C204852

#### STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION RALEIGH, N.C.

# CONTRACT AND

# CONTRACT BONDS

#### FOR CONTRACT NO. C204852

WBS <u>34554.3.3 STATE FUNDED</u>

T.I.P NO. <u>R-3833C</u>

COUNTY OFIREDELLTHIS IS THEROADWAY & STRUCTURE CONTRACTROUTE NUMBERSR-1100LOCATIONSR-1100 (BRAWLEY SCHOOL RD) FROM I-77 TO US-21

CONTRACTORTHE LANE CONSTRUCTION CORPORATIONADDRESS90 FIELDSTONE COURTCHESHIRE, CT 06410

BIDS OPENEDNOVEMBER 21, 2023CONTRACT EXECUTION12/20/2023

#### STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION RALEIGH, N.C.

# **PROPOSAL**

# DATE AND TIME OF BID OPENING: Nov 21, 2023 AT 02:00 PM

CONTRACT ID C204852

WBS 34554.3.3

FEDERAL-AID NO.	STATE FUNDED
COUNTY	IREDELL
T.I.P NO.	R-3833C
MILES	1.118
ROUTE NO.	SR-1100
LOCATION	SR-1100 (BRAWLEY SCHOOL RD) FROM I-77 TO US-21

#### TYPE OF WORK WIDENING, GRADING, DRAINAGE, PAVING, AND STRUCTURES.

#### NOTICE:

ALL BIDDERS SHALL COMPLY WITH ALL APPLICABLE LAWS REGULATING THE PRACTICE OF GENERAL CONTRACTING AS CONTAINED IN CHAPTER 87 OF THE GENERAL STATUTES OF NORTH CAROLINA WHICH REQUIRES THE BIDDER TO BE LICENSED BY THE N.C. LICENSING BOARD FOR CONTRACTORS WHEN BIDDING ON ANY NON-FEDERAL AID PROJECT WHERE THE BID IS \$30,000 OR MORE, EXCEPT FOR CERTAIN SPECIALTY WORK AS DETERMINED BY THE LICENSING BOARD. BIDDERS SHALL ALSO COMPLY WITH ALL OTHER APPLICABLE LAWS REGULATING THE PRACTICES OF ELECTRICAL, PLUMBING, HEATING AND AIR CONDITIONING AND REFRIGERATION CONTRACTING AS CONTAINED IN CHAPTER 87 OF THE GENERAL STATUTES OF NORTH CAROLINA. NOTWITHSTANDING THESE LIMITATIONS ON BIDDING, THE BIDDER WHO IS AWARDED ANY FEDERAL - AID FUNDED PROJECT SHALL COMPLY WITH CHAPTER 87 OF THE GENERAL STATUTES OF NORTH CAROLINA FOR LICENSING REQUIREMENTS WITHIN 60 CALENDAR DAYS OF BID OPENING.

BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED AS SHOWN BELOW:

#### THIS IS A ROADWAY & STRUCTURE PROPOSAL

5% BID BOND OR BID DEPOSIT REQUIRED

### PROPOSAL FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF CONTRACT No. C204852 IN IREDELL COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA

The Bidder has carefully examined the location of the proposed work to be known as Contract No. <u>C204852</u> has carefully examined the plans and specifications, which are acknowledged to be part of the proposal, the special provisions, the proposal, the form of contract, and the forms of contract payment bond and contract performance bond; and thoroughly understands the stipulations, requirements and provisions. The undersigned bidder agrees to be bound upon his execution of the bid and subsequent award to him by the Board of Transportation in accordance with this proposal to provide the necessary contract payment bond and contract performance bond within fourteen days after the written notice of award is received by him. The undersigned Bidder further agrees to provide all necessary machinery, tools, labor, and other means of construction; and to do all the work and to furnish all materials, except as otherwise noted, necessary to perform and complete the said contract in accordance with *the 2018 Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures* by the dates(s) specified in the Project Special Provisions and in accordance with the requirements of the Engineer, and at the unit or lump sum prices, as the case may be, for the various items given on the sheets contained herein.

The Bidder shall provide and furnish all the materials, machinery, implements, appliances and tools, and perform the work and required labor to construct and complete State Highway Contract No. <u>C204852</u> in <u>Iredell County</u>, for the unit or lump sum prices, as the case may be, bid by the Bidder in his bid and according to the proposal, plans, and specifications prepared by said Department, which proposal, plans, and specifications show the details covering this project, and hereby become a part of this contract.

The published volume entitled North Carolina Department of Transportation, Raleigh, Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures, January 2018 with all amendments and supplements thereto, is by reference incorporated into and made a part of this contract; that, except as herein modified, all the construction and work included in this contract is to be done in accordance with the specifications contained in said volume, and amendments and supplements thereto, under the direction of the Engineer.

If the proposal is accepted and the award is made, the contract is valid only when signed either by the Contract Officer or such other person as may be designated by the Secretary to sign for the Department of Transportation. The conditions and provisions herein cannot be changed except over the signature of the said Contract Officer.

The quantities shown in the itemized proposal for the project are considered to be approximate only and are given as the basis for comparison of bids. The Department of Transportation may increase or decrease the quantity of any item or portion of the work as may be deemed necessary or expedient.

An increase or decrease in the quantity of an item will not be regarded as sufficient ground for an increase or decrease in the unit prices, nor in the time allowed for the completion of the work, except as provided for the contract.

Accompanying this bid is a bid bond secured by a corporate surety, or certified check payable to the order of the Department of Transportation, for five percent of the total bid price, which deposit is to be forfeited as liquidated damages in case this bid is accepted and the Bidder shall fail to provide the required payment and performance bonds with the Department of Transportation, under the condition of this proposal, within 14 calendar days after the written notice of award is received by him, as provided in the *Standard Specifications*; otherwise said deposit will be returned to the Bidder.



— Docusigned by: Ronald Elton Davenport, Jr. —F81B6038A47A442... 10/19/2023

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#### **PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS**

#### **GENERAL**

#### **CONTRACTOR PREQUALIFICATION:**

(10-18-22)(Rev. 7-18-23)

102

SP1 G01

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

**Page 1-9, Subarticle 102-2(A)(1) Bidder Prequalification**, lines 34-36, delete and replace the first sentence with the following:

Applicant shall submit a completed Department Prequalification Application and *Bidder Experience Questionnaire*, along with any additional supporting information requested by the Department, as noted in the application and experience questionnaire package.

**Page 1-10, Subarticle 102-2(A) Bidder Prequalification,** lines 30-31, delete and replace the first sentence with the following:

Prospective bidders shall obtain prequalification approval at least two business days prior to any letting in which they intend to submit a bid. It is recommended that the prospective bidder file all required statements and documents with the State Prequalifications Engineer no less than 4 weeks before a given letting.

**Page 1-10, Subarticle 102-2(B) Purchase Order Bidder Prequalification,** lines 34-39, delete and replace the title and first paragraph with the following:

#### (B) Purchase Order (PO) Prime Contractor Prequalification

Contractors who have been approved to be placed on the Prequalified Bidders' List as noted above may perform work for the Department as a Purchase Order (PO) Prime Contractor and need not apply further. However, Purchase Order (PO) Prime Contractors will not be placed on the Prequalified Bidders' List unless they submit through the prequalification process described above.

**Page 1-9, Subarticle 102-2(B)(1) Purchase Order Bidder Prequalification,** lines 40-42, delete and replace the first sentence with the following:

Applicant shall submit a completed Department Prequalification Application along with any additional supporting information requested by the Department, as noted in the application.

**Page 1-11, Subarticle 102-2(B) Purchase Order Bidder Prequalification,** lines 16-18, delete and replace the first sentence with the following:

Prospective bidders shall obtain prequalification approval at least two business days prior to any letting in which they intend to submit a bid. It is recommended that the applicant file all required statements and documents with the State Prequalifications Engineer no less than 4 weeks before a given bid opening for their bid to be considered.

**Page 1-11, Subarticle 102-2(C) Subcontractor Prequalification,** lines 22-26, delete and replace the first paragraph with the following:

Contractors who have been approved to be placed on the Prequalified Bidders' List or the Purchase Order (PO) Prime Contractor's List as noted above may perform work for the Department as a subcontractor and need not apply further. However, subcontractors will not be placed on the Prequalified List or the Purchase Order (PO) Prime Contractor's List unless they submit through the prequalification process described above.

**Page 1-11, Subarticle 102-2(C)(1) Subcontractor Prequalification,** lines 27-28, delete and replace the first sentence with the following:

Applicant shall submit a completed Department Prequalification Application along with any additional supporting information requested by the Department, as noted in the application.

**Page 1-11, Subarticle 102-2(C) Subcontractor Prequalification,** lines 44-45, delete and replace the first sentence with the following:

The subcontractor shall file all required statements and documents with the State Prequalifications Engineer no less than 4 weeks before beginning work.

**Page 1-12, Subarticle 102-2(E) Renewal and Requalification,** lines 38-40, delete and replace the first sentence with the following:

It is recommended that the renewing or requalifying firm file all required statements and documents with the State Prequalifications Engineer no less than 4 weeks before a given letting for their bid to be considered.

#### **INTERESTED PARTIES LIST:**

(6-21-22)(Rev. 7-19-22)

102

SP1 G02

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

**Page 1-12, Article 102-3 PROPOSALS AND PLAN HOLDER LISTS,** lines 45-49, delete and replace with the following:

#### **102-3 PROPOSALS AND INTERESTED PARTIES LIST**

On Department projects advertised, the prospective bidder shall sign up on the *Interested Parties List* no later than one business day prior to the Letting day of that project, for which he intends to submit a bid. There is no cost for signing up on the *Interested Parties List* that can be found on the Department's website at connect.ncdot.gov/letting.

**Page 1-12, Article 102-3 PROPOSALS AND PLAN HOLDER LISTS,** lines 1-3, delete and replace the first sentence of the second paragraph with the following:

The proposal will state the location of the contemplated construction and show a schedule of

contract items with the approximate quantity of each of these items for which bid prices are invited.

Page 1-14, Article 102-8 PREPARATION AND SUBMISSION OF BIDS, lines 30-31, delete and replace the first paragraph with the following:

Prior to submitting a bid on a project, the bidder shall sign up on the Interested Parties List in conformance with Article 102-3. The bidder shall submit a unit or lump sum price for every item in the proposal other than items that are authorized alternates to those items for which a bid price has been submitted.

107

#### **LIABILITY INSURANCE:**

(5-16-23)

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 1-64, Article 107-15 LIABILITY INSURANCE, replace the first sentence with the following:

The Contractor shall at its sole cost and expense obtain and furnish to the Department an original standard Association for Cooperative Operations Research and Development (ACORD) certificate of liability insurance evidencing commercial general liability with a limit for bodily injury and property damage in the amount of \$5,000,000 per occurrence and \$5,000,000 general aggregate, covering the Contractor from claims or damages for bodily injury, personal injury, or for property damages that may arise from operating under the contract by the employees and agents of the Contractor.

#### **CONTRACT TIME AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:**

(8-15-00) (Rev. 5-16-23)

The date of availability for this contract is June 1, 2024, except that work in jurisdictional waters and wetlands shall not begin until a meeting between the DOT, Regulatory Agencies, and the Contractor is held as stipulated in the permits contained elsewhere in this proposal. This delay in availability has been considered in determining the contract time for this project.

The completion date for this contract is January 28, 2029.

Except where otherwise provided by the contract, observation periods required by the contract will not be a part of the work to be completed by the completion date and/or intermediate contract times stated in the contract. The acceptable completion of the observation periods that extend beyond the final completion date shall be a part of the work covered by the performance and payment bonds.

The liquidated damages for this contract are Two Hundred Dollars (\$ 200.00) per calendar day. These liquidated damages will not be cumulative with any liquidated damages which may become chargeable under Intermediate Contract Time Number 1.

SP1 G05

SP1 G08 A

#### INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 1 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:

(7-1-95) (Rev. 2-21-12)

108

SP1 G13 A

Except for that work required under the Project Special Provisions entitled *Planting, Reforestation* and/or *Permanent Vegetation Establishment*, included elsewhere in this proposal, the Contractor will be required to complete all work included in this contract and shall place and maintain traffic on same.

The date of availability for this intermediate contract time is **June 1, 2024**.

The completion date for this intermediate contract time is August 1, 2028.

The liquidated damages for this intermediate contract time are **Three Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$ 3,500.00)** per calendar day.

Upon apparent completion of all the work required to be completed by this intermediate date, a final inspection will be held in accordance with Article 105-17 and upon acceptance, the Department will assume responsibility for the maintenance of all work except *Planting, Reforestation* and/or *Permanent Vegetation Establishment*. The Contractor will be responsible for and shall make corrections of all damages to the completed roadway caused by his planting operations, whether occurring prior to or after placing traffic through the project.

#### INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 2 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES: (2-20-07) 108 SPI G14 A

The Contractor shall complete the required work of installing, maintaining, and removing the traffic control devices for lane closures and restoring traffic to the existing traffic pattern. The Contractor shall not close or narrow a lane of traffic on **Any Road** during the following time restrictions:

#### DAY AND TIME RESTRICTIONS

#### Monday through Friday, 6:00 AM to 9:00 AM and 4:00 PM to 7:00 PM

In addition, the Contractor shall not close or narrow a lane of traffic on **Any Road**, detain and/or alter the traffic flow on or during holidays, holiday weekends, special events, or any other time when traffic is unusually heavy, including the following schedules:

#### HOLIDAY AND HOLIDAY WEEKEND LANE CLOSURE RESTRICTIONS

- 1. For **unexpected occurrence** that creates unusually high traffic volumes, as directed by the Engineer.
- 2. For New Year's Day, between the hours of 6:00 AM December 31<sup>st</sup> and 7:00 PM January 2<sup>nd</sup>. If New Year's Day is on a Friday, Saturday, Sunday or Monday, then until 7:00 PM the following Tuesday.
- 3. For Easter, between the hours of 6:00 AM Thursday and 7:00 PM Monday.
- 4. For **Memorial Day**, between the hours of **6:00 AM** Friday and **7:00 PM** Tuesday.

5. For Independence Day, between the hours of 6:00 AM the day before Independence Day and 7:00 PM the day after Independence Day.

If Independence Day is on a Friday, Saturday, Sunday or Monday, then between the hours of 6:00 AM the Thursday before Independence Day and 7:00 PM the Tuesday after Independence Day.

- 6. For Labor Day, between the hours of 6:00 AM Friday and 7:00 PM Tuesday.
- 7. For Thanksgiving, between the hours of 6:00 AM Tuesday and 7:00 PM Monday.
- 8. For Christmas, between the hours of 6:00 AM the Friday before the week of Christmas Day and 7:00 AM the following Tuesday after the week of Christmas Day.
- 9. For any race and/or event at Charlotte Motor Speedway that creates unusually high traffic volumes, as directed by the Engineer.
- 10. For North Carolina Race Week, between the hours of 6:00 AM the Saturday before North Carolina Race Week and 6:00 PM the following Sunday after North Carolina Race Week.

Holidays and holiday weekends shall include New Year's, Easter, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving, and Christmas. The Contractor shall schedule his work so that lane closures will not be required during these periods, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.

The time of availability for this intermediate contract work shall be the time the Contractor begins to install all traffic control devices for lane closures according to the time restrictions listed herein.

The completion time for this intermediate contract work shall be the time the Contractor is required to complete the removal of all traffic control devices for lane closures according to the time restrictions stated above and place traffic in the existing traffic pattern.

The liquidated damages are Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$ 250.00) per fifteen (15) minute time period.

#### **INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 3 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:** 108

(2-20-07) (Rev. 6-18-13)

SP1 G14 H

The Contractor shall complete the work required of Phase I, Steps #3 thru #5 as shown on Sheet TMP-3 and shall place and maintain traffic on same.

The date of availability for this intermediate contract time is the date the Contractor elects to begin the work.

The completion date for this intermediate contract time is the date which is **One Hundred Eighty** (180) consecutive calendar days after and including the date of availability.

The liquidated damages are Five Thousand Dollars (\$ 5,000.00) per calendar day.

#### **G-6**

#### PERMANENT VEGETATION ESTABLISHMENT:

(2-16-12) (Rev. 10-15-13)

104

SP1 G16

Establish a permanent stand of the vegetation mixture shown in the contract. During the period between initial vegetation planting and final project acceptance, perform all work necessary to establish permanent vegetation on all erodible areas within the project limits, as well as, in borrow and waste pits. This work shall include erosion control device maintenance and installation, repair seeding and mulching, supplemental seeding and mulching, mowing, and fertilizer topdressing, as directed. All work shall be performed in accordance with the applicable section of the *2018 Standard Specifications*. All work required for initial vegetation planting shall be performed as a part of the work necessary for the completion and acceptance of the Intermediate Contract Time (ICT). Between the time of ICT and Final Project acceptance, or otherwise referred to as the vegetation establishment period, the Department will be responsible for preparing the required National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) inspection records.

Once the Engineer has determined that the permanent vegetation establishment requirement has been achieved at an 80% vegetation density (the amount of established vegetation per given area to stabilize the soil) and no erodible areas exist within the project limits, the Contractor will be notified to remove the remaining erosion control devices that are no longer needed. The Contractor will be responsible for, and shall correct any areas disturbed by operations performed in permanent vegetation establishment and the removal of temporary erosion control measures, whether occurring prior to or after placing traffic on the project.

Payment for *Response for Erosion Control*, *Seeding and Mulching, Repair Seeding, Supplemental Seeding, Mowing, Fertilizer Topdressing, Silt Excavation,* and *Stone for Erosion Control* will be made at contract unit prices for the affected items. Work required that is not represented by contract line items will be paid in accordance with Articles 104-7 or 104-3 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. No additional compensation will be made for maintenance and removal of temporary erosion control items.

#### **MAJOR CONTRACT ITEMS:**

(2-19-02)

104

SP1 G28

The following listed items are the major contract items for this contract (see Article 104-5 of the 2018 Standard Specifications):

Line #	Description
8	Borrow Excavation
46	Asphalt Concrete Base Course, Type B25.0 C
47	Asphalt Concrete Intermediate Course, Type I19.0 C
48	Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type S9.5 C
205	Silt Excavation
293	MSE Retaining Wall No. 1

#### **SPECIALTY ITEMS:**

(7-1-95)(Rev. 7-20-21)

108-6

SP1 G37

Items listed below will be the specialty items for this contract (see Article 108-6 of the 2018 Standard Specifications).

Line #	Description
88-96	Guardrail
97-108	Fencing
114-127	Signing
143-149, 155-156, 158	Long-Life Pavement Markings
159	Permanent Pavement Markers
160-195	Utility Construction
196-228, 230-231	Erosion Control
229	Reforestation
232-286	Signals/ITS System

#### **FUEL PRICE ADJUSTMENT:**

(11-15-05) (Rev. 11-15-22)

109-8

SP1 G43

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

#### Page 1-87, Article 109-8, Fuel Price Adjustments, add the following:

The base index price for DIESEL #2 FUEL is **\$ 3.4209** per gallon. Where any of the following are included as pay items in the contract, they will be eligible for fuel price adjustment.

The pay items and the fuel factor used in calculating adjustments to be made will be as follows:

Description	Units	Fuel Usage Factor Diesel
Unclassified Excavation	Gal/CY	0.29
Borrow Excavation	Gal/CY	0.29
Class IV Subgrade Stabilization	Gal/Ton	0.55
Aggregate Base Course	Gal/Ton	0.55
Sub-Ballast	Gal/Ton	0.55
Erosion Control Stone	Gal/Ton	0.55
Rip Rap, Class	Gal/Ton	0.55
Asphalt Concrete Base Course, Type	Gal/Ton	0.90 or 2.90
Asphalt Concrete Intermediate Course, Type	Gal/Ton	0.90 or 2.90
Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type	Gal/Ton	0.90 or 2.90
Open-Graded Asphalt Friction Course	Gal/Ton	0.90 or 2.90
Permeable Asphalt Drainage Course, Type	Gal/Ton	0.90 or 2.90
Sand Asphalt Surface Course, Type	Gal/Ton	0.90 or 2.90
Ultra-thin Bonded Wearing Course	Gal/Ton	0.90 or 2.90
Aggregate for Cement Treated Base Course	Gal/Ton	0.55
Portland Cement for Cement Treated Base Course	Gal/Ton	0.55
> 11" Portland Cement Concrete Pavement	Gal/SY	0.327

Concrete Shoulders Adjacent to > 11" Pavement	Gal/SY	0.327
9" to 11" Portland Cement Concrete Pavement	Gal/SY	0.272
Concrete Shoulders Adjacent to 9" to 11" Pavement	Gal/SY	0.272
< 9" Portland Cement Concrete Pavement	Gal/SY	0.245
Concrete Shoulders Adjacent to < 9" Pavement	Gal/SY	0.245

For the asphalt items noted in the chart as eligible for fuel adjustments, the bidder may include the *Fuel Usage Factor Adjustment Form* with their bid submission if they elect to use the fuel usage factor. The *Fuel Usage Factor Adjustment Form* is found at the following link:

https://connect.ncdot.gov/letting/LetCentral/Fuel%20Usage%20Factor%20Adjustment%20Form %20-%20%20Starting%20Nov%202022%20Lettings.pdf

Select either 2.90 Gal/Ton fuel factor or 0.90 Gal/Ton fuel factor for each asphalt line item on the *Fuel Usage Factor Adjustment Form*. The selected fuel factor for each asphalt item will remain in effect for the duration of the contract.

Failure to complete the *Fuel Usage Factor Adjustment Form* will result in using 2.90 gallons per ton as the Fuel Usage Factor for Diesel for the asphalt items noted above. The contractor will not be permitted to change the Fuel Usage Factor after the bids are submitted.

#### **STEEL PRICE ADJUSTMENT:**

(4-19-22)(Rev. 10-17-23)

#### **Description and Purpose**

Steel price adjustments will be made to the payments due the Contractor for items as defined herein that are permanently incorporated into the work, when the price of raw steel mill products utilized on the contract have fluctuated. The Department will adjust monthly progress payments up or down as appropriate for cost changes in steel according to this provision.

#### **Eligible Items**

The list of eligible bid items for steel price adjustment can be found on the Departments website at the following address:

#### https://connect.ncdot.gov/letting/LetCentral/Eligible%20Bid%20Items%20for%20Steel%20Price %20Adjustment.xlsx

Nuts, bolts, anchor bolts, rebar chairs, connecting bands and other miscellaneous hardware associated with these items shall not be included in the price adjustment.

Adjustments will only be made for fluctuations in the material cost of the steel used in the above products as specified in the Product Relationship Table below. The producing mill is defined as the source of steel product before any fabrication has occurred (e.g., coil, plate, rebar, hot rolled shapes, etc.). No adjustment will be made for changes in the cost of fabrication, coating, shipping, storage, etc.

SP1 G47

No steel price adjustments will be made for any products manufactured from steel having an adjustment date, as defined by the Product Relationship Table below, prior to the letting date.

#### **Bid Submittal Requirements**

The successful bidder, within 14 calendar days after the notice of award is received by him, shall provide the completed Form SPA-1 to the Department (State Contract Officer or Division Contract Engineer) along with the payment bonds, performance bonds and contract execution signature sheets in a single submittal. If Form SPA-1 is not included in the same submittal as the payment bonds, performance bonds and contract execution signature sheets, the Contractor will not be eligible for any steel price adjustment for any item in the contract for the life of the contract. Form SPA-1 can be found on the Department's website at the following address:

#### https://connect.ncdot.gov/letting/LetCentral/Form%20SPA-1.xlsm

The Contractor shall provide Form SPA-1 listing the Contract Line Number, (with corresponding Item Number, Item Description, and Category) for the steel products they wish to have an adjustment calculated. Only the contract items corresponding to the list of eligible item numbers for steel price adjustment may be entered on Form SPA-1. The Contractor may choose to have steel price adjustment applied to any, all, or none of the eligible items. However, the Contractor's selection of items for steel price adjustment or non-selection (non-participation) may not be changed once Form SPA-1 has been received by the Department. Items the Bidder chooses for steel price adjustment must be designated by writing the word "Yes" in the column titled "Option" by each Pay Item chosen for adjustment. Should the bidder elect an eligible steel price item, the entire quantity of the line item will be subject to the price adjustment for the duration of the Contract. The Bidder's designations on Form SPA-1 must be written in ink or typed and signed by the Bidder (Prime Contractor) to be considered complete. Items not properly designated, designated with "No", or left blank on the Bidder's Form SPA-1 will automatically be removed from consideration for adjustment. No steel items will be eligible for steel price adjustment on this Project if the Bidder fails to return Form SPA-1 in accordance with this provision.

#### **Establishing the Base Price**

The Department will use a blend of monthly average prices as reported from the Fastmarkets platform to calculate the monthly adjustment indices (BI and MI). This data is typically available on the first day of the month for the preceding month. The indices will be calculated by the Department for the different categories found on the Product Relationship Table below. For item numbers that include multiple types of steel products, the category listed for that item number will be used for adjusting each steel component.

The bidding index for Category 1 Steel items is **\$ 42.25** per hundredweight. The bidding index for Category 2 Steel items is **\$ 71.45** per hundredweight. The bidding index for Category 3 Steel items is **\$ 62.50** per hundredweight. The bidding index for Category 4 Steel items is **\$ 37.30** per hundredweight. The bidding index for Category 5 Steel items is **\$ 53.94** per hundredweight. The bidding index for Category 6 Steel items is **\$ 65.26** per hundredweight. The bidding index for Category 7 Steel items is **\$ 43.68** per hundredweight. The bidding index represents a selling price of steel based on Fastmarkets data for the month of **September 2023**.

- MI = Monthly Index. in Dollars (\$) per hundredweight (CWT). Use the adjustment indices from the month the steel was shipped from the producing mill, received on the project, or member cast as defined in the Product Relationship Table.
- BI = Bidding Index. in Dollars (\$) per hundredweight (CWT). Use the adjustment indices as listed in the proposal.

Steel Product (Title)	BI, MI*	Adjustment Date for MI	Category
Reinforcing Steel, Bridge Deck, and SIP Forms	Based on one or more Fastmarkets indices	Delivery Date from Producing Mill	1
Structural Steel and Encasement Pipe	Based on one or more Fastmarkets indices	Delivery Date from Producing Mill	2
Steel H-Piles, Soldier Pile Walls	Based on one or more Fastmarkets indices	Delivery Date from Producing Mill	3
Guardrail Items and Pipe Piles	Based on one or more Fastmarkets indices	Material Received Date**	4
Fence Items	Based on one or more Fastmarkets indices	Material Received Date**	5
Overhead Sign Assembly, Signal Poles, High Mount Standards	Based on one or more Fastmarkets indices	Material Received Date**	6
Prestressed Concrete Members	Based on one or more Fastmarkets indices	Cast Date of Member	7

Submit documentation to the Engineer for all items listed in the Contract for which the Contractor is requesting a steel price adjustment.

#### Submittal Requirements

The items in categories 1,2, and 3, shall be specifically stored, labeled, or tagged, recognizable by color marking, and identifiable by Project for inspection and audit verification immediately upon arrival at the fabricator.

Furnish the following documentation for all steel products to be incorporated into the work and documented on Form SPA-2, found on the Departments website at the following address:

#### https://connect.ncdot.gov/projects/construction/Construction%20Form%20SPA-2.xlsx

Submit all documentation to the Engineer prior to incorporation of the steel into the completed work. The Department will withhold progress payments for the affected contract line item if the documentation is not provided and at the discretion of the Engineer the work is allowed to proceed. Progress payments will be made upon receipt of the delinquent documentation.

Step 1 (Form SPA -2)

Utilizing Form SPA-2, submit separate documentation packages for each line item from Form SPA-1 for which the Contractor opted for a steel price adjustment. For line items with multiple components of steel, each component should be listed separately. Label each SPA-2 documentation package with a unique number as described below.

- a. Documentation package number: (Insert the contract line-item) (Insert sequential package number beginning with "1").
  - Example: 412 1,
    - 412 2,
    - 424 1,
    - 424 2,
    - 424 3, etc.
- b. The steel product quantity in pounds
  - i. The following sources should be used, in declining order of precedence, to determine the weight of steel/iron, based on the Engineers decision:
    - 1. Department established weights of steel/iron by contract pay item per pay unit;
    - 2. Approved Shop Drawings;
    - 3. Verified Shipping Documents;
    - 4. Contract Plans;
    - 5. Standard Drawing Sheets;
    - 6. Industry Standards (i.e., AISC Manual of Steel Construction, AWWA Standards, etc.); and
    - 7. Manufacture's data.
  - ii. Any item requiring approved shop drawings shall have the weights of steel calculated and shown on the shop drawings or submitted and certified separately by the fabricator.
- c. The date the steel product, subject to adjustment, was shipped from the producing mill (Categories 1-3), received on the project (Categories 4-6), or casting date (Category 7).

Step 2 (Monthly Calculator Spreadsheet)

For each month, upon the incorporation of the steel product into the work, provide the Engineer the following:

- 1) Completed NCDOT Steel Price Adjustment Calculator Spreadsheet, summarizing all the steel submittal packages (Form SPA-2) actually incorporated into the completed work in the given month.
  - a. Contract Number
  - b. Bidding Index Reference Month
  - c. Contract Completion Date or Revised Completion Date
  - d. County, Route, and Project TIP information
  - e. Item Number
  - f. Line-Item Description
  - g. Submittal Number from Form SPA-2
  - h. Adjustment date
  - i. Pounds of Steel

2) An affidavit signed by the Contractor stating the documentation provided in the NCDOT Steel Price Adjustment Calculator Spreadsheet is true and accurate.

#### **Price Adjustment Conditions**

Download the Monthly Steel Adjustment Spreadsheet with the most current reference data from the Department's website each month at the following address:

https://connect.ncdot.gov/projects/construction/Construction%20Form%20SPA-3%20NCDOT%20Steel%20Price%20Adjustment%20Calculator.xlsx

If the monthly Fastmarkets data is not available, the data for the most recent immediately preceding month will be used as the basis for adjustment.

#### **Price Adjustment Calculations**

The price adjustment will be determined by comparing the percentage of change in index value listed in the proposal (BI) to the monthly index value (MI). (See included sample examples). Weights and date of shipment must be documented as required herein. The final price adjustment dollar value will be determined by multiplying this percentage increase or decrease in the index by the represented quantity of steel incorporated into the work, and the established bidding index (BI) subject to the limitations herein.

#### Price increase/decrease will be computed as follows:

SPA = ((MI/BI) - 1) \* BI \* (Q/100)

Where;

- SPA = Steel price adjustment in dollars
- MI = Monthly Shipping Index. in Dollars (\$) per hundredweight (CWT). Use the adjustment indices from the month the steel was shipped from the producing mill, received on the project, or member cast as defined in the Product Relationship Table.
- BI = Bidding Index. in Dollars (\$) per hundredweight (CWT). Use the adjustment indices as listed in the proposal.
- Q = Quantity of steel, product, pounds actually incorporated into the work as documented by the Contractor, or Design Build Team and verified by the Engineer.

Calculations for price adjustment shall be shown separate from the monthly progress estimate and will not be included in the total cost of work for determination of progress or for extension of Contract time in accordance with Subarticle 108-10(B)(1).

Any apparent attempt to unbalance bids in favor of items subject to price adjustment may result in rejection of the bid proposal.

Adjustments will be paid or charged to the Contractor only. Any Contractor receiving an adjustment under this provision shall distribute the proper proportional part of such adjustments to the subcontractor who performed the applicable work.

Delays to the work caused by steel shortages may be justification for a Contract time extension but will not constitute grounds for claims for standby equipment, extended office overhead, or other costs associated with such delays.

If an increase in the steel material price is anticipated to exceed 50% of the original quoted price, the contractor must notify the Department within 7 days prior to purchasing the material. Upon receipt of such notification, the Department will direct the Contractor to either (1) proceed with the work or (2) suspend the work and explore the use of alternate options.

If the decrease in the steel material exceeds 50% of the original quoted price, the contractor may submit to the Department additional market index information specific to the item in question to dispute the decrease. The Department will review this information and determine if the decrease is warranted.

When the steel product adjustment date, as defined in the Product Relationship Table, is after the approved contract completion date, the steel price adjustments will be based on the lesser value of either the MI for the month of the approved contract completion date or the MI for the actual adjustment date.

If the price adjustment is based on estimated material quantities for that time, and a revision to the total material quantity is made in a subsequent or final estimate, an appropriate adjustment will be made to the price adjustment previously calculated. The adjustment will be based on the same indices used to calculate the price adjustment which is being revised. If the adjustment date of the revised material quantity cannot be determined, the adjustment for the quantity in question, will be based on the indices utilized to calculate the steel price adjustment for the last initial documentation package submission, for the steel product subject to adjustment, that was incorporated into the particular item of work, for which quantities are being finalized. Example: Structural steel for a particular bridge was provided for in three different shipments with each having a different mill shipping date. The quantity of structural steel actually used for the bridge was calculated and a steel price adjustment was made in a progress payment. At the conclusion of the work an error was found in the plans of the final quantity of structural steel used for the bridge. The quantity to be adjusted cannot be directly related to any one of the three mill shipping dates. The steel price adjustment for the quantity in question would be calculated using the indices that were utilized to calculate the steel price adjustment for the quantity of structural steel represented by the last initial structural steel documentation package submission. The package used will be the one with the greatest sequential number.

#### **Extra Work/Force Account:**

When steel products, as specified herein, are added to the contract as extra work, in accordance with the provisions of Article 104-7 or 104-3, the Engineer will determine and specify in the supplemental agreement, the need for application of steel price adjustments on a case-by-case basis. No steel price adjustments will be made for any products manufactured from steel having an adjustment date prior to the supplemental agreement execution date. Price adjustments will be made as provided herein, except the Bidding Index will be based on the month in which the supplemental agreement pricing was executed.

For work performed on force account basis, reimbursement of actual material costs, along with the specified overhead and profit markup, will be considered to include full compensation for the current cost of steel and no steel price adjustments will be made.

Examples 1	Form SPA	4-2		
-		Steel Price Adjustme	nt Submission Form	
Contract Number	r	<u>C203394</u>	Bid Reference Month	January 2019
Submittal Date		8/31/2019		
Contract Line Ite	em	237	_	
Line Item Descri	iption	APPROXLBS Structur	al Steel	
Sequential Subm Number	nittal —	2	_	

Supplier	Description of material	Location information	Quantity in lbs.	Adjustment Date
XYZ mill	Structural Steel	Structure 3, Spans A-C	1,200,000	May 4, 2020
ABC distributing	Various channel & angle shapes	Structure 3 Spans A-C	35,000	July 14, 2020
		Total Pounds of Steel	1,235,000	

Note: Attach the following supporting documentation to this form.

- Bill of Lading to support the shipping dates
- Supporting information for weight documentation (e.g., Pay item reference, Shop drawings, shipping documents, Standards Sheets, industry standards, or manufacturer's data)

By providing this data under my signature, I attest to the accuracy of and validity of the data on this form and certify that no deliberate misrepresentation in any manner has occurred.

Printed Name

Signature

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Examples Form	SPA-2	
	Steel Price Adjustment Submission I	Form
Contract Number	C203394 Bid Reference	ce MonthJanuary 2019
Submittal Date	<u>August 31, 2019</u>	
Contract Line Item	<u>237</u>	
Line Item Description	<u>SUPPORT, OVRHD SIGN STR -DFEB – ST</u>	<u>A 36+00</u>
Sequential Submittal Number	<u>2</u>	

Supplier	Description of material	Location	Quantity	Adjustment Date
		information	in lbs.	
XYZ mill	Tubular Steel (Vertical legs)	-DFEB - STA 36+00	12000	December 11, 2021
PDQ Mill	4" Tubular steel (Horizontal	-DFEB - STA 36+00	5900	December 11, 2021
	legs)			
ABC	Various channel & angle	-DFEB - STA 36+00	1300	December 11, 2021
distributing	shapes (see quote)			
	Catwalk assembly	-DFEB - STA 36+00	2000	December 11, 2021
Nucor	Flat plate	-DFEB - STA 36+00	650	December 11, 2021
		Total Pounds of Steel	21,850	

Note: Attach the following supporting documentation to this form.

- Bill of Lading to support the shipping dates
- Supporting information for weight documentation (e.g., Pay item reference, Shop drawings, shipping documents, Standards Sheets, industry standards, or manufacturer's data)

By providing this data under my signature, I attest to the accuracy of and validity of the data on this form and certify that no deliberate misrepresentation in any manner has occurred.

Printed Name

Signature

Price Adjustment Sample Calculation (increase)

Project bid on September 17, 2019

Line Item 635 "Structural Steel" has a plan quantity of 2,717,000 lbs.

Bidding Index for Structural Steel (Category 2) in the proposal was \$36.12/CWT = BI

450,000 lbs. of Structural Steel for Structure 2 at Station 44+08.60 were shipped to fabricator from the producing mill in same month, May 2021.

Monthly Index for Structural Steel (Category 2) for May 2021 was \$64.89/CWT = MI

The Steel Price Adjustment formula is as follows:

SPA = 
$$((MI/BI) - 1) * BI * (Q/100)$$

Where;

SPA = Steel price adjustment in dollars

- BI = Bidding Index in dollars (\$) per hundredweight (CWT). Use the adjustment indices as listed in the proposal.
- MI = Mill Shipping Index in dollars (\$) per hundredweight (CWT). Use the adjustment indices from the month the steel was shipped from the producing mill, received on the project, or member cast as defined in the Product Relationship Table.
- Q = Quantity of steel product, in pounds (lbs.) actually incorporated into the work as documented by the Contractor, or Design Build Team and verified by the Engineer.
- BI = \$36.12/ CWT
- MI = \$64.89 / CWT

% change = ((MI/BI)-1) = (\$64.89 / \$36.12 - 1) = (1.79651 - 1) = 0.79651162791

Q = 450,000 lbs.

SPA = 0.79651162791x \$36.12 x (450,000/100)

- SPA = 0.79651162791\* \$36.12 \*4,500
- SPA = \$129,465 pay adjustment to Contractor for Structural Steel (Structure 2 at Station 44+08.60)

#### **Price Adjustment Sample Calculation (decrease)**

Project bid on December 18, 2018

Line Item 635 Structural Steel has a plan quantity of 2,717,000 lbs.

Bidding Index for Structural Steel (Category 2) in the proposal was \$46.72/CWT = BI

600,000 lbs. of Structural Steel for Structure 1 at Station 22+57.68 were shipped to fabricator from the producing mill in same month, August 2020.

Monthly Index for Structural Steel (Category 2) for August 2020 was \$27.03/CWT = MI

The Steel Price Adjustment formula is as follows:

SPA = 
$$((MI/BI) - 1) * BI * (Q/100)$$

Where;

SPA = Steel price adjustment in dollars

- BI = Bidding Index in dollars (\$) per hundredweight (CWT). Use the adjustment indices as listed in the proposal.
- MI = Mill Shipping Index in dollars (\$) per hundredweight (CWT). Use the adjustment indices from the month the steel was shipped from the producing mill, received on the project, or member cast as defined in the Product Relationship Table.
- Q = Quantity of steel product, in pounds (lbs.) actually incorporated into the work as documented by the Contractor, or Design Build Team and verified by the Engineer.
- BI = \$46.72/ CWT
- MI = \$27.03 / CWT

% change = ((MI/BI)-1) = (\$27.03/\$46.72-1) = (0.57855-1) = -0.421446917808

Q = 600,000 lbs.

SPA = -0.421446917808 \* \$46.72 \* (600,000/100)

- SPA = -0.421446917808 \* \$46.72 \*6,000
- SPA = \$118,140.00 Credit to the Department for Structural Steel (Structure 1 at Station 22+57.68)

Price Adjustment Sample Calculation (increase)

Project bid on July 16, 2020

Line Item 614 Reinforced Concrete Deck Slab has a plan quantity of 241974 lbs.

Bidding Index Reference Month was May 2020. Bidding Index for Reinforced Concrete Deck Slab (Category 1) in the proposal was \$29.21/CWT = BI

51,621 lbs. of reinforcing steel and 52,311 lbs. of epoxy coated reinforcing steel for Structure 2 at Station 107+45.55 -L- was shipped to fabricator from the producing mill in same month, May 2021.

Monthly Index for Reinforced Concrete Deck Slab (Category 1) for May 2021 was \$43.13/CWT = MI

The Steel Price Adjustment formula is as follows:

$$SPA = ((MI/BI) - 1) * BI * (Q/100)$$

Where;

SPA = Steel price adjustment in dollars

- BI = Bidding Index in dollars (\$) per hundredweight (CWT). Use the adjustment indices as listed in the proposal.
- MI = Mill Shipping Index in dollars (\$) per hundredweight (CWT). Use the adjustment indices from the month the steel was shipped from the producing mill, received on the project, or member cast as defined in the Product Relationship Table.
- Q = Quantity of steel product, in pounds (lbs.) actually incorporated into the work as documented by the Contractor, or Design Build Team and verified by the Engineer.
- BI = \$29.21/CWT
- MI = \$43.13 / CWT

% change = ((MI/BI)-1) = (\$43.13 / \$29.21 - 1) = (1.47655 - 1) = 0.47654912701

Q = 103932 lbs.

SPA = 0. 47654912701 \* \$29.21 \* (103,932/100)

SPA = 0. 47654912701 \* \$29.21 \*1,039.32

SPA = \$14,467.33 Pay Adjustment to Contractor for Reinforced Concrete Deck Slab (Category 1) at Station 107+45.55 -L-

#### **SCHEDULE OF ESTIMATED COMPLETION PROGRESS:** 108-2

**F**!....**I V**.....

(7-15-08) (Rev. 6-20-23)

The Contractor's attention is directed to the Standard Special Provision entitled Availability of Funds Termination of Contracts included elsewhere in this proposal. The Department of Transportation's schedule of estimated completion progress for this project as required by that Standard Special Provision is as follows:

 $\mathbf{D}_{1}$ 

Fiscal Year	<u>Progress (% of Dollar Value)</u>		
(7/01/23 - 6/30/24)	2% of Total Amount Bid		
(7/01/24 - 6/30/25)	31% of Total Amount Bid		
(7/01/25 - 6/30/26)	27% of Total Amount Bid		
(7/01/26 - 6/30/27)	24% of Total Amount Bid		
(7/01/27 - 6/30/28)	15% of Total Amount Bid		
(7/01/28 - 6/30/29)	1% of Total Amount Bid		
	(7/01/23 - 6/30/24) (7/01/24 - 6/30/25) (7/01/25 - 6/30/26) (7/01/26 - 6/30/27) (7/01/27 - 6/30/28)		

The Contractor shall also furnish his own progress schedule in accordance with Article 108-2 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. Any acceleration of the progress as shown by the Contractor's progress schedule over the progress as shown above shall be subject to the approval of the Engineer.

#### **MINORITY BUSINESS ENTERPRISE AND WOMEN BUSINESS ENTERPRISE:**

(10-16-07)(Rev. 8-17-21)

102-15(J)

SP1 G66

#### Description

The purpose of this Special Provision is to carry out the North Carolina Department of Transportation's policy of ensuring nondiscrimination in the award and administration of contracts financed in whole or in part with State funds.

#### Definitions

Additional MBE/WBE Subcontractors - Any MBE/WBE submitted at the time of bid that will not be used to meet the Combined MBE /WBE Goal. No submittal of a Letter of Intent is required.

Combined MBE/WBE Goal: A portion of the total contract, expressed as a percentage that is to be performed by committed MBE/WBE subcontractors.

Committed MBE/WBE Subcontractor - Any MBE/WBE submitted at the time of bid that is being used to meet the Combined MBE /WBE goal by submission of a Letter of Intent. Or any MBE or WBE used as a replacement for a previously committed MBE or WBE firm.

Contract Goal Requirement - The approved participation at time of award, but not greater than the advertised Combined MBE/WBE contract goal.

Goal Confirmation Letter - Written documentation from the Department to the bidder confirming the Contractor's approved, committed participation along with a listing of the committed MBE and WBE firms.

SP1 G58

**G-19** 

*Manufacturer* - A firm that operates or maintains a factory or establishment that produces on the premises, the materials or supplies obtained by the Contractor.

*MBE Participation (Anticipated)* - A portion of the total contract, expressed as a percentage that is anticipated to be performed by committed MBE subcontractor(s).

*Minority Business Enterprise (MBE)* - A firm certified as a Disadvantaged Minority-Owned Business Enterprise through the North Carolina Unified Certification Program.

*Regular Dealer* - A firm that owns, operates, or maintains a store, warehouse, or other establishment in which the materials or supplies required for the performance of the contract are bought, kept in stock, and regularly sold to the public in the usual course of business. A regular dealer engages in, as its principal business and in its own name, the purchase and sale or lease of the products in question. A regular dealer in such bulk items as steel, cement, gravel, stone, and petroleum products need not keep such products in stock, if it owns and operates distribution equipment for the products. Brokers and packagers are not regarded as manufacturers or regular dealers within the meaning of this section.

*Replacement / Substitution* – A full or partial reduction in the amount of work subcontracted to a committed (or an approved substitute) MBE/WBE firm.

*North Carolina Unified Certification Program (NCUCP)* - A program that provides comprehensive services and information to applicants for MBE/WBE certification. The MBE/WBE program follows the same regulations as the federal Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) program in accordance with 49 CFR Part 26.

United States Department of Transportation (USDOT) - Federal agency responsible for issuing regulations (49 CFR Part 26) and official guidance for the DBE program.

*WBE Participation (Anticipated)* - A portion of the total contract, expressed as a percentage, that is anticipated to be performed by committed WBE subcontractor(s).

*Women Business Enterprise (WBE)* - A firm certified as a Disadvantaged Women-Owned Business Enterprise through the North Carolina Unified Certification Program.

#### Forms and Websites Referenced in this Provision

*Payment Tracking System* - On-line system in which the Contractor enters the payments made to MBE and WBE subcontractors who have performed work on the project. https://apps.dot.state.nc.us/Vendor/PaymentTracking/

DBE-IS *Subcontractor Payment Information* - Form for reporting the payments made to all MBE/WBE firms working on the project. This form is for paper bid projects only. https://connect.ncdot.gov/business/Turnpike/Documents/Form%20DBE-IS%20Subcontractor%20Payment%20Information.pdf

RF-1 *MBE/WBE Replacement Request Form* - Form for replacing a committed MBE or WBE.

http://connect.ncdot.gov/projects/construction/Construction%20Forms/DBE%20MBE%20WBE %20Replacement%20Request%20Form.pdf

SAF *Subcontract Approval Form* - Form required for approval to sublet the contract. http://connect.ncdot.gov/projects/construction/Construction%20Forms/Subcontract%20Approval %20Form%20Rev.%202012.zip

JC-1 *Joint Check Notification Form* - Form and procedures for joint check notification. The form acts as a written joint check agreement among the parties providing full and prompt disclosure of the expected use of joint checks.

http://connect.ncdot.gov/projects/construction/Construction%20Forms/Joint%20Check%20Notif ication%20Form.pdf

*Letter of Intent* - Form signed by the Contractor and the MBE/WBE subcontractor, manufacturer or regular dealer that affirms that a portion of said contract is going to be performed by the signed MBE/WBE for the estimated amount (based on quantities and unit prices) listed at the time of bid. http://connect.ncdot.gov/letting/LetCentral/Letter%20of%20Intent%20to%20Perform%20as%20 a%20Subcontractor.pdf

*Listing of MBE and WBE Subcontractors Form* - Form for entering MBE/WBE subcontractors on a project that will meet the Combined MBE/WBE goal. This form is for paper bids only. http://connect.ncdot.gov/municipalities/Bid%20Proposals%20for%20LGA%20Content/09%20M BE-WBE%20Subcontractors%20(State).docx

*Subcontractor Quote Comparison Sheet* - Spreadsheet for showing all subcontractor quotes in the work areas where MBEs and WBEs quoted on the project. This sheet is submitted with good faith effort packages.

http://connect.ncdot.gov/business/SmallBusiness/Documents/DBE%20Subcontractor%20Quote %20Comparison%20Example.xls

#### **Combined MBE/WBE Goal**

The Combined MBE/WBE Goal for this project is 5.0 %

The Combined Goal was established utilizing the following anticipated participation for Minority Business Enterprises and Women Business Enterprises:

- (A) Minority Business Enterprises 2.0 %
  - (1) *If the anticipated MBE participation is more than zero*, the Contractor shall exercise all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure that MBEs participate in at least the percent of the contract as set forth above.
  - (2) *If the anticipated MBE participation is zero*, the Contractor shall make an effort to recruit and use MBEs during the performance of the contract. Any MBE participation obtained shall be reported to the Department.

- (B) Women Business Enterprises 3.0 %
  - (1) *If the anticipated WBE participation is more than zero*, the Contractor shall exercise all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure that WBEs participate in at least the percent of the contract as set forth above.
  - (2) *If the anticipated WBE participation is zero*, the Contractor shall make an effort to recruit and use WBEs during the performance of the contract. Any WBE participation obtained shall be reported to the Department.

The Bidder is required to submit only participation to meet the Combined MBE/WBE Goal. The Combined Goal may be met by submitting all MBE participation, all WBE participation, or a combination of MBE and WBE participation.

#### **Directory of Transportation Firms (Directory)**

Real-time information is available about firms doing business with the Department and firms that are certified through NCUCP in the Directory of Transportation Firms. Only firms identified in the Directory as MBE and WBE certified shall be used to meet the Combined MBE/WBE Goal. The Directory can be found at the following link.

https://www.ebs.nc.gov/VendorDirectory/default.html

The listing of an individual firm in the directory shall not be construed as an endorsement of the firm's capability to perform certain work.

#### **Listing of MBE/WBE Subcontractors**

At the time of bid, bidders shall submit <u>all</u> MBE and WBE participation that they anticipate to use during the life of the contract. Only those identified to meet the Combined MBE/WBE Goal will be considered committed, even though the listing shall include both committed MBE/WBE subcontractors and additional MBE/WBE subcontractors. Any additional MBE/WBE subcontractor participation above the goal will follow the banking guidelines found elsewhere in this provision. All other additional MBE/WBE subcontractor participation submitted at the time of bid will be used toward the Department's overall race-neutral goals. Only those firms with current MBE and WBE certification at the time of bid opening will be acceptable for listing in the bidder's submittal of MBE and WBE participation. The Contractor shall indicate the following required information:

(A) Electronic Bids

Bidders shall submit a listing of MBE and WBE participation in the appropriate section of the electronic submittal file.

(1) Submit the names and addresses of MBE and WBE firms identified to participate in the contract. If the bidder uses the updated listing of MBE and WBE firms shown in the electronic submittal file, the bidder may use the dropdown menu to access the name and address of the firms.

- (2) Submit the contract line numbers of work to be performed by each MBE and WBE firm. When no figures or firms are entered, the bidder will be considered to have no MBE or WBE participation.
- (3) The bidder shall be responsible for ensuring that the MBE and WBE are certified at the time of bid by checking the Directory of Transportation Firms. If the firm is not certified at the time of the bid-letting, that MBE's or WBE's participation will not count towards achieving the Combined MBE/WBE goal.
- (B) Paper Bids
  - (1) If the Combined MBE/WBE Goal is more than zero,
    - (a) Bidders, at the time the bid proposal is submitted, shall submit a listing of MBE/WBE participation, including the names and addresses on *Listing of MBE and WBE Subcontractors* contained elsewhere in the contract documents in order for the bid to be considered responsive. Bidders shall indicate the total dollar value of the MBE and WBE participation for the contract.
    - (b) If bidders have no MBE or WBE participation, they shall indicate this on the *Listing of MBE and WBE Subcontractors* by entering the word "None" or the number "0." This form shall be completed in its entirety. <u>Blank</u> <u>forms will not be deemed to represent zero participation.</u> Bids submitted that do not have MBE and WBE participation indicated on the appropriate form will not be read publicly during the opening of bids. The Department will not consider these bids for award and the proposal will be rejected.
    - (c) The bidder shall be responsible for ensuring that the MBE/WBE is certified at the time of bid by checking the Directory of Transportation Firms. If the firm is not certified at the time of the bid-letting, that MBE's or WBE's participation will not count towards achieving the Combined MBE/WBE Goal.
  - (2) If the Combined MBE/WBE Goal is zero, entries on the Listing of MBE and WBE Subcontractors are not required for the zero goal, however any MBE or WBE participation that is achieved during the project shall be reported in accordance with requirements contained elsewhere in the special provision.

#### **MBE or WBE Prime Contractor**

When a certified MBE or WBE firm bids on a contract that contains a Combined MBE/WBE goal, the firm is responsible for meeting the goal or making good faith efforts to meet the goal, just like any other bidder. In most cases, a MBE or WBE bidder on a contract will meet the Combined MBE/WBE Goal by virtue of the work it performs on the contract with its own forces. However, all the work that is performed by the MBE or WBE bidder and any other similarly certified

subcontractors will count toward the goal. The MBE or WBE bidder shall list itself along with any MBE or WBE subcontractors, if any, in order to receive credit toward the goal.

MBE/WBE prime contractors shall also follow Sections A and B listed under *Listing of MBE/WBE Subcontractor* just as a non-MBE/WBE bidder would.

#### Written Documentation – Letter of Intent

The bidder shall submit written documentation for each MBE/WBE that will be used to meet the Combined MBE/WBE Goal of the contract, indicating the bidder's commitment to use the MBE/WBE in the contract. This documentation shall be submitted on the Department's form titled *Letter of Intent*.

The documentation shall be received in the office of the State Contractor Utilization Engineer or at DBE@ncdot.gov no later than 10:00 a.m. of the sixth calendar day following opening of bids, unless the sixth day falls on an official state holiday. In that situation, it is due in the office of the State Contractor Utilization Engineer no later than 10:00 a.m. on the next official state business day.

If the bidder fails to submit the Letter of Intent from each committed MBE and WBE to be used toward the Combined MBE/WBE Goal, or if the form is incomplete (i.e. both signatures are not present), the MBE/WBE participation will not count toward meeting the Combined MBE/WBE Goal. If the lack of this participation drops the commitment below the Combined MBE/WBE Goal, the Contractor shall submit evidence of good faith efforts for the goal, completed in its entirety, to the State Contractor Utilization Engineer or DBE@ncdot.gov no later than 10:00 a.m. on the eighth calendar day following opening of bids, unless the eighth day falls on an official state holiday. In that situation, it is due in the office of the State Contractor Utilization Engineer no later than 10:00 a.m. on the next official state business day.

#### **Banking MBE/WBE Credit**

If the bid of the lowest responsive bidder exceeds \$500,000 and if the committed MBE/WBE participation submitted exceeds the algebraic sum of the Combined MBE /WBE Goal by \$1,000 or more, the excess will be placed on deposit by the Department for future use by the bidder. Separate accounts will be maintained for MBE and WBE participation and these may accumulate for a period not to exceed 24 months.

When the apparent lowest responsive bidder fails to submit sufficient participation by MBE and WBE firms to meet the advertised goal, as part of the good faith effort, the Department will consider allowing the bidder to withdraw funds to meet the Combined MBE/WBE Goal as long as there are adequate funds available from the bidder's MBE and WBE bank accounts.

#### **Submission of Good Faith Effort**

If the bidder fails to meet or exceed the Combined MBE/WBE Goal, the apparent lowest responsive bidder shall submit to the Department documentation of adequate good faith efforts made to reach that specific goal.

A hard copy and an electronic copy of this information shall be received in the office of the State Contractor Utilization Engineer or at DBE@ncdot.gov no later than 10:00 a.m. on the sixth calendar day following opening of bids unless the sixth day falls on an official state holiday. In that situation, it would be due in the office of the State Contractor Utilization Engineer no later than 10:00 a.m. on the next official state business day. If the contractor cannot send the information electronically, then one complete set and 5 copies of this information shall be received under the same time constraints above.

Note: Where the information submitted includes repetitious solicitation letters, it will be acceptable to submit a representative letter along with a distribution list of the firms that were solicited. Documentation of MBE/WBE quotations shall be a part of the good faith effort submittal. This documentation may include written subcontractor quotations, telephone log notations of verbal quotations, or other types of quotation documentation.

# Consideration of Good Faith Effort for Projects with a Combined MBE/WBE Goal More Than Zero

Adequate good faith efforts mean that the bidder took all necessary and reasonable steps to achieve the goal which, by their scope, intensity, and appropriateness, could reasonably be expected to obtain sufficient MBE/WBE participation. Adequate good faith efforts also mean that the bidder actively and aggressively sought MBE/WBE participation. Mere *pro forma* efforts are not considered good faith efforts.

The Department will consider the quality, quantity, and intensity of the different kinds of efforts a bidder has made. Listed below are examples of the types of actions a bidder will take in making a good faith effort to meet the goals and are not intended to be exclusive or exhaustive, nor is it intended to be a mandatory checklist.

- (A) Soliciting through all reasonable and available means (e.g. attendance at pre-bid meetings, advertising, written notices, use of verifiable electronic means through the use of the NCDOT Directory of Transportation Firms) the interest of all certified MBEs/WBEs that are also prequalified subcontractors. The bidder must solicit this interest within at least 10 days prior to bid opening to allow the MBEs/WBEs to respond to the solicitation. Solicitation shall provide the opportunity to MBEs/WBEs within the Division and surrounding Divisions where the project is located. The bidder must determine with certainty if the MBEs/WBEs are interested by taking appropriate steps to follow up initial solicitations.
- (B) Selecting portions of the work to be performed by MBEs/WBEs in order to increase the likelihood that the Combined MBE/WBE Goal will be achieved.
  - (1) Where appropriate, break out contract work items into economically feasible units to facilitate MBE/WBE participation, even when the prime contractor might otherwise prefer to perform these work items with its own forces.
  - (2) Negotiate with subcontractors to assume part of the responsibility to meet the advertised goal when the work to be sublet includes potential for MBE/WBE participation (2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> tier subcontractors).

- (C) Providing interested certified MBEs/WBEs that are also prequalified subcontractors with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the contract in a timely manner to assist them in responding to a solicitation.
- (D) (1) Negotiating in good faith with interested MBEs/WBEs. It is the bidder's responsibility to make a portion of the work available to MBE/WBE subcontractors and suppliers and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available MBE/WBE subcontractors and suppliers, so as to facilitate MBE/WBE participation. Evidence of such negotiation includes the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of MBEs/WBEs that were considered; a description of the information provided regarding the plans and specifications for the work selected for subcontracting; and evidence as to why additional agreements could not be reached for MBEs/WBEs to perform the work.
  - (2) A bidder using good business judgment would consider a number of factors in negotiating with subcontractors, including MBE/WBE subcontractors, and would take a firm's price and capabilities as well as the advertised goal into consideration. However, the fact that there may be some additional costs involved in finding and using MBEs/WBEs is not in itself sufficient reason for a bidder's failure to meet the contract goal, as long as such costs are reasonable. Also, the ability or desire of a prime contractor to perform the work of a contract with its own organization does not relieve the bidder of the responsibility to make good faith efforts. Bidding contractors are not, however, required to accept higher quotes from MBEs/WBEs if the price difference is excessive or unreasonable.
- (E) Not rejecting MBEs/WBEs as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities. The bidder's standing within its industry, membership in specific groups, organizations, or associates and political or social affiliations (for example, union vs. non-union employee status) are not legitimate causes for the rejection or non-solicitation of bids in the bidder's efforts to meet the project goal.
- (F) Making efforts to assist interested MBEs/WBEs in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance as required by the recipient or bidder.
- (G) Making efforts to assist interested MBEs/WBEs in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials, or related assistance or services.
- (H) Effectively using the services of available minority/women community organizations; minority/women contractors' groups; Federal, State, and local minority/women business assistance offices; and other organizations as allowed on a case-by-case basis to provide assistance in the recruitment and placement of MBEs/WBEs. Contact within 7 days from the bid opening the Business Opportunity and Work Force Development Unit at BOWD@ncdot.gov to give notification of the bidder's inability to get MBE or WBE quotes.
- (I) Any other evidence that the bidder submits which shows that the bidder has made reasonable good faith efforts to meet the advertised goal.

In addition, the Department may take into account the following:

- (1) Whether the bidder's documentation reflects a clear and realistic plan for achieving the Combined MBE/WBE Goal.
- (2) The bidders' past performance in meeting the contract goal.
- (3) The performance of other bidders in meeting the advertised goal. For example, when the apparent successful bidder fails to meet the goal, but others meet it, you may reasonably raise the question of whether, with additional reasonable efforts the apparent successful bidder could have met the goal. If the apparent successful bidder fails to meet the advertised goal, but meets or exceeds the average MBE and WBE participation obtained by other bidders, the Department may view this, in conjunction with other factors, as evidence of the apparent successful bidder having made a good faith effort.

If the Department does not award the contract to the apparent lowest responsive bidder, the Department reserves the right to award the contract to the next lowest responsive bidder that can satisfy to the Department that the Combined MBE/WBE Goal can be met or that an adequate good faith effort has been made to meet the advertised goal.

#### Non-Good Faith Appeal

The State Prequalification Engineer will notify the contractor verbally and in writing of non-good faith. A contractor may appeal a determination of non-good faith made by the Goal Compliance Committee. If a contractor wishes to appeal the determination made by the Committee, they shall provide written notification to the State Prequalification Engineer or at DBE@ncdot.gov. The appeal shall be made within 2 business days of notification of the determination of non-good faith.

#### **Counting MBE/WBE Participation Toward Meeting the Combined MBE/WBE Goal**

(A) Participation

The total dollar value of the participation by a committed MBE/WBE will be counted toward the contract goal requirements. The total dollar value of participation by a committed MBE/WBE will be based upon the value of work actually performed by the MBE/WBE and the actual payments to MBE/WBE firms by the Contractor.

(B) Joint Checks

Prior notification of joint check use shall be required when counting MBE/WBE participation for services or purchases that involves the use of a joint check. Notification shall be through submission of Form JC-1 (*Joint Check Notification Form*) and the use of joint checks shall be in accordance with the Department's Joint Check Procedures.

#### (C) Subcontracts (Non-Trucking)

A MBE/WBE may enter into subcontracts. Work that a MBE subcontracts to another MBE firm may be counted toward the anticipated MBE participation. The same holds true for work that a WBE subcontracts to another WBE firm. Work that a MBE/WBE subcontracts to a non-MBE/WBE firm does <u>not</u> count toward the contract goal requirement. It should be noted that every effort shall be made by MBE and WBE contractors to subcontract to the same certification (i.e., MBEs to MBEs and WBEs to WBEs), in order to fulfill the MBE or WBE participation breakdown. This, however, may not always be possible due to the limitation of firms in the area. If the MBE or WBE firm shows a good faith effort has been made to reach out to similarly certified firms, the Engineer will not hold the prime responsible for meeting the individual MBE or WBE breakdown. If a MBE or WBE contractor subcontracts a significantly greater portion of the work of the contract than would be expected on the basis of standard industry practices, it shall be presumed that the MBE or WBE is not performing a commercially useful function.

#### (D) Joint Venture

When a MBE or WBE performs as a participant in a joint venture, the Contractor may count toward its contract goal requirement a portion of the total value of participation with the MBE or WBE in the joint venture, that portion of the total dollar value being a distinct clearly defined portion of work that the MBE or WBE performs with its forces.

(E) Suppliers

A contractor may count toward its MBE/ WBE requirement 60 percent of its expenditures for materials and supplies required to complete the contract and obtained from a MBE or WBE regular dealer and 100 percent of such expenditures from a MBE or WBE manufacturer.

(F) Manufacturers and Regular Dealers

A contractor may count toward its MBE/ WBE requirement the following expenditures to MBE/WBE firms that are not manufacturers or regular dealers:

- (1) The fees or commissions charged by a MBE/WBE firm for providing a *bona fide* service, such as professional, technical, consultant, or managerial services, or for providing bonds or insurance specifically required for the performance of a DOT-assisted contract, provided the fees or commissions are determined to be reasonable and not excessive as compared with fees and commissions customarily allowed for similar services.
- (2) With respect to materials or supplies purchased from a MBE/WBE, which is neither a manufacturer nor a regular dealer, count the entire amount of fees or commissions charged for assistance in the procurement of the materials and supplies, or fees or transportation charges for the delivery of materials or supplies required on a job site (but not the cost of the materials and supplies themselves), provided the fees are

determined to be reasonable and not excessive as compared with fees customarily allowed for similar services.

#### **Commercially Useful Function**

#### (A) MBE/WBE Utilization

The Contractor may count toward its contract goal requirement only expenditures to MBEs and WBEs that perform a commercially useful function in the work of a contract. A MBE/WBE performs a commercially useful function when it is responsible for execution of the work of the contract and is carrying out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work involved. To perform a commercially useful function, the MBE/WBE shall also be responsible with respect to materials and supplies used on the contract, for negotiating price, determining quality and quantity, ordering the material and installing (where applicable) and paying for the material itself. To determine whether a MBE/WBE is performing a commercially useful function, the Department will evaluate the amount of work subcontracted, industry practices, whether the amount the firm is to be paid under the contract is commensurate with the work it is actually performing and the MBE/WBE credit claimed for its performance of the work, and any other relevant factors. If it is determined that a MBE or WBE is not performing a Commercially Useful Function, the contractor may present evidence to rebut this presumption to the Department.

#### (B) MBE/WBE Utilization in Trucking

The following factors will be used to determine if a MBE or WBE trucking firm is performing a commercially useful function:

- (1) The MBE/WBE shall be responsible for the management and supervision of the entire trucking operation for which it is responsible on a particular contract, and there shall not be a contrived arrangement for the purpose of meeting the Combined MBE/WBE Goal.
- (2) The MBE/WBE shall itself own and operate at least one fully licensed, insured, and operational truck used on the contract.
- (3) The MBE/WBE receives credit for the total value of the transportation services it provides on the contract using trucks it owns, insures, and operates using drivers it employs.
- (4) The MBE may subcontract the work to another MBE firm, including an owner-operator who is certified as a MBE. The same holds true that a WBE may subcontract the work to another WBE firm, including an owner-operator who is certified as a WBE. When this occurs, the MBE or WBE who subcontracts work receives credit for the total value of the transportation services the subcontracted MBE or WBE provides on the contract. It should be noted that every effort shall be made by MBE and WBE contractors to subcontract to the same certification (i.e.,

MBEs to MBEs and WBEs to WBEs), in order to fulfill the participation breakdown. This, however, may not always be possible due to the limitation of firms in the area. If the MBE or WBE firm shows a good faith effort has been made to reach out to similarly certified transportation service providers and there is no interest or availability, and they can get assistance from other certified providers, the Engineer will not hold the prime responsible for meeting the individual MBE or WBE participation breakdown.

- (5) The MBE/WBE may also subcontract the work to a non-MBE/WBE firm, including from an owner-operator. The MBE/WBE who subcontracts the work to a non-MBE/WBE is entitled to credit for the total value of transportation services provided by the non-MBE/WBE subcontractor not to exceed the value of transportation services provided by MBE/WBE-owned trucks on the contract. Additional participation by non-MBE/WBE subcontractors receives credit only for the fee or commission it receives as a result of the subcontract arrangement. The value of services performed under subcontract agreements between the MBE/WBE and the Contractor will not count towards the MBE/WBE contract requirement.
- (6) A MBE/WBE may lease truck(s) from an established equipment leasing business open to the general public. The lease must indicate that the MBE/WBE has exclusive use of and control over the truck. This requirement does not preclude the leased truck from working for others during the term of the lease with the consent of the MBE/WBE, so long as the lease gives the MBE/WBE absolute priority for use of the leased truck. This type of lease may count toward the MBE/WBE's credit as long as the driver is under the MBE/WBE's payroll.
- (7) Subcontracted/leased trucks shall display clearly on the dashboard the name of the MBE/WBE that they are subcontracted/leased to and their own company name if it is not identified on the truck itself. Magnetic door signs are not permitted.

#### **MBE/WBE Replacement**

When a Contractor has relied on a commitment to a MBE or WBE subcontractor (or an approved substitute MBE or WBE subcontractor) to meet all or part of a contract goal requirement, the contractor shall not terminate the MBE/WBE subcontractor for convenience. This includes, but is not limited to, instances in which the Contractor seeks to perform the work of the terminated subcontractor with another MBE/WBE subcontractor, a non-MBE/WBE subcontractor, or with the Contractor's own forces or those of an affiliate.

The Contractor must give notice in writing both by certified mail and email to the MBE/WBE subcontractor, with a copy to the Engineer of its intent to request to terminate and/or substitute, and the reason for the request. The Contractor must give the MBE/WBE subcontractor five (5) business days to respond to the Contractor's Notice of Intent to Request Termination and/or Substitution. If the MBE/WBE subcontractor objects to the intended termination/substitution, the MBE/WBE, within five (5) business days must advise the Contractor and the Department of the reasons why the action should not be approved. The five-day notice period shall begin on the next business day after written notice is provided to the MBE/WBE subcontractor.

A committed MBE/WBE subcontractor may only be terminated after receiving the Department's written approval based upon a finding of good cause for the proposed termination and/or substitution. For purposes of this section, good cause shall include the following circumstances:

- (a) The listed MBE/WBE subcontractor fails or refuses to execute a written contract;
- (b) The listed MBE/WBE subcontractor fails or refuses to perform the work of its subcontract in a way consistent with normal industry standards. Provided, however, that good cause does not exist if the failure or refusal of the MBE/WBE subcontractor to perform its work on the subcontract results from the bad faith or discriminatory action of the prime contractor;
- (c) The listed MBE/WBE subcontractor fails or refuses to meet the prime contractor's reasonable, nondiscriminatory bond requirements;
- (d) The listed MBE/WBE subcontractor becomes bankrupt, insolvent, or exhibits credit unworthiness;
- (e) The listed MBE/WBE subcontractor is ineligible to work on public works projects because of suspension and debarment proceedings pursuant to 2 CFR Parts 180, 215 and 1,200 or applicable state law;
- (f) The listed MBE/WBE subcontractor is not a responsible contractor;
- (g) The listed MBE/WBE voluntarily withdraws from the project and provides written notice of withdrawal;
- (h) The listed MBE/WBE is ineligible to receive MBE/WBE credit for the type of work required;
- (i) A MBE/WBE owner dies or becomes disabled with the result that the listed MBE/WBE contractor is unable to complete its work on the contract;
- (j) Other documented good cause that compels the termination of the MBE/WBE subcontractor. Provided, that good cause does not exist if the prime contractor seeks to terminate a MBE/WBE it relied upon to obtain the contract so that the prime contractor can self-perform the work for which the MBE/WBE contractor was engaged or so that the prime contractor can substitute another MBE/WBE or non-MBE/WBE contractor after contract award.

The Contractor shall comply with the following for replacement of a committed MBE/WBE:

(A) Performance Related Replacement

When a committed MBE/WBE is terminated for good cause as stated above, an additional MBE/WBE that was submitted at the time of bid may be used to fulfill the MBE/WBE commitment to meet the Combined MBE/WBE Goal. A good faith effort will only be required for removing a committed MBE/WBE if there were no additional MBE/WBEs submitted at the time of bid to cover the same amount of work as the MBE/WBE that was terminated.

If a replacement MBE/WBE is not found that can perform at least the same amount of work as the terminated MBE/WBE, the Contractor shall submit a good faith effort documenting the steps taken. Such documentation shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- (1) Copies of written notification to MBE/WBEs that their interest is solicited in contracting the work defaulted by the previous MBE/WBE or in subcontracting other items of work in the contract.
- (2) Efforts to negotiate with MBE/WBEs for specific subbids including, at a minimum:

- (a) The names, addresses, and telephone numbers of MBE/WBEs who were contacted.
- (b) A description of the information provided to MBE/WBEs regarding the plans and specifications for portions of the work to be performed.
- (3) A list of reasons why MBE/WBE quotes were not accepted.
- (4) Efforts made to assist the MBE/WBEs contacted, if needed, in obtaining bonding or insurance required by the Contractor.
- (B) Decertification Replacement
  - (1) When a committed MBE/WBE is decertified by the Department after the SAF (*Subcontract Approval Form*) has been received by the Department, the Department will not require the Contractor to solicit replacement MBE/WBE participation equal to the remaining work to be performed by the decertified firm. The participation equal to the remaining work performed by the decertified firm will count toward the contract goal requirement.
  - (2) When a committed MBE/WBE is decertified prior to the Department receiving the SAF (*Subcontract Approval Form*) for the named MBE/WBE firm, the Contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to replace the MBE/WBE subcontractor with another MBE/WBE subcontractor to perform at least the same amount of work to meet the Combined MBE/WBE goal requirement. If a MBE/WBE firm is not found to do the same amount of work, a good faith effort must be submitted to NCDOT (see A herein for required documentation).
  - (3) Exception: If the MBE/WBE's ineligibility is caused solely by its having exceeded the size standard during the performance of the contract, the Department will not require the Contractor to solicit replacement MBE/WBE participation equal to the remaining work to be performed by the decertified firm. The participation equal to the remaining work performed by the decertified firm will count toward the contract goal requirement and overall goal.

All requests for replacement of a committed MBE/WBE firm shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval on Form RF-1 (*DBE Replacement Request*). If the Contractor fails to follow this procedure, the Contractor may be disqualified from further bidding for a period of up to 6 months.

#### Changes in the Work

When the Engineer makes changes that result in the reduction or elimination of work to be performed by a committed MBE/WBE, the Contractor will not be required to seek additional participation. When the Engineer makes changes that result in additional work to be performed by a MBE/WBE based upon the Contractor's commitment, the MBE/WBE shall participate in additional work to the same extent as the MBE/WBE participated in the original contract work.

When the Engineer makes changes that result in extra work, which has more than a minimal impact on the contract amount, the Contractor shall seek additional participation by MBEs/WBEs unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. When the Engineer makes changes that result in an alteration of plans or details of construction, and a portion or all of the work had been expected to be performed by a committed MBE/WBE, the Contractor shall seek participation by MBEs/WBEs unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

When the Contractor requests changes in the work that result in the reduction or elimination of work that the Contractor committed to be performed by a MBE/WBE, the Contractor shall seek additional participation by MBEs/WBEs equal to the reduced MBE/WBE participation caused by the changes.

#### **Reports and Documentation**

A SAF (*Subcontract Approval Form*) shall be submitted for all work which is to be performed by a MBE/WBE subcontractor. The Department reserves the right to require copies of actual subcontract agreements involving MBE/WBE subcontractors.

When using transportation services to meet the contract commitment, the Contractor shall submit a proposed trucking plan in addition to the SAF. The plan shall be submitted prior to beginning construction on the project. The plan shall include the names of all trucking firms proposed for use, their certification type(s), the number of trucks owned by the firm, as well as the individual truck identification numbers, and the line item(s) being performed.

Within 30 calendar days of entering into an agreement with a MBE/WBE for materials, supplies or services, not otherwise documented by the SAF as specified above, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the agreement. The documentation shall also indicate the percentage (60% or 100%) of expenditures claimed for MBE/WBE credit.

#### **Reporting Minority and Women Business Enterprise Participation**

The Contractor shall provide the Engineer with an accounting of payments made to all MBE/ WBE firms, including material suppliers and contractors at all levels (prime, subcontractor, or second tier subcontractor). This accounting shall be furnished to the Engineer for any given month by the end of the following month. Failure to submit this information accordingly may result in the following action:

- (A) Withholding of money due in the next partial pay estimate; or
- (B) Removal of an approved contractor from the prequalified bidders' list or the removal of other entities from the approved subcontractors list.

While each contractor (prime, subcontractor, 2nd tier subcontractor) is responsible for accurate accounting of payments to MBEs/WBEs, it shall be the prime contractor's responsibility to report all monthly and final payment information in the correct reporting manner.

Failure on the part of the Contractor to submit the required information in the time frame specified may result in the disqualification of that contractor and any affiliate companies from further bidding until the required information is submitted.

Failure on the part of any subcontractor to submit the required information in the time frame specified may result in the disqualification of that contractor and any affiliate companies from being approved for work on future DOT projects until the required information is submitted.

Contractors reporting transportation services provided by non-MBE/WBE lessees shall evaluate the value of services provided during the month of the reporting period only.

At any time, the Engineer can request written verification of subcontractor payments.

The Contractor shall report the accounting of payments through the Department's Payment Tracking System.

#### **Failure to Meet Contract Requirements**

Failure to meet contract requirements in accordance with Subarticle 102-15(J) of the 2018 Standard Specifications may be cause to disqualify the Contractor.

# CONTRACTOR'S LICENSE REQUIREMENTS: 102-14

If the successful bidder does not hold the proper license to perform any plumbing, heating, air conditioning, or electrical work in this contract, he will be required to sublet such work to a contractor properly licensed in accordance with Article 2 of Chapter 87 of the General Statutes (licensing of heating, plumbing, and air conditioning contractors) and Article 4 of Chapter 87 of the General Statutes (licensing of electrical contractors).

#### **RESTRICTIONS ON ITS EQUIPMENT AND SERVICES:**

(11 - 17 - 20)

All telecommunications, video or other ITS equipment or services installed or utilized on this project must be in conformance with UNIFORM ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS, COST PRINCIPLES, AND AUDIT REQUIREMENTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR, § 200.216 Prohibition on certain telecommunications and video surveillance services or equipment.

#### **USE OF UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEM (UAS):** (8-20-19)

SP1 G092

SP01 G090

The Contractor shall adhere to all Federal, State and Local regulations and guidelines for the use of Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS). This includes but is not limited to US 14 CFR Part 107 Small UAS Rule, NC GS 15A-300.2 Regulation of launch and recovery sites, NC GS 63-95 Training required for the operation of unmanned aircraft systems, NC GS 63-96 Permit required for commercial operation of unmanned aircraft system, and NCDOT UAS Policy. The required operator certifications include possessing a current Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Remote Pilot Certificate, a NC UAS Operator Permit as well as operating a UAS registered with the FAA.

Prior to beginning operations, the Contractor shall complete the NCDOT UAS - Flight Operation Approval Form and submit it to the Engineer for approval. All UAS operations shall be approved by the Engineer prior to beginning the operations.

All contractors or subcontractors operating UAS shall have UAS specific general liability insurance to cover all operations under this contract.

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The use of UAS is at the Contractor's discretion. No measurement or payment will be made for the use of UAS. In the event that the Department directs the Contractor to utilize UAS, payment will be in accordance with Article 104-7 Extra Work.

#### EQUIPMENT IDLING GUIDELINES:

(1-19-21)

SP1 G096

Exercise reduced fuel consumption and reduced equipment emissions during the construction of all work associated with this contract. Employees engaged in the construction of this project should turn off vehicles when stopped for more than thirty (30) minutes and off-highway equipment should idle no longer than fifteen (15) consecutive minutes.

These guidelines for turning off vehicles and equipment when idling do not apply to:

- 1. Idling when queuing.
- 2. Idling to verify the vehicle is in safe operating condition.
- 3. Idling for testing, servicing, repairing or diagnostic purposes.
- 4. Idling necessary to accomplish work for which the vehicle was designed (such as operating a crane, mixing concrete, etc.).
- 5. Idling required to bring the machine system to operating temperature.
- 6. Emergency vehicles, utility company, construction, and maintenance vehicles where the engines must run to perform needed work.
- 7. Idling to ensure safe operation of the vehicle.
- 8. Idling when the propulsion engine is providing auxiliary power for other than heating or air conditioning. (such as hydraulic systems for pavers)
- 9. When specific traffic, safety, or emergency situations arise.
- 10. If the ambient temperature is less than 32 degrees Fahrenheit. Limited idling to provide for the safety of vehicle occupants (e.g. to run the heater).
- 11. If the ambient temperature is greater than 90 degrees Fahrenheit. Limited idling to provide for the safety of vehicle occupants of off-highway equipment (e.g. to run the air conditioning) no more than 30 minutes.
- 12. Diesel powered vehicles may idle for up to 30 minutes to minimize restart problems.

