \$800.0000   | \$2,800.00                        |  |
| 0185                                       | 6024000000-E<br>TEMPORARY SLOPE DRAINS       | 1100.000           | LF  | \$15.0000    | \$16,500.00                       |  |
| 0186                                       | 6029000000-E<br>SAFETY FENCE                 | 600.000            | LF  | \$1.5000     | \$900.00                          |  |
| 0187                                       | 603000000-E<br>SILT EXCAVATION               | 1900.000           | СУ  | \$15.0000    | \$28,500.00                       |  |
| 0188                                       | 6036000000-E<br>MATTING FOR EROSION CONTROL  | 43500.000          | SY  | \$1.7500     | \$76,125.00                       |  |
| 0189                                       | 6037000000-E<br>COIR FIBER MAT               | 100.000            | SY  | \$5.0000     | \$500.00                          |  |
| 0190                                       | 6038000000-E<br>PERMANENT SOIL REINFORCEMENT | 460.000            | SY  | \$10.0000    | \$4,600.00                        |  |
| 0191                                       | 6042000000-E<br>1/4" HARDWARE CLOTH          | 3135.000           | LF  | \$5.0000     | \$15,675.00                       |  |
| 0192                                       | 6045000000-E<br>**" TEMPORARY PIPE (15")     | 125.000            | LF  | \$50.0000    | \$6,250.00                        |  |
| 0193                                       | 6045000000-E<br>**" TEMPORARY PIPE (24")     | 125.000            | LF  | \$55.0000    | \$6,875.00                        |  |
| 0194                                       | 607000000-N<br>SPECIAL STILLING BASINS       | 3.000              | EA  | \$500.0000   | \$1,500.00                        |  |
| 0195                                       | 6071012000-E                                 | 300.000            | LF  | \$10.0000    | \$3,000.00                        |  |

| COIR FIBER WATTLE  |  |   |  |
|--|--|---|--|
| 6071020000-E 290.000<br>POLYACRYLAMIDE (PAM)                 | LB   | \$10.0000   | \$2,900.00                               |
| 6071030000-E 625.000<br>COIR FIBER BAFFLE                    | LF   | \$7.0000  | \$4,375.00                               |
| 6.000 **" SKIMMER (1-1/2")                                   | EA   | \$1,500.0000  | \$9,000.00                               |
| 6.000 SEEDING & MULCHING                                     | ACR  | \$2,100.0000  | \$12,600.00                              |
| 6087000000-E 6.000<br>MOWING                                 | ACR  | \$400.0000  | \$2,400.00                               |
| 6090000000-E 100.000<br>SEED FOR REPAIR SEEDING              | LB   | \$2.0000  | \$200.00                                 |
| 6093000000-E 0.250 FERTILIZER FOR REPAIR SEEDING             | TON  | \$600.0000  | \$150.00                                 |
| 6096000000-E 150.000<br>SEED FOR SUPPLEMENTAL SEEDING        | LB   | \$6.0000  | \$900.00                                 |
| 6108000000-E 4.250 FERTILIZER TOPDRESSING                    | TON  | \$1,000.0000  | \$4,250.00                               |
| 6111000000-E 99.000 IMPERVIOUS DIKE                          | LF   | \$50.0000   | \$4,950.00                               |
| 6114500000-N 10.000<br>SPECIALIZED HAND MOWING               | MHR  | \$40.0000   | \$400.00                                 |
| 6117000000-N 25.000 RESPONSE FOR EROSION CONTROL             | EA   | \$250.0000  | \$6,250.00                               |
| 6117500000-N 6.000 CONCRETE WASHOUT STRUCTURE                | EA   | \$750.0000  | \$4,500.00                               |
| 6123000000-E 3.000 REFORESTATION                             | ACR  | \$2,500.0000  | \$7,500.00                               |
|  |  | \$875.0000  | \$1,750.00                               |
| 7060000000-E 4690.000<br>SIGNAL CABLE                        | LF   | \$3.2500  | \$15,242.50                              |
| 7120000000-E 23.000<br>VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 3 SECTION)  | EA   | \$900.0000  | \$20,700.00                              |
| 7132000000-E 3.000<br>VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 4 SECTION)   | EA   | \$975.0000  | \$2,925.00                               |
| 7144000000-E 6.000<br>VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 5 SECTION)   | EA   | \$1,350.0000  | \$8,100.00                               |
| 7264000000-E 830.000<br>MESSENGER CABLE (3/8")               | LF   | \$4.2500  | \$3,527.50                               |
| 7279000000-E 350.000<br>TRACER WIRE                          | LF   | \$0.5000  | \$175.00                                 |
| 7288000000-E 10.000 PAVED TRENCHING (*********) (1, 2")      | LF   | \$25.5000   | \$255.00                                 |
| 7300000000-E 820.000<br>UNPAVED TRENCHING (********) (1, 2") | LF   | \$7.5000  | \$6,150.00                               |
| 7300000000-E 180.000<br>UNPAVED TRENCHING (********) (2, 2") | LF   | \$8.2500  | \$1,485.00                               |
|  | ### REPORT STATE OF TREE BASE O | FOLYACRYLAMIDE (PAM)  6071030000-E 60571030000-E 605710300000-E 60571030000-E 605710300000-E 605710300000-E 605710300000-E 605710300000-E 605710300000-E 605710300000-E 605710300000-E 605710300000-E 605710300000-E 6057103000000-E 60571030000000-E 605710300000000-E 60571030000000000000-E 60571030000000000000000000000000000000000 | ### POLYACRYLAMIDE (PAM)  ***OT1030000-E |

Contract ID: C204341 Letting: L190618 North Carolina Department of Transportation 06/18/2019 02:00:00 PM 16857 - National Bridge Builders, LLC. Call: 010 0220 7300000000-E 110.000 LF \$9.2500 \$1,017.50 UNPAVED TRENCHING (\*\*\*\*\*\*\*) (3, 2") 0221 7300000000-E 230.000 LF \$10.5000 \$2,415.00 UNPAVED TRENCHING (\*\*\*\*\*\*\*) (4, 2") 0222 7301000000-E 120.000 LF \$16.5000 \$1,980.00 DIRECTIONAL DRILL (\*\*\*\*\*\*\*) (1, 2") 0223 7301000000-E 260.000 LF \$18.5000 \$4,810.00 DIRECTIONAL DRILL (\*\*\*\*\*\*\*) (2, 2") 7301000000-E 0224 110.000 LF \$21.5000 \$2,365.00 DIRECTIONAL DRILL (\*\*\*\*\*\*\*) (4, 2") 0225 7324000000-N 19.000 EA \$350.0000 \$6,650.00 JUNCTION BOX (STANDARD SIZE) 0226 7348000000-N 3.000 EA \$575.0000 \$1,725.00 JUNCTION BOX (OVER-SIZED, HEA-VY DUTY) 0227 7360000000-N 8.000 EA \$950.0000 \$7,600.00 WOOD POLE 0228 7372000000-N 13.000 EA \$500.0000 \$6,500.00 GUY ASSEMBLY 0229 7408000000-E 2.000 EA \$950.00 \$475.0000 1" RISER WITH WEATHERHEAD 0230 7420000000-E 2.000 EA \$575.0000 \$1,150.00 2" RISER WITH WEATHERHEAD 0231 7432000000-E 2.000 EA \$575.0000 \$1,150.00 2" RISER WITH HEAT SHRINK TUBING 0232 7444000000-E 1160.000 LF \$8.5000 \$9,860.00 INDUCTIVE LOOP SAWCUT 0233 7456000000-E 2210.000 LF \$1.9500 \$4,309.50 LEAD-IN CABLE (\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*) (14-2) 0234 7481000000-N 2.000 EA \$1,500.0000 \$3,000.00 SITE SURVEY 0235 7481200000-N 6.000 EA \$675.0000 \$4,050.00 LUMINAIRE ARM FOR VIDEO SYSTEM 0236 7481240000-N 6.000 EA \$2,975.0000 \$17,850.00 CAMERA WITHOUT INTERNAL LOOP EMULATOR PROCESSING UNIT 0237 7481260000-N 2.000 EA \$8,500.0000 \$17,000.00 EXTERNAL LOOP EMULATOR PRO-CESSING UNIT 0238 7481280000-N 12.000 EA \$800.0000 \$9,600.00 RELOCATE CAMERA SENSOR UNIT 0239 7528000000-E 450.000 LF \$2.7500 \$1,237.50 DROP CABLE 0240 7541000000-N 2.000 EA \$1,650.0000 \$3,300.00 MODIFY SPLICE ENCLOSURE 0241 7552000000-N \$2,250.0000 \$4,500.00 2.000 EA INTERCONNECT CENTER 0242 7564000000-N 2.000 EA \$2,275.0000 \$4,550.00 FIBER-OPTIC TRANSCEIVER, DROP & REPEAT 0243 7566000000-N 3.000 EA \$185.0000 \$555.00 DELINEATOR MARKER 0244 7575160000-E 260.000 LF \$1.2500 \$325.00

> Errors: No Page 11

|         | REMOVE EXISTING COMMUNICATION   | SCABLE  |                |   |  |
|---------|---|---|----------------|---|--|
| 0245    | 7588000000-N<br>METAL POLE WITH SINGLE MAST   |   | EA             | \$21,775.0000                                 | \$87,100.00  |
| 0246    | 7613000000-N<br>SOIL TEST   | 4.000   | EA             | \$1,400.0000                                  | \$5,600.00   |
| 0247    | 7614100000-E<br>DRILLED PIER FOUNDATION   | 24.000  | CY             | \$875.0000                                    | \$21,000.00  |
| 0248    | 7631000000-N<br>MAST ARM WITH METAL POLE DE-  | 4.000<br>SIGN   | EA             | \$350.0000                                    | \$1,400.00   |
| 0249    | 7636000000-N<br>SIGN FOR SIGNALS  | 6.000   | EA             | \$475.0000                                    | \$2,850.00   |
| 0250    | 7642200000-N<br>TYPE II PEDESTAL WITH FOUND-  | 2.000<br>ATION  | EA             | \$1,550.0000                                  | \$3,100.00   |
| 0251    | 7684000000-N<br>SIGNAL CABINET FOUNDATION   | 2.000   | EA             | \$1,350.0000                                  | \$2,700.00   |
| 0252    | 7696000000-N<br>CONTROLLERS WITH CABINET  | 2.000   |                | \$13,500.0000<br>) (TYPE 2070E, BASE MOUNTED) |  |
| 0253    | 7744000000-N<br>DETECTOR CARD (TYPE 170)  | 9.000   | EA             | \$120.0000                                    | \$1,080.00   |
| 0254    | 7901000000-N<br>CABINET BASE EXTENDER   | 2.000   | EA             | \$500.0000                                    | \$1,000.00   |
| 0255    | 7980000000-N<br>GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM MICROWAVE   | 1.000<br>VEHICLE DETECTI  |                | \$6,500.0000<br>MULTIPLE ZONES                | \$6,500.00   |
| 0256    | 7980000000-N<br>GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM PROTECTIV   |   |                |   | \$11,000.00  |
| 0257    | 798000000-N<br>GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM PROTECTIV  | 2.000<br>E COATING FOR SI   |                | \$250.0000<br>FAL (BLACK)                     | \$500.00   |
| 0258    | 799000000-E<br>GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM BACK PULI  |   |                | \$1.5000                                      | \$1,110.00   |
| Section | on 0001 Total   |   |                |   | \$9,420,713.32   |
|         | on 0002   |   |                |   |  |
| 0259    | LVERT ITEMS  8126000000-N  CULVERT EXCAVATION, STA *****  | 1.000<br>* (11+57.95-L-)  | LS             | \$15,000.0000                                 | \$15,000.00  |
|         |   | 1.000   | LS             | \$15,000.0000                                 | \$15,000.00  |
| 0260    | 8126000000-N CULVERT EXCAVATION, STA *****  |   | )              |   |  |
| 0260    |   | * (16+31.90-RPC-  | -              | \$30,000.0000                                 | \$30,000.00  |
|         | CULVERT EXCAVATION, STA ***** 8126000000-N  | * (16+31.90-RPC-<br>1.000<br>* (25+49.32-L-)<br>109.000                     | LS             | \$30,000.0000                                 |  |
| 0261    | CULVERT EXCAVATION, STA *****  8126000000-N  CULVERT EXCAVATION, STA *****  8133000000-E  | * (16+31.90-RPC-<br>1.000<br>* (25+49.32-L-)<br>109.000                     | LS<br>TON<br>T |   | \$6,540.00   |
| 0261    | CULVERT EXCAVATION, STA *****  8126000000-N  CULVERT EXCAVATION, STA *****  8133000000-E  FOUNDATION CONDITIONING MATER  8196000000-E | * (16+31.90-RPC-<br>1.000<br>* (25+49.32-L-)<br>109.000<br>-IAL, BOX CULVER | TON<br>T<br>CY | \$60.0000                                     | \$30,000.00<br>\$6,540.00<br>\$187,875.00<br>\$36,736.25 |