Any vehicle, truck, or equipment in which the primary source of fuel is natural gas or electricity is exempt from the idling limitations set forth in this special provision.

# **SUBSURFACE INFORMATION:**

(7-1-95)

450

SP1 G112 C

Subsurface information is available on the roadway and structure portions of this project.

C204852 R-3833C

#### **PORTABLE CONCRETE BARRIER - (Partial Payments for Materials):** 1170-4

(7-1-95) (Rev. 8-16-11)

When so authorized by the Engineer, partial materials payments will be made up to 95 percent of the delivered cost of portable concrete barrier, provided that these materials have been delivered on the project and stored in an acceptable manner, and further provided the documents listed in Subarticle 109-5(C) of the 2018 Standard Specifications have been furnished to the Engineer.

The provisions of Subarticle 109-5(B) of the 2018 Standard Specifications will apply to the portable concrete barrier.

104-10

#### **MAINTENANCE OF THE PROJECT:**

(11-20-07) (Rev. 1-17-12)

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 1-39, Article 104-10 Maintenance of the Project, line 25, add the following after the first sentence of the first paragraph:

All guardrail/guiderail within the project limits shall be included in this maintenance.

Page 1-39, Article 104-10 Maintenance of the Project, line 30, add the following as the last sentence of the first paragraph:

The Contractor shall perform weekly inspections of guardrail and guiderail and shall report damages to the Engineer on the same day of the weekly inspection. Where damaged guardrail or guiderail is repaired or replaced as a result of maintaining the project in accordance with this article, such repair or replacement shall be performed within 7 consecutive calendar days of such inspection report.

Page 1-39, Article 104-10 Maintenance of the Project, lines 42-44, replace the last sentence of the last paragraph with the following:

The Contractor will not be directly compensated for any maintenance operations necessary, except for maintenance of guardrail/guiderail, as this work will be considered incidental to the work covered by the various contract items. The provisions of Article 104-7, Extra Work, and Article 104-8, Compensation and Record Keeping will apply to authorized maintenance of guardrail/guiderail. Performance of weekly inspections of guardrail/guiderail, and the damage reports required as described above, will be considered to be an incidental part of the work being paid for by the various contract items.

**G-36** 

SP1 G121

SP1 G140

#### **ELECTRONIC BIDDING:**

(2-19-19)

101, 102, 103

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

**Page 1-4, Article 101-3, DEFINITIONS, BID (OR PROPOSAL)** *Electronic Bid,* line 1, replace "Bid Express®" with "the approved electronic bidding provider".

**Page 1-15, Subarticle 102-8(B), Electronic Bids, lines 39-40,** replace "to Bid Express®" with "via the approved electronic bidding provider".

Page 1-15, Subarticle 102-8(B)(1), Electronic Bids, line 41, delete "from Bid Express®"

**Page 1-17, Subarticle 102-9(C)(2), Electronic Bids, line 21,** replace "Bid Express® miscellaneous folder within the .ebs" with "electronic submittal".

**Page 1-29, Subarticle 103-4(C)(2), Electronic Bids, line 32,** replace ".ebs miscellaneous data file of Expedite" with "electronic submittal file"

### AWARD LIMITS:

(4-19-22)

103

SP1 G141

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

**Page 1-29, Subarticle 103-4(C), Award Limits,** line 4-8, delete and replace the first sentence in the first paragraph with the following:

A bidder who desires to bid on more than one project on which bids are to be opened in the same letting and who desires to avoid receiving an award of more projects than he is equipped to handle, may bid on any number of projects but may limit the total amount of work awarded to him on selected projects by completing the form Award Limits on Multiple Projects for each project subject to the award limit.

#### **TWELVE MONTH GUARANTEE:**

(7-15-03)

108

- (A) The Contractor shall guarantee materials and workmanship against latent and patent defects arising from faulty materials, faulty workmanship or negligence for a period of twelve months following the date of final acceptance of the work for maintenance and shall replace such defective materials and workmanship without cost to the Department. The Contractor will not be responsible for damage due to faulty design, normal wear and tear, for negligence on the part of the Department, and/or for use in excess of the design.
- (B) Where items of equipment or material carry a manufacturer's guarantee for any period in excess of twelve months, then the manufacturer's guarantee shall apply for that particular piece of equipment or material. The Department's first remedy shall be through the manufacturer although the Contractor is responsible for invoking the warranted repair work with the manufacturer. The Contractor's responsibility shall be limited to the term of the manufacturer's guarantee. NCDOT would be afforded the same warranty as provided by the Manufacturer.

This guarantee provision shall be invoked only for major components of work in which the Contractor would be wholly responsible for under the terms of the contract. Examples would include pavement structures, bridge components, and sign structures. This provision will not be used as a mechanism to force the Contractor to return to the project to make repairs or perform additional work that the Department would normally compensate the Contractor for. In addition, routine maintenance activities (i.e. mowing grass, debris removal, ruts in earth shoulders,) are not parts of this guarantee.

Appropriate provisions of the payment and/or performance bonds shall cover this guarantee for the project.

To ensure uniform application statewide the Division Engineer will forward details regarding the circumstances surrounding any proposed guarantee repairs to the Chief Engineer for review and approval prior to the work being performed.

#### **OUTSOURCING OUTSIDE THE USA:**

(9-21-04) (Rev. 5-16-06)

All work on consultant contracts, services contracts, and construction contracts shall be performed in the United States of America. No work shall be outsourced outside of the United States of America.

*Outsourcing* for the purpose of this provision is defined as the practice of subcontracting labor, work, services, staffing, or personnel to entities located outside of the United States.

The North Carolina Secretary of Transportation shall approve exceptions to this provision in writing.

#### **EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL/STORMWATER CERTIFICATION:**

(1-16-07) (Rev 12-15-20)

105-16, 225-2, 16

SP1 G180

#### General

Schedule and conduct construction activities in a manner that will minimize soil erosion and the resulting sedimentation and turbidity of surface waters. Comply with the requirements herein regardless of whether or not a National Pollution discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit for the work is required.

Establish a chain of responsibility for operations and subcontractors' operations to ensure that the *Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan* is implemented and maintained over the life of the contract.

(A) Certified Supervisor - Provide a certified Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Supervisor to manage the Contractor and subcontractor operations, insure compliance with Federal, State and Local ordinances and regulations, and manage the Quality Control Program.

- (B) *Certified Foreman* Provide a certified, trained foreman for each construction operation that increases the potential for soil erosion or the possible sedimentation and turbidity of surface waters.
- (C) *Certified Installer* Provide a certified installer to install or direct the installation for erosion or sediment/stormwater control practices.
- (D) *Certified Designer* Provide a certified designer for the design of the erosion and sediment control/stormwater component of reclamation plans and, if applicable, for the design of the project erosion and sediment control/stormwater plan.

### **Roles and Responsibilities**

- (A) Certified Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Supervisor The Certified Supervisor shall be Level II and responsible for ensuring the erosion and sediment control/stormwater plan is adequately implemented and maintained on the project and for conducting the quality control program. The Certified Supervisor shall be on the project within 24 hours notice from initial exposure of an erodible surface to the project's final acceptance. Perform the following duties:
  - (1) Manage Operations Coordinate and schedule the work of subcontractors so that erosion and sediment control/stormwater measures are fully executed for each operation and in a timely manner over the duration of the contract.
    - (a) Oversee the work of subcontractors so that appropriate erosion and sediment control/stormwater preventive measures are conformed to at each stage of the work.
    - (b) Prepare the required National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Inspection Record and submit to the Engineer.
    - (c) Attend all weekly or monthly construction meetings to discuss the findings of the NPDES inspection and other related issues.
    - (d) Implement the erosion and sediment control/stormwater site plans requested.
    - (e) Provide any needed erosion and sediment control/stormwater practices for the Contractor's temporary work not shown on the plans, such as, but not limited to work platforms, temporary construction, pumping operations, plant and storage yards, and cofferdams.
    - (f) Acquire applicable permits and comply with requirements for borrow pits, dewatering, and any temporary work conducted by the Contractor in jurisdictional areas.
    - (g) Conduct all erosion and sediment control/stormwater work in a timely and workmanlike manner.
    - (h) Fully perform and install erosion and sediment control/stormwater work prior to any suspension of the work.
    - (i) Coordinate with Department, Federal, State and Local Regulatory agencies on resolution of erosion and sediment control/stormwater issues due to the Contractor's operations.

- (j) Ensure that proper cleanup occurs from vehicle tracking on paved surfaces or any location where sediment leaves the Right-of-Way.
- (k) Have available a set of erosion and sediment control/stormwater plans that are initialed and include the installation date of Best Management Practices. These practices shall include temporary and permanent groundcover and be properly updated to reflect necessary plan and field changes for use and review by Department personnel as well as regulatory agencies.
- (2) Requirements set forth under the NPDES Permit The Department's NPDES Stormwater permit (NCS000250) outlines certain objectives and management measures pertaining to construction activities. The permit references *NCG010000*, *General Permit to Discharge Stormwater* under the NPDES, and states that the Department shall incorporate the applicable requirements into its delegated Erosion and Sediment Control Program for construction activities disturbing one or more acres of land. The Department further incorporates these requirements on all contracted bridge and culvert work at jurisdictional waters, regardless of size. Some of the requirements are, but are not limited to:
  - (a) Control project site waste to prevent contamination of surface or ground waters of the state, i.e. from equipment operation/maintenance, construction materials, concrete washout, chemicals, litter, fuels, lubricants, coolants, hydraulic fluids, any other petroleum products, and sanitary waste.
  - (b) Inspect erosion and sediment control/stormwater devices and stormwater discharge outfalls at least once every 7 calendar days and within 24 hours after a rainfall event equal to or greater than 1.0 inch that occurs within a 24 hour period. Additional monitoring may be required at the discretion of Division of Water Resources personnel if the receiving stream is 303(d) listed for turbidity and the project has had documented problems managing turbidity.
  - (c) Maintain an onsite rain gauge or use the Department's Multi-Sensor Precipitation Estimate website to maintain a daily record of rainfall amounts and dates.
  - (d) Maintain erosion and sediment control/stormwater inspection records for review by Department and Regulatory personnel upon request.
  - (e) Implement approved reclamation plans on all borrow pits, waste sites and staging areas.
  - (f) Maintain a log of turbidity test results as outlined in the Department's Procedure for Monitoring Borrow Pit Discharge.
  - (g) Provide secondary containment for bulk storage of liquid materials.
  - (h) Provide training for employees concerning general erosion and sediment control/stormwater awareness, the Department's NPDES Stormwater Permit NCS000250 requirements, and the applicable requirements of the *General Permit, NCG010000.*
  - (i) Report violations of the NPDES permit to the Engineer immediately who will notify the Division of Water Quality Regional Office within 24 hours of becoming aware of the violation.

- (3) Quality Control Program Maintain a quality control program to control erosion, prevent sedimentation and follow provisions/conditions of permits. The quality control program shall:
  - (a) Follow permit requirements related to the Contractor and subcontractors' construction activities.
  - (b) Ensure that all operators and subcontractors on site have the proper erosion and sediment control/stormwater certification.
  - (c) Notify the Engineer when the required certified erosion and sediment control/stormwater personnel are not available on the job site when needed.
  - (d) Conduct the inspections required by the NPDES permit.
  - (e) Take corrective actions in the proper timeframe as required by the NPDES permit for problem areas identified during the NPDES inspections.
  - (f) Incorporate erosion control into the work in a timely manner and stabilize disturbed areas with mulch/seed or vegetative cover on a section-by-section basis.
  - (g) Use flocculants approved by state regulatory authorities where appropriate and where required for turbidity and sedimentation reduction.
  - (h) Ensure proper installation and maintenance of temporary erosion and sediment control devices.
  - (i) Remove temporary erosion or sediment control devices when they are no longer necessary as agreed upon by the Engineer.
  - (j) The Contractor's quality control and inspection procedures shall be subject to review by the Engineer. Maintain NPDES inspection records and make records available at all times for verification by the Engineer.
- (B) *Certified Foreman* At least one Certified Foreman shall be onsite for each type of work listed herein during the respective construction activities to control erosion, prevent sedimentation and follow permit provisions:
  - (1) Foreman in charge of grading activities
  - (2) Foreman in charge of bridge or culvert construction over jurisdictional areas
  - (3) Foreman in charge of utility activities

The Contractor may request to use the same person as the Level II Supervisor and Level II Foreman. This person shall be onsite whenever construction activities as described above are taking place. This request shall be approved by the Engineer prior to work beginning.

The Contractor may request to name a single Level II Foreman to oversee multiple construction activities on small bridge or culvert replacement projects. This request shall be approved by the Engineer prior to work beginning.

- (C) *Certified Installers* Provide at least one onsite, Level I Certified Installer for each of the following erosion and sediment control/stormwater crew:
  - (1) Seeding and Mulching
  - (2) Temporary Seeding
  - (3) Temporary Mulching

- (4) Sodding
- (5) Silt fence or other perimeter erosion/sediment control device installations
- (6) Erosion control blanket installation
- (7) Hydraulic tackifier installation
- (8) Turbidity curtain installation
- (9) Rock ditch check/sediment dam installation
- (10) Ditch liner/matting installation
- (11) Inlet protection
- (12) Riprap placement
- (13) Stormwater BMP installations (such as but not limited to level spreaders, retention/detention devices)
- (14) Pipe installations within jurisdictional areas

If a Level I *Certified Installer* is not onsite, the Contractor may substitute a Level II Foreman for a Level I Installer, provided the Level II Foreman is not tasked to another crew requiring Level II Foreman oversight.

(D) *Certified Designer* - Include the certification number of the Level III Certified Designer on the erosion and sediment control/stormwater component of all reclamation plans and if applicable, the certification number of the Level III Certified Designer on the design of the project erosion and sediment control/stormwater plan.

#### **Preconstruction Meeting**

Furnish the names of the *Certified Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Supervisor*, *Certified Foremen*, *Certified Installers* and *Certified Designer* and notify the Engineer of changes in certified personnel over the life of the contract within 2 days of change.

#### **Ethical Responsibility**

Any company performing work for the North Carolina Department of Transportation has the ethical responsibility to fully disclose any reprimand or dismissal of an employee resulting from improper testing or falsification of records.

#### **Revocation or Suspension of Certification**

Upon recommendation of the Chief Engineer to the certification entity, certification for *Supervisor*, *Certified Foremen*, *Certified Installers* and *Certified Designer* may be revoked or suspended with the issuance of an *Immediate Corrective Action (ICA)*, *Notice of Violation (NOV)*, or *Cease and Desist Order* for erosion and sediment control/stormwater related issues.

The Chief Engineer may recommend suspension or permanent revocation of certification due to the following:

- (A) Failure to adequately perform the duties as defined within this certification provision.
- (B) Issuance of an ICA, NOV, or Cease and Desist Order.
- (C) Failure to fully perform environmental commitments as detailed within the permit conditions and specifications.

- (D) Demonstration of erroneous documentation or reporting techniques.
- Cheating or copying another candidate's work on an examination. (E)
- Intentional falsification of records. (F)
- Directing a subordinate under direct or indirect supervision to perform any of the above (G) actions.
- Dismissal from a company for any of the above reasons. (H)
- Suspension or revocation of one's certification by another entity. **(I)**

Suspension or revocation of a certification will be sent by certified mail to the certificant and the Corporate Head of the company that employs the certificant.

A certificant has the right to appeal any adverse action which results in suspension or permanent revocation of certification by responding, in writing, to the Chief Engineer within 10 calendar days after receiving notice of the proposed adverse action.

> **Chief Engineer** 1536 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-1536

Failure to appeal within 10 calendar days will result in the proposed adverse action becoming effective on the date specified on the certified notice. Failure to appeal within the time specified will result in a waiver of all future appeal rights regarding the adverse action taken. The certificant will not be allowed to perform duties associated with the certification during the appeal process.

The Chief Engineer will hear the appeal and make a decision within 7 days of hearing the appeal. Decision of the Chief Engineer will be final and will be made in writing to the certificant.

If a certification is temporarily suspended, the certificant shall pass any applicable written examination and any proficiency examination, at the conclusion of the specified suspension period, prior to having the certification reinstated.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

Certified Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Supervisor, Certified Foremen, Certified Installers and Certified Designer will be incidental to the project for which no direct compensation will be made.

# PROCEDURE FOR MONITORING BORROW PIT DISCHARGE: (2-20-07) (Rev. 4-5-19) 105-16, 230, 801

SP1 G181

Water discharge from borrow pit sites shall not cause surface waters to exceed 50 NTUs (nephelometric turbidity unit) in streams not designated as trout waters and 10 NTUs in streams, lakes or reservoirs designated as trout waters. For lakes and reservoirs not designated as trout waters, the turbidity shall not exceed 25 NTUs. If the turbidity exceeds these levels due to natural background conditions, the existing turbidity level shall not be increased.

If during any operating day, the downstream water quality exceeds the standard, the Contractor shall do all of the following:

- (A) Either cease discharge or modify the discharge volume or turbidity levels to bring the downstream turbidity levels into compliance, or
- (B) Evaluate the upstream conditions to determine if the exceedance of the standard is due to natural background conditions. If the background turbidity measurements exceed the standard, operation of the pit and discharge can continue as long as the stream turbidity levels are not increased due to the discharge.
- (C) Measure and record the turbidity test results (time, date and sampler) at all defined sampling locations 30 minutes after startup and at a minimum, one additional sampling of all sampling locations during that 24-hour period in which the borrow pit is discharging.
- (D) Notify DWQ within 24 hours of any stream turbidity standard exceedances that are not brought into compliance.

During the Environmental Assessment required by Article 230-4 of the 2018 Standard Specifications, the Contractor shall define the point at which the discharge enters into the State's surface waters and the appropriate sampling locations. Sampling locations shall include points upstream and downstream from the point at which the discharge enters these waters. Upstream sampling location shall be located so that it is not influenced by backwater conditions and represents natural background conditions. Downstream sampling location shall be located at the point where complete mixing of the discharge and receiving water has occurred.

The discharge shall be closely monitored when water from the dewatering activities is introduced into jurisdictional wetlands. Any time visible sedimentation (deposition of sediment) on the wetland surface is observed, the dewatering activity will be suspended until turbidity levels in the stilling basin can be reduced to a level where sediment deposition does not occur. Staining of wetland surfaces from suspended clay particles, occurring after evaporation or infiltration, does not constitute sedimentation. No activities shall occur in wetlands that adversely affect the functioning of a wetland. Visible sedimentation will be considered an indication of possible adverse impacts on wetland use.

The Engineer will perform independent turbidity tests on a random basis. These results will be maintained in a log within the project records. Records will include, at a minimum, turbidity test results, time, date and name of sampler. Should the Department's test results exceed those of the Contractor's test results, an immediate test shall be performed jointly with the results superseding the previous test results of both the Department and the Contractor.

The Contractor shall use the NCDOT Turbidity Reduction Options for Borrow Pits Matrix, available at <u>https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/roadside/FieldOperationsDocuments/</u> <u>TurbidityReductionOptionSheet.pdf</u> to plan, design, construct, and maintain BMPs to address water quality standards. Tier I Methods include stilling basins which are standard compensatory BMPs. Other Tier I methods are noncompensatory and shall be used when needed to meet the stream turbidity standards. Tier II Methods are also noncompensatory and are options that may be needed for protection of rare or unique resources or where special environmental conditions exist at the site which have led to additional requirements being placed in the DWQ's 401 Certifications and approval letters, Isolated Wetland Permits, Riparian Buffer Authorization or a DOT Reclamation Plan's Environmental Assessment for the specific site. Should the Contractor C204852 R-3833C

exhaust all Tier I Methods on a site exclusive of rare or unique resources or special environmental conditions, Tier II Methods may be required by regulators on a case by case basis per supplemental agreement.

The Contractor may use cation exchange capacity (CEC) values from proposed site borings to plan and develop the bid for the project. CEC values exceeding 15 milliequivalents per 100 grams of soil may indicate a high potential for turbidity and should be avoided when dewatering into surface water is proposed.

No additional compensation for monitoring borrow pit discharge will be paid.

#### **PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS**

**R-1** 

#### **ROADWAY**

#### <u>CLEARING AND GRUBBING - METHOD III:</u>

(4-6-06) (Rev.8-18-15)

Perform clearing on this project to the limits established by Method "III" shown on Standard Drawing No. 200.03 of the *2018 Roadway Standard Drawings*. Conventional clearing methods may be used except where permit drawings or conditions have been included in the proposal which require certain areas to be cleared by hand methods.

#### **BURNING RESTRICTIONS:**

(7-1-95)

Open burning is not permitted on any portion of the right-of-way limits established for this project. Do not burn the clearing, grubbing or demolition debris designated for disposal and generated from the project at locations within the project limits, off the project limits or at any waste or borrow sites in this county. Dispose of the clearing, grubbing and demolition debris by means other than burning, according to state or local rules and regulations.

#### **BUILDING REMOVALS:**

(1-1-02) (Rev. 11-15-16)

Remove the buildings and appurtenances listed below in accordance with Section 215 of the 2018 Standard Specifications:

215

Parcel 008: 1SFD Lt. of Survey Station 25+00 (-L-)

Parcel 029: 2SFD Lt. of Survey Station 43+00 (-L-)

Parcel 033: 2SFD Lt. of Survey Station 48+00 (-L-)

Parcel 074: 1SFBUS Lt. of Survey Station 44+50 (-Y-)

Parcel 076: 1SBKBUS Lt. of Survey Station 46+00 (-Y-)

When the description of the work for an item indicates a building partially inside and partially outside the right of way and/or construction area, but does not require the building to be cut off, the entire building shall be removed.

SP2 R02B

SP2 R05

200, 210, 215

, 213

SP2 R15 C

**R-2** 

#### **SHOULDER AND FILL SLOPE MATERIAL:**

(5-21-02)

#### Description

Perform the required shoulder and slope construction for this project in accordance with the applicable requirements of Section 560 and Section 235 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

235 560

#### **Measurement and Payment**

When the Contractor elects to obtain material from an area located beneath a proposed fill sections which does not require excavation for any reason other than to generate acceptable shoulder and fill slope material, the work of performing the excavation will be considered incidental to the item of *Borrow Excavation* or *Shoulder Borrow*. If there is no pay item for *Borrow* or *Shoulder Borrow* in the contract, this work will be considered incidental to *Unclassified Excavation*. Stockpile the excavated material in a manner to facilitate measurement by the Engineer. Fill the void created by the excavation of the shoulder and fill slope material with suitable material. Payment for material used from the stockpile will be made at the contract unit price for *Borrow Excavation* or *Shoulder Borrow*. If there is no pay item for *Borrow Excavation* or *Shoulder Borrow*, then the material will be paid for at the contract unit price for *Unclassified Excavation*. The material used to fill the void created by the excavation of the shoulder and fill slope material will be made at the contract unit price for *Unclassified Excavation*. The material used to fill the void created by the excavation of the shoulder and fill slope material will be made at the contract unit price for *Unclassified Excavation*. The material used to fill the void created by the excavation of the shoulder and fill slope material will be made at the contract unit price for *Unclassified Excavation*. The material used to fill the void created by the excavation of the shoulder and fill slope material will be made at the contract unit price for *Unclassified Excavation*, or *Shoulder Borrow*, depending on the source of the material.

Material generated from undercut excavation, unclassified excavation or clearing and grubbing operations that is placed directly on shoulders or slope areas, will not be measured separately for payment, as payment for the work requiring the excavation will be considered adequate compensation for depositing and grading the material on the shoulders or slopes.

When undercut excavation is performed at the direction of the Engineer and the material excavated is found to be suitable for use as shoulder and fill slope material, and there is no area on the project currently prepared to receive the material generated by the undercut operation, the Contractor may construct a stockpile for use as borrow at a later date. Payment for the material used from the stockpile will be made at the contract unit price for *Borrow Excavation* or *Shoulder Borrow*.

When shoulder material is obtained from borrow sources or from stockpiled material, payment for the work of shoulder construction will be made at the contract unit price per cubic yard for *Borrow Excavation* or *Shoulder Borrow* in accordance with the applicable provisions of Section 230 or Section 560 of the *2018 Standard Specifications*.

#### MANUFACTURED QUARRY FINES IN EMBANKMENTS:

(01-17-17)(Rev. 7-18-23)

235

SP02 R72

#### Description

This specification addresses the use of manufactured quarry fines that are not classified as select materials. The specification allows the Contractor an option, with the approval of the Engineer, to use manufactured quarry fines (MQFs) in embankments as a substitute for conventional borrow material. Furnish and place geotextile for subgrade stabilization in accordance with the contract. Geotextile for subgrade stabilization is required to prevent pavement cracking and provide

SP2 R45 B

separation between the subgrade and pavement section at embankment locations where manufactured quarry fines are utilized and as directed by the Engineer.

### Materials

Manufactured Quarry Fines.

Site specific approval of MQFs material will be required prior to beginning construction as detailed in the preconstruction requirements of this provision.

The following MQFs are unacceptable:

- (A) Frozen material,
- (B) Material with a maximum dry unit weight of less than 90 pounds per cubic foot when tested in accordance with AASHTO T-99 Method A or C.
- (C) Material with greater than 80% by weight Passing the #200 sieve

Collect and transport MQFs in a manner that will prevent nuisances and hazards to public health and safety. Moisture condition the MQFs as needed and transport in covered trucks to prevent dusting. If MQFs are blended with natural earth material, follow Borrow Criteria in Section 1018 of the *Standard Specifications*.

### Geotextiles

Areas of embankment where MQFs are incorporated, Geotextile for Subgrade Stabilization shall be used. If the Geotextile for Subgrade Stabilization special provision is not included elsewhere in this contract, then it along with a detail will be incorporated as part of the contractors request to use.

#### **Preconstruction Requirements**

When MQFs are to be used as a substitute for earth borrow material, request written approval from the Engineer at least ninety (90) days in advance of the intent to use MQFs and include the following details:

- (A) Description, purpose and location of project.
- (B) Estimated start and completion dates of project.
- (C) Estimated volume of MQFs to be used on project with specific locations and construction details of the placement.
- (D) The names, address, and contact information for the generator of the MQFs.
- (E) Physical location of the site at which the MQFs were generated.

The Engineer will forward this information to the State Materials Engineer for review and material approval.

# **Construction Methods**

Place MQFs in the core of the embankment section with at least 4 feet of earth cover to the outside limits of the embankments or subgrade.

Construct embankments by placing MQFs in level uniform lifts with no more than a lift of 10 inches and compacted to at least a density of 95 percent as determined by test methods in AASHTO T-99, Determination of Maximum Dry Density and Optimum Moisture Content, Method A or C depending upon particle size of the product. Provide a moisture content at the time of compaction of within 4 percent of optimum but not greater than one percent above optimum as determined by AASHTO T-99, Method A or C.

Areas of embankment where MQFs are incorporated, Geotextile for Subgrade Stabilization shall be used. See the contract for geotextile type and construction method for Geotextile for Subgrade Stabilization.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

*Borrow Excavation* will be measured by truck volume and paid in cubic yards in accordance with Article 230-5 of the *2018 Standard Specifications*. As an alternate weigh tickets can be provided and payment made by converting weight to cubic yards based on the verifiable unit weight.

When the pay item for *Geotextile for Subgrade Stabilization* is included in the original contract the material will be measured and paid in accordance with the contract. When the pay item for *Geotextile for Subgrade Stabilization* is not included in the original contract then no payment will be made for this item and will be considered incidental to the use of MQFs in embankment.

# **FLOWABLE FILL:**

(9-17-02) (Rev 1-17-12)

300, 340, 1000, 1530, 1540, 1550

SP3 R30

#### Description

This work consists of all work necessary to place flowable fill in accordance with these provisions, the plans, and as directed.

#### Materials

Refer to Division 10 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

Item	Section
Flowable Fill	1000-6

#### **Construction Methods**

Discharge flowable fill material directly from the truck into the space to be filled, or by other approved methods. The mix may be placed full depth or in lifts as site conditions dictate. The Contractor shall provide a method to plug the ends of the existing pipe in order to contain the flowable fill.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

At locations where flowable fill is called for on the plans and a pay item for flowable fill is included in the contract, *Flowable Fill* will be measured in cubic yards and paid as the actual number of cubic yards that have been satisfactorily placed and accepted. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this provision including, but not limited to, the mix design, furnishing, hauling, placing and containing the flowable fill.

Payment will be made under:

**Pay Item** Flowable Fill

#### **CORRUGATED ALUMINUM ALLOY CULVERT PIPE:** 305.310

(9-21-21)

Revise the Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 3-5, Article 305-2, MATERIALS, add the following after line 16:

Item	Section
Waterborne Paint	1080-9
Hot Bitumen	1081-3

Page 3-5, Article 305-3, CONSTRUCTION METHODS, add the following after line 24:

Coating must be applied to the aluminum when in contact with concrete. Immediately prior to coating, aluminum surfaces to be coated shall be cleaned by a method that will remove all dirt, oil, grease, chips, and other foreign substances. Aluminum to be coated shall be given one coat of suitable quality coating such as:

Approved waterborne paint (Section 1080-9) Approved Hot Bitumen (Section 1081-3)

Other coating materials may be submitted to the Engineer for approval.

Page 3-7, Article 310-6, MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, lines 6-11, delete the fourth sentence and replace with the following:

Select bedding and backfill material and coating will be included in the cost of the installed pipe. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all materials, labor, equipment, and other incidentals necessary to complete the work.

#### **CULVERT PIPE:**

(8-20-19)(Rev. 5-17-22)

305,310

SP3 R35

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 3-5, Article 305-1 DESCRIPTION, lines 12-14, replace with the following:

Where shown in the plans, the Contractor may use reinforced concrete pipe, aluminum alloy pipe, aluminized corrugated steel pipe, galvanized corrugated steel pipe, HDPE pipe, Polypropylene pipe or PVC pipe in accordance with the following requirements.

Pay Unit

Cubic Yard

**R-5** 

SP3 R34

Page 3-5, Article 305-2 MATERIALS, add the following after line 16:

Item	Section
Polypropylene Pipe	1032-9
Galvanized Corrugated Steel Pipe	1032-3

Page 3-6, Article 310-2 MATERIALS, add the following after line 9:

Item	Section
Polypropylene Pipe	1032-9
Galvanized Corrugated Steel Pipe	1032-3

**Page 3-6, Article 310-4 SIDE DRAIN PIPE,** lines 24-25, replace the first sentence of the second paragraph with the following:

Where shown in the plans, side drain pipe may be Class II reinforced concrete pipe, aluminized corrugated steel pipe, galvanized corrugated steel pipe, corrugated aluminum alloy pipe, Polypropylene pipe, HDPE pipe or PVC pipe.

**Page 3-7, Article 310-5 PIPE END SECTIONS**, lines 2-4, replace the second sentence with the following:

Both corrugated steel and concrete pipe end sections will work on concrete pipe, corrugated steel pipe, Polypropylene pipe and HDPE smooth lined corrugated plastic pipe.

Page 3-7, Article 310-6 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, add the following after line 14:

Pay Item " Polypropylene Pipe

# Page 10-60, add Article 1032-9:

#### (A) General

Use polypropylene pipe from sources participating in the Department's Polypropylene Pipe QA/QC Program. A list of participating sources is available from the Materials and Tests Unit. The Department will remove a manufacturer of polypropylene pipe from this program if the monitoring efforts indicated that non-specification material is being provided or test procedures are not being followed.

Pay Unit

Linear Foot

Use polypropylene culvert pipe that meets AASHTO M 330 for Type S or Type D, or ASTM F2881 or ASTM F2764 Double or Triple wall; and has been evaluated by NTPEP.

#### (B) End Treatments, Pipe Tees and Elbows

End treatments, pipe tees and elbows shall meet AASHTO M 330, Section 7.7, or ASTM F2764, Section 6.6.

(C) Marking

Clearly mark each section of pipe, end section, tee and elbow and other accessories according to the Department's Polypropylene Pipe QC/QA Program:

- (1) AASHTO or ASTM Designation
- (2) The date of manufacture
- (3) Name or trademark of the manufacturer

When polypropylene pipe, end sections, tees and elbows have been inspected and accepted a sticker will be applied to the inside of the pipe. Do no use pipe sections, flared end sections, tees or elbows which do not have this seal of approval.

# AGGREGATE SUBGRADE:

(5-15-18)(Rev. 4-18-23)

505

SP5 R8

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

**Page 5-8, Section 505 AGGREGATE SUBGRADE, lines 3-32**, replace the section with the following:

#### **505-1 DESCRIPTION**

Construct aggregate subgrades in accordance with the contract. Install geotextile for subgrade stabilization and place Class IV subgrade stabilization at locations shown in the plans and as directed by the Engineer.

Undercut natural soil materials if necessary to construct aggregate subgrades. Define "subsoil" as the portion of the roadbed below the Class IV subgrade stabilization. For Type 2 aggregate subgrades, undercut subsoil as needed. The types of aggregate subgrade with thickness and compaction requirements for each are as shown below.

**Type 1** – A 6 to 24 inch thick aggregate subgrade with Class IV subgrade stabilization compacted to 92% of AASHTO T 180 as modified by the Department or to the highest density that can be reasonably obtained.

**Type 2** – An 8 inch thick aggregate subgrade on a proof rolled subsoil with Class IV subgrade stabilization compacted to 97% of AASHTO T 180 as modified by the Department.

#### 505-2 MATERIALS

Refer to Division 10.

Item	Section
Geotextile for Subgrade Stabilization, Type 5	1056
Select Material, Class IV	1016

Use Class IV select material for Class IV subgrade stabilization.

# 505-3 CONSTRUCTION METHODS

When shallow undercut is required to construct aggregate subgrades, undercut 6 inches to 24 inches as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. For Type 2 aggregate subgrades, proof roll subsoil in accordance with Section 260 before installing geotextile for subgrade stabilization. Perform undercut excavation in accordance with Section 225.

Do not leave geotextiles exposed for more than 7 days before covering geotextiles with Class IV subgrade stabilization (standard size no. ABC). Install geotextile for subgrade stabilization on subsoil with the long dimension, i.e., machine direction (MD), of the roll parallel to the roadway centerline and completely cover subsoil with geotextiles. For fill sections, the minimum roll width is required under roadway edges and shoulders nearest to fill slopes as shown in the plans. Overlap adjacent geotextiles at least 18 inches in the direction that ABC will be placed to prevent lifting the edge of the top geotextile. Pull geotextiles taut so they are in tension and free of kinks, folds, wrinkles or creases. Hold geotextiles in place as needed with wire staples or anchor pins.

Place Class IV subgrade stabilization by end dumping ABC on geotextiles. Do not operate heavy equipment on geotextiles until geotextiles are covered with Class IV subgrade stabilization. Compact ABC as required for the type of aggregate subgrade constructed.

Maintain Class IV subgrade stabilization in an acceptable condition and minimize the use of heavy equipment on ABC in order to avoid damaging aggregate subgrades. Provide and maintain drainage ditches and drains as required to prevent entrapping water in aggregate subgrades.

# 505-4 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

*Shallow Undercut* of natural soil materials from subsoil for Type 1 aggregate subgrades will be measured and paid in cubic yards, measured in the original position and computed by the average end area method that is acceptably excavated in accordance with the contract. The contract unit price for *Shallow Undercut* will be full compensation for excavating, hauling and disposing of materials to construct aggregate subgrades.

*Undercut Excavation* of natural soil materials from subsoil for Type 2 aggregate subgrades will be measured and paid in accordance with Article 225-7 or 226-3. No measurement will be made for any undercut excavation of fill materials from subsoil.

*Class IV Subgrade Stabilization* will be measured and paid in tons. Class IV subgrade stabilization will be measured by weighing material in trucks in accordance with Article 106-7. The contract unit price for *Class IV Subgrade Stabilization* will be full compensation for furnishing, hauling, handling, placing, compacting and maintaining ABC.

*Geotextile for Subgrade Stabilization* will be measured and paid in square yards. Geotextiles will be measured along the ground surface as the square yards of exposed geotextiles before placing ABC. No measurement will be made for overlapping geotextiles. The contract unit price for *Geotextile for Subgrade Stabilization* will be full compensation for providing, transporting and installing geotextiles, wire staples and anchor pins.

Payment will be made under:

**Pay Unit** Cubic Yard

Square Yard

Ton

**Pay Item** Shallow Undercut Class IV Subgrade Stabilization Geotextile for Subgrade Stabilization

**INCIDENTAL MILLING:** 

(11-15-22)(Rev. 1-17-23)

607

SP6 R02R

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

**Page 6-5, Article 607-3 CONSTRUCTION METHODS,** add the following paragraph after line 45:

Variable depth milling is intended to improve the cross-sectional slope of the pavement.

Page 6-6, Article 607-3 CONSTRUCTION METHODS, line 9, delete and replace the first sentence in the sixth paragraph with the following:

The Engineer may require re-milling of any area exhibiting pavement laminations, scabbing or other defects.

**Page 6-6, Article 607-4 TOLERANCE, lines 17-18,** delete and replace the second sentence with the following:

The Engineer may vary the depth of milling by not more than one inch. In the event the directed depth of milling cut is altered by the Engineer more than one inch, either the Department or the Contractor may request an adjustment in unit price in accordance with Article 104-3. In administering Article 104-3, the Department will give no consideration to value given to RAP due to the deletion or reduction in quantity of milling. Article 104-3 will not apply to the item of *Incidental Milling*.

**Page 6-6, Subarticle 607-5(A) Milled Asphalt Pavement, lines 21-23,** delete and replace the first sentence with the following:

Milled Asphalt Pavement, \_\_\_ Depth will be measured and paid as the actual number of square yards of pavement surface milled in accordance with this specification.

Page 6-6, Subarticle 607-5(A) Milled Asphalt Pavement, lines 24-28, delete and replace the third and fourth sentence with the following:

The width will be the width required by the plans or directed by the Engineer, measured along the pavement surface. Areas to be paid under this item include mainline travel lanes, full width turn lanes greater than 500 feet in length, collector lanes, shoulders, and any additional equipment necessary to remove pavement in the area of manholes, water valves, curb, gutter and other obstructions.

Page 6-6, Subarticle 607-5(B) Milled Asphalt Pavement Depth Varies from Required Depth, lines 29-37, delete and replace the title and first paragraph with the following:

#### (B) Variable Depth Milled Asphalt Pavement

*Milling Asphalt Pavement,* \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_ will be measured and paid as the actual number of square yards of pavement surface milled in accordance with this specification. In measuring this quantity, the length will be the actual length milled, measured along the pavement surface. The width will be the width required by the plans or directed by the Engineer, measured along the pavement surface. Areas to be paid under this item include mainline travel lanes, full width turn lanes greater than 500 feet in length, collector lanes, shoulders, and any additional equipment necessary to remove pavement in the area of manholes, water valves, curb, gutter and other obstructions.

Page 6-6, Subarticle 607-5(C) Incidental Milling, lines 45-49, delete and replace the first and second sentence with the following:

*Incidental Milling* will be measured and paid as the actual number of square yards of surface milled where the Contractor is required to mill butt joints, irregular areas, full width turn lanes 500 feet or less, intersections and re-mill areas that are not due to the Contractor's negligence. In measuring this quantity, the length will be the actual length milled, measured along the pavement surface. The width will be the width required by the plans or directed by the Engineer, measured along the pavement surface.

Page 6-7, Subarticle 607-5(D) Milling of Defects, lines 6-10, delete and replace the second sentence with the following:

If the Engineer directs re-milling of an area and is not due to the Contractor's negligence, the remilled area will be measured as provided in Subarticle 607-5(C) and paid at the contract unit price per square yard for *Incidental Milling*.

PRICE ADJUSTM	ENT - ASPHALT BINDER FOR PLANT MIX:
(11-21-00)	620

SP6 R25

SP6 R45

SP6 R65

Price adjustments for asphalt binder for plant mix will be made in accordance with Section 620 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

The base price index for asphalt binder for plant mix is \$ 612.50 per ton.

This base price index represents an average of F.O.B. selling prices of asphalt binder at supplier's terminals on **October 1, 2023**.

# FINAL SURFACE TESTING NOT REQUIRED:

(5-18-04) (Rev. 2-16-16)

Final surface testing is not required on this project in accordance with Section 610-13, *Final Surface Testing and Acceptance*.

### ASPHALT CONCRETE PLANT MIX PAVEMENTS:

(2-20-18) (Rev. 7-18-23)

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

TABLE 609-3 LIMITS OF PRECISION FOR TEST RESULTS				
Mix Property	Limits of Precision			
25.0 mm sieve (Base Mix)	$\pm 10.0\%$			
19.0 mm sieve (Base Mix)	$\pm 10.0\%$			
12.5 mm sieve (Intermediate & Type P-57)	$\pm 6.0\%$			
9.5 mm sieve (Surface Mix)	$\pm 5.0\%$			
4.75 mm sieve (Surface Mix)	$\pm 5.0\%$			
2.36 mm sieve (All Mixes, except S4.75A)	$\pm 5.0\%$			
1.18 mm sieve (S4.75A)	$\pm 5.0\%$			
0.075 mm sieve (All Mixes)	$\pm 2.0\%$			
Asphalt Binder Content	$\pm 0.5\%$			
Maximum Specific Gravity (G <sub>mm</sub> )	$\pm 0.020$			
Bulk Specific Gravity (G <sub>mb</sub> )	$\pm 0.030$			
TSR	$\pm 15.0\%$			
QA retest of prepared QC Gyratory Compacted Volumetric Specimens	$\pm 0.015$			
Retest of QC Core Sample	$\pm$ 1.2% (% Compaction)			
Comparison QA Core Sample	$\pm 2.0\%$ (% Compaction)			
QA Verification Core Sample	$\pm 2.0\%$ (% Compaction)			
Density Gauge Comparison of QC Test	$\pm 2.0\%$ (% Compaction)			
QA Density Gauge Verification Test	$\pm 2.0\%$ (% Compaction)			

**Page 6-14, Table 609-3, LIMITS OF PRECISION FOR TEST RESULTS**, replace with the following:

**Page 6-17, Table 610-1, MIXING TEMPERATURE AT THE ASPHALT PLANT**, replace with the following:

TABLE 610-1 MIXING TEMPERATURE AT THE ASPHALT PLANT				
Binder Grade	JMF Temperature			
PG 58-28; PG 64-22	250 - 290°F			
PG 76-22 300 - 325°F				

Page 6-17, Subarticle 610-3(C), Job Mix Formula (JMF), lines 38-39, delete the fourth paragraph.

**Page 6-18, Subarticle 610-3(C), Job Mix Formula (JMF), line 12,** replace "SF9.5A" with "S9.5B".

Page 6-18, Table 610-3, MIX DESIGN CRITERIA, replace with the following:

TABLE 610-3 MIX DESIGN CRITERIA								
Mix	Design ESALs	Binder PG	Compaction Levels	Max.		Volumetric I	Properties <sup>B</sup>	
Туре	millions <sup>A</sup>	Grade	Gmm @	Rut	VMA	VTM	VFA	

			Nini	Ndes	Depth (mm)	% Min.	%	MinMax.	%G <sub>mm</sub> @ N <sub>ini</sub>
S4.75A	< 1	64 - 22	6	50	11.5	16.0	4.0 - 6.0	65 - 80	≤ 91.5
S9.5B	0 - 3	64 - 22	6	50	9.5	16.0	3.0 - 5.0	70 - 80	≤ 91.5
S9.5C	3 - 30	64 - 22	7	65	6.5	15.5	3.0 - 5.0	65 - 78	≤ 90.5
S9.5D	> 30	76 - 22	8	100	4.5	15.5	3.0 - 5.0	65 - 78	$\leq 90.0$
I19.0C	ALL	64 - 22	7	65	-	13.5	3.0 - 5.0	65 - 78	≤ 90.5
B25.0C	ALL	64 - 22	7	65	-	12.5	3.0 - 5.0	65 - 78	≤ 90.5
	Design Parameter					Design (	Criteria		
All Mix	Dust to Binder Ratio (P <sub>0.075</sub> / P <sub>be</sub> )					0.6 -	1.4 <sup>C</sup>		
Types	Types Tensile Strength Ratio (TSR) <sup>D</sup>					85% N	1in. <sup>E</sup>		

A. Based on 20 year design traffic.

B. Volumetric Properties based on specimens compacted to N<sub>des</sub> as modified by the Department.

C. Dust to Binder Ratio  $(P_{0.075} / P_{be})$  for Type S4.75A is 1.0 - 2.0.

**D.** NCDOT-T-283 (No Freeze-Thaw cycle required).

E. TSR for Type S4.75A & B25.0C mixes is 80% minimum.

# **Page 6-19, Table 610-5, BINDER GRADE REQUIREMENTS (BASED ON RBR%),** replace with the following:

Mix Type	%RBR ≤ 20%	21% <u>&lt;</u> %RBR ≤ 30%	%RBR > 30%
S4.75A, S9.5B,			
S9.5C, I19.0C,	PG 64-22	PG 64-22 <sup>A</sup>	PG-58-28
B25.0C			
S9.5D, OGFC	PG 76-22 <sup>B</sup>	n/a	n/a

A. If the mix contains any amount of RAS, the virgin binder shall be PG 58-28.

B. Maximum Recycled Binder Replacement (%RBR) is 18% for mixes using PG 76-22 binder.

# **Page 6-20, Table 610-6, PLACEMENT TEMPERATURES FOR ASPHALT,** replace with the following:

TABLE 610-6 PLACEMENT TEMPERATURES FOR ASPHALT				
Asphalt Concrete Mix Type	Minimum Surface and Air Temperature			
B25.0C	35°F			
I19.0C	35°F			
S4.75A, S9.5B, S9.5C	40°F A			
S9.5D	50°F			

A. For the final layer of surface mixes containing recycled asphalt shingles (RAS), the minimum surface and air temperature shall be 50°F.

**Page 6-21, Article 610-8, SPREADING AND FINISHING, lines 34-35,** delete the second sentence and replace with the following:

Use an MTV for all surface mix regardless of binder grade on Interstates, US Routes, and NC Routes (primary routes) that have 4 or more lanes and are median divided.

**Page 6-21, Article 610-8, SPREADING AND FINISHING, lines 36-38,** delete the fourth sentence and replace with the following:

Use MTV for all ramps, loops, and Y-lines that have 4 or more lanes and are median divided, and all full width acceleration lanes, full width deceleration lanes, and full width turn lanes that are greater than 1000 feet in length.

Page 6-23, Table 610-7.	DENSITY REQUIREMENTS	, replace with the following:
		,

TABLE 610-7 DENSITY REQUIREMENTS		
Міх Туре	Minimum % G <sub>mm</sub> (Maximum Specific Gravity)	
S4.75A	85.0 <sup>A</sup>	
S9.5B	90.0	
S9.5C, S9.5D, I19.0C, B25.0C	92.0	

A. Compaction to the above specified density shall be required when the S4.75A mix is applied at a rate of 100 lbs/sy or higher.

**Page 6-24, Article 610-13, FINAL SURFACE TESTING, lines 35-36,** delete the second sentence and replace with the following:

Final surface testing is not required on ramps, loops and turn lanes.

**Page 6-26, Subarticle 610-13(A)(1), Acceptance for New Construction, lines 29-30,** delete the second sentence and replace with the following:

Areas excluded from testing by the profiler may be tested using a 10-foot straightedge in accordance with Article 610-12.

Page 6-27, Subarticle 610-13(B), Option 2- North Carolina Hearne Straightedge, lines 41-46, delete the eighth and ninth sentence of this paragraph and replace with the following:

Take profiles over the entire length of the final surface travel lane pavement exclusive of structures, approach slabs, paved shoulders, tapers, or other irregular shaped areas of pavement, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Test in accordance with this provision all mainline travel lanes, full width acceleration or deceleration lanes and collector lanes.

Page 6-28, Subarticle 610-13(B), Option 2- North Carolina Hearne Straightedge, lines 1-2, delete these two lines.

Page 6-32, Article 610-16 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, replace with the following:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
Asphalt Concrete Base Course, Type B25.0C	Ton
Asphalt Concrete Intermediate Course, Type I19.0C	Ton
Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type S4.75A	Ton
Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type S9.5B	Ton
Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type S9.5C	Ton
Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type S9.5D	Ton

Page 10-30, Table 1012-1, AG	<b>GREGATE CONSENSUS</b>	<b>PROPERTIES</b> , replace with the
following:		

Міх Туре	Coarse Aggregate Angularity <sup>B</sup>	Fine Aggregate Angularity % Minimum	Sand Equivalent % Minimum	Flat and Elongated 5 : 1 Ratio % Maximum
Test Method	ASTM D5821	AASHTO T 304	AASHTO T 176	ASTM D4791
S4.75A; S9.5B	75 / -	40	40	-
S9.5C; I19.0C; B25.0C	95 / 90	45	45	10
S9.5D	100 / 100	45	50	10
OGFC	100 / 100	45	45	10
UBWC	100 / 85	45	45	10

# TABLE 1012-1AGGREGATE CONSENSUS PROPERTIESA

A. Requirements apply to the design aggregate blend.

**B.** 95 / 90 denotes that 95% of the coarse aggregate has one fractured face and 90% has 2 or more fractured faces.

# **Page 10-30, Subarticle 1012-1(B)(6), Toughness (Resistance to Abrasion), line 12,** replace "OGAFC" with "OGFC".

# **SUPPLEMENTAL SURVEYING:**

(4-20-21)

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 8-7, Article 801-3 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, lines 10-11, replace with the following:

801

Supplemental Surveying Office Calculations will be paid at the stated price of \$85.00 per hour. Supplemental Field Surveying will be paid at the stated price of \$145.00 per hour. The

#### FRAME WITH GRATES, DRIVEWAY DROP INLET:

(3-21-00) (Rev.7-18-06)

#### Description

Provide grates for driveway drop inlets that are fabricated steel or cast iron. Provide grates that are of a design and weight that is recommended by the manufacturer as being adequate for HS-20 loadings. Furnish a manufacturer's certification stating that the grates and frame furnished on the project have been designed and manufactured to be adequate for an HS-20 loading. Provide grates with a minimum clear waterway opening of 50 in<sup>2</sup> per 1'-0" length of grate.

If the frame and grate is made from fabricated steel, the requirements of Article 1074-9 of the *2018 Standard Specifications* will be applicable. If the grate and frame is made from iron castings, the requirements of Article 1074-7 of the *Standard Specifications* will be applicable.

SP8 R03

SPI 8-35

#### **Measurement and Payment**

*Frame with Grates, Driveway Drop Inlet* will be measured and paid for as the actual number of linear feet that have been incorporated into the completed and accepted work. Such price and payment will be full compensation for furnishing the grates and frame, and all labor and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Payment will be made under:

**Pay Item** Frame with Grates, Driveway Drop Inlet **Pay Unit** Linear Foot

#### GUARDRAIL END UNITS & TEMPORARY GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE - TL-3: (4-20-04) (Rev. 5-16-23) 862 SP8 R65

#### Description

Furnish and install guardrail end units in accordance with the details in the plans, the applicable requirements of Section 862 of the *Standard Specifications*, and at locations shown in the plans.

#### Materials

Furnish guardrail end units listed on the NCDOT APL. Units shall not be modified by the manufacturer and installer once approved and on the NCDOT APL.

Prior to installation the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer certified working drawings and assembling instructions from the manufacturer for each guardrail end unit in accordance with Article 105-2 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Perform installation in accordance with the details in the plans, and details and assembling instructions furnished by the manufacturer.

#### **Construction Methods**

Guardrail end delineation is required on all approach and trailing end sections for both temporary and permanent installations. Guardrail end delineation consists of yellow reflective sheeting applied to the entire end section of the guardrail in accordance with Article 1088-3 of the *Standard Specifications* and is incidental to the cost of the guardrail end unit.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

Measurement and payment will be made in accordance with Article 862-6 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Payment will be made under:

#### **Pay Item**

Guardrail End Units, Type TL-3 Temporary Guardrail End Units, Type TL-3

#### **GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS AND TEMPORARY GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS:** SP8 R70 (1-16-2018)862

**R-16** 

Guardrail anchor units will be in accordance with the details in the plans and the applicable requirements of Section 862 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

#### Page 8-42, Article 862-6 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, add the following:

Guardrail Anchor Units, Type and Temporary Guardrail Anchor Units Type will be measured and paid as units of each completed and accepted. No separate measurement will be made of any rail, terminal sections, posts, offset blocks, concrete, hardware or any other components of the completed unit that are within the pay limits shown in the plans for the unit as all such components will be considered to be part of the unit.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
Guardrail Anchor Units, Type	Each
Temporary Guardrail Anchor Units, Type	Each

#### **IMPACT ATTENUATOR UNITS, TYPE TL-3:**

(4-20-04)(Rev. 10-17-23)

#### Description

Furnish and install impact attenuator units and any components necessary to connect the impact attenuator units in accordance with the manufacturer's requirement, the details in the plans and at locations shown in the plans.

#### **Materials**

Furnish attenuator units listed on the NCDOT APL. Units shall not be modified by the manufacturer and installer once approved and on the NCDOT APL.

Prior to installation the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer certified working drawings and assembling instructions from the manufacturer for each impact attenuator unit in accordance with Article 105-2 of the Standard Specifications.

#### **Construction Methods**

Perform installation in accordance with the plans and details and assembling instructions furnished by the manufacturer.

**Pay Unit** Each Each

SP8 R75

#### **Measurement and Payment**

*Impact Attenuator Unit, Type TL-3* will be measured and paid at the contract unit price per each. Such prices and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this provision including, but not limited to, furnishing, installing and all incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Payment will be made under:

**Pay Item** Impact Attenuator Units, Type TL-3

Pay Unit Each

# **RESET EXISTING FENCE GATE:**

#### Description

Reset the front gate and back fabric panels of the existing fence surrounding the existing gas valve. Reset fence components in accordance with the contract and requirements of Article 867-2 of the *Standard Specifications* and as directed by Engineer.

### Construction

Reset the gate of the existing fence surrounding the existing gas valve from the west side to the east side of the fence. Reset the east side solid back panel fence fabric to the west side of the fence.

If the owner of the gate desires to repair, rebuild or renew any parts of the gate or fence and agrees to furnish the materials without cost to the Contractor, then repair, rebuild, renew and reset the gate using the material furnished by the owner at no additional cost to the owner or Department.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

*Reset Existing Fence Gate* will be measured and paid for as each gate that has been acceptably reset. Such price includes, but is not limited to, removing, hauling and re-erecting the existing fence gate and fabric panels; and furnishing and installing any fence components unnecessarily damaged by the Contractor's forces.

No direct payment will be made for resetting barb wire strands or fence post footings as this work will be considered incidental to the work being paid for as "Reset Existing Fence Gate".

**Pay Item** Reset Existing Fence Gate **Pay Unit** Each

# PEDESTRIAN SAFETY RAIL:

# Description

Furnish and install the Pedestrian Safety Rail at the location(s) shown in the plans, in accordance with the detail in the plans and as directed by the Engineer.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

*Pedestrian Safety Rail* will be measured and paid at the contract unit price per linear foot along the top handrail to the nearest 0.1 of a foot. Such price and payment will be full compensation for fabricating, finishing, installing, welding, painting and all incidentals necessary to satisfactorily install the *Pedestrian Safety Rail*.

#### Payment will be made under:

**Pay Item** Pedestrian Safety Rail **Pay Item** Linear Foot

### **PRECAST CONCRETE PARKING CURB:**

#### Description

Install precast concrete parking curbs at locations shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

#### Materials

Refer to Division 10 of the Standard Specifications.

Item	Section
Precast Concrete	1077
Rebar Dowel	1070

#### Construction

Furnish and install precast parking curbs in accordance with the contract and as directed by the Engineer.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

*Precast Concrete Parking Curb* will be measured and paid per each for the actual number of precast parking curbs satisfactorily installed and accepted by the Engineer. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this provision including but limited to labor, materials, equipment, and incidentals necessary to satisfactorily complete the work.

Payment will be made under:

**Pay Item** Precast Concrete Parking Curb **Pay Unit** Each C204852 R-3833C

# **R-19**

#### ADJUSTMENT OF CATCH BASINS, MANHOLES, DROP INLETS, METER BOXES AND VALVE BOXES:

(11-15-22)

858

SP8 R98R

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

# **Page 8-38, Article 858-4 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT,** lines 10-11, delete and replace the fifth paragraph with the following:

Where any catch basin, drop inlet, manhole, meter box or valve box is adjusted more than once because of milling operations, each adjustment will be measured and paid.

#### FOUNDATIONS AND ANCHOR ROD ASSEMBLIES FOR METAL POLES:

(1-17-12) (Rev. 1-16-18)

9, 14, 17

SP9 R05

# Description

Foundations for metal poles include foundations for signals, cameras, overhead and dynamic message signs (DMS) and high mount and light standards supported by metal poles or upright trusses. Foundations consist of footings with pedestals and drilled piers with or without grade beams or wings. Anchor rod assemblies consist of anchor rods (also called anchor bolts) with nuts and washers on the exposed ends of rods and nuts and a plate or washers on the other ends of rods embedded in the foundation.

Construct concrete foundations with the required resistances and dimensions and install anchor rod assemblies in accordance with the contract and accepted submittals. Construct drilled piers consisting of cast-in-place reinforced concrete cylindrical sections in excavated holes. Provide temporary casings or polymer slurry as needed to stabilize drilled pier excavations. Use a prequalified Drilled Pier Contractor to construct drilled piers for metal poles. Define "excavation" and "hole" as a drilled pier excavation and "pier" as a drilled pier.

This provision does not apply to foundations for signal pedestals; see Section 1743 of the 2018 Standard Specifications and 2018 Roadway Standard Drawing No. 1743.01.

#### Materials

Refer to the 2018 Standard Specifications.

Item	Section
Conduit	1091-3
Grout, Type 2	1003
Polymer Slurry	411-2(B)(2)
Portland Cement Concrete	1000
Reinforcing Steel	1070
Rollers and Chairs	411-2(C)
Temporary Casings	411-2(A)

Provide Type 3 material certifications in accordance with Article 106-3 of the 2018 Standard Specifications for conduit, rollers, chairs and anchor rod assemblies. Store steel materials on

blocking at least 12" above the ground and protect it at all times from damage; and when placing in the work make sure it is free from dirt, dust, loose mill scale, loose rust, paint, oil or other foreign materials. Load, transport, unload and store foundation and anchor rod assembly materials so materials are kept clean and free of damage. Bent, damaged or defective materials will be rejected.

Use conduit type in accordance with the contract. Use Class A concrete for footings and pedestals, Class Drilled Pier concrete for drilled piers and Class AA concrete for grade beams and wings including portions of drilled piers above bottom of wings elevations. Corrugated temporary casings may be accepted at the discretion of the Engineer. A list of approved polymer slurry products is available from:

connect.ncdot.gov/resources/Geological/Pages/Products.aspx

Provide anchor rod assemblies in accordance with the contract consisting of the following:

- (A) Straight anchor rods,
- (B) Heavy hex top and leveling nuts and flat washers on exposed ends of rods, and
- (C) Nuts and either flat plates or washers on the other ends of anchor rods embedded in foundations.

Do not use lock washers. Use steel anchor rods, nuts and washers that meet ASTM F1554 for Grade 55 rods and Grade A nuts. Use steel plates and washers embedded in concrete with a thickness of at least 1/4". Galvanize anchor rods and exposed nuts and washers in accordance with Article 1076-4 of the *2018 Standard Specifications*. It is not necessary to galvanize nuts, plates and washers embedded in concrete.

#### **Construction Methods**

Install the required size and number of conduits in foundations in accordance with the plans and accepted submittals. Construct top of piers, footings, pedestals, grade beams and wings flat, level and within 1" of elevations shown in the plans or approved by the Engineer. Provide an Ordinary Surface finish in accordance with Subarticle 825-6(B) of the *2018 Standard Specifications* for portions of foundations exposed above finished grade. Do not remove anchor bolt templates or pedestal or grade beam forms or erect metal poles or upright trusses onto foundations until concrete attains a compressive strength of at least 3,000 psi.

(A) Drilled Piers

Before starting drilled pier construction, hold a predrill meeting to discuss the installation, monitoring and inspection of the drilled piers. Schedule this meeting after the Drilled Pier Contractor has mobilized to the site. The Resident or Division Traffic Engineer, Contractor and Drilled Pier Contractor Superintendent will attend this predrill meeting.

Do not excavate holes, install piles or allow equipment wheel loads or vibrations within 20 ft of completed piers until 16 hours after Drilled Pier concrete reaches initial set.

Check for correct drilled pier alignment and location before beginning drilling. Check plumbness of holes frequently during drilling.

Construct drilled piers with the minimum required diameters shown in the plans. Install piers with tip elevations no higher than shown in the plans or approved by the Engineer.

Excavate holes with equipment of the sizes required to construct drilled piers. Depending on the subsurface conditions encountered, drilling through rock and boulders may be required. Do not use blasting for drilled pier excavations.

Contain and dispose of drilling spoils and waste concrete as directed and in accordance with Section 802 of the *2018 Standard Specifications*. Drilling spoils consist of all materials and fluids removed from excavations.

If unstable, caving or sloughing materials are anticipated or encountered, stabilize holes with temporary casings and/or polymer slurry. Do not use telescoping temporary casings. If it becomes necessary to replace a temporary casing during drilling, backfill the excavation, insert a larger casing around the casing to be replaced or stabilize the excavation with polymer slurry before removing the temporary casing.

If temporary casings become stuck or the Contractor proposes leaving casings in place, temporary casings should be installed against undisturbed material. Unless otherwise approved, do not leave temporary casings in place for mast arm poles and cantilever signs. The Engineer will determine if casings may remain in place. If the Contractor proposes leaving temporary casings in place, do not begin drilling until a casing installation method is approved.

Use polymer slurry and additives to stabilize holes in accordance with the slurry manufacturer's recommendations. Provide mixing water and equipment suitable for polymer slurry. Maintain the required slurry properties at all times except for sand content.

Define a "sample set" as slurry samples collected from mid-height and within 2 ft of the bottom of holes. Take sample sets from excavations to test polymer slurry immediately after filling holes with slurry, at least every 4 hours thereafter and immediately before placing concrete. Do not place Drilled Pier concrete until both slurry samples from an excavation meet the required polymer slurry properties. If any slurry test results do not meet the requirements, the Engineer may suspend drilling until both samples from a sample set meet the required polymer slurry properties.

Remove soft and loose material from bottom of holes using augers to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Assemble rebar cages and place cages and Drilled Pier concrete in accordance with Subarticle 411-4(E) of the *2018 Standard Specifications* except for the following:

- (1) Inspections for tip resistance and bottom cleanliness are not required,
- (2) Temporary casings may remain in place if approved, and
- (3) Concrete placement may be paused near the top of pier elevations for anchor rod assembly installation and conduit placement or

(4) If applicable, concrete placement may be stopped at bottom of grade beam or wings elevations for grade beam or wing construction.

If wet placement of concrete is anticipated or encountered, do not place Drilled Pier concrete until a concrete placement procedure is approved. If applicable, temporary casings and fluids may be removed when concrete placement is paused or stopped in accordance with the exceptions above provided holes are stable. Remove contaminated concrete from exposed Drilled Pier concrete after removing casings and fluids. If holes are unstable, do not remove temporary casings until a procedure for placing anchor rod assemblies and conduit or constructing grade beams or wings is approved.

Use collars to extend drilled piers above finished grade. Remove collars after Drilled Pier concrete sets and round top edges of piers.

If drilled piers are questionable, pile integrity testing (PIT) and further investigation may be required in accordance with Article 411-5 of the *2018 Standard Specifications*. A drilled pier will be considered defective in accordance with Subarticle 411-5(D) of the *2018 Standard Specifications* and drilled pier acceptance is based in part on the criteria in Article 411-6 of the *2018 Standard Specifications* except for the top of pier tolerances in Subarticle 411-6(C) of the *2018 Standard Specifications*.

If a drilled pier is under further investigation, do not grout core holes, backfill around the pier or perform any work on the drilled pier until the Engineer accepts the pier. If the drilled pier is accepted, dewater and grout core holes and backfill around the pier with approved material to finished grade. If the Engineer determines a pier is unacceptable, remediation is required in accordance with Article 411-6 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. No extension of completion date or time will be allowed for remediation of unacceptable drilled piers or post repair testing.

Permanently embed a plate in or mark top of piers with the pier diameter and depth, size and number of vertical reinforcing bars and the minimum compressive strength of the concrete mix at 28 days.

(B) Footings, Pedestals, Grade Beams and Wings

Excavate as necessary for footings, grade beams and wings in accordance with the plans, accepted submittals and Section 410 of the *2018 Standard Specifications*. If unstable, caving or sloughing materials are anticipated or encountered, shore foundation excavations as needed with an approved method. Notify the Engineer when foundation excavation is complete. Do not place concrete or reinforcing steel until excavation dimensions and foundation material are approved.

Construct cast-in-place reinforced concrete footings, pedestals, grade beams and wings with the dimensions shown in the plans and in accordance with Section 825 of the *2018 Standard Specifications*. Use forms to construct portions of pedestals and grade beams protruding above finished grade. Provide a chamfer with a 3/4" horizontal width for pedestal and grade beam edges exposed above finished grade. Place concrete against undisturbed soil or backfill and fill in accordance with Article 410-8 of the *2018 Standard* 

*Specifications*. Proper compaction around footings and wings is critical for foundations to resist uplift and torsion forces.

(C) Anchor Rod Assemblies

Size anchor rods for design and the required projection above top of foundations. Determine required anchor rod projections from nut, washer and base plate thicknesses, the protrusion of 3 to 5 anchor rod threads above top nuts after tightening and the distance of one nut thickness between top of foundations and bottom of leveling nuts.

Protect anchor rod threads from damage during storage and installation of anchor rod assemblies. Before placing anchor rods in foundations, turn nuts onto and off rods past leveling nut locations. Turn nuts with the effort of one workman using an ordinary wrench without a cheater bar. Report any thread damage to the Engineer that requires extra effort to turn nuts.

Arrange anchor rods symmetrically about center of base plate locations as shown in the plans. Set anchor rod elevations based on required projections above top of foundations. Securely brace and hold rods in the correct position, orientation and alignment with a steel template. Do not weld to reinforcing steel, temporary casings or anchor rods.

Install top and leveling (bottom) nuts, washers and the base plate for each anchor rod assembly in accordance with the following procedure:

- (1) Turn leveling nuts onto anchor rods to a distance of one nut thickness between the top of foundation and bottom of leveling nuts. Place washers over anchor rods on top of leveling nuts.
- (2) Determine if nuts are level using a flat rigid template on top of washers. If necessary, lower leveling nuts to level the template in all directions or if applicable, lower nuts to tilt the template so the metal pole or upright truss will lean as shown in the plans. If leveling nuts and washers are not in full contact with the template, replace washers with galvanized beveled washers.
- (3) Verify the distance between the foundation and leveling nuts is no more than one nut thickness.
- (4) Place base plate with metal pole or upright truss over anchor rods on top of washers. High mount luminaires may be attached before erecting metal poles but do not attach cables, mast arms or trusses to metal poles or upright trusses at this time.
- (5) Place washers over anchor rods on top of base plate. Lubricate top nut bearing surfaces and exposed anchor rod threads above washers with beeswax, paraffin or other approved lubricant.
- (6) Turn top nuts onto anchor rods. If nuts are not in full contact with washers or washers are not in full contact with the base plate, replace washers with galvanized beveled washers.
- (7) Tighten top nuts to snug-tight with the full effort of one workman using a 12" wrench. Do not tighten any nut all at once. Turn top nuts in increments. Follow a star pattern cycling through each nut at least twice.
- (8) Repeat (7) for leveling nuts.

- (9) Replace washers above and below the base plate with galvanized beveled washers if the slope of any base plate face exceeds 1:20 (5%), any washer is not in firm contact with the base plate or any nut is not in firm contact with a washer. If any washers are replaced, repeat (7) and (8).
- (10) With top and leveling nuts snug-tight, mark each top nut on a corner at the intersection of 2 flats and a corresponding reference mark on the base plate. Mark top nuts and base plate with ink or paint that is not water-soluble. Use the turn-of-nut method for pretensioning. Do not pretension any nut all at once. Turn top nuts in increments for a total turn that meets the following nut rotation requirements:

NUT ROTATION REQUIREMENTS (Turn-of-Nut Pretensioning Method)						
Anchor Rod Diameter, inch Requirement						
≤ 1 1/2	1/3 turn (2 flats)					
> 1 1/2 1/6 turn (1 flat)						

Follow a star pattern cycling through each top nut at least twice.

- (11) Ensure nuts, washers and base plate are in firm contact with each other for each anchor rod. Cables, mast arms and trusses may now be attached to metal poles and upright trusses.
- (12) Between 4 and 14 days after pretensioning top nuts, use a torque wrench calibrated within the last 12 months to check nuts in the presence of the Engineer. Completely erect mast arm poles and cantilever signs and attach any hardware before checking top nuts for these structures. Check that top nuts meet the following torque requirements:

TORQUE REQUIREMENTS						
Anchor Rod Diameter, inch Requirement, ft-lb						
7/8	180					
1	270					
1 1/8	380					
1 1/4	420					
$\geq 1 1/2$	600					

If necessary, retighten top nuts in the presence of the Engineer with a calibrated torque wrench to within  $\pm$  10 ft-lb of the required torque. Do not overtighten top nuts.

(13) Do not grout under base plate.

## **Measurement and Payment**

Foundations and anchor rod assemblies for metal poles and upright trusses will be measured and paid for elsewhere in the contract.

No payment will be made for temporary casings that remain in drilled pier excavations. No payment will be made for PIT. No payment will be made for further investigation of defective piers. Further investigation of piers that are not defective will be paid as extra work in accordance with Article 104-7 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. No payment will be made for remediation of unacceptable drilled piers or post repair testing.

## **R-25**

## **OVERHEAD AND DYNAMIC MESSAGE SIGN FOUNDATIONS:** (1-16-18)

SP9 R07

## Description

Sign foundations include foundations for overhead and dynamic message signs (DMS) supported by metal poles or upright trusses. Sign foundations consist of footings with pedestals or drilled piers with or without grade beams or wings, conduit and anchor rod assemblies. Construct sign foundations in accordance with the contract and accepted submittals. Define "cantilever sign" as an overhead cantilever sign support in accordance with Figure 1-1 of the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals.

#### Materials

Use sign foundation materials that meet the *Foundations and Anchor Rod Assemblies for Metal Poles* provision.

#### **Subsurface Conditions**

Assume the following soil parameters and groundwater elevation for sign foundations unless these subsurface conditions are not applicable to sign locations:

- (A) Unit weight  $(\gamma) = 120 \text{ pcf}$ ,
- (B) Friction angle  $(\phi) = 30^{\circ}$ ,
- (C) Cohesion (c) = 0 psf and
- (D) Groundwater 7 feet below finished grade.

A subsurface investigation is required if the Engineer determines these assumed subsurface conditions do not apply to a sign location and the sign cannot be moved. Subsurface conditions requiring a subsurface investigation include but are not limited to weathered or hard rock, boulders, very soft or loose soil, muck or shallow groundwater. No extension of completion date or time will be allowed for subsurface investigations.

#### **Subsurface Investigations**

Use a prequalified geotechnical consultant to perform one standard penetration test (SPT) boring in accordance with ASTM D1586 at each sign location requiring a subsurface investigation. Rough grade sign locations to within 2 feet of finished grade before beginning drilling. Drill borings to 2 drilled pier diameters below anticipated pier tip elevations or refusal, whichever is higher.

Use the computer software gINT version V8i or later manufactured by Bentley Systems, Inc. with the current NCDOT gINT library and data template to produce SPT boring logs. Provide boring logs sealed by a geologist or engineer licensed in the state of North Carolina.

## Sign Foundation Designs

Design sign foundations for the wind zone and clearances shown in the plans and the slope of finished grade at each sign location. Use the assumed soil parameters and groundwater elevation above for sign foundation designs unless a subsurface investigation is required. For sign locations

requiring a subsurface investigation, design sign foundations for the subsurface conditions at each sign location. Design footings, pedestals, drilled piers, grade beams and wings in accordance with the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals. In some instances, conflicts with drainage structures may dictate sign foundation types.

Design footings in accordance with Section 4.4 of the *AASHTO Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges*. Do not use an allowable bearing pressure of more than 3,000 psf for footings. Design drilled piers for side resistance only in accordance with Section 4.6 of the *AASHTO Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges* except reduce ultimate side resistance by 25% for uplift. Use the computer software LPILE version 2016 or later manufactured by Ensoft, Inc. to analyze drilled piers. Provide drilled pier designs with a horizontal deflection of less than 1" at top of piers. For cantilever signs with single drilled pier foundations supporting metal poles, use wings to resist torsion forces. Provide drilled pier designs with a factor of safety of at least 2.0 for torsion.

For drilled pier sign foundations supporting upright trusses, use dual drilled piers connected with a grade beam having a moment of inertia approximately equal to that of either pier. The Broms' method is acceptable to analyze drilled piers with grade beams instead of LPILE. Use a safety factor of at least 3.5 for the Broms' design method in accordance with C13.6.1.1 of the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals.

Submit boring logs, if any, working drawings and design calculations for acceptance in accordance with Article 105-2 of the *2018 Standard Specifications*. Submit working drawings showing plan views, required foundation dimensions and elevations and typical sections with reinforcement, conduit and anchor rod assembly details. Include all boring logs, design calculations and LPILE output for sign foundation design submittals. Have sign foundations designed, detailed and sealed by an engineer licensed in the state of North Carolina.

## **Construction Methods**

Construct footings, pedestals, drilled piers, grade beams and wings and install anchor rod assemblies for sign foundations in accordance with the *Foundations and Anchor Rod Assemblies for Metal Poles* provision.

## Measurement and Payment

*Overhead Footings* will be measured and paid in cubic yards. Sign foundations will be measured as the cubic yards of foundation concrete for footings, pedestals, drilled piers, grade beams and wings shown in the accepted submittals. The contract unit price for *Overhead Footings* will be full compensation for providing labor, tools, equipment and foundation materials, stabilizing or shoring excavations, supplying and placing concrete, reinforcing steel, conduit, anchor rod assemblies and any incidentals necessary to construct sign foundations. Subsurface investigations required by the Engineer will be paid as extra work in accordance with Article 104-7 of the *2018 Standard Specifications*.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item

Overhead Footings

**Pay Unit** Cubic Yard

#### PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE PRODUCTION AND DELIVERY: (9-15-20) 1000, 1014, 1024

SP10 R01

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

## Page 10-6, Table 1000-1, REQUIREMENTS FOR CONCRETE, replace with the following:

TABLE 1000-1REQUIREMENTS FOR CONCRETE													
ssive 3 days						Consistency Maximum Slump		Cement Content					
Class of Concrete	Min. Compressive Strength at 28 days		itrained Entra		Air-Entrained Concrete		-Air- ained crete	Vibrated	Vibrated Non- Vibrated		Vibrated		ibrated
	Min. Stren	Rounded Aggregate	Angular Aggregate	Rounded Aggregate		Vibr	Nc Vibr		1				
								Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
Units	psi					inch	inch	lb/cy	lb/cy	lb/cy	lb/cy		
AA	4500	0.381	0.426			3.5 <sup>A</sup>		639	715				
AA Slip Form	4500	0.381	0.426			1.5		639	715				
Drilled Pier	4500			0.450	0.450		5 – 7 dry 7 - 9 wet			640	800		
Α	3000	0.488	0.532	0.550	0.594	3.5 <sup>A</sup>	4.0	564		602			
В	2500	0.488	0.567	0.559	0.630	1.5 machine placed 2.5 <sup>A</sup> hand placed	4.0	508		545			
Sand Light- weight	4500		0.420			4.0 <sup>A</sup>		715					
Latex Modified	3000 (at 7 days)	0.400	0.400			6.0		658					
Flowable Fill excavatable	150 max. (at 56 days)	as needed	as needed	as needed	as needed		Flowable			40	100		
Flowable Fill non- excavatable	125	as needed	as needed	as needed	as needed		Flowable			100	as needed		

Pavement	4500 Design, field 650 flexural, design only	0.559	0.559	 	1.5 slip form 3.0 hand placed		526			
Precast	See Table 1077-1	as needed	as needed	 	6.0	as needed				
Prestressed	per contract	See Table 1078-1	See Table 1078-1	 	8.0		564	as needed		

The slump may be increased to 6 inches, provided the increase in slump is achieved **A**. by adding a chemical admixture conforming to Section 1024-3. In no case shall the water-cement ratio on the approved design be exceeded. Concrete exhibiting segregation and/or excessive bleeding will be rejected. Utilizing an Admixture to modify slump does not relinquish the contractor's responsibility to ensure the final product quality and overall configuration meets design specifications. Caution should be taken when placing these modified mixes on steep grades to prevent unintended changes to the set slope.

#### **HIGH STRENGTH CONCRETE FOR DRIVEWAYS:**

(11-21-00) (Rev. 1-17-12)

SP10 R02

SP10 R04

Use high early strength concrete for all driveways shown in the plans and as directed by the Engineer. Provide high early strength concrete that meets the requirements of Article 1000-5 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

Measurement and payment will be in accordance with Section 848 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

<b>THERMOPLA</b>	<b>STIC INTERMIX</b>	ED BEAD	<b>TESTING:</b>
7-19-22			1087

7-19-22

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 10-183, Subarticle 1087-7(B) Thermoplastic Pavement Marking Material Composition, delete line 34 and 35.

Page 10-184, Article 1087-8 MATERIAL CERTIFICATION, delete and replace with the following after line 34:

Drop-on Glass Beads	Type 3 Material Certification and Type 4 Material Certification
Intermix Glass Beads	Type 2 Material Certification and Type 3 Material Certification
Paint	Type 3 Material Certification
Removable Tape	Type 3 Material Certification
Thermoplastic	Type 3 Material Certification and Type 4 Material Certification
Cold Applied Plastic	Type 2 Material Certification and Type 3 Material Certification
Polyurea	Type 2 Material Certification and Type 3 Material Certification

## **R-29**

## **THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING MATERIAL – COLOR TESTING:**

3-19-19

1087

SP10 R05

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Pages 10-183 and 10-184, Subarticle 1087-7(D)(1)(b) Yellow, lines 9-11, delete and replace with the following:

Obtain Color Values Y,x,y per ASTM E1349 using C/2° illuminant/observer. Results shall be  $Y \ge 45\%$ , and x,y shall fall within PR#1 chart chromaticity limits.

### <u>POLYUREA PAVEMENT MARKING MATERIAL – TYPE 2 TYPICAL CERTIFIED</u> <u>MILL TEST REPORT:</u>

3-19-19

1087

SP10 R06

Amend the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

**Page 10-184, Subarticle 1087-8 Material Certification,** in accordance with Subarticle 106-3 provide a Type 2 Typical Certified Mill Test Report and a Type 3 Manufacturer's Certification for Polyurea pavement marking material.

When tested, the material shall meet the physical and chemical characteristics provided by the manufacturer. NCDOT reserves the right to compare these test results to baseline test results gathered by the NCDOT Materials and Test Unit.

## NON-CAST IRON SNOWPLOWABLE PAVEMENT MARKERS:

10-19-21 (Rev. 11-16-21)

1086, 1250, 1253

SP10 R08

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

**Pages 10-177 and 10-178, Subarticle 1086-3 SNOWPLOWABLE PAVEMENT MARKERS,** delete items (A), (B) and (C)(1) and replace with the following:

## (A) General

Use non-cast iron snowplowable pavement markers evaluated by NTPEP. The non-cast iron snowplowable pavement marker shall consist of a housing with one or more glass or plastic face lens type reflective lenses to provide the required color designation. The marker shall be designed or installed in a manner that minimizes damage from snowplow blades. Plastic lens faces shall use an abrasion resistant coating.

## (B) Housings

(1) Dimensions

The dimension, slope and minimum area of reflecting surface shall conform to dimensions as shown in the plans. The minimum area of each reflecting surface shall be 1.44 sq.in.

(2) Materials

Use non-cast iron snowplowable pavement markers that are on the NCDOT Approved Products List.

(3) Surface

The surface of the housing shall be free of scale, dirt, rust, oil, grease or any other contaminant which might reduce its bond to the epoxy adhesive.

(4) Identification

Mark the housing with the manufacturer's name and model number of marker.

## (C) Reflectors

(1) General

Laminate the reflector to an elastomeric pad and attach with adhesive to the housing. The thickness of the elastomeric pad shall be 0.04".

**Pages 12-14, Subarticle 1250-3(C) Removal of Existing Pavement Markers, lines 19-29,** delete and replace with the following:

Remove the existing raised pavement markers or the snowplowable pavement markers including the housings, before overlaying an existing roadway with pavement. Repair the pavement by filling holes as directed by the Engineer.

When traffic patterns are changed in work zones due to construction or reconstruction, remove all raised pavement markers or snowplowable markers including housings that conflict with the new traffic pattern before switching traffic to the new traffic pattern. Lens removal in lieu of total housing removal is not an acceptable practice for snowplowable markers.

Properly dispose of the removed pavement markers. No direct payment will be made for removal or disposal of existing pavement markers or repair of pavement, as such work will be incidental to other items in the contract.

Pages 12-16, Subarticle 1253-1 DESCRIPTION, lines 4-5, delete and replace with the following:

Furnish, install and maintain non-cast iron snowplowable pavement markers in accordance with the contract.

**Pages 12-16 and 12-17, Subarticle 1253-3 CONSTRUCTION METHODS,** delete items (A), (B) and (C) and replace with the following:

## (A) General

Bond marker housings to the pavement with epoxy adhesive. Mechanically mix and dispense epoxy adhesives as required by the manufacturer's specifications. Place the markers immediately after the adhesive has been mixed and dispensed.

If saw cutting, milling, or grooving operations are used, promptly remove all resulting debris from the pavement surface. Install the marker housings within 7 calendar days after saw cutting, milling, or grooving the pavement. Remove and dispose of loose material from the slots by brushing, blow cleaning, or vacuuming. Dry the slots before applying the epoxy adhesive. Install non-cast iron snowplowable pavement markers according to the manufacturer's recommendations.

Protect the non-cast iron snowplowable pavement markers until the epoxy has initially cured and is track free.

## (B) Reflector Replacement

In the event that a reflector is damaged, replace the damaged reflector by using adhesives and methods recommended by the manufacturer of the markers and approved by the Engineer. This work is considered incidental if damage occurs during the initial installation of the marker housings and maintenance of initial non-cast iron snowplowable markers specified in this section. This work will be paid for under the pay item for the type of reflector replacement if the damage occurred after the initial installation of the non-cast iron snowplowable pavement marker.

Missing housings shall be replaced. Broken housings shall be removed and replaced. In both cases the slot for the housings shall be properly prepared prior to installing the new housing; patch the existing marker slots as directed by the Engineer and install the new marker approximately one foot before or after the patch. Removal of broken housings and preparation of slots will be considered incidental to the work of replacing housings.

Pages 12-17, Subarticle 1253-4 MAINTENANCE, lines 5, delete and replace with the following:

Maintain all installed non-cast iron snowplowable pavement markers until acceptance.

Pages 12-17, Subarticle 1253-5 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, lines 7-8, delete and replace with the following:

*Non-Cast Iron Snowplowable Pavement Markers* will be measured and paid as the actual number of non-cast iron snowplowable pavement markers satisfactorily placed and accepted by the Engineer.

Pages 12-17, Subarticle 1253-5 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, lines 11, delete and replace with the following:

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
Non-Cast Iron Snowplowable Pavement Marker	Each
Replace Snowplowable Pavement Marker Reflector	Each

MATERIALS FOR PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE
(9-15-20) 1000, 1024

SP10 R24

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 10-52, Article 1024-4, WATER, lines 3-6, delete and replace with the following:

Test water from wells at all locations. Test public water supplies from all out of state locations and in the following counties: Beaufort, Bertie, Brunswick, Camden, Carteret, Chowan, Craven, Currituck, Dare, Gates, Hyde, New Hanover, Onslow, Pamlico, Pasquotank, Pender, Perquimans, Tyrell and Washington unless the Engineer waives the testing requirements. **Page 10-52, Table 1024-2, PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF WATER**, replace with the following:

Property	Requirement	<b>Test Method</b>
Compression Strength, minimum percent of control at 3 and 7 days	90%	ASTM C1602
Time of set, deviation from control	From 1:00 hr. earlier to 1:30 hr. later	ASTM C1602
pН	4.5 to 8.5	ASTM D1293 *
Chloride Ion Content, Max.	250 ppm	ASTM D512 *
Total Solids Content (Residue), Max.	1,000 ppm	SM 2540B *
Resistivity, Min.	0.500 kohm-cm	ASTM D1125 *

\*Denotes an alternate method is acceptable. Test method used shall be referenced in the test report.

## **GEOSYNTHETICS:**

(03-21-23)(Rev. 4-18-23)

Revise the Standard Specifications as follows:

**Page 10-77, Article 1056-1 DESCRIPTION, lines 13-16**, delete and replace the second sentence in the second paragraph with the following:

Steel anchor pins shall have a diameter of at least 3/16 inch, a length of at least 18 inches, a point at one end and a head at the other end that will retain a steel washer with an outside diameter of at least 1.5 inches.

**Page 10-77, Article 1056-2 HANDLING AND STORING, lines 20-21**, delete and replace the third sentence in the first paragraph with the following:

Geosynthetics with defects, flaws, deterioration or damage will be rejected by the Engineer.

**Page 10-77, Article 1056-3 CERTIFICATIONS AND IDENTIFICATION, lines 25-27**, delete and replace the first sentence in the first paragraph with the following:

Provide Type 1, Type 2 or Type 4 material certifications in accordance with Article 106-3 for geosynthetics except certifications are not required for Type 1 through Type 5 geotextiles.

Page 10-77, Article 1056-3 CERTIFICATIONS AND IDENTIFICATION, lines 32-35, delete the second paragraph.

**Page 10-77, Article 1056-3 CERTIFICATIONS AND IDENTIFICATION, lines 36-41**, delete and replace the third paragraph with the following:

1056

SP10 R56

Allow the Engineer to visually identify geosynthetic products before installation. Open packaged geosynthetics just before use in the presence of the Engineer to verify the correct product. Geosynthetics that are missing original packaging or product labels or that have been unwrapped or previously opened will be rejected unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

Page 10-77, Article 1056-4 GEOTEXTILES, lines 43-45, delete the first paragraph.

Page 10-78, Article 1056-4 GEOTEXTILES, before line 1 and lines 1-5, delete Table 1056-1
and lines 1-5 and replace with the following:

	TABLE 1056-1 GEOTEXTILE REQUIREMENTS							
<b>Bequirement (MARV<sup>A</sup>)</b>								
<b>Property</b> <sup>A</sup>	Type 1	Type 1         Type 2         Type 3 <sup>B</sup> Type 4         Type 5 <sup>C</sup>						
Typical	Shoulder	Under	Silt Fence	Soil	Subgrade	Method		
Application	Drains	Rip Rap	Fabric	Stabilization	Stabilization			
Elongation (MD & CD)	≥ 50%	≥ 50%	≤25%	< 50%	< 50%	ASTM D4632		
Grab Strength (MD & CD) <sup>A</sup>			100 lb			ASTM D4632		
Tear Strength (MD & CD) <sup>A</sup>	Table 1 <sup>D</sup> , Class 3	Table 1 <sup>D</sup> , Class 1	_	Table 1 <sup>D</sup> , Class 3	_	ASTM D4533		
Puncture Strength	-		_			ASTM D6241		
Ultimate Tensile Strength (MD & CD) <sup>A</sup>	_	_	_	_	Table 12 <sup>D</sup> , Class 4A	ASTM D4595		
Permittivity	Table $2^{\mathbf{D}}$ ,	Table 6 <sup>D</sup> ,				ASTM D4491		
Apparent Opening Size	15% to 50% <i>in</i> <i>Situ</i> Soil	15% to 50% <i>in</i> <i>Situ</i> Soil	Table 7 <sup>D</sup>	Table 5 <sup>D</sup>	Table 12 <sup>D</sup> , Class 4A	ASTM D4751		
UV Stability (Retained Strength)	Passing 0.075 mm	Passing 0.075 mm				ASTM D4355		

A. MD, CD and MARV per Article 1056-3.

**B.** Minimum roll width of 36 inches required.

**C.** Minimum roll width of 13 feet required unless otherwise approved by the Engineer for the application.

**D.** Per AASHTO M 288.

**Page 10-78, Article 1056-5 GEOCOMPOSITE DRAINS, before line 9 and lines 9-10**, delete Table 1056-2 and lines 9-10 and replace with the following:

TABLE 1056-2 GEOCOMPOSITE DRAIN REQUIREMENTS									
Requirement									
Property	Property Sheet Drain Strip Drain Wick Drain								
Width	≥ 12"	12" ±1/4"	4" ±1/4"	N/A					
In-Plane Flow Rate <sup>A</sup>	6 gpm/ft	15 gpm/ft	1.5 gpm <sup>B</sup>						
(with gradient of 1.0	(a) applied normal	(a) applied normal	(a) applied normal	ASTM					
and 24-hour seating									
period)	stress of 10 psi	stress of 7.26 psi	stress of 1.45 psi						

A. MARV per Article 1056-3.

**B.** Per foot of width tested.

**Page 10-79, Article 1056-5 GEOCOMPOSITE DRAINS, before line 3**, delete Table 1056-3 and replace with the following:

I		E 1056-3 E REQUIREMENTS	S
Property	Requirement		<b>Test Method</b>
	Sheet Drain	Strip Drain	
Thickness	1/4"	1"	ASTM D1777 or D5199
Compressive Strength <sup>A</sup>	40 psi	30 psi	ASTM D6364

A. MARV per Article 1056-3.

**Page 10-79, Article 1056-5 GEOCOMPOSITE DRAINS, before line 6 and lines 6-11**, delete Table 1056-4, lines 6-7 and the last paragraph and replace with the following:

TABLE 1056-4 WICK DRAIN GEOTEXTILE REQUIREMENTS			
Property	Requirement	Test Method	
Elongation	$\geq$ 50%	ASTM D4632	
Grab Strength	Table 1A	ASTM D4632	
Tear Strength	Table 1 <sup>A</sup> , Class 3	ASTM D4533	
Puncture Strength	Class 3	ASTM D6241	
Permittivity <sup>B</sup>	$0.7 \text{ sec}^{-1}$	ASTM D4491	
Apparent Opening Size (AOS)	Table 2 <sup>A</sup> , > 50% <i>in Situ</i> Soil	ASTM D4751	
UV Stability (Retained Strength)	Passing 0.075 mm	ASTM D4355	

A. Per AASHTO M 288.

**B.** MARV per Article 1056-3.

For wick drains with a geotextile fused to both faces of a corrugated drainage core along the peaks of the corrugations, use wick drains with an ultimate tensile strength of at least 1,650 lbs. per 4 inch width in accordance with ASTM D4595 and geotextiles with a permittivity, AOS and UV stability that meet Table 1056-4.

**Page 10-80, Article 1056-6 GEOCELLS, before line 1 and lines 1-4**, delete Table 1056-5 and lines 1-4 and replace with the following:

TABLE 1056-5 GEOCELL REQUIREMENTS				
Property Requirement Test Method				
Cell Depth	4"	N/A		
Fully Expanded Cell Area	100 sq.in. max	N/A		
Sheet Thickness	50 mil -5%, +10%	ASTM D5199		
Density	58.4 pcf min	ASTM D1505		
Carbon Black Content	1.5% min	ASTM D1603 or D4218		
ESCR <sup>A</sup>	5000 hr min	ASTM D1693		
Coefficient of Direct Sliding (with material that meets AASHTO M 145 for soil classification A-2)	0.85 min	ASTM D5321		
Short-Term Seam (Peel) Strength (for 4" seam)	320 lb min	USACE <sup>C</sup> Technical		
Long-Term Seam (Hang) Strength <sup>B</sup> (for 4" seam)	160 lb min	Report GL-86-19, Appendix A		

A. Environmental Stress Crack Resistance.

**B.** Minimum test period of 168 hours with a temperature change from 74°F to 130°F in 1-hour cycles.

C. US Army Corps of Engineers (USACE).

## **TEMPORARY SHORING:**

(2-20-07) (Rev. 10-19-21)

#### Description

Temporary shoring includes cantilever, braced and anchored shoring and temporary mechanically stabilized earth (MSE) walls. Temporary shoring does not include trench boxes. At the Contractor's option, use any type of temporary shoring unless noted otherwise in the plans or as directed. Design and construct temporary shoring based on actual elevations and shoring dimensions in accordance with the contract and accepted submittals. Construct temporary shoring at locations shown in the plans and as directed. Temporary shoring is required to maintain traffic when a 2:1 (H:V) slope from the top of an embankment or bottom of an excavation will intersect the existing ground line less than 5 feet from the edge of pavement of an open travelway. This provision does not apply to pipe, inlet or utility installation unless noted otherwise in the plans.

Positive protection includes concrete barrier and temporary guardrail. Provide positive protection for temporary shoring at locations shown in the plans and as directed. Positive protection is required if temporary shoring is located in the clear zone in accordance with the *AASHTO Roadside Design Guide*.

(A) Cantilever and Braced Shoring

Cantilever shoring consists of steel sheet piles or H-piles with timber lagging. Braced shoring consists of sheet piles or H-piles with timber lagging and bracing such as beams,

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plates, walers, struts, rakers, etc. Define "piles" as sheet piles or H-piles.

(B) Anchored Shoring

Anchored shoring consists of sheet piles with walers or H-piles with timber lagging anchored with ground or helical anchors. Driven anchors may be accepted at the discretion of the Engineer. A ground anchor consists of a grouted steel bar or multi-strand tendon with an anchorage. A helical anchor consists of a lead section with a central steel shaft and at least one helix steel plate followed by extensions with only central shafts (no helixes) and an anchorage. Anchorages consist of steel bearing plates with washers and hex nuts for bars or steel wedge plates and wedges for strands. Use a prequalified Anchored Wall Contractor to install ground anchors. Define "anchors" as ground, helical or driven anchors.

(C) Temporary MSE Walls

Temporary MSE walls include temporary geosynthetic and wire walls. Define "temporary wall" as a temporary MSE wall and "Temporary Wall Vendor" as the vendor supplying the temporary MSE wall. Define "reinforcement" as geotextile, geogrid, geostrip, welded wire grid or metallic strip reinforcement.

Temporary geosynthetic walls consist of geotextiles or geogrids wrapped behind welded wire facing or geostrips connected to welded wire facing. Define "temporary geotextile wall" as a temporary geosynthetic wall with geotextile reinforcement, "temporary geogrid wall" as a temporary geosynthetic wall with geogrid reinforcement and "temporary geostrip wall" as a temporary geosynthetic wall with geogrid reinforcement.

Temporary wire walls consist of welded wire grid or metallic strip reinforcement connected to welded wire facing. Define "Wire Wall Vendor" as the vendor supplying the temporary wire wall.

(D) Embedment

Define "embedment" for cantilever, braced and anchored shoring as the pile depth below the grade in front of shoring. Define "embedment" for temporary walls as the wall embedment below the grade at the wall face.

(E) Positive Protection

Define "unanchored or anchored portable concrete barrier" as portable concrete barrier (PCB) that meets 2018 Roadway Standard Drawing No. 1170.01. Define "concrete barrier" as unanchored or anchored PCB or an approved equal. Define "temporary guardrail" as temporary steel beam guardrail that meets 2018 Roadway Standard Drawing No. 862.02.

## Materials

## Refer to the 2018 Standard Specifications.

ItemConcrete Barrier MaterialsFlowable Fill, ExcavatableGeosyntheticsGrout, Type 1Portland CementPortland Cement ConcreteSelect MaterialsSteel Beam Guardrail MaterialsSteel PlatesSteel Sheet Piles and H-PilesUntreated Timber	Section 1170-2 1000-6 1056 1003 1024-1 1000 1016 862-2 1072-2 1084 1082-2 1024-4
Untreated Timber Water Welded Wire Reinforcement	1082-2 1024-4 1070-3

Provide Type 6 material certifications for shoring materials in accordance with Article 106-3 of the *2018 Standard Specifications*. Use Class IV select material for temporary guardrail and Class A concrete that meets Article 450-2 of the *2018 Standard Specifications* or Type 1 grout for drilled-in piles. Provide untreated timber with a thickness of at least 3 inches and a bending stress of at least 1,000 pounds per square inch for timber lagging. Provide steel bracing that meets ASTM A36.

#### (A) Shoring Backfill

Use Class II, Type 1, Class III, Class V or Class VI select material or material that meets AASHTO M 145 for soil classification A-2-4 with a maximum PI of 6 for shoring backfill except do not use A-2-4 soil for backfill around culverts.

#### (B) Anchors

Store anchor materials on blocking a minimum of 12 inches above the ground and protect it at all times from damage; and when placing in the work make sure it is free from dirt, dust, loose mill scale, loose rust, paint, oil or other foreign materials. Load, transport, unload and store anchor materials so materials are kept clean and free of damage. Bent, damaged or defective materials will be rejected.

#### (1) Ground Anchors

Use high-strength deformed steel bars that meet AASHTO M 275 or seven-wire strands that meet ASTM A886 or Article 1070-5 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. Splice bars in accordance with Article 1070-9 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. Do not splice strands. Use bondbreakers, spacers and centralizers that meet Article 6.3.5 of the AASHTO LRFD Bridge Construction Specifications.

Use neat cement grout that only contains cement and water with a water cement ratio of 0.4 to 0.5 which is approximately 5.5 gallons of water per 94 pounds of Portland cement. Provide grout with a compressive strength at 3 and 28 days of at least 1,500 and 4,000 psi, respectively.

(2) Helical Anchors

Use helical anchors with an ICC Evaluation Service, Inc. (ICC-ES) report. Provide couplers, thread bar adapters and bolts recommended by the Anchor Manufacturer to connect helical anchors together and to piles.

(3) Anchorages

Provide steel plates for bearing plates and steel washers, hex nuts, wedge plates and wedges recommended by the Anchor Manufacturer.

- (C) Temporary Walls
  - (1) Welded Wire Facing

Use welded wire reinforcement for welded wire facing, struts and wires. For temporary wire walls, provide welded wire facing supplied by the Wire Wall Vendor or a manufacturer approved or licensed by the vendor. For temporary wire walls with separate reinforcement and facing components, provide connectors (e.g., bars, clamps, plates, etc.) and fasteners (e.g., bolts, nuts, washers, etc.) required by the Wire Wall Vendor.

(2) Geotextiles

Provide Type 2 geotextile for separation and retention geotextiles. Provide Type 5 geotextile for geotextile reinforcement with ultimate tensile strengths in accordance with the accepted submittals.

(3) Geogrid and Geostrip Reinforcement

Use geogrids with a roll width of at least 4 feet. Use geogrids for geogrid reinforcement and geostrips for geostrip reinforcement with an "approved" status code in accordance with the NCDOT Geosynthetic Reinforcement Evaluation Program. The list of approved geogrids and geostrips is available from: connect.ncdot.gov/resources/Geological/Pages/Products.aspx

Provide geogrids and geostrips with design strengths in accordance with the accepted submittals. Geogrids and geostrips are approved for short-term design strengths (3-year design life) in the machine direction (MD) and cross-machine direction (CD) based on material type. Define material type from the website above for shoring backfill as follows:

Material Type	Shoring Backfill
Borrow	A-2-4 Soil
Fine Aggregate	Class II, Type 1 or Class III Select Material
Coarse Aggregate	Class V or VI Select Material

(4) Welded Wire Grid and Metallic Strip Reinforcement

Provide welded wire grid and metallic strip reinforcement supplied by the Wire Wall Vendor or a manufacturer approved or licensed by the vendor. Use welded wire grid reinforcement ("mesh", "mats" and "ladders") that meet Article 1070-3 of the *2018 Standard Specifications* and metallic strip reinforcement ("straps") that meet ASTM A572 or A1011.

#### **Preconstruction Requirements**

(A) Concrete Barrier

Define "clear distance" behind concrete barrier as the horizontal distance between the barrier and edge of pavement. The minimum required clear distance for concrete barrier is shown in the plans. At the Contractor's option or if the minimum required clear distance is not available, set concrete barrier next to and up against traffic side of temporary shoring except for barrier above temporary walls. Concrete barrier with the minimum required clear distance is required above temporary walls.

(B) Temporary Guardrail

Define "clear distance" behind temporary guardrail as the horizontal distance between guardrail posts and temporary shoring. At the Contractor's option or if clear distance for cantilever, braced and anchored shoring is less than 4 feet, attach guardrail to traffic side of shoring as shown in the plans. Place ABC in clear distance and around guardrail posts instead of pavement. Do not use temporary guardrail above temporary walls.

(C) Temporary Shoring Designs

Before beginning temporary shoring design, survey existing ground elevations in the vicinity of shoring locations to determine actual design heights (H). Submit PDF files of working drawings and design calculations for temporary shoring designs in accordance with Article 105-2 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. Submit working drawings showing plan views, shoring profiles, typical sections and details of temporary shoring design and construction sequence. Do not begin shoring construction until a design submittal is accepted.

Have cantilever and braced shoring designed, detailed and sealed by an engineer licensed in the state of North Carolina. Use a prequalified Anchored Wall Design Consultant to design anchored shoring. Provide anchored shoring designs sealed by a Design Engineer approved as a Geotechnical Engineer (key person) for an Anchored Wall Design Consultant. Include details in anchored shoring working drawings of anchor locations and lock-off loads, unit grout/ground bond strengths for ground anchors or minimum installation torque and torsional strength rating for helical anchors and if necessary, obstructions extending through shoring or interfering with anchors. Include details in the anchored shoring construction sequence of pile and anchor installation, excavation and anchor testing. Provide temporary wall designs sealed by a Design Engineer licensed in the state of North Carolina and employed or contracted by the Temporary Wall Vendor. Include details in temporary wall working drawings of geotextile and reinforcement types, locations and directions and obstructions extending through walls or interfering with reinforcement.

(1) Soil Parameters

Design temporary shoring for the assumed soil parameters and groundwater or flood elevations shown in the plans. Assume the following soil parameters for shoring backfill:

(a) Unit weight  $(\gamma) = 120 \text{ pcf}$ ,

(b)	Friction Angle (φ)	Shoring Backfill
	30°	A-2-4 Soil
	34°	Class II, Type 1 or Class III Select Material
	38°	Class V or VI Select Material

- (c) Cohesion (c) = 0 psf.
- (2) Traffic Surcharge

Design temporary shoring for a traffic surcharge of 250 pounds per square foot if traffic will be above and within H of shoring. This traffic surcharge does not apply to construction traffic. Design temporary shoring for any construction surcharge if construction traffic will be above and within H of shoring. Design temporary shoring for a traffic (live load) surcharge in accordance with Article 11.5.6 of the *AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications*.

(3) Cantilever, Braced and Anchored Shoring Designs

Use shoring backfill for fill sections and voids between cantilever, braced and anchored shoring and the critical failure surface. Use concrete or Type 1 grout for embedded portions of drilled-in H-piles. Do not use drilled-in sheet piles.

Define "top of shoring" for cantilever, braced and anchored shoring as where the grade intersects the back of sheet piles or H-piles and timber lagging. Design cantilever, braced and anchored shoring for a traffic impact load of 2,000 pounds per foot applied 18 inches above top of shoring if concrete barrier is above and next to shoring or temporary guardrail is above and attached to shoring. Extend cantilever, braced and anchored shoring at least 32 inches above top of shoring if shoring is designed for traffic impact. Otherwise, extend shoring at least 6 inches above top of shoring.

Design cantilever, braced and anchored shoring for a maximum deflection of 3 inches if the horizontal distance to the closest edge of pavement or structure is less than H. Otherwise, design shoring for a maximum deflection of 6 inches. Design cantilever and braced shoring in accordance with the plans and *AASHTO Guide* 

#### Design Specifications for Bridge Temporary Works.

Design anchored shoring in accordance with the plans and Article 11.9 of the *AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications*. Use a resistance factor of 0.80 for tensile resistance of anchors with bars, strands or shafts. Extend the unbonded length for ground anchors and the shallowest helix for helical anchors at least 5 feet behind the critical failure surface. Do not extend anchors beyond right-of-way or easement limits. If existing or future obstructions such as foundations, guardrail posts, pavements, pipes, inlets or utilities will interfere with anchors, maintain a clearance of at least 6 inches between obstructions and anchors.

#### (4) Temporary Wall Designs

Use shoring backfill in the reinforced zone of temporary walls. Separation geotextiles are required between shoring backfill and backfill, natural ground or culverts along the sides of the reinforced zone perpendicular to the wall face. For Class V or VI select material in the reinforced zone, separation geotextiles are also required between shoring backfill and backfill or natural ground on top of and at the back of the reinforced zone.

Design temporary walls in accordance with the plans and Article 11.10 of the *AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications*. Embed temporary walls at least 18 inches except for walls on structures or rock as determined by the Engineer. Use a uniform reinforcement length throughout the wall height of at least 0.7H or 6 feet, whichever is longer. Extend the reinforced zone at least 6 inches beyond end of reinforcement. Do not locate the reinforced zone outside right-of-way or easement limits.

Use the simplified method for determining maximum reinforcement loads in accordance with the AASHTO LRFD specifications. For geotextile reinforcement, use geotextile properties approved by the Department or default values in accordance with the AASHTO LRFD specifications. For geogrid and geostrip reinforcement, use approved geosynthetic reinforcement properties available from the website shown elsewhere in this provision. Use geosynthetic properties for the direction reinforcement will be installed, a 3-year design life and shoring backfill to be used in the reinforced zone.

Do not use more than 4 different reinforcement strengths for each temporary geosynthetic wall. Design temporary geotextile walls for a reinforcement coverage ratio ( $R_c$ ) of 1.0. For temporary geogrid walls with an  $R_c$  of less than 1.0, use a maximum horizontal clearance between geogrids of 3 feet and stagger reinforcement so geogrids are centered over gaps in the reinforcement layer below.

For temporary geosynthetic walls, use "L" shaped welded wire facing with 18 to 24 inch long legs. Locate geosynthetic reinforcement so reinforcement layers are at the same level as the horizontal legs of welded wire facing. Use vertical reinforcement spacing equal to facing height. Wrap geotextile or geogrid reinforcement behind welded wire facing and extend reinforcement at least 3 feet

back behind facing into shoring backfill. Attach geostrip reinforcement to welded wire facing with a connection approved by the Department.

For temporary wire walls with separate reinforcement and facing components, attach welded wire grid or metallic strip reinforcement to welded wire facing with a connection approved by the Department. For temporary geogrid, geostrip and wire walls, retain shoring backfill at welded wire facing with retention geotextiles and extend geotextiles at least 3 feet back behind facing into backfill.

(D) Preconstruction Meeting

The Engineer may require a shoring preconstruction meeting to discuss the construction, inspection and testing of the temporary shoring. If required and if this meeting occurs before all shoring submittals have been accepted, additional preconstruction meetings may be required before beginning construction of temporary shoring without accepted submittals. The Resident, District or Bridge Maintenance Engineer, Area Construction Engineer, Geotechnical Operations Engineer, Contractor and Shoring Contractor Superintendent will attend preconstruction meetings.

#### **Construction Methods**

Control drainage during construction in the vicinity of shoring. Direct run off away from shoring and shoring backfill. Contain and maintain backfill and protect material from erosion.

Install positive protection in accordance with the contract and accepted submittals. Use PCB in accordance with Section 1170 of the *2018 Standard Specifications* and 2018 Roadway Standard Drawing No. 1170.01. Use temporary guardrail in accordance with Section 862 of the *2018 Standard Specifications* and 2018 Roadway Standard Drawing Nos. 862.01, 862.02 and 862.03.

(A) Tolerances

Construct shoring with the following tolerances:

- (1) Horizontal wires of welded wire facing are level in all directions,
- (2) Shoring location is within 6 inches of horizontal and vertical alignment shown in the accepted submittals, and
- (3) Shoring plumbness (batter) is not negative and within 2 degrees of vertical.
- (B) Cantilever, Braced and Anchored Shoring Installation

If overexcavation behind cantilever, braced or anchored shoring is shown in the accepted submittals, excavate before installing piles. Otherwise, install piles before excavating for shoring. Install cantilever, braced or anchored shoring in accordance with the construction sequence shown in the accepted submittals. Remove piles and if applicable, timber lagging when shoring is no longer needed.

#### (1) Pile Installation

Install piles with the minimum required embedment and extension in accordance with Subarticles 450-3(D) and 450-3(E) of the *2018 Standard Specifications* except that a pile driving equipment data form is not required. Piles may be installed with a vibratory hammer as approved by the Engineer.

Do not splice sheet piles. Use pile excavation to install drilled-in H-piles. After filling holes with concrete or Type 1 grout to the elevations shown in the accepted submittals, remove any fluids and fill remaining portions of holes with flowable fill. Cure concrete or grout at least 7 days before excavating.

Notify the Engineer if refusal is reached before pile excavation or driven piles attain the minimum required embedment. When this occurs, a revised design submittal may be required.

(2) Excavation

Excavate in front of piles from the top down in accordance with the accepted submittals. For H-piles with timber lagging and braced and anchored shoring, excavate in staged horizontal lifts with a maximum height of 5 feet. Remove flowable fill and material in between H-piles as needed to install timber lagging. Position lagging with at least 3 inches of contact in the horizontal direction between the lagging and pile flanges. Do not excavate the next lift until timber lagging for the current lift is installed and if applicable, bracing and anchors for the current lift are accepted. Backfill behind cantilever, braced or anchored shoring with shoring backfill.

(3) Anchor Installation

If applicable, install foundations located behind anchored shoring before installing anchors. Fabricate and install ground anchors in accordance with the accepted submittals, Articles 6.4 and 6.5 of the *AASHTO LRFD Bridge Construction Specifications* and the following unless otherwise approved:

- (a) Materials in accordance with this provision are required instead of materials conforming to Articles 6.4 and 6.5.3 of the AASHTO LRFD Specifications,
- (b) Encapsulation-protected ground anchors in accordance with Article 6.4.1.2 of the AASHTO LRFD specifications are not required, and
- (c) Corrosion protection for unbonded lengths of ground anchors and anchorage covers are not required.
- (d) Mix and place neat cement grout in accordance with Subarticles 1003-5, 1003-6 and 1003-7 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. Measure grout temperature, density and flow during grouting with at least the same

frequency grout cubes are made for compressive strength. Perform density and flow field tests in the presence of the Engineer in accordance with American National Standards Institute/American Petroleum Institute Recommended Practice 13B-1 (Section 4, Mud Balance) and ASTM C939 (Flow Cone), respectively.

Install helical anchors in accordance with the accepted submittals and Anchor Manufacturer's instructions. Measure torque during installation and do not exceed the torsional strength rating of the helical anchor. Attain the minimum required installation torque and penetration before terminating anchor installation. When replacing a helical anchor, embed last helix of the replacement anchor at least 3 helix plate diameters past the location of the first helix of the previous anchor.

(4) Anchor Testing

Proof test and lock-off anchors in accordance with the accepted submittals and Article 6.5.5 of the *AASHTO LRFD Bridge Construction Specifications* except for the acceptance criteria in Article 6.5.5.5. For the AASHTO LRFD specifications, "ground anchor" refers to a ground or helical anchor and "tendon" refers to a bar, strand or shaft.

(a) Anchor Acceptance

Anchor acceptance is based in part on the following criteria.

- (i) For ground and helical anchors, total movement is less than 0.04 inches between the 1 and 10 minute readings or less than 0.08 inches between the 6 and 60 minute readings.
- (ii) For ground anchors, total movement at maximum test load exceeds 80% of the theoretical elastic elongation of the unbonded length.
- (b) Anchor Test Results

Submit PDF files of anchor test records including movement versus load plots for each load increment within 24 hours of completing each row of anchors. The Engineer will review the test records to determine if the anchors are acceptable.

If the Engineer determines an anchor is unacceptable, revise the anchor design or installation methods. Submit a revised anchored shoring design for acceptance and provide an acceptable anchor with the revised design or installation methods. If required, replace the anchor or provide additional anchors with the revised design or installation methods.

(C) Temporary Wall Installation

Excavate as necessary for temporary walls in accordance with the plans and accepted submittals. If applicable, install foundations located in the reinforced zone before placing

shoring backfill or reinforcement unless otherwise approved. Notify the Engineer when foundation excavation is complete. Do not place shoring backfill or reinforcement until excavation dimensions and foundation material are approved.

Erect welded wire facing so the wall position is as shown in the plans and accepted submittals. Set welded wire facing adjacent to each other in the horizontal and vertical direction to completely cover the wall face with facing. Stagger welded wire facing to create a running bond by centering facing over joints in the row below.

Attach geostrip reinforcement to welded wire facing and wrap geotextile reinforcement and retention geotextiles behind welded wire facing as shown in the plans and accepted submittals. Cover geotextiles with at least 3" of shoring backfill. Overlap adjacent geotextile reinforcement and retention and separation geotextiles at least 18 inches with seams oriented perpendicular to the wall face. Hold geotextiles in place with wire staples or anchor pins as needed.

Place reinforcement within 3 inches of locations shown in the plans and accepted submittals. Before placing shoring backfill, pull geosynthetic reinforcement taut so it is in tension and free of kinks, folds, wrinkles or creases. Install reinforcement with the direction shown in the plans and accepted submittals. For temporary wire walls with separate reinforcement and facing components, attach welded wire grid or metallic strip reinforcement to welded wire facing as shown in the accepted submittals. Do not splice or overlap reinforcement so seams are parallel to the wall face. Contact the Engineer when unanticipated existing or future obstructions such as foundations, pavements, pipes, inlets or utilities will interfere with reinforcement.

Place shoring backfill in the reinforced zone in 8 to 10 inch thick lifts. Compact A-2-4 soil and Class II, Type 1 and Class III select material in accordance with Subarticle 235-3(C) of the *2018 Standard Specifications*. Use only hand operated compaction equipment to compact backfill within 3 feet of welded wire facing. At a distance greater than 3 feet, compact shoring backfill with at least 4 passes of an 8 to 10 ton vibratory roller in a direction parallel to the wall face. Smooth wheeled or rubber tired rollers are also acceptable for compacting backfill. Do not use sheepsfoot, grid rollers or other types of compacting shoring backfill. End dumping directly on geosynthetics is not permitted. Do not operate heavy equipment on reinforcement until it is covered with at least 8 inches of shoring backfill. Replace any damaged reinforcement to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Backfill for temporary walls outside the reinforced zone in accordance with Article 410-8 of the *2018 Standard Specifications*. Bench temporary walls into the sides of excavations where applicable. For temporary geosynthetic walls with top of wall within 5 feet of finished grade, remove top facing and incorporate top reinforcement layer into fill when placing fill in front of wall. Temporary walls remain in place permanently unless otherwise required.

## Measurement and Payment

Temporary Shoring will be measured and paid in square feet. Temporary walls will be measured

as the square feet of exposed wall face area. Cantilever, braced or anchored shoring will be measured as the square feet of exposed shoring face area with the shoring height equal to the difference between the top and bottom of shoring elevations. Define "top of shoring" as where the grade intersects the back of sheet piles or H-piles and timber lagging. Define "bottom of shoring" as where the grade intersects front of sheet piles or H-piles and timber lagging. No measurement will be made for any embedment, shoring extension above top of shoring or pavement thickness above temporary walls.

The contract unit price for *Temporary Shoring* will be full compensation for providing shoring designs, submittals and materials, excavating, backfilling, hauling and removing excavated materials and supplying all labor, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to construct temporary shoring.

No payment will be made for temporary shoring not shown in the plans or required by the Engineer including shoring for OSHA reasons or the Contractor's convenience. No value engineering proposals will be accepted based solely on revising or eliminating shoring locations shown in the plans or estimated quantities shown in the bid item sheets as a result of actual field measurements or site conditions.

PCB will be measured and paid in accordance with Section 1170 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. No additional payment will be made for anchoring PCB for temporary shoring. Costs for anchoring PCB will be incidental to temporary shoring.

Temporary guardrail will be measured and paid for in accordance with Section 862 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

Payment will be made under:

Pay ItemPay UnitTemporary ShoringSquare Foot

#### MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT STORAGE & PARKING OF PERSONAL VEHICLES: 11-17-21(Rev. 8-16-22) 1101 SP11 R03

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 11-2, Article 1101-8 MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT STORAGE, line 35-38, delete and replace with the following:

When work is not in progress, keep all personnel, equipment, machinery, tools, construction debris, materials and supplies away from active travel lanes that meets Table 1101-1.

TABLE 1101-1           MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT STORAGE FROM ACTIVE TRAVEL LANES			
Posted Speed Limit (mph)	Distance (ft)		
40 or less	≥ 18		
45-50	$\geq 28$		
55	≥ 32		
60 or higher	$\geq$ 40		

When vehicles, equipment and materials are protected by concrete barrier or guardrail, they shall be offset at least 5 feet from the barrier or guardrail.

Page 11-2, Article 1101-9 PARKING OF PERSONAL VEHICLES, line 40-41, delete and replace with the following:

Provide staging areas for personal vehicle parking in accordance with Article 1101-8 or as directed by the Engineer before use.

#### WORK ZONE INSTALLER:

(7-20-21)(Rev. 8-16-22)

1101, 1150

SP11 R04

Provide the service of at least one qualified work zone installer during the setup, installation, and removal of temporary traffic control within the highway right of way. The qualified work zone installer shall serve as crew leader and shall be on site and directing the installation and removal of temporary traffic control. If multiple temporary traffic control installations or removals are occurring simultaneously, then each shall have a qualified work zone installer.

The work zone installer shall be qualified by an NCDOT approved training agency or other NCDOT approved training provider in the safe and competent set up of temporary traffic control. For a complete listing of approved training agencies, see the Work Zone Safety Training webpage.

A work zone supervisor, in accordance with Article 1101-13 of the *Standard Specifications*, may fulfill the role of the work zone installer during the setup, installation, and removal of temporary traffic control within the highway right of way provided they are on site and directing the installation and removal of temporary traffic control.

All other individuals participating in the setup, installation, and removal of temporary traffic control within the highway right of way shall be certified as a qualified flagger in accordance with Article 1150-3 of the *Standard Specifications*, even if flagging is not being performed as part of the traffic control.

Provide the name and contact information of all qualified work zone installers to the Engineer prior to or at the preconstruction conference. Additionally, provide a qualification statement that all other individuals participating in the setup, installation, and removal of temporary traffic control are qualified flaggers that have been properly trained through an NCDOT approved training agency or other NCDOT approved training provider.

All certification records for qualified work zone installers and flaggers shall be uploaded by the approved training agency or other NCDOT approved training provider to the Department's Work Zone Education Verification App (WZ-EVA) prior to the qualified work zone installer or flagger

performing any traffic control duties on the project. For more information about WZ-EVA, see the Work Zone Safety Training webpage.

#### **PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS:**

(9-20-22)(Rev. 11-15-22)

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

**Page 10-197, Subarticle 1089-7(D) Controller, line 16**, add the following after the third sentence of the first paragraph:

Change the controller password from the factory default and periodically change the controller password to deter unauthorized programming of the controller.

**Page 10-197, Subarticle 1089-7(D) Controller, lines 16-19**, replace the forth sentence of the first paragraph with the following:

The password system is recommended to include at least two levels of security such that operators at one level may only change message sequences displayed using preprogrammed sequences and operators at a higher level may create and store messages or message sequences.

Page 10-197, Subarticle 1089-7(D) Controller, line 24 replace the sentence with the following:

The controller shall be stored in a locked, weather and vandal resistant box when not in use and after changes to the messages are made.

**Page 11-8, Article 1120-3 CONSTRUCTION METHODS, lines 26-32,** replace the second paragraph with the following:

Provide an experienced operator for the portable changeable message sign during periods of operation to ensure that the messages displayed on the sign panel are in accordance with the plans and Subarticle 1089-7(D). Change the controller password from the factory default and periodically change the controller password to deter unauthorized programming of the controller. Using two levels of password security is recommended such that operators at one level may only change message sequences displayed using preprogrammed sequences and operators at a higher level may create and store messages or message sequences. Lock the controller in a weather and vandal resistant box when not in use and after changes to the messages are made.

SP11 R10

#### **LAW ENFORCEMENT:**

(6-21-22)(Rev. 11-15-22)

1190

SP11 R30

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 11-19, Article 1190-1 DESCRIPTION, lines 4-5, replace the paragraph with the following:

Furnish Law Enforcement Officers and official Law Enforcement vehicles to direct traffic in accordance with the contract.

**Page 11-19, Article 1190-2 CONSTRUCTION METHODS, lines 7-10,** replace the first and second paragraph with the following:

Use off duty uniformed Law Enforcement Officers and official Law Enforcement vehicles equipped with blue lights to direct or control traffic as required by the plans or by the Engineer.

Law Enforcement vehicles shall not be parked within the buffer space on any roadway. Law Enforcement vehicles shall not be used to close or block an active travel lane on multilane roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or higher, except as allowed during rolling roadblock operations as shown in the *Roadway Standard Drawings* or while responding to an emergency.

**Page 11-19, Article 1190-3 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, lines 14-15,** replace the second sentence of the first paragraph with the following:

There will be no direct payment for official Law Enforcement vehicles as they are considered incidental to the pay item.

## **EXTRUDED THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING THICKNESS:**

3-19-19 (Rev. 6-21-22)

1205

SP12 R05

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

**Page 12-6, Subarticle 1205-4(A)(1) General, lines 5-8,** delete the second sentence and replace with the following:

Use application equipment that provides multiple width settings ranging from 4 inches to 12 inches and multiple thickness settings to achieve the required thickness above the surface of the pavement as shown in Table 1205-3.

# **Page 12-7, Table 1205-3, THICKNESS REQUIREMENTS FOR THERMOPLASTIC,** replace with the following:

TABLE 1205-3 MINIMUM THICKNESS REQUIREMENTS FOR THERMOPLASTIC			
Thickness	Location		
240 mils	In-lane and shoulder-transverse pavement markings (rumble strips). May be		
	placed in 2 passes.		
90 mils	Center lines, skip lines, transverse bands, mini-skip lines, characters, bike lane symbols, crosswalk lines, edge lines, gore lines, diagonals, and arrow symbols		

# PERMANENT SEEDING AND MULCHING: 1660

SP16 R02

The Department desires that permanent seeding and mulching be established on this project as soon as practical after slopes or portions of slopes have been graded. As an incentive to obtain an early stand of vegetation on this project, the Contractor's attention is called to the following:

For all permanent seeding and mulching that is satisfactorily completed in accordance with the requirements of Section 1660 in the 2018 Standard Specifications and within the following percentages of elapsed contract times, an additional payment will be made to the Contractor as an incentive additive. The incentive additive will be determined by multiplying the number of acres of seeding and mulching satisfactorily completed times the contract unit bid price per acre for Seeding and Mulching times the appropriate percentage additive.

Percentage of Elapsed Contract Time	Percentage Additive
0% - 30%	30%
30.01% - 50%	15%

Percentage of elapsed contract time is defined as the number of calendar days from the date of availability of the contract to the date the permanent seeding and mulching is acceptably completed divided by the total original contract time.

## SSP-1

Z-2

## <u>STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION</u> AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS – TERMINATION OF CONTRACTS

(5-20-08)

*General Statute 143C-6-11. (h) Highway Appropriation* is hereby incorporated verbatim in this contract as follows:

(h) Amounts Encumbered. - Transportation project appropriations may be encumbered in the amount of allotments made to the Department of Transportation by the Director for the estimated payments for transportation project contract work to be performed in the appropriation fiscal year. The allotments shall be multiyear allotments and shall be based on estimated revenues and shall be subject to the maximum contract authority contained in General Statute 143C-6-11(c). Payment for transportation project work performed pursuant to contract in any fiscal year other than the current fiscal year is subject to appropriations by the General Assembly. Transportation project contracts shall contain a schedule of estimated completion progress, and any acceleration of this progress shall be subject to the approval of the Department of Transportation provided funds are available. The State reserves the right to terminate or suspend any transportation project contract, and any transportation project contract shall be so terminated or suspended if funds will not be available for payment of the work to be performed during that fiscal year pursuant to the contract. In the event of termination of any contract, the contractor shall be given a written notice of termination at least 60 days before completion of scheduled work for which funds are available. In the event of termination, the contractor shall be paid for the work already performed in accordance with the contract specifications.

Payment will be made on any contract terminated pursuant to the special provision in accordance with Subarticle 108-13(D) of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

## SSP-2

## STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION NCDOT GENERAL SEED SPECIFICATION FOR SEED QUALITY

(5-17-11)

Seed shall be sampled and tested by the North Carolina Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Seed Testing Laboratory. When said samples are collected, the vendor shall supply an independent laboratory report for each lot to be tested. Results from seed so sampled shall be final. Seed not meeting the specifications shall be rejected by the Department of Transportation and shall not be delivered to North Carolina Department of Transportation warehouses. If seed has been delivered it shall be available for pickup and replacement at the supplier's expense.

Any re-labeling required by the North Carolina Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Seed Testing Laboratory, that would cause the label to reflect as otherwise specified herein shall be rejected by the North Carolina Department of Transportation.

Seed shall be free from seeds of the noxious weeds Johnsongrass, Balloonvine, Jimsonweed, Witchweed, Itchgrass, Serrated Tussock, Showy Crotalaria, Smooth Crotalaria, Sicklepod, Sandbur, Wild Onion, and Wild Garlic. Seed shall not be labeled with the above weed species on the seed analysis label. Tolerances as applied by the Association of Official Seed Analysts will NOT be allowed for the above noxious weeds except for Wild Onion and Wild Garlic.

Tolerances established by the Association of Official Seed Analysts will generally be recognized. However, for the purpose of figuring pure live seed, the found pure seed and found germination percentages as reported by the North Carolina Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Seed Testing Laboratory will be used. Allowances, as established by the NCDOT, will be recognized for minimum pure live seed as listed on the following pages.

The specifications for restricted noxious weed seed refers to the number per pound as follows:

Restricted Noxious <u>Weed</u>	Limitations per Lb. Of Seed	Restricted Noxious <u>Weed</u>	Limitations per <u>Lb. of Seed</u>
Blessed Thistle	4 seeds	Cornflower (Ragged Robin)	27 seeds
Cocklebur	4 seeds	Texas Panicum	27 seeds
Spurred Anoda	4 seeds	Bracted Plantain	54 seeds
Velvetleaf	4 seeds	Buckhorn Plantain	54 seeds
Morning-glory	8 seeds	Broadleaf Dock	54 seeds
Corn Cockle	10 seeds	Curly Dock	54 seeds
Wild Radish	12 seeds	Dodder	54 seeds
Purple Nutsedge	27 seeds	Giant Foxtail	54 seeds
Yellow Nutsedge	27 seeds	Horsenettle	54 seeds
Canada Thistle	27 seeds	Quackgrass	54 seeds
Field Bindweed	27 seeds	Wild Mustard	54 seeds
Hedge Bindweed	27 seeds		

Seed of Pensacola Bahiagrass shall not contain more than 7% inert matter, Kentucky Bluegrass, Centipede and Fine or Hard Fescue shall not contain more than 5% inert matter whereas a maximum of 2% inert matter will be allowed on all other kinds of seed. In addition, all seed shall

Z-3

not contain more than 2% other crop seed nor more than 1% total weed seed. The germination rate as tested by the North Carolina Department of Agriculture shall not fall below 70%, which includes both dormant and hard seed. Seed shall be labeled with not more than 7%, 5% or 2% inert matter (according to above specifications), 2% other crop seed and 1% total weed seed.

Exceptions may be made for minimum pure live seed allowances when cases of seed variety shortages are verified. Pure live seed percentages will be applied in a verified shortage situation. Those purchase orders of deficient seed lots will be credited with the percentage that the seed is deficient.

FURTHER SPECIFICATIONS FOR EACH SEED GROUP ARE GIVEN BELOW:

Minimum 85% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop seed; maximum 144 restricted noxious weed seed per pound. Seed less than 83% pure live seed will not be approved.

Sericea Lespedeza Oats (seeds)

Minimum 80% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop; maximum 144 restricted noxious weed seed per pound. Seed less than 78% pure live seed will not be approved.

Tall Fescue (all approved varieties) Kobe Lespedeza Korean Lespedeza Weeping Lovegrass Carpetgrass Bermudagrass Browntop Millet German Millet – Strain R Clover – Red/White/Crimson

Minimum 78% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop seed; maximum 144 restricted noxious weed seed per pound. Seed less than 76% pure live seed will not be approved.

Common or Sweet Sundangrass

Minimum 76% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop seed; maximum 144 restricted noxious weed seed per pound. Seed less than 74% pure live seed will not be approved.

Rye (grain; all varieties) Kentucky Bluegrass (all approved varieties) Hard Fescue (all approved varieties) Shrub (bicolor) Lespedeza

Minimum 70% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop seed; maximum 144 noxious weed seed per pound. Seed less than 70% pure live seed will not be approved.

Centipedegrass Crownvetch Pensacola Bahiagrass Creeping Red Fescue Japanese Millet Reed Canary Grass Zoysia Minimum 70% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop seed; maximum 5% inert matter; maximum 144 restricted noxious weed seed per pound.

Barnyard Grass Big Bluestem Little Bluestem Bristly Locust Birdsfoot Trefoil Indiangrass Orchardgrass Switchgrass Yellow Blossom Sweet Clover

## SSP-5

#### STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION

#### **ERRATA**

(10-16-18) (Rev. 6-20-23)

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

#### **Division 1**

**Page 1-1, Article 101-2 Abbreviations, line 13,** replace " American National Standards Institute, Inc." with "American National Standards Institute".

**Page 1-1, Article 101-2 Abbreviations, line 32,** replace "Equivalent Single Axis Load" with "Equivalent Single Axle Load".

**Page 1-16, Subarticle 102-9(A) General, line 26,** replace "10 U.S.C. 2304(g)" with "10 U.S.C. 3205".

Page 1-43, Article 104-13 RECYCLED PRODUCTS OR SOLID WASTE MATERIALS, line 4, replace "104-13(B)(2)" with "104-13(B)".

Page 1-52, Article 106-1 RECYCLED PRODUCTS OR SOLID WASTE MATERIALS, line 25, replace "13 NCAC 7CF.0101(a)(99)" with "29 CFR 1910.1200".

**Page 1-79, Article 109-1 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, Test Method prior to line 34,** replace "AASHTO M 32" with "AASHTO M 336".

#### **Division 2**

**Page 2-5, Article 210-2 CONSTRUCTION METHODS, line 21,** replace "NCGS §§ 130A-444 to -452" with "NCGS §§ 130A-444 to -453".

**Page 2-13, Article 225-2 EROSION CONTROL REQUIREMENTS, line 17,** replace "the Sedimentation and Pollution Control Act" with "Article 107-12".

**Page 2-20, Subarticle 230-4(B)(3) Reclamation Plan, line 12,** replace "Department's borrow and waste site reclamation procedures for contracted projects" with "Department's *Borrow Waste and Staging Site Reclamation Procedures for Contract Projects*".

Page 2-25, Subarticle 235-3(E) Surcharges and Waiting Periods, line 21 and 27, delete "Department's Materials and Tests Unit.".

**Page 2-27, Article 240-4 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, line 23,** replace "Section 225" with "Article 225-7".

**Page 2-30, Article 275-4 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, line 33,** replace "Section 815" with "Article 815-4".

#### **Division 4**

**Page 4-18, Subarticle 411-5(C)(3) Coring, line 11,** replace "in accordance with ASTM D5079" with "with methods acceptable to the Engineer".

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**Page 4-50, Article 430-2 MATERIALS, prior to line 15,** replace Section "1080-9" with "1080-7".

**Page 4-53, Article 440-2 MATERIALS, prior to line 6,** replace Section "1080-9" with "1080-7".

**Page 4-58, Article 442-2 MATERIALS, prior to line 15,** replace Section "1080-6" with "1080-12".

Page 4-59, Subarticle 442-7(A) Blast Cleaning, line 36, replace Article "1080-6" with "1080-12".

Page 4-76, Article 454-2 MATERIALS, prior to line 24, replace Section "815-2" with "1044".

Page 4-79, Article 455-2 MATERIALS, prior to line 21, replace Section "815" with "1044".

**Page 4-80, Subarticle 455-3(B) Precast Gravity Wall Designs, line 23 and lines 25-26,** replace "AASHTO LRFD specifications" with "*AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications*".

**Page 4-84, Article 458-5 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, line 31,** replace article number "454-1" with "458-1".

#### Division 6

Page 6-7, Article 609-1 DESCRIPTION, line 29, replace article number "609-10" with "609-9".

**Page 6-10, Subarticle 609-6(C) Control Charts, line 17,** replace Section number "7021" with "7.20.1".

**Page 6-13, Article 609-9 QUALITY ASSURANCE, line 31,** replace Section number "7.60" with "7.6".

**Page 6-26, Subarticle 610-13(A)(1) Acceptance for New Construction, line 31,** replace Table number "610-7" with "610-8".

**Page 6-29, Subarticle 610-13(B) North Carolina Hearne Straightedge, line 32,** replace Table number "610-8" with "610-9".

**Page 6-31, Article 610-14 DENSITY ACCEPTANCE, Specified Density prior to line 30 and line 32,** replace Table number "610-6" with "610-7".

**Page 6-37, Article 650-5 CONSTRUCTION METHODS, line 10,** replace Section number "9.5(E)" with "9.5.1(E)".

**Page 6-44, Subarticle 660-8(B) Asphalt Mat and Seal, line 40,** replace Subarticle number "660-8(A)" with "660-8(C)".

**Page 6-44, Subarticle 660-8(B) Asphalt Mat and Seal, line 42,** replace Subarticle number "660-8(C)" with "660-8(A)".

#### **Division** 7

**Page 7-11, Subarticle 700-15(E) Compressive Strength, line 5,** replace "AASHTO T 23" with "AASHTO R 100".

Page 7-24, Article 723-4 Very High Early Strength Concrete for Concrete Pavement Repair, line 4, replace "AASHTO T126" with "AASHTO R 39".

**Page 7-24, Article 723-5 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, line 34,** replace "Section 225" with "Article 225-7".

**Page 7-24, Article 723-5 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, line 36,** replace "Section 270" with "Article 270-4".

**Page 7-27, Article 725-1 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, line 4,** replace article number "725-1" with "724-4".

**Page 7-28, Article 725-1 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, line 10,** replace article number "725-1" with "725-3".

#### **Division 8**

Page 8-11, Article 815-1 MATERIALS, after line 35, replace "1080-12" with "1080-10".

Page 8-13, Article 816-1 MATERIALS, after line 28, replace "1080-12" with "1080-10".

Page 8-17, Article 825-1 Description, line 5, delete "853" and "855".

#### **Division 10**

Page 10-2, Subarticle 1000-3(B) Air Entrainment, line 33, replace "Chase" with "Chace".

**Page 10-4, Subarticle 1000-4(A) Composition and Design, after line 17,** replace "T23" with "R100".

Page 10-4, Subarticle 1000-4(B) Air Entrainment, line 31 and 33, replace "Chase" with "Chace".

**Page 10-4, Subarticle 1000-4(C) Strength of Concrete, line 39 and 41,** replace "T 23" with "R 100".

**Page 10-15, Subarticle 1000-11(B) Mixing Time for Central Mixed Concrete, after line 35,** replace "T 23" with "R 100".

**Page 10-22, Article 1003-3 COMPOSITION AND DESIGN, line 9,** replace "Engineer" with "engineer".

**Page 10-23, Article 1003-4 GROUT REQUIREMENTS, line 16 and 18,** replace "T 23" with "R 100".

**Page 10-26, Article 1005-4 TESTING, after line 26,** replace "1014-2 $\in$ (6)" with "1014-2 $\in$ (6)" in C. of Table 1005-1 footnote and replace "Lightweight<sup>B</sup>" with "Lightweight<sup>C</sup>".

Page 10-29, Subarticle 1012-1(B)(4) Flat and Elongated Pieces, line 44, delete "SF9.5A"

Page 10-36, Subarticle 1012-2(E) Toughness (Resistance to Abrasion), line 31, replace "course" with "coarse".

**Page 10-37, Article 1012-4, LIGHTWEIGHT AGGREGATE, line 4,** replace Table number "1012-8" with "1012-5".

Page 10-48, Subarticle 1020-10(A) Mineral Fibers, line 27, replace "Table 1012-5" with "Table 1020-2".

Page 10-52, Article 1024-5 FLY ASH, line 12, replace "Table 2" with "Table 3".

**Page 10-60, Subarticle 1032-6(F) Joint Materials, line 15,** replace "AASHTO M 198" with "ASTM C990" and delete "Type B".

**Page 10-61, Article 1034-3 CONCRETE SEWER PIPE, line 33,** replace "AASHTO M 198" with "ASTM C990" and delete "Type A or B".

**Page 10-64, Article 1040-1 BRICK, line 12,** replace "ASTM C62" with "ASTM C62 or ASTM C216".

**Page 10-67, Article 1044-7 CORRUGATED PLASTIC PIPE AND FITTINGS, line 24,** replace "AASHTO M 294 for heavy duty tubing" with "Article 1032-7 and AASHTO M 252".

**Page 10-68, Subarticle 1046-3(D) Offset Blocks, lines 30-32,** delete "Before beginning the installation of recycled offset block, submit the FHWA acceptance letter for each type of block to the Engineer for approval."

**Page 10-69, Subarticle 1046-3(D) Offset Blocks, before line 1,** replace "WIRE DIAMETER" with "COMPOSITE OFFSET BLOCKS" as the title of Table 1046-1, delete "Testing" property and associated requirement from Table 1046-1, and replace "Approval" requirement of "Approved for use by the FHWA" with "Approved for use on the NCDOT APL" in Table 1046-1.

**Page 10-80, Article 1060-2 FERTILIZER, line 18,** replace "North Carolina Fertilizer Law" with "North Carolina Commercial Fertilizer Law".

**Page 10-83, Article 1060-9 WATER, line 9,** replace "15 NCAC 2B.0200" with "15A NCAC 02B.0200".

Page 10-86, Article 1070-3 COLD DRAWN STEEL WIRE AND WIRE REINFORCEMENT, line 23 and 25, replace "M 32" and "M 55" with "M 336". Page 10-87, Article 1070-6 DOWELS AND TIE BARS FOR PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE PAVEMENT, line 17, replace "AASHTO M 32" with "AASHTO M 336".

**Page 10-88, Subarticle 1070-7(D) Handling, Storage and Transportation, line 40,** replace "Section" with "Subarticle".

**Page 10-89, Article 1070-8 SPIRAL COLUMN REINFORCING STEEL, line 21,** replace "AASHTO M 32" with "AASHTO M 336".

**Page 10-91, Article 1072-3 BEARING PLATE ASSEMBLIES, line 44,** replace "Article 1080-9" with "Article 1080-7".

**Page 10-92, Subarticle 1072-5(A) General, after line 30,** replace "SAMPLING REQUIREMENTS FOR HIGH STRENGTH BOLTS, NUTS AND WASHERS" with "SAMPLING REQUIREMENTS FOR HIGH STRENGTH BOLTS, NUTS AND WASHERS TO INCLUDE DIRECT TENSION INDICATORS" as the title of Table 1072-1.

Page 10-95, Subarticle 1072-5(D)(7)(a) Mill Test Report(s), line 18, replace title with "Mill Test Report(s) (MTR)".

Page 10-95, Subarticle 1072-5(D)(7)(b) Manufacturer Certified Test Report(s), line 24, replace title with "Manufacturer Certified Test Report(s) (MCTR)".

**Page 10-96, Subarticle 1072-5(D)(7)(c) Distributor Certified Test Report(s), line 1,** replace title with "Distributor Certified Test Report(s) (DCTR)".

Page 10-98, Subarticle 1072-5(F) Galvanized High Strength Bolts, Nuts and Washers, line 11, replace "Article 1080-9" with "Article 1080-7".

**Page 10-111, Subarticle 1072-18(B) General, line 24,** replace "Structural Welding Code-Reinforcing Steel" with "Structural Welding Code-Steel Reinforcing Bars".

**Page 10-117, Article 1074-1 WELDING, lines 21-22,** replace "Structural Welding Code-Reinforcing Steel" with "Structural Welding Code-Steel Reinforcing Bars".

**Page 10-119, Article 1074-7(B) Gray Iron Castings, line 16,** replace "M306" with "AASHTO M 306".

**Page 10-121, Article 1076-7, REPAIR OF GALVANIZING, line 8,** replace article number "1080-9" with "1080-7".

Page 10-125, Subarticle 1077-5(B) Testing, line 31, replace "T 23" with "R 100".

**Page 10-131, Subarticle 1078-4(A) Composition and Design, after line 23, in Table 1078-2** replace "T 23" with "R 100".

**Page 10-135, Subarticle 1078-4(J)(2) Mixing Time for Central Mixed Concrete, line 46,** replace "Table 1078-2" with "Table 1078-3"

**Page 10-136, Subarticle 1078-4(J)(2) Mixing Time for Central Mixed Concrete, after line 17,** replace "T23" with "R100".

**Page 10-153, Subarticle 1079-1 PREFORMED BEARING PADS, line 8,** replace "MIL-C882-D" with "MIL-C-882-E".

Page 10-154, Subarticle 1079-2(A) General, line 6, delete "and 1079-2(E)".

**Page 10-156, Article 1080-5 SELF-CURING INORGANIC ZINC PAINT, line 8,** replace "AASHTO M 252" with "AASHTO M 300".

**Page 10-156, Article 1080-5 SELF-CURING INORGANIC ZINC PAINT, line 20,** replace "AASHTO M 253" with "AASHTO M 300".

**Page 10-156, Subarticle 1080-9(A) Composition, line 40,** replace "Tables 1080-7 through 1080-14" with "Tables 1080-1 through 1080-3".

**Page 10-157, Subarticle 1080-9(B) Properties, line 5,** replace "Tables 1080-7 through 1080-14" with "Tables 1080-1 through 1080-3".

**Page 10-157, Subarticle 1080-9(B) Properties, line 35,** replace "Materials and Tests Standards CLS-P-1.0" with "*Structural Steel Shop Coatings Program*".

Page 10-159, Subarticle 1080-9(E) Color Variation, Table 1080-1, replace "ASTM D1159" with "ASTM D1199".

**Page 10-159, Subarticle 1080-9(E) Color Variation, Table 1080-1,** replace "NCDOT M&T P-10" with "ASTM D6280".

Page 10-161, Subarticle 1080-9(E) Color Variation, Table 1080-3, replace "ASTM D13278" and "ASTM D3278".

**Page 10-161, Subarticle 1080-9(E) Color Variation, Table 1080-3,** replace "NCDOT M&T P-10" and "Structural Steel Shop Coatings Program".

**Page 10-161, Subarticle 1080-9(E) Color Variation, Table 1080-3,** add Test Method "ASTM D4400" for the Leneta Sag Test property in Table 1080-3.

**Page 10-161, Subarticle 1080-9(E) Color Variation, Table 1080-3,** add Test Method "ASTM D523" for the Gloss, Specular property in Table 1080-3.

**Page 10-161, Subarticle 1080-9(E) Color Variation, Table 1080-3,** replace Test Method "ASTM" with "ASTM E70" for the pH property in Table 1080-3.

Page 10-162, Article 1080-50 PAINT FOR VERTICAL MARKERS, line 1, replace article number "1080-50" with "1080-10".

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**Page 10-162, Article 1080-61 EPOXY RESIN FOR REINFORCING STEEL, line 5,** replace article number "1080-61" with "1080-11".

Page 10-162, Article 1080-72 ABRASIVE MATERIALS FOR BLAST CLEANING STEEL, line 22, replace article number "1080-72" with "1080-12".

**Page 10-163, Article 1080-83 FIELD PERFORMANCE AND SERVICES, line 25,** replace article number "1080-83" with "1080-13".

**Page 10-166, Subarticle 1081-1(E) Prequalification, line 24,** replace "Value Management Unit" with "Product Evaluation Program".

**Page 10-168, Subarticle 1081-3(A) Physical Requirements, after line 25,** replace "Subarticle 1081-4(B)" with "Subarticle 1081-3(B)" in Table 1081-2.

**Page 10-168, Subarticle 1087-2(A) Paint Composition, lines 19-20,** replace "Federal Specification TTP 1952F" with "Federal Specification TT-P-1952".

**Page 10-200, Subarticle 1090-1(C) Anchor Bolts, line 38,** replace ASTM number "A325" with "F3125".

**Page 10-202, Subarticle 1091-3(F) Solid Wall HDPE Conduit, line 5,** replace ", Table 1091-1, 1091-2 and 1091-3" with "and Table 1091-1".

**Page 10-208, Subarticle 1094-1(A) Breakaway or Simple Steel Beam Sign Supports, line 19,** replace ASTM number "A325" with "F3125".

**Page 10-209, Subarticle 1094-1(D) Steel Square Tube Posts, line 10,** replace ASTM number "A123" with "A653".

**Page 10-209, Subarticle 1094-1(E) Wood Supports, line 17,** replace "Article 1082-2 and 1082-3" with "Section 1082".

**Page 10-212, Subarticle 1098-1(H) Electrical Service, line 21,** replace "NEMA Type 3R" with "NEMA 3R".

**Page 10-212, Subarticle 1098-1(H) Electrical Service, line 36,** replace "UL Standard 231" with "UL Standard UL-231".

Page 10-212, Subarticle 1098-1(H) Electrical Service, line 37, replace "UL Standard 67" with "UL Standard UL-67".

**Page 10-224, Subarticle 1098-14(H)(1) Type I – Pedestrian Pushbutton Post, line 3,** replace ASTM number "325" with "F3125".

**Page 10-224, Article 1098-16 CABINET BASE ADAPTER/EXTENDER, line 33,** replace Section number "6.7" with "6.8".

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#### **Division 14**

**Page 14-11, Subarticle 1401-2(B) Lowering Device, line 36,** replace Military Specification "MIL-W-83420E" with "MIL-DTL-83420".

Page 14-22, Article 1412-2 MATERIALS, line 29, replace UL Standard "1572" with "1598".

#### **Division 15**

Page 15-6, Subarticle 1510-3(B) Testing and Sterilization, line 40, replace Section number "4.4.3" with "4.4".

Page 15-14, Article 1525-2 MATERIALS, line 9, replace "AASHTO M 198" with "ASTM C990".

Page 15-14, Article 1525-2 MATERIALS, lines 17-18, delete "in the Grout Production and Delivery provision".

**Page 15-19, Article 1550-2 MATERIALS, line 16,** replace "AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications" with "AASHTO LRFD Bridge Construction Specifications".

#### **Division 16**

**Page 16-9, Article 1630-3 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, line 7,** replace "Section 225" with "Article 225-7".

**Page 16-9, Article 1630-3 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, line 8,** replace "Section 230" with "Article 230-5".

**Page 16-16, Article 1637-5 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, line 17,** replace "Section 310" with "Article 310-6".

#### Division 17

**Page 17-15, Article 1715-4 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, lines 42-44,** replace the second sentence with the following:

An example is an installation of a single 1.25 inch HDPE conduit would be paid as:

Directional Drill (1)(1.25") Linear Foot

Page 17-15, Subarticle 1715-3(E) Bore and Jack, line 5, replace article number "1540-4" with "1550-4".

**Page 17-15, Subarticle 1715-3(E) Bore and Jack, lines 10 & 11,** replace "*NCDOT Policies and Procedures for Accommodating Utilities on Highway Rights of Way*" with "*NCDOT Utilities Accommodations Manual*".

#### **STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION**

#### <u>PLANT AND PEST QUARANTINES</u> (Imported Fire Ant, Gypsy Moth, Witchweed, Emerald Ash Borer, Guava Root Knot Nematode, And Other Noxious Weeds)

(3-18-03) (Rev. 5-21-19)

#### Within Quarantined Area

This project may be within a county regulated for plant and/or pests. If the project or any part of the Contractor's operations is located within a quarantined area, thoroughly clean all equipment prior to moving out of the quarantined area. Comply with federal/state regulations by obtaining a certificate or limited permit for any regulated article moving from the quarantined area.

#### **Originating in a Quarantined County**

Obtain a certificate or limited permit issued by the N.C. Department of Agriculture/United States Department of Agriculture. Have the certificate or limited permit accompany the article when it arrives at the project site.

#### Contact

Contact the N.C. Department of Agriculture/United States Department of Agriculture at 1-800-206-9333, 919-707-3730, or <u>https://www.ncagr.gov/plantindustry/Plant/quaran/table2.htm</u> to determine those specific project sites located in the quarantined area or for any regulated article used on this project originating in a quarantined county.

#### **Regulated Articles Include**

- 1. Soil, sand, gravel, compost, peat, humus, muck, and decomposed manure, separately or with other articles. This includes movement of articles listed above that may be associated with cut/waste, ditch pulling, and shoulder cutting.
- 2. Plants with roots including grass sod.
- 3. Plant crowns and roots.
- 4. Bulbs, corms, rhizomes, and tubers of ornamental plants.
- 5. Hay, straw, fodder, and plant litter of any kind.
- 6. Clearing and grubbing debris.
- 7. Used agricultural cultivating and harvesting equipment.
- 8. Used earth-moving equipment.
- 9. Any other products, articles, or means of conveyance, of any character, if determined by an inspector to present a hazard of spreading imported fire ant, gypsy moth, witchweed, emerald ash borer, guava root knot nematode, or other noxious weeds.

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#### STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION

#### MINIMUM WAGES

(7-21-09)

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- **FEDERAL:** The Fair Labor Standards Act provides that with certain exceptions every employer shall pay wages at the rate of not less than SEVEN DOLLARS AND TWENTY FIVE CENTS (\$7.25) per hour.
- **STATE:** The North Carolina Minimum Wage Act provides that every employer shall pay to each of his employees, wages at a rate of not less than SEVEN DOLLARS AND TWENTY FIVE CENTS (\$7.25) per hour.

The minimum wage paid to all skilled labor employed on this contract shall be SEVEN DOLLARS AND TWENTY FIVE CENTS (\$7.25) per hour.

The minimum wage paid to all intermediate labor employed on this contract shall be SEVEN DOLLARS AND TWENTY FIVE CENTS (\$7.25) per hour.

The minimum wage paid to all unskilled labor on this contract shall be SEVEN DOLLARS AND TWENTY FIVE CENTS (\$7.25) per hour.

This determination of the intent of the application of this act to the contract on this project is the responsibility of the Contractor.

The Contractor shall have no claim against the Department of Transportation for any changes in the minimum wage laws, Federal or State. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to keep fully informed of all Federal and State Laws affecting his contract.

#### **STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION**

#### **TITLE VI AND NONDISCRIMINATION:**

(6-28-77)(Rev 6/19/2018)

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Replace Article 103-4(B) with the following:

The North Carolina Department of Transportation is committed to carrying out the U.S. Department of Transportation's policy of ensuring nondiscrimination in the award and administration of contracts.

The provisions of this section related to United States Department of Transportation (US DOT) Order 1050.2A, Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) part 21, 23 United States Code (U.S.C.) 140 and 23 CFR part 200 (or 49 CFR 303, 49 U.S.C. 5332 or 49 U.S.C. 47123) are applicable to all North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) contracts and to all related subcontracts, material supply, engineering, architectural and other service contracts, regardless of dollar amount. Any Federal provision that is specifically required not specifically set forth is hereby incorporated by reference.

#### (1) Title VI Assurances (USDOT Order 1050.2A, Appendix A)

During the performance of this contract, the contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest (hereinafter referred to as the "contractor") agrees as follows:

(a) Compliance with Regulations

The contractor (hereinafter includes consultants) shall comply with the Acts and the Regulations relative to Nondiscrimination in Federally-assisted programs of the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), as they may be amended from time to time, which are herein incorporated by reference and made a part of this contract.

(b) Nondiscrimination

The contractor, with regard to the work performed by it during the contract, shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, or national origin in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor shall not participate directly or indirectly in the discrimination prohibited by the Acts and the Regulations, including employment practices when the contract covers any activity, project, or program set forth in Appendix B of 49 CFR Part 21.

- (c) Solicitations for Subcontractors, Including Procurements of Materials and Equipment In all solicitations, either by competitive bidding, or negotiation made by the contractor for work to be performed under a subcontract, including procurements of materials, or leases of equipment, each potential subcontractor or supplier shall be notified by the contractor of the contractor's obligations under this contract and the Acts and the Regulations relative to Nondiscrimination on the grounds of race, color, or national origin.
- (d) Information and Reports

The contractor shall provide all information and reports required by the Acts, the Regulations, and directives issued pursuant thereto and shall permit access to its books, records, accounts, other sources of information, and its facilities as may be determined by the Recipient or the FHWA to be pertinent to ascertain compliance with such Acts,

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Regulations, and instructions. Where any information required of a contractor is in the exclusive possession of another who fails or refuses to furnish the information, the contractor shall so certify to the Recipient or the FHWA, as appropriate, and shall set forth what efforts it has made to obtain the information.

(e) Sanctions for Noncompliance:

In the event of a contractor's noncompliance with the Non-discrimination provisions of this contract, the Recipient will impose such contract sanctions as it and/or the FHWA may determine to be appropriate, including, but not limited to:

- (i) Withholding payments to the contractor under the contract until the contractor complies; and/or
- (ii) Cancelling, terminating, or suspending a contract, in whole or in part.
- (f) Incorporation of Provisions

The contractor shall include the provisions of paragraphs (a) through (f) in every subcontract, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment, unless exempt by the Acts, the Regulations and directives issued pursuant thereto. The contractor shall take action with respect to any subcontract or procurement as the Recipient or the FHWA may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions including sanctions for noncompliance. Provided, that if the contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with litigation by a subcontractor, or supplier because of such direction, the contractor may request the Recipient to enter into any litigation to protect the interests of the Recipient. In addition, the contractor may request the United States to enter into the litigation to protect the interests of the United States.

#### (2) Title VI Nondiscrimination Program (23 CFR 200.5(p))

The North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) has assured the USDOT that, as a condition to receiving federal financial assistance, NCDOT will comply with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and all requirements imposed by Title 49 CFR part 21 and related nondiscrimination authorities to ensure that no person shall, on the ground of race, color, national origin, limited English proficiency, sex, age, or disability (including religion/creed or income-level, where applicable), be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any programs, activities, or services conducted or funded by NCDOT. Contractors and other organizations under contract or agreement with NCDOT must also comply with Title VI and related authorities, therefore:

- (a) During the performance of this contract or agreement, contractors (e.g., subcontractors, consultants, vendors, prime contractors) are responsible for complying with NCDOT's Title VI Program. Contractors are not required to prepare or submit Title VI Programs. To comply with this section, the prime contractor shall:
  - 1. Post NCDOT's Notice of Nondiscrimination and the Contractor's own Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Policy in conspicuous locations accessible to all employees, applicants and subcontractors on the jobsite.
  - 2. Physically incorporate the required Title VI clauses into all subcontracts on federally-assisted and state-funded NCDOT projects, and ensure inclusion by subcontractors into all lower-tier subcontracts.
  - 3. Required Solicitation Language. The Contractor shall include the following notification in all solicitations for bids and requests for work or material, regardless of funding source:

"The North Carolina Department of Transportation, in accordance with the provisions of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (78 Stat. 252, 42 US.C. §§ 2000d to 2000d-4) and the Regulations, hereby notifies all bidders that it will affirmatively ensure that any contract

entered into pursuant to this advertisement, disadvantaged business enterprises will be afforded full and fair opportunity to submit bids in response to this invitation and will not be discriminated against on the grounds of race, color, or national origin in consideration for an award. In accordance with other related nondiscrimination authorities, bidders and contractors will also not be discriminated against on the grounds of sex, age, disability, low-income level, creed/religion, or limited English proficiency in consideration for an award."

- 4. Physically incorporate the FHWA-1273, in its entirety, into all subcontracts and subsequent lower tier subcontracts on Federal-aid highway construction contracts only.
- 5. Provide language assistance services (i.e., written translation and oral interpretation), free of charge, to LEP employees and applicants. Contact NCDOT OCR for further assistance, if needed.
- 6. For assistance with these Title VI requirements, contact the NCDOT Title VI Nondiscrimination Program at 1-800-522-0453.
- (b) Subrecipients (e.g. cities, counties, LGAs, planning organizations) may be required to prepare and submit a Title VI Plan to NCDOT, including Title VI Assurances and/or agreements. Subrecipients must also ensure compliance by their contractors and subrecipients with Title VI. (23 CFR 200.9(b)(7))
- (c) If reviewed or investigated by NCDOT, the contractor or subrecipient agrees to take affirmative action to correct any deficiencies found within a reasonable time period, not to exceed 90 calendar days, unless additional time is granted by NCDOT. (23 CFR 200.9(b)(15))
- (d) The Contractor is responsible for notifying subcontractors of NCDOT's External Discrimination Complaints Process.
  - 1. Applicability

Title VI and related laws protect participants and beneficiaries (e.g., members of the public and contractors) from discrimination by NCDOT employees, subrecipients and contractors, regardless of funding source.

2. Eligibility

Any person—or class of persons—who believes he/she has been subjected to discrimination based on race, color, national origin, Limited English Proficiency (LEP), sex, age, or disability (and religion in the context of employment, aviation, or transit) may file a written complaint. The law also prohibits intimidation or retaliation of any sort.

3. Time Limits and Filing Options

Complaints may be filed by the affected individual(s) or a representative and must be filed no later than 180 calendar days after the following:

- (i) The date of the alleged act of discrimination; or
- (ii) The date when the person(s) became aware of the alleged discrimination; or
- (iii) Where there has been a continuing course of conduct, the date on which that conduct was discontinued or the latest instance of the conduct.

Title VI and related discrimination complaints may be submitted to the following entities:

- North Carolina Department of Transportation, Office of Civil Rights, Title VI Program, 1511 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC 27699-1511; toll free 1-800-522-0453
- Federal Highway Administration, North Carolina Division Office, 310 New Bern Avenue, Suite 410, Raleigh, NC 27601, 919-747-7010

- US Department of Transportation, Departmental Office of Civil Rights, External Civil Rights Programs Division, 1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE, Washington, DC 20590; 202-366-4070
- 4. Format for Complaints

Complaints must be in writing and signed by the complainant(s) or a representative, and include the complainant's name, address, and telephone number. Complaints received by fax or e-mail will be acknowledged and processed. Allegations received by telephone will be reduced to writing and provided to the complainant for confirmation or revision before processing. Complaints will be accepted in other languages, including Braille.