|         | on 0003<br>LL ITEMS                      |          |                    |              |
|---------|--|----------|--------------------|--------------|
| 0265    | 8801000000-E 5440                        | .000 SF  | \$75.0000          | \$408,000.00 |
|         | MSE RETAINING WALL NO **** (1)           |          |                    |              |
| 0266    | 8801000000-E 4195                        | .000 SF  | \$75.0000          | \$314,625.00 |
|         | MSE RETAINING WALL NO **** (2)           |          |                    |              |
| Section | on 0003 Total                            |          |                    | \$722,625.00 |
|         |  |          |                    |              |
|         | on 0004<br>RUCTURE ITEMS                 |          |                    |              |
| 0267    | 8035000000-N 1                           | .000 LS  | \$250,000.0000     | \$250,000.00 |
|         | REMOVAL OF EXISTING STRUCTURE AT STATION | *****    | **** (27+83.62-L-) |              |
| 0268    | 8065000000-N 1                           | .000 LS  | \$2,500.0000       | \$2,500.00   |
|         | ASBESTOS ASSESSMENT                      |          |                    |              |
| 0269    | 8108000000-E 159                         | .830 LF  | \$1,000.0000       | \$159,830.00 |
|         | **'-**" DIA DRILLED PIERS (4'-0")        |          |                    |              |
| 0270    | 8112730000-N 1                           | .000 EA  | \$2,000.0000       | \$2,000.00   |
|         | PDA TESTING                              |          |                    |              |
| 0271    | 8114000000-N 5                           | .000 EA  | \$1,000.0000       | \$5,000.00   |
|         | SPT TESTING                              |          |                    |              |
| 0272    | 8115000000-N 1                           | .000 EA  | \$2,450.0000       | \$2,450.00   |
|         | CSL TESTING                              |          |                    |              |
| 0273    | 8147000000-E 11739                       | .000 SF  | \$42.0000          | \$493,038.00 |
|         | REINFORCED CONCRETE DECK SLAB            |          |                    |              |
| 0274    | 8161000000-E 11177                       | .000 SF  | \$0.7500           | \$8,382.75   |
|         | GROOVING BRIDGE FLOORS                   |          |                    |              |
| 0275    | 8182000000-E 264                         | .200 CY  | \$750.0000         | \$198,150.00 |
|         | CLASS A CONCRETE (BRIDGE)                |          |                    |              |
| 0276    | 8210000000-N 1                           | .000 LS  | \$100,000.0000     | \$100,000.00 |
|         | BRIDGE APPROACH SLABS, STATION*********  | * (27+83 |                    |              |
| 0277    | 8217000000-E 47925                       | .000 LB  | \$1.2500           | \$59,906.25  |
|         | REINFORCING STEEL (BRIDGE)               |          |                    |              |
| 0278    | 8238000000-E 6494                        | .000 LB  | \$2.5000           | \$16,235.00  |
|         | SPIRAL COLUMN REINFORCING STEEL (BRID    |          |                    | , ,          |
| 0279    | 827400000-E 1499                         | .460 LF  | \$275.0000         | \$412,351.50 |
|         | MODIFIED 63" PRESTRESSED CONC GIRDERS    |          |                    |              |
| 0280    | 8328200000-E 30                          | .000 EA  | \$450.0000         | \$13,500.00  |
|         | PILE DRIVING EQUIPMENT SETUP (HP12X53)   |          |                    |              |
| 0281    | 8364000000-E 1320                        | .000 LF  | \$30.0000          | \$39,600.00  |
|         | HP12X53 STEEL PILES                      |          | ·                  | •            |
| 0282    | 8475000000-E 420                         | .220 LF  | \$95.0000          | \$39,920.90  |
|         | TWO BAR METAL RAIL                       | ,        | 4201000            | , 52, 520.50 |
| 0283    |  | .900 LF  | \$125.0000         | \$54,737.50  |
| 3233    | 1'-**"X *****" CONCRETE PARA- PET (1'-2" |          |                    | TO 17 101.00 |
| 0284    | ·  | .000 SY  | \$150.0000         | \$11,250.00  |
| 0201    | 4" SLOPE PROTECTION                      |          | Ŷ130 <b>.</b> 0000 | Y11,200.00   |
|         |  |          |                    |              |

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|--|--------------------------------------|---|---------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| 0285                                       | 8657000000-N<br>ELASTOMERIC BEARINGS | 1.000 LS  | \$15,000.0000 | \$15,000.00                       |  |
| 0286                                       | 8692000000-N<br>FOAM JOINT SEALS     | 1.000 LS  | \$40,000.0000 | \$40,000.00                       |  |
| Section                                    | on 0004 Total                        |   |               | \$1,923,851.90                    |  |
| Item 1                                     | [otal                                |   |               | \$12,358,341.47                   |  |

#### ELECTRONIC BID SUBMISSION

By submitting this bid electronically, I hereby acknowledge that all requirements included in the hard copy proposal, addendum, amendments, plans, standard specifications, supplemental specifications and special provisions are part of the bid and contract. Further, I acknowledge that I have read, understand, accept, acknowledge and agree to comply with all statements in this electronic bid.

\_\_\_\_\_\_

### NON-COLLUSION, DEBARMENT AND GIFT BAN CERTIFICATION

The prequalified bidder declares (or certifies, verifies, or states) under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States that neither he, nor any official, agent or employee has entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action which is in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with any bid or contract, that the prequalified bidder has not been convicted of violating N.C.G.S. §133-24 within the last three years, and that the prequalified bidder intends to do the work with his own bonafide employees or subcontractors and will not bid for the benefit of another contractor.

By submitting this non-collusion, debarment and gift ban certification, the Contractor is attesting his status under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States in accordance with the Debarment Certification attached, provided that the Debarment Certification also includes any required statements concerning exceptions that are applicable.

N.C.G.S. §133-32 and Executive Order 24 prohibit the offer to, or acceptance by, any State Employee of any gift from anyone with a contract with the State, or from any person seeking to do business with the State. By execution of any response in this procurement, you attest, for your entire organization and its employees or agents, that you are not aware that any such gift has been offered, accepted, or promised by any employees of your organization.

## DEBARMENT CERTIFICATION OF PREQUALIFIED BIDDER

Conditions for certification:

- 1. The prequalified bidder shall provide immediate written notice to the Department if at any time the bidder learns that his certification was erroneous when he submitted his debarment certification or explanation that is file with the Department, or has become erroneous because of changed circumstances.
- 2. The terms covered transaction, debarred, suspended, ineligible, lower tier

covered transaction, participant, person, primary covered transaction, principal, proposal, and voluntarily excluded, as used in this provision, have the meanings set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of the rules implementing Executive Order 12549. A copy of the Federal Rules requiring this certification and detailing the definitions and coverages may be obtained from the Contract Officer of the Department.

- 3. The prequalified bidder agrees by submitting this form, that he will not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in NCDOT contracts, unless authorized by the Department.
- 4. For Federal Aid projects, the prequalified bidder further agrees that by submitting this form he will include the Federal- Aid Provision titled Required Contract Provisions Federal-Aid Construction Contract (Form FHWA PR 1273) provided by the Department, without subsequent modification, in all lower tier covered transactions.
- 5. The prequalified bidder may rely upon a certification of a participant in a lower tier covered transaction that he is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless he knows that the certification is erroneous. The bidder may decide the method and frequency by which he will determine the eligibility of his subcontractors.
- 6. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this provision. The knowledge and information of a participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- 7. Except as authorized in paragraph 6 herein, the Department may terminate any contract if the bidder knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available by the Federal Government.

### DEBARMENT CERTIFICATION

The prequalified bidder certifies to the best of his knowledge and belief, that he and his principals:

- a. Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;
- b. Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or

Contract ID: C204341 Call: 010

commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records; making false statements; or receiving stolen property;

- c. Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph b. of this certification; and
- d. Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.
- e. Will submit a revised Debarment Certification immediately if his status changes and will show in his bid proposal an explanation for the change in status.

If the prequalified bidder cannot certify that he is not debarred, he shall provide an explanation with this submittal. An explanation will not necessarily result in denial of participation in a contract.

Failure to submit a non-collusion and debarment certification will result in the prequalified bidder's bid being considered non-responsive.

#### **EXPLANATION:**

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## Award Limits on Multiple Projects

By answering YES to this statement, the bidder acknowleges that they are using the award limits on multiple projects? Yes  $\odot$ No  $\odot$ 

A bidder who desires to bid on more than one project on which bids are to be opened on the same date, and who also desires to avoid receiving an award of more projects than he is equipped to handle, may bid on any number of projects but may limit the total amount of work awarded to him on selected projects by completing the AWARD LIMITS ON MULTIPLE PROJECTS.

The Award Limits on Multiple Projects must be filled in on each project bid for which the Bidder desires protection.

It is the desire of the Bidder to be awarded contracts, the value of which

will not exceed a total of for those

projects indicated herein, for which bids will be opened on (MM/DD/YY)

The Award Limits shall apply to the following projects:

Contract Number County

It is agreed that if I am (we are) the low Bidder(s) on indicated projects, the total value of which is more than the above stipulated award limits, the Board of Transportation will award me (us) projects from among those indicated

North Carolina Department of Transportation 16857 - National Bridge Builders, LLC.

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that have a total value not to exceed the award limit and will result in the lowest total bids to the Department of Transportation.

Errors: No Check: D276AC2B96
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Carolina Department of Transportation Contract ID: C204341 6857 - National Bridge Builders, LLC. Call: 010

# DBE List Summary

Project: STATE FUNDED Bidder ID: 16857

Bid Total: 12,358,341.47 Business Name: National Bridge Builders, LLC.

Goal: 4.00% (494,333.66)

Total Entered: 4.92% (608,036.85)

| ID   | Name                        | Is Supplier? Item Count | Amount Is Complete? |
|------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| 7334 | RRC CONCRETE INC            | No 9                    | 328,297.40 Yes      |
| 4898 | BULLINGTON CONSTRUCTION INC | No 15                   | 279,739.45 Yes      |

Errors: No Check: D276AC2B96
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North Carolina Department of Transportation 16857 - National Bridge Builders, LLC.