5. Discrimination Complaint Form

Contact NCDOT Civil Rights to receive a full copy of the Discrimination Complaint Form and procedures.

6. Complaint Basis

Allegations must be based on issues involving race, color, national origin (LEP), sex, age, disability, or religion (in the context of employment, aviation or transit). "Basis" refers to the complainant's membership in a protected group category.

TABLE 103-1 COMPLAINT BASIS			
Protected Categories	Definition	Examples	Applicable Nondiscrimination Authorities
Race and Ethnicity	An individual belonging to one of the accepted racial groups; or the perception, based usually on physical characteristics that a person is a member of a racial group	Black/African American, Hispanic/Latino, Asian, American Indian/Alaska Native, Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander, White	Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964; 49 CFR Part 21; 23 CFR 200; 49 U.S.C. 5332(b); 49 U.S.C. 47123. <i>(Executive Order 13166)</i>
Color	Color of skin, including shade of skin within a racial group	Black, White, brown, yellow, etc.	
National Origin (Limited English Proficiency)	Place of birth. Citizenship is not a factor. ( <i>Discrimination based</i> on language or a person's accent is also covered)	Mexican, Cuban, Japanese, Vietnamese, Chinese	
Sex	Gender. The sex of an individual. <i>Note:</i> Sex under this program does not include sexual orientation.	Women and Men	1973 Federal-Aid Highway Act; 49 U.S.C. 5332(b); 49 U.S.C. 47123.
Age	Persons of any age	21-year-old person	Age Discrimination Act of 1975 49 U.S.C. 5332(b); 49 U.S.C. 47123.
Disability	Physical or mental impairment, permanent or temporary, or perceived.	Blind, alcoholic, para-amputee, epileptic, diabetic, arthritic	Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973; Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990

Religion (in the context of employment) (Religion/ Creed in all aspects of	An individual belonging to a religious group; or the perception, based on	Muslim, Christian, Sikh, Hindu, etc.	Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964; 23 CFR 230; FHWA-1273 Required Contract Provisions.
any aviation or transit-related construction)	distinguishable characteristics that a person is a member of a		(49 U.S.C. 5332(b); 49 U.S.C. 47123)
construction)	religious group. In practice,		49 0.3.C. 4/123)
	actions taken as a result of the		
	moral and ethical beliefs as to what is right and wrong, which		
	are sincerely held with the		
	strength of traditional religious		
	views. <i>Note:</i> Does not have to be associated with a recognized		
	religious group or church; if an		
	individual sincerely holds to the		
	belief, it is a protected religious practice.		

#### (3) Pertinent Nondiscrimination Authorities

During the performance of this contract, the contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest agrees to comply with the following non-discrimination statutes and authorities, including, but not limited to:

- (a) Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. § 2000d et seq., 78 stat. 252), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin); and 49 CFR Part 21.
- (b) The Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, (42 U.S.C. § 4601), (prohibits unfair treatment of persons displaced or whose property has been acquired because of Federal or Federal-aid programs and projects);
- (c) Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1973, (23 U.S.C. § 324 et seq.), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex);
- (d) Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, (29 U.S.C. § 794 et seq.), as amended, (prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability) and 49 CFR Part 27;
- (e) The Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended, (42 U.S.C. § 6101 et seq.), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of age);
- (f) Airport and Airway Improvement Act of 1982, (49 USC § 471, Section 47123), as amended, (prohibits discrimination based on race, creed, color, national origin, or sex);
- (g) The Civil Rights Restoration Act of 1987, (PL 100-209), (Broadened the scope, coverage and applicability of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, The Age Discrimination Act of 1975 and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, by expanding the definition of the terms "programs or activities" to include all of the programs or activities of the Federal-aid recipients, sub-recipients and contractors, whether such programs or activities are Federally funded or not);
- (h) Titles II and III of the Americans with Disabilities Act, which prohibit discrimination on the basis of disability in the operation of public entities, public and private transportation systems, places of public accommodation, and certain testing entities (42 U.S.C. §§ 12131-12189) as implemented by Department of Transportation regulations at 49 C.F.R. parts 37 and 38;
- (i) The Federal Aviation Administration's Nondiscrimination statute (49 U.S.C. § 47123) (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, and sex);
- (j) Executive Order 12898, Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations, which ensures Nondiscrimination against minority populations by discouraging programs, policies, and activities with

disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects on minority and low-income populations;

- (k) Executive Order 13166, Improving Access to Services for Persons with Limited English Proficiency, and resulting agency guidance, national origin discrimination includes discrimination because of Limited English proficiency (LEP). To ensure compliance with Title VI, you must take reasonable steps to ensure that LEP persons have meaningful access to your programs (70 Fed. Reg. at 74087 to 74100);
- Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended, which prohibits you from discriminating because of sex in education programs or activities (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq).
- (m)Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. § 2000e et seq., Pub. L. 88-352), (prohibits employment discrimination on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin).

### (4) Additional Title VI Assurances

- \*\**The following Title VI Assurances (Appendices B, C and D) shall apply, as applicable* (a) Clauses for Deeds Transferring United States Property (1050.2A, Appendix B)
- The following clauses will be included in deeds effecting or recording the transfer of real property, structures, or improvements thereon, or granting interest therein from the United States pursuant to the provisions of Assurance 4.

NOW, THEREFORE, the U.S. Department of Transportation as authorized by law and upon the condition that the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) will accept title to the lands and maintain the project constructed thereon in accordance with the North Carolina General Assembly, the Regulations for the Administration of the Federal-Aid Highway Program, and the policies and procedures prescribed by the Federal Highway Administration of the U.S. Department of Transportation in accordance and in compliance with all requirements imposed by Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, U.S. Department of Transportation, Subtitle A, Office of the Secretary, Part 21, Nondiscrimination in Federally-assisted programs of the U.S Department of Transportation pertaining to and effectuating the provisions of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (78 Stat. 252; 42 U.S.C. § 2000d to 2000d-4), does hereby remise, release, quitclaim and convey unto the NCDOT all the right, title and interest of the U.S. Department of Transportation in and to said lands described in Exhibit A attached hereto and made a part hereof.

#### (HABENDUM CLAUSE)

TO HAVE AND TO HOLD said lands and interests therein unto the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) and its successors forever, subject, however, to the covenants, conditions, restrictions and reservations herein contained as follows, which will remain in effect for the period during which the real property or structures are used for a purpose for which Federal financial assistance is extended or for another purpose involving the provision of similar services or benefits and will be binding on the NCDOT, its successors and assigns.

The NCDOT, in consideration of the conveyance of said lands and interests in lands, does hereby covenant and agree as a covenant running with the land for itself, its successors and assigns, that (1) no person will on the grounds of race, color, or national origin, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination with regard to any facility located wholly or in part on, over, or under such lands hereby conveyed [,] [and]\* (2) that the NCDOT will use the lands and interests in lands and interests in lands so conveyed, in compliance with all requirements imposed by or pursuant to Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, U.S. Department of Transportation, Subtitle A, Office of the Secretary, Part 21, Nondiscrimination in Federally-assisted programs of the U.S. Department of Transportation, Effectuation of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, and as said Regulations and Acts may be amended [, and (3) that in the event of breach of any of the above-mentioned nondiscrimination conditions, the Department will have a right to enter or re-enter said lands and facilities on said land, and that above described land and facilities will thereon revert to and vest in and become the absolute property of the U.S. Department of Transportation and its assigns as such interest existed prior to this instruction].\*

(\*Reverter clause and related language to be used only when it is determined that such a clause is necessary in order to make clear the purpose of Title VI.)

- (b) Clauses for Transfer of Real Property Acquired or Improved Under the Activity, Facility, or Program (1050.2A, Appendix C) The following clauses will be included in deeds, licenses, leases, permits, or similar instruments entered into by the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) pursuant to the provisions of Assurance 7(a):
  - 1. The (grantee, lessee, permittee, etc. as appropriate) for himself/herself, his/her heirs, personal representatives, successors in interest, and assigns, as a part of the consideration hereof, does hereby covenant and agree [in the case of deeds and leases add "as a covenant running with the land"] that:
    - (i.) In the event facilities are constructed, maintained, or otherwise operated on the property described in this (deed, license, lease, permit, etc.) for a purpose for which a U.S. Department of Transportation activity, facility, or program is extended or for another purpose involving the provision of similar services or benefits, the (grantee, licensee, lessee, permittee, etc.) will maintain and operate such facilities and services in compliance with all requirements imposed by the Acts and Regulations (as may be amended) such that no person on the grounds of race, color, or national origin, will be excluded from participation in, denied the benefits of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination in the use of said facilities.
  - 2. With respect to licenses, leases, permits, etc., in the event of breach of any of the above Nondiscrimination covenants, the NCDOT will have the right to terminate the (lease, license, permit, etc.) and to enter, re-enter, and repossess said lands and facilities thereon, and hold the same as if the (lease, license, permit, etc.) had never been made or issued. \*
  - 3. With respect to a deed, in the event of breach of any of the above Nondiscrimination covenants, the NCDOT will have the right to enter or re-enter the lands and facilities thereon, and the above described lands and facilities will there upon revert to and vest in and become the absolute property of the NCDOT and its assigns. \*

(\*Reverter clause and related language to be used only when it is determined that such a clause is necessary to make clear the purpose of Title VI.)

- (c) Clauses for Construction/Use/Access to Real Property Acquired Under the Activity, Facility or Program (1050.2A, Appendix D)
   The following clauses will be included in deeds, licenses, permits, or similar instruments/ agreements entered into by the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) pursuant to the provisions of Assurance 7(b):
  - The (grantee, licensee, permittee, etc., as appropriate) for himself/herself, his/her heirs, personal representatives, successors in interest, and assigns, as a part of the consideration hereof, does hereby covenant and agree (in the case of deeds and leases add, "as a covenant running with the land") that (1) no person on the ground of race, color, or national origin, will be excluded from participation in, denied the benefits of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination in the use of said facilities, (2) that in the construction of any improvements on, over, or under such land, and the furnishing of services thereon, no person on the ground of race, color, or national origin, will be excluded from participation in, denied the benefits of, or otherwise be subjected to discrimination, (3) that the (grantee, licensee, lessee, permittee, etc.) will use the premises in compliance with all other requirements imposed by or pursuant to the Acts and Regulations, as amended, set forth in this Assurance.
  - 2. With respect to (licenses, leases, permits, etc.), in the event of breach of any of the above Non¬ discrimination covenants, the NCDOT will have the right to terminate the (license, permit, etc., as appropriate) and to enter or re-enter and repossess said land and the facilities thereon, and hold the same as if said (license, permit, etc., as appropriate) had never been made or issued. \*
  - 3. With respect to deeds, in the event of breach of any of the above Nondiscrimination covenants, the NCDOT will there upon revert to and vest in and become the absolute property of the NCDOT and its assigns. \*

(\*Reverter clause and related language to be used only when it is determined that such a clause is necessary to make clear the purpose of Title VI.)

#### STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION

#### **ON-THE-JOB TRAINING**

(10-16-07) (Rev. 4-21-15)

### Description

The North Carolina Department of Transportation will administer a custom version of the Federal On-the-Job Training (OJT) Program, commonly referred to as the Alternate OJT Program. All contractors (existing and newcomers) will be automatically placed in the Alternate Program. Standard OJT requirements typically associated with individual projects will no longer be applied at the project level. Instead, these requirements will be applicable on an annual basis for each contractor administered by the OJT Program Manager.

On the Job Training shall meet the requirements of 23 CFR 230.107 (b), 23 USC – Section 140, this provision and the On-the-Job Training Program Manual.

The Alternate OJT Program will allow a contractor to train employees on Federal, State and privately funded projects located in North Carolina. However, priority shall be given to training employees on NCDOT Federal-Aid funded projects.

#### **Minorities and Women**

Developing, training and upgrading of minorities and women toward journeyman level status is a primary objective of this special training provision. Accordingly, the Contractor shall make every effort to enroll minority and women as trainees to the extent that such persons are available within a reasonable area of recruitment. This training commitment is not intended, and shall not be used, to discriminate against any applicant for training, whether a member of a minority group or not.

#### **Assigning Training Goals**

The Department, through the OJT Program Manager, will assign training goals for a calendar year based on the contractors' past three years' activity and the contractors' anticipated upcoming year's activity with the Department. At the beginning of each year, all contractors eligible will be contacted by the Department to determine the number of trainees that will be assigned for the upcoming calendar year. At that time the Contractor shall enter into an agreement with the Department to provide a self-imposed on-the-job training program for the calendar year. This agreement will include a specific number of annual training goals agreed to by both parties. The number of training assignments may range from 1 to 15 per contractor per calendar year. The Contractor shall sign an agreement to fulfill their annual goal for the year.

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#### **Training Classifications**

The Contractor shall provide on-the-job training aimed at developing full journeyman level workers in the construction craft/operator positions. Preference shall be given to providing training in the following skilled work classifications:

Equipment Operators	Office Engineers
Truck Drivers	Estimators
Carpenters	Iron / Reinforcing Steel Workers
Concrete Finishers	Mechanics
Pipe Layers	Welders

The Department has established common training classifications and their respective training requirements that may be used by the contractors. However, the classifications established are not all-inclusive. Where the training is oriented toward construction applications, training will be allowed in lower-level management positions such as office engineers and estimators. Contractors shall submit new classifications for specific job functions that their employees are performing. The Department will review and recommend for acceptance to FHWA the new classifications proposed by contractors, if applicable. New classifications shall meet the following requirements:

Proposed training classifications are reasonable and realistic based on the job skill classification needs, and

The number of training hours specified in the training classification is consistent with common practices and provides enough time for the trainee to obtain journeyman level status.

The Contractor may allow trainees to be trained by a subcontractor provided that the Contractor retains primary responsibility for meeting the training and this provision is made applicable to the subcontract. However, only the Contractor will receive credit towards the annual goal for the trainee.

Where feasible, 25 percent of apprentices or trainees in each occupation shall be in their first year of apprenticeship or training. The number of trainees shall be distributed among the work classifications on the basis of the contractor's needs and the availability of journeymen in the various classifications within a reasonable area of recruitment.

No employee shall be employed as a trainee in any classification in which they have successfully completed a training course leading to journeyman level status or in which they have been employed as a journeyman.

#### **Records and Reports**

The Contractor shall maintain enrollment, monthly and completion reports documenting company compliance under these contract documents. These documents and any other information as requested shall be submitted to the OJT Program Manager.

Upon completion and graduation of the program, the Contractor shall provide each trainee with a certification Certificate showing the type and length of training satisfactorily completed.

#### **Trainee Interviews**

All trainees enrolled in the program will receive an initial and Trainee/Post graduate interview conducted by the OJT program staff.

#### **Trainee Wages**

Contractors shall compensate trainees on a graduating pay scale based upon a percentage of the prevailing minimum journeyman wages (Davis-Bacon Act). Minimum pay shall be as follows:

60 percent	of the journeyman wage for the first half of the training period
75 percent	of the journeyman wage for the third quarter of the training period
90 percent	of the journeyman wage for the last quarter of the training period

In no instance shall a trainee be paid less than the local minimum wage. The Contractor shall adhere to the minimum hourly wage rate that will satisfy both the NC Department of Labor (NCDOL) and the Department.

#### Achieving or Failing to Meet Training Goals

The Contractor will be credited for each trainee employed by him on the contract work who is currently enrolled or becomes enrolled in an approved program and who receives training for at least 50 percent of the specific program requirement. Trainees will be allowed to be transferred between projects if required by the Contractor's scheduled workload to meet training goals.

If a contractor fails to attain their training assignments for the calendar year, they may be taken off the NCDOT's Bidders List.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

No compensation will be made for providing required training in accordance with these contract documents.

### GT-1.1

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#### MECHANICALLY STABILIZED EARTH RETAINING WALLS

(10-19-21)

#### 1.0 GENERAL

Construct mechanically stabilized earth (MSE) retaining walls consisting of steel or geosynthetic reinforcement in the reinforced zone connected to vertical facing elements. Use precast concrete panels for vertical facing elements and coarse aggregate in the reinforced zone unless noted otherwise in the plans. Provide reinforced concrete coping and pile sleeves as required. Design and construct MSE retaining walls based on actual elevations and wall dimensions in accordance with the contract and accepted submittals. Use a prequalified MSE Wall Installer to construct MSE retaining walls.

Define MSE wall terms as follows:

*Geosynthetic Reinforcement* – Polyester Type (PET), HDPE or Polypropylene (PP) geosynthetic grids, i.e., geogrid reinforcement or polymer straps, i.e., geostrip reinforcement, *Geogrid* – PET, HDPE or PP geogrid,

Reinforcement - Steel or geosynthetic reinforcement,

Aggregate - Coarse or fine aggregate,

Panel - Precast concrete panel,

Coping – Precast or CIP concrete coping,

Design Height (H) – Wall height + wall embedment as shown in the plans,

MSE Wall - Mechanically stabilized earth retaining wall,

MSE Wall Vendor - Vendor supplying the chosen MSE wall system,

MSE Panel Wall – MSE wall with panels,

MSE Segmental Wall - MSE wall with segmental retaining wall (SRW) units and

*Abutment Wall* – MSE wall with bridge foundations in any portion of the reinforced zone or an MSE wall connected to an abutment wall (even if bridge foundations only penetrate a small part of the reinforced zone, the entire MSE wall is considered an abutment wall).

For bridge approach fills behind end bents with MSE abutment walls, design reinforcement connected to end bent caps in accordance with the plans and this provision. Construct Type III Reinforced Bridge Approach Fills in accordance with the *Bridge Approach Fills* provision and Roadway Detail Drawing No. 422D10.

Use an approved MSE wall system in accordance with the plans and any NCDOT restrictions or exceptions for the chosen system. Value engineering proposals for other MSE wall systems will not be considered. Do not use MSE wall systems with an "approved for provisional use" status for MSE walls with design heights greater than 35 ft or walls supporting or adjacent to railroads or interstate highways. The list of approved MSE wall systems with approval status is available from:

connect.ncdot.gov/resources/Geological/Pages/Products.aspx

#### 2.0 MATERIALS

Refer to the Standard Specifications.

Item Aggregate Section 1014

## **GT-1.2**

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Asphalt Concrete Base Course, Type B25.0C	620
Corrugated Steel Pipe	1032-3
Epoxy, Type 3A	1081
Geosynthetics	1056
Grout, Type 3	1003
Joint Materials	1028
Portland Cement Concrete, Class A	1000
Precast Retaining Wall Coping	1077
Reinforcing Steel	1070
Retaining Wall Panels	1077
Segmental Retaining Wall Units	1040-4
Select Material, Class V	1016
Shoulder Drain Materials	816-2
Steel Pipe	1036-4(A)

Use galvanized corrugated steel pipe with a zinc coating weight of 2 oz/sf (G200) for pile sleeves. Provide Type 2 geotextile for filtration and separation geotextiles. Use Class A concrete for CIP coping, leveling concrete and pads. Use galvanized steel pipe, threaded rods and nuts for the PET geogrid reinforcement vertical obstruction detail. Provide galvanized Grade 36 anchor rods and Grade A hex nuts that meet AASHTO M 314 for threaded rods and nuts.

Use panels and SRW units from producers approved by the Department and licensed by the MSE Wall Vendor. Provide steel strip connectors embedded in panels fabricated from structural steel that meets the requirements for steel strip reinforcement. Unless required otherwise in the contract, produce panels with a smooth flat final finish that meets Article 1077-11 of the *Standard Specifications*. Accurately locate and secure reinforcement connectors in panels and maintain required concrete cover. Produce panels within 1/4" of the panel dimensions shown in the accepted submittals.

Damaged panels or SRW units with excessive discoloration, chips or cracks as determined by the Engineer will be rejected. Do not damage reinforcement connection devices or mechanisms in handling or storing panels and SRW units.

Store steel materials on blocking at least 12" above the ground and protect it at all times from damage; and when placing in the work make sure it is free from dirt, dust, loose mill scale, loose rust, paint, oil or other foreign materials. Handle and store geosynthetics in accordance with Article 1056-2 of the *Standard Specifications*. Load, transport, unload and store MSE wall materials so materials are kept clean and free of damage. Bent, damaged or defective materials will be rejected.

#### A. Aggregate

Use standard size No. 57, 57M, 67 or 78M that meets Table 1005-1 of the *Standard Specifications* for coarse aggregate and the following for fine aggregate:

1. Standard size No. 1S, 2S, 2MS or 4S that meets Table 1005-2 of the *Standard Specifications* or

## GT-1.3

2. Gradation that meets Class III, Type 3 select material in accordance with Article 1016-3 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Fine aggregate is exempt from mortar strength in Subarticle 1014-1(E) of the *Standard Specifications*. Use fine aggregate with a maximum organic content of 1.0%. Provide aggregate with chemical properties that meet the following requirements:

AGGREGATE pH REQUIREMENTS				
Aggregate Type (in reinforced zone)Reinforcement or Connector MaterialpH				
Coarse or Fine	Steel	5-10		
Coarse or Fine	Geosynthetic 4.5 – 9			

AGGREGATE ELECTROCHEMICAL REQUIREMENTS (Steel Reinforcement/Connector Materials Only)				
Aggregate Type (in reinforced zone)				
Coarse	$\geq$ 5,000 $\Omega \cdot cm$	< 100 mm	< 200	
Fine	$\geq$ 3,000 $\Omega \cdot cm$	≤ 100 ppm	$\leq$ 200 ppm	

Use aggregate from sources participating in the Department's Aggregate QC/QA Program as described in Section 1006 of the *Standard Specifications*. Sample and test aggregate in accordance with the *Mechanically Stabilized Earth Wall Aggregate Sampling and Testing Procedures*.

B. Reinforcement

Provide steel or geosynthetic reinforcement supplied by the MSE Wall Vendor or a manufacturer approved or licensed by the vendor. Use reinforcement approved for the chosen MSE wall system. The list of approved reinforcement for each MSE wall system is available from the website shown elsewhere in this provision.

1. Steel Reinforcement

Provide Type 1 material certifications in accordance with Article 106-3 of the *Standard Specifications* for steel reinforcement. Use welded wire grid reinforcement ("mesh", "mats" and "ladders") that meet Article 1070-3 of the *Standard Specifications* and steel strip reinforcement ("straps") that meet ASTM A572, A1011 or A463. Use 10 gauge or heavier structural steel Grade 50 or higher for steel strip reinforcement. Galvanize steel reinforcement in accordance with Section 1076 of the *Standard Specifications* or provide aluminized steel strip reinforcement that meet ASTM A463, Type 2-100.

2. Geosynthetic Reinforcement

Provide Type 1 material certifications and identify geosynthetic reinforcement in

## GT-1.4

accordance with Article 1056-3 of the *Standard Specifications*. Define machine direction (MD) and cross-machine direction (CD) for geogrids per Article 1056-3 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Use HDPE or PP geogrid for geogrid reinforcement cast into backwalls of end bent caps. Use PET or HDPE geogrid for geogrid reinforcement connected directly to SRW units and only HDPE geogrid for geogrid reinforcement cast into panels.

Provide extruded geogrids produced in the United States and manufactured from punched and drawn polypropylene sheets for PP geogrids that meet the following:

<b>PP GEOGRID REQUIREMENTS</b>				
Property	Requirement <sup>1</sup>	<b>Test Method</b>		
Aperture Dimensions <sup>2</sup>	1" x 1.2"	N/A		
Minimum Rib Thickness <sup>2</sup>	0.07" x 0.07"	N/A		
Tensile Strength @ 2% Strain <sup>2</sup>	580 lb/ft x 690 lb/ft	A STM D6627		
Tensile Strength @ 5% Strain <sup>2</sup>	1,200 lb/ft x 1,370 lb/ft	ASTM D6637, Method B		
Ultimate Tensile Strength <sup>2</sup>	1,850 lb/ft x 2,050 lb/ft			
Junction Efficiency <sup>3</sup>	93%	ASTM D7737		
(MD)	9370	ASTNI D7757		
Flexural Rigidity <sup>4</sup>	2,000,000 mg–cm	ASTM D7748		
Aperture Stability Modulus <sup>5</sup>	0.55 lb-ft/degrees	ASTM D7864		
UV Stability	100%	ASTM D4355		
(Retained Strength)	(after 500 hr of exposure)	ASTIVI D4555		

- **1.** MARV per Article 1056-3 of the *Standard Specifications* except dimensions and thickness are nominal.
- 2. Requirement for MD x CD.
- Junction Efficiency (%) = (Average Junction Strength (Xj<sub>ave</sub>) / Ultimate Tensile Strength in the MD from ASTM D6637, Method A) × 100.
- 4. Test specimens two ribs wide, with transverse ribs cut flush with exterior edges of longitudinal ribs, and sufficiently long to enable measurement of the overhang dimension.
- 5. Applied moment of 17.7 lb–inch (torque increment).
- C. Bearing Pads

For MSE panel walls, use preformed ethylene propylene diene monomer rubber bearing pads that meet ASTM D2000 Grade 2, Type A, Class A with a durometer hardness of 60 or  $80 \pm 5$ . Provide bearing pads with thicknesses that meet the following:

BEARING PAD THICKNESS			
Facing Area per Panel (A)Minimum Pad Thickness After Compression (based on 2 times panel weight above pads)			
$A \le 30 \text{ sf}$	1/2"		
$30 \text{ sf} < A \le 75 \text{ sf}$	3/4"		

D. Miscellaneous Components

### **GT-1.5**

Miscellaneous components may include connectors (e.g., anchors, bars, clamps, pins, plates, ties, etc.), fasteners (e.g., bolts, nuts, washers, etc.) and any other MSE wall components not included above. Use 10 gauge or heavier structural steel Grade 50 or higher for steel strip panel anchors and connectors. Galvanize steel components in accordance with Section 1076 of the *Standard Specifications*. Provide miscellaneous components approved for the chosen MSE wall system. The list of approved miscellaneous components for each MSE wall system is available from the website shown elsewhere in this provision.

#### **3.0 PRECONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS**

#### A. MSE Wall Surveys

The Retaining Wall Plans show a plan view, typical sections, details, notes and an elevation or profile view (wall envelope) for each MSE wall. Before beginning MSE wall design, survey existing ground elevations shown in the plans and other elevations in the vicinity of MSE wall locations as needed. For proposed slopes above or below MSE walls, survey existing ground elevations to at least 10 ft beyond slope stake points. Based on these elevations, finished grades and actual MSE wall dimensions and details, submit revised wall envelopes for acceptance. Use accepted wall envelopes for design.

#### B. MSE Wall Designs

For MSE wall designs, submit PDF files of working drawings and design calculations at least 30 days before the preconstruction meeting. Note name and NCDOT ID number of the panel or SRW unit production facility on working drawings. Do not begin MSE wall construction until a design submittal is accepted.

Use a prequalified MSE Segmental Wall Design Consultant to design MSE segmental walls. Provide MSE segmental wall designs sealed by a Design Engineer approved as a Geotechnical Engineer (key person) for the MSE Segmental Wall Design Consultant. Provide MSE panel wall designs sealed by a Design Engineer licensed in the state of North Carolina and employed or contracted by the MSE Wall Vendor.

Design MSE walls in accordance with the plans, *AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications* and any NCDOT restrictions for the chosen MSE wall system unless otherwise required. For abutment walls only, design MSE walls for seismic if wall sites meet either or both of the following:

- Wall site is in seismic zone 2 based on Figure 2-1 of the *Structure Design Manual*,
- Wall site is classified as AASHTO Site Class E, as noted in the plans, and is in or west of Pender, Duplin, Wayne, Johnston, Wake, Durham or Person County.

Connect reinforcement to panels or SRW units with methods or devices approved for the chosen system. Use a uniform reinforcement length throughout the height of the wall of at least 0.7H or 6 ft, whichever is longer, unless noted otherwise in the plans. Extend the reinforced zone at least 6" beyond end of reinforcement. Do not locate drains, the reinforced zone or leveling pads outside right-of-way or easement limits.

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Use the simplified method for determining maximum reinforcement loads and design parameters approved for the chosen MSE wall system or default values in accordance with the AASHTO LRFD specifications. Design steel components including reinforcement and connectors for the design life noted in the plans and aggregate type in the reinforced zone. If an MSE wall system with geosynthetic reinforcement includes any steel parts for obstructions, bin walls, connections or other components, design steel exposed to aggregate for the design life noted in the plans and aggregate type in the reinforced zone. Use "loss of galvanizing" metal loss rates for nonaggressive backfill in accordance with the AASHTO LRFD specifications for galvanized and aluminized steel and metal loss rates for carbon steel in accordance with the following:

CARBON STEEL CORROSION RATES			
Aggregate Type (in reinforced zone)	Carbon Steel Loss Rate (after coating depletion)		
Coarse	0.47 mil/year		
Fine (except abutment walls)	0.58 mil/year		
Fine (abutment walls)	0.70 mil/year		

For PET or HDPE geogrid and geostrip reinforcement and geosynthetic connectors, use approved geosynthetic properties for the design life noted in the plans and aggregate type in the reinforced zone. For geogrid reinforcement connected to end bent caps, embed reinforcement or connectors in caps as shown in the plans. For PP geogrid reinforcement connected to end bent caps, use the following design parameters for the aggregate type in the reinforced approach fill.

PP GEOGRID REINFORCEMENT DESIGN PARAMETERS					
Aggregate TypeTal (MD)F*αρ					
Coarse	400 lb/ft	0.70	0.8	32.0°	
Fine	428 lb/ft	0.54	0.8	28.35°	

Where,

$T_{al}$	=	long-term design strength (LTDS),
F*	=	pullout resistance factor,
α	=	scale effect correction factor and
ρ	=	soil-geogrid friction angle.

When noted in the plans, design MSE walls for a live load (traffic) surcharge of 250 psf in accordance with Figure C11.5.6-3(b) of the AASHTO LRFD specifications. For steel beam guardrail with 8 ft posts or concrete barrier rail above MSE walls, analyze top 2 reinforcement layers for traffic impact loads in accordance with Section 7.2 of *FHWA Design and Construction of Mechanically Stabilized Earth Walls and Reinforced Soil Slopes – Volume I* (Publication No. FHWA-NHI-10-024) except use the following for geosynthetic reinforcement rupture:

$$\phi T_{al} R_c \geq T_{max} + (T_I / RF_{CR})$$

Where,

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- $\phi$  = resistance factor for tensile resistance in accordance with Section 7.2.1 of the FHWA MSE wall manual,
- $T_{al}$  = long-term geosynthetic design strength approved for chosen MSE wall system,
- $R_c$  = reinforcement coverage ratio = 1 for continuous geosynthetic reinforcement,
- $T_{max}$  = factored static load in accordance with Section 7.2 of the FHWA MSE wall manual,
- $T_I$  = factored impact load in accordance with Section 7.2 of the FHWA MSE wall manual and
- $RF_{CR}$  = creep reduction factor approved for chosen MSE wall system.

When shown in the plans for abutment walls, use pile sleeves to segregate piles from aggregate in the reinforced zone. If existing or future obstructions such as foundations, guardrail, fence or handrail posts, moment slabs, pavements, pipes, inlets or utilities will interfere with reinforcement, maintain a clearance of at least 3" between obstructions and reinforcement unless otherwise approved. Design reinforcement for obstructions and locate reinforcement layers so all of reinforcement length is within 3" of corresponding connection elevations. Modify PET geogrid reinforcement for obstructions as shown in the plans.

Use 6" thick CIP unreinforced concrete leveling pads beneath panels and SRW units that are continuous at steps and extend at least 6" in front of and behind bottom row of panels or SRW units. Unless required otherwise in the plans, embed top of leveling pads in accordance with the following requirements:

WALL EMBEDMENT REQUIREMENTS					
Front Slope <sup>1</sup> (H:V)	Minimum Embedment Depth <sup>2</sup> (whichever is greater)				
6:1 or flatter (except abutment walls)	H/20	1 ft for $H \le 10$ ft 2 ft for $H > 10$ ft			
6:1 or flatter (abutment walls)	H/10	2 ft			
> 6:1 to < 3:1	H/10	2 ft			
3:1 to 2:1	H/7	2 ft			

**1.** Front slope is as shown in the plans.

2. H is the maximum design height per wall.

When noted in the plans, locate a continuous aggregate shoulder drain along the base of the reinforced zone behind the aggregate. Provide wall drainage systems consisting of drains and outlet components in accordance with Roadway Standard Drawing No. 816.02.

For MSE panel walls, cover joints at back of panels with filtration geotextiles at least 12" wide. If the approval of the chosen MSE wall system does not require a minimum number of bearing pads, provide the number of pads in accordance with the following:

NUMBER OF BEARING PADS

Γ 1	0
-	0.1

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Facing Area per Panel (A)	Maximum Height of Wall Above Horizontal Panel Joint	Minimum Number of Pads per Horizontal Panel Joint
$\Lambda < 20$ of	25 ft	2
$A \le 30 \text{ sf}$	35 ft <sup>1</sup>	3
20 - 6 - 1 - 75 - 6	25 ft	3
$30 \text{ sf} < A \le 75 \text{ sf}$	35 ft <sup>1</sup>	4

1. Additional bearing pads per horizontal panel joint may be required for wall heights above joints greater than 35 ft.

For MSE segmental walls, coarse aggregate is required in any SRW unit core spaces and between and behind SRW units for a horizontal distance of at least 18".

Separation geotextiles are required between the aggregate and overlying fill sections. When noted in the plans, separation geotextiles are also required at the back of the reinforced zone between the aggregate and backfill or natural ground. When placing pavement sections directly on the reinforced zone, cap aggregate with 4" of asphalt concrete base course. Unless required otherwise in the plans, use reinforced concrete coping at top of walls that meets the following requirements:

- 1. Coping dimensions as shown in the plans,
- 2. At the Contractor's option, coping that is precast or CIP concrete for MSE panel walls unless CIP coping is required as shown in the plans,
- 3. CIP concrete coping for MSE segmental walls and
- 4. At the Contractor's option and when shown in the plans, CIP concrete coping that extends down back of panels or SRW units or connects to panels or SRW units with dowels.

For MSE segmental walls with dowels, attach dowels to top courses of SRW units in accordance with the following:

- 1. Set dowels in core spaces of SRW units filled with grout instead of coarse aggregate or
- 2. Embed adhesively anchored dowels in holes of solid SRW units with epoxy.

For MSE panel walls with coping, connect CIP concrete coping or leveling concrete for precast concrete coping to top row of panels with dowels cast into panels. When concrete barrier rail is required above MSE walls, use concrete barrier rail with moment slab as shown in the plans.

Submit working drawings and design calculations for acceptance in accordance with Article 105-2 of the *Standard Specifications*. Submit working drawings showing plan views, wall profiles with foundation pressures, typical sections with reinforcement and connection details, aggregate locations and types, geotextile locations and details of leveling pads, panels or SRW units, coping, bin walls, slip joints, pile sleeves, etc. If

## GT-1.9

necessary, include details on working drawings for concrete barrier rail with moment slab, reinforcement splices if allowed for the chosen MSE wall system, reinforcement connected to end bent caps, curved MSE walls with tight (short) radii and obstructions extending through walls or interfering with reinforcement, leveling pads, barriers or moment slabs. Submit design calculations for each wall section with different surcharge loads, geometry or material parameters. At least one analysis is required for each wall section with different reinforcement lengths. When designing MSE walls with computer software other than MSEW, use MSEW manufactured by ADAMA Engineering, Inc. to verify the design. At least one MSEW analysis is required per 100 ft of wall length with at least one analysis for the wall section with the longest reinforcement. Submit electronic MSEW input files and PDF output files with design calculations.

C. Preconstruction Meeting

Before starting MSE wall construction, hold a preconstruction meeting to discuss the construction and inspection of the MSE walls. If this meeting occurs before all MSE wall submittals have been accepted, additional preconstruction meetings may be required before beginning construction of MSE walls without accepted submittals. The Resident or Bridge Maintenance Engineer, Area Construction Engineer, Geotechnical Operations Engineer, Contractor and MSE Wall Installer Superintendent will attend preconstruction meetings.

#### 4.0 CORROSION MONITORING

Corrosion monitoring is required for MSE walls with steel reinforcement. The Engineer will determine the number of monitoring locations and where to install the instrumentation. Contact M&T before beginning wall construction. M&T will provide the corrosion monitoring instrumentation kits and if necessary, assistance with installation.

#### 5.0 SITE ASSISTANCE

Unless otherwise approved, an MSE Wall Vendor representative is required to assist and guide the MSE Wall Installer on-site for at least 8 hours when the first panels or SRW units and reinforcement layer are placed. If problems are encountered during construction, the Engineer may require the vendor representative to return to the site for a time period determined by the Engineer.

#### 6.0 **CONSTRUCTION METHODS**

Control drainage during construction in the vicinity of MSE walls. Direct run off away from MSE walls, aggregate and backfill. Contain and maintain aggregate and backfill and protect material from erosion.

Excavate as necessary for MSE walls in accordance with the accepted submittals. If applicable and at the Contractor's option, use temporary shoring for wall construction instead of temporary slopes to construct MSE walls. Define "temporary shoring for wall construction" as temporary shoring not shown in the plans or required by the Engineer including shoring for OSHA reasons or the Contractor's convenience.

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Unless required otherwise in the plans, install foundations and if required, pile sleeves located in the reinforced zone before placing aggregate or reinforcement. Brace piles in the reinforced zone to maintain alignment when placing and compacting aggregate. Secure piles together with steel members near top of piles. Clamp members to piles instead of welding if bracing is at or below pile cut-off elevations.

Notify the Engineer when foundation excavation is complete. Do not place leveling pad concrete, aggregate or reinforcement until excavation dimensions and foundation material are approved.

Construct CIP concrete leveling pads at elevations and with dimensions shown in the accepted submittals and in accordance with Section 420 of the *Standard Specifications*. Cure leveling pads at least 24 hours before placing panels or SRW units.

Erect and support panels and stack SRW units so the final wall position is as shown in the accepted submittals. Stagger SRW units to create a running bond by centering SRW units over joints in the row below as shown in the accepted submittals. Space bearing pads in horizontal panel joints as shown in the accepted submittals and cover all panel joints with filtration geotextiles as shown in the accepted submittals. Attach filtration geotextiles to back of panels with adhesives, tapes or other approved methods.

Construct MSE walls with the following tolerances:

- A. SRW units are level from front to back and between units when checked with a 4 ft long level,
- B. Vertical joint widths are 1/4" maximum for SRW units and 3/4",  $\pm 1/4$ " for panels,
- C. Final wall face is within 3/4" of horizontal and vertical alignment shown in the accepted submittals when measured along a 10 ft straightedge and
- D. Final wall plumbness (batter) is not negative (wall face leaning forward) and within  $0.5^{\circ}$  of vertical unless otherwise approved.

Place reinforcement at locations and elevations shown in the accepted submittals and within 3" of corresponding connection elevations. Install reinforcement with the direction shown in the accepted submittals. Before placing aggregate, pull geosynthetic reinforcement taut so it is in tension and free of kinks, folds, wrinkles or creases. Reinforcement may be spliced once per reinforcement length if shown in the accepted submittals. Use reinforcement pieces at least 6 ft long. Contact the Engineer when unanticipated existing or future obstructions such as foundations, guardrail, fence or handrail posts, pavements, pipes, inlets or utilities will interfere with reinforcement. To avoid obstructions, deflect, skew or modify reinforcement as shown in the accepted submittals.

Place aggregate in the reinforced zone in 8" to 10" thick lifts. Compact fine aggregate in accordance with Subarticle 235-3(C) of the *Standard Specifications*. Use only hand operated compaction equipment to compact aggregate within 3 ft of panels or SRW units. At a distance greater than 3 ft, compact aggregate with at least 4 passes of an 8 ton to 10 ton vibratory roller in a direction parallel to the wall face. Smooth wheeled or rubber tired rollers are also acceptable for compacting aggregate. Do not use sheepsfoot, grid rollers or other

## GT-1.11

types of compaction equipment with feet. Do not displace or damage reinforcement when placing and compacting aggregate. End dumping directly on geosynthetics is not permitted. Do not operate heavy equipment on reinforcement until it is covered with at least 8" of aggregate. Replace any damaged reinforcement to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Backfill for MSE walls outside the reinforced zone in accordance with Article 410-8 of the *Standard Specifications*. If a drain is required, install wall drainage systems as shown in the accepted submittals and in accordance with Section 816 of the *Standard Specifications*. If pile sleeves are required, fill sleeves with loose uncompacted sand before constructing end bent caps.

Install dowels as necessary for SRW units and place and construct coping and leveling concrete as shown in the accepted submittals. Construct leveling concrete in accordance with Section 420 of the *Standard Specifications*. Construct CIP concrete coping in accordance with Subarticle 452-4(B) of the *Standard Specifications*. When single faced precast concrete barrier is required in front of and against MSE walls, stop coping just above barrier so coping does not interfere with placing barrier up against wall faces. If the gap between a single faced barrier and wall face is wider than 2", fill gap with Class V select material (standard size No. 78M stone). Otherwise, fill gap with backer rod and seal joint between barrier and MSE wall with silicone sealant.

When separation geotextiles are required, overlap adjacent geotextiles at least 18" and hold geotextiles in place with wire staples or anchor pins as needed. Seal joints above and behind MSE walls between coping and concrete slope protection with silicone sealant.

#### 7.0 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

*MSE Retaining Wall No.* \_\_\_\_ will be measured and paid in square feet. MSE walls will be measured as the square feet of wall face area with the pay height equal to the difference between top of wall and top of leveling pad elevations. Define "top of wall" as top of coping or top of panels or SRW units for MSE walls without coping.

The contract unit price for *MSE Retaining Wall No.* \_\_\_\_ will be full compensation for providing designs, submittals, labor, tools, equipment and MSE wall materials, excavating, hauling and removing excavated materials, placing and compacting aggregate and backfill material and supplying site assistance, leveling pads, panels, SRW units, reinforcement, aggregate, wall drainage systems, geotextiles, aggregate concrete base course, bearing pads, coping, miscellaneous components and any incidentals necessary to construct MSE walls. The contract unit price for *MSE Retaining Wall No.* \_\_\_ will also be full compensation for reinforcement and connector design for reinforcement connected to end bent caps, wall modifications for obstructions, pile sleeves filled with sand, joints sealed with silicone sealant and gaps between barriers and MSE walls filled with backer rod or No. 78M stone, if required.

No separate payment will be made for temporary shoring for wall construction. Temporary shoring for wall construction will be incidental to the contract unit price for *MSE Retaining Wall No.* \_\_\_\_.

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The contract unit price for *MSE Retaining Wall No.* \_\_\_\_\_\_ does not include the cost for ditches, fences, handrails, barrier or guardrail associated with MSE walls as these items will be paid for elsewhere in the contract. The contract unit price for *MSE Retaining Wall No.* \_\_\_\_\_\_ also does not include the cost for constructing bridge approach fills behind end bents with MSE abutment walls. See *Bridge Approach Fills* provision for measurement and payment of Type III Reinforced Bridge Approach Fills.

Where it is necessary to provide backfill material behind the reinforced zone from sources other than excavated areas or borrow sources used in connection with other work in the contract, payment for furnishing and hauling such backfill material will be paid as extra work in accordance with Article 104-7 of the *Standard Specifications*. Placing and compacting such backfill material is not considered extra work but is incidental to the work being performed.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item MSE Retaining Wall No. \_\_\_\_

SEAL 39779 *WG | NE FROM WY R. HAMMING | NE FROM STATES / OF THE STATES OF THE STATES*  **Pay Unit** Square Foot

## GT-2.1

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#### **BOX CULVERT EXCAVATION**

(SPECIAL)

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

**Page 4-21, Article 414-2, Materials,** line 13, in materials table, add material "Geotextiles, Type 2 Section 1056"

**Page 4-21, Article 414-2, Materials,** line 14, add "Provide foundation conditioning geotextile and geotextile to wrap cold joints in accordance with Article 1056 for Type 2 geotextile."

**Page 4-21, Article 414-4, Conditioning Culvert Foundation,** line 31, add "Encapsulate the foundation conditioning material with foundation conditioning geotextile before constructing culvert."

**Page 4-22, Article 414-7, Backfilling and Filling,** line 5, add "For stage-constructed culverts, wrap geotextile around sides and top of cold joints. Extend geotextile at least 12 inches beyond each side of the joint. Secure geotextile against the outside of the culvert by methods approved by the Engineer."

**Page 4-22, Article 414-9, Measurement and Payment**, line 45, add "*Foundation Conditioning Geotextile* will be measured and paid in square yards. The measurement will be based on the theoretical calculation using length of culvert installed and cross-sectional perimeter of the foundation conditioning material. No separate measurement will be made for overlapping geotextile."

**Page 4-23 Article 414-9, Measurement and Payment**, line 3, in pay item table, add pay item "Foundation Conditioning Geotextile" with pay unit "Square Yard"



#### PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS GEOENVIRONMENTAL

#### CONTAMINATED SOIL (4/11/2023)

The Contractor's attention is directed to the fact that soil contaminated with petroleum hydrocarbon compounds and coal combustion by-product exist within the project area. The known areas of contamination are indicated on corresponding plans sheets. Information relating to these contaminated areas, sample locations, and investigation reports will be available at the following web address by navigating to the correct letting year and month then selecting, "Plans and Proposals", "R-3833C", "Individual Sheets/520 GeoEnvironmental":

#### http://dotw-xfer01.dot.state.nc.us/dsplan/

#### **Petroleum Contaminated Soil**

Petroleum contaminated soil may be encountered during any earthwork activities on the project. The Contractor shall only excavate those soils that the Engineer designates necessary to complete a particular task. The Engineer shall determine if soil is contaminated based on areas shown on the plans, petroleum odors, and unusual soil staining. Contaminated soil not required to be excavated is to remain in place and undisturbed. Undisturbed soil shall remain in place, whether contaminated or not. The Contractor shall transport all petroleum contaminated soil excavated from the project to a facility licensed to accept petroleum contaminated soil.

In the event that a stockpile is needed, the stockpile shall be created within the property boundaries of the source material and in accordance with the Diagram for Temporary Containment and Treatment of Petroleum-Contaminated Soil per North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality's (NCDEQ) Division of Waste Management UST Section GUIDELINES FOR EX SITU PETROLEUM CONTAMINATED SOIL REMEDIATION. If the volume of contaminated material exceeds available space on site, the Contractor shall obtain a permit from the NCDEQ UST Section's Regional Office for off-site temporary storage. The Contractor shall provide copies of disposal manifests completed per the disposal facilities requirements and weigh tickets to the Engineer.

#### **Coal Combustion By-Product (Coal Ash) Contaminated Material**

Coal ash contaminated material may be encountered during earthwork activities on Parcels 033 040, 043, 046, 073 and 082. The Contractor shall only excavate those materials that the Engineer designates necessary to complete a particular task. Coal ash contaminated material not required to be excavated is to remain in place and undisturbed. Undisturbed soil shall remain in place, whether contaminated or not.

Coal ash contaminated material shall be excavated in such a manner that minimizes material washing downstream. The contractor shall begin excavation at the upstream end of parcels with known coal ash. Coal ash contaminated material removed during construction shall be transported to a waste treatment and disposal facility that is fully approved and permitted by all applicable environmental regulatory agencies to receive, treat and/or dispose of the material. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to locate such a facility. All material shall be contained appropriately

during transport to the disposal facility. Departmental approval of the specific facility identified for use by the Contractor shall occur prior to removal of any material from the project limits.

The Contractor shall provide the Department with all transportation manifests and certificates of acceptance from the receiving disposal facility weekly. The Department will be the regulatory generator of all waste excavated and removed from within its right of way. The Contractor, with the approval of the Engineer, is authorized to sign all waste transportation and disposal manifests on behalf of the Department.

#### **Measurement and Payment:**

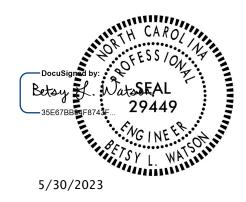
The quantity of contaminated soil/contaminated material hauled and disposed of shall be the actual number of tons of material, which has been acceptably transported and weighed with certified scales as documented by disposal manifests and weigh tickets. The quantity of petroleum contaminated soil, measured as provided above, shall be paid for at the contract unit price per ton for "Hauling and Disposal of Petroleum Contaminated Soil". The quantity of coal ash contaminated material, measured as provided above, shall be paid for at the contract unit price per ton for "Hauling and Disposal of Coal Ash Contaminated Material."

The above price and payment shall be full compensation for all work covered by this section, including, but not limited to stockpiling, loading, transportation, weighing, laboratory testing, disposal, equipment, decontamination of equipment, labor, and personal protective equipment.

Payment shall be made under:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
Hauling and Disposal of Petroleum Contaminated Soil	Ton
Hauling and Disposal of Coal Ash Contaminated Material	Ton





#### **IN LANE ROUTE SHIELDS:**

(01/31/2018)

#### Description

This work shall consist of applying NCDOT approved In Lane Route Shields in accordance with Section 1205 of the *2018 Standard Specifications*.

**PM-1** 

### Application

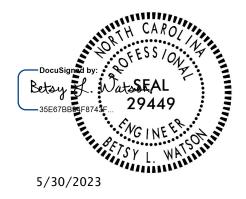
Install Heated-In-Place Thermoplastic In Lane Route Shields that are capable of adhering to both asphalt and concrete pavements. Installation shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.

### **Measurement and Payment**

In Lane Route Shields will be measured and paid for in units of each that have been satisfactorily placed and accepted.

Add the following pay item:

**Pay Item** In Lane Route Shields Pay Unit Each



# **POLYUREA PAVEMENT MARKING MEDIA AND THICKNESS:** (08-27-20)

Amend the NCDOT 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 12-8, Subarticle 1205-5(B), lines 14-16, replace with the following:

Produce polyurea pavement marking lines that have a minimum dry thickness of 20 mils above the pavement surface when placed on concrete and asphalt pavements. Produce polyurea pavement marking lines that have a minimum dry thickness of 30 mils above the pavement surface on textured surfaces such as OGFC and on surfaces where the polyurea will be placed over a previously removed pavement marking.

PM- 2

**Page 12-9,** replace **Table 1205-4 Minimum Reflectometer Requirement for Polyurea** with the following:

TABLE 1205-4 MINIMUM REFLECTOMETER REQUIREMENTS FOR POLYUREA				
Item	Color	Reflectivity		
	White	375 mcd/lux/m <sup>2</sup>		
Standard Glass Beads	Yellow	250 mcd/lux/m <sup>2</sup>		

The installer may choose to use an AASHTO Type 4/Type 1 or AASHTO Type 3/Type 1 double drop system, but no price adjustment will be made, and these systems will be incidental to the polyurea pavement marking.

Pay Item

Pay Unit

Polyurea Pavement Marking Lines, \_\_\_\_, mils (Standard Glass Beads)

Linear Foot

Project: R-3833C

## UC-1

County: Iredell

PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS Utility Construction



Stantec Consulting Services Inc. One West Fourth St., Suite 820 Winston-Salem, NC 27101 336-276-1617 Firm License No.: F-0672



DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED

<u>Utility Owner:</u> *Town of Mooresville* 413 N Main Street Mooresville, NC 28115

### Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

**Page 10-60, Sub-article 1036-5, Ductile Iron Pipe and Fittings,** insert the following after "ANSI/AWWA C104/A21.4" on Line 9:

"The exterior of ductile iron pipe shall be coated with a bituminous coating. Ductile iron pipe up to 12-inch diameter must be thickness pressure Class 350. Pipe diameters 16 inch and larger must have a minimum thickness pressure Class 250. Any deviations in pressure class must be approved by the Engineering Services Director."

**Page 10-60, Sub-article 1036-5, Ductile Iron Pipe and Fittings,** insert the following after "safety of 2" on Line 12:

"All glands shall be ductile iron, not gray iron. The interior of fittings will be cement-mortar lining of standard thickness in accordance with ANSI/AWWA C104/A21.4. The exterior of all fittings shall be coated with bituminous coating. Fittings coated on the interior and exterior with 8 mils of fusion-bonded epoxy in accordance with ANSI/AWWA C116/A21.16 are acceptable."

**Page 10-60, Sub-article 1036-5, Ductile Iron Pipe and Fittings,** insert the following paragraph after "safety of 2" on Line 12:

"All restrained joint pipe shall have flexible push-on joints designed to deflect a minimum of 3 degrees per joint. Field welding will not be allowed. Factory supplied field cut kits shall be used as directed by the pipe manufacturer. Approved restrained retainer glands shall be used to connect pipe to mechanical joint fittings. Restrained joint pipe is subject to approval by the Engineering Services Director, whose acceptance or rejection shall be final.

Project: R-3833C

County: Iredell

Restrained joint development length calculations shall be performed using the Ductile Iron Pipe Research Association (DIPRA) *Thrust Restraint Design for Ductile Iron Pipe* computer program which can be downloaded from <u>http://www.dipra.org/</u>. The output shall be submitted to the Town for review and approval. The Engineering Services Director reserves the right to specify the type of restrained pipe to be used on specific projects and specific field applications. All restrained joint pipe material must meet Domestic Steel Policy. Field Lok Gaskets must be made in the USA. Approved restrained joint pipe are:

- 1) Field Lok 350 Gaskets (16 inch and smaller pipe only).
- 2) TR Flex by U.S. Pipe.
- 3) Snap-Lok by Griffin.
- 4) Super-Lock by Clow.
- 5) Flex-Ring by American.
- 6) Or approved equal.

Threaded rods, tie bolts and washers used for thrust restraint shall be <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" stainless steel.

Retainer glands shall be wedge action glands with torque limiting twist off nuts or glands with wedge type gripping gaskets. Approved glands shall be the following:

- 1) Megalug #1100 by EBBA Iron Sales, Inc.
- 2) MJ Field Lok Gaskets by U.S Pipe.
- 3) Ford Meter Box, Series 1400.
- 4) Or approved equal."

Page 10-61, Sub-article 1034-4 (A), Gravity Flow Sewer Pipe, insert the following after "A21.51." on Line 36:

"The exterior of ductile iron pipe shall be coated with a bituminous coating. Ductile iron pipe up to 12-inch diameter must be thickness pressure Class 350. Pipe diameters 16-inch and larger must have a minimum thickness pressure Class 250. Any deviations in pressure class must be approved by the Engineering Services Director.

All ductile iron pipe and fittings used for all gravity flow sewer pipe shall be lined with 40 mils of ceramic epoxy lining. All bells and spigots for pipes which require ceramic epoxy lining must be coated with a minimum of 8 mils of ceramic epoxy lining sealant. Ductile iron sewer pipe must be easily recognized by the brownish red bells and spigots, as well as stenciling of the words showing "For Sewer Only."

Page 10-61, Sub-article 1034-4 (B), Force Main Sewer Pipe, insert the following after "A21.51." on Line 41:

"All ductile iron pipe and fittings used for all force main sewer pipe shall be lined with 40 mils of ceramic epoxy lining. All bells and spigots for pipes which require ceramic epoxy lining must be coated with a minimum of 8 mils of ceramic epoxy lining sealant. Ductile iron sewer pipe must be easily recognized by the brownish red bells and spigots, as well as stenciling of the words showing "For Sewer Only."

County: Iredell

**Page 10-62, Sub-article 1036-5, Sewer Tapping Sleeve and Valve,** insert the following Sub-article after Sub-article 1036-4 on Line 6.

"Tapping sleeves and valves shall be used for "wet" taps into existing force main sewer pipe. The tapping valve shall meet all specifications for "gate valves". Flange by Mechanical Joint tapping valve shall have inlet flange (with centering ring) for connection to the flanged sleeve outlet of the flanged tapping sleeve, conforming to AWWA C207, Class D, ANSI 150 lb. drilling. Tapping valves shall be supplied with stainless steel bolts, and heavy hexagon nuts conforming to ANSI/AWWA C111/A21.11. Tapping valve seal plates and bonnets shall have 316 stainless steel bolts and nuts."

Page 10-62, Sub-article 1036-2, Copper Pipe, delete "flared or" on Line 18.

Page 10-63, Sub-article 1036-4 (B), Encasement Pipe, insert the following after "straight in length." on Line 3:

"All section joints of steel casing pipe shall be full penetration welded with a continuous circumferential weld. The encasement pipe must be capable of withstanding highway loadings and must have an inside diameter which will allow the carrier pipe to be removed subsequently without disturbing the encasement pipe. Encasement pipe and joints shall be of leak proof construction. The inside diameter of the encasement pipe, joints or couplings, for carrier pipes less than 6 inches in diameter; and at least 4 inches greater for carrier pipe 6 inches and larger in diameter. In general, to determine the casing size you should double the size of the carrier pipe, i.e., an 8" carrier pipe requires a 16" casing pipe. The Engineer shall verify the clearance is sufficient to allow the carrier pipe to be removed without disturbing the casing pipe."

**Page 10-63, Sub-article 1036-6, Fire Hydrant,** insert the following after "C502" on Line 14:

"and designed for a minimum working pressure of 200 psi".

# Page 10-63, Sub-article 1036-6, Fire Hydrant, delete the word "4 ½ inch" on Line 14

and replace with the following:

"5 inch".

**Page 10-63, Sub-article 1036-6, Fire Hydrant**, insert the following after "to the barrel." On Line 18:

"All hydrants will be furnished with the breakable traffic feature that will break upon impact. The feature shall consist of a breakaway safety flange on the barrel and a breakable safety coupling in the main valve stem. The bottom of the breakaway flange shall be 1 to 4 inches above finished grade."

# **UC-4**

County: Iredell

**Page 10-63, Sub-article 1036-6, Fire Hydrant**, delete the words "an approved paint of the owner's standard color" and insert the following on Line 19:

"Safety Yellow or to the town's satisfaction with an industrial alkyd enamel rustpreventative, chemical resistant exterior grade paint. Private fire hydrants shall be painted silver. Plastic "Out of Use" disks or bags must be placed on hydrants immediately upon fire hydrant installation."

**Page 10-63, Sub-article 1036-6, Fire Hydrant,** insert the following after "installation." on Line 20:

"Hydrants accepted by the Town of Mooresville are as follows:

- 1) Super Centurion 250, A-423 5-1/4" manufactured by Mueller Company.
- 2) 5- ¼" American Darling B-84-B, manufactured by American Flow Control.
- 3) K-81A 5-1/4" Guardian, manufactured by Kennedy Valve Company.
- 4) Medallion Hydrant 5-1/4", manufactured by Clow Valve Company.
- 5) Or approved equal."

Page 10-63, Sub-article 1036-7 (A), Gate Valves, insert the following after "resilient seat gate valves." on Line 25:

"The valve body, bonnet and seal plate shall be coated on all exterior and interior surfaces with a minimum of 8-10 mils of fusion bonded epoxy in accordance with ANSI/AWWA C550. The valve shall incorporate a guide system with guide lugs on the wedge or on the body. The wedge shall be gray or ductile iron, fully encapsulated with rubber (including guide lugs and stem nut holder). Non-rising stem valves shall have two O-ring seals above the stem thrust collar that can be replaced with the valve under pressure. Non-rising stem valves shall also have a thrust washer on the stem thrust collar.

Page 10-63, Sub-article 1036-7 (A), Gate Valves, insert the following after "200 psi." on Line 29:

"Each valve shall be seat tested at the rated working pressure and shell tested at twice the rated working pressure in accordance with ANSI/AWWA C509 – Section 5 or ANSI/AWWA C515 – Section 5. All valves shall be warranted for 10 years from date of purchase against defective materials and workmanship. Gate valves furnished under these specifications must be manufactured by one of the following:

- 1) Clow Valve Company.
- 2) M & H Valve Company.
- 3) American Flow Control.
- 4) US Pipe and Foundry Company.
- 5) Mueller Company.
- 6) Kennedy Valve Company.
- 7) Or approved equal."

County: Iredell

Page 10-63, Sub-article 1036-7 (C), Tapping Valves, delete the paragraph in its entirety and replace it with the following:

"Tapping sleeves and valves shall be used for "wet" taps into existing water mains. The tapping valve shall meet all specifications for "gate valves". Flange by Mechanical Joint tapping valve shall have an inlet flange (with centering ring) for connection to the flanged sleeve outlet of the flanged tapping sleeve, conforming to AWWA C207, Class D, ANSI 150 lb. drilling. Tapping valves shall be supplied with stainless steel bolts, and heavy hexagon nuts conforming to ANSI/AWWA C111/A21.11. Tapping valve seal plates and bonnets shall have 316 stainless steel bolts and nuts. All tapping sleeves and valves shall be water tested before the tap is made. Test pressure shall be 200 PSI. All tapping sleeves and valves shall be installed level. Valve shall be supported so sleeve does not shift during tap. Setup shall be inspected by the Town prior to beginning tap.

Approved tapping valves are as follows:

- 1) Clow Valve Company.
- 2) M & H Valve Company.
- 3) US Pipe and Foundry Company.
- 4) Mueller Company.
- 5) Kennedy Valve Company.
- 6) Or approved equal."

**Page 10-63, Sub-article 1036-8 (A), Tapping Sleeves,** delete "cast iron, ductile iron or" on Line 38 and "or the full circle type with double seals" on Line 40. Insert the following after "flange." on Line 41:

"The sleeve shall include a test plug for pressure testing the installed sleeve prior to making the tap. All welds shall be passivated for corrosion resistance. Stainless steel tapping sleeves shall be Smith-Blair 665, JCM 439, Romtec, or approved equal."

**Page 15-4, Sub-article 1505-3 (E), Thrust Restraint,** delete "1.25" on Line 25 and replace with the following:

"1.5"

**Page 15-7, Sub-article 1510-3 (B), Testing and Sterilization,** insert the following after "existing water mains" on Line 13:

"or 2.0 milligrams per liter free chlorine, whichever is less."

Page 15-8, Sub-article 1515-3 (A), Valves, insert the following at the end of the paragraph on Line 24:

"Cast iron valve boxes will conform to ASTM A48, Class 30B. Valve boxes shall be free from holes, cracks or any other defects. Lid shall be clearly labeled "WATER" or "SEWER" as appropriate. Locking lids shall be used in areas where private utilities are also located.

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# County: Iredell

Lids must have a minimum 1-1/2" skirt and weigh at least 13 lbs. Lids in areas subject to vehicle traffic may require extended 4-inch skirts and weigh at least 24 lbs. Valve box extensions are to be of ductile iron in and along roadways or areas that may be widened. Unless directed plastic valve box extensions such as C-900 are acceptable in other areas. Valve boxes are to be manually adjusted to grade in roadways. Valve box riser rings cannot be used to adjust final grade.

All castings will be thoroughly coated with an asphaltic varnish.

**Page 15-14, Sub-article 1525-2, Materials,** insert the following after "Drawings." on Line 8:

"Manholes shall be designed for H-20 loads."

**Page 15-14, Sub-article 1525-2, Materials,** insert the following after "sized as shown." on Line 13:

"Rings will weigh a minimum of 190 pounds and covers a minimum of 120 pounds. The name of the foundry and the part number shall be cast permanently on the ring and the cover. Castings that do not meet specifications will be rejected."

**Page 15-14, Sub-article 1525-2, Materials,** insert the following after "watertight installation." on Line 15:

"Vented covers shall be used on manholes in the center (crown) of the roadway when the surface slope is 3% or less and at high points in the line to allow for safe escape of sewer gas. Unvented covers shall be used in off-road applications where the manhole is flush with grade, or where the top of the manhole is not above the 100-year flood elevation and also in the center (crown) of the roadway when the surface slope is greater than 3%. Sealed (watertight) rings and covers shall be installed wherever the manhole will be flush with grade, or where the top of the manhole is not above the 100-year flood elevation."

**Page 15-15, Sub-article 1525-3, Construction Methods,** insert the following paragraph after "Section 858." on Line 6:

"The manhole and the next down line manhole on the receiving end of a force main shall be coated with an epoxy lining system to prevent corrosion. The lining system shall be a two component, spray applied system of 100% solids, zero VOC, low odor, H2S gas resistant, high build epoxy designed for the corrosion protection of concrete and steel exposed to and immersed in wastewater."

Page 15-15, Sub-article 1525-3 (D), Testing, insert the following after "ASTM C1244." on Line 28:

"A minimum of two (2) or twenty-five percent (25%) of the total sanitary sewer manholes on each project shall be vacuum tested as specified. Manholes shall be inspected by the

# UC-7

County: Iredell Town inspector or a Town-assigned designee for acceptable installation and water tightness prior to placing into service."

"Gravity sewer pipe shall be tested for leaks using a low-pressure air test method. Pressure loss shall not exceed 0.5 psi when pressurized to 3 psi for the required testing time. Testing time in minutes shall conform to ASTM F1417, latest revision, for PVC and DIP. Testing time for VCP shall conform to C828, latest revision. The contractor shall furnish supplies for exfiltration testing. Maximum allowable air loss is 0.5 psi when the section is pressurized to 3 psi for 5 minutes."

"Not less than 30 days following completion of backfill, gravity sewer pipe shall be tested for deflection with a 5% mandrel sized as defined in ASTM D-3034. Mandrels shall be furnished by the Contractor. The mandrel shall be pulled through each section of pipe from manhole to manhole. The mandrel must slide freely through the pipe with only a nominal hand force applied. No mechanical device shall be used in pulling the mandrel. Any pipe which refuses the mandrel shall be removed and replaced or re-rounded and the bedding shall be properly constructed as specified to prevent excessive deflection. Such sections shall be re-tested for deflection after completion of backfill."

# PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Utilities by Others

#### General:

The following utility companies have facilities that will be in conflict with the construction of this project:

- A) Duke Energy Power (Distribution)
- B) AT&T Communications
- C) Conterra Communications
- D) Charter (Spectrum) Communications
- E) Windstream Communications
- F) TDS (Continuum) Communications
- G) Level 3 (CenturyLink) Communications
- H) Dominion Energy Gas

The conflicting facilities of these concerns will be adjusted prior to the date of availability, unless otherwise noted and are therefore listed in these special provisions for the benefit of the Contractor. All utility work listed herein will be done by the utility owners. All utilities are shown on the plans from the best available information.

The Contractor's attention is directed to Article 105-8 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

#### **Utilities Requiring Adjustment:**

A) Duke Energy – Power (Distribution) (OH)

- Primary Point of Contact: Larry Robinson at (803) 203-2239 ; <u>Inrobinson@pike.com</u>
   ; Steve Ferrell at <u>steve.ferrell2@duke-energy.com</u>
- Start: December 1, 2023
- Complete: May 31, 2024
- B) AT&T Communications (OH)
  - Primary Point of Contact: Danny Little at (704) 254-4289 ; dflittle@carolina.rr.com
  - Start: February 12, 2024
  - Complete: May 24, 2024

# UbO-2

#### PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Utilities by Others

- C) Conterra Communications (UG)
  - Primary Point of Contact: Kim Brown at (704) 778-5685 ; <u>kbrown@conterra.com</u>
  - Start: January 1, 2024
  - Complete: April 1, 2024
- D) Charter (Spectrum) Communications (UG & OH)
  - Primary Point of Contact: Angle Jewett at (980) 721-4667 ; ajewett@telics.com
  - Start: March 1, 2024
  - Complete: May 31, 2024
- E) Windstream Communications (UG & OH) lowest slot
  - Primary Point of Contact: Tommy Curtis at (704) 985-4254 ; <u>Tommy.Curtis@byers.com</u> ; Mitchell Belk at (704) 677-4978 ; <u>mitchell.belk@windstream.com</u>
  - Start: March 1, 2024
  - Complete: May 31, 2024

F) TDS(Continuum)-Communications (OH)

- Primary Point of Contact: Jim McKee at (608) 664-1004 ; jim.mckee@tdstelecom.com ; Jimbo Melton at (704) 506-8295 ; jimbo.melton@tdstelecom.com
- Start: May 1, 2024
- Complete: May 31, 2024
- G) Level 3 (CenturyLink) Communications (UG)
  - Primary Point of Contact: Wanita Brenes at (910) 551-8838 ; wanita.brenes@lumen.com
  - Start: October 23, 2023
  - Complete: January 31, 2024
- H) Dominion Energy- Gas (UG)
  - Primary Point of Contact: Kevin Ortega at (773) 251-0856 ; Kevin.Ortega@hdrinc.com
  - Start: October 23, 2023
  - Complete: April 30, 2024

Forecasted Dry Utility Relocation Complete: May 31, 2024

# **EC-1**

(West)

#### **STABILIZATION REQUIREMENTS:**

(4-30-2019)

Stabilization for this project shall comply with the time frame guidelines as specified by the NCG-010000 general construction permit effective April 1, 2019 issued by the North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality Division of Water Resources. Temporary or permanent ground cover stabilization shall occur within 7 calendar days from the last land-disturbing activity, with the following exceptions in which temporary or permanent ground cover shall be provided in 14 calendar days from the last land-disturbing activity:

- Slopes between 2:1 and 3:1, with a slope length of 10 ft. or less
- Slopes 3:1 or flatter, with a slope of length of 50 ft. or less
- Slopes 4:1 or flatter

The stabilization timeframe for High Quality Water (HQW) Zones shall be 7 calendar days with no exceptions for slope grades or lengths. High Quality Water Zones (HQW) Zones are defined by North Carolina Administrative Code 15A NCAC 04A.0105 (25). Temporary and permanent ground cover stabilization shall be achieved in accordance with the provisions in this contract and as directed.

# **SEEDING AND MULCHING:**

The kinds of seed and fertilizer, and the rates of application of seed, fertilizer, and limestone, shall be as stated below. During periods of overlapping dates, the kind of seed to be used shall be determined. All rates are in pounds per acre.

# Shoulder and Median Areas

August 1 - June 1		May 1 - September 1		
20#	Kentucky Bluegrass	20#	Kentucky Bluegrass	
75#	Hard Fescue	75#	Hard Fescue	
25#	Rye Grain	10#	German or Browntop Millet	
500#	Fertilizer	500#	Fertilizer	
4000#	Limestone	4000#	Limestone	

Areas Beyond the Mowing Pattern, Waste and Borrow Areas:

August 1 - June 1		May 1 - September 1		
100#	Tall Fescue	100#	Tall Fescue	
15#	Kentucky Bluegrass	15#	Kentucky Bluegrass	
30#	Hard Fescue	30#	Hard Fescue	
25#	Rye Grain	10#	German or Browntop Millet	
500#	Fertilizer	500#	Fertilizer	
4000#	Limestone	4000#	Limestone	

# Approved Tall Fescue Cultivars

06 Dust	Escalade	Justice	Serengeti
2 <sup>nd</sup> Millennium	Essential	Kalahari	Shelby

3 <sup>rd</sup> Millennium	Evergreen 2	Kitty Hawk 2000	Sheridan
Apache III	Falcon IV	Legitimate	Signia
Avenger	Falcon NG	Lexington	Silver Hawk
Barlexas	Falcon V	LSD	Sliverstar
Barlexas II	Faith	Magellan	Shenandoah Elite
Bar Fa	Fat Cat	Matador	Sidewinder
Barrera	Festnova	Millennium SRP	Skyline
Barrington	Fidelity	Monet	Solara
Barrobusto	Finelawn Elite	Mustang 4	Southern Choice II
Barvado	Finelawn Xpress	Ninja 2	Speedway
Biltmore	Finesse II	Ol' Glory	Spyder LS
Bingo	Firebird	Olympic Gold	Sunset Gold
Bizem	Firecracker LS	Padre	Taccoa
Blackwatch	Firenza	Patagonia	Tanzania
Blade Runner II	Five Point	Pedigree	Trio
Bonsai	Focus	Picasso	Tahoe II
Braveheart	Forte	Piedmont	Talladega
Bravo	Garrison	Plantation	Tarheel
Bullseye	Gazelle II	Proseeds 5301	Terrano
Cannavaro	Gold Medallion	Prospect	Titan ltd
Catalyst	Grande 3	Pure Gold	Titanium LS
Cayenne	Greenbrooks	Quest	Tracer
Cessane Rz	Greenkeeper	Raptor II	Traverse SRP
Chipper	Gremlin	Rebel Exeda	Tulsa Time
Cochise IV	Greystone	Rebel Sentry	Turbo
Constitution	Guardian 21	Rebel IV	Turbo RZ
Corgi	Guardian 41	Regiment II	Tuxedo RZ
Corona	Hemi	Regenerate	Ultimate
Coyote	Honky Tonk	Rendition	Venture
Darlington	Hot Rod	Rhambler 2 SRP	Umbrella
Davinci	Hunter	Rembrandt	Van Gogh
Desire	Inferno	Reunion	Watchdog
Dominion	Innovator	Riverside	Wolfpack II
Dynamic	Integrity	RNP	Xtremegreen
Dynasty	Jaguar 3	Rocket	-
Endeavor	Jamboree	Scorpion	
		-	

# Approved Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars:

4-Season	Blue Velvet	Gladstone	Quantum Leap
Alexa II	Blueberry	Granite	Rambo
America	Boomerang	Hampton	Rhapsody
Apollo	Brilliant	Harmonie	Rhythm
Arcadia	Cabernet	Impact	Rita
Aries	Champagne	Jefferson	Royce
Armada	Champlain	Juliet	Rubicon
Arrow	Chicago II	Jump Start	Rugby II

A maxula and	Comoin	Vaaraland	Shinoz
Arrowhead	Corsair	Keeneland	Shiraz
Aura	Courtyard	Langara	Showcase
Avid	Delight	Liberator	Skye
Award	Diva	Madison	Solar Eclipse
Awesome	Dynamo	Mercury	Sonoma
Bandera	Eagleton	Midnight	Sorbonne
Barduke	Emblem	Midnight II	Starburst
Barnique	Empire	Moon Shadow	Sudden Impact
Baroness	Envicta	Moonlight SLT	Total Eclipse
Barrister	Everest	Mystere	Touche
Barvette HGT	Everglade	Nu Destiny	Tsunami
Bedazzled	Excursion	NuChicago	Unique
Belissimo	Freedom II	NuGlade	Valor
Bewitched	Freedom III	Odyssey	Voyager II
Beyond	Front Page	Perfection	Washington
Blacksburg II	Futurity	Pinot	Zinfandel
Blackstone	Gaelic	Princeton 105	
Blue Note	Ginney II	Prosperity	

Approved Hard Fescue Cultivars:

Aurora II	Eureka II	Oxford	Scaldis II
Aurora Gold	Firefly	Reliant II	Spartan II
Berkshire	Granite	Reliant IV	Stonehenge
Bighorn GT	Heron	Rescue 911	
Chariot	Nordic	Rhino	

On cut and fill slopes 2:1 or steeper add 20# Sericea Lespedeza January 1 - December 31.

Fertilizer shall be 10-20-20 analysis. A different analysis of fertilizer may be used provided the 1-2-2 ratio is maintained and the rate of application adjusted to provide the same amount of plant food as a 10-20-20 analysis and as directed.

#### Native Grass Seeding and Mulching (West)

Native Grass Seeding and Mulching shall be performed on the disturbed areas of wetlands and riparian areas, and adjacent to Stream Relocation and/or trout stream construction within a 50-foot zone on both sides of the stream or depression, measured from top of stream bank or center of depression. The stream bank of the stream relocation shall be seeded by a method that does not alter the typical cross section of the stream bank. Native Grass Seeding and Mulching shall also be performed in the permanent soil reinforcement mat section of preformed scour holes, and in other areas as directed.

The kinds of seed and fertilizer, and the rates of application of seed, fertilizer, and limestone, shall be as stated below. During periods of overlapping dates, the kind of seed to be used shall be determined. All rates are in pounds per acre.

August 1 - June 1		May 1 – September 1	
18#	Creeping Red Fescue	18#	Creeping Red Fescue
8#	Big Bluestem	8#	Big Bluestem
6#	Indiangrass	6#	Indiangrass
4#	Switchgrass	4#	Switchgrass
35#	Rye Grain	25#	German or Browntop Millet
500#	Fertilizer	500#	Fertilizer
4000#	Limestone	4000#	Limestone

	Approved Creep	oing Red Fescue Cu	ultivars:
Aberdeen	Boreal	Epic	Cindy Lou

Fertilizer shall be 10-20-20 analysis. A different analysis of fertilizer may be used provided the 1-2-2 ratio is maintained and the rate of application adjusted to provide the same amount of plant food as a 10-20-20 analysis and as directed.

Native Grass Seeding and Mulching shall be performed in accordance with Section 1660 of the *Standard Specifications* and vegetative cover sufficient to restrain erosion shall be installed immediately following grade establishment.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

Native Grass *Seeding and Mulching* will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1660-8 of the *Standard Specifications*.

# **TEMPORARY SEEDING:**

Fertilizer shall be the same analysis as specified for *Seeding and Mulching* and applied at the rate of 400 pounds and seeded at the rate of 50 pounds per acre. German Millet, or Browntop Millet shall be used in summer months and rye grain during the remainder of the year. The Engineer will determine the exact dates for using each kind of seed.

# FERTILIZER TOPDRESSING:

Fertilizer used for topdressing shall be 16-8-8 grade and shall be applied at the rate of 500 pounds per acre. A different analysis of fertilizer may be used provided the 2-1-1 ratio is maintained and the rate of application adjusted to provide the same amount of plant food as 16-8-8 analysis and as directed.

# **SUPPLEMENTAL SEEDING:**

The kinds of seed and proportions shall be the same as specified for *Seeding and Mulching*, and the rate of application may vary from 25# to 75# per acre. The actual rate per acre will be determined prior to the time of topdressing and the Contractor will be notified in writing of the rate per acre, total quantity needed, and areas on which to apply the supplemental seed. Minimum tillage equipment, consisting of a sod seeder shall be used for incorporating seed into the soil as to prevent disturbance of existing vegetation. A clodbuster (ball and chain) may be used where degree of slope prevents the use of a sod seeder.

# **MOWING:**

The minimum mowing height on this project shall be six inches.

# LAWN TYPE APPEARANCE:

All areas adjacent to lawns must be hand finished as directed to give a lawn type appearance. Remove all trash, debris, and stones <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" and larger in diameter or other obstructions that could interfere with providing a smooth lawn type appearance. These areas shall be reseeded to match their original vegetative conditions, unless directed otherwise by the Field Operations Engineer.

# **REFORESTATION:**

# Description

*Reforestation* will be planted within interchanges and along the outside borders of the road, and in other areas as directed. *Reforestation* is not shown on the plan sheets. See the Reforestation Detail Sheet.

All non-maintained riparian buffers impacted by the placement of temporary fill or clearing activities shall be restored to the preconstruction contours and revegetated with native woody species.

The entire *Reforestation* operation shall comply with the requirements of Section 1670 of the *Standard Specifications*.

#### <u>Materials</u>

*Reforestation* shall be bare root seedlings 12"-18" tall.

#### **Construction Methods**

*Reforestation* shall be planted as soon as practical following permanent Seeding and Mulching. The seedlings shall be planted in a 16-foot wide swath adjacent to mowing pattern line, or as directed.

Root dip: The roots of reforestation seedlings shall be coated with a slurry of water, and either a fine clay (kaolin) or a superabsorbent that is designated as a bare root dip. The type, mixture ratio, method of application, and the time of application shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval.

With the approval of the Engineer, seedlings may be coated before delivery to the job or at the time of planting, but at no time shall the roots of the seedlings be allowed to dry out. The roots shall be moistened immediately prior to planting.

Seasonal Limitations: *Reforestation* shall be planted from November 15 through March 15.

# Measurement and Payment

*Reforestation* will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1670-17 of the *Standard Specifications*.

#### **RESPONSE FOR EROSION CONTROL:**

#### Description

Furnish the labor, materials, tools, and equipment necessary to move personnel, equipment, and supplies to the project necessary for the pursuit of any or all of the following work as shown herein, by an approved subcontractor.

Section	Erosion Control Item	Unit
1605	Temporary Silt Fence	LF
1606	Special Sediment Control Fence	LF/TON
1615	Temporary Mulching	ACR
1620	Seed - Temporary Seeding	LB
1620	Fertilizer - Temporary Seeding	TN
1631	Matting for Erosion Control	SY
SP	Coir Fiber Mat	SY
1640	Coir Fiber Baffles	LF
SP	Permanent Soil Reinforcement Mat	SY
1660	Seeding and Mulching	ACR
1661	Seed - Repair Seeding	LB
1661	Fertilizer - Repair Seeding	TON
1662	Seed - Supplemental Seeding	LB
1665	Fertilizer Topdressing	TON
SP	Safety/Highly Visible Fencing	LF
SP	Response for Erosion Control	EA

#### **Construction Methods**

Provide an approved subcontractor who performs an erosion control action as described in the NPDES Inspection Form SPPP30. Each erosion control action may include one or more of the above work items.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

*Response for Erosion Control* will be measured and paid for by counting the actual number of times the subcontractor moves onto the project, including borrow and waste sites, and satisfactorily completes an erosion control action described in Form 1675. The provisions of Article 104-5 of the *Standard Specifications* will not apply to this item of work.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
Response for Erosion Control	Each

# **ENVIRONMENTALLY SENSITIVE AREAS:**

#### Description

This project is located in an *Environmentally Sensitive Area*. This designation requires special procedures to be used for clearing and grubbing, temporary stream crossings, and grading operations within the Environmentally Sensitive Areas identified on the plans and as designated by the Engineer. This also requires special procedures to be used for seeding and mulching and staged seeding within the project.

The Environmentally Sensitive Area shall be defined as a 50-foot buffer zone on both sides of the stream or depression measured from top of streambank or center of depression.

# **Construction Methods**

#### Clearing and Grubbing

In areas identified as Environmentally Sensitive Areas, the Contractor may perform clearing operations, but not grubbing operations until immediately prior to beginning grading operations as described in Article 200-1 of the *Standard Specifications*. Only clearing operations (not grubbing) shall be allowed in this buffer zone until immediately prior to beginning grading operations. Erosion control devices shall be installed immediately following the clearing operation.

#### Grading

Once grading operations begin in identified Environmentally Sensitive Areas, work shall progress in a continuous manner until complete. All construction within these areas shall progress in a continuous manner such that each phase is complete and areas are permanently stabilized prior to beginning of next phase. Failure on the part of the Contractor to complete any phase of construction in a continuous manner in Environmentally Sensitive Areas will be just cause for the Engineer to direct the suspension of work in accordance with Article 108-7 of the *Standard Specifications*.

#### Temporary Stream Crossings

Any crossing of streams within the limits of this project shall be accomplished in accordance with the requirements of Subarticle 107-12 of the *Standard Specifications*.

#### Seeding and Mulching

Seeding and mulching shall be performed in accordance with Section 1660 of the *Standard Specifications* and vegetative cover sufficient to restrain erosion shall be installed immediately following grade establishment.

Seeding and mulching shall be performed on the areas disturbed by construction immediately following final grade establishment. No appreciable time shall lapse into the contract time without stabilization of slopes, ditches and other areas within the Environmentally Sensitive Areas.

# Stage Seeding

The work covered by this section shall consist of the establishment of a vegetative cover on cut and fill slopes as grading progresses. Seeding and mulching shall be done in stages on cut and fill slopes that are greater than 20 feet in height measured along the slope, or greater than 2 acres in area. Each stage shall not exceed the limits stated above.

Additional payments will not be made for the requirements of this section, as the cost for this work shall be included in the contract unit prices for the work involved.

# **MINIMIZE REMOVAL OF VEGETATION:**

The Contractor shall minimize removal of vegetation within project limits to the maximum extent practicable. Vegetation along stream banks and adjacent to other jurisdictional resources outside the construction limits shall only be removed upon approval of Engineer. No additional payment will be made for this minimization work.

# **STOCKPILE AREAS:**

The Contractor shall install and maintain erosion control devices sufficient to contain sediment around any erodible material stockpile areas as directed.

# ACCESS AND HAUL ROADS:

At the end of each working day, the Contractor shall install or re-establish temporary diversions or earth berms across access/haul roads to direct runoff into sediment devices. Silt fence sections that are temporarily removed shall be reinstalled across access/haul roads at the end of each working day.

# CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS MANAGEMENT

(3-19-19) (rev. 04-27-19)

# Description

The requirements set forth shall be adhered to in order to meet the applicable materials handling requirements of the NCG010000 permit. Structural controls installed to manage construction materials stored or used on site shall be shown on the E&SC Plan. Requirements for handling materials on construction sites shall be as follows:

# **Polyacrylamides (PAMS) and Flocculants**

Polyacrylamides (PAMS) and flocculants shall be stored in leak-proof containers that are kept under storm-resistant cover or surrounded by secondary containment structures designed to protect adjacent surface waters. PAMS or other flocculants used shall be selected from the NC DWR List of Approved PAMS/Flocculants The concentration of PAMS and other flocculants used shall not

exceed those specified in the NC DWR List of Approved PAMS/Flocculants and in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. The NC DWR List of Approved PAMS/Flocculants is available at:

 $\underline{https://files.nc.gov/ncdeq/Water\%20Quality/Environmental\%20Sciences/ATU/ApprovedPAMS4\_1\_2017.pdf$ 

# **Equipment Fluids**

Fuels, lubricants, coolants, and hydraulic fluids, and other petroleum products shall be handled and disposed of in a manner so as not to enter surface or ground waters and in accordance with applicable state and federal regulations. Equipment used on the site must be operated and maintained properly to prevent discharge of fluids. Equipment, vehicle, and other wash waters shall not be discharged into E&SC basins or other E&SC devices. Alternative controls should be provided such that there is no discharge of soaps, solvents, or detergents.

# Waste Materials

Construction materials and land clearing waste shall be disposed of in accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, Chapter 130A, Article 9 - Solid Waste Management, and rules governing the disposal of solid waste (15A NCAC 13B). Areas dedicated for managing construction material and land clearing waste shall be at least 50 feet away from storm drain inlets and surface waters unless it can be shown that no other alternatives are reasonably available. Paint and other liquid construction material waste shall not be dumped into storm drains. Paint and other liquid construction waste washouts should be located at least 50 away from storm drain inlets unless there is no alternative. Other options are to install lined washouts or use portable, removable bags or bins. Hazardous or toxic waste shall be managed in accordance with the federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) and NC Hazardous Waste Rules at 15A NCAC, Subchapter 13A. Litter and sanitary waste shall be managed in a manner to prevent it from entering jurisdictional waters and shall be disposed of offsite.

#### Herbicide, Pesticide, and Rodenticides

Herbicide, pesticide, and rodenticides shall be stored and applied in accordance with the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, North Carolina Pesticide Law of 1971 and labeling restrictions.

# **Concrete Materials**

Concrete materials onsite, including excess concrete, must be controlled and managed to avoid contact with surface waters, wetlands or buffers. No concrete or cement slurry shall be discharged from the site. (Note that discharges from onsite concrete plants require coverage under a separate NPDES permit – NCG140000.) Concrete wash water shall be managed in accordance with the *Concrete Washout Structure* provision. Concrete slurry shall be managed and disposed of in accordance with *NCDOT DGS and HOS DCAR Distribution of Class A Residuals Statewide* (Permit No. WQ0035749). Any hardened concrete residue will be disposed of, or recycled on site, in accordance with state solid waste regulations.

# **Earthen Material Stockpiles**

Earthen material stockpiles shall be located at least 50 feet away from storm drain inlets and surface waters unless it can be shown that no other alternatives are reasonably available.

# **Measurement and Payment**

Conditions set within the *Construction Materials Management* provision are incidental to the project for which no direct compensation will be made.

# WASTE AND BORROW SOURCES:

(2-16-11) (Rev. 3-17-22)

Payment for temporary erosion control measures, except those made necessary by the Contractor's own negligence or for his own convenience, will be paid for at the appropriate contract unit price for the devices or measures utilized in borrow sources and waste areas.

No additional payment will be made for erosion control devices or permanent seeding and mulching in any commercial borrow or waste pit. All erosion and sediment control practices that may be required on a commercial borrow or waste site will be done at the Contractor's expense.

All offsite Staging Areas, Borrow and Waste sites shall be in accordance with "Borrow and Waste Site Reclamation Procedures for Contracted Projects" located at:

https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/roadside/FieldOperationsDocuments/Contract%20Reclamation%20Procedures.pdf

All forms and documents referenced in the "Borrow and Waste Site Reclamation Procedures for Contracted Projects" shall be included with the reclamation plans for offsite staging areas, and borrow and waste sites.

# **TEMPORARY DIVERSION:**

This work consists of installation, maintenance, and cleanout of *Temporary Diversions* in accordance with Section 1630 of the *Standard Specifications*. The quantity of excavation for installation and cleanout will be measured and paid for as *Silt Excavation* in accordance with Article 1630-3 of the *Standard Specifications*.

# SAFETY FENCE AND JURISDICTIONAL FLAGGING:

# Description

*Safety Fence* shall consist of furnishing materials, installing and maintaining polyethylene or polypropylene fence along the outside riparian buffer, wetland, or water boundary, or other boundaries located within the construction corridor to mark the areas that have been approved to infringe within the buffer, wetland, endangered vegetation, culturally sensitive areas or water. The fence shall be installed prior to any land disturbing activities.

Interior boundaries for jurisdictional areas noted above shall be delineated by stakes and highly visible flagging.

# R-3833C

Jurisdictional boundaries at staging areas, waste sites, or borrow pits, whether considered outside or interior boundaries shall be delineated by stakes and highly visible flagging.

# <u>Materials</u>

Safety Fencing

Polyethylene or polypropylene fence shall be a highly visible preconstructed safety fence approved by the Engineer. The fence material shall have an ultraviolet coating.

Either wood posts or steel posts may be used. Wood posts shall be hardwood with a wedge or pencil tip at one end and shall be at least 5 ft. in length with a minimum nominal 2" x 2" cross section. Steel posts shall be at least 5 ft. in length and have a minimum weight of 0.85 lb./ft of length.

**Boundary Flagging** 

Wooden stakes shall be 4 feet in length with a minimum nominal 3/4" x 1-3/4" cross section. The flagging shall be at least 1" in width. The flagging material shall be vinyl and shall be orange in color and highly visible.

# **Construction Methods**

No additional clearing and grubbing is anticipated for the installation of this fence. The fence shall be erected to conform to the general contour of the ground.

# Safety Fencing

Posts shall be set at a maximum spacing of 10 ft., maintained in a vertical position and hand set or set with a post driver. If hand set, all backfill material shall be thoroughly tamped. Wood posts may be sharpened to a dull point if power driven. Posts damaged by power driving shall be removed and replaced prior to final acceptance. The tops of all wood posts shall be cut at a 30-degree angle. The wood posts may, at the option of the Contractor, be cut at this angle either before or after the posts are erected.

The fence geotextile shall be attached to the wood posts with one 2" galvanized wire staple across each cable or to the steel posts with wire or other acceptable means.

Place construction stakes to establish the location of the safety fence in accordance with Article 105-9 or Article 801-1 of the *Standard Specifications*. No direct pay will be made for the staking of the safety fence. All stakeouts for safety fence shall be considered incidental to the work being paid for as "Construction Surveying", except that where there is no pay item for construction surveying, all safety fence stakeout will be performed by state forces.

The Contractor shall be required to maintain the safety fence in a satisfactory condition for the duration of the project as determined by the Engineer.

# R-3833C

#### **Boundary Flagging**

Boundary flagging delineation of interior boundaries shall consist of wooden stakes on 25 feet maximum intervals with highly visible orange flagging attached. Stakes shall be installed a minimum of 6" into the ground. Interior boundaries may be staked on a tangent that runs parallel to buffer but must not encroach on the buffer at any location. Interior boundaries of hand clearing shall be identified with a different colored flagging to distinguish it from mechanized clearing.

Boundary flagging delineation of interior boundaries will be placed in accordance with Article 105-9 or Article 801-1 of the *Standard Specifications*. No direct pay will be made for delineation of the interior boundaries. This delineation will be considered incidental to the work being paid for as *Construction Surveying*, except that where there is no pay item or construction surveying the cost of boundary flagging delineation shall be included in the unit prices bid for the various items in the contract. Installation for delineation of all jurisdictional boundaries at staging areas, waste sites, or borrow pits shall consist of wooden stakes on 25 feet maximum intervals with highly visible orange flagging attached. Stakes shall be installed a minimum of 6" into the ground. Additional flagging may be placed on overhanging vegetation to enhance visibility but does not substitute for installation of stakes.

Installation of boundary flagging for delineation of all jurisdictional boundaries at staging areas, waste sites, or borrow pits shall be performed in accordance with Subarticle 230-4(B)(5) or Subarticle 802-2(F) of the *Standard Specifications*. No direct pay will be made for this delineation, as the cost of same shall be included in the unit prices bid for the various items in the contract.

The Contractor shall be required to maintain alternative stakes and highly visible flagging in a satisfactory condition for the duration of the project as determined by the Engineer.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

*Safety Fence* will be measured and paid as the actual number of linear feet of polyethylene or polypropylene fence installed in place and accepted. Such payment will be full compensation including but not limited to furnishing and installing fence geotextile with necessary posts and post bracing, staples, tie wires, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete this work.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item Safety Fence **Pay Unit** Linear Foot

# PERMANENT SOIL REINFORCEMENT MAT:

# Description

This work consists of furnishing and placing *Permanent Soil Reinforcement Mat*, of the type specified, over previously prepared areas as directed.

# Materials

The product shall be a permanent erosion control reinforcement mat and shall be constructed of synthetic or a combination of coconut and synthetic fibers evenly distributed throughout the mat between a bottom UV stabilized netting and a heavy duty UV stabilized top net. The matting shall be stitched together with UV stabilized polypropylene thread to form a permanent three-dimensional structure. The mat shall have the following minimum physical properties:

Property	Test Method	Value	Unit
Light Penetration	ASTM D6567	9	%
Thickness	ASTM D6525	0.40	In
Mass Per Unit Area	ASTM D6566	0.55	lb/sy
Tensile Strength	ASTM D6818	385	lb/sy
Elongation (Maximum)	ASTM D6818	49	%
Resiliency	ASTM D1777	>70	%
UV Stability*	ASTM D4355	≥80	%
Porosity (Permanent Net)	ECTC Guidelines	≥85	%
Maximum Permissible Shear Stress	Performance Bench Test	≥8.0	$lb/ft^2$
(Vegetated)			
Maximum Allowable Velocity (Vegetated)	Performance Bench Test	≥16.0	ft/s

\*ASTM D1682 Tensile Strength and % strength retention of material after 1000 hours of exposure.

Submit a certification (Type 1, 2, or 3) from the manufacturer showing:

- (A) the chemical and physical properties of the mat used, and
- (B) conformance of the mat with this specification.

#### **Construction Methods**

Matting shall be installed in accordance with Subarticle 1631-3(B) of the Standard Specifications.

All areas to be protected with the mat shall be brought to final grade and seeded in accordance with Section 1660 of the *Standard Specifications*. The surface of the soil shall be smooth, firm, stable and free of rocks, clods, roots or other obstructions that would prevent the mat from lying in direct contact with the soil surface. Areas where the mat is to be placed will not need to be mulched.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

Permanent Soil Reinforcement Mat will be measured and paid for as the actual number of square

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yards measured along the surface of the ground over which Permanent Soil Reinforcement Mat is installed and accepted. Overlaps will not be included in the measurement, and will be considered as incidental to the work. Such payment shall be full compensation for furnishing and installing the mat, including overlaps, and for all required maintenance.

Payment will be made under:

#### Pay Item

Permanent Soil Reinforcement Mat

#### **SKIMMER BASIN WITH BAFFLES:**

#### Description

Provide a skimmer basin to remove sediment from construction site runoff at locations shown in the erosion control plans. See the Skimmer Basin with Baffles Detail sheet provided in the erosion control plans. Work includes constructing sediment basin, installation of temporary slope drain pipe and coir fiber baffles, furnishing, installation and cleanout of skimmer, providing and placing stone pad on bottom of basin underneath skimmer device, providing and placing a geotextile spillway liner, providing coir fiber mat stabilization for the skimmer outlet, disposing of excess materials, removing temporary slope drain, coir fiber baffles, geotextile liner and skimmer device, backfilling basin area with suitable material and providing proper drainage when basin area is abandoned.

#### Materials

Item	Section
Stone for Erosion Control, Class B	1042
Geotextile for Soil Stabilization, Type 4	1056
Fertilizer for Temporary Seeding	1060-2
Seed for Temporary Seeding	1060-4
Seeding and Mulching	1060-4
Matting for Erosion Control	1060-8
Staples	1060-8
Coir Fiber Mat	1060-14
Temporary Slope Drain	1622-2
Coir Fiber Baffle	1640

Provide appropriately sized and approved skimmer device.

Provide Schedule 40 PVC pipe with a length of 6 ft. to attach to the skimmer and the coupling connection to serve as the arm pipe. For skimmer sizes of 2.5 in. and smaller, the arm pipe diameter shall be 1.5 inches. For skimmer sizes of 3 in. and larger, refer to manufacturer recommendation.

Provide 4" diameter Schedule 40 PVC pipe to attach to coupling connection of skimmer to serve as the barrel pipe through the earthen dam.

Anchors: Staples, stakes, or reinforcement bars shall be used as anchors.

Pay Unit Square Yard

#### Wooden Stakes:

Provide hardwood stakes 12"- 24" long with a 2" x 2" nominal square cross section. One end of the stake must be sharpened or beveled to facilitate driving through the coir fiber mat and down into the underlying soil. The other end of the stake needs to have a 1"- 2" long head at the top with a 1"- 2" notch following to catch and secure the coir fiber mat.

Steel Reinforcement Bars:

Provide uncoated #10 steel reinforcement bars 24" nominal length. The bars shall have a 4" diameter bend at one end with a 4" straight section at the tip to catch and secure the coir fiber mat.

Staples:

Provide staples made of 0.125" diameter new steel wire formed into a u shape not less than 12" in length with a throat of 1" in width.

# **Construction Methods**

Excavate basin according to the erosion control plans with basin surface free of obstructions, debris, and pockets of low-density material. Install temporary slope drain pipe and construct the primary spillway according to the Skimmer Basin with Baffles Detail sheet in the erosion control plans. Temporary slope drain pipe at inlet of basin may be replaced by geotextile as directed. Construct the coir fiber baffles according to *Roadway Standard Drawings* No. 1640.01 and Section 1640 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Install skimmer device according to manufacturer recommendations. Install 4" Schedule 40 PVC pipe into dam on the lower side of basin 1 ft. from the bottom of the basin and according to the detail, and extend the pipe so the basin will drain. Attach a 6 ft. arm pipe to the coupling connection and skimmer according to manufacturer recommendations. The coupling shall be rigid and non-buoyant and not exceed a diameter of 4" and 12" in length. Attach the rope included with the skimmer to the tee between the vent socket and the tube inlet, and the other end to a wooden stake or metal post. Clean out skimmer device when it becomes clogged with sediment and/or debris and is unable to float at the top of water in skimmer basin. Take appropriate measures to avoid ice accumulation in the skimmer device. Construct a stone pad of Class B stone directly underneath the skimmer device at bottom of basin. The pad shall be a minimum of 12" in height, and shall have a minimum cross sectional area of 4 ft. by 4 ft.

Line primary spillway with geotextile unrolled in the direction of flow and lay smoothly but loosely on soil surface without creases. Bury edges of geotextile in a trench at least 5" deep and tamp firmly. If geotextile for the primary spillway is not one continuous piece of material, make horizontal overlaps a minimum of 18" with upstream geotextile overlapping the downstream geotextile. Secure geotextile with eleven gauge wire staples shaped into a u shape with a length of not less than 12" and a throat not less than 1" in width. Place staples along outer edges and throughout the geotextile a maximum of 3 ft. horizontally and vertically. Geotextile shall be placed to the bottom and across the entire width of the basin according to the Skimmer Basin with Baffles detail. Place sealant inside basin around barrel pipe on top of geotextile with a minimum width of 6 in. At the skimmer outlet, provide a smooth soil surface free from stones, clods, or debris that will prevent contact of the coir fiber matting with the soil. Unroll the matting and apply without stretching such that it will lie smoothly but loosely on the soil surface. Wooden stakes, reinforcement bars, or staples may be used as anchors in accordance with the details in the plans and as directed. Place anchors across the matting at the ends approximately 1 ft. apart. Place anchors along the outer edges and down the center of the matting 3 ft. apart.

All bare side slope sections of the skimmer basin shall be seeded with a temporary or permanent seed mix as directed and in accordance with Articles 1620-3, 1620-4, 1620-5, 1660-4, 1660-5 and 1660-7 of the *Standard Specifications*. Straw or excelsior matting shall be installed on all bare side slope sections immediately upon the completion of seeding and in accordance with Article 1631-3 of the *Standard Specifications*.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

*Silt Excavation* will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1630-4 of the *Standard Specifications*, as calculated from the typical section throughout the length of the basin as shown on the final approved plans.

*Geotextile for Soil Stabilization* will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 270-4 of the *Standard Specifications*.

*Coir Fiber Baffles* will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1640-4 of the *Standard Specifications*.

*Coir Fiber Mat* will be measured and paid for as the actual number of square yards measured along the surface of the ground over which coir fiber mat is installed and accepted.

*Temporary Slope Drain* will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1622-4 of the *Standard Specifications*.

*Stone for Erosion Control, Class* \_\_\_\_ will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1610-4 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Seeding and Mulching will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1660-8 of the Standard Specifications.

*Seed for Temporary Seeding* will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1620-6 of the *Standard Specifications*.

*Fertilizer for Temporary Seeding* will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1620-6 of the *Standard Specifications*.

*Matting for Erosion Control* will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1631-4 of the *Standard Specifications*.

No measurement will be made for other items or for over excavation or stockpiling.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
'' Skimmer	Each
Coir Fiber Mat	Square Yard

# TIERED SKIMMER BASIN WITH BAFFLES:

#### Description

Provide a tiered skimmer basin to remove sediment from construction site runoff at locations shown in the erosion control plans. See the Tiered Skimmer Basin Detail sheet provided in the erosion control plans. Tiered Skimmer Basins shall be installed in areas where topography creates a large elevation difference between the inlet and outlet of a single skimmer basin. Work includes constructing sediment basins, installation of coir fiber baffles, installation of temporary slope drain pipe, furnishing, installation and cleanout of skimmer, providing and placing stone pad on bottom of basin underneath skimmer device, providing and placing geotextile spillway liners, providing coir fiber mat stabilization for the skimmer outlet, disposing of excess materials, removing temporary slope drain pipe, coir fiber baffles, geotextile liner and skimmer device, backfilling basin area with suitable material and providing proper drainage when basin area is abandoned.

#### Materials

Item	Section
Stone for Erosion Control, Class B	1042
Geotextile for Soil Stabilization, Type 4	1056
Fertilizer for Temporary Seeding	1060-2
Seed for Temporary Seeding	1060-4
Seeding and Mulching	1060-4
Matting for Erosion Control	1060-8
Staples	1060-8
Coir Fiber Mat	1060-14
Temporary Slope Drain	1622-2
Coir Fiber Baffle	1640

Provide appropriately sized and approved skimmer device.

Provide Schedule 40 PVC pipe with a length of 6 ft. to attach to the skimmer and the coupling connection to serve as the arm pipe. For skimmer sizes of 2.5 in. and smaller, the arm pipe diameter shall be 1.5 inches. For skimmer sizes of 3 in. and larger, refer to manufacturer recommendation.

Provide 4" diameter Schedule 40 PVC pipe to attach to coupling connection of skimmer to serve as the barrel pipe through the earthen dam.

Anchors: Staples, stakes, or reinforcement bars shall be used as anchors.

Wooden Stakes:

Provide hardwood stakes 12"- 24" long with a 2" x 2" nominal square cross section. One end of the stake must be sharpened or beveled to facilitate driving through the coir fiber mat and down into the underlying soil. The other end of the stake needs to have a 1"- 2" long head at the top with a 1"- 2" notch following to catch and secure the coir fiber mat.

Steel Reinforcement Bars:

Provide uncoated #10 steel reinforcement bars 24" nominal length. The bars shall have a 4" diameter bend at one end with a 4" straight section at the tip to catch and secure the coir fiber mat.

Staples:

Provide staples made of 0.125" diameter new steel wire formed into a u shape not less than 12" in length with a throat of 1" in width.

#### **Construction Methods**

Excavate basins according to the erosion control plans with basin surface free of obstructions, debris, and pockets of low-density material. Install temporary slope drain pipe and construct the primary spillways according to the Tiered Skimmer Basin Detail sheet in the erosion control plans. Construct the coir fiber baffles according to *Roadway Standard Drawings* No. 1640.01 and Section 1640 of the *Standard Specifications*. Multiple upper basins, or Modified Silt Basins Type 'B' as labeled on the detail, may be required based on site conditions and as directed.

Install skimmer device according to manufacturer recommendations. Install 4" Schedule 40 PVC pipe into dam on the lower side of basin 1 ft. from the bottom of the basin and according to the detail, and extend the pipe so the basin will drain. Attach a 6 ft. arm pipe to the coupling connection and skimmer according to manufacturer recommendations. The coupling shall be rigid and non-buoyant and not exceed a diameter of 4" and 12" in length. Attach the rope included with the skimmer to the tee between the vent socket and the tube inlet, and the other end to a wooden stake or metal post. Clean out skimmer device when it becomes clogged with sediment and/or debris and is unable to float at the top of water in skimmer basin. Take appropriate measures to avoid ice accumulation in the skimmer device. Construct a stone pad of Class B stone directly underneath the skimmer device at bottom of basin. The pad shall be a minimum of 12" in height, and shall have a minimum cross sectional area of 4 ft. by 4 ft.

Line primary spillways with geotextile unrolled in the direction of flow and lay smoothly but loosely on soil surface without creases. Bury edges of geotextile in a trench at least 5" deep and tamp firmly. If geotextile for primary spillways is not one continuous piece of material, make horizontal overlaps

# EC-19

a minimum of 18" with upstream geotextile overlapping the downstream geotextile. Secure geotextile with eleven gauge wire staples shaped into a u shape with a length of not less than 12" and a throat not less than 1" in width. Place staples along outer edges and throughout the geotextile a maximum of 3 ft. horizontally and vertically. Geotextile shall be placed to the bottom and across the entire width of the basin according to the Tiered Skimmer Basin with Baffles detail.

At the skimmer outlet, provide a smooth soil surface free from stones, clods, or debris that will prevent contact of the coir fiber matting with the soil. Unroll the matting and apply without stretching such that it will lie smoothly but loosely on the soil surface. Wooden stakes, reinforcement bars, or staples may be used as anchors in accordance with the details in the plans and as directed. Place anchors across the matting at the ends approximately 1 ft. apart. Place anchors along the outer edges and down the center of the matting 3 ft. apart. Place sealant inside basin around barrel pipe on top of geotextile with a minimum width of 6 in.

All bare side slope sections of the skimmer basin shall be seeded with a temporary or permanent seed mix as directed and in accordance with Articles 1620-3, 1620-4, 1620-5, 1660-4, 1660-5 and 1660-7 of the *Standard Specifications*. Straw or excelsior matting shall be installed on all bare side slope sections immediately upon the completion of seeding and in accordance with Article 1631-3 of the *Standard Specifications*.

# **Measurement and Payment**

*Silt Excavation* will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1630-4 of the *Standard Specifications*, as calculated from the typical section throughout the length of the basin as shown on the final approved plans.

*Geotextile for Soil Stabilization* will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 270-4 of the *Standard Specifications*.

*Coir Fiber Baffles* will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1640-4 of the *Standard Specifications*.

<u>"Skimmer</u> will be measured in units of each. <u>"Skimmer</u> will be measured and paid for as the maximum number of each size skimmer acceptably installed and in use at any one time during the life of the project. Barrel and arm pipe, cleanout, relocation and reinstallation of <u>"Skimmer</u> is considered incidental to the measurement of the quantity of <u>"Skimmer</u> and no separate payment will be made. No separate payment shall be made if <u>"Skimmer</u>, barrel and/or arm pipe(s) are damaged by ice accumulation.

*Coir Fiber Mat* will be measured and paid for as the actual number of square yards measured along the surface of the ground over which coir fiber mat is installed and accepted.

*Temporary Slope Drain* will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1622-4 of the *Standard Specifications*.

*Stone for Erosion Control, Class* \_\_\_\_ will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1610-4 of the *Standard Specifications*.

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Seeding and Mulching will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1660-8 of the Standard Specifications.

*Seed for Temporary Seeding* will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1620-6 of the *Standard Specifications*.

*Fertilizer for Temporary Seeding* will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1620-6 of the *Standard Specifications*.

*Matting for Erosion Control* will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1631-4 of the *Standard Specifications*.

No measurement will be made for other items or for over excavation or stockpiling.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
" Skimmer	Each
Coir Fiber Mat	Square Yard

# **STORMWATER BASIN EROSION CONTROL:**

#### Description

Provide a skimmer to remove sediment from construction site runoff in permanent stormwater basins at locations shown in the erosion control plans. Work includes constructing basin, installation of coir fiber baffles, furnishing, installation and cleanout of skimmer, providing and placing stone pad on bottom of basin underneath skimmer device, stabilizing side slopes of basin with matting and seed, disposing of excess materials, removing coir fiber baffles, and skimmer device.

#### Materials

Item	Section
Seeding and Mulching	1060-4
Matting for Erosion Control	1060-8
Staples	1060-8
Coir Fiber Baffle	1640

Provide appropriately sized and approved skimmer device.

Provide Schedule 40 PVC pipe with a length of 6 ft. to attach to the skimmer and the coupling connection to serve as the arm pipe. For skimmer sizes of 2.5 in. and smaller, the arm pipe diameter shall be 1.5 inches. For skimmer sizes of 3 in. and larger, refer to manufacturer recommendation.

Provide 4" diameter Schedule 40 PVC pipe to attach to coupling connection of skimmer to serve as the barrel pipe through the earthen dam.

# **Construction Methods**

Construct permanent stormwater basin according to the plans with basin surface free of obstructions, debris, and pockets of low-density material. Construct the coir fiber baffles according to *Roadway Standard Drawings* No. 1640.01 and Section 1640 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Install skimmer device according to manufacturer recommendations. Install the coupling connection provided with the skimmer 1 ft. from the bottom of the basin and attach to permanent stormwater drainage structure. Attach the 6 ft. arm pipe to the coupling connection and skimmer according to manufacturer recommendations. The coupling shall be rigid and non-buoyant and not exceed a diameter of 4" and 12" in length. Attach the rope included with the skimmer to the tee between the vent socket and the tube inlet, and the other end to a wooden stake or metal post. Clean out skimmer device when it becomes clogged with sediment and/or debris and is unable to float at the top of water in basin. Take appropriate measures to avoid ice accumulation in the skimmer device. Construct a stone pad of Class B stone directly underneath the skimmer device at bottom of basin. The pad shall be a minimum of 12" in height, and shall have a minimum cross-sectional area of 4 ft. by 4 ft.

All bare side slope sections of the stormwater basin shall be seeded with a permanent seed mix as directed and in accordance with Articles 1660-4, 1660-5 and 1660-7 of the *Standard Specifications*. Straw or excelsior matting shall be installed on all bare side slope sections immediately upon the completion of seeding and in accordance with Article 1631-3 of the *Standard Specifications*.

#### Measurement and Payment

*Silt Excavation* will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1630-4 of the *Standard Specifications*, as calculated from the typical section throughout the length of the basin as shown on the final approved plans.

*Coir Fiber Baffles* will be measured and paid for in Accordance with Article 1640-4 of the *Standard Specifications*.

*Stone for Erosion Control, Class* \_\_\_\_ will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1610-4 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Seeding and Mulching will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1660-8 of the Standard Specifications.

*Matting for Erosion Control* will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1631-4 of the *Standard Specifications*.

No measurement will be made for other items or for over excavation or stockpiling.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
" Skimmer	Each

# **COIR FIBER WATTLE:**

#### Description

Coir Fiber Wattles are tubular products consisting of coir fibers (coconut fibers) encased in coir fiber netting. Coir Fiber Wattles are used on slopes or channels to intercept runoff and act as a velocity break. Coir Fiber Wattles are to be placed at locations shown on the plans or as directed. Installation shall follow the detail provided in the plans and as directed. Work includes furnishing materials, installation of coir fiber wattles, matting installation, and removing wattles.

# Materials

Coir Fiber Wattle shall meet the following specifications:

100% Coir (Coconut) Fibers	
Minimum Diameter	12 in.
Minimum Density	3.5 lb./ft <sup>3</sup> +/- 10%
Net Material	Coir Fiber
Net Openings	2 in. x 2 in.
Net Strength	90 lbs.
Minimum Weight	2.6 lbs./ft. +/- 10%

Anchors: Stakes shall be used as anchors.

Wooden Stakes:

Provide hardwood stakes a minimum of 2-ft. long with a 2 in. x 2 in. nominal square cross section. One end of the stake must be sharpened or beveled to facilitate driving down into the underlying soil.

Matting shall meet the requirements of Article 1060-8 of the *Standard Specifications* or shall meet specifications provided elsewhere in this contract.

Provide staples made of 0.125" diameter new steel wire formed into a u shape not less than 12" in length with a throat of 1" in width.

# **Construction Methods**

Coir Fiber Wattles shall be secured to the soil by wire staples approximately every 1 linear foot and at the end of each section of wattle. A minimum of 4 stakes shall be installed on the downstream side of the wattle with a maximum spacing of 2 linear feet along the wattle, and according to the detail. Install a minimum of 2 stakes on the upstream side of the wattle according to the detail provided in the plans. Stakes shall be driven into the ground a minimum of 10 in. with no more than 2 in.

projecting from the top of the wattle. Drive stakes at an angle according to the detail provided in the plans.

Only install coir fiber wattle(s) to a height in ditch so flow will not wash around wattle and scour ditch slopes and according to the detail provided in the plans and as directed. Overlap adjoining sections of wattles a minimum of 6 in.

Installation of matting shall be in accordance with the detail provided in the plans, and in accordance with Article 1631-3 of the *Standard Specifications*, or in accordance with specifications provided elsewhere in this contract.

The Contractor shall maintain the coir fiber wattles until the project is accepted or until the wattles are removed and shall remove and dispose of silt accumulations at the wattles when so directed in accordance with the requirements of Section 1630 of the *Standard Specifications*.

# **Measurement and Payment**

*Coir Fiber Wattles* will be measured and paid for by the actual number of linear feet of wattles which are installed and accepted. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this section, including, but not limited to, furnishing all materials, labor, equipment and incidentals necessary to install the *Coir Fiber Wattles*.

Matting will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1631-4 of the *Standard Specifications*, or in accordance with specifications provided elsewhere in this contract.

Payment will be made under:

**Pay Item** Coir Fiber Wattle Pay Unit Linear Foot

# TEMPORARY ROCK SILT CHECK TYPE A WITH EXCELSIOR MATTING AND POLYACRYLAMIDE (PAM):

# Description

Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A with Excelsior Matting and Polyacrylamide (PAM) are devices utilized in temporary and permanent ditches to reduce runoff velocity and incorporate PAM into the construction runoff to increase settling of sediment particles and reduce turbidity of runoff. Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A with Excelsior Matting and PAM are to be placed at locations shown on the plans or as directed. Installation shall follow the detail provided in the plans and as directed. Work includes furnishing materials, installation of Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A, matting installation, PAM application, and removing Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A with Excelsior Matting and PAM.

# Materials

Structural stone shall be class B stone that meets the requirements of Section 1042 of the *Standard Specifications* for Stone for Erosion Control, Class B.

Sediment control stone shall be #5 or #57 stone, which meets the requirements of Section 1005 of the *Standard Specifications* for these stone sizes.

Matting shall meet the requirements of Excelsior Matting in Subarticle 1060-8(B) of the *Standard Specifications*; or shall meet specifications provided elsewhere in this contract.

Polyacrylamide (PAM) shall be applied in powder form and shall be anionic or neutrally charged. Soil samples shall be obtained in areas where the Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A with Excelsior Matting and PAM will be placed, and from offsite material used to construct the roadway, and analyzed for the appropriate PAM flocculant to be utilized with each Temporary Rock Silt Check Type A. The PAM product used shall be listed on the North Carolina Department of Environment Quality Division on Water Resources site as an approved PAM product for use in North Carolina.

# **Construction Methods**

Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A shall be installed in accordance with Subarticle 1633-3(A) of the *Standard Specifications*, Roadway Standard Drawing No. 1633.01 and the detail provided in the plans.

Installation of matting shall be in accordance with the detail provided in the plans and anchored by placing Class B stone on top of the matting at the upper and lower ends.

Apply PAM at a rate of 4 ounces over the center portion of the Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A and matting where the water is going to flow over. PAM applications shall be done during construction activities and after every rainfall event that is equal to or exceeds 0.50 in.

The Contractor shall maintain the Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A with Excelsior Matting and PAM until the project is accepted or until the Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A with Excelsior Matting and PAM are removed, and shall remove and dispose of silt accumulations at the Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A with Excelsior Matting and PAM when so directed in accordance with the requirements of Section 1630 of the *Standard Specifications*.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

*Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A* will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1633-5 of the *Standard Specifications*, or in accordance with specifications provided elsewhere in this contract.

Matting will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1631-4 of the *Standard Specifications*, or in accordance with specifications provided elsewhere in this contract.

*Polyacrylamide (PAM)* will be measured and paid for by the actual weight in pounds of PAM applied to the Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this section, including, but not limited to, furnishing all materials, labor, equipment and incidentals necessary to apply the *Polyacrylamide (PAM)*.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
Polyacrylamide (PAM)	Pound

#### **IMPERVIOUS DIKE:**

(9-9-11)(Rev. 11-15-22)

# Description

This work consists of furnishing, installing, maintaining, pumping and removing an *Impervious Dike* for the purpose of diverting normal stream flow around the construction site. The Contractor shall construct an impervious dike in such a manner approved by the Engineer. The impervious dike shall not permit seepage of water into the construction site or contribute to siltation of the stream. The impervious dike shall be constructed of an acceptable material in the locations noted on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

#### Materials

Acceptable materials shall include but not be limited to sheet piles, sandbags, and/or the placement of an acceptable size stone lined with polypropylene or other impervious geotextile.

Earth material shall not be used to construct an impervious dike when it is in direct contact with the stream unless vegetation can be established before contact with the stream takes place.

#### **Construction Methods**

Where impervious dikes are shown on the plans and used to dewater or lower the water elevation, construct in accordance with Article 410-4 and 410-5.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

*Impervious Dike* will be measured and paid as the actual number of linear feet of impervious dike(s) constructed, measured in place from end to end of each separate installation that has been completed and accepted by the Engineer. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work including but not limited to furnishing materials, construction, maintenance, pumping and removal of the impervious dike.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item Impervious Dike Pay Unit Linear Foot

# **COIR FIBER MAT:**

#### Description

Furnish material, install and maintain coir fiber mat in locations shown on the plans or in locations as directed. Work includes providing all materials, excavating and backfilling, and placing and securing coir fiber mat with stakes, steel reinforcement bars or staples as directed.

#### <u>Materials</u>

**Item** Coir Fiber Mat **Section** 1060-14

Anchors: Stakes, reinforcement bars, or staples shall be used as anchors.

Wooden Stakes:

Provide hardwood stakes 12"- 24" long with a 2" x 2" nominal square cross section. One end of the stake must be sharpened or beveled to facilitate driving through the coir fiber mat and down into the underlying soil. The other end of the stake needs to have a 1"- 2" long head at the top with a 1"- 2" notch following to catch and secure the coir fiber mat.

Steel Reinforcement Bars:

Provide uncoated #10 steel reinforcement bars 24" nominal length. The bars shall have a 4" diameter bend at one end with a 4" straight section at the tip to catch and secure the coir fiber mat.

Staples:

Provide staples made of 0.125" diameter new steel wire formed into a u shape not less than 12" in length with a throat of 1" in width.

#### **Construction Methods**

Place the coir fiber mat immediately upon final grading. Provide a smooth soil surface free from stones, clods, or debris that will prevent the contact of the mat with the soil. Unroll the mat and apply without stretching such that it will lie smoothly but loosely on the soil surface.

For stream relocation applications, take care to preserve the required line, grade, and cross section of the area covered. Bury the top slope end of each piece of mat in a narrow trench at least 6 in. deep and tamp firmly. Where one roll of matting ends and a second roll begins, overlap the end of the upper roll over the buried end of the second roll so there is a 6 in. overlap. Construct check trenches at least 12 in. deep every 50 ft. longitudinally along the edges of the mat or as directed. Fold over and bury mat to the full depth of the trench, close and tamp firmly. Overlap mat at least 6 in. where 2 or more widths of mat are installed side by side.

Place anchors across the mat at the ends approximately 1 ft. apart. Place anchors along the outer edges and down the center of the mat 3 ft. apart.

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Adjustments in the trenching or anchoring requirements to fit individual site conditions may be required.

# **Measurement and Payment**

*Coir Fiber Mat* will be measured and paid for as the actual number of square yards measured along the surface of the ground over which coir fiber mat is installed and accepted.

No measurement will be made for anchor items.

Payment will be made under:

**Pay Item** Coir Fiber Mat Pay Unit Square Yard

# **CONCRETE WASHOUT STRUCTURE:**

(12-10-20)

# Description

Concrete washout structures are enclosures above or below grade to contain concrete waste water and associated concrete mix from washing out ready-mix trucks, drums, pumps, or other equipment. Concrete washouts must collect and retain all the concrete washout water and solids, so that this material does not migrate to surface waters or into the ground water. These enclosures are not intended for concrete waste not associated with wash out operations.

The concrete washout structure may include constructed devices above or below ground and or commercially available devices designed specifically to capture concrete wash water.

#### Materials

Item	Section
Temporary Silt Fence	1605

Safety Fence shall meet the specifications as provided elsewhere in this contract.

Geomembrane basin liner shall meet the following minimum physical properties for low permeability; it shall consist of a polypropylene or polyethylene 10 mil think geomembrane. If the minimum setback dimensions can be achieved the liner is not required. (5 feet above groundwater, 50 feet from top of bank of perennial stream, other surface water body, or wetland.)

# **Construction Methods**

Build an enclosed earthen berm or excavate to form an enclosure in accordance with the details and as directed.

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Install temporary silt fence around the perimeter of the enclosure in accordance with the details and as directed if structure is not located in an area where existing erosion and sedimentation control devices are capable to containing any loss of sediment.

Post a sign with the words "Concrete Washout" in close proximity of the concrete washout area, so it is clearly visible to site personnel. Install safety fence as directed for visibility to construction traffic.

The construction details for the above grade and below grade concrete washout structures can be found on the following web page link:

https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/roadside/SoilWaterDocuments/ConcreteWashoutStructuredetail.pdf

Alternate details for accommodating concrete washout may be submitted for review and approval.

The alternate details shall include the method used to retain and dispose of the concrete waste water within the project limits and in accordance with the minimum setback requirements. (5 feet above groundwater, 50 feet from top of bank of perennial stream, other surface water body, or wetland.)

#### Maintenance and Removal

Maintain the concrete washout structure(s) to provide adequate holding capacity plus a minimum freeboard of 12 inches. Remove and dispose of hardened concrete and return the structure to a functional condition after reaching 75% capacity.

Inspect concrete washout structures for damage and maintain for effectiveness.

Remove the concrete washout structures and sign upon project completion. Grade the earth material to match the existing contours and permanently seed and mulch area.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

*Concrete Washout Structure* will be paid for per each enclosure installed in accordance with the details. If alternate details or commercially available devices are approved, then those devices will also be paid for per each approved and installed device.

*Temporary Silt Fence* will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1605-5 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Safety Fence shall be measured and paid for as provided elsewhere in this contract.

No measurement will be made for other items or for over excavation or stockpiling.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item Concrete Washout Structure Pay Unit Each

#### Litter Removal (Mowing Areas Only):

(07-19-22)

# Description

This work consists of the pickup, removal, and disposal of litter from roadsides within the construction project prior to mowing operations.

# **Construction Methods**

Provide labor, equipment and materials necessary for the pickup and removal of litter from nonconstruction sources and the disposal of same into state approved landfills. The Contractor shall abide by all ordinances, laws and regulations regarding disposal of litter and recycling of eligible materials. Wastes generated from construction activities shall be managed as provided elsewhere in the contract. Litter items may consist of any item not considered normal to the right-of-way, including but not limited to, varied sizes of bottles, cans, paper, tires, tire pieces, lumber, vehicle parts, building supplies, metals, household furnishings, cardboard, plastics, ladders, brush and other items not considered normal to the right of way. Litter removal shall be performed in designated areas within five days prior to any mowing operations and as directed by the Engineer. Designated areas shall include vegetated medians and shoulders within the project limits including all interchange ramps and other areas to be mown. Designated areas may be omitted for litter removal by the Engineer due to safety concerns.

The Contractor shall provide adequate personnel and materials to collect and remove litter. The Contractor shall be responsible for locating and utilizing approved local landfills and recycling facilities. Refer to Section 105-27 of the *Standard Specifications* for potential hazardous materials. All collected litter shall be containerized immediately and kept off the traveled portions of the roadway, shoulders, and rights-of-way (including paved shoulders). All collected litter that is small enough to be placed in a bag shall be bagged immediately. All collected litter that is too large for a bag shall be placed into a vehicle. Extended storage or stockpiling of collected litter and recyclables will not be permitted.

The Contractor's personnel shall dispose of any litter in a landfill approved by North Carolina Division of Waste Management. The Contractor will not be allowed to use NCDOT accounts at the landfills/recycling centers nor be allowed to dispose of the litter in NCDOT trash containers on any NCDOT property.

The Contractor shall report online the number of bags of litter and any recycling on the NCDOT Litter Management Website on the date of the pickup at the following website:

#### https://apps.ncdot.gov/LM

An access code ('Pickup Key') for the online reporting portal may be obtained via emailing the Roadside Environmental Unit Litter Management Section at <u>ncdot.clr@ncdot.gov</u>. The Contractor shall request access to the litter removal reporting website prior to starting initial litter collection operations.

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#### **Measurement and Payment**

The quantity of litter removal to be performed will be affected by the actual conditions that occur during construction of the project. The quantity of litter removal may be increased, decreased, or eliminated entirely as directed by the Engineer. Such variations in quantity will not be considered as alterations in the details of construction or a change in the character of the work.

*Manual Litter Removal* will be measured and paid as the actual number of man hours each worker spends picking up litter. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all litter removal work covered by *Litter Removal*, including, but not limited to, furnishing all materials, labor, equipment, transport, reporting, and incidentals necessary to accomplish the work.

*Litter Disposal* will be measured and paid for by the actual number of tons of litter collected and properly disposed of at a state approved landfill. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all fees, labor, transport, and incidentals necessary to dispose of collected litter associated with *Litter Removal*.

All traffic control necessary to provide a safe work area for *Litter Removal* shall be paid for as specified elsewhere in the contract.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
Manual Litter Removal	MHR
Litter Disposal	TON

#### **FABRIC INSERT INLET PROTECTION DEVICE (HIGH FLOW)** (6-29-17) **Description**

This work shall consist of installing, maintaining, and removing *Fabric Insert Inlet Protection Device*, of the type specified, in inlet structures (catch basins, drop inlets, etc.) in areas where asphalt or concrete may prevent the proper installation of a Rock Inlet Sediment Traps Type C, or as directed.

#### Materials

The product shall be a fabric inlet protection device composed of a fitted woven polypropylene geotextile double sewn with nylon thread suspended sack. The *Fabric Insert Inlet Protection Device* shall be manufactured to fit the opening of the catch basin or drop inlet or shall have a deflector to direct runoff from the curb opening into the fabric sack. The *Fabric Insert Inlet Protection Device* shall have a rigid frame or support system to support the loaded weight of the product. The product shall have lifting loops for removing the device from the basin and will have dump straps attached at the bottom to facilitate the emptying of the device. The *Fabric Insert Inlet Protection Device* shall have an overflow system to allow stormwater to enter the inlet structure and avoid ponding on the roadway when the device reaches capacity.

The stitching shall meet the following physical properties:

Physical	Test Method	English
Average Wide Width Strength	ASTM D-4884	165 lb./in

The fitted filter assembly shall have the following physical properties:

Physical	<b>Test Method</b>	English
Grab Tensile	ASTM D-4632	255 x 275 lbs.
Minimum Puncture Strength	ASTM D-4833	125 lbs.
Mullen Burst	ASTM D-3786	420 PSI
Minimum UV Resistance	ASTM D-4355	70 %.
Flow Rate	ASTM D-4491	200 gal/min/ft <sup>2</sup>
Apparent Opening	ASTM D-4751	20 US Sieve
Permittivity	ASTM D-4491	1.5 sec <sup>-1</sup>

#### **Construction Methods**

Strictly comply with manufacturer's installation instructions and recommendations. Maintenance shall include regular daily inspections and after each qualifying rain event. The *Fabric Insert Inlet Protection Device* shall be emptied, cleaned and placed back into the basin when it reaches 50% capacity or as directed.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per *Fabric Insert Inlet Protection Device* of the type specified, complete in place and accepted. Such payment shall be full compensation for furnishing and installing the *Fabric Insert Inlet Protection Device* in accordance with this specification and for all required maintenance.

Maintenance of the device, cleanout and disposal of accumulated sediments shall be paid for by *Fabric Insert Inlet Protection Device Cleanout*.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
Fabric Insert Inlet Protection Device	Each
Fabric Insert Inlet Protection Device Cleanout	Each

# TACK FOR MULCH FOR EROSION CONTROL:

(07-19-22)

#### Description

This work consists of supplying and installing of an approved material for binding mulch for erosion control in accordance with Section 1060-5, Section 1615 and Section 1660 of the *Standard Specifications*. This provision defines acceptable materials and rates for tacking material for holding mulch in place.

#### Materials

(a) Emulsified Asphalt

Asphalt emulsion tack shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 140, Specification for Emulsified Asphalt. The emulsified asphalt may be rapid setting, medium setting, or slow setting. Apply emulsified asphalt tackifier at a rate of 0.10 gallons per square yard (approximately 484 gallons per acre).

(b) Cellulose Hydromulch

Cellulose hydromulch products shall be non-toxic, weed-free, prepackaged cellulose fiber (pulp) material containing no more than 3% ash or other inert materials. Cellulose hydromulches may contain dyes or binders specifically formulated to enhance the adhesive qualities of the hydromulch. Apply cellulose hydromulches at a rate of 1000 pounds (dry weight) per acre.

Wood fiber or wood fiber blend hydromulches may be substituted for cellulose hydromulch at the same application rate.

(c) Other tackifiers

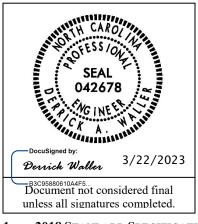
Other approved materials, specifically designed and manufactured for application as a straw mulch tacking agent, may be used at the manufacturer's recommended rate.

#### **Construction Methods**

Apply the Tack for Mulch for Erosion Control uniformly across straw mulch per Section 1615 and Section 1660 of the *Standard Specifications*.

#### Payment

*Tack for Mulch for Erosion Control* is incidental to the application of *Temporary Mulching*, Section 1615-4, and *Seeding and Mulching*, Section 1660-8, and no additional payment will be made.



# Project Special Provisions (Version 18.6)

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Prepared By: <u>EDH</u> 14-Dec-21

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#### 1. 2018 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROADS & STRUCTURES

### The 2018 <u>Standard Specifications</u> are revised as follows:

## **1.1. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS – Construction Methods (1700-3(K))**

Page 17-4, revise sentence starting on line 14 to read "Modify existing electrical services, as necessary, to meet the grounding requirements of the NEC, these *Standard Specifications, Standard Drawings,* and the project plans."

Page 17-4, revise sentence beginning on line 21 to read "Furnish and install additional ground rods to grounding electrode system as necessary to meet the *Standard Specifications, Standard Drawings*, and test requirements."

### 1.2. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS – Construction Methods (1700-3(M))

Page 17-4, Replace the sentence beginning on line 41 with "Prior to placing signal in the steady (stop-and-go) mode, the signal should be placed in the flashing mode for up to 7 days or as directed by the Engineer. The signal should not be placed in the steady (stop-and-go) mode on a Saturday or Sunday without prior approval from the Engineer. Do not place the signal in steady (stop-and-go) mode until inspected and without the prior approval of the Engineer."

#### 1.3. WOOD POLES – Construction Methods (1720-3)

Page 17-18, revise sentence starting on line 13 to read "On new Department-owned poles, install a grounding system consisting of #6 AWG solid bare copper wire that is mechanically crimped using an irreversible compression tool with die to a single ground rod installed at base of pole or to the electrical service grounding electrode system located within 10 feet of the pole."

# 2. SIGNAL HEADS

# 2.1. MATERIALS

#### A. General:

Fabricate vehicle signal head housings and end caps from die-cast aluminum. Fabricate 16-inch pedestrian signal head housings and end caps from die-cast aluminum. Provide visor mounting screws, door latches, and hinge pins fabricated from stainless steel. Provide interior screws, fasteners, and metal parts fabricated from stainless steel.

Fabricate tunnel and traditional visors from sheet aluminum.

Paint all surfaces inside and outside of signal housings and doors. Paint outside surfaces of tunnel and traditional visors, wire outlet bodies, wire entrance fitting brackets and end caps when supplied as components of messenger cable mounting assemblies, pole and pedestal mounting assemblies, and pedestrian pushbutton housings. Have electrostatically-applied, fused-polyester paint in highway yellow (Federal Standard 595C, Color Chip Number 13538) a minimum of 2.5 to 3.5 mils thick. Do not apply paint to the latching hardware, rigid vehicle signal head mounting brackets for mast-arm attachments, messenger cable hanger components or balance adjuster components.

Have the interior surfaces of tunnel and traditional visors painted an alkyd urea black synthetic baking enamel with a minimum gloss reflectance and meeting the requirements of MIL-E-10169, "Enamel Heat Resisting, Instrument Black."

Where required, provide polycarbonate signal heads and visors that comply with the provisions pertaining to the aluminum signal heads listed on the QPL with the following exceptions:

Fabricate signal head housings, end caps, and visors from virgin polycarbonate material. Provide UV stabilized polycarbonate plastic with a minimum thickness of  $0.1 \pm 0.01$  inches that is highway yellow (Federal Standard 595C, Color Chip 13538). Ensure the color is incorporated into the plastic material before molding the signal head housings and end caps. Ensure the plastic formulation provides the following physical properties in the assembly (tests may be performed on separately molded specimens):

Test	Required	Method
Specific Gravity	1.17 minimum	ASTM D 792
Flammability	Self-extinguishing	ASTM D 635
Tensile Strength, yield, PSI	8500 minimum	ASTM D 638
Izod impact strength, ft-lb/in [notched, 1/8 inch]	12 minimum	ASTM D 256

For pole mounting, provide side of pole mounting assemblies with framework and all other hardware necessary to make complete, watertight connections of the signal heads to the poles and pedestals. Fabricate the mounting assemblies and frames from aluminum with all necessary hardware, screws, washers, etc. to be stainless steel. Provide mounting fittings that match the positive locking device on the signal head with the serrations integrally cast into the brackets. Provide upper and lower pole plates that have a 1 ¼-inch vertical conduit entrance hubs with the hubs capped on the lower plate and 1 ½-inch horizontal hubs. Ensure that the assemblies provide rigid attachments to poles and pedestals so as to allow no twisting or swaying of the signal heads. Ensure that all raceways are free of sharp edges and protrusions, and can accommodate a minimum of ten Number 14 AWG conductors.

For pedestal mounting, provide a post-top slipfitter mounting assembly that matches the positive locking device on the signal head with serrations integrally cast into the slipfitter. Provide stainless steel hardware, screws, washers, etc. Provide a minimum of six 3/8 X 3/4-inch long square head bolts for attachment to pedestal. Provide a center post for multi-way slipfitters.

For light emitting diode (LED) traffic signal modules, provide the following requirements for inclusion on the Department's Qualified Products List for traffic signal equipment.

- 1. Sample submittal,
- 2. Third-party independent laboratory testing results for each submitted module with evidence of testing and conformance with all of the Design Qualification Testing specified in section 6.4 of each of the following Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) specifications:
  - Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads Light Emitting Diode (LED) Circular Signal Supplement
  - Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads Light Emitting Diode (LED) Vehicle Arrow Traffic Signal Supplement
  - Pedestrian Traffic Control Signal Indications –Light Emitting Diode (LED) Signal Modules.

(Note: The Department currently recognizes two approved independent testing laboratories. They are Intertek ETL Semko and Light Metrics, Incorporated with Garwood Laboratories. Independent laboratory tests from other laboratories may be considered as part of the QPL submittal at the discretion of the Department,

3. Evidence of conformance with the requirements of these specifications,

- 4. A manufacturer's warranty statement in accordance with the required warranty, and
- 5. Submittal of manufacturer's design and production documentation for the model, including but not limited to, electrical schematics, electronic component values, proprietary part numbers, bill of materials, and production electrical and photometric test parameters.
- 6. Evidence of approval of the product to bear the Intertek ETL Verified product label for LED traffic signal modules.

In addition to meeting the performance requirements for the minimum period of 60 months, provide a written warranty against defects in materials and workmanship for the modules for a period of 60 months after installation of the modules. During the warranty period, the manufacturer must provide new replacement modules within 45 days of receipt of modules that have failed at no cost to the State. Repaired or refurbished modules may not be used to fulfill the manufacturer's warranty obligations. Provide manufacturer's warranty documentation to the Department during evaluation of product for inclusion on Qualified Products List (QPL).

#### **B.** Vehicle Signal Heads:

Comply with the ITE standard "Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads". Provide housings with provisions for attaching backplates.

Provide visors that are 10 inches in length for 12-inch vehicle signal heads.

Provide a termination block with one empty terminal for field wiring for each indication plus one empty terminal for the neutral conductor. Have all signal sections wired to the termination block. Provide barriers between the terminals that have terminal screws with a minimum Number 8 thread size and that will accommodate and secure spade lugs sized for a Number 10 terminal screw.

Mount termination blocks in the yellow signal head sections on all in-line vehicle signal heads. Mount the termination block in the red section on five-section vehicle signal heads.

Furnish vehicle signal head interconnecting brackets. Provide one-piece aluminum brackets less than 4.5 inches in height and with no threaded pipe connections. Provide hand holes on the bottom of the brackets to aid in installing wires to the signal heads. Lower brackets that carry no wires and are used only for connecting the bottom signal sections together may be flat in construction.

For messenger cable mounting, provide messenger cable hangers, wire outlet bodies, balance adjusters, bottom caps, wire entrance fitting brackets, and all other hardware necessary to make complete, watertight connections of the vehicle signal heads to the messenger cable. Fabricate messenger cable hanger components, wire outlet bodies and balance adjuster components from stainless steel or malleable iron galvanized in accordance with ASTM A153 (Class A) or ASTM A123. Provide serrated rings made of aluminum. Provide messenger cable hangers with U-bolt clamps. Fabricate washers, screws, hex-head bolts and associated nuts, clevis pins, cotter pins, U-bolt clamps and nuts from stainless steel.

For mast-arm mounting, provide rigid vehicle signal head mounting brackets and all other hardware necessary to make complete, watertight connections of the vehicle signal heads to the mast arms and to provide a means for vertically adjusting the vehicle signal heads to proper alignment. Fabricate the mounting assemblies from aluminum, and provide serrated rings made of aluminum. Provide stainless steel cable attachment assemblies to secure the brackets to the mast arms. Ensure all fastening hardware and fasteners are fabricated from stainless steel.

Provide LED vehicular traffic signal modules (hereafter referred to as modules) that consist of an assembly that uses LEDs as the light source in lieu of an incandescent lamp for use in traffic signal sections. Use LEDs that are aluminum indium gallium phosphorus (AlInGaP) technology for red and

yellow indications and indium gallium nitride (InGaN) for green indications. Install the ultra bright type LEDs that are rated for 100,000 hours of continuous operation from -40°F to +165°F. Design modules to have a minimum useful life of 60 months and to meet all parameters of this specification during this period of useful life.

For the modules, provide spade terminals crimped to the lead wires and sized for a #10 screw connection to the existing terminal block in a standard signal head. Do not provide other types of crimped terminals with a spade adapter.

Ensure the power supply is integral to the module assembly. On the back of the module, permanently mark the date of manufacture (month & year) or some other method of identifying date of manufacture.

Tint the red, yellow and green lenses to correspond with the wavelength (chromaticity) of the LED. Transparent tinting films are unacceptable. Provide a lens that is integral to the unit with a smooth outer surface.

#### 1. LED Circular Signal Modules:

Provide modules in the following configurations: 12-inch circular sections. All makes and models of LED modules purchased for use on the State Highway System shall appear on the current NCDOT Traffic Signal Qualified Products List (QPL).

Provide the manufacturer's model number and the product number (assigned by the Department) for each module that appears on the 2018 or most recent Qualified Products List. In addition, provide manufacturer's certification in accordance with Article 106-3 of the *Standard Specifications*, that each module meets or exceeds the ITE "Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads – Light Emitting Diode (LED) Circular Signal Supplement" dated June 27, 2005 (hereafter referred to as VTCSH Circular Supplement) and other requirements stated in this specification.

Provide modules that meet the following requirements when tested under the procedures outlined in the VTCSH Circular Supplement:

Module Type	Max. Wattage at 165° F	Nominal Wattage at 77° F
12-inch red circular	17	11
12-inch green circular	15	15

For yellow circular signal modules, provide modules tested under the procedures outlined in the VTCSH Circular Supplement to insure power required at 77° F is 22 Watts or less for the 12-inch circular module.

Note: Use a wattmeter having an accuracy of  $\pm 1\%$  to measure the nominal wattage and maximum wattage of a circular traffic signal module. Power may also be derived from voltage, current and power factor measurements.

#### 2. LED Arrow Signal Modules

Provide 12-inch omnidirectional arrow signal modules. All makes and models of LED modules purchased for use on the State Highway System shall appear on the current NCDOT Traffic Signal Qualified Products List (QPL).

Provide the manufacturer's model number and the product number (assigned by the Department) for each module that appears on the 2018 or most recent Qualified Products List. In addition, provide manufacturer's certification in accordance with Article 106-3 of the *Standard Specifications*, that each module meets or exceeds the requirements for 12-inch omnidirectional modules specified in the

ITE "Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads – Light Emitting Diode (LED) Vehicle Arrow Traffic Signal Supplement" dated July 1, 2007 (hereafter referred to as VTCSH Arrow Supplement) and other requirements stated in this specification.

Provide modules that meet the following requirements when tested under the procedures outlined in the VTCSH Arrow Supplement:

Module Type	Max. Wattage at 165° F	Nominal Wattage at 77° F
12-inch red arrow	12	9
12-inch green arrow	11	11

For yellow arrow signal modules, provide modules tested under the procedures outlined in the VTCSH Arrow Supplement to insure power required at 77° F is 12 Watts or less.

Note: Use a wattmeter having an accuracy of  $\pm 1\%$  to measure the nominal wattage and maximum wattage of an arrow traffic signal module. Power may also be derived from voltage, current and power factor measurements.

#### 3. LED U-Turn Arrow Signal Modules:

Provide modules in the following configurations: 12-inch left u-turn arrow signal modules and 12-inch right u-turn arrow signal modules.

Modules are not required to be listed on the ITS and Signals Qualified Products List. Provide manufacturer's certification in accordance with Article 106-3 of the *Standard Specifications*, that each module meets or exceeds the ITE "Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads – Light Emitting Diode (LED) Circular Signal Supplement" dated June 27, 2005 (hereafter referred to as VTCSH Circular Supplement) and other requirements stated in this specification.

Provide modules that have minimum maintained luminous intensity values that are not less than 16% of the values calculated using the method described in section 4.1 of the VTCSH Circular Supplement.

Provide modules that meet the following requirements when tested under the procedures outlined in the VTCSH Circular Supplement:

Module Type	Max. Wattage at 165° F	Nominal Wattage at 77° F
12-inch red u-turn arrow	17	11
12-inch green u-turn arrow	15	15

For yellow u-turn arrow signal modules, provide modules tested under the procedures outlined in the VTCSH Circular Supplement to ensure power required at 77° F is 22 Watts or less.

Note: Use a wattmeter having an accuracy of  $\pm 1\%$  to measure the nominal wattage and maximum wattage of a circular traffic signal module. Power may also be derived from voltage, current and power factor measurements.

#### C. Pedestrian Signal Heads:

Provide pedestrian signal heads with international symbols that meet the MUTCD. Do not provide letter indications.

Comply with the ITE standard for "Pedestrian Traffic Control Signal Indications" and the following sections of the ITE standard for "Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads" in effect on the date of advertisement:

- Section 3.00 "Physical and Mechanical Requirements"
- Section 4.01 "Housing, Door, and Visor: General"

- Section 4.04 "Housing, Door, and Visor: Materials and Fabrication"
- Section 7.00 "Exterior Finish"

Provide a double-row termination block with three empty terminals and number 10 screws for field wiring. Provide barriers between the terminals that accommodate a spade lug sized for number 10 terminal screws. Mount the termination block in the hand section. Wire all signal sections to the terminal block.

Where required by the plans, provide 16-inch pedestrian signal heads with traditional threesided, rectangular visors, 6 inches long.

Provide 2-inch diameter pedestrian push-buttons with weather-tight housings fabricated from die-cast aluminum and threading in compliance with the NEC for rigid metal conduit. Provide a weep hole in the housing bottom and ensure that the unit is vandal resistant.

Provide push-button housings that are suitable for mounting on flat or curved surfaces and that will accept 1/2-inch conduit installed in the top. Provide units that have a heavy duty push-button assembly with a sturdy, momentary, normally-open switch. Have contacts that are electrically insulated from the housing and push-button. Ensure that the push-buttons are rated for a minimum of 5 mA at 24 volts DC and 250 mA at 12 volts AC.

Provide standard R10-3 signs with mounting hardware that comply with the MUTCD in effect on the date of advertisement. Provide R10-3E signs for countdown pedestrian heads and R10-3B for non-countdown pedestrian heads.

Design the LED pedestrian traffic signal modules (hereafter referred to as modules) for installation into standard pedestrian traffic signal sections that do not contain the incandescent signal section reflector, lens, eggcrate visor, gasket, or socket. Provide modules that consist of an assembly that uses LEDs as the light source in lieu of an incandescent lamp. Use LEDs that are of the latest aluminum indium gallium phosphorus (AlInGaP) technology for the Portland Orange hand and countdown displays. Use LEDs that are of the latest indium gallium nitride (InGaN) technology for the Lunar White walking man displays. Install the ultra-bright type LEDs that are rated for 100,000 hours of continuous operation from -40°F to +165°F. Design modules to have a minimum useful life of 60 months and to meet all parameters of this specification during this period of useful life.

Design all modules to operate using a standard 3 - wire field installation. Provide spade terminals crimped to the lead wires and sized for a #10 screw connection to the existing terminal block in a standard pedestrian signal housing. Do not provide other types of crimped terminals with a spade adapter.

Ensure the power supply is integral to the module assembly. On the back of the module, permanently mark the date of manufacture (month & year) or some other method of identifying date of manufacture.

Provide modules in the following configuration: 16-inch displays which have the solid hand/walking man overlay on the left and the countdown on the right. All makes and models of LED modules purchased for use on the State Highway System shall appear on the current NCDOT Traffic Signal Qualified Products List (QPL).

Provide the manufacturer's model number and the product number (assigned by the Department) for each module that appears on the 2018 or most recent Qualified Products List. In addition, provide manufacturer's certification in accordance with Article 106-3 of the *Standard Specifications*, that each module meets or exceeds the ITE "Pedestrian Traffic Control Signal Indicators - Light Emitting

Diode (LED) Signal Modules" dated August 04, 2010 (hereafter referred to as PTCSI Pedestrian Standard) and other requirements stated in this specification.

Provide modules that meet the following requirements when tested under the procedures outlined in the PTCSI Pedestrian Standard:

Module Type	Max. Wattage at 165° F	Nominal Wattage at 77° F
Hand Indication	16	13
Walking Man Indication	12	9
Countdown Indication	16	13

Note: Use a wattmeter having an accuracy of  $\pm 1\%$  to measure the nominal wattage and maximum wattage of a circular traffic signal module. Power may also be derived from voltage, current and power factor measurements.

Provide module lens that is hard coated or otherwise made to comply with the material exposure and weathering effects requirements of the Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE) J576. Ensure all exposed components of the module are suitable for prolonged exposure to the environment, without appreciable degradation that would interfere with function or appearance.

Ensure the countdown display continuously monitors the traffic controller to automatically learn the pedestrian phase time and update for subsequent changes to the pedestrian phase time.

Ensure the countdown display begins normal operation upon the completion of the preemption sequence and no more than one pedestrian clearance cycle.

#### **D.** Signal Cable:

Furnish 16-4 and 16-7 signal cable that complies with IMSA specification 20-1 except provide the following conductor insulation colors:

- For 16-4 cable: white, yellow, red, and green
- For 16-7 cable: white, yellow, red, green, yellow with black stripe tracer, red with black stripe tracer, and green with black stripe tracer. Apply continuous stripe tracer on conductor insulation with a longitudinal or spiral pattern.

Provide a ripcord to allow the cable jacket to be opened without using a cutter. IMSA specification 19-1 will not be acceptable. Provide a cable jacket labeled with the IMSA specification number and provide conductors constructed of stranded copper.

#### **3. CONTROLLERS WITH CABINETS**

#### **3.1. MATERIALS – GENERAL CABINETS**

Provide a moisture resistant coating on all circuit boards.

Provide one 20 mm diameter radial lead UL-recognized metal oxide varistor (MOV) between each load switch field terminal and equipment ground. Electrical performance is outlined below.

PROPERTIES OF MOV SURGE PROTECTOR		
Maximum Continuous Applied Voltage at 185° F	150 VAC (RMS) 200 VDC	
Maximum Peak 8x20µs Current at 185° F	6500 A	
Maximum Energy Rating at 185° F	80 J	
Voltage Range 1 mA DC Test at 77° F	212-268 V	
Max. Clamping Voltage 8x20µs, 100A at 77° F	395 V	
Typical Capacitance (1 MHz) at 77° F	1600 pF	

Provide a power line surge protector that is a two-stage device that will allow connection of the radio frequency interference filter between the stages of the device. Ensure that a maximum continuous current is at least 10A at 120V. Ensure that the device can withstand a minimum of 20 peak surge current occurrences at 20,000A for an 8x20 microsecond waveform. Provide a maximum clamp voltage of 395V at 20,000A with a nominal series inductance of 200µh. Ensure that the voltage does not exceed 395V. Provide devices that comply with the following:

Frequency (Hz)	Minimum Insertion Loss (dB)
60	0
10,000	30
50,000	55
100,000	50
500,000	50
2,000,000	60
5,000,000	40
10,000,000	20
20,000,000	25

#### **3.2. MATERIALS – TYPE 170E CABINETS**

#### A. Type 170 E Cabinets General:

Conform to the city of Los Angeles' Specification No. 54-053-08, *Traffic Signal Cabinet Assembly Specification* (dated July 2008), except as required herein.

Furnish model 332 base mounted cabinets configured for 8 vehicle phases, 4 pedestrian phases, and 6 overlaps. When overlaps are required, provide auxiliary output files for the overlaps. Do not reassign load switches to accommodate overlaps unless shown on electrical details.

Provide model 200 load switches, model 222 loop detector sensors, model 252 AC isolators, and model 242 DC isolators according to the electrical details. As a minimum, provide one (1) model 2018 conflict monitor, one (1) model 206L power supply unit, two (2) model 204 flashers, one (1)

DC isolator (located in slot I14), and four (4) model 430 flash transfer relays (provide seven (7) model 430 flash transfer relays if auxiliary output file is installed) with each cabinet.

#### **B.** Type 170 E Cabinet Electrical Requirements:

Provide a cabinet assembly designed to ensure that upon leaving any cabinet switch or conflict monitor initiated flashing operation, the controller starts up in the programmed start up phases and start up interval.

Furnish two sets of non-fading cabinet wiring diagrams and schematics in a paper envelope or container and placed in the cabinet drawer.

All AC+ power is subject to radio frequency signal suppression.

Provide surge suppression in the cabinet for each type of cabinet device. Provide surge protection for the full capacity of the cabinet input file. Provide surge suppression devices that operate properly over a temperature range of  $-40^{\circ}$  F to  $+185^{\circ}$  F. Ensure the surge suppression devices provide both common and differential modes of protection.

Provide a pluggable power line surge protector that is installed on the back of the PDA (power distribution assembly) chassis to filter and absorb power line noise and switching transients. Ensure the device incorporates LEDs for failure indication and provides a dry relay contact closure for the purpose of remote sensing. Ensure the device meets the following specifications:

Peak Surge Current (Single pulse, 8x20µs)	20,000A
Occurrences (8x20µs waveform)	10 minimum @ 20,000A
Maximum Clamp Voltage	395VAC
Operating Current	15 amps
Response Time	< 5 nanoseconds

Provide a loop surge suppressor for each set of loop terminals in the cabinet. Ensure the device meets the following specifications:

Peak Surge Current (6 times, 8x20µs)	
(Differential Mode)	400A
(Common Mode)	1,000A
Occurrences (8x20µs waveform)	500 min @ 200A
Maximum Clamp Voltage	
(Differential Mode @400A)	35V
(Common Mode @1,000A)	35V
Response Time	< 5 nanoseconds
Maximum Capacitance	35 pF

Provide a data communications surge suppressor for each communications line entering or leaving the cabinet. Ensure the device meets the following specifications:

Peak Surge Current (Single pulse, 8x20µs)......10,000A

Occurrences (8x20µs waveform)	100 min @ 2,000A
Maximum Clamp Voltage	Rated for equipment protected
Response Time	< 1 nanosecond
Maximum Capacitance	.1,500 pF
Maximum Series Resistance	15Ω

Provide a DC signal surge suppressor for each DC input channel in the cabinet. Ensure the device meets the following specifications:

Peak Surge Current (Single pulse, 8x20µs)	.10,000A
Occurrences (8x20µs waveform)	.100 @ 2,000A
Maximum Clamp Voltage	30V
Response Time	.<1 nanosecond

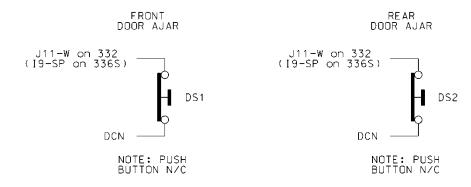
Provide a 120 VAC signal surge suppressor for each AC+ interconnect signal input. Ensure the device meets the following specifications:

Peak Surge Current (Single pulse, 8x20µs)	20,000A
Maximum Clamp Voltage	.350VAC
Response Time	< 200 nanoseconds
Discharge Voltage	.<200 Volts @ 1,000A
Insulation Resistance	.≥100 MΩ

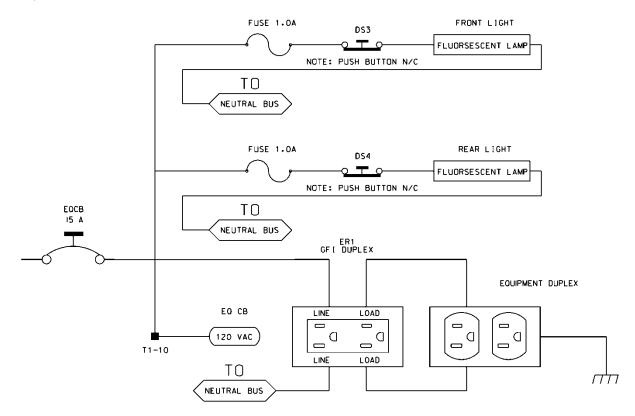
Provide conductors for surge protection wiring that are of sufficient size (ampacity) to withstand maximum overcurrents which could occur before protective device thresholds are attained and current flow is interrupted.

If additional surge protected power outlets are needed to accommodate fiber transceivers, modems, etc., install a UL listed, industrial, heavy-duty type power outlet strip with a minimum rating of 15 A / 125 VAC, 60 Hz. Provide a strip that has a minimum of 3 grounded outlets. Ensure the power outlet strip plugs into one of the controller unit receptacles located on the rear of the PDA. Ensure power outlet strip is mounted securely; provide strain relief if necessary.

Provide a door switch in the front and a door switch in the rear of the cabinet that will provide the controller unit with a Door Ajar alarm when either the front or the rear door is open. Ensure the door switches apply DC ground to the Input File when either the front door or the rear door is open.



Furnish a fluorescent fixture in the rear across the top of the cabinet and another fluorescent fixture in the front across the top of the cabinet at a minimum. Ensure that the fixtures provide sufficient light to illuminate all terminals, labels, switches, and devices in the cabinet. Conveniently locate the fixtures so as not to interfere with a technician's ability to perform work on any devices or terminals in the cabinet. Provide a protective diffuser to cover exposed bulbs. Install 16 watt T-4 lamps in the fluorescent fixtures. Provide a door switch to provide power to each fixture when the respective door is open. Wire the fluorescent fixtures to the 15 amp ECB (equipment circuit breaker).



Furnish a police panel with a police panel door. Ensure that the police panel door permits access to the police panel when the main door is closed. Ensure that no rainwater can enter the cabinet even with the police panel door open. Provide a police panel door hinged on the right side as viewed from the front. Provide a police panel door lock that is keyed to a standard police/fire call box key. In

addition to the requirements of LA Specification No. 54-053-08, provide the police panel with a toggle switch connected to switch the intersection operation between normal stop-and-go operation (AUTO) and manual operation (MANUAL). Ensure that manual control can be implemented using inputs and software such that the controller provides full programmed clearance times for the yellow clearance and red clearance for each phase while under manual control.

Provide a 1/4-inch locking phone jack in the police panel for a hand control to manually control the intersection. Provide sufficient room in the police panel for storage of a hand control and cord.

For model 332 base mounted cabinets, ensure terminals J14-E and J14-K are wired together on the rear of the Input File. Connect TB9-12 (J14 Common) on the Input Panel to T1-2 (AC-) on the rear of the PDA.

Provide detector test switches mounted at the top of the cabinet rack or other convenient location which may be used to place a call on each of eight phases based on the chart below. Provide three positions for each switch: On (place call), Off (normal detector operation), and Momentary On (place momentary call and return to normal detector operation after switch is released). Ensure that the switches are located such that the technician can read the controller display and observe the intersection.

332 Cabinet	
<b>Detector Call Switches</b>	Terminals
Phase 1	I1-W
Phase 2	I4-W
Phase 3	I5-W
Phase 4	I8-W
Phase 5	J1-W
Phase 6	J4-W
Phase 7	J5-W
Phase 8	J8-W

Connect detector test switches for cabinets as follows:

Provide the PCB 28/56 connector for the conflict monitor unit (CMU) with 28 independent contacts per side, dual-sided with 0.156 inch contact centers. Provide the PCB 28/56 connector contacts with solder eyelet terminations. Ensure all connections to the PCB 28/56 connector are soldered to the solder eyelet terminations.