Letting: L190618 06/18/2019 02:00:00 PM

Name: RRC CONCRETE INC ID: 7334

Address: 1432 NORTH SHARON AMITY ROAD , CHARLOTTE, NC 28211

Used As: SubContractor DBE Items Total:\$328,297.40

#### Items for RRC CONCRETE INC

| Line Number            | Item Number                                | Quantity                   | Unit | Unit Price    | Extension Price |
|------------------------|--|----------------------------|------|---------------|-----------------|
| Section 000<br>ROADWAY |  |                            |      |               |                 |
|                        | 0000100000-N<br>LIZATION                   | 1.000                      | LS   | \$15,000.0000 | \$15,000.00     |
|                        | 2549000000-E<br>" CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER   | 5860.000                   | LF   | \$25.9400     | \$152,008.40    |
| 0064<br>SHOU           | 2556000000-E<br>LDER BERM GUTTER           | 706.000                    | LF   | \$35.5000     | \$25,063.00     |
| 0065<br>CONC           | 2577000000-E<br>RETE EXPRESSWAY GUTTER     | 88.000                     | LF   | \$102.0000    | \$8,976.00      |
| 0066<br>4" C           | 2591000000-E<br>ONCRETE SIDEWALK           | 1300.000                   | SY   | \$42.0000     | \$54,600.00     |
| 0067<br>CONC           | 2605000000-N<br>RETE CURB RAMPS            | 10.000                     | EA   | \$1,500.0000  | \$15,000.00     |
| 0068<br>6" C           | 2612000000-E<br>ONCRETE DRIVEWAY           | 30.000                     | SY   | \$90.0000     | \$2,700.00      |
| 0069<br>4" C           | 2619000000-E<br>ONCRETE PAVED DITCH        | 70.000                     | SY   | \$145.0000    | \$10,150.00     |
| 0070<br>5" M           | 2647000000-E<br>ONOLITHIC CONCRETE ISLANDS | 560.000<br>(SURFACE MOUNTE |      | \$80.0000     | \$44,800.00     |
| Section 000            | 1 Total                                    |                            |      |               | \$328,297.40    |
|                        |  |                            |      |               |                 |
| Item Total             |  |                            |      |               | \$328,297.40    |

Errors: No Page 21 Check: D276AC2B96 Amendment Count: 0

Contract ID: C204341

Call: 010

Letting: L190618 06/18/2019 02:00:00 PM

Name: BULLINGTON CONSTRUCTION INC ID: 4898

Address: 417 FOXGLOVE LANE , INDIAN TRAIL, NC 28079

Used As: SubContractor DBE Items Total:\$279,739.45

#### Items for BULLINGTON CONSTRUCTION INC

| Line N  | Number                 | Item Number                          | Quantity                   | Unit | Unit Price       | Extension Price |
|---------|------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|------|------------------|-----------------|
|         | on 0001<br>ADWAY ITEMS |                                      |                            |      |                  |                 |
| 0074    | STEEL BEAN             | 3030000000-E<br>M GUARDRAIL          | 10675.000                  | LF   | \$16.5000        | \$176,137.50    |
| 0075    | STEEL BEAL             | 3045000000-E<br>M GUARDRAIL, SHOP    |                            | LF   | \$17.5000        | \$9,843.75      |
| 0076    | ADDITIONA              | 3150000000-N<br>L GUARDRAIL POSTS    | 15.000                     | EA   | \$44.0000        | \$660.00        |
| 0077    | GUARDRAIL              | 3195000000-N<br>END UNITS, TYPE AT-  | 1.000                      | EA   | \$650.0000       | \$650.00        |
| 0078    | GUARDRAIL              | 3210000000-N<br>END UNITS, TYPE      | 8.000<br>CAT-1             | EA   | \$625.0000       | \$5,000.00      |
| 0079    | GUARDRAIL              | 3215000000-N<br>ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE   | 4.000                      | EA   | \$1,650.0000     | \$6,600.00      |
| 0800    | GUARDRAIL              | 3287000000-N<br>END UNITS, TYPE TL-  | 10.000                     | EA   | \$3,100.0000     | \$31,000.00     |
| 0081    | GUARDRAIL              | 3317000000-N<br>ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE   | 7.000<br>B-77              | EA   | \$1,650.0000     | \$11,550.00     |
| 0082    | REMOVE EX              | 3360000000-E<br>ISTING GUARDRAIL     | 9148.200                   | LF   | \$1.0000         | \$9,148.20      |
| 0083    | TEMPORARY              | 3380000000-E<br>STEEL BEAM GUARDRAI  | 837.500                    | LF   | \$11.0000        | \$9,212.50      |
| 0084    | TEMPORARY              | 3383000000-E<br>STEEL BEAM GUARDRAI  | 662.500<br>L DOUBLE FACED  | LF   | \$15.0000        | \$9,937.50      |
| 0085    | TEMPORARY              | 3387000000-N<br>GUARDRAIL ANCHOR     | 4.000<br>UNITS, TYPE **    |      | \$600.0000       | \$2,400.00      |
| 0086    | TEMPORARY              | 3387000000-N<br>GUARDRAIL ANCHOR     | 2.000<br>UNITS, TYPE **    |      | \$600.0000       | \$1,200.00      |
| 0087    | TEMPORARY              | 3389150000-N<br>GUARDRAIL END UNITS  | 2.000<br>G, TYPE **** (TI  |      | \$2,700.0000     | \$5,400.00      |
| 0088    | GENERIC G              | 3436000000-N<br>UARDRAIL ITEM TEMPOF | 4.000<br>RARY GUARDRAIL EN |      | \$250.0000<br>-1 | \$1,000.00      |
| Section | on 0001 Tota           | al                                   |                            |      |                  | \$279,739.45    |
|         |                        |                                      |                            |      |                  | 4050 500 :-     |
| Item 1  | LOCAT                  |                                      |                            |      |                  | \$279,739.45    |

Errors: No Page 22 Check: D276AC2B96 Amendment Count: 0

Contract ID: C204341

Call: 010

Letting: L190618 06/18/2019 02:00:00 PM North Carolina Department of Transportation 16857 - National Bridge Builders, LLC. Contract ID: C204341 Call: 010

THIS PROPOSAL CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING ERRORS/WARNINGS (IF ANY)

This Bid contains 0 amendment files

### Electronic Bid Submission

By submitting this bid electronically, I hereby acknowledge that all requirements included in the hard copy proposal, addendum, amendments, plans, standard specifications, supplemental specifications and special provisions are part of the bid and contract. Further, I acknowledge that I have read, understand, accept, acknowledge and agree to comply with all statements in this electronic bid.

| I nereby certify | tnat 1 | . nave | tne | autnority | to | submit | tnis | bla. |
|------------------|--------|--------|-----|-----------|----|--------|------|------|
| Signature        |        |        |     |           |    | _      |      |      |
| Agency           |        |        |     |           |    |        |      |      |
| Date             |        |        |     |           |    |        |      |      |
| Signature        |        |        |     |           |    | _      |      |      |
| Agency           |        |        |     |           | _  |        |      |      |
| Date             |        |        |     |           |    |        |      |      |
| Signature        |        |        |     |           |    | _      |      |      |
| Agency           |        |        |     |           | _  |        |      |      |
| Date             |        |        |     |           |    |        |      |      |

Page: 1 of 19

| Quantity<br>Unit                                 | Description   | Sec<br>#   | ItemNumber   | Line  |
|--|---|--|--|---|
|  |   |  |  | #   |
|  | ROADWAY ITEMS   |  |  |   |
| Lump Sum<br>LS                                   | MOBILIZATION  | 800  | 0000100000-N   | 0001  |
| Lump Sum<br>LS                                   | CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING                                  | 801  | 0000400000-N   | 0002  |
| Lump Sum<br>LS                                   | GRADING   | 226  | 0043000000-N   | 0003  |
| 1<br>ACR   | SUPPLEMENTARY CLEARING & GRUB-<br>BING                  | 226  | 0050000000-E   | 0004  |
| 1,600<br>CY                                      | UNDERCUT EXCAVATION                                     | 226  | 0057000000-E   | 0005  |
| 520<br>CY  | DRAINAGE DITCH EXCAVATION                               | 240  | 0134000000-E   | 0006  |
| 1,239<br>CY                                      | SELECT GRANULAR MATERIAL                                | 265  | 0195000000-E   | 0007  |
| 1,176<br>SY                                      | GEOTEXTILE FOR SOIL STABILIZA-<br>TION                  | 270  | 0196000000-E   | 0008  |
| 4,480<br>SF                                      | TEMPORARY SHORING                                       | SP   | 0199000000-E   | 0009  |
| 650<br>SY  | ROCK PLATING  | 275  | 0223000000-E   | 0010  |
| 380<br>TON                                       | FOUNDATION CONDITIONING MATE-<br>RIAL, MINOR STRUCTURES | 300  | 0318000000-E   | 0011  |
| 1,200<br>SY                                      | FOUNDATION CONDITIONING GEO-<br>TEXTILE                 | 300  | 0320000000-E   | 0012  |
| 1,364<br>LF                                      | 15" DRAINAGE PIPE                                       | 305  | 0335200000-E   | 0013  |
| 148<br>LF  | 18" DRAINAGE PIPE                                       | 305  | 0335300000-E   | 0014  |
| 12<br>LF   | 24" DRAINAGE PIPE                                       | 305  | 0335400000-E   | 0015  |
| 16<br>EA   | **" DRAINAGE PIPE ELBOWS<br>(15")                       | 305  | 0335850000-E   | 0016  |
| 2<br>EA  | **" DRAINAGE PIPE ELBOWS<br>(18")                       | 305  | 0335850000-E   | 0017  |
| 54<br>LF   | 24" SIDE DRAIN PIPE                                     | 310  | 0345000000-E   | 0018  |
| 68<br>LF   | 15" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS<br>III                      | 310  | 0366000000-E   | 0019  |
| 1,200<br>SY  1,364<br>LF  148<br>LF  16 EA  2 EA |   | FOUNDATION CONDITIONING GEOTEXTILE  15" DRAINAGE PIPE  18" DRAINAGE PIPE  ********************************** | RIAL, MINOR STRUCTURES  300 FOUNDATION CONDITIONING GEOTEXTILE  305 15" DRAINAGE PIPE  305 24" DRAINAGE PIPE  305 ***** DRAINAGE PIPE ELBOWS (15")  305 **** DRAINAGE PIPE ELBOWS (18")  310 24" SIDE DRAIN PIPE | RIAL, MINOR STRUCTURES  0320000000-E 300 FOUNDATION CONDITIONING GEO- TEXTILE  0335200000-E 305 15" DRAINAGE PIPE  0335300000-E 305 24" DRAINAGE PIPE  0335400000-E 305 **** DRAINAGE PIPE ELBOWS (15")  0335850000-E 305 **** DRAINAGE PIPE ELBOWS (18")  0345000000-E 310 24" SIDE DRAIN PIPE |

| Jul 02, 2019 6:48 am |              | North Carolina Department Of Transportation |  |                  |                   | Page: 2 of 19 |  |
|----------------------|--------------|---|--|------------------|-------------------|---------------|--|
|                      |              | Contract Item Sheets For C204               |  |                  | T. 1. D. 1        |               |  |
| Line<br>#            | ItemNumber   | Sec<br>#                                    | Description  | Quantity<br>Unit | Unit Bid<br>Price | Amount<br>Bid |  |
| 0020                 | 0372000000-E | 310   | 18" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS  | 24<br>LF         | 65.00             | 1,560.00      |  |
| 0021                 | 0448200000-E | 310   | 15" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV                                       | 1,532<br>LF      | 65.00             | 99,580.00     |  |
| 0022                 | 0448300000-E | 310   | 18" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV                                       | 212<br>LF        | 70.00             | 14,840.00     |  |
| 0023                 | 0576000000-E | 310   | **" CS PIPE CULVERTS, *****" THICK (66", 0.138")                     | 4<br>LF          | 1,500.00          | 6,000.00      |  |
| 0024                 | 0582000000-E | 310   | 15" CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064"<br>THICK                                | 72<br>LF         | 60.00             | 4,320.00      |  |
| 0025                 | 0636000000-E | 310   | **" CS PIPE ELBOWS, *****"<br>THICK<br>(15", 0.064")                 | 2<br>EA          | 500.00            | 1,000.00      |  |
| 0026                 | 0973100000-E | 330   | **" WELDED STEEL PIPE, ****" THICK, GRADE B IN SOIL (18", 0.25")     | 44<br>LF         | 350.00            | 15,400.00     |  |
| 0027                 | 0973300000-E | 330   | **" WELDED STEEL PIPE, ****" THICK, GRADE B NOT IN SOIL (18", 0.25") | 44<br>LF         | 1,000.00          | 44,000.00     |  |
| 0028                 | 0995000000-E | 340   | PIPE REMOVAL   | 273<br>LF        | 5.00              | 1,365.00      |  |
| 0029                 | 1099500000-E | 505   | SHALLOW UNDERCUT   | 120<br>CY        | 20.00             | 2,400.00      |  |
| 0030                 | 1099700000-E | 505   | CLASS IV SUBGRADE STABILIZA-<br>TION                                 | 247<br>TON       | 30.00             | 7,410.00      |  |
| 0031                 | 1115000000-E | SP  | GEOTEXTILE FOR PAVEMENT STA-<br>BILIZATION                           | 10,335<br>SY     | 5.00              | 51,675.00     |  |
| 0032                 | 1121000000-E | 520   | AGGREGATE BASE COURSE  | 4,250<br>TON     | 25.00             | 106,250.00    |  |
| 0033                 | 1220000000-E | 545   | INCIDENTAL STONE BASE  | 50<br>TON        | 50.00             | 2,500.00      |  |
| 0034                 | 1275000000-E | 600   | PRIME COAT   | 233.45<br>GAL    | 10.00             | 2,334.50      |  |
|                      |              |   |  |                  |                   |               |  |