Ensure that all cabinets have the CMU connector wired according to the 332 cabinet connector pin assignments (include all wires for auxiliary output file connection). Wire pins 13, 16, R, and U of the CMU connector to a separate 4 pin plug, P1, as shown below. Provide a second plug, P2, which will mate with P1 and is wired to the auxiliary output file as shown below. Provide an additional plug, P3, which will mate with P1 and is wired to the pedestrian yellow circuits as shown below. When no auxiliary output file is installed in the cabinet, provide wires for the green and yellow inputs for channels 11, 12, 17, and 18, the red inputs for channels 17 and 18, and the wires for the P2 plug. Terminate the two-foot wires with ring type lugs, insulated, and bundled for optional use.

_	P1		P2		Р	3
PIN	FUNCTION	CONN TO	FUNCTION	CONN TO	FUNCTION	CONN TO
1	CH-9G	CMU-13	OLA-GRN	A123	2P-YEL	114
2	CH-9Y	CMU-16	OLA-YEL	A122	4P-YEL	105
3	CH-10G	CMU-R	OLB-GRN	A126	6P-YEL	120
4	CH-10Y	CMU-U	OLB-YEL	A125	8P-YEL	111

Do not provide the P20 terminal assembly (red monitor board) or red interface ribbon cable as specified in LA Specification No. 54-053-08.

Provide a P20 connector that mates with and is compatible with the red interface connector mounted on the front of the conflict monitor. Ensure that the P20 connector and the red interface connector on the conflict monitor are center polarized to ensure proper connection. Ensure that removal of the P20 connector will cause the conflict monitor to recognize a latching fault condition and place the cabinet into flashing operation.

Wire the P20 connector to the output file and auxiliary output file using 22 AWG stranded wires. Ensure the length of these wires is a minimum of 42 inches in length. Provide a durable braided sleeve around the wires to organize and protect the wires.

Wire the P20 connector to the traffic signal red displays to provide inputs to the conflict monitor as shown below. Ensure the pedestrian Don't Walk circuits are wired to channels 13 through 16 of the P20 connector. When no auxiliary output file is installed in the cabinet, provide wires for channels 9 through 12 reds. Provide a wire for special function 1. Terminate the unused wires with ring type lugs, insulated, and bundled for optional use.

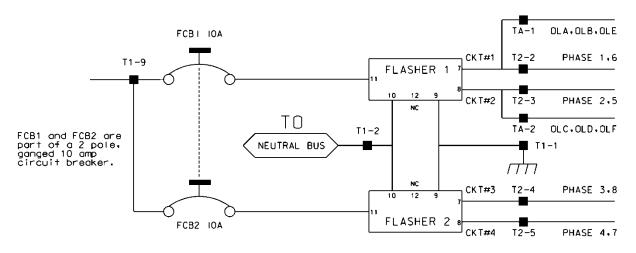
	P20 Connector				
PIN	FUNCTION	CONN TO	PIN	FUNCTION	CONN TO
1	Channel 15 Red	119	2	Channel 16 Red	110
3	Channel 14 Red	104	4	Chassis GND	01-9
5	Channel 13 Red	113	6	N/C	
7	Channel 12 Red	AUX 101	8	Spec Function 1	
9	Channel 10 Red	AUX 124	10	Channel 11 Red	AUX 114
11	Channel 9 Red	AUX 121	12	Channel 8 Red	107
13	Channel 7 Red	122	14	Channel 6 Red	134
15	Channel 5 Red	131	16	Channel 4 Red	101
17	Channel 3 Red	116	18	Channel 2 Red	128
19	Channel 1 Red	125	20	Red Enable	01-14

Ensure the controller unit outputs to the auxiliary output file are pre-wired to the C5 connector. When no auxiliary output file is installed in the cabinet, connect the C5 connector to a storage socket located on the Input Panel or on the rear of the PDA.

Do not wire pin 12 of the load switch sockets.

In addition to the requirements of LA Specification No. 54-053-08, ensure relay K1 on the Power Distribution Assembly (PDA) is a four pole relay and K2 on the PDA is a two pole relay.

Provide a two pole, ganged circuit breaker for the flash bus circuit. Ensure the flash bus circuit breaker is an inverse time circuit breaker rated for 10 amps at 120 VAC with a minimum of 10,000 RMS symmetrical amperes short circuit current rating. Do not provide the auxiliary switch feature on the flash bus circuit breaker. Ensure the ganged flash bus circuit breaker is certified by the circuit breaker manufacturer to provide gang tripping operation.



Ensure auxiliary output files are wired as follows:

AUXILIARY OUTPUT FILE TERMINAL BLOCK TA ASSIGNMENTS		
POSITION	FUNCTION	
1	Flasher Unit #1, Circuit 1/FTR1 (OLA, OLB)/FTR3 (OLE)	
2	Flasher Unit #1, Circuit 2/FTR2 (OLC, OLD)/FTR3 (OLF)	
3	Flash Transfer Relay Coils	
4	AC -	
5	Power Circuit 5	
6	Power Circuit 5	
7	Equipment Ground Bus	
8	NC	

Provide four spare load resistors mounted in each cabinet. Ensure each load resistor is rated as shown in the table below. Wire one side of each load resistor to AC-. Connect the other side of each resistor to a separate terminal on a four (4) position terminal block. Mount the load resistors and terminal block either inside the back of Output File No. 1 or on the upper area of the Service Panel.

ACCEPTABLE LOAD RESISTOR VALUES	
VALUE (ohms)	WATTAGE
1.5K – 1.9 K	25W (min)
2.0K - 3.0K	10W (min)

Provide Model 200 load switches, Model 204 flashers, Model 242 DC isolators, Model 252 AC isolators, and Model 206L power supply units that conform to CALTRANS' "*Transportation Electrical Equipment Specifications*" dated March 12, 2009 with Erratum 1.

#### C. Type 170 E Cabinet Physical Requirements:

Do not mold, cast, or scribe the name "City of Los Angeles" on the outside of the cabinet door as specified in LA Specification No. 54-053-08. Do not provide a Communications Terminal Panel as specified in LA Specification No. 54-053-08. Do not provide terminal block TBB on the Service Panel. Do not provide Cabinet Verification Test Program software or associated test jigs as specified in LA Specification No. 54-053-08.

Furnish unpainted, natural, aluminum cabinet shells. Ensure that all non-aluminum hardware on the cabinet is stainless steel or a Department approved non-corrosive alternate.

Ensure the lifting eyes, gasket channels, police panel, and all supports welded to the enclosure and doors are fabricated from 0.125 inch minimum thickness aluminum sheet and meet the same standards as the cabinet and doors.

Provide front and rear doors with latching handles that allow padlocking in the closed position. Furnish 0.75 inch minimum diameter stainless steel handles with a minimum 0.5 inch shank. Place the padlocking attachment at 4.0 inches from the handle shank center to clear the lock and key. Provide an additional 4.0 inches minimum gripping length.

Provide Corbin #2 locks on the front and rear doors. Provide one (1) Corbin #2 and one (1) police master key with each cabinet. Ensure main door locks allow removal of keys in the locked position only.

Provide a surge protection panel with 16 loop surge protection devices and designed to allow sufficient free space for wire connection/disconnection and surge protection device replacement. For model 332 cabinets, provide an additional 20 loop surge protection devices. Provide an additional two AC+ interconnect surge devices to protect one slot and eight DC surge protection devices to protect four slots. Provide no protection devices on slot I14.

For base mounted cabinets, mount surge protection panels on the left side of the cabinet as viewed from the rear. Attach each panel to the cabinet rack assembly using bolts and make it easily removable. Mount the surge protection devices in vertical rows on each panel and connect the devices to one side of 12 position, double row terminal blocks with #8 screws. For each surge protection panel, terminate all grounds from the surge protection devices on a copper equipment ground bus attached to the surge protection panel. Wire the terminals to the rear of a standard input file using spade lugs for input file protection.

Provide permanent labels that indicate the slot and the pins connected to each terminal that may be viewed from the rear cabinet door. Label and orient terminals so that each pair of inputs is next to each other. Indicate on the labeling the input file (I or J), the slot number (1-14) and the terminal pins of the input slots (either D & E for upper or J & K for lower).

Provide a minimum 14 x 16 inch pull out, hinged top shelf located immediately below controller mounting section of the cabinet. Ensure the shelf is designed to fully expose the table surface outside the controller at a height approximately even with the bottom of the controller. Ensure the shelf has a storage bin interior which is a minimum of 1 inch deep and approximately the same dimensions as the shelf. Provide an access to the storage area by lifting the hinged top of the shelf. Fabricate the shelf and slide from aluminum or stainless steel and ensure the assembly can support the 2070L controller plus 15 pounds of additional weight. Ensure shelf has a locking mechanism to secure it in the fully extended position and does not inhibit the removal of the 2070L controller or removal of cards inside the controller when fully extended. Provide a locking mechanism that is easily released when the shelf is to be returned to its non-use position directly under the controller.

#### D. Model 2018 Enhanced Conflict Monitor:

Furnish Model 2018 Enhanced Conflict Monitors that provide monitoring of 18 channels. Ensure each channel consists of a green, yellow, and red field signal input. Ensure that the conflict monitor meets or exceeds CALTRANS' Transportation Electrical Equipment Specifications dated March 12, 2009, with Erratum 1 (hereafter referred to as CALTRANS' 2009 TEES) for a model 210 monitor unit and other requirements stated in this specification.

Ensure the conflict monitor is provided with an 18 channel conflict programming card. Pin EE and Pin T of the conflict programming card shall be connected together. Pin 16 of the conflict programming card shall be floating. Ensure that the absence of the conflict programming card will cause the conflict monitor to trigger (enter into fault mode), and remain in the triggered state until the programming card is properly inserted and the conflict monitor is reset.

Provide a conflict monitor that incorporates LED indicators into the front panel to dynamically display the status of the monitor under normal conditions and to provide a comprehensive review of field inputs with monitor status under fault conditions. Ensure that the monitor indicates the channels that were active during a conflict condition and the channels that experienced a failure for all other per channel fault conditions detected. Ensure that these indications and the status of each channel are retained until the Conflict Monitor is reset. Furnish LED indicators for the following:

- AC Power (Green LED indicator)
- VDC Failed (Red LED indicator)
- WDT Error (Red LED indicator)
- Conflict (Red LED indicator)
- Red Fail (Red LED indicator)
- Dual Indication (Red LED indicator)
- Yellow/Clearance Failure (Red LED indicator)
- PCA/PC Ajar (Red LED indicator)
- Monitor Fail/Diagnostic Failure (Red LED indicator)
- 54 Channel Status Indicators (1 Red, 1 Yellow, and 1 Green LED indicator for each of the 18 channels)

Provide a switch to set the Red Fail fault timing. Ensure that when the switch is in the ON position the Red Fail fault timing value is set to  $1350 \pm 150 \text{ ms}$  (2018 mode). Ensure that when the switch is in the OFF position the Red Fail fault timing value is set to  $850 \pm 150 \text{ ms}$  (210 mode).

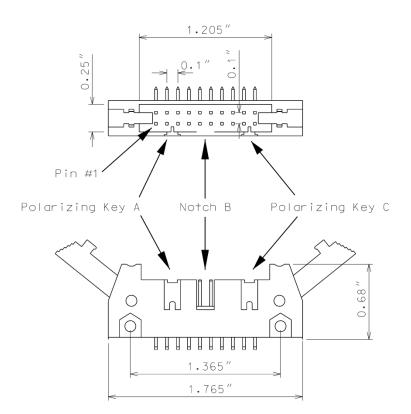
Provide a switch to set the Watchdog fault timing. Ensure that when the switch is in the ON position the Watchdog fault timing value is set to  $1.0 \pm 0.1$  s (2018 mode). Ensure that when the switch is in the OFF position the Watchdog fault timing value is set to  $1.5 \pm 0.1$  s (210 mode).

Provide a jumper or switch to set the AC line brown-out levels. Ensure that when the jumper is present or the switch is in the ON position the AC line dropout voltage threshold is  $98 \pm 2$  Vrms, the AC line restore voltage threshold is  $103 \pm 2$  Vrms, and the AC line brown-out timing value is set to  $400 \pm 50$  ms (2018 mode). Ensure that when the jumper is not present or the switch is in the OFF position the AC line dropout voltage threshold is  $92 \pm 2$  Vrms, the AC line restore voltage threshold is  $92 \pm 2$  Vrms, the AC line restore voltage threshold is  $92 \pm 2$  Vrms, the AC line restore voltage threshold is  $98 \pm 2$  Vrms, and the AC line brown-out timing value is set to  $80 \pm 2$  Vrms, and the AC line brown-out timing value is set to  $80 \pm 2$  Vrms, and the AC line brown-out timing value is set to  $80 \pm 2$  Vrms, the AC line brown-out timing value is set to  $80 \pm 2$  Vrms, and the AC line brown-out timing value is set to  $80 \pm 2$  Vrms, the AC line brown-out timing value is set to  $80 \pm 2$  Vrms, and the AC line brown-out timing value is set to  $80 \pm 2$  Vrms, the AC line brown-out timing value is set to  $80 \pm 2$  Vrms, the AC line brown-out timing value is set to  $80 \pm 2$  Vrms, the AC line brown-out timing value is set to  $80 \pm 2$  Vrms, the AC line brown-out timing value is set to  $80 \pm 2$  Vrms, the AC line brown-out timing value is set to  $80 \pm 2$  Vrms, the AC line brown-out timing value is set to  $80 \pm 2$  Vrms, the AC line brown-out timing value is set to  $80 \pm 2$  Vrms, the AC line brown-out timing value is set to  $80 \pm 2$  Vrms, the AC line brown-out timing value is set to  $80 \pm 2$  Vrms, the AC line brown-out timing value is set to  $80 \pm 2$  Vrms, the AC line brown-out timing value is set to  $80 \pm 2$  Vrms, the AC line brown-out timing value is set to  $80 \pm 2$  Vrms, the AC line brown-out timing value is set to  $80 \pm 2$  Vrms, the AC line brown-out timing value is set to  $80 \pm 2$  Vrms, the AC line brown-out timing value is set to  $80 \pm 2$  Vrms, the AC line brown-out timing value is set to  $80 \pm 2$  Vrms, the AC line b

Provide a jumper or switch that will enable and disable the Watchdog Latch function. Ensure that when the jumper is not present or the switch is in the OFF position the Watchdog Latch function is disabled. In this mode of operation, a Watchdog fault will be reset following a power loss, brownout, or power interruption. Ensure that when the jumper is present or the switch is in the ON position the Watchdog Latch function is enabled. In this mode of operation, a Watchdog Latch function be retained until a Reset command is issued.

Provide a jumper that will reverse the active polarity for pin #EE (output relay common). Ensure that when the jumper is not present pin #EE (output relay common) will be considered 'Active' at a voltage greater than 70 Vrms and 'Not Active' at a voltage less than 50 Vrms (Caltrans mode). Ensure that when the jumper is present pin #EE (output relay common) will be considered 'Active' at a voltage less than 50 Vrms and 'Not Active' at a voltage greater than 70 Vrms (Failsafe mode).

In addition to the connectors required by CALTRANS' 2009 TEES, provide the conflict monitor with a red interface connector mounted on the front of the monitor. Ensure the connector is a 20 pin, right angle, center polarized, male connector with latching clip locks and polarizing keys. Ensure the right angle solder tails are designed for a 0.062" thick printed circuit board. Keying of the connector shall be between pins 3 and 5, and between 17 and 19. Ensure the connector has two rows of pins with the odd numbered pins on one row and the even pins on the other row. Ensure the connector pin row spacing is 0.10" and pitch is 0.10". Ensure the mating length of the connector pins is 0.24". Ensure the pins are finished with gold plating  $30\mu$ " thick.



Ensure the red interface connector pins on the monitor have the following functions:

Pin #	Function	Pin #	Function
1	Channel 15 Red	2	Channel 16 Red
3	Channel 14 Red	4	Chassis Ground
5	Channel 13 Red	6	Special Function 2
7	Channel 12 Red	8	Special Function 1
9	Channel 10 Red	10	Channel 11 Red
11	Channel 9 Red	12	Channel 8 Red
13	Channel 7 Red	14	Channel 6 Red
15	Channel 5 Red	16	Channel 4 Red
17	Channel 3 Red	18	Channel 2 Red
19	Channel 1 Red	20	Red Enable

Ensure that removal of the P20 cable connector will cause the conflict monitor to recognize a latching fault condition and place the cabinet into flashing operation.

Provide Special Function 1 and Special Function 2 inputs to the unit which shall disable only Red Fail Monitoring when either input is sensed active. A Special Function input shall be sensed active when the input voltage exceeds 70 Vrms with a minimum duration of 550 ms. A Special Function input shall be sensed not active when the input voltage is less than 50 Vrms or the duration is less

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than 250 ms. A Special Function input is undefined by these specifications and may or may not be sensed active when the input voltage is between 50 Vrms and 70 Vrms or the duration is between 250 ms and 550 ms.

Ensure the conflict monitor recognizes field signal inputs for each channel that meet the following requirements:

- consider a Red input greater than 70 Vrms and with a duration of at least 500 ms as an "on" condition;
- consider a Red input less than 50 Vrms or with a duration of less than 200 ms as an "off" condition (no valid signal);
- consider a Red input between 50 Vrms and 70 Vrms or with a duration between 200 ms and 500 ms to be undefined by these specifications;
- consider a Green or Yellow input greater than 25 Vrms and with a duration of at least 500 ms as an "on" condition;
- consider a Green or Yellow input less than 15 Vrms or with a duration of less than 200 ms as an "off" condition; and
- consider a Green or Yellow input between 15 Vrms and 25 Vrms or with a duration between 200 ms and 500 ms to be undefined by these specifications.

Provide a conflict monitor that recognizes the faults specified by CALTRANS' 2009 TEES and the following additional faults. Ensure the conflict monitor will trigger upon detection of a fault and will remain in the triggered (in fault mode) state until the unit is reset at the front panel or through the external remote reset input for the following failures:

1. **Red Monitoring or Absence of Any Indication (Red Failure):** A condition in which no "on" voltage signal is detected on any of the green, yellow, or red inputs to a given monitor channel. If a signal is not detected on at least one input (R, Y, or G) of a conflict monitor channel for a period greater than 1000 ms when used with a 170 controller and 1500 ms when used with a 2070 controller, ensure monitor will trigger and put the intersection into flash. If the absence of any indication condition lasts less than 700 ms when used with a 170 controller and 1200 ms when used with a 2070 controller, ensure conflict monitor will not trigger. Red fail monitoring shall be enabled on a per channel basis by the use of switches located on the conflict monitor. Have red monitoring occur when all of the following input conditions are in effect:

a) Red Enable input to monitor is active (Red Enable voltages are "on" at greater than 70 Vrms, off at less than 50 Vrms, undefined between 50 and 70 Vrms), and

- b) Neither Special Function 1 nor Special Function 2 inputs are active.
- c) Pin #EE (output relay common) is not active
- 2. Short/Missing Yellow Indication Fault (Clearance Error): Yellow indication following a green is missing or shorter than 2.7 seconds (with  $\pm$  0.1-second accuracy). If a channel fails to detect an "on" signal at the Yellow input for a minimum of 2.7 seconds ( $\pm$  0.1 second) following the detection of an "on" signal at a Green input for that channel, ensure that the monitor triggers and generates a clearance/short yellow error fault indication. Short/missing

yellow (clearance) monitoring shall be enabled on a per channel basis by the use of switches located on the conflict monitor. This fault shall not occur when the channel is programmed for Yellow Inhibit, when the Red Enable signal is inactive or pin #EE (output relay common) is active.

- 3. **Dual Indications on the Same Channel:** In this condition, more than one indication (R,Y,G) is detected as "on" at the same time on the same channel. If dual indications are detected for a period greater than 500 ms, ensure that the conflict monitor triggers and displays the proper failure indication (Dual Ind fault). If this condition is detected for less than 200 ms, ensure that the monitor does not trigger. G-Y-R dual indication monitoring shall be enabled on a per channel basis by the use of switches located on the conflict monitor. G-Y dual indication monitoring shall be enabled for all channels by use of a switch located on the conflict monitor. This fault shall not occur when the Red Enable signal is inactive or pin #EE (output relay common) is active.
- 4. **Configuration Settings Change:** The configuration settings are comprised of (as a minimum) the permissive diode matrix, dual indication switches, yellow disable jumpers, any option switches, any option jumpers, and the Watchdog Enable switch. Ensure the conflict monitor compares the current configuration settings with the previous stored configuration settings on power-up, on reset, and periodically during operation. If any of the configuration settings are changed, ensure that the conflict monitor triggers and causes the program card indicator to flash. Ensure that configuration change faults are only reset by depressing and holding the front panel reset button for a minimum of three seconds. Ensure the external remote reset input does not reset configuration change faults.

Ensure the conflict monitor will trigger and the AC Power indicator will flash at a rate of  $2 \text{ Hz} \pm 20\%$  with a 50% duty cycle when the AC Line voltage falls below the "drop-out" level. Ensure the conflict monitor will resume normal operation when the AC Line voltage returns above the "restore" level. Ensure the AC Power indicator will remain illuminated when the AC voltage returns above the "restore" level. Should an AC Line power interruption occur while the monitor is in the fault mode, then upon restoration of AC Line power, the monitor will remain in the fault mode and the correct fault and channel indicators will be displayed.

Provide a flash interval of at least 6 seconds and at most 10 seconds in duration following a power-up, an AC Line interruption, or a brownout restore. Ensure the conflict monitor will suspend all fault monitoring functions, close the Output relay contacts, and flash the AC indicator at a rate of  $4 \text{ Hz} \pm 20\%$  with a 50% duty cycle during this interval. Ensure the termination of the flash interval after at least 6 seconds if the Watchdog input has made 5 transitions between the True and False state and the AC Line voltage is greater than the "restore" level. If the watchdog input has not made 5 transitions between the True and False state within  $10 \pm 0.5$  seconds, the monitor shall enter a WDT error fault condition.

Ensure the conflict monitor will monitor an intersection with a minimum of four approaches using the four-section Flashing Yellow Arrow (FYA) vehicle traffic signal as outlined by the NCHRP 3-54 research project for protected-permissive left turn signal displays. Ensure the conflict monitor will operate in the FYA mode and FYAc (Compact) mode as specified below to monitor each channel pair for the following fault conditions: Conflict, Flash Rate Detection, Red Fail, Dual Indication, and Clearance. Provide a switch to select between the FYA mode and FYAc mode. Provide a switch to select each FYA phase movement for monitoring.

FYA Signal Head	Phase 1	Phase 3	Phase 5	Phase 7
Red Arrow	Channel 9 Red	Channel 10 Red	Channel 11 Red	Channel 12 Red
Yellow Arrow	Channel 9 Yellow	Channel 10 Yellow	Channel 11 Yellow	Channel 12 Yellow
Flashing Yellow Arrow	Channel 9 Green	Channel 10 Green	Channel 11 Green	Channel 12 Green
Green Arrow	Channel 1 Green	Channel 3 Green	Channel 5 Green	Channel 7 Green

#### FYA mode

#### FYAc mode

FYA Signal Head	Phase 1	Phase 3	Phase 5	Phase 7
Red Arrow	Channel 1 Red	Channel 3 Red	Channel 5 Red	Channel 7 Red
Yellow Arrow	Channel 1 Yellow	Channel 3 Yellow	Channel 5 Yellow	Channel 7 Yellow
Flashing Yellow Arrow	Channel 1 Green	Channel 3 Green	Channel 5 Green	Channel 7 Green
Green Arrow	Channel 9 Green	Channel 9 Yellow	Channel 10 Green	Channel 10 Yellow

If a FYA channel pair is enabled for FYA operation, the conflict monitor will monitor the FYA logical channel pair for the additional following conditions:

- 1. **Conflict:** Channel conflicts are detected based on the permissive programming jumpers on the program card. This operation remains unchanged from normal operation except for the solid Yellow arrow (FYA clearance) signal.
- 2. Yellow Change Interval Conflict: During the Yellow change interval of the Permissive Turn channel (flashing Yellow arrow) the conflict monitor shall verify that no conflicting channels to the solid Yellow arrow channel (clearance) are active. These conflicting channels shall be determined by the program card compatibility programming of the Permissive Turn channel (flashing Yellow arrow). During the Yellow change interval of the Protected Turn channel (solid Green arrow) the conflict monitor shall verify that no conflicting channels to the solid Yellow arrow channel (clearance) are active as determined by the program card compatibility programming of the Protected Turn channel (solid Green arrow) the Protected Turn channel (solid Green arrow).

- 3. Flash Rate Detection: The conflict monitor unit shall monitor for the absence of a valid flash rate for the Permissive turn channel (flashing Yellow arrow). If the Permissive turn channel (flashing Yellow arrow) is active for a period greater than 1600 milliseconds, ensure the conflict monitor triggers and puts the intersection into flash. If the Permissive turn channel (flashing Yellow arrow) is active for a period less than 1400 milliseconds, ensure the conflict monitor does not trigger. Ensure the conflict monitor will remain in the triggered (in fault mode) state until the unit is reset at the front panel or through the external remote reset input. Provide a jumper or switch that will enable and disable the Flash Rate Detection function the Flash Rate Detection function is enabled. Ensure that when the jumper is present or the switch is in the ON position the Flash Rate Detection function is disabled.
- 4. **Red Monitoring or Absence of Any Indication (Red Failure):** The conflict monitor unit shall detect a red failure if there is an absence of voltage on all four of the inputs of a FYA channel pair (RA, YA, FYA, GA).
- 5. **Dual Indications on the Same Channel:** The conflict monitor unit shall detect a dual indication if two or more inputs of a FYA channel pair (RA, YA, FYA, GA) are "on" at the same time.
- 6. **Short/Missing Yellow Indication Fault (Clearance Error):** The conflict monitor unit shall monitor the solid Yellow arrow for a clearance fault when terminating both the Protected Turn channel (solid Green arrow) interval and the Permissive Turn channel (flashing Yellow arrow) interval.

Ensure that the conflict monitor will log at least nine of the most recent events detected by the monitor in non-volatile EEPROM memory (or equivalent). For each event, record at a minimum the time, date, type of event, status of each field signal indication with RMS voltage, and specific channels involved with the event. Ensure the conflict monitor will log the following events: monitor reset, configuration, previous fault, and AC line. Furnish the signal sequence log that shows all channel states (Greens, Yellows, and Reds) and the Red Enable State for a minimum of 2 seconds prior to the current fault trigger point. Ensure the display resolution of the inputs for the signal sequence log is not greater than 50 ms.

For conflict monitors used within an Ethernet communications system, provide a conflict monitor with an Ethernet 10/100 Mbps, RJ-45 port for data communication access to the monitor by a local notebook computer and remotely via a workstation or notebook computer device connected to the signal system local area network. The Ethernet port shall be electrically isolated from the conflict monitor's electronics and shall provide a minimum of 1500 Vrms isolation. Integrate monitor with Ethernet network in cabinet. Provide software to retrieve the time and date from a network server in order to synchronize the on-board times between the conflict monitor and the controller. Furnish and install the following Windows based, graphic user interface software on workstations and notebook computers where the signal system client software is installed: 1) software to view and retrieve all event log information, 2) software to change the conflict monitor IP addresses and IDs on the network, and 3) software to change the conflict monitor's network parameters such as IP address and subnet mask.

For non-Ethernet connected monitors, provide a RS-232C/D compliant port (DB-9 female connector) on the front panel of the conflict monitor in order to provide communications from the conflict monitor to the 170/2070 controller or to a Department-furnished laptop computer. Electrically isolate the port interface electronics from all monitor electronics, excluding Chassis Ground. Ensure that the controller can receive all event log information through a controller

Asynchronous Communications Interface Adapter (Type 170E) or Async Serial Comm Module (2070). Furnish and connect a serial cable from the conflict monitor's DB-9 connector to Comm Port 1 of the 2070 controller. Ensure conflict monitor communicates with the controller. Provide a Windows based graphic user interface software to communicate directly through the same monitor RS-232C/D compliant port to retrieve and view all event log information to a Department-furnished laptop computer. The RS-232C/D compliant port on the monitor shall allow the monitor to function as a DCE device with pin connections as follows:

Conflict Monitor RS-232C/D (DB-9 Female) Pinout			
Pin Number	Function	I/O	
1	DCD	0	
2	TX Data	0	
3	RX Data	Ι	
4	DTR	Ι	
5	Ground	-	
6	DSR	0	
7	CTS	Ι	
8	RTS	0	
9	NC	-	

MONITOR BOARD EDGE CONNECTOR					
Pin #	Function (Back Side)	Pin #	Function (Component Side)		
1	Channel 2 Green	А	Channel 2 Yellow		
2	Channel 13 Green	В	Channel 6 Green		
3	Channel 6 Yellow	С	Channel 15 Green		
4	Channel 4 Green	D	Channel 4 Yellow		
5	Channel 14 Green	Е	Channel 8 Green		
6	Channel 8 Yellow	F	Channel 16 Green		
7	Channel 5 Green	Н	Channel 5 Yellow		
8	Channel 13 Yellow	J	Channel 1 Green		
9	Channel 1 Yellow	Κ	Channel 15 Yellow		
10	Channel 7 Green	L	Channel 7 Yellow		
11	Channel 14 Yellow	М	Channel 3 Green		
12	Channel 3 Yellow	Ν	Channel 16 Yellow		
13	Channel 9 Green	Р	Channel 17 Yellow		
14	Channel 17 Green	R	Channel 10 Green		
15	Channel 11 Yellow	S	Channel 11 Green		
16	Channel 9 Yellow	Т	Channel 18 Yellow		
17	Channel 18 Green	U	Channel 10 Yellow		
18	Channel 12 Yellow	V	Channel 12 Green		
19	Channel 17 Red	W	Channel 18 Red		
20	Chassis Ground	Х	Not Assigned		
21	AC-	Y	DC Common		
22	Watchdog Timer	Ζ	External Test Reset		
23	+24VDC	AA	+24VDC		
24	Tied to Pin 25	BB	Stop Time (Output)		
25	Tied to Pin 24	CC	Not Assigned		
26	Not Assigned	DD	Not Assigned		
27	Relay Output, Side #3, N.O.	EE	Relay Output,Side #2,Common		
28	Relay Output, Side #1, N.C.	FF	AC+		

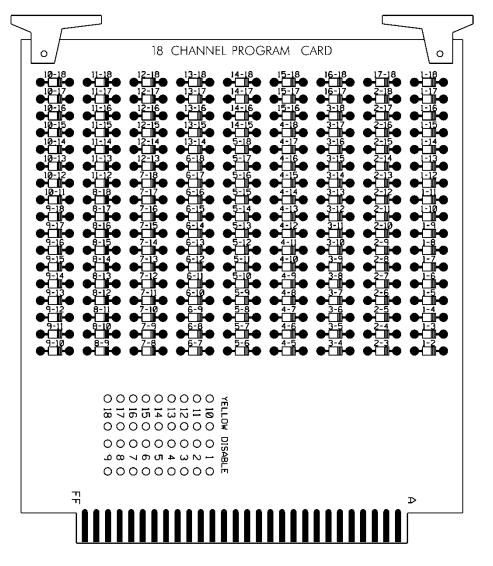
# MONITOR BOARD EDGE CONNECTOR

-- Slotted for keying between Pins 17/U and 18/V

Pin #Function (Back Side)Pin #Function (Component				
1 111 #	Function (Back Side)	1 111 #	Side)	
1	Channel 2 Green	А	Channel 1 Green	
2	Channel 3 Green	В	Channel 2 Green	
3	Channel 4 Green	С	Channel 3 Green	
4	Channel 5 Green	D	Channel 4 Green	
5	Channel 6 Green	Е	Channel 5 Green	
6	Channel 7 Green	F	Channel 6 Green	
7	Channel 8 Green	Н	Channel 7 Green	
8	Channel 9 Green	J	Channel 8 Green	
9	Channel 10 Green	Κ	Channel 9 Green	
10	Channel 11 Green	L	Channel 10 Green	
11	Channel 12 Green	М	Channel 11 Green	
12	Channel 13 Green	Ν	Channel 12 Green	
13	Channel 14 Green	Р	Channel 13 Green	
14	Channel 15 Green	R	Channel 14 Green	
15	Channel 16 Green	S	Channel 15 Green	
16	N/C	Т	PC AJAR	
17	Channel 1 Yellow	U	Channel 9 Yellow	
18	Channel 2 Yellow	V	Channel 10 Yellow	
19	Channel 3 Yellow	W	Channel 11 Yellow	
20	Channel 4 Yellow	Х	Channel 12 Yellow	
21	Channel 5 Yellow	Y	Channel 13 Yellow	
22	Channel 6 Yellow	Z	Channel 14 Yellow	
23	Channel 7 Yellow	AA	Channel 15 Yellow	
24	Channel 8 Yellow	BB	Channel 16 Yellow	
25	Channel 17 Green	CC	Channel 17 Yellow	
26	Channel 18 Green	DD	Channel 18 Yellow	
27	Channel 16 Green	EE	PC AJAR (Program Card)	
28	Yellow Inhibit Common	FF	Channel 17 Green	

# CONFLICT PROGRAM CARD PIN ASSIGNMENTS

-- Slotted for keying between Pins 24/BB and 25/CC



# 3.3. MATERIALS – TYPE 170 DETECTOR SENSOR UNITS

Furnish detector sensor units that comply with Chapter 5 Section 1, "General Requirements," and Chapter 5 Section 2, "Model 222 & 224 Loop Detector Sensor Unit Requirements," of the CALTRANS "Transportation Electrical Equipment Specifications" dated March 12, 2009 with Erratum 1.

# **3.4. MATERIALS – TYPE 2070LX CONTROLLERS**

Furnish model 2070LX controller units that conform to CALTRANS *Transportation Electrical Equipment Specifications* (TEES) (dated March 12, 2009, plus Errata 1 dated January 21, 2010 and Errata 2 dated December 5, 2014) except as required herein.

The Department will provide software at the beginning of the burning-in period. Contractor shall give 5 working days notice before needing software. Program software provided by the Department.

Provide model 2070LX controllers with Linux kernel 2.6.18 or higher and device drivers, composed of the unit chassis and at a minimum the following modules and assemblies:

• MODEL 2070-1C, CPU Module, Single Board, with 8Mb Datakey (blue in color)

- MODEL 2070-2E+, Field I/O Module (FI/O)
  - Note: Configure the Field I/O Module to disable both the External WDT Shunt/Toggle Switch and SP3 (SP3 active indicator is "off")
- MODEL 2070-3B, Front Panel Module (FP), Display B (8x40)
- MODEL 2070-4A, Power Supply Module, 10 AMP

Provide a Board Support Package (BSP) to the state and to any specified applications software manufacturer when requested by the state to facilitate the porting of application software.

# 4. VIDEO IMAGING LOOP EMULATOR DETECTOR SYSTEMS

# 4.1. **DESCRIPTION**

Design, furnish, provide training, and install video imaging loop emulator detection systems with all necessary hardware in accordance with the plans and specifications.

Unless otherwise specified in the contract, all loop emulator detection equipment will remain the property of the contractor.

# 4.2. MATERIALS

# A. General:

Material and equipment furnished under this section must be pre-approved on the Department's QPL by the date of installation except miscellaneous hardware such as cables and mounting hardware do not need to be pre-approved.

Used equipment will be acceptable provided the following conditions have been met:

- Equipment is listed on the current QPL.
- Equipment is in good working condition.
- Equipment is to remain the property of the contractor.

Ensure that software is licensed for use by the Department and by any other agency responsible for maintaining or operating the loop emulation system. Provide the Department with a license to duplicate and distribute the software as necessary for design and maintenance support.

Design and furnish video imaging loop emulator detection systems that detect vehicles at signalized intersections by processing video images and providing detection outputs to the signal controller in real time (within 112 milliseconds of vehicle arrival).

Furnish all required camera sensor units, loop emulator processor units, hardware and software packages, cabling, poles, mast arms, harnesses, camera mounting assemblies, surge protection panels, grounding systems, messenger cable and all necessary hardware. Furnish systems that allow the display of detection zones superimposed on an image of the roadway on a Department-furnished monitor or laptop computer screen. Ensure detection zones can be defined and data entered using a simple keyboard or mouse and monitor, or using a laptop PC with software.

Provide design drawings showing design details and camera sensor unit locations for review and acceptance before installation. Provide mounting height and location requirements for camera sensor units on the design based on site survey. Design video imaging loop emulator detection systems with all necessary hardware. Indicate all necessary poles, spans, mast arms, luminaire arms, cables, camera mounting assemblies and hardware to achieve the required detection zones where Department owned poles are not adequate to locate the camera sensor units. Do not design for the installation of poles in medians.

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Obtain the Engineer's approval before furnishing video imaging loop emulator detection systems. The contractor is responsible for the final design of video imaging loop emulator detection systems. Review and acceptance of the designs by the Department does not relieve the contractor from the responsibility to provide fully functional systems and to ensure that the required detection zones can be provided.

Provide the ability to program each detection call (input to the controller) with the following functions:

- Full Time Delay Delay timer is active continuously,
- Normal Delay Delay timer is inhibited when assigned phase is green (except when used with TS 2 and 170/2070L controllers),
- Extend Call is extended for this amount of time after vehicle leaves detection area,
- Delay Call/Extend Call This feature uses a combination of full time delay and extend time on the same detection call. Ensure operation is as follows: Vehicle calls are received after the delay timer times out. When a call is detected, it is held until the detection area is empty and the programmed extend time expires. If another vehicle enters the detection area before the extend timer times out, the call is held and the extend time is reset. When the extend timer times out, the delay timer has to expire before another vehicle call can be received.

Provide the ability to program each detection zone as one of the following functions:

- Presence detector,
- Directional presence detector,
- Pulse detector,
- Directional pulse detector.

Ensure previously defined detector zones and configurations can be edited.

Provide each individual system with all the necessary equipment to focus and zoom the camera lenses without the need to enter the camera enclosure.

Provide systems that allow for the placement of at least 8 detection zones within the combined field of view of a single camera sensor unit. Provide a minimum of 8 detection outputs per camera.

Provide detection zones that can be overlapped. Ensure systems reliably detect vehicles when the horizontal distance from the camera sensor unit to the detection zone area is less than ten times the mounting height of the sensor. Ensure systems detect vehicles in multiple travel lanes.

Ensure systems can detect vehicle presence within a 98 to 102 percent accuracy (up to 2 percent of the vehicles missed and up to 2 percent of false detection) for clear, dry, daylight conditions, a 96 to 105 percent accuracy (up to 4 percent of the vehicles missed and up to 5 percent false detection) for dawn and dusk conditions, and a 96 percent accuracy (up to 4 percent of the vehicles missed) for night and adverse conditions (fog, snow, rain, etc.) using standard sensor optics and in the absence of occlusion.

Repair and replace all failed components within 72 hours.

The Department may conduct field-testing to ensure the accuracy of completed video imaging loop emulator detection systems.

# **B.** Loop Emulator System:

Furnish loop emulator systems that receive and simultaneously process information from camera sensor units, and provides detector outputs to signal controllers.

Ensure systems provide the following:

- Operate in a typical roadside environment and meet the environmental specifications and are fully compatible with NEMA TS 1, NEMA TS 2, or Type 170/2070L controllers and cabinets,
- provide a "fail-safe" mode whereby failure of one or more of the camera sensor units or power failure of the loop emulator system will cause constant calls to be placed on the affected vehicle detection outputs to the signal controller,
- provide compensation for minor camera movement of up to 2 percent of the field of view at 400 feet without falsely detecting vehicles,
- process the video at a minimum rate of 30 times per second,
- provide separate wired connectors inside the controller cabinet for video recording each camera,
- provide remote video monitoring with a minimum refresh rate at 1 frame per second over a standard dial-up telephone line,
- provide remote video detection monitoring.

Furnish camera sensor units that comply with the following:

- have an output signal conforming to EIA RS-170 standard,
- have a nominal output impedance of 75 ohms,
- be immune to bright light sources, or have built in circuitry or protective devices to prevent damage to the sensor when pointed directly at strong light sources,
- be housed in a light colored environmental enclosure that is water proof and dust tight, and that conforms to NEMA-4 specifications or better,
- simultaneously monitor at least five travel lanes when placed at the proper mounting location with a zoom lens,
- have a sunshield attached to the environmental enclosure to minimize solar heating,
- meet FCC class B requirements for electromagnetic interference emissions,
- have a heater attached to the viewing window of the environmental enclosure to prevent ice and condensation in cold weather.

Where coaxial video cables and other cables are required between the camera sensor and other components located in the controller cabinet, furnish surge protection in the controller cabinet.

If furnishing coaxial communications cable comply with the following, as recommended by the approved loop emulator manufacturer:

- Number 20 AWG, solid bare copper conductor terminated with crimped-on BNC connectors (do not use BNC adapters) from the camera sensor to the signal controller cabinet.
- Number 22 AWG, stranded bare copper conductor terminated with crimped-on BNC connectors (do not use BNC adapters) from the camera sensor unit to the junction box, and within the signal controller cabinet.

Furnish power cable appropriately sized to meet the power requirements of the sensors. At a minimum, provide three conductor 120 VAC field power cable.

As determined during the site survey, furnish sensor junction boxes with nominal  $6 \ge 10 \ge 6$  inches dimensions at each sensor location. Provide terminal blocks and tie points for coaxial cable.

#### C. Video Imaging Loop Emulator System Support:

Furnish video imaging loop emulator systems with either a simple keyboard or a mouse with monitor and appropriate software, or with system software for use on department-owned laptop PCs. Ensure the system is Windows 2000 and Windows XP compatible.

Provide Windows 2000 and Windows XP compatible personal computer software, if needed, to provide remote video and video detection monitoring.

Ensure systems allow the user to edit previously defined detector configurations. When a vehicle is within a detection zone, provide for a change in color or intensity of the detection zone perimeter or other appropriate display changes on the Department-furnished monitor or laptop computer screen.

Provide cabling and interconnection hardware with 6-foot minimum length interconnection cable to interface with the system.

Provide all associated equipment manuals and documentation.

#### 4.3. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

Arrange and conduct site surveys with the system manufacturer's representative and Department personnel to determine proper camera sensor unit selection and placement. Provide the Department at least 3 working days notice before conducting site surveys. Upon completion of the site surveys the Department will provide revised plans reflecting the findings of the site survey.

Before beginning work at locations requiring video imaging loop emulator detection systems, furnish system software. Upon activation of detection zones, provide detector configuration files. Ensure that up-to-date detection configuration files are furnished for various detection zone configurations that may be required for construction phasing.

Place into operation loop emulator detection systems. Configure loop emulator detection systems to achieve required detection in designated zones. Have a certified manufacturer's representative on site to supervise and assist with installation, set up, and testing of the system.

Install the necessary processing and communications equipment in the signal controller cabinet. Make all necessary modifications to install equipment, cabling harnesses, and camera sensor interface panels with surge suppression.

Perform modifications to camera sensor unit gain, sensitivity, and iris limits necessary to complete the installation.

Do not install camera sensor units on signal poles unless approved by the Engineer.

Install the necessary cables from each sensor to the signal controller cabinet along signal cabling routes. Install surge protection and terminate all cable conductors.

Relocate camera sensor units and reconfigure detection zones as necessary according to the plans for construction phases.

Provide at least 8 hours of training on the set up, operation, troubleshooting, and maintenance of the loop emulator detection system to a maximum of ten Department personnel. Arrange for training to be conducted by the manufacturer's representative at an approved site within the Division responsible for administration of the project. Thirty days before conducting training submit a detailed course curriculum, draft manuals and materials, and resumes. Obtain approval of the submittal before conducting the training. At least one week before beginning training, provide three sets of complete documentation necessary to maintain and operate the system. Do not perform training until installation of loop emulator detection systems is complete.

#### 4.4. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Actual number of site surveys, arranged, conducted, and accepted.

Actual number of cameras without internal loop emulator processing units furnished, installed, and accepted.

Actual number of external loop emulator processing units furnished, installed, and accepted.

No measurement will be made of video imaging loop emulator system support or training, power and video cables, and trenching as these items will be considered incidental to furnishing and installing video imaging loop emulator detection systems.

Payment will be made under:

Site Survey	. Each
Camera without Internal Loop Emulator Processing Unit	
External Loop Emulator Processing Unit	.Each

# 5. METAL POLE SUPPORTS

# 5.1. METAL POLES

#### A. General:

Furnish and install metal poles, grounding systems, and all necessary hardware. Work covered under this special provision includes requirements for design, fabrication, and installation of standard and custom/site-specific designed metal pole supports and associated foundations.

Comply with applicable sections of the 2018 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROADS & STRUCTURES, hereinafter referred to as the Standard Specifications. Provide designs of completed assemblies with hardware equaling or exceeding AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2013 (hereinafter called 6<sup>th</sup> Edition AASHTO), including the latest interim specifications. Provide assemblies with a round or near-round (18 sides or more) cross-section, or a multi-sided cross section with no less than six sides. The sides may be straight, convex, or concave.

For bid purposes, pole heights shown on plans are estimated from available data. Prior to furnishing metal poles, use field measurements and adjusted cross-sections to determine whether pole heights will meet required clearances. If pole heights do not meet required clearances, the Contractor should immediately notify the Engineer of the required revised pole heights.

Standard Drawings for Metal Poles are available that supplement these project special provisions. The drawings are located on the Department's website:

https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/safety/pages/ITS-Design-Resources.aspx

Comply with article 1098-1B of the *Standard Specifications* for submittal requirements. Furnish shop drawings for approval. Provide copies of detailed shop drawings for each type of structure as summarized below. Ensure shop drawings include material specifications for each component. Ensure shop drawings identify welds by type and size on the <u>detail drawing only</u>, not in table format. **Do not release structures for fabrication until shop drawings have been approved by NCDOT**. Ensure shop drawings contain an itemized bill of materials for all structural components and

associated connecting hardware.

Comply with article 1098-1A of the *Standard Specifications* for Qualified Products List (QPL) submittals. All shop drawings must include project location description, signal or asset inventory number(s) and project number or work order number.

Summary of information required for metal pole review submittal:

Item	Electronic Submittal	<b>Comments / Special Instructions</b>	
Sealed, Approved Signal or ITS Plan/Loading Diagram	1 set	All structure design information needs to reflect the latest approved Signal or ITS plans	
Custom Pole Shop Drawings	1 set	Submit drawings on 11" x 17" format media. Show NCDOT signal or asset inventory number(s), Contractor's name and relevant revision number in the title block. All drawings must have a <u>unique drawing number</u> for each project.	
Standard Strain Pole Shop Drawings (from the QPL)	1 set	Submit drawings on 11" x 17" format media. Show NCDOT signal inventory number(s), Contractor's name and relevant revision number in the title block. All drawings must have a <u>unique drawing number</u> for each project.	
Structure Calculations	1 set	Not required for Standard QPL Poles	
Standard Strain Pole Foundation Drawings	1 set	Submit drawings on 11" x 17" format media. Submit a completed Standard Foundation Selection form for each pole using foundation table on Metal Pole Drawing M8.	
Custom Foundation Drawings	1 set	Submit drawings on 11" x 17" format media. Show NCDOT signal or asset inventory number(s), Contractor's name and relevant revision number in the title block. All drawings must have a <u>unique drawing number</u> for each project. If QPL Poles are used, include the corresponding QPL pole shop drawings with this submittal.	
Foundation Calculations	1 set	Submit copies of LPILE input, output, and pile tip deflection graph per Section titled Drilled Pier Foundations for Metal Poles of this specification for each foundation. Not required for Standard Strain Poles (from the QPL)	
Soil Boring Logs and Report	1 set	Report shall include a location plan and a soil classification report including soil capacity, water level, hammer efficiency, soil bearing pressure, soil density, etc. for each pole.	

**NOTE** – All shop drawings and custom foundation design drawings must be sealed by a Professional Engineer licensed in the state of North Carolina. All geotechnical information must be sealed by either a Professional Engineer or Geologist licensed in the state of North Carolina. Include a title block and revision block on the shop drawings and foundation drawings showing the NCDOT signal or asset inventory number(s).

**Shop drawings and foundation drawings may be submitted together or separately for approval. However, shop drawings must be approved before foundations can be reviewed.** Foundation designs will be returned without review if the associated shop drawing has not been approved. Boring reports shall include the following: Engineer's summary, boring location maps, soil classification per AASHTO Classification System, hammer efficiency, and Metal Pole Standard Foundation Selection Form. Incomplete submittals will be returned without review. The Reviewer has the right to request additional analysis and copies of the calculations to expedite the approval process.

### **B.** Materials:

Fabricate metal pole from coil or plate steel that meet the requirements of ASTM A 572 Gr 55 or ASTM A 595 Grade A tubes. For structural steel shapes, plates, and bars use, as a minimum, ASTM A572 Gr 50, AASHTO M270 Gr 50, ASTM A709 Gr 50, or an approved equivalent. Provide pole shafts of round or near round (18 sides or more) cross-section, or multi-sided tubular cross-section with no less than six sides, having a uniform linear taper of 0.14 in/ft. Construct shafts from one piece of single-ply plate or coil. For anchor base fabrication, conform to the applicable bolt pattern and orientation as shown on Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheet M2.

Use the submerged arc process, or other NCDOT previously approved process suitable for shafts, to continuously weld pole shafts along their entire length. Finish the longitudinal seam weld flush with the outside contour of the base metal. Ensure shaft has no circumferential welds except at the lower end joining the shaft to the pole base. Use full penetration groove welds with backing ring for all tube-to-transverse-plate connections in accordance with 6<sup>th</sup> Edition AASHTO. Provide welding that conforms to Article 1072-18 of the *Standard Specifications*. No field welding on any part of the pole will be permitted unless approved by a qualified Engineer.

After fabrication, hot-dip galvanize steel poles and all assembly components in accordance with section 1076-3 of the *Standard Specifications*. Design structural assemblies with weep holes large enough and properly located to drain molten zinc during the galvanization process. Galvanize hardware in accordance with section 1076-4 of the *Standard Specifications*. Ensure threaded material is brushed and retapped as necessary after galvanizing. Perform repair of damaged galvanizing in accordance with section 1076-7 of the Standard *Specifications*. *Ensure* all hardware is galvanized steel or stainless steel. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the Designer/Fabricator specifies connecting hardware and/or materials that prevent a dissimilar metal corrosive reaction.

Ensure each anchor rod is 2-inch minimum diameter and 60-inch length. Provide 10-inch minimum thread projection at the top of the rod, and 8-inch minimum at the bottom of the rod. Use anchor rod assembly and drilled pier foundation materials complying with SP09\_R005, hereinafter referred to as *Foundations and Anchor Rod Assemblies for Metal Poles*.

Ensure anchor bolt hole diameters are <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>-inch larger than the anchor bolt diameters in the base plate.

Provide a circular anchor bolt lock plate securing the anchor bolts at the embedded end with two (2) washers and two (2) nuts. Provide a base plate template matching the bolt circle diameter of the anchor bolt lock plate. Construct plates and templates from <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>-inch minimum thick steel with a minimum width of 4 inches. Hot-dip galvanizing is not required for both plates.

Provide four (4) heavy hex nuts and four (4) flat washers for each anchor bolt. For nuts, use AASHTO M291 grade 2H, DH, or DH3 or equivalent material. For flat washers, use AASHTO M293 or equivalent material. Ensure anchor bolts have required diameters, lengths, and positions, and will develop strengths comparable to their respective poles.

For each pole, provide a grounding lug with a <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>-inch minimum thread diameter, coarse thread stud and nut that will accommodate #4 AWG ground wire. Ensure the lug is electrically bonded to the pole and is conveniently located inside the pole at the hand hole.

Provide a removable pole cap with stainless steel attachment screws for the top of each pole. Ensure cap is cast aluminum conforming to Aluminum Association Alloy 356.0F. Furnish cap attached to the pole with a sturdy stainless-steel chain that is long enough to permit cap to hang clear of the pole-top opening when cap is removed.

Where required by the plans, furnish couplings 42 inches above bottom of the pole base for mounting of pedestrian pushbuttons. Provide mounting points consisting of  $1\frac{1}{2}$ -inch internally threaded half-couplings complying with the NEC, mounted within the poles. Ensure that couplings are essentially flush with the outside surfaces of the poles and are installed before any required hot-dip galvanizing. Provide a threaded plug in each mounting point. Ensure the surface of the plug is essentially flush with the outer end of the mounting point when installed and has a recessed slot that will accommodate a  $\frac{1}{2}$  "drive standard socket wrench.

Metal poles may be erected and fully loaded after concrete has attained a minimum allowable compressive strength of 3,000 psi.

Connect poles to grounding electrodes and bond them to the electrical service grounding electrodes.

When field drilling is necessary for wire or cable entrances into the pole, comply with the following requirements:

- Do not drill holes within 2 inches of any welds.
- Do not drill any holes larger than 3 inches in diameter without checking with the ITS & Signals Structure Engineers.
- Avoid drilling multiple holes along the same cross section of tube shafts.
- Install rubber grommets in all field drilled holes that wire, or cable will directly enter unless holes are drilled for installation of weather heads or couplings.
- Treat the inside of the drilled holes and repair all galvanized surfaces in accordance with Section 1076-7 of the latest edition of the *Standard Specification prior to installing grommets, caps, or plugs.*
- Cap or plug any existing field drilled holes that are no longer used with rubber, aluminum, or stainless-steel hole plugs.

When street lighting is installed on metal signal structures, isolate the conductors feeding the luminaires inside the pole shaft using liquid tight flexible metal conduit (Type LFMC), liquid tight flexible nonmetallic conduit (Type LFNC), high density polyethylene conduit (Type HDPE), or approved equivalent. All conductors supplying power for luminaires must run through an external disconnect prior to entrance into the structure. Comply with applicable National Electrical Safety Codes (NESC). Refer to Article "G" Luminaire Arms.

Install a <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>-inch thick plate for a concrete foundation tag to include the following information: concrete grade, depth, diameter, and reinforcement sizes of the installed foundation. Install galvanized wire mesh to cover gap between the base plate and top of foundation for debris and pest control. Refer to standard drawing M7 for further details. Immediately notify the Engineer of any structural deficiency that becomes apparent in any assembly, or member of any assembly, because of the design requirements imposed by these specifications, the plans, or the typical drawings.

# C. Design:

Unless otherwise specified, design all metal pole support structures using the following 6<sup>th</sup> Edition AASHTO specifications:

- Design for a 50-year service life as recommended by Table 3.8.3-2.
- Use wind pressure map developed from 3-second gust speeds, as provided in Section 3.8.
- Assume wind loads as shown in Figures 3.9.4.2-2 and 3.9.4.2-3 of the 6<sup>th</sup> Edition AASHTO for Group III loading with Ice.
- Ensure metal pole support structures include natural wind gust loading and truck-induced gust loading for fatigue design, as provided in Sections 11.7.1.2 and 11.7.1.3, respectively. Designs need not consider periodic galloping forces.
- Assume 11.2 mph natural wind gust speed in North Carolina. For natural wind fatigue stress calculations, utilize a drag coefficient (C<sub>d</sub>) based on the yearly mean wind velocity of 11.2 mph.
- When selecting Fatigue Importance Factors, utilize Fatigue Importance Category II, as provided for in Table 11.6-1, unless otherwise specified.
- Calculate all stresses using applicable equations from Section 5. The Maximum allowable stress ratio for all metal pole support designs is 0.9.
- Conform to Sections 10.4.2 and 11.8 for deflection requirements. For CCTV and MVD support structures, ensure maximum deflection at top of pole does not exceed 2.0 percent of pole height.
- Assume the combined minimum weight of a messenger cable bundle (including messenger cable, signal cable and detector lead-in cables) is 1.3 lbs/ft. Assume the combined minimum diameter of the cable bundle is 1.3 inches.

Unless otherwise specified by special loading criteria, the following computed surface area for ice load on signal heads shall be used:

- 3-section, 12-inch, Surface area: 26.0 ft<sup>2</sup>
- 4-section, 12-inch, Surface area: 32.0 ft<sup>2</sup>
- 5-section, 12-inch, Surface area: 42.0 ft<sup>2</sup>

Design a base plate for each pole. The minimum base plate thickness for all poles is determined by the following criteria:

<u>Case 1</u> Circular or rectangular solid base plate with the upright pole welded to the top surface of base plate with full penetration butt weld, where no stiffeners are provided. A base plate with a small center hole, which is less than 1/3 of the upright diameter, and located concentrically with the upright pole, may be considered as a solid base plate.

The magnitude of bending moment in the base plate, induced by the anchoring force of each anchor bolt is  $M = (P \times D_1) / 2$ , where

M = bending moment at the critical section of the base plate induced by one (1) anchor bolt

P = anchoring force of each anchor bolt

 $D_1$  = horizontal distance between the anchor bolt center and the outer face of the upright, or the difference between the bolt circle radius and the outside radius of the upright

Locate the critical section at the face of the anchor bolt and perpendicular to the bolt circle radius. The overlapped part of two (2) adjacent critical sections is considered ineffective.

<u>Case 2</u> Circular or rectangular base plate with the upright pole socketed into and attached to the base plate with two (2) lines of fillet weld, and where no stiffeners are provided, or any base plate with a center hole that is larger in diameter than 1/3 of the upright diameter.

The magnitude of bending moment induced by the anchoring force of each anchor bolt is  $M = P x D_2$ ,

where P = anchoring force of each anchor bolt

 $D_2$  = horizontal distance between the face of the upright and the face of the anchor bolt nut

Locate the critical section at the face of the anchor bolt top nut and perpendicular to the radius of the bolt circle. The overlapped part of two (2) adjacent critical sections is considered ineffective. If the base plate thickness calculated for Case 2 is less than Case 1, use the thickness calculated for Case 1.

The following additional requirements apply concerning pole base plates.

- Ensure that whichever case governs as defined above, the anchor bolt diameter is set to match the base plate thickness. If the minimum diameter required for the anchor bolt exceeds the thickness required for the base plate, set the base plate thickness equal to the required bolt diameter.
- For all metal poles, use a full penetration groove weld with a backing ring to connect the pole upright component to the base. Refer to Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheet M3 or M4.

The Professional Engineer is wholly responsible for the design of all poles. Review and acceptance of these designs by the Department does not relieve the said Professional Engineer of his or her responsibility.

# **D. Strain Poles:**

Refer to Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheets M2 and M3 for fabrication details.

Provide two (2) messenger cable (span wire) clamps and associated hardware for attachment of messenger cable. Ensure diameter of the clamp is appropriate to its location on the pole and is appropriately designed for adjustment from 1'-6" below the top, down to 6'-6" below the top of the pole. Do not attach more than one (1) support cable to a messenger cable clamp.

Provide a minimum of three (3) 2-inch holes equipped with an associated coupling and weatherhead on the messenger cable load side of the pole to accommodate passage of signal cables from inside the pole. Provide galvanized threaded plugs for all unused couplings at pole entrance points. Refer to Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheet M3 for fabrication details.

Provide designs with a 6" x 12" hand hole with reinforcing frame for each pole.

Provide a terminal compartment with cover and screws in each pole encompassing the hand hole and containing a 12-terminal barrier type terminal block. Provide two (2) terminal screws with a removable shorting bar between them for each termination. Furnish terminal compartment covers attached to the pole by a sturdy chain or cable approved by the Engineer. Ensure chain or cable is long enough to permit cover to hang clear of the compartment opening when cover is removed and is strong enough to prevent vandalism. Ensure chain or cable will not interfere with service to cables in the pole base.

Have poles permanently stamped above the hand holes with the identification tag details as shown on Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheets M2 and M3.

Provide grounding lug(s) in the approximate vicinity of the messenger cable clamp for bonding and grounding messenger cable. Lugs must accept #4 AWG wire to bond messenger cables to the pole in order to provide an effective ground fault circuit path. Refer to Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheet M6 for construction details.

Install metal poles, hardware, and fittings as shown on the manufacturer's installation drawings. Ensure the installed pole, when fully loaded, is within 1 degree 40 minutes (1°40') of vertical. Install poles with the manufacturer's recommended "rake." Where required, use threaded leveling nuts to establish rake.

### E. Mast Arm Poles:

Refer to Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheets M2 through M5 for fabrication details.

Fabricate metal arm shaft from coil or plate steel that meet the requirements of ASTM A 595 Grade A tubes. Provide arm shafts of round or near round (18 sides or more) cross-section, or multisided tubular cross-section with no less than six sides, having a uniform linear taper of 0.14 in/ft. Construct shafts from one piece of single-ply plate or coil, eliminating circumferential weld splices.

Use the submerged arc process, or other NCDOT previously approved process suitable for arm shafts, to continuously weld arm shafts along their entire length. The longitudinal seam weld shall be finished flush to the outside contour of the base metal. Ensure arm shaft has no circumferential welds except at the lower end joining the shaft to the arm flange plate. Use full penetration groove welds with backing ring for all tube-to-transverse-plate connections in accordance with 6<sup>th</sup> Edition AASHTO. Provide welding that conforms to Article 1072-18 of the *Standard Specifications*, except no field welding on any part of the arm shaft will be permitted unless approved by a qualified Engineer.

After fabrication, hot-dip galvanize steel arm shafts and all assembly components per section 1076 of the *Standard Specifications*. Design arm shafts with weep holes large enough and properly located to drain molten zinc during the galvanization process. Provide hot-dip galvanizing on steel arm shafts that meets or exceeds ASTM Standard A-123, AASHTO M111, or an approved equivalent. Perform repair of damaged galvanizing that complies with the following *Standard Specifications* article:

Repair of Galvanizing.....Article 1076-7

Ensure metal arm shafts permit cables to be installed inside arm shafts. For holes in arm shafts used to accommodate cables, provide full-circumference grommets. Wire access holes for arm flange plates should be deburred, non-grommeted, and oversized to fit around 4-inch diameter grommeted wire access holes for shaft flange plates.

Provide a minimum of four (4) 1-1/2" diameter high strength bolts for connection between arm plate and pole plate. Increase number of bolts to a minimum of six (6) 1-1/2" diameter high strength bolts when arm lengths are greater than 50'-0" long.

Provide designs with a 6" x 12" hand hole with reinforcing frame for each pole.

Provide a terminal compartment with cover and screws in each pole encompassing the hand hole and containing a 12-terminal barrier type terminal block. Provide two (2) terminal screws with a removable shorting bar between them for each termination. Furnish terminal compartment covers

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attached to the pole by a sturdy chain or cable approved by the Engineer. Ensure chain or cable is long enough to permit cover to hang clear of the compartment opening when cover is removed and is strong enough to prevent vandalism. Ensure chain or cable will not interfere with service to cables in the pole base.

Have poles permanently stamped above the hand holes with the identification tag details as shown on Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheets M2 and M4.

Provide a removable end cap with stainless steel attachment screws for the end of each mast arm. Ensure cap is cast aluminum conforming to Aluminum Association Alloy 356.0F. Furnish cap attached to arm with a sturdy chain or cable approved by the Engineer. Ensure chain or cable is long enough to permit cap to hang clear of arm end opening when cap is removed.

Provide pole flange plates and associated gussets and fittings for attachment of required mast arms. As part of each mast arm attachment, provide a cable passage hole in pole to allow passage of cables from pole to arm. Provide a grommeted 4-inch diameter cable passage hole on the shaft side of the connection to allow passage of cables from pole to arm.

Furnish all arm plates and necessary attachment hardware, including bolts and brackets.

Provide two (2) extra bolts for each arm.

Provide arms with weatherproof connections for attaching to the pole shaft.

Provide hardware that is galvanized steel, stainless steel, or corrosive-resistant aluminum.

Install metal poles, hardware, and fittings as shown on the manufacturer's installation drawings. Ensure the installed pole, when fully loaded, is within 1 degree 40 minutes (1°40') of vertical. Install poles with the manufacturer's recommended "rake." Where required, use threaded leveling nuts to establish rake.

Install horizontal-type arms with a manufactured rise preventing arm from deflecting below arm attachment height.

Ensure maximum angular rotation of the top of mast arm pole does not exceed 1 degree 40 minutes (1°40'). Ensure allowable mast arm deflection does not exceed that allowed per 6<sup>th</sup> Edition AASHTO. For all group load combinations specified under Section 3 of 6<sup>th</sup> Edition AASHTO, restrict tip of fully loaded arm from going below arm attachment point with the pole.

# 5.2. DRILLED PIER FOUNDATIONS FOR METAL POLES

Analysis procedures and formulas shall be based on AASHTO 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, latest ACI-318 code and the *Drilled Shafts: Construction Procedures and Design Methods* FHWA-NHI-10-016 manual. Design methods based on engineering publications or research papers must have prior approval from NCDOT. The Department reserves the right to accept or reject any method used for the analysis.

Use the following Safety Factors for the foundation design:

- 1.0 x Service (Unfactored) Loads for LPile Shaft Lateral Deflection
- 1.3 x Torsion (Unfactored) Load for Drilled Shaft Concrete and Steel Strength
- (1.3 / 1.33) x Torsion (Unfactored) Load for Shaft Soil-to-Concrete Torsion Capacity
- (2.0 / 1.33) x Axial (Unfactored) Load for Shaft Axial Capacity in Soil

Ensure deflection at top of foundation does not exceed 1 inch for worst-case lateral load. Use LPILE Plus V6.0 or later for lateral analysis. Submit inputs, results and corresponding graphs with the design calculations. Calculate skin friction using the  $\alpha$ -method for cohesive soils and the  $\beta$ -method for cohesion-less soils (**Broms method will not be accepted**). Detailed descriptions of the " $\alpha$ " and " $\beta$ " methods can be found in *FHWA-NHI-10-016*.

Omit first 2.5 feet for cohesive soils when calculating skin friction.

Assume a hammer efficiency of 0.70 unless value is provided.

Design custom foundations to carry maximum capacity of each metal pole. For standard case strain poles with custom design, use actual shear, axial and moment reactions from the Standard Strain Pole Foundation Selection Table shown on Standard Drawing No. M8.

When poor soil conditions are encountered, which could create an excessively large foundation design, consideration may be given to allow an exemption to the maximum capacity design. The Contractor must gain approval from the Engineer before reducing a foundation's capacity. On projects where poor soil is known to be present, the Contractor should have foundation designs approved before releasing poles for fabrication.

Have the Contractor notify the Engineer if the proposed foundation is to be installed on a slope other than 8H: 1V or flatter.

### A. Description:

Furnish and install foundations for NCDOT metal poles with all necessary hardware in accordance with the plans and specifications.

Metal Pole Standards have been developed and implemented by NCDOT for use at signalized intersections in North Carolina. If the plans call for a standard strain pole, then a standard foundation may be selected from the plans. However, the Contractor is not required to use a standard foundation. If the Contractor chooses to design a non-standard site-specific foundation for a standard strain pole or if the plans call for a non-standard site-specific pole, design the foundation to conform to the applicable provisions in the NCDOT Metal Pole Standard Drawings and Section B4 (Non-Standard Foundation Design) below. If non-standard site-specific foundations are designed for standard QPL approved strain poles, the foundation designer must use the design moment specified by load case on Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheet M8. Failure to conform to this requirement will be grounds for rejection of the design.

If the Contractor chooses to design a non-standard foundation for a standard strain pole and the soil test results indicate a standard foundation is feasible for the site, the Contractor will be paid the cost of the standard foundation. Any additional cost associated with a non-standard site-specific foundation including additional materials, labor and equipment will be considered incidental to the cost of the standard foundation. All costs for the non-standard foundation design will be considered incidental to the cost of the standard foundation.

# **B.** Soil Test and Foundation Determination:

# 1. General:

Drilled piers are reinforced concrete sections, cast-in-place against in situ, undisturbed material. Drilled piers are of straight shaft type and vertical.

# 2. Soil Test:

Perform a soil test at each proposed metal pole location. Complete all required fill placement and excavation at each pole location to finished grade before drilling each boring. Soil tests performed that are not in compliance with this requirement may be rejected and will not be paid. Drill one boring to a depth of 26 feet within a 25-foot radius of each proposed foundation. Perform standard penetration tests (SPT) in accordance with ASTM D 1586 at depths of 1, 2.5, 5, 7.5, 10, 15, 20 and 26 feet. Discontinue the boring if one of the following occurs:

- A total of 100 blows have been applied in any two consecutive 6-inch intervals.
- A total of 50 blows have been applied with < 3-inch penetration.

Describe each pole location along the project corridor in a manner that is easily discernible to both the Contractor's Designer and NCDOT Reviewers. If the pole is at an intersection, label the boring the "Intersection of (*Route or SR #*), (*Street Name*) and (*Route or SR #*), (*Street Name*),

County, Signal or Asset Inventory No. \_\_\_\_\_. Label borings with "B- <u>N, S, E, W, NE,</u> <u>NW, SE or SW</u>" corresponding to the quadrant location within the intersection.

If the pole location is located between intersections, provide a coordinate location and offset, or milepost number and offset. Pole numbers should be made available to the Drill Contractor. Include pole numbers in the boring label if they are available. If they are not available, ensure the boring labels can be cross-referenced to corresponding pole numbers. For each boring, submit a legible (hand-written or typed) boring log signed and sealed by a licensed Geologist or Professional Engineer registered in North Carolina. Include on each boring the SPT blow counts and N-values at each depth, depth of the boring, hammer efficiency, depth of water table and a general description of the soil types encountered using the AASHTO Classification System.

Borings that cannot be easily correlated to their specific pole location will be returned to the Contractor for clarification; or if approved by the Engineer, the foundation may be designed using the worst-case soil condition obtained as part of this project.

### **3.** Standard Foundation Determination:

Use the following method for determining the Design N-value:

$$N_{AVG} = \frac{N_{@1'} + N_{@2.5'} + \dots + N_{@Deepest Boring Depth}}{Total Number of N values}$$

$$Y = (N_{@1'})^2 + (N_{@2.5'})^2 + \dots + (N_{@Deepest Boring Depth})^2$$

$$Z = N_{@1'} + N_{@2.5'} + \dots + N_{@Deeepest Boring Depth}$$

$$N_{STD DEV} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{(Total Number of N values \times Y) - Z^2}{(Total Number of N values) \times (Total Number of N values - 1)}\right)}$$

Design N-value equals lesser of the following two conditions:

$$N_{AVG} - (N_{STD \ DEV} \times 0.45)$$
  
OR

Average of First Four (4) N values =  $\frac{N_{@1'} + N_{@2.5'} + N_{@5'} + N_{@7.5'}}{4}$ 

Note: If less than four (4) N-values are obtained because of criteria listed in Section 2 above, use average of N-values collected for second condition. Do not include the N- value at the deepest boring depth for above calculations if the boring is discontinued at or before the required boring depth because of criteria listed in Section 2 above. Use N-value of zero (0) for weight of hammer or weight of rod. If N-value is greater than fifty (50), reduce N-value to fifty (50) for calculations.

If standard NCDOT strain poles are shown on the plans and the Contractor chooses to use standard foundations, determine a drilled pier length, "L," for each signal pole from the Standard Strain Pole Foundations Chart (sheet M8) based on the Design N-value and the predominant soil type. For each standard pole location, submit a completed "Metal Pole Standard Foundation Selection Form" signed by the Contractor's representative. Signature on form is for verification purposes only. Include the Design N-value calculation and resulting drilled pier length, "L," on each form.

If non-standard site-specific poles are shown on the plans, submit completed boring logs collected in accordance with Section 2 (Soil Test) along with pole loading diagrams from the plans to the Contractor-selected pole Fabricator to assist in the pole and foundation design.

If one of the following occurs, the Standard Foundations Chart shown on the plans may not be used and a non-standard foundation may be required. In such case, contact the Engineer.

- The Design N-value is less than four (4).
- The drilled pier length, "L", determined from the Standard Foundations Chart, is greater than the depth of the corresponding boring.

In the case where a standard foundation cannot be used, the Department will be responsible for the additional cost of the non-standard foundation.

Foundation designs are based on level ground around the traffic signal pole. If the slope around the edge of the drilled pier is steeper than 8:1 (H:V) or the proposed foundation will be less than 10 feet from the top of an embankment slope, the Contractor is responsible for providing slope information to the foundation Designer and to the Engineer so it can be considered in the design.

The "Metal Pole Standard Foundation Selection Form" may be found at:

https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/safety/Pages/ITS-Design-Resources.aspx

If assistance is needed, contact the Engineer.

### 4. Non-Standard Foundation Design:

Design non-standard foundations based upon site-specific soil test information collected in accordance with Section 2 (Soil Test). Design drilled piers for side resistance in accordance with Section 4.6 of the *2002 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges*, *17<sup>th</sup> Edition*. Use computer software LPILE version-6.0 or later manufactured by Ensoft, Inc. to analyze drilled piers. Use computer software gINT V8i or later manufactured by Bentley Systems, Inc. with the current NCDOT gINT library and data template to produce SPT boring logs. Provide a drilled pier foundation for each pole with a length and diameter resulting in horizontal lateral movement less than 1 inch at top of the pier, and horizontal rotational movement less than 1 inch at the edge of pier. Contact the Engineer for pole loading diagrams of standard poles used for non-standard foundation designs. Submit non-standard foundation designs including drawings, calculations, and soil boring logs to the Engineer for review and approval before construction.

# C. Drilled Pier Construction:

Construct drilled pier foundation and Install anchor rod assemblies in accordance with the *Foundations and Anchor Rod Assemblies for Metal Poles* Standard Special Provision SP09-R005 located at:

https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/Specifications/Pages/2018-Specifications-and-Special-Provisions.aspx

# 5.3. POLE NUMBERING SYSTEM

# A. New Poles

Attach an identification tag to each pole shaft section as shown on Metal Pole Standard Sheet M2 "Typical Fabrication Details for All Metal Poles."

# 5.4. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Actual number of metal strain signal poles (without regard to height or load capacity) furnished, installed and accepted.

Actual number of designs for metal strain poles furnished and accepted.

Actual number of metal poles with single mast arms furnished, installed, and accepted.

Actual number of metal poles with dual mast arms furnished, installed, and accepted.

Actual number of designs for mast arms with metal poles furnished and accepted.

Actual number of soil tests with SPT borings drilled furnished and accepted.

Actual volume of concrete poured in cubic yards of drilled pier foundation furnished, installed and accepted.

No measurement will be made for foundation designs prepared with metal pole designs, as these will be considered incidental to designing Traffic Signal support structures.

# Payment will be made under:

Metal Strain Signal Pole	Each
Metal Strain Pole Design	
Metal Pole with Single Mast Arm	Each
Metal Pole with Dual Mast Arm	Each
Mast Arm with Metal Pole Design	Each
Soil Test	Each
Drilled Pier Foundation	Cubic Yard

# 6. ETHERNET EDGE SWITCH

Furnish and install a managed Ethernet edge switch as specified below that is fully compatible, interoperable, and completely interchangeable and functional within the existing City or Division traffic signal system communications network.

# 6.1. **DESCRIPTION**

# A. Ethernet Edge Switch:

Furnish and install a hardened, field Ethernet edge switch (hereafter "edge switch") for traffic signal controllers as specified below. Ensure that the edge switch provides wire-speed, fast Ethernet

connectivity at transmission rates of 100 megabits per second from each remote ITS device location to the routing switches.

Contact the City or Division to arrange for the programming of the new Field Ethernet Switches with the necessary network configuration data, including but not limited to, the Project IP Address, Default Gateway, Subnet Mask and VLAN ID information. Provide a minimum five (5) days working notice to allow the City or Division to program the new devices.

## **B.** Network Management:

Ensure that the edge switch is fully compatible with the City's or Division's existing Network Management Software.

# 6.2. MATERIALS

# A. General:

Ensure that the edge switch is fully compatible and interoperable with the trunk Ethernet network interface and that the edge switch supports half and full duplex Ethernet communications.

Furnish an edge switch that provide 99.999% error-free operation, and that complies with the Electronic Industries Alliance (EIA) Ethernet data communication requirements using single-mode fiber-optic transmission medium and copper transmission medium. Ensure that the edge switch has a minimum mean time between failures (MTBF) of 10 years, or 87,600 hours, as calculated using the Bellcore/Telcordia SR-332 standard for reliability prediction.

# **B.** Compatibility Acceptance

The Engineer has the authority to require the Contractor to submit a sample Field Ethernet Switch and Field Ethernet Transceiver along with all supporting documentation, software and testing procedures to allow a compatibility acceptance test be performed prior to approving the proposed Field Ethernet Switch and Field Ethernet Transceiver for deployment. The Compatibility Acceptance testing will ensure that the proposed device is 100% compatible and interoperable with the existing City Signal System network, monitoring software and Traffic Operations Center network hardware. Allow fifteen (15) working days for the Compatibility Acceptance Testing to be performed

# C. Standards:

Ensure that the edge switch complies with all applicable IEEE networking standards for Ethernet communications, including but not limited to:

- IEEE 802.1D standard for media access control (MAC) bridges used with the Spanning Tree Protocol (STP);
- IEEE 802.1Q standard for port-based virtual local area networks (VLANs);
- IEEE 802.1P standard for Quality of Service (QoS);
- IEEE 802.1w standard for MAC bridges used with the Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP);
- IEEE 802.1s standard for MAC bridges used with the Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol;
- IEEE 802.1x standard for port based network access control, including RADIUS;
- IEEE 802.3 standard for local area network (LAN) and metropolitan area network (MAN) access and physical layer specifications;
- IEEE 802.3u supplement standard regarding 100 Base TX/100 Base FX;
- IEEE 802.3x standard regarding flow control with full duplex operation; and
- IFC 2236 regarding IGMP v2 compliance.

- IEEE 802.1AB Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)
- IEEE 802.3ad Ethernet Link Aggregation
- IEEE 802.3i for 10BASE-T (10 Mbit/s over Fiber-Optic)
- IEEE 802.3ab for 1000BASE-T (1Gbit/s over Ethernet)
- IEEE 802.3z for 1000BASE-X (1 Gbit/s Ethernet over Fiber-Optic)

## **D.** Functional:

Ensure that the edge switch supports all Layer 2 management features and certain Layer 3 features related to multicast data transmission and routing. These features shall include, but not be limited to:

- An STP healing/convergence rate that meets or exceeds specifications published in the IEEE 802.1D standard.
- An RSTP healing/convergence rate that meets or exceeds specifications published in the IEEE 802.1w standard.
- An Ethernet edge switch that is a port-based VLAN and supports VLAN tagging that meets or exceeds specifications as published in the IEEE 802.1Q standard, and has a minimum 4-kilobit VLAN address table (254 simultaneous).
- A forwarding/filtering rate that is a minimum of 14,880 packets per second for 10 megabits per second and 148,800 packets per second for 100 megabits per second.
- A minimum 4-kilobit MAC address table.
- Support of Traffic Class Expediting and Dynamic Multicast Filtering.
- Support of, at a minimum, snooping of Version 2 & 3 of the Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP).
- Support of remote and local setup and management via telnet or secure Web-based GUI and command line interfaces.
- Support of the Simple Network Management Protocol version 3 (SNMPv3). Verify that the Ethernet edge switch can be accessed using the resident EIA-232 management port, a telecommunication network, or the Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP).
- Port security through controlling access by the users. Ensure that the Ethernet edge switch has the capability to generate an alarm and shut down ports when an unauthorized user accesses the network.
- Support of remote monitoring (RMON-1 & RMON-2) of the Ethernet agent.
- Support of the TFTP and SNTP. Ensure that the Ethernet edge switch supports port mirroring for troubleshooting purposes when combined with a network analyzer.

# **E.** Physical Features:

*Ports:* Provide 10/100/1000 Mbps auto-negotiating ports (RJ-45) copper Fast Ethernet ports for all edge switches. Provide auto-negotiation circuitry that will automatically negotiate the highest possible data rate and duplex operation possible with attached devices supporting the IEEE 802.3 Clause 28 auto-negotiation standard.

*Optical Ports:* Ensure that all fiber-optic link ports operate at 1310 or 1550 nanometers in single mode. Provide Type LC connectors for the optical ports, as specified in the Plans or by the Engineer. Do not use mechanical transfer registered jack (MTRJ) type connectors.

Provide an edge switch having a minimum of two optical 100/1000 Base X ports capable of transmitting data at 100/1000 megabits per second. Ensure that each optical port consists of a pair of fibers; one fiber will transmit (TX) data and one fiber will receive (RX) data. Ensure that the optical ports have an optical power budget of at least 15 dB.

*Copper Ports:* Provide an edge switch that includes a minimum of four copper ports. Provide Type RJ-45 copper ports and that auto-negotiate speed (i.e., 10/100/1000 Base) and duplex (i.e., full or half). Ensure that all 10/100/1000 Base TX ports meet the specifications detailed in this section and are compliant with the IEEE 802.3 standard pinouts. Ensure that all Category 5E unshielded twisted pair/shielded twisted pair network cables are compliant with the EIA/TIA-568-B standard.

*Port Security*: Ensure that the edge switch supports/complies with the following (remotely) minimum requirements:

- Ability to configure static MAC addresses access;
- Ability to disable automatic address learning per ports; know hereafter as Secure Port. Secure Ports only forward; and
- Trap and alarm upon any unauthorized MAC address and shutdown for programmable duration. Port shutdown requires administrator to manually reset the port before communications are allowed.

# F. Management Capabilities:

Ensure that the edge switch supports all Layer 2 management features and certain Layer 3 features related to multicast data transmission and routing. These features shall include, but not be limited to:

- An STP healing/convergence rate that meets or exceeds specifications published in the IEEE 802.1 D standards;
- An RSTP healing/convergence rate that meets or exceeds specifications published in the IEEE 802.1w standard;
- An Ethernet edge switch that is a port-based VLAN and supports VLAN tagging that meets or exceeds specifications as published in the IEEE 802.1Q standard, and has a minimum 4-kilobit VLAN address table (254 simultaneous);
- A forwarding/filtering rate that is a minimum of 14,880 packets per second for 10 megabits per second, 148,800 packets per second for 100 megabits per second and 1,488,000 packets per second for 1000 megabits per second;
- A minimum 4-kilobit MAC address table;
- Support of Traffic Class Expediting and Dynamic Multicast Filtering.
- Support of, at a minimum, snooping of Version 2 & 3 of the Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP);
- Support of remote and local setup and management via telnet or secure Web-based GUI and command line interfaces; and
- Support of the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). Verify that the Ethernet edge switch can be accessed using the resident EIA-232 management port, a telecommunication network, or the Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP).

*Network Capabilities*: Provide an edge switch that supports/complies with the following minimum requirements:

• Provide full implementation of IGMPv2 snooping (RFC 2236);

- Provide full implementation of SNMPv1, SNMPv2c, and/or SNMPv3;
- Provide support for the following RMON–I groups, at a minimum:
  - Part 1: Statistics Part 3: Alarm
  - Part 2: History Part 9: Event
- Provide support for the following RMON–2 groups, at a minimum:
  - Part 13: Address Map Part 17:Layer Matrix
  - Part 16: Layer Host Part 18:User History
- Capable of mirroring any port to any other port within the switch;
- Meet the IEEE 802.1Q (VLAN) standard per port for up to four VLANs;
- Meet the IEEE 802.3ad (Port Trunking) standard for a minimum of two groups of four ports;
- Password manageable;
- Telnet/CLI;
- HTTP (Embedded Web Server) with Secure Sockets Layer (SSL); and
- Full implementation of RFC 783 (TFTP) to allow remote firmware upgrades.

*Network Security*: Provide an edge switch that supports/complies with the following (remotely) minimum network security requirements:

- Multi-level user passwords;
- RADIUS centralized password management (IEEE 802.1X);
- SNMPv3 encrypted authentication and access security;
- Port security through controlling access by the users: ensure that the Ethernet edge switch has the capability to generate an alarm and shut down ports when an unauthorized user accesses the network;
- Support of remote monitoring (RMON-1&2) of the Ethernet agent; and
- Support of the TFTP and SNTP. Ensure that the Ethernet edge switch supports port mirroring for troubleshooting purposes when combined with a network analyzer.

# G. Electrical Specifications:

Ensure that the edge switch operates and power is supplied with 115 volts of alternating current (VAC). Ensure that the edge switch has a minimum operating input of 110 VAC and a maximum operating input of 130 VAC. Ensure that if the device requires operating voltages other than 120 VAC, supply the required voltage converter. Ensure that the maximum power consumption does not exceed 50 watts. Ensure that the edge switch has diagnostic light emitting diodes (LEDs), including link, TX, RX, speed (for Category 5E ports only), and power LEDs.

# H. Environmental Specifications:

Ensure that the edge switch performs all of the required functions during and after being subjected to an ambient operating temperature range of -30 degrees to 165 degrees Fahrenheit as defined in the environmental requirements section of the NEMA TS 2 standard, with a noncondensing humidity of 0 to 95%.

Provide certification that the device has successfully completed environmental testing as defined in the environmental requirements section of the NEMA TS 2 standard. Provide certification that the device meets the vibration and shock resistance requirements of Sections 2.1.9 and 2.1.10, respectively, of the NEMA TS 2 standard. Ensure that the edge switch is protected from rain, dust, corrosive elements, and typical conditions found in a roadside environment.

The edge switch shall meet or exceed the following environmental standards:

- IEEE 1613 (electric utility substations)
- IEC 61850-3 (electric utility substations)
- IEEE 61800-3 (variable speed drive systems)
- IEC 61000-6-2 (generic industrial)
- EMF FCC Part 15 CISPR (EN5502) Class A

# I. Ethernet Patch Cable:

Furnish a factory pre-terminated/pre-connectorized Ethernet patch cable with each edge switch. Furnish Ethernet patch cables meeting the following physical requirements:

- Five (5)-foot length
- Category 5e or better
- Factory-installed RJ-45 connectors on both ends
- Molded anti-snag hoods over connectors
- Gold plated connectors

Furnish Fast Ethernet patch cords meeting the following minimum performance requirements:

• TIA/EIA-568-B-5, Additional Transmission Performance Specifications for 4-pair 100 Ω Enhanced Category 5 Cabling

• Fre	equency Range:	1-100 MHz
• Ne	ar-End Crosstalk (NEXT):	30.1 dB
• Po	wer-sum NEXT:	27.1 dB
• At	tenuation to Crosstalk Ratio (ACR):	6.1 dB
• Po	wer-sum ACR:	3.1 dB
• Re	turn Loss:	10dB
• Pro	opagation Delay:	548 nsec

# 6.3. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

# 6.4. General:

Ensure that the edge switch is UL listed.

Verify that network/field/data patch cords meet all ANSI/EIA/TIA requirements for Category 5E and Category 6 four-pair unshielded twisted pair cabling with stranded conductors and RJ45 connectors.

Contact the Signal Shop a minimum of 5 days prior to installation for the most current edge switch IP Address, VLAN, subnet mask, default gateway and configuration files.

# A. Edge Switch:

Mount the edge switch inside each field cabinet by securely fastening the edge switch to the upper end of the right rear vertical rail of the equipment rack using manufacturer-recommended or Engineer-approved attachment methods, attachment hardware and fasteners.

Ensure that the edge switch is mounted securely in the cabinet and is fully accessible by field technicians without blocking access to other equipment. Verify that fiber-optic jumpers consist of a length of cable that has connectors on both ends, primarily used for interconnecting termination or patching facilities and/or equipment.

### 6.5. MEASURMENT AND PAYMENT

*Ethernet edge switch* will be measured and paid as the actual number of Ethernet edge switches furnished, installed, and accepted.

No separate measurement will be made for Ethernet patch cable, power cord, mounting hardware, nuts, bolts, brackets, or edge switch programming as these will be considered incidental to furnishing and installing the edge switch.

Payment will be made under:

Ethernet Edge Switch......Each

# 7. EMERGENCY VEHICLE-INITIATED PREEMPTION SYSTEMS

### 7.1. **DESCRIPTION**

Design, furnish, and install emergency vehicle-initiated preemption systems with all necessary hardware in accordance with the plans and specifications. These emergency vehicle-initiated preemption systems consist of an optical detector and phase selector combination which receives a signal from existing transmitters and properly instigates the desired signal preemption. Comply with the provisions of Section 1700 of the 2018 <u>Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures</u>.

# 7.2. MATERIALS

### A. General Requirements:

All electronic components used in the unit shall be commercially available components which may be supplied by electronics supply houses. No proprietary components shall be used in the units. *Exception:* The State may permit equipment with proprietary components to be supplied if the manufacturer agrees to supply the proprietary components to the State for repair purposes for a minimum period of ten years. If the components are no longer available during this period, the manufacturer shall replace or otherwise repair any unit in which the component fails during that period at the price of the discontinued component.

The vendor shall authorize the NCDOT Traffic Electronics Center of the Transportation Mobility and Safety Division for the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) to perform all warranty repairs. The decision to perform warranty work at the NCDOT Traffic Electronics Center by NCDOT electronics technicians or to have warranty work performed by the vendor shall be at the discretion of the State. Any training required by the manufacturer to authorize the NCDOT Traffic Electronics Center to perform warranty work shall be provided at no cost to the State. In addition, the manufacturer shall agree to provide prompt technical support to the State repair personnel for a period of one year after the end of the warranty period at no cost to the State. Parts shall be supplied by the vendor to the NCDOT Traffic Electronics Center for all warranty repairs at no cost to the State. Damaged parts replaced under warranty by the NCDOT Traffic Electronics Center will be returned to the vendor at the vendor's request. At the request of the State, the vendor shall perform warranty repairs to equipment which fails during the warranty period at no cost to the State including freight costs to ship repaired equipment back to the NCDOT Traffic Electronics Center. All equipment shall be repaired and returned to the NCDOT Traffic Electronics Center within fourteen calendar days of receipt by the manufacturer.

The materials and workmanship of all equipment provided under this section shall be fully guaranteed for at least two years. All warranties and guarantees that are customarily issued by the equipment manufacturers which exceed this requirement shall be acceptable to the Department. The warranty period shall begin on the date of the final acceptance of all work if contractor supplied, or on the date of delivery to the Department if supplied to the Department by a manufacturer or manufacturer's representative. This guarantee shall cover all parts and labor necessary or incidental to the repair of any defect in equipment or workmanship and malfunctions that arise during the guarantee period. The guarantee shall be provided to the Department in writing prior to final acceptance of the work or material. The guarantee shall unconditionally cover all specified requirements. The wording of the guarantee shall be subject to the approval of the Engineer.

The warranties and guarantees delivered by the manufacturer to a contractor shall include the provision that they are subject to transfer to the Department or its designated maintaining agency and shall be accompanied by proper validation by the manufacturer. Transfer of warranties and guarantees to the Department shall occur at the time of acceptance of the work.

Any software necessary for operations required by this section shall be furnished to the State. The software shall be licensed for use by State personnel, and for personnel of any other agency responsible for maintaining State signals to use in the course of maintaining these signals. The State shall be licensed to duplicate and distribute the software as necessary for design and maintenance support.

The Department shall be licensed to duplicate all programmable devices for maintenance and for software upgrades. A binary or hexadecimal format file shall be provided for each device which may be programmed by the Department. The files shall be provided electronically and downloadable.

The manufacturer shall furnish all updates to software and firmware provided under this section. Updates shall be furnished for at least the duration of the warranty period. Updates shall be delivered to the Department. Firmware performance upgrades which occur during the warranty period shall be available to the Department at no additional cost. Firmware upgrades which are developed to correct deficient operating characteristics shall be available to the Department at no additional cost for the contract period or until the specified warranty period expires, whichever is greater.

The manufacturer's name, model number, serial number, and any other information necessary for proper identification shall be permanently inscribed on each unit.

Two copies of the operating manual(s) and one copy of the maintenance manual(s) shall be supplied with each unit in a protective plastic envelope. The maintenance manual shall include all documentation necessary to troubleshoot and repair the unit, including circuit diagrams and parts lists.

### **B.** Functional Requirements:

Furnish and install emergency vehicle-initiated preemption system that is fully compatible with Type 170/2070L/2070E controllers and cabinets.

Ensure the emergency vehicle-initiated preemption system can log and retain the following data:

1. Number of Events - Ensure the emergency vehicle-initiated preemption system can log a minimum of 1000 preemption occurrences, retaining all event data described below until the data is downloaded. When the maximum number of events is recorded, ensure the system can retain

data from the most recent occurrences, losing data only on the oldest event as each new preemption event occurs.

- 2. **Time and Date Stamp** Ensure the emergency vehicle-initiated preemption system equipment provides the means to log the time and date for each preemption occurrence. Provide equipment with the following time and date stamp features:
  - a. Automatic Daylight Savings Time Adjustment The clock shall adjust the time stamp for the transition between Daylight Savings Time and Standard Time.
  - b. 24-Hour Clock The clock shall provide an option to record and report occurrences using a 24-hour clock time stamp.
  - c. Accuracy of Backup Clock During power outage, the real-time clock and memory shall continue to operate on an internal battery or capacitor backup power source. The backup power source shall supply the power for a single outage of 48 hours minimum. Automatic recharging of the battery or capacitor shall occur within 24 hours after resumption of power.
- **3.** Direction of Requested Preemption Ensure the emergency vehicle-initiated preemption system can provide the means to record the approach direction for every preemption occurrence and retains this data in the event log.

Ensure that logged preemption events cannot be deleted manually using equipment switches or other manual input and controls.

The emergency vehicle-initiated preemption system shall be capable of providing a minimum of four separate preemption inputs and outputs or as specified by the bid list or plans.

The emergency vehicle-initiated preemption system receivers shall be able to differentiate between any two approaches as the source of a call signal if those approaches intersect at an angle greater than 20 degrees.

Each receiver unit supplied with the system shall detect a preempt call at distances up to a maximum of 1,500 feet and at a minimum of 250 feet under clear atmospheric conditions.

Ambient signal sources shall not cause the system to place the intersection in the preemption mode. Also, the emergency preemption system shall provide the means to prevent false calls resulting from emergency vehicles passing through nearby locations or nearby intersections such as at cross streets near the signal.

The system shall automatically select the programmed output call to the traffic signal controller based on the approach of the emergency vehicle placing the call.

The controller for the emergency vehicle-initiated preemption system shall display indications for the receipt of a call for each approach to allow a servicing technician to determine proper or improper operation. The indication shall last as long as that call is being received by the system.

The emergency vehicle-initiated preemption system shall provide a test switch or push-button for each channel on the control unit to manually place a preemption call to the traffic signal controller.

Emergency vehicle-initiated preemption system operation should not be functionally affected by the following operating conditions:

- 1. Rain
- 2. Snow

- 3. Ambient light conditions such as bright sunlight, twilight, shadows, vehicle headlights, etc.
- 4. Fog which can be penetrated by traffic signal indications.
- 5. Ambient noise levels below 70 db.
- 6. Environmental electromagnetic interference

# **C. Programming Requirements:**

The emergency vehicle-initiated preemption unit software shall run on a standard Microsoft operating system. Uploading and downloading of all data and all operating parameters shall be accessible through the use of a PC compatible laptop computer nine pin communications port or Department approved alternative. The programming of all user application functions shall be displayed in a menu format. Like parameters, functions, or data shall be grouped together to provide a coherent order to parameter programming display(s) and data display(s).

# **D.** Electrical Requirements:

All control circuitry shall be of solid-state construction. All active devices for logic, timing, and control functions shall be solid state and shall be sufficiently rated to insure no material shortening of life under conditions of maximum power dissipation at maximum ambient temperature. Timing functions shall be performed using digital devices.

Memory for event data and program data shall be stored in an electronically erasable memory device which has 100,000 write cycles (minimum) and is designed to retain data for 10 years. The memory shall not require external battery backup to retain data or other programmed entries unless otherwise specified.

The input power required by each system component unit shall be either 1) 120 VAC from the controller cabinet or 2) a separate equipment power supply which is powered by the 120 VAC from the controller cabinet.

The emergency vehicle-initiated preemption system shall comply with all applicable FCC regulations.

# E. Physical Requirements:

All emergency vehicle preemption systems shall conform to NEMA TS2-2016 Section 2, "Environmental Requirements."

System components shall not exceed the dimension and weight specified below:

- 1) Control Unit The control unit shall not weigh more than 10 pounds and shall not exceed the following dimensions: Width 8 inches; Height 10 inches; Depth 10 inches.
- 2) Receiver Units The receiver units shall not weigh more than 15 pounds.

The receiver unit located outside the traffic signal controller cabinet or other enclosed space shall be encased in a shielded, high-impact, corrosion resistant housing.

All equipment of emergency vehicle-initiated preemption system which are exposed to weather shall be weatherproof and suitable for operation in wet locations. Ensure all circuit boards have a moisture resistant coating.

All mounting hardware required to install the emergency vehicle-initiated preemption system shall be furnished for the specified application an included with the applicable system component. As

required by the application, the brackets used to mount shall be suitable for use with a wooden pole, a metal structure, or other specified structure and shall provide secure, fixed positioning of the mounted device which does not normally require that the fixture be tightened, realigned, or adjusted after initial proper alignment, adjustment, and fastening is completed.

## 7.3. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

Place into operation emergency vehicle-initiated preemption systems. Configure emergency vehicle-initiated preemption systems to achieve required activation by emergency vehicles within required ranges.

Install the necessary processing and communications equipment in the signal controller cabinet. Make all necessary modifications to install equipment, cabling harnesses, and phase selector with surge suppression.

Install the necessary cables from each optical detector to the signal controller cabinet along signal cabling routes. Install surge protection where required and terminate all cable conductors.

### 7.4. METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

Actual number of optical detector units furnished, installed, and accepted.

Actual number of EVP phase selectors furnished, installed, and accepted.

# 7.5. BASIS OF PAYMENT

The quantity of optical detector units, measured as provided above, will be paid for at the contract unit price each for "Optical Detector Unit."

The quantity of phase selectors, measured as provided above, will be paid for at the contract unit price each for "EVP Phase Selector."

Payment will be made under:

Optical Detector Unit	Each
EVP Phase Selector	Each

# **ST-1**

# Project Special Provisions

# Culverts, Walls

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Iredell County

### SOUND BARRIER WALL

### **1.0 DESCRIPTION**

This work consists of furnishing precast panels with an architectural surface treatment, structural steel, concrete, handling, transporting, fabricating, galvanizing, storing materials, furnishing erection drawings, pile excavation, backfilling, erecting and installing the sound barrier wall members and all other materials as required by the plans, Standard Specifications and this Special Provision.

Precast panels with an architectural surface treatment shall be constructed using form lining materials and patterns to match the appearance (size, shape, color, texture, pattern, and relief) of the textured finish as specified on the plans and approved by the Engineer.

The contractor is required to use the same form liner and coloration contractor to construct the precast panels with an architectural surface treatment.

The Standard Plans allow pile spacing of 10, 15 or 20 feet. Pile spacing greater than 15 feet will not be allowed for the precast concrete panels detailed in the standard plans. Provide consistent pile spacing for the entire length of the wall. Use odd pile spacing, if necessary, only at the ends of the wall and at turning points as approved by the Engineer. Architectural surface treatment shall not be applied to piles. Piles shall have a smooth, non-textured finish, and remain unstained in their natural color.

A maximum one foot drop or rise in elevation between wall sections is permitted. Elevation changes greater than one foot, if necessary, will be allowed only at the end of the wall. Top of wall elevation changes that result in a jagged appearance will not be allowed.

#### 2.0 QUALIFICATIONS

Prior to beginning work the contractor shall submit the following qualifications to the Engineer for approval:

A. Architectural Surface Treatment Construction

The Contractor shall have a minimum of three years of experience in architectural concrete surface treatment construction on similar types of projects. The Contractor shall furnish to the Engineer 3 references who were responsible for supervision of similar projects. Include name, address, telephone number, and specific type of application.

B. Form Liners and Coloring System

The manufacturer of form liners for the standard textured finishes and coloring system shall have at least five years of experience making molds and color stains to create formed concrete surfaces to match the specified textured finish and colors. The Contractor shall schedule a pre-installation conference with a form liner manufacturer representative and the Engineer to assure understanding of simulated textured finish form liner use, color application, requirements for construction of sample panel(s), and to coordinate the work. The Contractor shall be required to disclose their source of form

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liner manufacturer and final coloration contractor prior to the Preconstruction Conference.

### 3.0 ALTERNATE PILE SPACING FOR STANDARD PRECAST PANELS

As an alternate, the Contractor may submit plans for pile spacings greater than 10 feet and less than 15 feet for review and approval. The pile excavation diameter, excavation depth and reinforcing steel shall be equal to the amount shown on the existing plans for the 15 feet pile spacing. A variance in the reinforcing steel will be allowed for the length of horizontal and number of vertical reinforcement bars in the precast panel for the alternate pile spacing.

Submit two sets of detailed plans for review. Include all details in the plans, including the size and spacing of required reinforcement necessary to fabricate the precast panels. Have a North Carolina registered Professional Engineer check, seal and date the plans. After the plans are reviewed and, if necessary, corrections made, submit one set of reproducible tracings on 22" x 34" sheets to become part of the contract plans.

### 4.0 ALTERNATE WALL TYPE

Walls that have been assigned "Approved" or "Approved for Provisional Use" status by the Product Evaluation Program will be considered for substitution to the detailed Standard Sound Barrier Wall only when noted on the plans. Alternate wall types, piles and pile spacing must meet the design and construction requirements of the project. Pile spacing greater than 20 feet will not be permitted. Alternate pile and wall structural stability and connection details shall conform to the current edition of the AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Prior to submittal of Working Drawings, as described herein, submit a copy of the signed NCDOT Product Status Notification Letter and two sets of preliminary plans for review and approval. Include material specifications for all components. Once preliminary plans are approved, submit Working Drawings in accordance with all applicable portions of the requirements herein, including details necessary to fabricate and construct the proposed alternate.

Have a North Carolina registered Professional Engineer check, seal and date the plans and, when requested, provide calculations. After the plans are reviewed and, if necessary, corrections made, submit one set of reproducible tracings on 22" x 34" sheets to become part of the contract plans.

#### 5.0 WORKING DRAWINGS

Submit precast panel casting drawings in accordance with Article 1077-2 of the Standard Specifications prior to casting. Show the inserts, method of handling, and support details used for transportation on the casting drawings. Submit fabrication drawings for approval prior to fabrication of wall components. Submit an erection plan and precast panel placing plan, including location of various heights of panels, for review and acceptance prior to fabrication of forms. Submit five sets of detail drawings on 22" x 34" sheets.

Submit for review and acceptance, wall plan and elevation views and details showing overall simulated textured pattern, joint locations, and end, edge or other special conditions. The drawings should include typical cross sections of precast panels, joints, corners, texture relief, texture size, pitch/working line, mortar joint and bed depths. If necessary, the Contractor shall revise the working drawings until the proposed form liner patterns and arrangement have been accepted by the Engineer. Working drawings should be of sufficient scale to show the detail of all textured finishes and joint patterns. Shop drawings shall be reviewed and approved prior to fabrication of form liners.

### 6.0 MATERIALS AND FABRICATION OF STANDARD PRECAST PANELS

Provide materials and fabricate members in accordance with the requirements of Division 10 of the Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures. Provide precast panels 4 inches  $\pm$  1/4 inch thick, excluding relief for a textured finish. Architectural surface treatment shall consist of a standard textured finish and a single color of stain applied to both faces of the precast panels as specified on the plans and approved by the Engineer. Relief of any texture is not to exceed an average depth of 1 inch. No textured finish or stain shall be applied on the uppermost foot of each wall segment and along the vertical edges of the panels. These areas shall have a smooth, non-textured finish, and remain in its natural concrete color.

Furnish three 12" x 12" samples for approval which establish the acceptable variations in color, texture, and uniformity. After the color, texture, and uniformity of the furnished samples are approved, produce a full scale panel unit meeting design requirements. This mock-up and the furnished samples establish the standard quality for determining acceptance of the panels. When producing the final installed panels, use fine and coarse aggregate, retarder, and cement from the same source as those used in the approved sample panels. The standard textured finish shall be constructed using form lining materials. The form liner shall be a high quality, re-useable product manufactured of high strength urethane rubber or other approved material which attaches easily to the form work system, and shall not compress more than <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> inch when concrete is poured at a rate of 10 vertical feet per hour. The form liners shall be removable without causing deterioration of the surface or underlying concrete.

The form liner shall be patterned such that long continuous horizontal or vertical lines do not occur on the finished exposed surface. The line pattern shall be random in nature and shall conceal construction joint lines.

Prior to each concrete pour, the form liners shall be clean and free of build-up. Each liner shall be visually inspected for blemishes and tears. Repairs shall be made in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Repairs shall be accepted by the Engineer before being used. Form liner panels that do not perform as intended or are no longer repairable shall be replaced.

Form liners shall be securely attached to forms in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, with less than a ¼ inch seam. Blend form liner butt joints into the textured surface pattern and finish off the final concrete surface. Create no visible vertical

or horizontal seams or conspicuous form liner butt joint marks. At locations where the form liners are joined, carefully blend to match the balance of the textured finish.

Form liners shall be installed to withstand anticipated concrete placement pressures without leakage and without causing physical or visual defects.

When the approved textured finish requires simulated grout pattern joints, construct grout pattern joints to simulate the appearance of mortared joints produced in laid up masonry work. Grout pattern joints shall be produced in accordance with the form liner / concrete color system manufacturer.

The Contractor shall have a technical representative from the form liner manufacturer on site for technical supervision during the installation and removal of form liners. Unless directed by the Engineer, installation and removal of form liners shall not be permitted if the technical representative is not present.

Form release agent shall be a non-staining petroleum distillate free from water, asphaltic, and other insoluble residue, or an equivalent product and shall be applied in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. The form release agent shall be compatible with the form liner material, the concrete coloring system, any special surface finish and in accordance with this Special Provision. Form release agent should be worked into all areas, especially pattern recesses.

All form defects in finished uncolored surface shall be filled or repaired within 48 hours of form removal. Use patching materials and procedures in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

Precast concrete shall be finished in accordance with the Standard Specifications, except that curing of concrete should been done to accommodate the application of coloring and surface finish treatment.

# 7.0 SURFACE COLORING

All surfaces that are to receive coloring agent application shall be free of all laitance, dirt, dust, grease, efflorescence, paint or any other foreign material prior to the application of coloring agent. Cleaning of surfaces to be accomplished by pressure washing with water set at 3,000 psi to remove laitance. The fan nozzle shall be held perpendicular to the surface at a distance of 1 to 2 feet. Sandblasting will not be permitted.

Surface coloring shall be achieved using an approved stain suitable for the purpose intended and applied in a manner consistent with the design intent of the project. Color system shall be a single color of stain in brown or gray tones as specified on the plans and approved by the Engineer. The approved sample panel shall be the basis for determining the appropriate stain application.

The coloring agent shall be a penetrating stain mix or other approved coloring system designed for exterior application on old or new concrete with field evidence of resistance to moisture, acid or alkali, mildew, mold or fungus discoloration or degradation. The coloring

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agent shall be breathable, allowing moisture and vapor transmission. Final coloring system and color of stain are subject to approval by the Engineer.

Application of coloring/staining agent to finished precast concrete and patches shall occur at a minimum of 30 days after form liners are removed. Maintain the concrete temperature between 40°F and 85°F during color/stain application and for 48 hours after color/stain application. Consult the manufacturer's recommendations for preparation, application, curing, and storage of coloring agents/stains. The contractor shall provide a Color Application Artist who is experienced in producing realistic surface appearances. Treated surfaces located adjacent to exposed soil or pavement shall be temporarily covered to prevent dirt or soil splatter from rain.

Final surface shall be free of blemishes, discolorations, surface voids, and other irregularities. All patterns should be continuous without visual disruption. Linear butt joints shall be carefully blended into the approved pattern and finished off the final concrete surface. No visible vertical or horizontal seams or conspicuous form marks created by butt joining will be permitted.

Following the completion of all work, repairs of any damage made by other construction operations shall be made to the form lined and colored surfaces as directed by the Engineer.

### **8.0** CONSTRUCTION METHODS

Complete the final survey of existing ground profile after clearing the wall area but prior to submitting any working drawings. Submit the final groundline survey with the working drawings.

If the Department is responsible for the survey, the Engineer field verifies the existing ground profile along the sound barrier wall. Contact the Engineer to obtain the survey information. Otherwise, complete the existing ground survey prior to submittal of working drawings.

Excavate holes with the diameters shown on the plans. Perform pile excavation to the depths shown on the plans and install piles as shown on the plans or in the accepted submittals with a tolerance of  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch per foot from vertical. Backfill excavations with concrete after placing piles.

# A. Pile Excavation

Use equipment of adequate capacity and capable of drilling through soil and non-soil including rock, boulders, debris, man-made objects and any other materials encountered. Blasting is not permitted to advance the excavation. Blasting for core removal is only permitted when approved by the Engineer. Dispose of drilling spoils in accordance with Section 802 of the Standard Specifications and as directed by the Engineer. Drilling spoils consist of all excavated material including water removed from the excavation either by pumping or drilling tools.

If unstable, caving or sloughing soils are anticipated or encountered, stabilize excavations with either slurry or steel casing. When using slurry, submit slurry details including

product information, manufacturer's recommendations for use, slurry equipment information and written approval from the slurry supplier that the mixing water is acceptable before beginning drilling. When using steel casing, use either the sectional type or one continuous corrugated or non-corrugated piece. Steel casings should consist of clean watertight steel of ample strength to withstand handling and driving stresses and the pressures imposed by concrete, earth or backfill. Use steel casings with an outside diameter equal to the hole size and a minimum wall thickness of <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> inch.

B. Concrete Placement

Before placing concrete, center and support the pile in the excavation and check the water inflow rate in the excavation after any pumps have been removed. If the inflow rate is less than 6 inches per half hour, remove any water and free fall the concrete into the excavation. Ensure that concrete flows completely around the pile. If the water inflow rate is greater than 6 inches per half hour, propose a concrete placement procedure to the Engineer. The Engineer shall approve the concrete placement procedure before placing concrete.

Fill the excavation with Class A concrete in accordance with Section 1000 of the Standard Specifications except as modified herein. Provide concrete with a slump of 6 to 8 inches. Use an approved high-range water reducer to achieve this slump. Place concrete in a continuous manner and remove all casings.

### 9.0 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

The quantity of form liner textured finish and coloring stain to be paid for will be the actual square feet of architectural surface treatment that has been incorporated into the completed and accepted work. The area of architectural surface treatment will be measured by the area of treated panels. Do not include the uppermost foot of each wall segment, panel vertical edges without architectural surface treatment, or piles in the measurement. Area of sample panels shall not be included in the measurement of architectural surface treatment.

The quantity of sound barrier wall to be paid for will be the actual square feet of completed and accepted wall. In any individual section of sound barrier wall or in comparably dimensioned sections, the wall height is from the bottom of the bottom panel to the top of the top panel and the width is the distance between the centerline of the piles at the ends of the section. Include the full width of the piles at the ends of the wall.

### **10.0 BASIS OF PAYMENT**

The quantity of sound barrier wall and architectural surface treatment, measured as provided above, will be paid for at the contract unit price bid per square foot.

The unit price bid per square foot for "Sound Barrier Wall" will be full compensation for work covered by this Special Provision including, but not limited to, furnishing precast panels, steel or concrete piles, miscellaneous structural steel, concrete, and all other materials; handling, transporting, fabricating, galvanizing, and storing materials; furnishing

erection drawings, backfilling, pile excavation including any casing or slurry, and erecting and installing the sound barrier wall members.

The unit price bid per square foot for "Architectural Surface Treatment" will be full compensation for the architectural treatment covered by this Special Provision including, but not limited to, furnishing architectural detail drawings, sample panels; the construction, finishing, and removal of all equipment, materials, labor, and incidentals necessary for furnishing and use of all form liners to produce approved textured finish and application of approved surface coloring.

Payment will be made under:

Sound Barrier Wall No	
Architectural Surface Treatment (Sound )	Barrier Wall)Square Foot

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Iredell County

### FALSEWORK AND FORMWORK

#### **1.0 DESCRIPTION**

Use this Special Provision as a guide to develop temporary works submittals required by the Standard Specifications or other provisions; no additional submittals are required herein. Such temporary works include, but are not limited to, falsework and formwork.

Falsework is any temporary construction used to support the permanent structure until it becomes self-supporting. Formwork is the temporary structure or mold used to retain plastic or fluid concrete in its designated shape until it hardens. Access scaffolding is a temporary structure that functions as a work platform that supports construction personnel, materials, and tools, but is not intended to support the structure. Scaffolding systems that are used to temporarily support permanent structures (as opposed to functioning as work platforms) are considered to be falsework under the definitions given. Shoring is a component of falsework such as horizontal, vertical, or inclined support members. Where the term "temporary works" is used, it includes all of the temporary facilities used in bridge construction that do not become part of the permanent structure.

Design and construct safe and adequate temporary works that will support all loads imposed and provide the necessary rigidity to achieve the lines and grades shown on the plans in the final structure.

### **2.0 MATERIALS**

Select materials suitable for temporary works; however, select materials that also ensure the safety and quality required by the design assumptions. The Engineer has authority to reject material on the basis of its condition, inappropriate use, safety, or nonconformance with the plans. Clearly identify allowable loads or stresses for all materials or manufactured devices on the plans. Revise the plan and notify the Engineer if any change to materials or material strengths is required.

### **3.0 DESIGN REQUIREMENTS**

A. Working Drawings

Provide working drawings for items as specified in the contract, or as required by the Engineer, with design calculations and supporting data in sufficient detail to permit a structural and safety review of the proposed design of the temporary work.

On the drawings, show all information necessary to allow the design of any component to be checked independently as determined by the Engineer.

When concrete placement is involved, include data such as the drawings of proposed sequence, rate of placement, direction of placement, and location of all construction joints.

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When required, have the drawings and calculations prepared under the guidance of, and sealed by, a North Carolina Registered Professional Engineer who is knowledgeable in temporary works design.

If requested by the Engineer, submit with the working drawings manufacturer's catalog data listing the weight of all construction equipment that will be supported on the temporary work. Show anticipated total settlements and/or deflections of falsework and forms on the working drawings. Include falsework footing settlements, joint take-up, and deflection of beams or girders.

As an option for the Contractor, overhang falsework hangers may be uniformly spaced, at a maximum of 36 inches, provided the following conditions are met:

Member Type (PCG)	Member Depth, (inches)	Max. Overhang Width, (inches)	Max. Slab Edge Thickness, (inches)	Max. Screed Wheel Weight, (lbs.)	Bracket Min. Vertical Leg Extension, (inches)
II	36	39	14	2000	26
III	45	42	14	2000	35
IV	54	45	14	2000	44
MBT	63	51	12	2000	50
MBT	72	55	12	1700	48

Overhang width is measured from the centerline of the girder to the edge of the deck slab. For Type II, III & IV prestressed concrete girders (PCG), 45-degree cast-in-place half hangers and rods must have a minimum safe working load of 6,000 lbs.

For MBT prestressed concrete girders, 45-degree angle holes for falsework hanger rods shall be cast through the girder top flange and located, measuring along the top of the member, 1'-2 <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>" from the edge of the top flange. Hanger hardware and rods must have a minimum safe working load of 6,000 lbs.

For links slabs, the tops of girders directly beneath the link slab shall be free of overhang falsework attachments or other hardware. Submit calculations and working drawings for overhang falsework in the link slab region.

The overhang bracket provided for the diagonal leg shall have a minimum safe working load of 3,750 lbs. The vertical leg of the bracket shall extend to the point that the heel bears on the girder bottom flange, no closer than 4 inches from the bottom of the member. However, for 72-inch members, the heel of the bracket shall bear on the web, near the bottom flange transition.

Provide adequate overhang falsework and determine the appropriate adjustments for deck geometry, equipment, casting procedures and casting conditions.

If the optional overhang falsework spacing is used, indicate this on the falsework submittal and advise the girder producer of the proposed details. Failure to notify the

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Engineer of hanger type and hanger spacing on prestressed concrete girder casting drawings may delay the approval of those drawings.

Falsework hangers that support concentrated loads and are installed at the edge of thin top flange concrete girders (such as bulb tee girders) shall be spaced so as not to exceed 75% of the manufacturer's stated safe working load. Use of dual leg hangers (such as Meadow Burke HF-42 and HF-43) are not allowed on concrete girders with thin top flanges. Design the falsework and forms supporting deck slabs and overhangs on girder bridges so that there will be no differential settlement between the girders and the deck forms during placement of deck concrete.

When staged construction of the bridge deck is required, detail falsework and forms for screed and fluid concrete loads to be independent of any previous deck pour components when the mid-span girder deflection due to deck weight is greater than  $\frac{3}{4}$ ".

Note on the working drawings any anchorages, connectors, inserts, steel sleeves or other such devices used as part of the falsework or formwork that remains in the permanent structure. If the plan notes indicate that the structure contains the necessary corrosion protection required for a Corrosive Site, epoxy coat, galvanize or metalize these devices. Electroplating will not be allowed. Any coating required by the Engineer will be considered incidental to the various pay items requiring temporary works.

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Design falsework and formwork requiring submittals in accordance with the 1995 AASHTO *Guide Design Specifications for Bridge Temporary Works* except as noted herein.

#### 1.Wind Loads

Table 2.2 of Article 2.2.5.1 is modified to include wind velocities up to 110 mph. In addition, Table 2.2A is included to provide the maximum wind speeds by county in North Carolina.

Height Zone	Pressure, lb/ft <sup>2</sup> for Indicated Wind Velocity, mph					
feet above ground	70 80 90 100 110					
0 to 30	15	20	25	30	35	
30 to 50	20	25	30	35	40	
50 to 100	25	30	35	40	45	
over 100	30	35	40	45	50	

### 2.Time of Removal

The following requirements replace those of Article 3.4.8.2.

Do not remove forms until the concrete has attained strengths required in Article 420-16 of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Do not remove forms until the concrete has sufficient strength to prevent damage to the surface.

Table 2.2A - Steady State Maximum	Wind Speeds by Counties in North Carolina
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COUNTY	25 YR (mph)	COUNTY 25 YF (mph)		COUNTY	25 YR (mph)
Alamance	70	Franklin	70 Pamlico		100
Alexander	70	Gaston	70	Pasquotank	100
Alleghany	70	Gates	90	Pender	100
Anson	70	Graham	80	Perquimans	100
Ashe	70	Granville	70	Person	70
Avery	70	Greene	80	Pitt	90
Beaufort	100	Guilford	70	Polk	80
Bertie	90	Halifax	80	Randolph	70
Bladen	90	Harnett	70	Richmond	70
Brunswick	100	Haywood	80	Robeson	80
Buncombe	80	Henderson	80	Rockingham	70
Burke	70	Hertford	90	Rowan	70
Cabarrus	70	Hoke	70	Rutherford	70
Caldwell	70	Hyde	110	Sampson	90
Camden	100	Iredell	70	Scotland	70
Carteret	110	Jackson	80	Stanley	70
Caswell	70	Johnston	80	Stokes	70
Catawba	70	Jones	100	Surry	70
Cherokee	80	Lee	70	Swain	80
Chatham	70	Lenoir	90	Transylvania	80
Chowan	90	Lincoln	70	Tyrell	100
Clay	80	Macon	80	Union	70
Cleveland	70	Madison	80	Vance	70
Columbus	90	Martin	90	Wake	70
Craven	100	McDowell	70	Warren	70
Cumberland	80	Mecklenburg	70	Washington	100
Currituck	100	Mitchell	70	Watauga	70
Dare	110	Montgomery	70	Wayne	80
Davidson	70	Moore	70	Wilkes	70
Davie	70	Nash	80	Wilson	80
Duplin	90	New Hanover	100	Yadkin	70
Durham	70	Northampton	80	Yancey	70
Edgecombe	80	Onslow	100		
Forsyth	70	Orange	70		

### B. Review and Approval

The Engineer is responsible for the review and approval of temporary works' drawings.

Submit the working drawings sufficiently in advance of proposed use to allow for their review, revision (if needed), and approval without delay to the work.

The time period for review of the working drawings does not begin until complete drawings and design calculations, when required, are received by the Engineer.

Do not start construction of any temporary work for which working drawings are required until the drawings have been approved. Such approval does not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility for the accuracy and adequacy of the working drawings.

### 4.0 CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

All requirements of Section 420 of the Standard Specifications apply.

Construct temporary works in conformance with the approved working drawings. Ensure that the quality of materials and workmanship employed is consistent with that assumed in the design of the temporary works. Do not weld falsework members to any portion of the permanent structure unless approved. Show any welding to the permanent structure on the approved construction drawings.

Provide tell-tales attached to the forms and extending to the ground, or other means, for accurate measurement of falsework settlement. Make sure that the anticipated compressive settlement and/or deflection of falsework does not exceed 1 inch. For cast-in-place concrete structures, make sure that the calculated deflection of falsework flexural members does not exceed 1/240 of their span regardless of whether or not the deflection is compensated by camber strips.

#### A. Maintenance and Inspection

Inspect and maintain the temporary work in an acceptable condition throughout the period of its use. Certify that the manufactured devices have been maintained in a condition to allow them to safely carry their rated loads. Clearly mark each piece so that its capacity can be readily determined at the job site.

Perform an in-depth inspection of an applicable portion(s) of the temporary works, in the presence of the Engineer, not more than 24 hours prior to the beginning of each concrete placement. Inspect other temporary works at least once a month to ensure that they are functioning properly. Have a North Carolina Registered Professional Engineer inspect the cofferdams, shoring, sheathing, support of excavation structures, and support systems for load tests prior to loading.

# **ST-15**

# B. Foundations

Determine the safe bearing capacity of the foundation material on which the supports for temporary works rest. If required by the Engineer, conduct load tests to verify proposed bearing capacity values that are marginal or in other high-risk situations.

The use of the foundation support values shown on the contract plans of the permanent structure is permitted if the foundations are on the same level and on the same soil as those of the permanent structure.

Allow for adequate site drainage or soil protection to prevent soil saturation and washout of the soil supporting the temporary works supports.

If piles are used, the estimation of capacities and later confirmation during construction using standard procedures based on the driving characteristics of the pile is permitted. If preferred, use load tests to confirm the estimated capacities; or, if required by the Engineer conduct load tests to verify bearing capacity values that are marginal or in other high risk situations.

The Engineer reviews and approves the proposed pile and soil bearing capacities.

# 5.0 REMOVAL

Unless otherwise permitted, remove and keep all temporary works upon completion of the work. Do not disturb or otherwise damage the finished work.

Remove temporary works in conformance with the contract documents. Remove them in such a manner as to permit the structure to uniformly and gradually take the stresses due to its own weight.

# 6.0 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

Unless otherwise specified, temporary works will not be directly measured.

# 7.0 BASIS OF PAYMENT

Payment at the contract unit prices for the various pay items requiring temporary works will be full compensation for the above falsework and formwork.

# **ST-16**

Iredell County

### SUBMITTAL OF WORKING DRAWINGS

#### 1.0 GENERAL

Submit working drawings in accordance with Article 105-2 of the *Standard Specifications* and this provision. For this provision, "submittals" refers to only those listed in this provision. The list of submittals contained herein does not represent a list of required submittals for the project. Submittals are only necessary for those items as required by the contract. Make submittals that are not specifically noted in this provision directly to the Engineer. Either the Structures Management Unit or the Geotechnical Engineering Unit or both units will jointly review submittals.

If a submittal contains variations from plan details or specifications or significantly affects project cost, field construction or operations, discuss the submittal with and submit all copies to the Engineer. State the reason for the proposed variation in the submittal. To minimize review time, make sure all submittals are complete when initially submitted. Provide a contact name and information with each submittal. Direct any questions regarding submittal requirements to the Engineer, Structures Management Unit contacts or the Geotechnical Engineering Unit contacts noted below.

To facilitate in-plant inspection by NCDOT and approval of working drawings, provide the name, address and telephone number of the facility where fabrication will actually be done if different than shown on the title block of the submitted working drawings. This includes, but is not limited to, precast concrete items, prestressed concrete items and fabricated steel or aluminum items.

#### 2.0 ADDRESSES AND CONTACTS

For submittals to the Structures Management Unit, use the following addresses:

Via Email: <u>SMU-wdr@ncdot.gov</u> (do not cc SMU Working Drawings staff)

Via US mail:	Via other delivery service:
Mr. B. C. Hanks, P. E.	Mr. B. C. Hanks, P. E.
State Structures Engineer	State Structures Engineer
North Carolina Department	North Carolina Department
of Transportation	of Transportation
Structures Management Unit	Structures Management Unit
1581 Mail Service Center	1000 Birch Ridge Drive
Raleigh, NC 27699-1581	Raleigh, NC 27610
Attention: Mr. J. L. Bolden, P. E.	Attention: Mr. J. L. Bolden, P. E.

For submittals to the Geotechnical Engineering Unit, use the following addresses:

For projects in Divisions 1-7, use the following Eastern Regional Office addresses:

# **ST-17**

Via Email: <u>EastGeotechnicalSubmittal@ncdot.gov</u>

Via US mail:

Via other delivery service:

Mr. David Hering, L.G., P. E.	Mr. David Hering, L.G., P. E.
Assistant State Geotechnical	Assistant State Geotechnical
Engineer – Eastern Region	Engineer – Eastern Region
North Carolina Department	North Carolina Department
of Transportation	of Transportation
Geotechnical Engineering Unit	Geotechnical Engineering Unit
Eastern Regional Office	Eastern Regional Office
1570 Mail Service Center	3301 Jones Sausage Road, Suite 100
Raleigh, NC 27699-1570	Garner, NC 27529

For projects in Divisions 8-14, use the following Western Regional Office addresses:

Via Email: <u>WestGeotechnicalSubmittal@ncdot.gov</u>

Via US mail or other delivery service:

Mr. Eric Williams, P. E. Assistant State Geotechnical Engineer – Western Region North Carolina Department of Transportation Geotechnical Engineering Unit Western Regional Office 5253 Z Max Boulevard Harrisburg, NC 28075

The status of the review of structure-related submittals sent to the Structures Management Unit can be viewed from the Unit's website, via the "<u>Drawing Submittal Status</u>" link. The status of the review of geotechnical-related submittals sent to the Geotechnical Engineering Unit can be viewed from the Unit's website, via the "<u>Geotechnical</u> <u>Construction Submittals</u>" link.

Direct any questions concerning submittal review status, review comments or drawing markups to the following contacts:

Primary Structures Contact:	James Bolden (919) 707 – 6408
	jlbolden@ncdot.gov
Secondary Structures Contacts:	Emmanuel Omile (919) 707 – 6451
	eomile@ncdot.gov

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Iredell County

Madonna Rorie (919) 707 – 6508

mrorie@ncdot.gov

Eastern Regional Geotechnical Contact (Divisions 1-7):

David Hering (919) 662 – 4710

dthering@ncdot.gov

Western Regional Geotechnical Contact (Divisions 8-14):

Eric Williams (704) 455 – 8902

ewilliams3@ncdot.gov

#### **3.0** SUBMITTAL COPIES

Furnish one complete copy of each submittal, including all attachments, to the Engineer. At the same time, submit a copy of the same complete submittal directly to the Structures Management Unit and/or the Geotechnical Engineering Unit as specified in the tables below.

The first table below covers "Structure Submittals." The Engineer will receive review comments and drawing markups for these submittals from the Structures Management Unit. The second table in this section covers "Geotechnical Submittals." The Engineer will receive review comments and drawing markups for these submittals from the Geotechnical Engineering Unit.

Unless otherwise required, submit one set of supporting calculations to either the Structures Management Unit or the Geotechnical Engineering Unit unless both units require submittal copies in which case submit a set of supporting calculations to each unit. Provide additional copies of any submittal as directed.

Submittal	Submittal Required by Structures Management Unit?	Submittal Required by Geotechnical Engineering Unit?	Contract Reference Requiring Submittal <sup>1</sup>
Arch Culvert Falsework	Y	Ν	Plan Note, SN Sheet & "Falsework and Formwork"
Box Culvert Falsework <sup>7</sup>	Y	Ν	Plan Note, SN Sheet & "Falsework and Formwork"

#### STRUCTURE SUBMITTALS

Project R-3833C	ST-19		Iredell County
Cofferdams	Y	Y	Article 410-4
Foam Joint Seals <sup>6</sup>	Y	Ν	"Foam Joint Seals"
Expansion Joint Seals (hold down plate type with base angle)	Y	N	"Expansion Joint Seals"
Expansion Joint Seals (modular)	Y	N	"Modular Expansion Joint Seals"
Expansion Joint Seals (strip seals)	Y	N	"Strip Seal Expansion Joints"
Falsework & Forms <sup>2</sup> (substructure)	Y	N	Article 420-3 & "Falsework and Formwork"
Falsework & Forms (superstructure)	Y	Ν	Article 420-3 & "Falsework and Formwork"
Girder Erection over Railroad	Y	Ν	<b>Railroad Provisions</b>
Maintenance and Protection of Traffic Beneath Proposed Structure	Y	Ν	"Maintenance and Protection of Traffic Beneath Proposed Structure at Station"
Metal Bridge Railing	Y	Ν	Plan Note
Metal Stay-in-Place Forms	Y	Ν	Article 420-3
Metalwork for Elastomeric Bearings <sup>4,5</sup>	Y	Ν	Article 1072-8
Miscellaneous Metalwork 4,5	Y	Ν	Article 1072-8
Disc Bearings <sup>4</sup>	Y	Ν	"Disc Bearings"
Overhead and Digital Message Signs (DMS) (metalwork and foundations)	Y	Ν	Applicable Provisions
Placement of Equipment on Structures (cranes, etc.)	Y	N	Article 420-20
Prestressed Concrete Box Beam (detensioning sequences) <sup>3</sup>	Y	N	Article 1078-11
Precast Concrete Box Culverts	Y	Ν	"Optional Precast Reinforced Concrete Box Culvert at Station"

Project R-3833C	ST-20		Iredell County
Prestressed Concrete Cored Slab (detensioning sequences) <sup>3</sup>	Y	Ν	Article 1078-11
Prestressed Concrete Deck Panels	Y	Ν	Article 420-3
Prestressed Concrete Girder (strand elongation and detensioning sequences)	Y	Ν	Articles 1078-8 and 1078- 11
Removal of Existing Structure over Railroad	Y	Ν	Railroad Provisions
Revised Bridge Deck Plans (adaptation to prestressed deck panels)	Y	Ν	Article 420-3
Revised Bridge Deck Plans (adaptation to modular expansion joint seals)	Y	Ν	"Modular Expansion Joint Seals"
Sound Barrier Wall (precast items)	Y	Ν	Article 1077-2 & "Sound Barrier Wall"
Sound Barrier Wall Steel Fabrication Plans <sup>5</sup>	Y	Ν	Article 1072-8 & "Sound Barrier Wall"
Structural Steel <sup>4</sup>	Y	Ν	Article 1072-8
Temporary Detour Structures	Y	Y	Article 400-3 & "Construction, Maintenance and Removal of Temporary Structure at Station"
TFE Expansion Bearings <sup>4</sup>	Y	Ν	Article 1072-8

#### FOOTNOTES

- 1. References are provided to help locate the part of the contract where the submittals are required. References in quotes refer to the provision by that name. Articles refer to the *Standard Specifications*.
- 2. Submittals for these items are necessary only when required by a note on plans.
- 3. Submittals for these items may not be required. A list of pre-approved sequences is available from the producer or the Materials & Tests Unit.
- 4. The fabricator may submit these items directly to the Structures Management Unit.
- 5. The two sets of preliminary submittals required by Article 1072-8 of the *Standard Specifications* are not required for these items.

# **ST-21**

- 6. Submittals for Fabrication Drawings are not required. Submittals for Catalogue Cuts of Proposed Material are required. See Section 5.A of the referenced provision.
- 7. Submittals are necessary only when the top slab thickness is 18" or greater.

### **GEOTECHNICAL SUBMITTALS**

Submittal	Submittals Required by Geotechnical Engineering Unit	Submittals Required by Structures Management Unit	Contract Reference Requiring Submittal <sup>1</sup>
Drilled Pier Construction Plans <sup>2</sup>	Y	Ν	Subarticle 411-3(A)
Crosshole Sonic Logging (CSL) Reports <sup>2</sup>	Y	Ν	Subarticle 411-5(A)(2)
Pile Driving Equipment Data Forms <sup>2,3</sup>	Y	Ν	Subarticle 450-3(D)(2)
Pile Driving Analyzer (PDA) Reports <sup>2</sup>	Y	Ν	Subarticle 450-3(F)(3)
Retaining Walls <sup>4</sup>	Y; drawings and calculations	Y; drawings	Applicable Provisions
Temporary Shoring <sup>4</sup>	Y; drawings and calculations	Y; drawings	"Temporary Shoring" & "Temporary Soil Nail Walls"

#### FOOTNOTES

- 1. References are provided to help locate the part of the contract where the submittals are required. References in quotes refer to the provision by that name. Subarticles refer to the *Standard Specifications*.
- 2. Submit one hard copy of submittal to the Engineer. Submit a second copy of submittal electronically (PDF via email), US mail or other delivery service to the appropriate Geotechnical Engineering Unit regional office. Electronic submission is preferred.
- 3. The Pile Driving Equipment Data Form is available from: https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/Geological/Pages/Geotech Forms Details.aspx

# **ST-22**

See second page of form for submittal instructions.

4. Electronic copy of submittal is required. See referenced provision.

# **ST-23**

Iredell County

### CRANE SAFETY

(6-20-19)

Comply with the manufacturer specifications and limitations applicable to the operation of any and all cranes and derricks. Prime contractors, sub-contractors, and fully operated rental companies shall comply with the current Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) regulations.

Submit all items listed below to the Engineer prior to beginning crane operations. Changes in personnel or equipment must be reported to the Engineer and all applicable items listed below must be updated and submitted prior to continuing with crane operations.

### CRANE SAFETY SUBMITTAL LIST

- A. <u>**Competent Person:**</u> Provide the name and qualifications of the "Competent Person" responsible for crane safety and lifting operations. The named competent person will have the responsibility and authority to stop any work activity due to safety concerns.
- B. <u>**Riggers:**</u> Provide the qualifications and experience of the persons responsible for rigging operations. Qualifications and experience should include, but not be limited to, weight calculations, center of gravity determinations, selection and inspection of sling and rigging equipment, and safe rigging practices.
- C. <u>Crane Inspections:</u> Inspection records for all cranes shall be current and readily accessible for review upon request.
- D. <u>Certifications:</u> Crane operators shall be certified by the National Commission for the Certification of Crane Operators (NCCCO) or the National Center for Construction Education and Research (NCCER). Other approved nationally accredited programs will be considered upon request. In addition, crane operators shall have a current CDL medical card. Submit a list of crane operator(s) and include current certification for each type of crane operated (small hydraulic, large hydraulic, small lattice, large lattice) and medical evaluations for each operator.

# **ST-24**

Iredell County

#### **GROUT FOR STRUCTURES**

#### **1.0 DESCRIPTION**

This special provision addresses grout for use in pile blockouts, grout pockets, shear keys, dowel holes and recesses for structures. This provision does not apply to grout placed in post-tensioning ducts for bridge beams, girders, decks, end bent caps, or bent caps. Mix and place grout in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, the applicable sections of the Standard Specifications and this provision.

#### 2.0 MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS

Unless otherwise noted on the plans, use a Type 3 Grout in accordance with Section 1003 of the Standard Specifications.

Initial setting time shall not be less than 10 minutes when tested in accordance with ASTM C266.

Construction loading and traffic loading shall not be allowed until the 3 day compressive strength is achieved.

#### **3.0 SAMPLING AND PLACEMENT**

Place and maintain components in final position until grout placement is complete and accepted. Concrete surfaces to receive grout shall be free of defective concrete, laitance, oil, grease and other foreign matter. Saturate concrete surfaces with clean water and remove excess water prior to placing grout.

#### 4.0 BASIS OF PAYMENT

No separate payment will be made for "Grout for Structures". The cost of the material, equipment, labor, placement, and any incidentals necessary to complete the work shall be considered incidental to the structure item requiring grout.

### **PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISION**

(10-18-95) (Rev. 8-15-23)

PERMITS

The Contractor's attention is directed to the following permits, which have been issued to the Department of Transportation by the authority granting the permit.

<u>PERMIT</u>	<b>AUTHORITY GRANTING THE PERMIT</b>
Dredge and Fill and/or Work in Navigable Waters (404)	U. S. Army Corps of Engineers
Water Quality (401)	Division of Environmental Management, DEQ State of North Carolina

The Contractor shall comply with all applicable permit conditions during construction of this project.

Agents of the permitting authority will periodically inspect the project for adherence to the permits.

The Contractor's attention is also directed to Articles 107-10 and 107-13 of the 2018 Standard Specifications and the following:

Should the Contractor propose to utilize construction methods (such as temporary structures or fill in waters and/or wetlands for haul roads, work platforms, cofferdams, etc.) not specifically identified in the permit (individual, general, or nationwide) authorizing the project it shall be the Contractor's responsibility to coordinate with the Engineer to determine what, if any, additional permit action is required. The Contractor shall also be responsible for initiating the request for the authorization of such construction method by the permitting agency. The request shall be submitted through the Engineer. The Contractor shall not utilize the construction method until it is approved by the permitting agency. The request normally takes approximately 60 days to process; however, no extensions of time or additional compensation will be granted for delays resulting from the Contractor's request for approval of construction methods not specifically identified in the permit.

Where construction moratoriums are contained in a permit condition which restricts the Contractor's activities to certain times of the year, those moratoriums will apply only to the portions of the work taking place in the restricted waters, wetlands or buffer zones, provided that activities outside those areas is done in such a manner as to not affect the restricted waters, wetlands or buffer zones.

Z-1a

#### U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS WILMINGTON DISTRICT

Action Id. SAW-2019-02303 County: Iredell County U.S.G.S. Quad: Mooresville

### **GENERAL PERMIT (REGIONAL) VERIFICATION**

 Permittee:
 Bryan Sowell

 North Carolina Department of Transportation

 Address:
 P.O. Box 47

 Shelby NC, 28151-0047

Telephone Number: 980.552.4221

Size (acres)N/ANearest TownMooresvilleNearest WaterwayCatawba RiverRiver Basin SanteeUSGS HUC03050101Coordinates Latitude: 35.5783; Longitude: -80.8453Location description:Existing SR 1100, Brawley School Road, from Talbert Road to east of US21, and US 21 from north of Dry Dock Loop/Vandalia Road to Abberley Green Boulevard, inMooresville, NC

Description of projects area and activity: <u>R-3833C; road improvements impacting a total of 638</u> <u>linear feet of tributary (354 linear feet (If) stream relocation, 94 If fill for culvert extension, 105 If</u> <u>bank stabilization, 65 If dewatering, 20 If temporary impact for utility pipe removal)</u>

Applicable Law: Section 404 (Clean Water Act, 33 USC 1344); Section 10 (Rivers and Harbors Act, 33 USC 403)

Authorization: Regional General Permit Number: <u>GP 50 - NCDOT - Bridge, Road Widenings and</u> Interchanges

SEE ATTACHED RGP GENERAL, REGIONAL AND/OR SPECIAL CONDITIONS

Your work is authorized by the above referenced permit provided it is accomplished in strict accordance with the attached conditions and your submitted application and attached information dated <u>April 8, 2022</u>. Any violation of the attached conditions or deviation from your submitted plans may subject the permittee to a stop work order, a restoration order, a Class I administrative penalty, and/or appropriate legal action.

This verification will remain valid until the expiration date identified below unless the nationwide and/or regional general permit authorization is modified, suspended or revoked. If, prior to the expiration date identified below, the nationwide and/or regional general permit authorization is reissued and/or modified, this verification will remain valid until the expiration date identified below, provided it complies with all requirements of the modified nationwide permit. If the nationwide and/or regional general permit authorization expires or is suspended, revoked, or is modified, such that the activity would no longer comply with the terms and conditions of the nationwide permit, activities which have commenced (i.e., are under construction) or are under contract to commence in reliance upon the nationwide and/or regional general permit, will remain authorized provided the activity is completed within twelve months of the date of the nationwide and/or regional general permit's expiration, modification or revocation, unless discretionary authority has been exercised on a case-by-case basis to modify, suspend or revoke the authorization.

This Department of the Army verification does not relieve the permittee of the responsibility to obtain any other required Federal, State or local approvals/permits.

If there are any questions regarding this verification, any of the conditions of the Permit, or the Corps of Engineers regulatory program, please contact **Eric Alsmeyer at (919) 554-4884 X 23 or Eric.C.Alsmeyer@usace.army.mil**.

Corps Regulatory Official:	Monte Matthews	Date: 2022.04.20 10:43:07 -04'00'	Date:	4/20/2022
Expiration Date of Verification:	<u>May 25, 2025</u>			

The Wilmington District is committed to providing the highest level of support to the public. To help us ensure we continue to do so, please complete our Customer Satisfaction Survey, located online at <a href="https://regulatory.ops.usace.army.mil/customer-service-survey/">https://regulatory.ops.usace.army.mil/customer-service-survey/</a>

Copy furnished (by email): NCDMS (B. Harmon)

### SAW-2019-02303

### SPECIAL CONDITIONS

1. In order to compensate for impacts associated with this permit, mitigation shall be provided in accordance with the provisions outlined on the most recent version of the attached Compensatory Mitigation Responsibility transfer form. The requirements of this form, including any special conditions listed on this form, are hereby incorporated as special conditions of this permit authorization.

2. The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service's (USFWS's) Programmatic Biological Opinion (PBO) titled, "NCDOT Program Effects on the Northern Long-eared Bat in Divisions 1-8", dated November 6, 2020, contains agreed upon conservation measures for the NLEB. As noted in the PBO, applicability of these conservation measures varies depending on the location of the project. Your authorization under this Department of the Army permit is conditional upon your compliance with all applicable conservation measures in the PBO, which are incorporated by reference in this permit. Failure to comply with the applicable conservation measures would constitute non-compliance with your Department of the Army permit. The USFWS is the appropriate authority to determine compliance with the terms and conditions of its PBO, and with the ESA.

Action ID Number: <u>SAW-2019-02303</u> Coun

County: Iredell County

Permittee: Bryan Sowell North Carolina Department of Transportation, Div. 12

Project Name: NCDOT R-3833C SR 1100 Brawley School Rd Iredell Div12

Date Verification Issued: <u>4/20/2022</u>

Project Manager: <u>Eric Alsmeyer</u>

Upon completion of the activity authorized by this permit and any mitigation required by the permit, sign this certification and return it to the following address:

US ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS WILMINGTON DISTRICT Attn: Eric Alsmeyer Raleigh Regulatory Field Office 3331 Heritage Trade Drive, Suite 105 Wake Forest, NC 27587 919.554.4884, Ext. 23

Please note that your permitted activity is subject to a compliance inspection by a U. S. Army Corps of Engineers representative. Failure to comply with any terms or conditions of this authorization may result in the Corps suspending, modifying or revoking the authorization and/or issuing a Class I administrative penalty, or initiating other appropriate legal action.

I hereby certify that the work authorized by the above referenced permit has been completed in accordance with the terms and condition of the said permit, and required mitigation was completed in accordance with the permit conditions.

Signature of Permittee

Date

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY Wilmington District, Corps of Engineers 69 Darlington Avenue Wilmington, North Carolina 28403-1343

Regional General Permit No. <u>SAW-2019-02350 (RGP 50)</u> Name of Permittee: <u>North Carolina Department of Transportation</u> Effective Date: <u>May 26, 2020</u> Expiration Date: <u>May 25, 2025</u>

### DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY REGIONAL GENERAL PERMIT

A regional general permit (RGP) to perform work in or affecting navigable waters of the United States and waters of the United States, upon recommendation of the Chief of Engineers, pursuant to Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of March 3, 1899 (33 U.S.C. 403), and Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. 1344), is hereby issued by authority of the Secretary of the Army by the

District Commander U.S. Army Engineer District, Wilmington Corps of Engineers 69 Darlington Avenue Wilmington, North Carolina 28403-1343

### TO AUTHORIZE THE DISCHARGE OF DREDGED OR FILL MATERIAL IN WATERS OF THE UNITED STATES (U.S.), INCLUDING WETLANDS, ASSOCIATED WITH MAINTENANCE, REPAIR, AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS CONDUCTED BY THE VARIOUS DIVISIONS OF THE NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (NCDOT), INCLUDING THE NCDOT DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS, RAIL, BICYCLE/PEDESTRIAN, ETC.

#### Activities authorized by this RGP:

a. (1) Road widening, and/or (2) construction, maintenance, and/or repair of bridges. For bridge projects, work can include the approaches.

b. (1) Improvement of interchanges or intersections, or (2) construction of interchanges or intersections over, or on, existing roads.

#### Full descriptions/terms of "a" and "b":

# a. (1) Road widening, and/or (2) construction, maintenance, and/or repair of bridges. For bridge projects, work can include the approaches.

Permanent impacts that result in a loss of waters of the U.S., <u>excluding stream relocation(s)</u>, must be less than or equal to 500 linear feet (lf) of stream and/or one (1) acre of wetland/open water for each single and complete linear project.

<u>Single and complete linear project</u>. As noted in 33 CFR 330.2(i), for linear projects, the "single and complete project" (i.e., single and complete crossing) will apply to each crossing of a separate water of the U.S. (i.e., single waterbody) at that location; except that for linear projects crossing a single waterbody several times at separate and distant locations, each crossing is considered a single and complete project. However, individual channels in a braided stream or river, or individual arms of a large, irregularly-shaped wetland or lake, etc., are not separate waterbodies and crossing of such features cannot be considered separately.

Also authorized under "a": (1) stream relocation(s) and (2) temporary impacts, such as those from temporary structures, fills, dewatering, and other work necessary to conduct the activities listed under "a". Stream relocation(s) and temporary impacts will be evaluated independently and are not limited to the permanent loss limits of 500 lf of stream and/or 1 acre of wetland/open water (i.e., stream relocations and/or temporary impacts do not factor into these limits) for each single and complete linear project; however, if the Corps determines that the proposed stream relocation(s) and/or temporary impacts are of such magnitude that they cannot be authorized under this section ("a") of RGP 50, even if the permanent losses from road widening, and/or construction, maintenance, and repair of bridges do not exceed the impact limits for this section ("a") of RGP 50, an Individual Permit will be required.

If the Corps determines, on a case-by-case basis, that the concerns for the aquatic environment so indicate, he/she may exercise discretionary authority to override this RGP and require an Individual Permit.

# b. (1) Improvement of interchanges or intersections, or (2) construction of interchanges or intersections, over or, on existing roads.

For activities authorized under "b", the limits for permanent impacts that result in a loss of waters of the U.S. depend on the location of the impacts, as described below:

• In the coastal plain of North Carolina (both inner coastal plain and outer coastal plain) - permanent impacts that result in a loss of waters of the U.S., excluding stream relocation(s), must be less than or equal to 1,000 lf of stream and/or 3 acres of wetland/open water for the entire interchange or intersection project.

• All other areas of North Carolina - permanent impacts that result in a loss of waters of the U.S., excluding stream relocation(s), must be less than or equal to 1,000 lf of stream and/or 2 acres of wetland/open water for the entire interchange or intersection project.

<u>Coastal plain</u> – See <u>http://saw-reg.usace.army.mil/JD/LRRs\_PandT.pdf</u> for Land Resource Areas LRRP (inner coastal plain) and LRRT (outer coastal plain).

When proposed impacts to waters of the U.S. are located both inside AND outside of the coastal plain, the Corps will determine, based on the location(s) of proposed impacts to waters of the U.S., if a project is a "coastal plain project".

<u>Single and complete project</u>. For permitting purposes, each interchange or intersection is considered to be one single and complete project. For example, an interchange project cannot result in a permanent loss (excluding stream relocation), of (1) greater than 1,000 lf of stream and/or 3 acres of wetland/open water in the coastal plain <u>OR</u> (2) greater than 1,000 lf of stream and/or 2 acres of wetland/open water in all other areas of North Carolina.

Approach fills may be considered to be part of an interchange or intersection project if the Corps determines that inclusion of these areas meet the terms of this section ("b") of RGP 50. Early coordination with the Corps is encouraged.

Intersections, regardless of the mode of transportation (e.g., railroad, other roadways, etc.), may be at grade or grade separated if the Corps determines that the project would meet the terms of this section ("b") of RGP 50. Early coordination with the Corps is encouraged.

Also authorized under "b": (1) stream relocation(s) and (2) temporary impacts, such as those from temporary structures, fills, dewatering, and other work necessary to conduct the activities listed under "b". Stream relocation(s) and temporary impacts will be evaluated independently and are not limited to the permanent loss limits of (1) 1,000 lf of stream and/or 3 acres of wetland/open water in the coastal plain <u>OR</u> (2) 1,000 lf of stream and/or 2 acres of wetland/open water in all other areas of North Carolina (i.e., stream relocations and/or temporary impacts do not factor into these limits) for each interchange or intersection project; however, if the Corps determines that the proposed stream relocation(s) and/or temporary impacts are of such magnitude that they cannot be authorized under this section ("b") of RGP 50, even if the permanent losses from improvement of interchanges or intersections, or construction of interchanges or intersections over, or on, existing roads do not exceed the impact limits for this section ("b") of RGP 50, an Individual Permit will be required.

If the Corps determines, on a case-by-case basis, that the concerns for the aquatic environment so indicate, he/she may exercise discretionary authority to override this RGP and require an Individual Permit.

#### 1. Special Conditions.

a. The prospective permittee must submit a pre-construction notification (PCN) and applicable supporting information to the District Engineer and receive written verification from the Corps that the proposed work complies with this RGP prior to commencing any activity authorized by this RGP.

b. If the project <u>will not impact</u> a designated "Area of Environmental Concern" (AEC) in the twenty\* (20) counties of North Carolina covered by the North Carolina Coastal Area Management Act (CAMA) ("CAMA counties"), a consistency submission is not required. If the project <u>will impact</u> a designated AEC and meets the definition of "development", the prospective permittee must obtain the required CAMA permit. Development activities shall not commence until a copy of the approved CAMA permit is furnished to the appropriate Corps Regulatory Field Office (Wilmington Field Office – 69 Darlington Avenue, Wilmington, NC 28403 or Washington Field Office – 2407 West 5th Street, Washington, NC 27889).

### \*The 20 CAMA counties in North Carolina include Beaufort, Bertie, Brunswick, Camden, Carteret, Chowan, Craven, Currituck, Dare, Gates, Hertford, Hyde, New Hanover, Onslow, Pamlico, Pasquotank, Pender, Perquimans, Tyrrell, and Washington.

c. No work shall be authorized by this RGP within the 20\* CAMA counties without prior consultation with the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration's (NOAA) Habitat Conservation Division. For each activity reviewed by the Corps where it is determined that the activity may affect Essential Fish Habitat (EFH) for federally managed species, an EFH Assessment shall be prepared by the prospective permittee and forwarded to the Corps and NOAA Fisheries for review and comment prior to authorization of work.

d. Culverts and pipes. The following conditions [(1)-(8)] apply to the construction of culverts/pipes, and work on existing culverts/pipes.

Additionally, if the proposed work would affect an existing culvert/pipe (e.g., culvert/pipe extensions), the prospective permittee must include actions (in the PCN) to correct any existing deficiencies that are located:

- At the inlet and/or outlet of the existing culvert/pipe, IF these deficiencies are/were caused by the existing culvert/pipe, or
- Near the inlet or outlet of the existing culvert/pipe, IF these deficiencies are/were caused by the existing culvert/pipe.

These deficiencies may include, but are not limited to, stream over-widening, bank erosion, streambed scour, perched culvert/pipes, and inadequate water depth in culvert(s). Also note if the proposed work would address the existing deficiency or eliminate it – e.g., bank erosion on left bank, but the culvert extension will be placed in this eroded area. If the prospective permittee is unable to correct the deficiencies caused by the existing culvert/pipe, they must document the reasons in the PCN for Corps consideration.

(1) No activity may result in substantial, permanent disruption of the movement of those species of aquatic life indigenous to the waterbody, including those species that normally migrate through the area. Measures will be included that will promote the safe passage of fish and other aquatic organisms.

(2) The dimension, pattern, and profile of the stream above and below a culvert/pipe shall not be modified by widening the stream channel or by reducing the depth of the stream in connection with the construction activity. It is acceptable to use rock vanes at culvert/pipe outlets to ensure, enhance, or maintain aquatic passage. Pre-formed scour holes are acceptable when designed for velocity reduction. The width, height, and gradient of a proposed opening shall be such as to pass the average historical low flow and spring flow without adversely altering flow velocity. Spring flow will be determined from gauge data, if available. In the absence of such data, bankfull flow will be used as a comparable level.

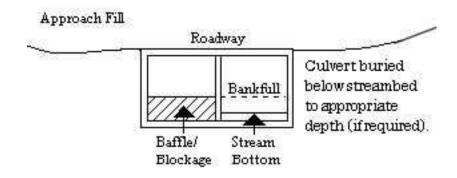
(3) Burial/depth specifications: If the project is located within any of the 20\* CAMA counties, culvert/pipe inverts will be buried at least one foot below normal bed elevation when they are placed within the Public Trust AEC and/or the Estuarine Waters AEC as designated by CAMA. If the project is located outside of the 20\* CAMA counties, culvert/pipe inverts will be buried at least one foot below the bed of the stream for culverts/pipes that are greater than 48 inches in diameter. Culverts/pipes that are 48 inches in diameter or less shall be buried or placed on the stream bed as practicable and appropriate to maintain aquatic passage, to include passage during drought or low flow conditions. Every effort shall be made to maintain the existing channel slope. A waiver from the burial/depth specifications in this condition may be requested in writing. The prospective permittee is encouraged to request agency input about waiver requests as early as possible, and prior to submitting the PCN for a specific project; this will allow the agencies time to conduct a site visit, if necessary, and will prevent time delays and potential project revisions for the prospective permittee. The waiver will only be issued by the Corps if it can be demonstrated that the impacts of complying with burial requirements would result in more adverse impacts to the aquatic environment.

(4) Appropriate actions to prevent destabilization of the channel and head cutting upstream shall be incorporated in the design and placement of culverts/pipes.

(5) Culverts/pipes placed within riparian and/or riverine wetlands must be installed in a manner that does not restrict the flow and circulation patterns of waters of the U.S. Culverts/pipes placed across wetland fills purely for the purposes of equalizing surface

water do not have to be buried, but must be of adequate size and/or number to ensure unrestricted transmission of water.

(6) Bankfull flows (or less) shall be accommodated through maintenance of the existing bankfull channel cross sectional area in no more than one culvert/pipe or culvert/pipe barrel. Additional culverts/pipes or barrels at such crossings shall be allowed only to receive flows exceeding the bankfull flow. A waiver from this condition may be requested in writing; this request must be specific as to the reason(s) for the request. The waiver will be issued if it can be demonstrated that it is not practicable to comply with this condition.



(7) Where adjacent floodplain is available, flows exceeding bankfull will be accommodated by installing culverts/pipes at the floodplain elevation. When multiple culverts/pipes are used, baseflow must be maintained at the appropriate width and depth by the construction of floodplain benches, sills, and/or construction methods to ensure that the overflow culvert(s)/pipe(s) is elevated above the baseflow culvert(s)/pipe(s).

(8) The width of the baseflow culvert/pipe shall be comparable to the width of the bankfull width of the stream channel. If the width of the baseflow culvert/pipe is wider than the stream channel, the culvert/pipe shall include baffles, benches and/or sills to maintain the width of the stream channel. A waiver from this condition may be requested in writing; this request must be specific as to the reason(s) for the request. The waiver will be issued if it can be demonstrated that it is not practicable or necessary to include baffles, benches or sills.

See the remaining special conditions for additional information about culverts/pipes in specific areas.

e. Discharges into waters of the U.S. designated by either the North Carolina Division of Marine Fisheries (NCDMF) or the North Carolina Wildlife Resources Commission (NCWRC) as anadromous fish spawning areas are prohibited during the period between February 15th and June 30th, without prior written approval from the Corps and the appropriate wildlife agencies (NCDMF, NCWRC, and/or the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS)). Discharges into waters of the U.S. designated by NCWRC as primary nursery areas in inland waters are prohibited during the period between February 15th and September 30th, without prior written approval from the Corps and the appropriate wildlife agencies by NCWRC as primary nursery areas in inland waters are prohibited during the period between February 15th and September 30th, without prior written approval from the Corps and the appropriate wildlife agencies. Discharges into waters of the U.S. designated by NCDMF as primary nursery areas shall be coordinated with NCDMF prior to being authorized by

this RGP. Coordination with NCDMF may result in a required construction moratorium during periods of significant biological productivity or critical life stages.

The prospective permittee should contact:

NC Division of Marine Fisheries	North Carolina Wildlife Resources Commission
3441 Arendell Street	Habitat Conservation Division
Morehead City, NC 28557	1721 Mail Service Center
<b>Telephone 252-726-7021</b>	Raleigh, NC 27699-1721
or 800-682-2632	Telephone (919) 707-0220

f. This permit does not authorize the use of culverts in areas designated as anadromous fish spawning areas by the NCDMF or the NCWRC.

g. No in-water work shall be conducted in Waters of the U.S. designated as Atlantic sturgeon critical habitat during the periods between February 1st and June 30th. No in-water work shall be conducted in Waters of the U.S. in the Roanoke River designated as Atlantic sturgeon critical habitat during the periods between February 1st and June 30th, and between August 1st to October 31st, without prior written approval from NMFS.

h. Before discharging dredged or fill material into waters of the U.S. in designated trout watersheds in North Carolina, the PCN will be sent to the NCWRC and the Corps concurrently. See https://www.saw.usace.army.mil/Missions/Regulatory-Permit-Program/Agency-Coordination/Trout.aspx for the designated trout watersheds. The PCN shall summarize alternatives to conducting work in waters of the U.S. in trout watersheds that were considered during the planning process and detail why alternatives were or were not selected. For proposals where (1) a bridge in a trout stream will be replaced with a culvert, or (2) a culvert will be placed in a trout stream, the PCN must also include a compensatory mitigation plan for all loss of stream bed, and details of any on-site evaluations that were conducted to determine that installation of a culvert will not adversely affect passage of fish or other aquatic biota at the project site. The evaluation information must include factors such as the proposed slope of the culvert and determinations of how the slope will be expected to allow or impede passage, the necessity of baffles and/or sills to ensure passage, design considerations to ensure that expected baseflow will be maintained for passage and that post-construction velocities will not prevent passage, site conditions that will or will not allow proper burial of the culvert, existing structures (e.g., perched culverts, waterfalls, etc.) and/or stream patterns up and downstream of the culvert site that could affect passage and bank stability, and any other considerations regarding passage. The level of detail for this information shall be based on site conditions (i.e., culverts on a slope over 3% will most likely require more information than culverts on a slope that is less than 1%, etc.). Also, in order to evaluate potential impacts, the prospective permittee will describe bedforms that will be impacted by the proposed culvert – e.g., pools, glides, riffles, etc. The NCWRC will respond to both the prospective permittee and the Corps.

i. For all activities authorized by this RGP that involve the use of riprap material for bank stabilization, the following measures shall be applied:

(1) Where bank stabilization is conducted as part of an activity, natural design, bioengineering, and/or geoengineering methods that incorporate natural durable materials, native seed mixes, and native plants and shrubs are to be utilized, as appropriate to site conditions, to the maximum extent practicable.