5,400

SY

10,230

TON

15.00

65.00

81,000.00

664,950.00

0035

1330000000-E

0036 1491000000-E

607

INCIDENTAL MILLING

B25.0C

610 ASPHALT CONC BASE COURSE, TYPE

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|           | Contract Item Sheets For C204341 |          |  |                  |                   |               |  |  |  |
|-----------|----------------------------------|----------|--|------------------|-------------------|---------------|--|--|--|
| Line<br># | ItemNumber                       | Sec<br># | Description  | Quantity<br>Unit | Unit Bid<br>Price | Amount<br>Bid |  |  |  |
| 0037      | 1503000000-E                     | 610      | ASPHALT CONC INTERMEDIATE<br>COURSE, TYPE I19.0C   | 3,410<br>TON     | 65.00             | 221,650.00    |  |  |  |
| 0038      | 1519000000-E                     | 610      | ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE,<br>TYPE S9.5B         | 4,570<br>TON     | 65.00             | 297,050.00    |  |  |  |
| 0039      | 1523000000-E                     | 610      | ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE,<br>TYPE S9.5C         | 1,520<br>TON     | 70.00             | 106,400.00    |  |  |  |
| 0040      | 1575000000-E                     | 620      | ASPHALT BINDER FOR PLANT MIX                       | 1,025<br>TON     | 650.00            | 666,250.00    |  |  |  |
| 0041      | 1577000000-E                     | 620      | POLYMER MODIFIED ASPHALT BIN-<br>DER FOR PLANT MIX | 50<br>TON        | 775.00            | 38,750.00     |  |  |  |
| 0042      | 1693000000-E                     | 654      | ASPHALT PLANT MIX, PAVEMENT<br>REPAIR              | 200<br>TON       | 200.00            | 40,000.00     |  |  |  |
| 0043      | 1839140000-E                     | 661      | ULTRA-THIN BONDED WEARING<br>COURSE                | 910<br>TON       | 133.00            | 121,030.00    |  |  |  |
| 0044      | 1840000000-E                     | 665      | MILLED RUMBLE STRIPS (ASPHALT<br>CONCRETE)         | 13,300<br>LF     | 0.50              | 6,650.00      |  |  |  |
| 0045      | 2022000000-E                     | 815      | SUBDRAIN EXCAVATION                                | 1,612.8<br>CY    | 10.00             | 16,128.00     |  |  |  |
| 0046      | 2026000000-E                     | 815      | GEOTEXTILE FOR SUBSURFACE<br>DRAINS                | 200<br>SY        | 2.00              | 400.00        |  |  |  |
| 0047      | 2033000000-E                     | 815      | SUBDRAIN FINE AGGREGATE                            | 1,176<br>CY      | 50.00             | 58,800.00     |  |  |  |
| 0048      | 2036000000-E                     | 815      | SUBDRAIN COARSE AGGREGATE                          | 33.6<br>CY       | 60.00             | 2,016.00      |  |  |  |
| 0049      | 2044000000-E                     | 815      | 6" PERFORATED SUBDRAIN PIPE                        | 7,200<br>LF      | 5.00              | 36,000.00     |  |  |  |
| 0050      | 2070000000-N                     | 815      | SUBDRAIN PIPE OUTLET                               | 15<br>EA         | 300.00            | 4,500.00      |  |  |  |
| 0051      | 2077000000-E                     | 815      | 6" OUTLET PIPE                                     | 90<br>LF         | 30.00             | 2,700.00      |  |  |  |
| 0052      | 2253000000-E                     | 840      | PIPE COLLARS                                       | 0.45<br>CY       | 2,500.00          | 1,125.00      |  |  |  |
| 0053      | 2275000000-E                     | SP       | FLOWABLE FILL                                      | 10<br>CY         | 300.00            | 3,000.00      |  |  |  |
| 0054      | 2286000000-N                     | 840      | MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES                        | 56<br>EA         | 1,650.00          | 92,400.00     |  |  |  |
| 0055      | 2297000000-E                     | 840      | MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES                        | 7.4<br>CY        | 1,000.00          | 7,400.00      |  |  |  |

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|           | Contract Item Sheets For C204341 |          |  |                  |                   |               |  |  |
|-----------|----------------------------------|----------|--|------------------|-------------------|---------------|--|--|
| Line<br># | ItemNumber                       | Sec<br># | Description  | Quantity<br>Unit | Unit Bid<br>Price | Amount<br>Bid |  |  |
| 0056      | 2308000000-E                     | 840      | MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES                            | 13.9<br>LF       | 600.00            | 8,340.00      |  |  |
| 0057      | 2364200000-N                     | 840      | FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD<br>840.20                   | 10<br>EA         | 600.00            | 6,000.00      |  |  |
| 0058      | 2365000000-N                     | 840      | FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD<br>840.22                   | 9<br>EA          | 625.00            | 5,625.00      |  |  |
| 0059      | 2374000000-N                     | 840      | FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD<br>840.03, TYPE **<br>(E) | 5<br>EA          | 650.00            | 3,250.00      |  |  |
| 0060      | 2374000000-N                     | 840      | FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD<br>840.03, TYPE **<br>(F) | 13<br>EA         | 650.00            | 8,450.00      |  |  |
| 0061      | 2374000000-N                     | 840      | FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD<br>840.03, TYPE **<br>(G) | 18<br>EA         | 650.00            | 11,700.00     |  |  |
| 0062      | 2396000000-N                     | 840      | FRAME WITH COVER, STD 840.54                           | 1<br>EA          | 500.00            | 500.00        |  |  |
| 0063      | 2549000000-E                     | 846      | 2'-6" CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER                           | 5,860<br>LF      | 25.94             | 152,008.40    |  |  |
| 0064      | 2556000000-E                     | 846      | SHOULDER BERM GUTTER                                   | 706<br>LF        | 35.50             | 25,063.00     |  |  |
| 0065      | 2577000000-E                     | 846      | CONCRETE EXPRESSWAY GUTTER                             | 88<br>LF         | 102.00            | 8,976.00      |  |  |
| 0066      | 2591000000-E                     | 848      | 4" CONCRETE SIDEWALK                                   | 1,300<br>SY      | 42.00             | 54,600.00     |  |  |
| 0067      | 2605000000-N                     | 848      | CONCRETE CURB RAMPS                                    | 10<br>EA         | 1,500.00          | 15,000.00     |  |  |
| 0068      | 2612000000-E                     | 848      | 6" CONCRETE DRIVEWAY                                   | 30<br>SY         | 90.00             | 2,700.00      |  |  |
| 0069      | 2619000000-E                     | 850      | 4" CONCRETE PAVED DITCH                                | 70<br>SY         | 145.00            | 10,150.00     |  |  |
| 0070      | 2647000000-E                     | 852      | 5" MONOLITHIC CONCRETE ISLANDS<br>(SURFACE MOUNTED)    | 560<br>SY        | 80.00             | 44,800.00     |  |  |
| 0071      | 2724000000-E                     | 857      | PRECAST REINFORCED CONCRETE<br>BARRIER, SINGLE FACED   | 500<br>LF        | 125.00            | 62,500.00     |  |  |
| 0072      | 2752000000-E                     | SP       | GENERIC PAVING ITEM<br>MEDIAN HAZARD PROTECTION        | 180<br>LF        | 50.00             | 9,000.00      |  |  |
| 0073      | 2830000000-N                     | 858      | ADJUSTMENT OF MANHOLES                                 | 1<br>EA          | 1,500.00          | 1,500.00      |  |  |

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| Amoun      | Unit Bid<br>Price | Quantity      | Description  | Sec | ItemNumber   | Line |
|------------|-------------------|---------------|--|-----|--------------|------|
| Bio        | Price             | Unit          |  | #   |              | _#   |
| 176,137.50 | 16.50             | 10,675<br>LF  | STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL   | 862 | 3030000000-E | 0074 |
| 9,843.75   | 17.50             | 562.5<br>LF   | STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL, SHOP<br>CURVED   | 862 | 3045000000-E | 0075 |
| 660.00     | 44.00             | 15<br>EA      | ADDITIONAL GUARDRAIL POSTS   | 862 | 3150000000-N | 0076 |
| 650.00     | 650.00            | 1<br>EA       | GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE AT-1   | 862 | 3195000000-N | 0077 |
| 5,000.00   | 625.00            | 8<br>EA       | GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE<br>CAT-1   | 862 | 3210000000-N | 0078 |
| 6,600.00   | 1,650.00          | 4<br>EA       | GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE<br>III  | SP  | 3215000000-N | 0079 |
| 31,000.00  | 3,100.00          | 10<br>EA      | GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE TL-3   | SP  | 3287000000-N | 0080 |
| 11,550.00  | 1,650.00          | 7<br>EA       | GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE<br>B-77   | SP  | 3317000000-N | 0081 |
| 9,148.20   | 1.00              | 9,148.2<br>LF | REMOVE EXISTING GUARDRAIL  | 863 | 3360000000-E | 0082 |
| 9,212.50   | 11.00             | 837.5<br>LF   | TEMPORARY STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL   | 862 | 3380000000-E | 0083 |
| 9,937.50   | 15.00             | 662.5<br>LF   | TEMPORARY STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL<br>DOUBLE FACED                                 | 862 | 3383000000-E | 0084 |
| 2,400.00   | 600.00            | 4<br>EA       | TEMPORARY GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE ************************************    | SP  | 3387000000-N | 0085 |
| 1,200.00   | 600.00            | 2<br>EA       | TEMPORARY GUARDRAIL ANCHOR<br>UNITS, TYPE ************************************ | SP  | 3387000000-N | 0086 |
| 5,400.00   | 2,700.00          | 2<br>EA       | TEMPORARY GUARDRAIL END UNITS,<br>TYPE *****<br>(TL-3)                         | SP  | 3389150000-N | 0087 |
| 1,000.00   | 250.00            | 4<br>EA       | GENERIC GUARDRAIL ITEM TEMPORARY GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE CAT-1               | 862 | 3436000000-N | 0088 |
| 4,632.50   | 4.25              | 1,090<br>LF   | WOVEN WIRE FENCE, 47" FABRIC   | 866 | 3503000000-E | 0089 |
| 1,008.00   | 18.00             | 56<br>EA      | 4" TIMBER FENCE POSTS, 7'-6"<br>LONG   | 866 | 3509000000-E | 0090 |

| North Carolina Departm | Page: 6 of 19 |          |        |
|------------------------|---------------|----------|--------|
| Contract Item Sheets   | s For C204341 |          |        |
| cription               | Quantity      | Unit Bid | Amount |
| •                      | Unit          | Price    | Bid    |

| 3515000000-E<br>3628000000-E<br>3649000000-E<br>3656000000-E<br>4025000000-E | 866<br>876<br>876<br>901   | 5" TIMBER FENCE POSTS, 8'-0" LONG  RIP RAP, CLASS I  RIP RAP, CLASS B  GEOTEXTILE FOR DRAINAGE  CONTRACTOR FURNISHED, TYPE *** SIGN (A) | Quantity Unit  41 EA  820 TON  230 TON  2,440 SY  853.25 SF | 30.00  45.00  45.00  28.00  | 1,230.00<br>1,230.00<br>36,900.00<br>10,350.00<br>7,320.00 |
|--|--|---|---|---|--|
| 3628000000-E<br>3649000000-E<br>3656000000-E<br>4025000000-E                 | 876<br>876<br>901  | RIP RAP, CLASS I  RIP RAP, CLASS B  GEOTEXTILE FOR DRAINAGE  CONTRACTOR FURNISHED, TYPE *** SIGN  | 820<br>TON<br>230<br>TON<br>2,440<br>SY                     | 45.00<br>45.00<br>3.00  | 36,900.00<br>10,350.00<br>7,320.00                         |
| 364900000-E<br>3656000000-E<br>4025000000-E                                  | 876<br>876<br>901  | RIP RAP, CLASS B  GEOTEXTILE FOR DRAINAGE  CONTRACTOR FURNISHED, TYPE *** SIGN  | 230<br>TON<br>2,440<br>SY<br>853.25                         | 45.00<br>3.00   | 7,320.00   |
| 3656000000-E<br>4025000000-E   | 901  | GEOTEXTILE FOR DRAINAGE  CONTRACTOR FURNISHED, TYPE *** SIGN  | TON  2,440 SY  853.25                                       | 3.00  | 7,320.00   |
| 4025000000-E   | 901  | CONTRACTOR FURNISHED, TYPE *** SIGN   | SY<br><br>853.25  |   | ·  |
|  |  | SIGN  |   | 28.00   | 23,891.00  |
| <br>4025000000-E   | 901  |   |   |   |  |
|  |  | CONTRACTOR FURNISHED, TYPE ***<br>SIGN<br>(B)   | 164<br>SF   | 28.00   | 4,592.00   |
| 4025000000-E   | 901  | CONTRACTOR FURNISHED, TYPE *** SIGN (D)   | 35.5<br>SF  | 20.00   | 710.00   |
| 4025000000-E   | 901  | CONTRACTOR FURNISHED, TYPE ***<br>SIGN<br>(E)   | 471.65<br>SF  | 17.00   | 8,018.05   |
| <br>4025000000-E   | 901  | CONTRACTOR FURNISHED, TYPE *** SIGN (F)   | 89.31<br>SF   | 17.00   | 1,518.27   |
| <br>4025000000-E   | 901  | CONTRACTOR FURNISHED, TYPE ***<br>SIGN<br>(MILEMARKER)  | 6<br>SF   | 23.00   | 138.00   |
| <br>4048000000-Е   | 902  | REINFORCED CONCRETE SIGN FOUN-<br>DATIONS   | 6<br>CY   | 1,200.00  | 7,200.00   |
| <br>4054000000-Е   | 902  | PLAIN CONCRETE SIGN FOUNDA-<br>TIONS  | 2<br>CY   | 750.00  | 1,500.00   |
|  |  | SUPPORTS, BREAKAWAY STEEL BEAM  | 3,858<br>LB   | 5.50  | 21,219.00  |
| 4066000000-E   | 903  | SUPPORTS, SIMPLE STEEL BEAM   | 3,364<br>LB   | 4.50  | 15,138.00  |
| 4072000000-Е   | 903  | SUPPORTS, 3-LB STEEL U-CHANNEL  | 1,550<br>LF   | 7.00  | 10,850.00  |
| 4096000000-N   |  | SIGN ERECTION, TYPE D   | 4<br>EA   | 175.00  | 700.00   |
| 4102000000-N   | 904  | SIGN ERECTION, TYPE E   | 51<br>EA  | 65.00   | 3,315.00   |
| 40<br>40<br>40<br>40<br>40<br>40   | 025000000-E 025000000-E 025000000-E 025000000-E 025000000-E 025000000-E 0250000000-E 0250000000-E 0250000000-E | 025000000-E 901<br>025000000-E 901<br>025000000-E 902<br>054000000-E 903<br>066000000-E 903<br>072000000-E 903                          | SIGN (D)  | SIGN (D)  225000000-E  901 CONTRACTOR FURNISHED, TYPE *** 471.65 SIGN (E)  225000000-E  901 CONTRACTOR FURNISHED, TYPE *** 89.31 SIGN (F)  225000000-E  901 CONTRACTOR FURNISHED, TYPE *** 6 SIGN (MILEMARKER)  248000000-E  902 REINFORCED CONCRETE SIGN FOUN- 6 CY  254000000-E  902 PLAIN CONCRETE SIGN FOUNDA- 2 CY  250000000-E  903 SUPPORTS, BREAKAWAY STEEL BEAM 3,858 LB  2660000000-E  903 SUPPORTS, SIMPLE STEEL BEAM 3,364 LB  272000000-E  903 SUPPORTS, 3-LB STEEL U-CHANNEL 1,550 LF  296000000-N  904 SIGN ERECTION, TYPE D  4 EA | SIGN (D)   SF  |

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|--------|---------|
|        |         |

|           |              |          | Contract Item Sheets For C2                                  | 04341            |                   |               |
|-----------|--------------|----------|--|------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| Line<br># | ItemNumber   | Sec<br># | Description  | Quantity<br>Unit | Unit Bid<br>Price | Amount<br>Bid |
|           |              |          |  |                  |                   |               |
| 0108      | 4108000000-N | 904      | SIGN ERECTION, TYPE F  | 8<br>EA          | 150.00            | 1,200.00      |
| 0109      | 4110000000-N | 904      | SIGN ERECTION, TYPE ***<br>(GROUND MOUNTED)<br>(A)           | 9<br>EA          | 600.00            | 5,400.00      |
| 0110      | 4110000000-N | 904      | SIGN ERECTION, TYPE ***<br>(GROUND MOUNTED)<br>(B)           | 2<br>EA          | 600.00            | 1,200.00      |
| <br>0111  | 4110000000-N | 904      | SIGN ERECTION, TYPE ***<br>(GROUND MOUNTED)<br>(MILEMARKERS) | 2<br>EA          | 75.00             | 150.00        |
| <br>0112  | 4116100000-N | 904      | SIGN ERECTION, RELOCATE TYPE  **** (GROUND MOUNTED)  (A)     | 3<br>EA          | 600.00            | 1,800.00      |
| <br>0113  | 4116100000-N | 904      | SIGN ERECTION, RELOCATE TYPE  **** (GROUND MOUNTED)  (B)     | 1<br>EA          | 600.00            | 600.00        |
| 0114      | 4116100000-N | 904      | SIGN ERECTION, RELOCATE TYPE **** (GROUND MOUNTED) (D)       | 3<br>EA          | 150.00            | 450.00        |
| 0115      | 4116100000-N | 904      | SIGN ERECTION, RELOCATE TYPE  **** (GROUND MOUNTED)  (E)     | 1<br>EA          | 100.00            | 100.00        |
| 0116      | 4138000000-N | 907      | DISPOSAL OF SUPPORT, STEEL<br>BEAM                           | 8<br>EA          | 20.00             | 160.00        |
| 0117      | 4152000000-N | 907      | DISPOSAL OF SIGN SYSTEM, STEEL<br>BEAM                       | 5<br>EA          | 20.00             | 100.00        |
| 0118      | 4155000000-N | 907      | DISPOSAL OF SIGN SYSTEM, U-<br>CHANNEL                       | 60<br>EA         | 5.25              | 315.00        |
| 0119      | 4192000000-N | 907      | DISPOSAL OF SUPPORT, U-CHANNEL                               | 5<br>EA          | 5.25              | 26.25         |
| 0120      | 4238000000-N | 907      | DISPOSAL OF SIGN, D, E OR F                                  | 2<br>EA          | 5.25              | 10.50         |
| 0121      | 4400000000-E | 1110     | WORK ZONE SIGNS (STATIONARY)                                 | 884<br>SF        | 14.00             | 12,376.00     |
| 0122      | 4405000000-E | 1110     | WORK ZONE SIGNS (PORTABLE)                                   | 1,805<br>SF      | 9.75              | 17,598.75     |
| <br>0123  | 4410000000-E | 1110     | WORK ZONE SIGNS (BARRICADE<br>MOUNTED)                       | 234<br>SF        | 10.00             | 2,340.00      |
|           |              |          |  |                  |                   |               |

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| Line     | ItemNumber   | Sec  | Contract Item Sheets For C20  Description                | Quantity     | Unit Bid  | Amount     |
|----------|--------------|------|--|--------------|-----------|------------|
| #        |              | #    |  | Unit         | Price     | Bid        |
| 0124     | 4415000000-N | 1115 | FLASHING ARROW BOARD                                     | 7<br>EA      | 5,500.00  | 38,500.00  |
| 0125     | 4420000000-N | 1120 | PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE<br>SIGN                      | 5<br>EA      | 10,800.00 | 54,000.00  |
| 0126     | 4422000000-N | 1120 | PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE<br>SIGN (SHORT TERM)         | 42<br>DAY    | 75.00     | 3,150.00   |
| 0127     |              |      | DRUMS  | 300<br>EA    | 100.00    | 30,000.00  |
| 0128     | 4434000000-N | SP   | SEQUENTIAL FLASHING WARNING<br>LIGHTS                    | 12<br>EA     | 155.00    | 1,860.00   |
| 0129     | 4445000000-E | 1145 | BARRICADES (TYPE III)                                    | 208<br>LF    | 25.00     | 5,200.00   |
| 0130     | 4455000000-N | 1150 | FLAGGER  | 1,440<br>DAY | 200.00    | 288,000.00 |
| 0131     | 4465000000-N | 1160 | TEMPORARY CRASH CUSHIONS                                 | 7<br>EA      | 5,000.00  | 35,000.00  |
| 0132     | 4470000000-N | 1160 | REMOVE & RESET TEMPORARY CRASH<br>CUSHION                | 13<br>EA     | 2,900.00  | 37,700.00  |
| 0133     | 4480000000-N | 1165 | TMA  | 4<br>EA      | 17,500.00 | 70,000.00  |
| 0134     | 4485000000-E | 1170 | PORTABLE CONCRETE BARRIER                                | 1,170<br>LF  | 22.00     | 25,740.00  |
| 0135     | 4490000000-E | 1170 | PORTABLE CONCRETE BARRIER<br>(ANCHORED)                  | 5,450<br>LF  | 28.00     | 152,600.00 |
| 0136     | 4505000000-E | 1170 | REMOVE & RESET PORTABLE CONC-<br>RETE BARRIER (ANCHORED) | 4,230<br>LF  | 12.50     | 52,875.00  |
| 0137     | 4510000000-N | 1190 | LAW ENFORCEMENT  | 120<br>HR    | 65.00     | 7,800.00   |
| 0138     | 4650000000-N | 1251 | TEMPORARY RAISED PAVEMENT<br>MARKERS                     | 560<br>EA    | 8.00      | 4,480.00   |
| 0139     | 4695000000-E | 1205 | THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (8", 90 MILS)    | 50<br>LF     | 5.00      | 250.00     |
| 0140     | 4700000000-E | 1205 | THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (12", 90 MILS)   | 350<br>LF    | 3.00      | 1,050.00   |
| <br>0141 | 4720000000-E | 1205 | THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING<br>CHARACTER (90 MILS)    | 8<br>EA      | 125.00    | 1,000.00   |

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| Line     | ItemNumber   | ItemNumber Sec Description Quantity |  | 4341<br>Quantity | Unit Bid | Amount    |
|----------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|------------------|----------|-----------|
| #        |              | #                                   |  | Unit             | Price    | Bid       |
| 0142     | 4725000000-E | 1205                                | THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING<br>SYMBOL (90 MILS)                   | 43<br>EA         | 125.00   | 5,375.00  |
| 0143     | 4770000000-E | 1205                                | COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT<br>MARKING LINES, TYPE ** (4")<br>(IV) | 3,600<br>LF      | 3.75     | 13,500.00 |
| 0144     | 4810000000-E | 1205                                | PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES<br>(4")                                 | 57,441<br>LF     | 0.30     | 17,232.30 |
| 0145     | 4820000000-E | 1205                                | PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES<br>(8")                                 | 600<br>LF        | 1.00     | 600.00    |
| 0146     | 4835000000-E | 1205                                | PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES<br>(24")                                | 341<br>LF        | 3.00     | 1,023.00  |
| 0147     | 4840000000-N | 1205                                | PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING CHARAC-<br>TER                                | 16<br>EA         | 75.00    | 1,200.00  |
| 0148     | 4845000000-N | 1205                                | PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL  | 154<br>EA        | 75.00    | 11,550.00 |
| 0149     | 4847010000-E | 1205                                | POLYUREA PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (4", 20 MILS)                     | 8,450<br>LF      | 1.00     | 8,450.00  |
| 0150     | 4847030000-E | 1205                                | POLYUREA PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (6", 20 MILS)                     | 19,600<br>LF     | 1.20     | 23,520.00 |
| 0151     | 4847050000-E | 1205                                | POLYUREA PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (8", 20 MILS)                     | 600<br>LF        | 2.00     | 1,200.00  |
| <br>0152 | 4847070000-E | 1205                                | POLYUREA PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (12", 20 MILS)                    | 2,000<br>LF      | 2.30     | 4,600.00  |
| 0153     | 4847500000-E | SP                                  | WORK ZONE PERFORMANCE PAVEMENT<br>MARKING LINES, 6"                  | 36,054<br>LF     | 0.65     | 23,435.10 |
| 0154     | 4847600000-E | SP                                  | WORK ZONE PERFORMANCE PAVEMENT<br>MARKING LINES, 12"                 | 2,800<br>LF      | 1.40     | 3,920.00  |
| <br>0155 | 4850000000-E | 1205                                | REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (4")                            | 44,500<br>LF     | 0.70     | 31,150.00 |
| <br>0156 | 4855000000-E | 1205                                | REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (6")                            | 41,000<br>LF     | 0.75     | 30,750.00 |
| <br>0157 | 4860000000-E | 1205                                | REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (8")                            | 1,500<br>LF      | 1.00     | 1,500.00  |

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| Contract Item Sheets For C204341 |              |          |   |                  |                   |               |
|----------------------------------|--------------|----------|---|------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| Line<br>#                        | ItemNumber   | Sec<br># | Description   | Quantity<br>Unit | Unit Bid<br>Price | Amount<br>Bid |
| 0158                             | 4865000000-E | 1205     | REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (12")  | 2,100<br>LF      | 1.50              | 3,150.00      |
| 0159                             | 4870000000-E | 1205     | REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (24")  | 200<br>LF        | 3.00              | 600.00        |
| 0160                             | 4875000000-N | 1205     | REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING<br>SYMBOLS & CHARACTERS                               | 60<br>EA         | 75.00             | 4,500.00      |
| 0161                             | 4891000000-E | 1205     | GENERIC PAVEMENT MARKING ITEM THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (24", 90 MILS) | 340<br>LF        | 10.00             | 3,400.00      |
| 0162                             | 490000000-N  | 1251     | PERMANENT RAISED PAVEMENT<br>MARKERS  | 5<br>EA          | 100.00            | 500.00        |
| 0163                             | 4905000000-N | 1253     | SNOWPLOWABLE PAVEMENT MARKERS   | 520<br>EA        | 28.50             | 14,820.00     |
| 0164                             | 5325600000-E | 1510     | 6" WATER LINE   | 23<br>LF         | 60.00             | 1,380.00      |
| 0165                             | 5326200000-E | 1510     | 12" WATER LINE  | 441<br>LF        | 100.00            | 44,100.00     |
| 0166                             | 5326600000-E | 1510     | 16" WATER LINE  | 159<br>LF        | 100.00            | 15,900.00     |
| 0167                             | 5329000000-E | 1510     | DUCTILE IRON WATER PIPE<br>FITTINGS   | 1,865<br>LB      | 10.00             | 18,650.00     |
| 0168                             | 5558000000-E | 1515     | 12" VALVE   | 1<br>EA          | 3,500.00          | 3,500.00      |
| 0169                             | 5666000000-N | 1515     | FIRE HYDRANT  | 1<br>EA          | 5,000.00          | 5,000.00      |
| 0170                             | 5672000000-N | 1515     | RELOCATE FIRE HYDRANT   | 1<br>EA          | 2,500.00          | 2,500.00      |
| 0171                             | 5709400000-E | 1520     | 8" FORCE MAIN SEWER   | 131<br>LF        | 125.00            | 16,375.00     |
| 0172                             | 5709500000-E | 1520     | 10" FORCE MAIN SEWER  | 165<br>LF        | 25.00             | 4,125.00      |
| 0173                             | 5769000000-E | 1520     | DUCTILE IRON SEWER PIPE<br>FITTINGS   | 220<br>LB        | 10.00             | 2,200.00      |
| 0174                             | 5801000000-E | 1530     | ABANDON 8" UTILITY PIPE   | 361<br>LF        | 15.00             | 5,415.00      |
| 0175                             | 5804000000-E | 1530     | ABANDON 12" UTILITY PIPE  | 661<br>LF        | 20.00             | 13,220.00     |
| 0176                             | 5872600000-E | 1550     | DIRECTIONAL DRILLING OF **" (10")   | 165<br>LF        | 185.00            | 30,525.00     |

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|           |              |          | Contract Item Sheets For C2           | 204341           |                   |               |
|-----------|--------------|----------|---------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| Line<br># | ItemNumber   | Sec<br># | Description                           | Quantity<br>Unit | Unit Bid<br>Price | Amount<br>Bid |
| 0177      | 5872600000-E | 1550     | DIRECTIONAL DRILLING OF **" (16")     | 159<br>LF        | 250.00            | 39,750.00     |
| 0178      | 6000000000-E | 1605     | TEMPORARY SILT FENCE                  | 9,735<br>LF      | 3.25              | 31,638.75     |
| 0179      | 6006000000-E | 1610     | STONE FOR EROSION CONTROL,<br>CLASS A | 420<br>TON       | 40.00             | 16,800.00     |
| 0180      | 6009000000-E | 1610     | STONE FOR EROSION CONTROL,<br>CLASS B | 845<br>TON       | 40.00             | 33,800.00     |
| 0181      | 6012000000-E | 1610     | SEDIMENT CONTROL STONE                | 1,125<br>TON     | 40.00             | 45,000.00     |
| 0182      | 6015000000-E | 1615     | TEMPORARY MULCHING                    | 6.5<br>ACR       | 1,100.00          | 7,150.00      |
| 0183      | 6018000000-E | 1620     | SEED FOR TEMPORARY SEEDING            | 500<br>LB        | 3.50              | 1,750.00      |
| 0184      | 6021000000-E | 1620     | FERTILIZER FOR TEMPORARY SEED-ING     | 3.5<br>TON       | 800.00            | 2,800.00      |
| 0185      | 6024000000-E | 1622     | TEMPORARY SLOPE DRAINS                | 1,100<br>LF      | 15.00             | 16,500.00     |
| 0186      | 6029000000-E | SP       | SAFETY FENCE                          | 600<br>LF        | 1.50              | 900.00        |
| 0187      | 6030000000-E | 1630     | SILT EXCAVATION                       | 1,900<br>CY      | 15.00             | 28,500.00     |
| 0188      | 6036000000-E | 1631     | MATTING FOR EROSION CONTROL           | 43,500<br>SY     | 1.75              | 76,125.00     |
| 0189      | 6037000000-E | SP       | COIR FIBER MAT                        | 100<br>SY        | 5.00              | 500.00        |
| 0190      | 6038000000-E | SP       | PERMANENT SOIL REINFORCEMENT<br>MAT   | 460<br>SY        | 10.00             | 4,600.00      |
| 0191      | 6042000000-E | 1632     | 1/4" HARDWARE CLOTH                   | 3,135<br>LF      | 5.00              | 15,675.00     |
| 0192      | 6045000000-E | SP       | **" TEMPORARY PIPE<br>(15")           | 125<br>LF        | 50.00             | 6,250.00      |
| 0193      | 6045000000-E | SP       | **" TEMPORARY PIPE<br>(24")           | 125<br>LF        | 55.00             | 6,875.00      |
| 0194      | 6070000000-N | 1639     | SPECIAL STILLING BASINS               | 3<br>EA          | 500.00            | 1,500.00      |
| 0195      | 6071012000-E | SP       | COIR FIBER WATTLE                     | 300<br>LF        | 10.00             | 3,000.00      |
|           |              |          |                                       |                  |                   |               |

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|--------|-------|----|
|--------|-------|----|

| Line     | ItemNumber   | Sec  | Description  | Quantity      | Unit Bid | Amount    |
|----------|--------------|------|--|---------------|----------|-----------|
| #        |              | #    | <u>`</u>   | Unit          | Price    | Bid       |
| 0196     | 6071020000-E | SP   | POLYACRYLAMIDE (PAM)                                   | 290<br>LB     | 10.00    | 2,900.00  |
| 0197     | 6071030000-E | 1640 | COIR FIBER BAFFLE                                      | 625<br>LF     | 7.00     | 4,375.00  |
| 0198     | 6071050000-E | SP   | **" SKIMMER<br>(1-1/2")                                | 6<br>EA       | 1,500.00 | 9,000.00  |
| <br>0199 | 6084000000-E | 1660 | SEEDING & MULCHING                                     | 6<br>ACR      | 2,100.00 | 12,600.00 |
| 0200     | 6087000000-E | 1660 | MOWING   | 6<br>ACR      | 400.00   | 2,400.00  |
| 0201     | 6090000000-E | 1661 | SEED FOR REPAIR SEEDING                                | 100<br>LB     | 2.00     | 200.00    |
| 0202     | 6093000000-E | 1661 | FERTILIZER FOR REPAIR SEEDING                          | 0.25<br>TON   | 600.00   | 150.00    |
| 0203     | 6096000000-E | 1662 | SEED FOR SUPPLEMENTAL SEEDING                          | 150<br>LB     | 6.00     | 900.00    |
| 0204     | 6108000000-E | 1665 | FERTILIZER TOPDRESSING                                 | 4.25<br>TON   | 1,000.00 | 4,250.00  |
| 0205     | 6111000000-E | SP   | IMPERVIOUS DIKE  | 99<br>LF      | 50.00    | 4,950.00  |
| 0206     | 6114500000-N | 1667 | SPECIALIZED HAND MOWING                                | 10<br>MHR     | 40.00    | 400.00    |
| 0207     | 6117000000-N | SP   | RESPONSE FOR EROSION CONTROL                           | 25<br>EA      | 250.00   | 6,250.00  |
| 0208     | 6117500000-N | SP   | CONCRETE WASHOUT STRUCTURE                             | 6<br>EA       | 750.00   | 4,500.00  |
| 0209     | 6123000000-E | 1670 | REFORESTATION  | 3<br>ACR      | 2,500.00 | 7,500.00  |
| 0210     | 7048500000-E | 1705 | PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEAD (16", 1<br>SECTION W/COUNTDOWN) | 2<br>EA       | 875.00   | 1,750.00  |
| 0211     | 7060000000-E | 1705 | SIGNAL CABLE   | 4,690<br>LF   | 3.25     | 15,242.50 |
| <br>0212 | 7120000000-E | 1705 | VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 3<br>SECTION)                | 23<br>EA      | 900.00   | 20,700.00 |
| <br>0213 | 7132000000-E | 1705 | VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 4<br>SECTION)                | 3<br>EA       | 975.00   | 2,925.00  |
| <br>0214 | 7144000000-E | 1705 | VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 5<br>SECTION)                | 6<br>EA       | 1,350.00 | 8,100.00  |
| 0215     | 7264000000-E | 1710 | MESSENGER CABLE (3/8")                                 | <br>830<br>LF | 4.25     | 3,527.50  |

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|           | Contract Item Sheets For C204341 |          |  |                  |                   |               |  |  |
|-----------|----------------------------------|----------|--|------------------|-------------------|---------------|--|--|
| Line<br># | ItemNumber                       | Sec<br># | Description                                | Quantity<br>Unit | Unit Bid<br>Price | Amount<br>Bid |  |  |
| 0216      | 7279000000-E                     | 1715     | TRACER WIRE                                | 350<br>LF        | 0.50              | 175.00        |  |  |
| 0217      | 7288000000-E                     | 1715     | PAVED TRENCHING (********)<br>(1, 2")      | 10<br>LF         | 25.50             | 255.00        |  |  |
| 0218      | 7300000000-E                     | 1715     | UNPAVED TRENCHING (********)<br>(1, 2")    | 820<br>LF        | 7.50              | 6,150.00      |  |  |
| 0219      | 7300000000-E                     | 1715     | UNPAVED TRENCHING (********)<br>(2, 2")    | 180<br>LF        | 8.25              | 1,485.00      |  |  |
| 0220      | 7300000000-E                     | 1715     | UNPAVED TRENCHING (********)<br>(3, 2")    | 110<br>LF        | 9.25              | 1,017.50      |  |  |
| 0221      | 7300000000-E                     | 1715     | UNPAVED TRENCHING (********)<br>(4, 2")    | 230<br>LF        | 10.50             | 2,415.00      |  |  |
| 0222      | 7301000000-E                     | 1715     | DIRECTIONAL DRILL (*************) (1, 2")  | 120<br>LF        | 16.50             | 1,980.00      |  |  |
| 0223      | 7301000000-E                     | 1715     | DIRECTIONAL DRILL (*********) (2, 2")      | 260<br>LF        | 18.50             | 4,810.00      |  |  |
| 0224      | 7301000000-E                     | 1715     | DIRECTIONAL DRILL (*********) (4, 2")      | 110<br>LF        | 21.50             | 2,365.00      |  |  |
| 0225      | 7324000000-N                     | 1716     | JUNCTION BOX (STANDARD SIZE)               | 19<br>EA         | 350.00            | 6,650.00      |  |  |
| 0226      | 7348000000-N                     | 1716     | JUNCTION BOX (OVER-SIZED, HEA-<br>VY DUTY) | 3<br>EA          | 575.00            | 1,725.00      |  |  |
| 0227      | 7360000000-N                     | 1720     | WOOD POLE                                  | 8<br>EA          | 950.00            | 7,600.00      |  |  |
| 0228      | 7372000000-N                     | 1721     | GUY ASSEMBLY                               | 13<br>EA         | 500.00            | 6,500.00      |  |  |
| 0229      | 7408000000-E                     | 1722     | 1" RISER WITH WEATHERHEAD                  | 2<br>EA          | 475.00            | 950.00        |  |  |
| 0230      | 7420000000-E                     | 1722     | 2" RISER WITH WEATHERHEAD                  | 2<br>EA          | 575.00            | 1,150.00      |  |  |
| 0231      | 7432000000-E                     | 1722     | 2" RISER WITH HEAT SHRINK<br>TUBING        | 2<br>EA          | 575.00            | 1,150.00      |  |  |
| 0232      | 7444000000-E                     | 1725     | INDUCTIVE LOOP SAWCUT                      | 1,160<br>LF      | 8.50              | 9,860.00      |  |  |
| 0233      | 7456000000-E                     | 1726     | LEAD-IN CABLE (*************)<br>(14-2)    | 2,210<br>LF      | 1.95              | 4,309.50      |  |  |
|           |                                  |          |  |                  |                   |               |  |  |

| ransportation | Page: 14 of 19 |
|---------------|----------------|
| 04341         |                |

|              |  | Contract Item Sheets For C20  |                  | <b></b>           |                                     |
|--------------|--|---|------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------|
| ItemNumber   | Sec<br>#   | Description   | Quantity<br>Unit | Unit Bid<br>Price | Amount<br>Bid                       |
| 7481000000-N | SP   | SITE SURVEY   | 2<br>EA          | 1,500.00          | 3,000.00                            |
| 7481200000-N | SP   | LUMINAIRE ARM FOR VIDEO SYSTEM  | 6<br>EA          | 675.00            | 4,050.00                            |
| 7481240000-N | SP   | CAMERA WITHOUT INTERNAL LOOP EMULATOR PROCESSING UNIT   | 6<br>EA          | 2,975.00          | 17,850.00                           |
| 7481260000-N | SP   | EXTERNAL LOOP EMULATOR PRO-<br>CESSING UNIT   | 2<br>EA          | 8,500.00          | 17,000.00                           |
| 7481280000-N | SP   | RELOCATE CAMERA SENSOR UNIT   | 12<br>EA         | 800.00            | 9,600.00                            |
| 7528000000-E | 1730   | DROP CABLE  | 450<br>LF        | 2.75              | 1,237.50                            |
| 7541000000-N | 1731   | MODIFY SPLICE ENCLOSURE   | 2<br>EA          | 1,650.00          | 3,300.00                            |
| 7552000000-N | 1731   | INTERCONNECT CENTER   | 2<br>EA          | 2,250.00          | 4,500.00                            |
| 7564000000-N | 1732   | FIBER-OPTIC TRANSCEIVER, DROP<br>& REPEAT   | 2<br>EA          | 2,275.00          | 4,550.00                            |
| 7566000000-N | 1733   | DELINEATOR MARKER   | 3<br>EA          | 185.00            | 555.00                              |
| 7575160000-E | 1734   | REMOVE EXISTING COMMUNICATIONS<br>CABLE   | 260<br>LF        | 1.25              | 325.00                              |
| 7588000000-N | SP   | METAL POLE WITH SINGLE MAST<br>ARM  | 4<br>EA          | 21,775.00         | 87,100.00                           |
| 7613000000-N | SP   | SOIL TEST   | 4<br>EA          | 1,400.00          | 5,600.00                            |
| 7614100000-E | SP   | DRILLED PIER FOUNDATION   | 24<br>CY         | 875.00            | 21,000.00                           |
| 7631000000-N | SP   | MAST ARM WITH METAL POLE DE-<br>SIGN  | 4<br>EA          | 350.00            | 1,400.00                            |
| 7636000000-N | 1745   |   | 6<br>EA          | 475.00            | 2,850.00                            |
| 7642200000-N | 1743   |   | 2<br>EA          | 1,550.00          | 3,100.00                            |
| 7684000000-N | 1750   | SIGNAL CABINET FOUNDATION   | 2<br>EA          | 1,350.00          | 2,700.00                            |
| 7696000000-N | 1751   | CONTROLLERS WITH CABINET<br>(***************************)<br>(TYPE 2070E, BASE MOUNTED)   | 2<br>EA          | 13,500.00         | 27,000.00                           |
|              | 7481200000-N  7481240000-N  7481260000-N  7481280000-N  7528000000-E  7541000000-N  7564000000-N  7575160000-E  7588000000-N  7613000000-N  7631000000-N  7636000000-N | #         7481000000-N       SP         7481200000-N       SP         7481240000-N       SP         7481280000-N       SP         7528000000-E       1730         7541000000-N       1731         7552000000-N       1732         7566000000-N       1733         7575160000-E       1734         7588000000-N       SP         7613000000-N       SP         7631000000-N       SP         7636000000-N       1745         7642200000-N       1743         7684000000-N       1745         7684000000-N       1750 | #                | # Unit            | T481000000-N   SP   SITE SURVEY   2 |

# North Carolina Department Of Transportation Contract Item Sheets For C204341

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| Line<br># | ItemNumber   | Sec<br># | Description   | Quantity<br>Unit | Unit Bid<br>Price | Amount<br>Bid |
|-----------|--------------|----------|---|------------------|-------------------|---------------|
|           |              |          |   |                  |                   |               |
| 0253      | 7744000000-N | 1751     | DETECTOR CARD (TYPE 170)  | 9<br>EA          | 120.00            | 1,080.00      |
| 0254      | 7901000000-N | 1753     | CABINET BASE EXTENDER   | 2<br>EA          | 500.00            | 1,000.00      |
| 0255      | 7980000000-N | SP       | GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM<br>MICROWAVE VEHICLE DETECTION<br>SYSTEM MULTIPLE ZONES | 1<br>EA          | 6,500.00          | 6,500.00      |
| 0256      | 7980000000-N | SP       | GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM PROTECTIVE COATING FOR SIGNAL MAST ARM POLE (BLACK)     | 4<br>EA          | 2,750.00          | 11,000.00     |
| 0257      | 7980000000-N | SP       | GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM PROTECTIVE COATING FOR SIGNAL PEDESTAL (BLACK)          | 2<br>EA          | 250.00            | 500.00        |
| 0258      | 7990000000-E | SP       | GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM BACK PULL FIBER OPTIC CABLE                             | 740<br>LF        | 1.50              | 1,110.00      |

# North Carolina Department Of Transportation Contract Item Sheets For C204341

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| Line<br># | ItemNumber   | Sec<br># | Description  | Quantity<br>Unit | Unit Bid<br>Price | Amount<br>Bid |
|-----------|--------------|----------|--|------------------|-------------------|---------------|
|           |              |          |  |                  |                   |               |
| 0259      | 8126000000-N | 414      | CULVERT EXCAVATION, STA ****** (11+57.95-L-)       | Lump Sum<br>LS   | 15,000.00         | 15,000.00     |
| 0260      | 8126000000-N | 414      | CULVERT EXCAVATION, STA ******<br>(16+31.90-RPC-)  | Lump Sum<br>LS   | 15,000.00         | 15,000.00     |
| 0261      | 8126000000-N | 414      | CULVERT EXCAVATION, STA ******<br>(25+49.32-L-)    | Lump Sum<br>LS   | 30,000.00         | 30,000.00     |
| 0262      | 8133000000-E | 414      | FOUNDATION CONDITIONING MATER-<br>IAL, BOX CULVERT | 109<br>TON       | 60.00             | 6,540.00      |
| 0263      | 8196000000-E | 420      | CLASS A CONCRETE (CULVERT)                         | 250.5<br>CY      | 750.00            | 187,875.00    |
| 0264      | 8245000000-E | 425      | REINFORCING STEEL (CULVERT)                        | 29,389           | 1.25              | 36,736.25     |

# North Carolina Department Of Transportation Contract Item Sheets For C204341

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|           | Contract Item Sheets For C204341 |          |                                   |                  |                   |               |
|-----------|----------------------------------|----------|-----------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| Line<br># | ItemNumber                       | Sec<br># | Description                       | Quantity<br>Unit | Unit Bid<br>Price | Amount<br>Bid |
| 0265      | 8801000000-E                     | SP       | MSE RETAINING WALL NO **** (1)    | 5,440<br>SF      | 75.00             | 408,000.00    |
| 0266      | 8801000000-E                     | SP       | MSE RETAINING WALL NO ****<br>(2) | 4,195<br>SF      | 75.00             | 314,625.00    |

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|           |              |          | Contract Item Sheets For C204341   |                  |                   |               |
|-----------|--------------|----------|--|------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| Line<br># | ItemNumber   | Sec<br># | Description  | Quantity<br>Unit | Unit Bid<br>Price | Amount<br>Bid |
| 0267      | 8035000000-N | 402      | REMOVAL OF EXISTING STRUCTURE<br>AT STATION ************************************ | Lump Sum<br>LS   | 250,000.00        | 250,000.00    |
| 0268      | 8065000000-N | SP       | ASBESTOS ASSESSMENT  | Lump Sum<br>LS   | 2,500.00          | 2,500.00      |
| 0269      | 8108000000-E | 411      | **'-*" DIA DRILLED PIERS<br>(4'-0")  | 159.83<br>LF     | 1,000.00          | 159,830.00    |
| 0270      | 8112730000-N | 450      | PDA TESTING  | 1<br>EA          | 2,000.00          | 2,000.00      |
| 0271      | 8114000000-N | 411      | SPT TESTING  | 5<br>EA          | 1,000.00          | 5,000.00      |
| 0272      | 8115000000-N | 411      | CSL TESTING  | 1<br>EA          | 2,450.00          | 2,450.00      |
| 0273      | 8147000000-E | 420      | REINFORCED CONCRETE DECK SLAB  | 11,739<br>SF     | 42.00             | 493,038.00    |
| 0274      | 8161000000-E | 420      | GROOVING BRIDGE FLOORS   | 11,177<br>SF     | 0.75              | 8,382.75      |
| 0275      | 8182000000-E | 420      | CLASS A CONCRETE (BRIDGE)  | 264.2<br>CY      | 750.00            | 198,150.00    |
| 0276      | 8210000000-N | 422      | BRIDGE APPROACH SLABS, STATION ************************(27+83.62-L-)             | Lump Sum<br>LS   | 100,000.00        | 100,000.00    |
| 0277      | 8217000000-E | 425      | REINFORCING STEEL (BRIDGE)   | <br>47,925<br>LB | 1.25              | 59,906.25     |
| 0278      | 8238000000-E | 425      | SPIRAL COLUMN REINFORCING<br>STEEL (BRIDGE)                                      | 6,494<br>LB      | 2.50              | 16,235.00     |
| 0279      | 8274000000-E | 430      | MODIFIED 63" PRESTRESSED CONC<br>GIRDERS   | 1,499.46<br>LF   | 275.00            | 412,351.50    |
| 0280      | 8328200000-E | 450      | PILE DRIVING EQUIPMENT SETUP<br>FOR *** STEEL PILES<br>(HP12X53)                 | 30<br>EA         | 450.00            | 13,500.00     |
| 0281      | 8364000000-E | 450      | HP12X53 STEEL PILES  | 1,320<br>LF      | 30.00             | 39,600.00     |
| 0282      | 8475000000-E | 460      | TWO BAR METAL RAIL   | 420.22<br>LF     | 95.00             | 39,920.90     |
| 0283      | 8517000000-E | 460      | 1'-**"X *****" CONCRETE PARA-<br>PET<br>(1'-2" X 3'-3")                          | 437.9<br>LF      | 125.00            | 54,737.50     |
| 0284      | 8531000000-E | 462      | 4" SLOPE PROTECTION  | 75<br>SY         | 150.00            | 11,250.00     |

# North Carolina Department Of Transportation Contract Item Sheets For C204341

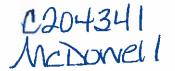
Page: 19 of 19

\$12,358,341.47

|           | Contract Item Sneets For C204341 |          |                      |                  |                   |               |
|-----------|----------------------------------|----------|----------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| Line<br># | ItemNumber                       | Sec<br># | Description          | Quantity<br>Unit | Unit Bid<br>Price | Amount<br>Bid |
|           |                                  |          |                      |                  |                   |               |
| 0285      | 8657000000-N                     | 430      | ELASTOMERIC BEARINGS | Lump Sum<br>LS   | 15,000.00         | 15,000.00     |
| 0286      | 8692000000-N                     | SP       | FOAM JOINT SEALS     | Lump Sum<br>LS   | 40,000.00         | 40,000.00     |

TOTAL AMOUNT OF BID FOR ENTIRE PROJECT

0648/Jul02/Q570075.62/D1351200832000/E286



#### NON-COLLUSION, DEBARMENT CERTIFICATION AND GIFT BAN CERTIFICATION

#### LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

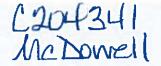
The prequalified bidder, declares (or certifies, verifies, or states) under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States that neither he, nor any official, agent or employee has entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action which is in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with any bid or contract, that the prequalified bidder has not been convicted of violating N.C.G.S. § 133-24 within the last three years, and that the prequalified bidder intends to do the work with its own bonafide employees or subcontractors and will not bid for the benefit of another contractor.

By submitting this non-collusion, debarment and gift ban certification, the Contractor is attesting his status under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States in accordance with the Debarment Certification attached, provided that the Debarment Certification also includes any required statements concerning exceptions that are applicable.

N.C.G.S. § 133-32 and Executive Order 24 prohibit the offer to, or acceptance by, any State Employee of any gift from anyone with a contract with the State, or from any person seeking to do business with the State. By execution of any response in this procurement, you attest, for your entire organization and its employees or agents, that you are not aware that any such gift has been offered, accepted, or promised by any employees of your organization.

### SIGNATURE OF PREQUALIFIED BIDDER

| National Bridge Builders, LLC. Full Name of Firm |                         |                                   |             |  |
|--|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|--|
| 106 Woodland Trail                               | Kernersville            | NC                                | 27284       |  |
|  | Address as Prequalified |                                   |             |  |
| Signature of Witne                               | Sess s                  | ignature of Member Manager/Author | rized Agent |  |
| Dena Brown                                       |                         | William H West IV                 |             |  |
| Print or type Signer's                           | name                    | Print or type Signer's Name       | :           |  |



### DEBARMENT CERTIFICATION

### Conditions for certification:

- 1. The prequalified bidder shall provide immediate written notice to the Department if at any time the bidder learns that his certification was erroneous when he submitted his debarment certification or explanation filed with the Department, or has become erroneous because of changed circumstances.
- 2. The terms covered transaction, debarred, suspended, ineligible, lower tier covered transaction, participant, person, primary covered transaction, principal, proposal, and voluntarily excluded, as used in this provision, have the meanings set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of the rules implementing Executive Order 12549. A copy of the Federal Rules requiring this certification and detailing the definitions and coverages may be obtained from the Contract Officer of the Department.
- 3. The prequalified bidder agrees by submitting this form, that he will not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in NCDOT contracts, unless authorized by the Department.
- 4. For Federal Aid projects, the prequalified bidder further agrees that by submitting this form he will include the Federal-Aid Provision titled Required Contract Provisions Federal-Aid Construction Contract (Form FHWA PR 1273) provided by the Department, without subsequent modification, in all lower tier covered transactions.
- 5. The prequalified bidder may rely upon a certification of a participant in a lower tier covered transaction that he is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless he knows that the certification is erroneous. The bidder may decide the method and frequency by which he will determine the eligibility of his subcontractors.
- 6. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this provision. The knowledge and information of a participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- 7. Except as authorized in paragraph 6 herein, the Department may terminate any contract if the bidder knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available by the Federal Government.



#### DEBARMENT CERTIFICATION

The prequalified bidder certifies to the best of his knowledge and belief, that he and his principals:

- a. Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;
- b. Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records; making false statements; or receiving stolen property;
- c. Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph b. of this certification; and
- d. Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.
- e. Will submit a revised Debarment Certification immediately if his status changes and will show in his bid proposal an explanation for the change in status.

If the prequalified bidder cannot certify that he is not debarred, he shall provide an explanation with this submittal. An explanation will not necessarily result in denial of participation in a contract.

Failure to submit a non-collusion and debarment certification will result in the prequalified bidder's bid being considered non-responsive.

| Check here if an |                |             | .1.1            |       |
|------------------|----------------|-------------|-----------------|-------|
| Check here if an | explanation is | attached to | this certifical | tion. |

| County (ies): <u>McDowell</u>                           |
|---|
| ACCEPTED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION            |
| Docusigned by: Ronald E. Davenport, Jr.                 |
| Contract Officer  |
| 7/12/2019   |
| Date  |
| Execution of Contract and Bonds<br>Approved as to Form: |
| —Docusigned by:<br>Ebony Pittman                        |
| Attorney General  |
| 7/12/2019   |
| Date  |

C204341

**Contract No.** 

Signature Sheet (Bid - Acceptance by Department)

Contract No. C204341
County McDowell

Rev 5-17-11

### CONTRACT PAYMENT BOND

| Date of Payment Bond Execution | July 1, 2019   |   |  |
|--------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Name of Principal Contractor   | National Bridge Builders, LLC  |   |  |
| Name of Surety:                | Frankenmuth Mutual Insurance Company 1 Mutual Avenue, Frankenmuth, MI 48787-0001                             |   |  |
| Name of Contracting Body:      | North Carolina Department of Transportation  |   |  |
|                                | Raleigh, North Carolina  |   |  |
| Amount of Bond:                | Twelve Million Three Hundred Fifty Eight Thousand Three Hundred Forty One Dollars and 47/100 \$12,358,341.47 | <u>,                                     </u> |  |
| Contract ID No.:               | C204341  |   |  |
| County Name:                   | McDoweli   |   |  |

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, That we, the PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR (hereafter, PRINCIPAL) and SURETY above named, are held and firmly bound unto the above named Contracting Body, hereinafter called the Contracting Body, in the penal sum of the amount stated above for the payment of which sum well and truly to be made, we bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, and successors, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents.

THE CONDITION OF THIS OBLIGATION IS SUCH, that whereas the principal entered into a certain contract with the Contracting Body, numbered as shown above and hereto attached:

NOW THEREFORE, if the principal shall promptly make payment to all persons supplying labor and material in the prosecution of the work provided for in said contract, and any and all duly authorized modifications of said contract that may hereafter be made, notice of which modifications to the surety being hereby waived, then this obligation to be void; otherwise to remain in full force and virtue.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the above-bound parties have executed this instrument under their several seals on the date indicated above, the name and corporate seal of each corporate party being hereto affixed and these presents duly signed by its undersigned representative, pursuant to authority of its governing body.

C204341 McDowell Rev 5-17-11

### CONTRACT PAYMENT BOND

Affix Seal of Surety Company

Frankenmuth Mutual Insurance Company
Print or type Surety Company Name

By Angela M. Yount

Print, stamp or type name of Attorney-in-Fact

Bv:

Signature of Attorney-in-Fact

Wendy E. Lahm

Print or type Signer's name

Signature of Witness

5605 Carnegie Blvd., Suite 300, Charlotte, NC 28209

Address of Attorney-in-Fact

### CONTRACT PAYMENT BOND

### LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

SIGNATURE OF CONTRACTOR (Principal)

Name of Contractor

National Bridge Builders, LLC Full name of Firm

106 Woodland Trail, Kernersville, NC 27284 Address as prequalified

By:

nsember, Managen, Authorized Agent Select appropriate title Signature of Member, Ma

Contract No. C204341

County McDowell

Rev 5-17-11

#### CONTRACT PERFORMANCE BOND

| Date of Performance Bond Execution: | July 1, 2019   |                 |  |
|-------------------------------------|--|-----------------|--|
| Name of Principal Contractor:       | National Bridge Builders, LLC  |                 |  |
| Name of Surety:                     | Frankenmuth Mutual Insurance Company<br>1 Mutual Avenue, Frankenmuth, MI 48787-00            | 01              |  |
| Name of Contracting Body:           | North Carolina Department of Transportation  |                 |  |
|                                     | Raleigh, North Carolina  |                 |  |
| Amount of Bond:                     | Twelve Million Three Hundred Fifty Eight Thousand Three Hundred Forty One Dollars and 47/100 | \$12,358,341.47 |  |
| Contract ID No.:                    | C204341  |                 |  |
| County Name:                        | McDowell   |                 |  |

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, That we, the PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR (hereafter, PRINCIPAL) and SURETY above named, are held and firmly bound unto the above named Contracting Body, hereinafter called the Contracting Body, in the penal sum of the amount stated above for the payment of which sum well and truly to be made, we bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, and successors, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents.

THE CONDITION OF THIS OBLIGATION IS SUCH, that whereas the principal entered into a certain contract with the Contracting Body, numbered as shown above and hereto attached:

NOW THEREFORE, if the principal shall well and truly perform and fulfill all the undertakings, covenants, terms, conditions, and agreements of said contract during the original term of said contract and any extensions thereof that may be granted by the Contracting Body, with or without notice to the Surety, and during the life of any guaranty required under the contract, and shall also well and truly perform and fulfill all the undertakings, covenants, terms, conditions, and agreements of any and all duly authorized modifications of said contract that may hereafter be made, notice of which modifications to the surety being hereby waived, then this obligation to be void; otherwise to remain in full force and virtue.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the above-bound parties have executed this instrument under their several seals on the date indicated above, the name and corporate seal of each corporate party being hereto affixed and these presents duly signed by its undersigned representative, pursuant to authority of its governing body.

### CONTRACT PERFORMANCE BOND

Affix Seal of Surety Company

Frankenmuth Mutual Insurance Company
Print or type Surety Company Name

By Angela M. Yount

Print, stamp or type name of Attorney-in-Fact

Rv

Signature of Attorney-in-Fact

Wendy E. Lahm
Print or type Signer's name

5605 Carnegie Bivd., Suite 300, Charlotte, NC 28209

Address of Attorney-in-Fact

| Contract No.       | C204341  |   |
|--------------------|----------|---|
| County             | McDowell |   |
|                    |          | CONTRACT PERFORMANCE BOND   |
|                    |          | LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY   |
|                    |          | SIGNATURE OF CONTRACTOR (Principal)                                     |
| Name of Contractor |          | National Bridge Builders, LLC Full name of Firm                         |
|                    |          | 106 Woodland Trail, Kernersville, NC 27284  Address as prequalified     |
|                    |          | By: Ocha Par  |
|                    |          | Signature of Member, Manager, Authorized Agent Select appropriate title |

Print or type Signer's name

Rev 5-17-11

### FRANKENMUTH MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY

### **POWER OF ATTORNEY**

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that Frankenmuth Mutual Insurance Company (the "Company"), a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the State of Michigan, having its principal office at 1 Mutual Avenue, Frankenmuth, Michigan 48787, does hereby nominate, constitute and appoint: Angela M. Yount

Their true and lawful attorney(s)-in-fact, each in their separate capacity if more than one is named above, to make, execute, seal, acknowledge and deliver any and all bonds, contracts and undertakings of suretyship, with the exception of Financial Guaranty Insurance, provided, however, that the penal sum of any one such instrument shall not exceed the sum of:

Fifty Million and 00/100 Dollars (S50,000,000)

Bond No: SUR2001150

Principal Name: National Bridge Builders, LLC

Obligee Name: NC Department of Transportation, Contract Standards and Development Unit

This Power of Attorney is granted pursuant to the following Resolution duly adopted at a meeting of the Board of Directors of Frankenmuth Mutual Insurance Company:

"RESOLVED, that the President, Senior Vice President or Vice President and each of them under their respective designations, hereby is authorized to execute powers of attorney, and such authority can be executed by use of facsimile signature, which may be attested or acknowledged by any officer of the Company, qualifying the attorney(s) named in the given power of attorney, to execute on behalf of, and acknowledge as the act and deed of Frankenmuth Mutual Insurance Company on all bonds, contracts and undertakings of suretyship, and to affix the corporate seal thereto."

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Company has caused these presents to be signed and attested by its appropriate officers and its corporate seal hereunto affixed this 10th day of September, 2018.

STATE MICHIGAN ) SS:

Frankenmuth Mutual Insurance Company

Frederick A. Edmond, Jr.,

President and Chief Operating Officer

Sworn to before me, a Notary Public in the State of Michigan, by Frederick A. Edmond, Jr., to me personally known to be the individual and officer described in, and who executed the preceding instrument, deposed and said the Corporate Seal and his signature as Officer were affixed and subscribed to said instrument by the authority of the Company.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have set my hand, and affixed my Official Seal this 10th day of September, 2018.

Dianne L. Voss, Notary Public

(Scal)

Saginaw County, State of Michigan

My Commission Expires July 23, 2024

I, the undersigned, Vice President of Frankenmuth Mutual Insurance Company, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, correct and complete copy of the original Power of Attorney; that said Power of Attorney has not been revoked on rescinded and is in full force and effect as of this date.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have set my hand and affixed the Seal of the Company, this 1st day of

Andrew H. Knudsen, Vice President