(2) Filter cloth must be placed underneath the riprap as an additional requirement of its use in North Carolina waters; however, the prospective permittee may request a waiver from this requirement. The waiver request must be in writing. The Corps will only issue a waiver if the prospective permittee demonstrates that the impacts of complying with this requirement would result in greater adverse impacts to the aquatic environment. Note that filter fabric is not required if the riprap will be pushed or "keyed" into the bank of the waterbody.

(3) The placement of riprap shall be limited to the areas depicted on submitted work plan drawings.

(4) Riprap shall not be placed in a manner that prevents or impedes fish passage.

(5) Riprap shall be clean and free from loose dirt or any pollutant except in trace quantities that will not have an adverse environmental effect.

(6) Riprap shall be of a size sufficient to prevent its movement from the authorized alignment by natural forces under normal conditions.

(7) Riprap material shall consist of clean rock or masonry material such as, but not limited to, granite, marl, or broken concrete.

j. Discharges of dredged or fill material into waters of the U.S., including wetlands, must be minimized or avoided to the maximum extent practicable.

k. Generally, off-site detours are preferred to avoid and minimize impacts to the human and natural environment; however, if an off-site detour is considered impracticable, then an onsite detour may be considered as a necessary component of the actions authorized by this RGP. Impacts from the detour may be considered temporary and may not require compensatory mitigation if the impacted area is restored to pre-construction elevations and contours after construction is complete. The permittee shall also restore natural hydrology and stream corridors (if applicable), and reestablish native vegetation/riparian corridors. If the construction of a detour (on-site or off-site) includes standard undercutting methods, removal of all material and backfilling with suitable material is required. See special condition "s" for additional information.

1. All activities authorized by this RGP shall, to the maximum extent practicable, be

conducted "in the dry", with barriers installed between work areas and aquatic habitat to protect that habitat from sediment, concrete, and other pollutants. Where concrete is utilized, measures will be taken to prevent live or fresh concrete, including bags of uncured concrete, from coming into contact with waters of the U.S. until the concrete has set and cured. All water in the work area that has been in contact with concrete shall only be returned to waters of the U.S. when it no longer poses a threat to aquatic organisms (concrete is set and cured).

m. In cases where new alignment approaches are to be constructed and the existing approach fill in waters of the U.S. is to be abandoned and no longer maintained as a roadway, the abandoned fill shall be removed and the area will be restored to pre-construction elevations and contours. The permittee shall also restore natural hydrology and stream corridors (if applicable), and reestablish native vegetation/riparian corridors, to the extent practicable. This activity may qualify as compensatory mitigation credit for the project and will be assessed on a case-by-case basis in accordance with Special Conditions "q" and "r" in this document. Any proposed on-site wetland restoration area must be void of utility conflicts and/or utility maintenance areas. A restoration plan detailing this activity will be required with the submittal of the PCN.

n. To the maximum extent practicable, the pre-construction course, condition, capacity, and location of open waters must be maintained for each activity, including stream channelization and storm water management activities, except as provided below. The activity must be constructed to withstand expected high flows. The activity must not restrict or impede the passage of normal or high flows, unless the primary purpose of the activity is to impound water or manage high flows. The activity may alter the pre-construction course, condition, capacity, and location of open waters if it benefits the aquatic environment (e.g., stream restoration or relocation activities).

o. The project must be implemented and/or conducted so that all reasonable and practicable measures to ensure that equipment, structures, fill pads, and work associated with the project do not adversely affect upstream and/or downstream reaches. Adverse effects include, but are not limited to, channel instability, scour, flooding, and/or shoreline/streambank erosion. During construction, the permittee shall routinely monitor for these effects, cease all work if/when detected, take initial corrective measures to correct actively eroding areas, and notify the Corps immediately. Permanent corrective measures may require additional authorization from the Corps.

p. All PCNs will describe sedimentation and erosion control structures and measures proposed for placement in waters of the U.S. To the maximum extent practicable, structures and measures will be depicted on maps, surveys or drawings showing location and impacts to jurisdictional wetlands and streams. In addition, appropriate soil and erosion control measures must be established and maintained during construction. All fills, temporary and permanent, must be adequately stabilized at the earliest practicable date to prevent erosion of fill material into adjacent waters or wetlands.

q. Compensatory mitigation will be required for permanent impacts resulting in a loss of waters of the U.S. due to culvert/pipe installation and other similar activities. Mitigation may be required for stream relocation projects (see Special Condition "r" below). When compensatory mitigation is required, the prospective permittee will attach a proposed mitigation plan to the PCN. Compensatory mitigation proposals will be written in accordance with currently approved Wilmington District guidance and Corps mitigation regulations, unless the purchase of mitigation credits from an approved mitigation bank or the North Carolina Division of Mitigation Services (NCDMS) is proposed to address all compensatory mitigation requirements. The Corps Project Manager will make the final determination concerning the appropriate amount and type of mitigation.

r. Stream Relocations (non-tidal only) - for the purposes of permitting, stream relocations are considered a loss of waters of the U.S. Depending on the condition and location of (1) the existing stream, and (2) the relocated channel, stream relocation(s) may provide a functional uplift. The Corps will determine if an uplift is possible based on the information submitted with the PCN. If the anticipated uplift(s) occurs, it may offset, either partially or fully, the loss associated with a stream relocation(s) - (i.e., due to the uplift, either no compensatory mitigation would be required for the stream relocation itself, or compensatory mitigation would be required at a reduced ratio).

Because the amount of potential uplift is dependent upon the condition (or quality) of the channel to be relocated, there is no pre-determined amount of uplift needed to satisfy the requirements for a successful relocation project. After performing the evaluation(s) noted in this document, the prospective permittee will propose a certain amount of uplift potential and the Corps project manager will make the final determination. Baseline conditions and subsequent monitoring must show that the relocated channel is providing/will provide aquatic function at, or above, the level provided by the baseline (pre-project) condition. If the required uplift is not achieved, the work will not be in compliance with this special condition of RGP 50 and remediation will be required through repair (and continued monitoring), or by the permittee providing compensatory mitigation (e.g., mitigation credit through an approved bank, mitigation credit through NCDMS, etc.).

Compensatory mitigation, in addition to the stream relocation activity, may be required if the Corps determines that (a) no uplift in stream function is achievable, (b) the proposed uplift in stream function is not sufficient, by itself, (c) the risks associated with achieving potential uplifts in stream function are excessive, and/or (d) the time period for achieving the potential uplifts/functional success is too great.

On-site compensatory mitigation is not the same as stream relocation. While stream relocation simply moves a stream to a nearby, geographically similar area, it does not generate mitigation credits. If NCDOT proposes to generate compensatory mitigation on a project site, NCDOT must submit a mitigation plan that complies with 33 CFR 332.4.

The prospective permittee is required to submit the following information for any proposed project that involves stream relocation, regardless of the size/length of the stream relocation (note that 1-5 below only apply to stream relocations and <u>not</u> to compensatory mitigation):

- (1) A statement detailing why relocating the stream is unavoidable. In order to ensure that this action is separate from a compensatory mitigation project, the need for the fill must be related to road/interchange/intersection construction or improvement, and the project must meet the requirements set forth in the full descriptions/terms of "a" and "b" on pages 2 and 3 of this permit.
- (2) An evaluation of effects on the relocated stream and buffer from utilities, or potential for impact from utility placement in the future.
- (3) An evaluation of the baseline condition of the stream to be relocated. In order to demonstrate a potential uplift, the prospective permittee must provide the baseline (pre-impact) condition of the stream that is proposed for relocation. The prospective permittee will document the baseline condition of the stream by using the Corps' (Wilmington District's) current functional assessment method e.g., the North Carolina Stream Assessment Method (NCSAM). The functional assessment must be used to identify specific areas where an uplift would reasonably be expected to occur, and also show important baseline functions that will remain after the relocation.
- (4) An evaluation of the potential uplifts to stream function for the relocated channel. The amount of detail required in the plan will be commensurate with the functional capacity of the original stream and proposed uplift(s). Low functional capacity will warrant less monitoring and less detail in the plan in order to ensure that the relocated channel provides the same, or better/increased, suite of aquatic functions as the existing channel.
- (5) A proposed monitoring plan for the relocated channel (and buffer, if applicable), will be prepared in accordance with current District guidance. The level of detail needed in the plan will be directly related to the quality of baseline functions and the anticipated uplift, therefore it is recommended that a pre-application discussion occur with the Corps Project Manager as early as possible. For example, if the risk for achieving the anticipated functional uplift is moderate or low, or if there is a low amount of proposed uplift, less information and monitoring will be required in the proposed relocation plan; similar to the requirements found in the "2003 Stream Mitigation Guidelines". If the risk for uplift is higher, or if there is a high amount of proposed uplift, additional monitoring and information will be required, trending toward the prescriptions found in the most recent Wilmington District Compensatory Mitigation Guidance e.g., the 2016 Wilmington District Stream and Wetland Compensatory Mitigation Update. All monitoring will be for at least 5 years unless the Corps project manager determines that (a) a specific project requires less than 5 years due to site conditions or limited risk/uplift potential, and/or complexity (or simplicity) of the existing channel and/or the

relocation work, or (b) the Corps project manager determines (during the monitoring period) that the 5 years of monitoring may be reduced (or that no further monitoring is required) based on monitoring information received once the stream relocation has been completed.

s. Upon completion of any work authorized by this RGP, all temporary fills (to include culverts, pipes, causeways, etc.) will be completely removed from waters of the U.S. and the areas will be restored to pre-construction elevations and contours. The permittee shall also restore natural hydrology and stream corridors (if applicable), and reestablish native vegetation/riparian corridors. This work will be completed within 60 days of completion of project construction. If this timeframe occurs while a required moratorium of this permit is in effect, the temporary fill shall be removed in its entirety within 60 days of the moratorium end date. If vegetation cannot be planted due to the time of the year, all disturbed areas will be seeded with a native mix appropriate for the impacted area, and vegetation will be planted during the next appropriate time frame. A native seed mix may contain non-invasive small grain annuals (e.g. millet and rye grain) to ensure adequate cover while native vegetation becomes established. The PCN must include a restoration plan showing how all temporary fills and structures will be removed and how the area will be restored to pre-project elevations and contours.

t. Once the authorized work in waters of the U.S. is complete, the permittee shall sign and return the compliance certificate that is attached to the RGP verification letter.

u. The District Engineer will consider any comments from Federal and/or State agencies concerning the proposed activity's compliance with the terms and conditions of this RGP.

v. The Corps may place additional special conditions, limitations, or restrictions on any verification of the use of RGP 50 on a project-by-project basis.

2. General Conditions.

a. Except as authorized by this RGP or any Corps approved modification to this RGP, no excavation, fill or mechanized land-clearing activities shall take place within waters or wetlands, at any time during construction or maintenance of the project. This permit does not authorize temporary placement or double handling of excavated or fill material within waters or wetlands outside the permitted area. This prohibition applies to all borrow and fill activities connected with the project.

b. Authorization under this RGP does not obviate the need to obtain other federal, state, or local authorizations.

c. All work authorized by this RGP must comply with the terms and conditions of the applicable CWA Section 401 Water Quality Certification for this RGP issued by the North Carolina Division of Water Resources (NCDWR).

d. The permittee shall employ all sedimentation and erosion control measures necessary to prevent an increase in sedimentation or turbidity within waters and wetlands outside of the permit area. This shall include, but is not limited to, the immediate installation of silt fencing or similar appropriate devices around all areas subject to soil disturbance or the movement of earthen fill, and the immediate stabilization of all disturbed areas. Additionally, the project must remain in full compliance with all aspects of the Sedimentation Pollution Control Act of 1973 (North Carolina General Statutes Chapter 113A Article 4).

e. The activities authorized by this RGP must not interfere with the public's right to free navigation on all navigable waters of the U.S. No attempt will be made by the permittee to prevent the full and free use by the public of all navigable waters at, or adjacent to, the authorized work for a reason other than safety.

f. The permittee understands and agrees that if future operations by the U.S. require the removal, relocation, or other alteration, of the structure or work herein authorized, or if, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Army or his authorized representative, said structure or work shall cause unreasonable obstruction to the free navigation of the navigable waters, the permittee will be required, upon due notice from the Corps, to remove, relocate, or alter the structural work or obstructions caused thereby, without expense to the U.S. No claim shall be made against the U.S. on account of any such removal or alteration.

g. The permittee, upon receipt of a notice of revocation of this RGP for the verified individual activity, may apply for an individual permit, or will, without expense to the U.S. and in such time and manner as the Secretary of the Army or his/her authorized representative may direct, restore the affected water of the U.S. to its former conditions.

h. This RGP does not authorize any activity that would conflict with a federal project's congressionally authorized purposes, established limitations or restrictions, or limit an agency's ability to conduct necessary operation and maintenance functions. Per Section 14 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899, as amended (33 U.S.C. 408), no project that has the potential to take possession of or make use of for any purpose, or build upon, alter, deface, destroy, move, injure, or obstruct a federally constructed work or project, including, but not limited to, levees, dams, jetties, navigation channels, borrow areas, dredged material disposal sites, flood control projects, etc., shall be permitted unless the project has been reviewed and approved by the appropriate Corps approval authority. Permittees shall not begin the activity authorized by this RGP until notified by the Corps that the activity may proceed.

i. The permittee shall obtain a Consent to Cross Government Easement from the appropriate Corps District's Land Use Coordinator prior to any crossing of a Corps easement and/or prior to commencing construction of any structures, authorized dredging, or other work within the right-of-way of, or in proximity to, a federally designated disposal area.

j. The permittee will allow the Wilmington District Engineer or his/her representative to inspect the authorized activity at any time deemed necessary to ensure that the activity is being performed or maintained in strict accordance with the Special and General Conditions of this permit.

k. This RGP does not grant any property rights or exclusive privileges.

1. This RGP does not authorize any injury to the property or rights of others.

m. This RGP does not authorize the interference with any existing or proposed federal project.

n. In issuing this permit, the Federal Government does not assume any liability for the following:

(1) Damages to the permitted project or uses thereof as a result of other permitted or unpermitted activities or from natural causes.

(2) Damages to the permitted project or uses thereof as a result of current or future activities undertaken by or on behalf of the U.S. in the public interest.

(3) Damages to persons, property, or to other permitted or unpermitted activities or structures caused by the activity authorized by this permit.

(4) Design or construction deficiencies associated with the permitted work.

(5) Damage claims associated with any future modification, suspension, or revocation of this permit.

o. Authorization provided by this RGP may be modified, suspended or revoked in whole, or in part, if the Wilmington District Engineer, acting for the Secretary of the Army, determines that such action would be in the best public interest. The term of this RGP shall be five (5) years unless subject to modification, suspension, or revocation. Any modification, suspension, or revocation of this authorization will not be the basis for any claim for damages against the U.S. Government.

p. No activity may occur in a component of the National Wild and Scenic Rivers System, or in a river officially designated by Congress as a "study river" for possible inclusion in the system while the river is in an official study status, unless the appropriate Federal agency with direct management responsibility for such river, has determined in writing that the proposed activity will not adversely affect the Wild and Scenic designation or study status. Information on Wild and Scenic Rivers may be obtained from the appropriate Federal land management agency responsible for the designated Wild and Scenic River or "study river" (e.g., National Park Service, U.S. Forest Service, etc.).

q. Endangered Species.

(1) No activity is authorized under this RGP which is likely to directly or indirectly jeopardize the continued existence of a threatened or endangered species or a species proposed for such designation, as identified under the Federal Endangered Species Act (ESA), or which will directly or indirectly destroy or adversely modify the critical habitat of such species. No activity is authorized under this RGP which "may affect" a listed species or critical habitat, unless Section 7 consultation addressing the effects of the proposed activity has been completed.

(2) Federal agencies should follow their own procedures for complying with the requirements of the ESA. Federal prospective permittees (and when FHWA is the lead federal agency) must provide the District Engineer with the appropriate documentation to demonstrate compliance with those requirements. The District Engineer will review the documentation and determine whether it is sufficient to address ESA compliance for the RGP activity, or whether additional ESA consultation is necessary.

(3) Non-federal prospective permittees - for activities that might affect federallylisted endangered or threatened species or designated critical habitat, the PCN must include the name(s) of the endangered or threatened species that might be affected by the proposed work or that utilize the designated critical habitat that might be affected by the proposed work. The District Engineer will determine whether the proposed activity "may affect" or will have "no effect" to listed species and designated critical habitat. In cases where the non-federal prospective permittee has identified listed species or critical habitat that might be affected or is in the vicinity of the project, and has so notified the Corps, the prospective permittee shall not begin work until the Corps has provided notification that the proposed activities will have "no effect" on listed species or critical habitat, or until Section 7 consultation has been completed.

(4) As a result of formal or informal consultation with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) or NMFS, the District Engineer may add species-specific endangered species conditions to the RGP verification letter for a project.

(5) Authorization of an activity by a RGP does not authorize the "take" of a threatened or endangered species as defined under the ESA. In the absence of separate authorization (e.g., an ESA Section 10 Permit, a Biological Opinion with "incidental take" provisions, etc.) from the USFWS or the NMFS, the ESA prohibits any person subject to the jurisdiction of the U.S. to take a listed species, where "take" means to harass, harm, pursue, hunt, shoot, wound, kill, trap, capture, or collect, or to attempt to engage in any such conduct. The word "harm" in the definition of "take" means an act which actually kills or injures wildlife. Such an act may include significant habitat modification or degradation where it actually kills or injures wildlife by significantly impairing essential behavioral patterns, including breeding, feeding or sheltering.

(6) Information on the location of threatened and endangered species and their critical habitat can be obtained directly from the offices of the USFWS in North Carolina at the addresses provided below, or from the USFWS and NMFS via their world wide web pages at http://www.fws.gov/ or http://www.fws.gov/ipac and http://www.noaa.gov/fisheries.html respectively.

USFWS offices in North Carolina:

The Asheville USFWS Office covers all NC counties west of, and including, Anson, Stanly, Davidson, Forsyth and Stokes Counties.

US Fish and Wildlife Service Asheville Field Office 160 Zillicoa Street Asheville, NC 28801 Telephone: (828) 258-3939

The Raleigh USFWS Office covers all NC counties east of, and including, Richmond, Montgomery, Randolph, Guilford, and Rockingham Counties.

US Fish and Wildlife Service Raleigh Field Office Post Office Box 33726 Raleigh, NC 27636-3726 Telephone: (919) 856-4520

r. The Wilmington District, USFWS, NCDOT, and the FHWA have conducted programmatic Section 7(a)(2) consultation for a number of federally listed species and habitat, and programmatic consultation concerning other federally listed species and/or habitat may occur in the future. The result of completed programmatic consultation is a Programmatic Biological Opinion (PBO) issued by the USFWS. These PBOs contain mandatory terms and conditions to implement the reasonable and prudent measures that are associated with "incidental take" of whichever species or critical habitat is covered by a specific PBO. Authorization under RGP 50 is conditional upon the permittee's compliance with all the mandatory terms and conditions associated with incidental take of the applicable PBO (or PBOs), which are incorporated by reference in RGP 50. Failure to comply with the terms and conditions associated with incidental take of an applicable PBO, where a take of the federally listed species occurs, would constitute an unauthorized take by the permittee, and would also constitute permittee non-compliance with the authorization under RGP 50. If the terms and conditions of a specific PBO (or PBOs) apply to a project, the Corps will include this/these requirements in any RGP 50 verification that may be issued for a project. The USFWS is the appropriate authority to determine compliance with the terms and conditions of its PBO, and with the ESA.

s. Northern long-eared bat (NLEB) (Myotis septentrionalis). Standard Local Operating Procedures for Endangered Species (SLOPES) for the NLEB have been approved by the Corps and the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. See http://www.saw.usace.army.mil/Missions/Regulatory-Permit-Program/Agency-Coordination/ESA/. This SLOPES details how the Corps will make determinations of effect to the NLEB when the Corps is the lead federal agency for an NCDOT project that is located in the western 41 counties of North Carolina. This SLOPES does not address NCDOT projects (either federal or state funded) in the eastern 59 counties in North Carolina. Note that if another federal agency is the lead federal agency for a project in the western 41 counties, procedures for satisfying the requirements of Section 7(a)(2) of the ESA will be dictated by that agency and will not be applicable for consideration under the SLOPES; however, information that demonstrates the lead federal agency's (if other than the Corps) compliance with Section 7(a)(2) / 4(d) Rule for the NLEB, will be required in the PCN. Note that at the time of issuance of RGP 50, the federal listing status of the NLEB as "Threatened" is being litigated at the National level. If, as a result of litigation, the NLEB is federally listed as "Endangered", this general condition ("s") will no longer be applicable because the 4(d) Rule, and this NLEB SLOPES, will no longer apply/be valid.

t. For proposed activities the sixteen (16) counties listed below, prospective permittees must provide a copy of the PCN to the USFWS, 160 Zillicoa Street, Asheville, North Carolina 28801. This PCN must be sent concurrently to the USFWS and the Corps Project Manager for that specific county.

The 16 counties with tributaries that drain to designated critical habitat that require notification to the Asheville USFWS are: Avery, Cherokee, Forsyth, Graham, Haywood, Henderson, Jackson, Macon Mecklenburg, Mitchell, Stokes, Surry, Swain, Transylvania, Union and Yancey.

u. If the permittee discovers or observes any live, damaged, injured or dead individual of an endangered or threatened species during construction, the permittee shall immediately notify the Wilmington District Engineer so that required coordination can be initiated with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and/or National Marine Fisheries Service.

v. Historic Properties.

(1) In cases where the District Engineer determines that the activity may have the potential to cause effects to properties listed, or eligible for listing, in the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP), the activity is not authorized, until the requirements of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) have been satisfied.

(2) Federal prospective permittees (or when FHWA is the lead federal agency) should follow their own procedures for complying with the requirements of Section 106 of the NHPA. Federal prospective permittees must provide the District Engineer with the appropriate documentation to demonstrate compliance with those requirements; this includes copies of correspondence sent to all interested, federally recognized tribes and a summary statement about

tribal consultation efforts or, if the Corps enters into a Programmatic Agreement (PA) with the FHWA/NCDOT, documentation that the FHWA/NCDOT has complied with PA requirements. The District Engineer will review the documentation and determine whether it is sufficient to address Section 106 compliance for this RGP activity, or whether additional Section 106 consultation is necessary.

(3) Non-federal prospective permittees - the PCN must state which historic properties may be affected by the proposed work or include a vicinity map indicating the location of the historic properties or the potential for the presence of historic properties. Assistance regarding information on the location of or potential for the presence of historic resources can be sought from the State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO) and/or Tribal Historic Preservation Officer (THPO), as appropriate, and the NRHP (see 33 CFR 330.4(g)). When reviewing PCNs, the District Engineer will comply with the current procedures for addressing the requirements of Section 106 of the NHPA. The District Engineer shall make a reasonable and good faith effort to carry out appropriate identification efforts, which may include background research, consultation, oral history interviews, sample field investigation, and field survey. Based on the information submitted and these efforts, the District Engineer shall determine whether the proposed activity has the potential to cause an effect on the historic properties.

(4) Section 106 consultation is not required when the Corps determines that the activity does not have the potential to cause effects on historic properties (see 36 CFR §800.3(a)).

(5) Section 110k of the NHPA (16 U.S.C. 470h-2(k)) prevents the Corps from granting a permit or other assistance to a prospective permittee who, with intent to avoid the requirements of Section 106 of the NHPA, has intentionally significantly adversely affected a historic property to which the permit will relate, or having legal power to prevent it, allowed such significant adverse effect to occur, unless the Corps, after consultation with the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation (ACHP), determines that circumstances justify granting such assistance despite the adverse effect created or permitted by the prospective permittee. If circumstances justify granting the assistance, the Corps is required to notify the ACHP and provide documentation specifying the circumstances, the degree of damage to the integrity of any historic properties affected, and proposed mitigation. This documentation must include any views obtained from the prospective permittee, SHPO/THPO, appropriate Indian tribes if the undertaking occurs on or affects historic properties on tribal lands or affects properties of interest to those tribes, and other parties known to have a legitimate interest in the impacts to the permitted activity on historic properties.

w. If you discover any previously unknown historic or archeological remains while accomplishing the activity authorized by this general permit, you must immediately notify this office of what you have found. We will initiate the Federal and state coordination required to determine if the remains warrant a recovery effort or if the site is eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places. x. Permittees are advised that development activities in or near a floodway may be subject to the National Flood Insurance Program that prohibits any development, including fill, within a floodway that results in any increase in base flood elevations. This general permit does not authorize any activity prohibited by the National Flood Insurance Program.

y. The permittee must install and maintain, at his/her expense, any signal lights and signals prescribed by the U.S. Coast Guard, through regulations or otherwise, on authorized facilities. For further information, the permittee should contact Coast Guard Sector North Carolina at (910) 772-2191 or email Coast Guard Fifth District at cgd5waterways@uscg.mil.

z. The permittee must maintain any structure or work authorized by this general permit in good condition and in conformance with the terms and conditions of this general permit. The permittee is not relieved of this requirement if the permittee abandons the structure or work. Transfer in fee simple of the work authorized by this general permit will automatically transfer this general permit to the property's new owner, with all of the rights and responsibilities enumerated herein. The permittee must inform any subsequent owner of all activities undertaken under the authority of this general permit and provide the subsequent owner with a copy of the terms and conditions of this general permit.

aa. At his or her sole discretion, any time during the processing cycle, the Wilmington District Engineer may determine that this general permit will not be applicable to a specific proposal. In such case, the procedures for processing an individual permit in accordance with 33 CFR 325 will be available.

bb. Except as authorized by this general permit or any Corps approved modification to this general permit, all fill material placed in waters or wetlands shall be generated from an upland source and will be clean and free of any pollutants except in trace quantities. Metal products, organic materials (including debris from land clearing activities), or unsightly debris will not be used.

cc. Except as authorized by this general permit or any Corps approved modification to this general permit, all excavated material will be disposed of in approved upland disposal areas.

dd. Activities which have commenced (i.e., are under construction) or are under contract to commence in reliance upon this general permit will remain authorized provided the activity is completed within twelve months of the date of the general permit's expiration, modification, or revocation. Activities completed under the authorization of this general permit that were in effect at the time the activity was completed continue to be authorized by the general permit.

ee. The permittee is responsible for obtaining any "take" permits required under the USFWS's regulations governing compliance with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act or the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act. The permittee should contact the appropriate local office of the USFWS to determine if such "take" permits are required for a particular activity.

ff. The activity must comply with applicable FEMA approved state or local floodplain management requirements.

gg. There will be no unreasonable interference with navigation or the right of the public to riparian access by the existence or use of activities authorized by this RGP.

hh. Unless authorization to fill those specific wetlands or mudflats has been issued by the Corps, heavy equipment working in wetlands or mudflats must be placed on mats, or other measures must be taken to minimize soil disturbance.

ii. This RGP will not be applicable to proposed construction when the Wilmington District Engineer determines that the proposed activity will significantly affect the quality of the human environment and determines that an EIS must be prepared.

BY AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY OF THE ARMY:



Robert J. Clark Colonel, U. S. Army District Commander DocuSign Envelope ID: 4DA692CB-69CE-4161-9F3A-288CBAC22981

ROY COOPER Governor ELIZABETH S. BISER Secretary RICHARD E. ROGERS, JR. Director



**P-26** 

May 18, 2022

DWR # 20220563 Iredell County

Mr. Jeff Wyatt, Division Environmental Officer NCDOT, Division 12 PO Box 47 Shelby, NC 28151

Subject: APPROVAL OF 401 WATER QUALITY CERTIFICATION WITH ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS NCDOT R-3883C, Brawley School Road Widening, Iredell County Catawba River Basin, Upper Catawba, 03050101, UT to Lake Norman

Dear Mr. Wyatt:

You have our approval for the impacts listed below for the purpose described in your application dated April 8, 2022, received by the Division of Water Resources (Division) April 8, 2022 and payment received April 8, 2022. These impacts are covered by the attached Water Quality General Certification Number 4135 and the conditions listed below. This certification is associated with the use of Regional General Permit Number 201902350 once it is issued to you by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. Please note that you should get any other federal, state or local permits before proceeding with your project, including those required by (but not limited to) Sediment and Erosion Control, Non-Discharge, and Water Supply Watershed regulations. The Division has determined that the proposed project will comply with water quality requirements provided that you adhere to the conditions listed in the enclosed certification and to the additional conditions itemized below.

The following proposed impacts are hereby approved. No other impacts are approved, including incidental impacts. [15A NCAC 02H .0506(b)]



Site	Steam Name	Permanent Fill in Intermittent Stream (linear ft)	Permanent Fill in Perennial Stream (linear ft)	Temporary Fill in Perennial Stream (linear ft)	Total Stream Impact (linear ft)	Stream Impacts Requiring Mitigation (linear ft)
1 (channel relocation)	SB	208				208
2 (culvert extension)	SA		<ul><li>118 (94 feet culvert extension,</li><li>24 feet floodplain benches)</li></ul>	24 (dewatering)		94
3 (utility & dewatering impacts)	SC		146 (channel change)	38		146
Total						448

#### Stream Impacts in the Catawba River Basin

Total Stream Impact for Project: 448 linear feet.

This approval is for the purpose and design described in your application. The plans and specifications for this project are incorporated by reference as part of this Certification. If you change your project, you must notify the Division and you may be required to submit a new application package with the appropriate fee. If the property is sold, the new owner must be given a copy of this Certification and is responsible for complying with all conditions. [15A NCAC 02H .0507(d)(2)].

If you are unable to comply with any of the conditions of the attached Water Quality General Certification or with the additional conditions itemized below, you must notify the DWR Transportation Permitting Branch within 24 hours (or the next business day if a weekend or holiday) from the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances.

The permittee shall report to the Mooresville Regional Office any noncompliance with, and/or any violation of, stream or wetland standards [15A NCAC 02B .0200] including but not limited to sediment impacts to streams or wetlands. Information shall be provided orally within 24 hours (or the next business day if a weekend or holiday) from the time the permittee became aware of the non-compliance circumstances.

### **Special Conditions:**

- 1. This project has a known area where coal ash has been used as fill at the State Employees Credit Union on the corner for Brawley School Road and Highway 21 with the potential for coal ash fill to be present in other areas. Any coal ash encountered on this project should be handled per the extra instructions included at the end of this permit; the same instructions that have been included in previously permitted projects with know coal ash fill areas.
- 2. The NCDOT Division Environmental Officer or Environmental Assistant will conduct a pre-construction meeting with all appropriate staff to ensure that the project supervisor and essential staff understand the potential issues with stream and pipe alignment at the permitted site. NCDWR staff shall be invited to the pre-construction meeting. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(2) and (b)(3)]
- 3. The permittee shall use /Design Standards in Sensitive Watersheds/(15A NCAC 4B.0124[a]-[e]) in areas draining to Critical Area (CA) waters of Lake Norman/Catawba River.



North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality | Division of Water Resources 512 North Salisbury Street | 1617 Mail Service Center | Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1617 919 707 9000

- 4. NCDOT shall be in compliance with the NCS000250 issued to the NCDOT, including the applicable requirements of the NCG010000. Please note the extra protections for the sensitive watersheds.
- 5. Compensatory mitigation for 448 linear feet of impact to streams is required. We understand that you have chosen to perform compensatory mitigation for impacts to streams through the North Carolina Division of Mitigation Service (DMS) (formerly NCEEP), and that the DMS has agreed to implement the mitigation for the project. The DMS has indicated in a letter dated December 9, 2021 that they will assume responsibility for satisfying the federal Clean Water Act compensatory mitigation requirements for the above-referenced project, in accordance with the DMS Mitigation Banking Instrument signed July 28, 2010
- 6. Channel relocations shall be completed and stabilized, and approved on site by NCDWR staff, prior to diverting water into the new channel. Stream banks shall be matted with coir-fiber matting. Vegetation used for bank stabilization shall be limited to native riparian vegetation, and should include establishment of a vegetated buffer on both sides of the relocated channel to the maximum extent practical. Also, rip-rap may be allowed if it is necessary to maintain the physical integrity of the stream, but the applicant must provide written justification and any calculations used to determine the extent of rip-rap coverage requested. Once the stream has been turned into the new channel, it may be necessary to relocate stranded fish to the new channel to prevent fish kills. *[15A NCAC 02H .0506(b)(3)]*
- 7. Unless otherwise approved in this certification, placement of culverts and other structures in open waters and streams, shall be placed below the elevation of the streambed by one foot for all culverts with a diameter greater than 48 inches, and 20 percent of the culvert diameter for culverts having a diameter less than 48 inches, to allow low flow passage of water and aquatic life. Design and placement of culverts and other structures including temporary erosion control measures shall not be conducted in a manner that may result in dis-equilibrium of wetlands or streambeds or banks, adjacent to or upstream and down stream of the above structures. The applicant is required to provide evidence that the equilibrium is being maintained if requested in writing by the NCDWR. If this condition is unable to be met due to bedrock or other limiting features encountered during construction, please contact the NCDWR for guidance on how to proceed and to determine whether or not a permit modification will be required. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(2)] Justification: A project that affects waters shall not be permitted unless the existing uses, and the water quality to protect such uses, are protected. In determining that the proposed activity will comply with state water quality standards (including designated uses, numeric criteria, narrative criteria and the state's antidegradation policy), the Division must evaluate if the activity has avoided and minimized impacts to waters, would cause or contribute to a violation of standards or would result in secondary or cumulative impacts.
- 8. If multiple pipes or barrels are required, they shall be designed to mimic natural stream cross section as closely as possible including pipes or barrels at flood plain elevation and/or sills where appropriate. Widening the stream channel should be avoided. Stream channel widening at the inlet or outlet end of structures typically decreases water velocity causing sediment deposition that requires increased maintenance and disrupts aquatic life passage. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(2)] Justification: A project that affects waters shall not be permitted unless the existing uses, and the water quality to protect such uses, are protected. In determining that the proposed activity will comply with state water quality standards (including designated uses, numeric criteria, narrative criteria and the state's antidegradation policy), the Division must evaluate if the activity has avoided and minimized impacts to waters, would cause or contribute to a violation of standards or would result in secondary or cumulative impacts.
- 9. Riprap shall not be placed in the active thalweg channel or placed in the streambed in a manner that precludes aquatic life passage. Bioengineering boulders or structures should be properly designed, sized and installed. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(2)] Justification: A project that affects waters shall not be permitted unless the existing uses, and the water quality to protect such uses, are protected. In determining that the proposed activity will comply with state water quality standards (including designated uses, numeric criteria, narrative criteria and the state's antidegradation policy), the Division must evaluate if the activity has avoided and minimized impacts to waters, would cause or contribute to a violation of standards or would result in secondary or cumulative impacts.



- 10. For the 85 linear feet of streams being impacted due to site dewatering activities, the site shall be graded to its preconstruction contours and revegetated with appropriate native species. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(2)] Justification: A project that affects waters shall not be permitted unless the existing uses, and the water quality to protect such uses, are protected. In determining that the proposed activity will comply with state water quality standards (including designated uses, numeric criteria, narrative criteria and the state's antidegradation policy), the Division must evaluate if the activity has avoided and minimized impacts to waters, would cause or contribute to a violation of standards or would result in secondary or cumulative impacts.
- 11. The stream channel shall be excavated no deeper than the natural bed material of the stream, to the maximum extent practicable. Efforts must be made to minimize impacts to the stream banks, as well as to vegetation responsible for maintaining the stream bank stability. Any applicable riparian buffer impact for access to stream channel shall be temporary and be revegetated with native riparian species. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(2)] Justification: A project that affects waters shall not be permitted unless the existing uses, and the water quality to protect such uses, are protected. In determining that the proposed activity will comply with state water quality standards (including designated uses, numeric criteria, narrative criteria and the state's antidegradation policy), the Division must evaluate if the activity has avoided and minimized impacts to waters, would cause or contribute to a violation of standards or would result in secondary or cumulative impacts.

#### **General Conditions:**

- 1. Unless otherwise approved in this certification, placement of culverts and other structures in open waters and streams shall be placed below the elevation of the streambed by one foot for all culverts with a diameter greater than 48 inches, and 20 percent of the culvert diameter for culverts having a diameter less than 48 inches, to allow low flow passage of water and aquatic life. Design and placement of culverts and other structures including temporary erosion control measures shall not be conducted in a manner that may result in dis-equilibrium of wetlands or streambeds or banks, adjacent to or upstream and downstream of the above structures. The applicant is required to provide evidence that the equilibrium is being maintained if requested in writing by NCDWR. If this condition is unable to be met due to bedrock or other limiting features encountered during construction, please contact NCDWR for guidance on how to proceed and to determine whether or not a permit modification will be required. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(2)] Justification: A project that affects waters shall not be permitted unless the existing uses, and the water quality to protect such uses, are protected. In determining that the proposed activity will comply with state water quality standards (including designated uses, numeric criteria, narrative criteria and the state's antidegradation policy), the Division must evaluate if the activity has avoided and minimized impacts to waters, would cause or contribute to a violation of standards or would result in secondary or cumulative impacts.
- 2. If concrete is used during construction, a dry work area shall be maintained to prevent direct contact between curing concrete and stream water. Water that inadvertently contacts uncured concrete shall not be discharged to surface waters due to the potential for elevated pH and possible aquatic life and fish kills. [15A NCAC 02B.0200] Justification: Surface water quality standards require that conditions of waters be suitable for all best uses (including aquatic life propagation, survival, and maintenance of biological integrity) provided for in state rule and that activities must not cause water pollution that precludes any best use on a short-term or long-term basis.
- 3. During the construction of the project, no staging of equipment of any kind is permitted in waters of the U.S., or protected riparian buffers. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(2)] Justification: A project that affects waters shall not be permitted unless the existing uses, and the water quality to protect such uses, are protected. In determining that the proposed activity will comply with state water quality standards (including designated uses, numeric criteria, narrative criteria and the state's



antidegradation policy), the Division must evaluate if the activity has avoided and minimized impacts to waters, would cause or contribute to a violation of standards or would result in secondary or cumulative impacts.

- 4. The dimension, pattern and profile of the stream above and below the crossing shall not be modified. Disturbed floodplains and streams shall be restored to natural geomorphic conditions. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(2)] Justification: A project that affects waters shall not be permitted unless the existing uses, and the water quality to protect such uses, are protected. In determining that the proposed activity will comply with state water quality standards (including designated uses, numeric criteria, narrative criteria and the state's antidegradation policy), the Division must evaluate if the activity has avoided and minimized impacts to waters, would cause or contribute to a violation of standards or would result in secondary or cumulative impacts.
- 5. The use of rip-rap above the Normal High Water Mark shall be minimized. Any rip-rap placed for stream stabilization shall be placed in stream channels in such a manner that it does not impede aquatic life passage. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(2)] Justification: A project that affects waters shall not be permitted unless the existing uses, and the water quality to protect such uses, are protected. In determining that the proposed activity will comply with state water quality standards (including designated uses, numeric criteria, narrative criteria and the state's antidegradation policy), the Division must evaluate if the activity has avoided and minimized impacts to waters, would cause or contribute to a violation of standards or would result in secondary or cumulative impacts.
- 6. The Permittee shall ensure that the final design drawings adhere to the permit and to the permit drawings submitted for approval. [15A NCAC 02H .0507 (c) and 15A NCAC 02H .0506 (b)(2) and (c)(2)] Justification: A project that affects waters shall not be permitted unless the existing uses, and the water quality to protect such uses, are protected. In determining that the proposed activity will comply with state water quality standards (including designated uses, numeric criteria, narrative criteria and the state's antidegradation policy), the Division must evaluate if the activity has avoided and minimized impacts to waters, would cause or contribute to a violation of standards or would result in secondary or cumulative impacts.
- 7. All work in or adjacent to stream waters shall be conducted in a dry work area. Approved BMP measures from the most current version of NCDOT Construction and Maintenance Activities manual such as sandbags, rock berms, cofferdams and other diversion structures shall be used to prevent excavation in flowing water. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3) and (c)(3)] Justification: A project that affects waters shall not be permitted unless the existing uses, and the water quality to protect such uses, are protected. In determining that the proposed activity will comply with state water quality standards (including designated uses, numeric criteria, narrative criteria and the state's antidegradation policy), the Division must evaluate if the activity has avoided and minimized impacts to waters, would cause or contribute to a violation of standards or would result in secondary or cumulative impacts.
- 8. Heavy equipment shall be operated from the banks rather than in the stream channel in order to minimize sedimentation and reduce the introduction of other pollutants into the stream. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3)] Justification: A project that affects waters shall not be permitted unless the existing uses, and the water quality to protect such uses, are protected. In determining that the proposed activity will comply with state water quality standards (including designated uses, numeric criteria, narrative criteria and the state's antidegradation policy), the Division must evaluate if the activity has avoided and minimized impacts to waters, would cause or contribute to a violation of standards or would result in secondary or cumulative impacts.



- antidegradation policy), the Division must evaluate if the activity has avoided and minimized impacts to waters, would cause or contribute to a violation of standards or would result in secondary or cumulative impacts.
- 10. No rock, sand or other materials shall be dredged from the stream channel except where authorized by this certification. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3)] Justification: A project that affects waters shall not be permitted unless the existing uses, and the water quality to protect such uses, are protected. In determining that the proposed activity will comply with state water quality standards (including designated uses, numeric criteria, narrative criteria and the state's antidegradation policy), the Division must evaluate if the activity has avoided and minimized impacts to waters, would cause or contribute to a violation of standards or would result in secondary or cumulative impacts.
- 11. Discharging hydroseed mixtures and washing out hydroseeders and other equipment in or adjacent to surface waters is prohibited. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3)] Justification: A project that affects waters shall not be permitted unless the existing uses, and the water quality to protect such uses, are protected. In determining that the proposed activity will comply with state water quality standards (including designated uses, numeric criteria, narrative criteria and the state's antidegradation policy), the Division must evaluate if the activity has avoided and minimized impacts to waters, would cause or contribute to a violation of standards or would result in secondary or cumulative impacts.
- 12. When applicable, all construction activities shall be performed and maintained in full compliance with G.S. Chapter 113A Article 4 (Sediment and Pollution Control Act of 1973). Regardless of applicability of the Sediment and Pollution Control Act, all projects shall incorporate appropriate Best Management Practices for the control of sediment and erosion so that no violations of state water quality standards, statutes, or rules occur. [15A NCAC 02H .0506(b)(3) and (c)(3) and 15A NCAC 02B .0200] Justification: A project that affects waters shall not be permitted unless the existing uses, and the water quality to protect such uses, are protected. In determining that the proposed activity will comply with state water quality standards (including designated uses, numeric criteria, narrative criteria and the state's antidegradation policy), the Division must evaluate if the activity has avoided and minimized impacts to waters, would cause or contribute to a violation of standards or would result in secondary or cumulative impacts.
- 13. Design, installation, operation, and maintenance of all sediment and erosion control measures shall be equal to or exceed the requirements specified in the most recent version of the *North Carolina Sediment and Erosion Control Manual*, or for linear transportation projects, the *NCDOT Sediment and Erosion Control Manual*.
- 14. All devices shall be maintained on all construction sites, borrow sites, and waste pile (spoil) sites, including contractor-owned or leased borrow pits associated with the project. Sufficient materials required for stabilization and/or repair of erosion control measures and stormwater routing and treatment shall be on site at all times.



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- 15. For borrow pit sites, the erosion and sediment control measures shall be designed, installed, operated, and maintained in accordance with the most recent version of the *North Carolina Surface Mining Manual*. Reclamation measures and implementation shall comply with the reclamation in accordance with the requirements of the Sedimentation Pollution Control Act and the Mining Act of 1971.
- 16. If the project occurs in waters or watersheds classified as Primary Nursery Areas (PNAs), SA, WS-I, WS-II, High Quality Waters (HQW), or Outstanding Resource Waters (ORW), then the sedimentation and erosion control designs shall comply with the requirements set forth in 15A NCAC 04B .0124, Design Standards in Sensitive Watershed. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3) and (c)(3); GC 4135] Justification: Surface water quality standards require that conditions of waters be suitable for all best uses provided for in state rule (including, at minimum: aquatic life propagation, survival, and maintenance of biological integrity, wildlife, secondary contact recreation, agriculture ...more depending on classification); and that activities must not cause water pollution that precludes any best use on a short-term or long-term basis.
- 17. The permittee and its authorized agents shall conduct its activities in a manner consistent with State water quality standards (including any requirements resulting from compliance with §303(d) of the Clean Water Act) and any other appropriate requirements of State and Federal law. If the NCDWR determines that such standards or laws are not being met (including the failure to sustain a designated or achieved use) or that State or federal law is being violated, or that further conditions are necessary to assure compliance, the NCDWR may reevaluate and modify this certification. [15A NCAC 02B.0200] Justification: Surface water quality standards require that conditions of waters be suitable for all best uses (including aquatic life propagation, survival, and maintenance of biological integrity) provided for in state rule and that activities must not cause water pollution that precludes any best use on a short-term or long-term basis.
- 18. All fill slopes located in jurisdictional wetlands shall be placed at slopes no flatter than 3:1, unless otherwise authorized by this certification. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(2)] Justification: A project that affects waters shall not be permitted unless the existing uses, and the water quality to protect such uses, are protected. In determining that the proposed activity will comply with state water quality standards (including designated uses, numeric criteria, narrative criteria and the state's antidegradation policy), the Division must evaluate if the activity has avoided and minimized impacts to waters, would cause or contribute to a violation of standards or would result in secondary or cumulative impacts.
- 19. A copy of this Water Quality Certification shall be maintained on the construction site at all times. In addition, the Water Quality Certification and all subsequent modifications, if any, shall be maintained with the Division Engineer and the on-site project manager. [15A NCAC 02H .0507(c) and 15A NCAC 02H .0506 (b)(2) and (c)(2)]
- 20. The outside buffer, wetland or water boundary located within the construction corridor approved by this authorization, including all non-commercial borrow and waste sites associated with the project, shall be clearly marked by highly visible fencing prior to any land disturbing activities. Impacts to areas within the fencing are prohibited unless otherwise authorized by this certification. *[15A NCAC 02H.0501 and .0502]*
- 21. The issuance of this certification does not exempt the Permittee from complying with any and all statutes, rules, regulations, or ordinances that may be imposed by other government agencies (i.e. local, state, and federal) having jurisdiction, including but not limited to applicable buffer rules, stormwater management rules, soil erosion and sedimentation control requirements, etc.



- 23. Upon completion of the project (including any impacts at associated borrow or waste sites), the NCDOT Division Engineer shall complete and return the enclosed "Certification of Completion Form" to notify the NCDWR when all work included in the 401 Certification has been completed. *[15A NCAC 02H.0502(f)]*
- 24. There shall be no excavation from, or waste disposal into, jurisdictional wetlands or waters associated with this permit without appropriate modification. Should waste or borrow sites, or access roads to waste or borrow sites, be located in wetlands or streams, compensatory mitigation will be required since that is a direct impact from road construction activities. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3) and (c)(3)]
- 25. Erosion and sediment control practices must be in full compliance with all specifications governing the proper design, installation and operation and maintenance of such Best Management Practices in order to protect surface waters standards [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3) and (c)(3)]:
  - a. The erosion and sediment control measures for the project must be designed, installed, operated, and maintained in accordance with the most recent version of the *North Carolina Sediment and Erosion Control Planning and Design Manual*.
  - b. The design, installation, operation, and maintenance of the sediment and erosion control measures must be such that they equal, or exceed, the requirements specified in the most recent version of the *North Carolina Sediment and Erosion Control Manual*. The devices shall be maintained on all construction sites, borrow sites, and waste pile (spoil) projects, including contractor-owned or leased borrow pits associated with the project.
  - c. For borrow pit sites, the erosion and sediment control measures must be designed, installed, operated, and maintained in accordance with the most recent version of the *North Carolina Surface Mining Manual*.
  - d. The reclamation measures and implementation must comply with the reclamation in accordance with the requirements of the Sedimentation Pollution Control Act.
- 26. Sediment and erosion control measures shall not be placed in wetlands or surface waters, or within 5 feet of the top of bank, without prior approval from DWR. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3) and (c)(3)]

This approval and its conditions are final and binding unless contested [G.S. 143-215.5]. Please be aware that impacting waters without first applying for and securing the issuance of a 401 Water Quality Certification violates Title 15A of the North Carolina Administrative Code (NCAC) 2H .0500. Title 15A NCAC 2H .0500 requires certifications pursuant to Section 401 of the Clean Water Act whenever construction or operation of facilities will result in a discharge into navigable waters, including wetlands, as described in 33 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 323. It also states any person desiring issuance of the State certification or coverage under a general certification required by Section 401 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act shall file with the Director of the North Carolina Division of Water Quality. Pursuant to G.S. 143-215.6A, these violations and any future violations are subject to a civil penalty assessment of up to a maximum of \$25,000.00 per day for each violation.



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This Certification can be contested as provided in Chapter 150B of the North Carolina General Statutes by filing a Petition for a Contested Case Hearing (Petition) with the North Carolina Office of Administrative Hearings (OAH) within sixty (60) calendar days. Requirements for filing a Petition are set forth in Chapter 150B of the North Carolina General Statutes and Title 26 of the North Carolina Administrative Code. Additional information regarding requirements for filing a Petition and Petition forms may be accessed at http://www.ncoah.com/ or by calling the OAH Clerk's Office at (919) 431-3000.

A party filing a Petition must serve a copy of the Petition on: William F. Lane, General Counsel Department of Environmental Quality 1601 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-1601

If the party filing the Petition is not the permittee, then the party must also serve the recipient of the Certification in accordance with N.C.G.S 150B-23(a).

This letter completes the review of the Division under section 401 of the Clean Water Act and 15A NCAC 02H .0500. Please contact Donna Hood at 704-235-2193 or donna.hood@ncdenr.gov if you have any questions or concerns.

Sincerely,

amy Chapman

Richard E. Rogers, Jr., Director Division of Water Resources

 cc: Eric Alsmeyer, USACE Raleigh Regulatory Field Office (via email) Brandy Costner, NC Division of Water Resources Mooresville Regional Office Andrew Pitner, NC Division of Water Resources Mooresville Regional Office Lauren Wilson, US Fish and Wildlife Service Dave McHenry, NC Wildlife Resources Commission Beth Harmon, Division of Mitigation Services Donna Hood, NC Division of Water Resources Mooresville Regional Office File Copy



#### **Guidelines for DOT when Encountering Coal Ash Material**

P-35

NCDOT should <u>immediately</u> notify Regional DWR staff when coal ash material is encountered.

The following information should be documented regarding coal ash material encountered and provided to appropriate DWR staff:

- Date/Time coal ash material was encountered.
- Exact location(s) (latitude/longitude), as well as, dimensions of area coal ash material was encountered.
- Total amount of coal ash material removed.
- Documentation of proper disposal of coal ash material.
- Type and volume of fill material used to backfill excavated area.

The following precautions should be taken and properly addressed by NCDOT when coal ash is encountered:

- When excavating coal ash material, it would be best to reduce the amount of time the excavation stays open to mitigate exposure to both personnel and stormwater.
- If coal ash material is staged for any amount of time once removed from the excavation, it should be properly staged using best management practices. Coal ash material should be staged on plastic and kept covered to eliminate the potential for the material to become airborne due to wind, as well as, runoff due to wet weather. Other BMPs should be utilized as needed (i.e., wattles, silt fencing, etc.).
- Contact stormwater should be properly managed. Steps should be taken to reduce and/or eliminate the potential for contact stormwater. If contact stormwater is present, then it should be properly handled and disposed of.
- Proper PPE should be utilized by personnel who may come in contact with coal ash material (this should be covered under NCDOTs health and safety plan).
- Stormwater piping should not be routed through ash fill areas. Nor should stormwater drainage features such as swales, ditches, etc. Should piping have to be placed near ash, non-reactive piping material such as HDPE should be utilized.



#### STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES

#### WATER QUALITY GENERAL CERTIFICATION NO. 4135

GENERAL CERTIFICATION FOR PROJECTS ELIGIBLE FOR US ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS

- NATIONWIDE PERMIT NUMBER 14 (LINEAR TRANSPORTATION PROJECTS), AND
- REGIONAL GENERAL PERMIT 198200031 (NCDOT BRIDGES, WIDENING PROJECTS, INTERCHANGE IIMPROVEMENTS)

Water Quality Certification Number 4135 is issued in conformity with the requirements of Section 401, Public Laws 92-500 and 95-217 of the United States and subject to the North Carolina Regulations in 15A NCAC 02H .0500 and 15A NCAC 02B .0200 for the discharge of fill material to surface waters and wetland areas as described in 33 CFR 330 Appendix A (B) (14) of the US Army Corps of Engineers regulations and Regional General Permit 198200031.

The State of North Carolina certifies that the specified category of activity will not violate applicable portions of Sections 301, 302, 303, 306 and 307 of the Public Laws 92-500 and 95-217 if conducted in accordance with the conditions hereinafter set forth.

Effective date: December 1, 2017

Signed this day: December 1, 2017

Ву

*for* Linda Culpepper Interim Director

### GC4135

# Activities meeting any one (1) of the following thresholds or circumstances require <u>written</u> <u>approval</u> for a 401 Water Quality Certification from the Division of Water Resources (DWR):

- a) If any of the conditions of this Certification (listed below) cannot be met; or
- b) Any temporary or permanent impacts to wetlands, open waters and/or streams, except for construction of a driveway to a single family residential lot that is determined to not be part of a larger common plan of development, as long as the driveway involves a travel lane of less than 25 feet and total stream impacts of less than 60 feet, including any topographic/slope stabilization or in-stream stabilization needed for the crossing; or
- c) Any stream relocation or stream restoration; or
- d) Any high-density project, as defined in 15A NCAC 02H .1003(2)(a) and by the density thresholds specified in 15A NCAC 02H .1017, which:
  - i. Disturbs one acre or more of land (including a project that disturbs less than one acre of land that is part of a larger common plan of development or sale); and
  - ii. Has permanent wetland, stream or open water impacts; and
  - iii. Is proposing new built-upon area; and
  - iv. Does not have a stormwater management plan reviewed and approved under a state stormwater program<sup>1</sup> or a state-approved local government stormwater program<sup>2</sup>.

Projects that have vested rights, exemptions, or grandfathering from state or locallyimplemented stormwater programs and projects that satisfy state or locallyimplemented stormwater programs through use of community in-lieu programs **require written approval**; or

- e) Any permanent impacts to waters, or to wetlands adjacent to waters, designated as: ORW (including SAV), HQW (including PNA), SA, WS-1, WS-11, or North Carolina or National Wild and Scenic River.
- f) Any permanent impacts to waters, or to wetlands adjacent to waters, designated as Trout except for driveway projects that are below threshold (b) above provided that:
  - i. The impacts are not adjacent to any existing structures
  - ii. All conditions of this General Certification can be met, including adherence to any moratoriums as stated in Condition #10; and
  - iii. A *Notification of Work in Trout Watersheds Form* is submitted to the Division at least 60 days prior to commencement of work; or
- g) Any permanent impacts to coastal wetlands [15A NCAC 07H .0205], or Unique Wetlands (UWL); or
- h) Any impact associated with a Notice of Violation or an enforcement action for violation(s) of NC Wetland Rules (15A NCAC 02H .0500), NC Isolated Wetland Rules (15A NCAC 02H .1300), NC Surface Water or Wetland Standards (15A NCAC 02B .0200), or State Regulated Riparian Buffer Rules (15A NCAC 02B .0200); or

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>e.g. Coastal Counties, HQW, ORW, or state-implemented Phase II NPDES

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> e.g. Delegated Phase II NPDES, Water Supply Watershed, Nutrient-Sensitive Waters, or Universal Stormwater Management Program

## GC4135

- *i*) Any impacts to subject water bodies and/or state regulated riparian buffers along subject water bodies in the Neuse, Tar-Pamlico, or Catawba River Basins or in the Randleman Lake, Jordan Lake or Goose Creek Watersheds (or any other basin or watershed with State Regulated Riparian Area Protection Rules [Buffer Rules] in effect at the time of application) *unless:* 
  - i. The activities are listed as "EXEMPT" from these rules; or
  - ii. A Buffer Authorization Certificate is issued by the NC Division of Coastal Management (DCM); or
  - A Buffer Authorization Certificate or a Minor Variance is issued by a delegated or designated local government implementing a state riparian buffer program pursuant to 143-215.23

Activities included in this General Certification that do not meet one of the thresholds listed above do not require written approval.

#### I. ACTIVITY SPECIFIC CONDITIONS:

- If this Water Quality Certification is used to access residential, commercial or industrial building sites, then all parcels owned by the applicant that are part of the single and complete project authorized by this Certification must be buildable without additional impacts to streams or wetlands. If required in writing by DWR, the applicant shall provide evidence that the parcels are buildable without requiring additional impacts to wetlands, waters, or state regulated riparian buffers. [15A NCAC 02H .0506(b)(4) and (c)(4)]
- 2. For road and driveway construction purposes, this Certification shall only be utilized from natural high ground to natural high ground. [15A NCAC 02H .0506(b)(2) and (c)(2)]
- 3. Deed notifications or similar mechanisms shall be placed on all lots with retained jurisdictional wetlands, waters, and state regulated riparian buffers within the project boundaries in order to assure compliance with NC Wetland Rules (15A NCAC 02H .0500), NC Isolated Wetland Rules {15A NCAC 02H .1300), and/or State Regulated Riparian Buffer Rules (15A NCAC 02B .0200). These mechanisms shall be put in place at the time of recording of the property or individual parcels, whichever is appropriate. [15A NCAC 02H .0506(b)(4) and (c)(4)]
- 4. For the North Carolina Department of Transportation, compliance with the NCDOT's individual NPDES permit NCS000250 shall serve to satisfy this condition. All other high-density projects that trigger threshold item (d) above shall comply with one of the following requirements: [15A NCAC 02H .0506(b)(5) and (c)(5)]

### GC4135

- a. Provide a completed Stormwater Management Plan (SMP) for review and approval, including all appropriate stormwater control measure (SCM) supplemental forms and associated items, that complies with the high-density development requirements of 15A NCAC 02H .1003. Stormwater management shall be provided throughout the entire project area in accordance with 15A NCAC 02H .1003. For the purposes of 15A NCAC 02H .1003(2)(a), density thresholds shall be determined in accordance with 15A NCAC 02H .1017.
- b. Provide documentation (including calculations, photos, etc.) that the project will not cause degradation of downstream surface waters. Documentation shall include a detailed analysis of the hydrological impacts from stormwater runoff when considering the volume and velocity of stormwater runoff from the project built upon area and the size and existing condition of the receiving stream(s).

Exceptions to this condition require application to and written approval from DWR.

#### II. GENERAL CONDITIONS:

- 1. When written authorization is required, the plans and specifications for the project are incorporated into the authorization by reference and are an enforceable part of the Certification. Any modifications to the project require notification to DWR and may require an application submittal to DWR with the appropriate fee. [15A NCAC 02H .0501 and .0502]
- 2. No waste, spoil, solids, or fill of any kind shall occur in wetlands or waters beyond the footprint of the impacts (including temporary impacts) as authorized in the written approval from DWR; or beyond the thresholds established for use of this Certification without written authorization. [15A NCAC 02H .0501and .0502]

No removal of vegetation or other impacts of any kind shall occur to state regulated riparian buffers beyond the footprint of impacts approved in a Buffer Authorization or Variance or as listed as an exempt activity in the applicable riparian buffer rules. [15A NCAC 028 .0200]

3. In accordance with 15A NCAC 02H .0506(h) and Session Law 2017-10, compensatory mitigation may be required for losses of greater than 300 linear feet of perennial streams and/or greater than one (1) acre of wetlands. Impacts associated with the removal of a dam shall not require mitigation when the removal complies with the requirements of Part 3 of Article 21 in Chapter 143 of the North Carolina General Statutes. Impacts to isolated and other non-404 jurisdictional wetlands shall not be combined with 404 jurisdictional wetlands for the purpose of determining when impact thresholds trigger a mitigation requirement. For linear publicly owned and maintained transportation projects that are not determined to be part of a larger common plan of development by the US Army Corps of Engineers, compensatory mitigation may be required for losses of greater than 300 linear feet per perennial stream.

### GC4135

Compensatory stream and/or wetland mitigation shall be proposed and completed in compliance with G.S. 143-214.11. For applicants proposing to conduct mitigation within a project site, a complete mitigation proposal developed in accordance with the most recent guidance issued by the US Army Corps of Engineers Wilmington District shall be submitted for review and approval with the application for impacts.

- 4. All activities shall be in compliance with any applicable State Regulated Riparian Buffer Rules in Chapter 2 of Title 15A.
- 5. When applicable, all construction activities shall be performed and maintained in full compliance with G.S. Chapter 113A Article 4 (Sediment and Pollution Control Act of 1973). Regardless of applicability of the Sediment and Pollution Control Act, all projects shall incorporate appropriate Best Management Practices for the control of sediment and erosion so that no violations of state water quality standards, statutes, or rules occur. [15A NCAC 02H .0506{b)(3) and (c)(3) and 15A NCAC 02B .0200]

Design, installation, operation, and maintenance of all sediment and erosion control measures shall be equal to or exceed the requirements specified in the most recent version of the *North Carolina Sediment and Erosion Control Manual*, or for linear transportation projects, the *NCDOT Sediment and Erosion Control Manual*.

All devices shall be maintained on all construction sites, borrow sites, and waste pile (spoil) sites, including contractor-owned or leased borrow pits associated with the project. Sufficient materials required for stabilization and/or repair of erosion control measures and stormwater routing and treatment shall be on site at all times.

For borrow pit sites, the erosion and sediment control measures shall be designed, installed, operated, and maintained in accordance with the most recent version of the *North Carolina Surface Mining Manual*. Reclamation measures and implementation shall comply with the reclamation in accordance with the requirements of the Sedimentation Pollution Control Act and the Mining Act of 1971.

If the project occurs in waters or watersheds classified as Primary Nursery Areas (PNAs), SA, WS-1, WS-11, High Quality Waters (HQW), or Outstanding Resource Waters (ORW), then the sedimentation and erosion control designs shall comply with the requirements set forth in 15A NCAC 04B .0124, *Design Standards in Sensitive Watersheds*.

- Sediment and erosion control measures shall not be placed in wetlands or waters except within the footprint of temporary or permanent impacts authorized under this Certification. Exceptions to this condition require application to and written approval from DWR. [15A NCAC 02H .0501 and .0502]
- 7. Erosion control matting that incorporates plastic mesh and/or plastic twine shall not be used along streambanks or within wetlands. Exceptions to this condition require application to and written approval from DWR. [15A NCAC 02B.0201]

### GC4135

8. An NPDES Construction Stormwater Permit (NCG0I0000) is required for construction projects that disturb one (1) or more acres of land. The NCG0I0000 Permit allows stormwater to be discharged during land disturbing construction activities as stipulated in the conditions of the permit. If the project is covered by this permit, full compliance with permit conditions including the erosion & sedimentation control plan, inspections and maintenance, self-monitoring, record keeping and reporting requirements is required. [15A NCAC 02H .0506{b)(5) and (c)(5)]

The North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) shall be required to be in full compliance with the conditions related to construction activities within the most recent version of their individual NPDES (NCS000250) stormwater permit. [15A NCAC 02H .0506(b)(5) and (c)(5)]

- 9. All work in or adjacent to streams shall be conducted so that the flowing stream does not come in contact with the disturbed area. Approved best management practices from the most current version of the NC Sediment and Erosion Control Manual, or the NC DOT Construction and Maintenance Activities Manual, such as sandbags, rock berms, cofferdams, and other diversion structures shall be used to minimize excavation in flowing water. Exceptions to this condition require application to and written approval from DWR. [15A NCAC 02H .0506(b)(3) and (c)(3)]
- If activities must occur during periods of high biological activity (e.g. sea turtle nesting, fish spawning, or bird nesting), then biological monitoring may be required at the request of other state or federal agencies and coordinated with these activities. [15A NCAC 02H .0506 (b)(2) and 15A NCAC 04B .0125]

All moratoriums on construction activities established by the NC Wildlife Resources Commission (WRC), US Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS), NC Division of Marine Fisheries (DMF), or National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) shall be implemented. Exceptions to this condition require written approval by the resource agency responsible for the given moratorium. A copy of the approval from the resource agency shall be forwarded to DWR.

Work within a designated trout watershed of North Carolina (as identified by the Wilmington District of the US Army Corps of Engineers), or identified state or federal endangered or threatened species habitat, shall be coordinated with the appropriate WRC, USFWS, NMFS, and/or DMF personnel.

11. Culverts shall be designed and installed in such a manner that the original stream profiles are not altered and allow for aquatic life movement during low flows. The dimension, pattern, and profile of the stream above and below a pipe or culvert shall not be modified by widening the stream channel or by reducing the depth of the stream in connection with the construction activity. The width, height, and gradient of a proposed culvert shall be such as to pass the average historical low flow and spring flow without adversely altering flow velocity. [15A NCAC 02H .0506(b)(2) and (c)(2)]

### GC4135

Placement of culverts and other structures in streams shall be below the elevation of the streambed by one foot for all culverts with a diameter greater than 48 inches, and 20% of the culvert diameter for culverts having a diameter less than or equal to 48 inches, to allow low flow passage of water and aquatic life.

If multiple pipes or barrels are required, they shall be designed to mimic the existing stream cross section as closely as possible including pipes or barrels at flood plain elevation and/or sills where appropriate. Widening the stream channel shall be avoided.

When topographic constraints indicate culvert slopes of greater than 5%, culvert burial is not required, provided that all alternative options for flattening the slope have been investigated and aquatic life movement/connectivity has been provided when possible {e.g. rock ladders, cross vanes, etc.). Notification, including supporting documentation to include a location map of the culvert, culvert profile drawings, and slope calculations, shall be provided to DWR 60 calendar days prior to the installation of the culvert.

When bedrock is present in culvert locations, culvert burial is not required provided that there is sufficient documentation of the presence of bedrock. Notification, including supporting documentation such as, a location map of the culvert, geotechnical reports, photographs, etc. shall be provided to DWR a minimum of 60 calendar days prior to the installation of the culvert. If bedrock is discovered during construction, then DWR shall be notified by phone or email within 24 hours of discovery.

If other site-specific topographic constraints preclude the ability to bury the culverts as described above and/or it can be demonstrated that burying the culvert would result in destabilization of the channel, then exceptions to this condition require application to and written approval from DWR.

Installation of culverts in wetlands shall ensure continuity of water movement and be designed to adequately accommodate high water or flood conditions. When roadways, causeways, or other fill projects are constructed across FEMA-designated floodways or wetlands, openings such as culverts or bridges shall be provided to maintain the natural hydrology of the system as well as prevent constriction of the floodway that may result in destabilization of streams or wetlands.

The establishment of native woody vegetation and other soft stream bank stabilization techniques shall be used where practicable instead of rip-rap or other bank hardening methods.

12. Bridge deck drains shall not discharge directly into the stream. Stormwater shall be directed across the bridge and pre-treated through site-appropriate means to the maximum extent practicable {e.g. grassed swales, pre-formed scour holes, vegetated buffers, etc.) before entering the stream. Exceptions to this condition require application to and written approval from DWR. [ISA NCAC 02H .0506{b}{S}]

### GC4135

- 13. Application of fertilizer to establish planted/seeded vegetation within disturbed riparian areas and/or wetlands shall be conducted at agronomic rates and shall comply with all other Federal, State and Local regulations. Fertilizer application shall be accomplished in a manner that minimizes the risk of contact between the fertilizer and surface waters. [15A NCAC 02B .0200 and 15A NCAC 02B .0231]
- 14. If concrete is used during construction, then all necessary measures shall be taken to prevent direct contact between uncured or curing concrete and waters of the state. Water that inadvertently contacts uncured concrete shall not be discharged to waters of the state. [15A NCAC 02B .0200]
- 15. All proposed and approved temporary fill and culverts shall be removed and the impacted area shall be returned to natural conditions within 60 calendar days after the temporary impact is no longer necessary. The impacted areas shall be restored to original grade, including each stream's original cross-sectional dimensions, planform pattern, and longitudinal bed profile. For projects that receive written approval, no temporary impacts are allowed beyond those included in the application and authorization. All temporarily impacted sites shall be restored and stabilized with native vegetation. [15A NCAC 02H .0506(b)(2) and (c)(2)]
- 16. All proposed and approved temporary pipes/culverts/rip-rap pads etc. in streams shall be installed as outlined in the most recent edition of the North Carolina Sediment and Erosion Control Planning and Design Manual or the North Carolina Surface Mining Manual or the North Carolina Department of Transportation Best Management Practices for Construction and Maintenance Activities so as not to restrict stream flow or cause dis-equilibrium during use of this Certification. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(2) and (c)(2)]
- 17. Any rip-rap required for proper culvert placement, stream stabilization, or restoration of temporarily disturbed areas shall be restricted to the area directly impacted by the approved construction activity. All rip-rap shall be placed such that the original stream elevation and streambank contours are restored and maintained. Placement of rip-rap or other approved materials shall not result in de-stabilization of the stream bed or banks upstream or downstream of the area or in a manner that precludes aquatic life passage. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(2)]
- 18. Any rip-rap used for stream or shoreline stabilization shall be of a size and density to prevent movement by wave, current action, or stream flows and shall consist of clean rock or masonry material free of debris or toxic pollutants. Rip-rap shall not be installed in the streambed except in specific areas required for velocity control and to ensure structural integrity of bank stabilization measures. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(2)]
- 19. Applications for rip-rap groins proposed in accordance with 15A NCAC 07H .1401 (NC Division of Coastal Management General Permit for construction of Wooden and Rip-rap Groins in Estuarine and Public Trust Waters) shall meet all the specific conditions for design and construction specified in 15A NCAC 07H.1405.

# GC4135

- 20. All mechanized equipment operated near surface waters shall be inspected and maintained regularly to prevent contamination of surface waters from fuels, lubricants, hydraulic fluids, or other toxic materials. Construction shall be staged in order to minimize the exposure of equipment to surface waters to the maximum extent practicable. Fueling, lubrication and general equipment maintenance shall be performed in a manner to prevent, to the maximum extent practicable, contamination of surface waters by fuels and oils. [15A NCAC 02H .0506{b)(3) and {c)(3) and 15A NCAC 02B .0211{12}]
- 21. Heavy equipment working in wetlands shall be placed on mats or other measures shall be taken to minimize soil disturbance. [15A NCAC 02H .0506{b)(3) and {c)(3)]
- 22. In accordance with 143-215.85{b), the applicant shall report any petroleum spill of 25 gallons or more; any spill regardless of amount that causes a sheen on surface waters; any petroleum spill regardless of amount occurring within 100 feet of surface waters; and any petroleum spill less than 25 gallons that cannot be cleaned up within 24 hours.
- 23. If an environmental document is required under the State Environmental Policy Act {SEPA}, then this General Certification is not valid until a Finding of No Significant Impact {FONSI} or Record of Decision {ROD} is issued by the State Clearinghouse. If an environmental document is required under the National Environmental Policy Act {NEPA}, then this General Certification is not valid until a Categorical Exclusion, the Final Environmental Assessment, or Final Environmental Impact Statement is published by the lead agency. [15A NCAC 0IC .0107{a}]
- 24. This General Certification does not relieve the applicant of the responsibility to obtain all other required Federal, State, or Local approvals before proceeding with the project, including those required by, but not limited to, Sediment and Erosion Control, Non-Discharge, Water Supply Watershed, and Trout Buffer regulations.
- 25. The applicant and their authorized agents shall conduct all activities in a manner consistent with State water quality standards (including any requirements resulting from compliance with §303{d}) of the Clean Water Act), and any other appropriate requirements of State and Federal Law. If DWR determines that such standards or laws are not being met, including failure to sustain a designated or achieved use, or that State or Federal law is being violated, or that further conditions are necessary to assure compliance, then DWR may revoke or modify a written authorization associated with this General Water Quality Certification. [15A NCAC 02H.0507{d}]
- 26. The permittee shall require its contractors and/or agents to comply with the terms and conditions of this permit in the construction and maintenance of this project and shall provide each of its contractors and/or agents associated with the construction or maintenance of this project with a copy of this Certification. A copy of this Certification, including all conditions shall be available at the project site during the construction and maintenance of this project. [15A NCAC 02H .0507 {c) and 15A NCAC 02H .0506 {b)(2) and {c)(2)]}

### GC4135

- 27. When written authorization is required for use of this Certification, upon completion of all permitted impacts included within the approval and any subsequent modifications, the applicant shall be required to return a certificate of completion (available on the DWR website <u>https://edocs.deg.nc.gov/Forms/Certificate-of-Completion</u>). [15A NCAC 02H .0502(f)]
- 28. Additional site-specific conditions, including monitoring and/or modeling requirements, may be added to the written approval letter for projects proposed under this Water Quality Certification in order to ensure compliance with all applicable water quality and effluent standards. [15A NCAC 02H .0507(c)]
- 29. If the property or project is sold or transferred, the new permittee shall be given a copy of this Certification (and written authorization if applicable) and is responsible for complying with all conditions. [15A NCAC 02H .0501 and .0502]

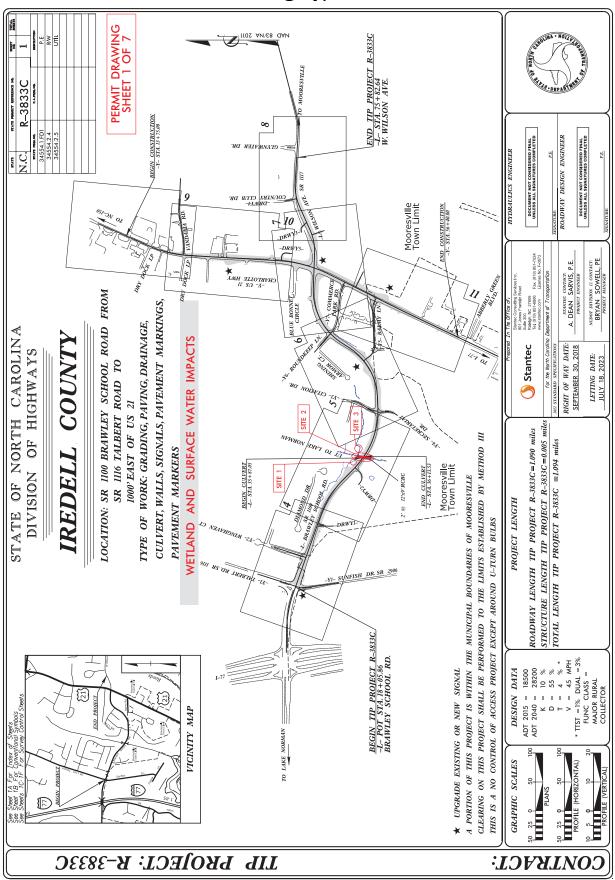
#### 111. GENERAL CERTIFICATION ADMINISTRATION:

- In accordance with North Carolina General Statute 143-215.3D(e), written approval for a 401 Water Quality General Certification must include the appropriate fee. An applicant for a CAMA permit under Article 7 of Chapter 113A of the General Statutes for which a Water Quality Certification is required shall only make one payment to satisfy both agencies; the fee shall be as established by the Secretary in accordance with 143-215.3D(e)(7).
- 2. This Certification neither grants nor affirms any property right, license, or privilege in any waters, or any right of use in any waters. This Certification does not authorize any person to interfere with the riparian rights, littoral rights, or water use rights of any other person and this Certification does not create any prescriptive right or any right of priority regarding any usage of water. This Certification shall not be interposed as a defense in any action respecting the determination of riparian or littoral rights or other rights to water use. No consumptive user is deemed by virtue of this Certification to possess any prescriptive or other right of priority with respect to any other consumptive user regardless of the quantity of the withdrawal or the date on which the withdrawal was initiated or expanded.
- 3. This Certification grants permission to the Director, an authorized representative of the Director, or DWR staff, upon the presentation of proper credentials, to enter the property during normal business hours. [ISA NCAC 02H .0502(e)]
- 4. This General Certification shall expire on the same day as the expiration date of the corresponding Nationwide Permit and/or Regional General Permit. The conditions in effect on the date of issuance of Certification for a specific project shall remain in effect for the life of the project, regardless of the expiration date of this Certification. This General Certification is rescinded when the US Army Corps of Engineers reauthorizes any of the corresponding Nationwide Permits and/or Regional General Permits or when deemed appropriate by the Director of the Division of Water Resources.

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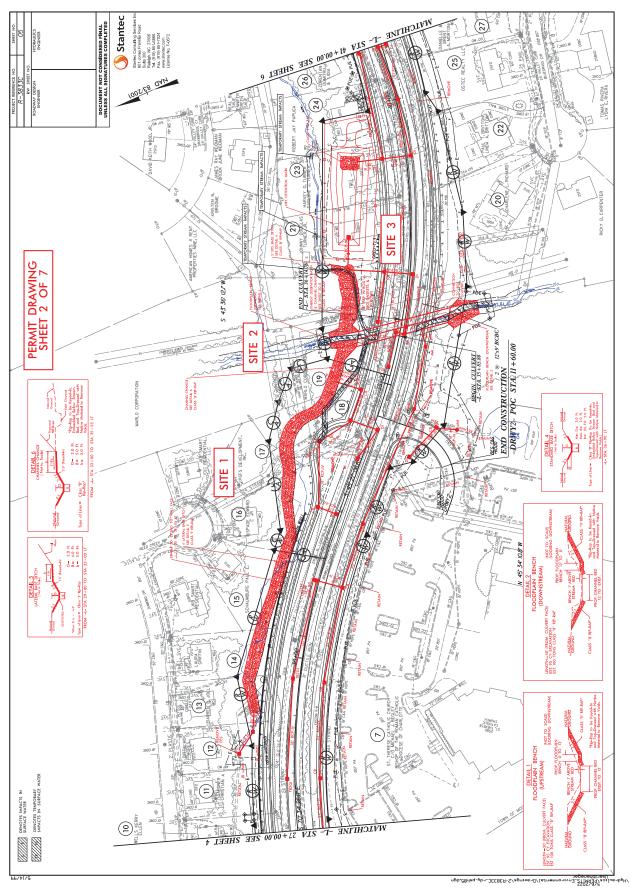
- 5. Non-compliance with or violation of the conditions herein set forth by a specific project may result in revocation of this General Certification for the project and may also result in criminal and/or civil penalties.
- 6. The Director of the North Carolina Division of Water Resources may require submission of a formal application for Individual Certification for any project in this category of activity if it is deemed in the public's best interest or determined that the project is likely to have a significant adverse effect upon water quality, including state or federally listed endangered or threatened aquatic species, or degrade the waters so that existing uses of the water or downstream waters are precluded.

History Note: Water Quality Certification (WQC) Number 4135 issued December 1, 2017 replaces WQC Number 4088 issued March 3, 2017; WQC 3886 issued March 12, 2012; WQC Number 3820 issued April 6, 2010; WQC Number 3627 issued March 2007; WQC Number 3404 issued March 2003; WQC Number 3375 issued March 18, 2002; WQC Number 3289 issued June 1, 2000; WQC Number 3103 issued February 11, 1997; WQC Number 2732 i s s u e d May 1, 1992; WQC Number 2666 issued January 21, 1992; WQC Number 2177 issued November 5, 1987.

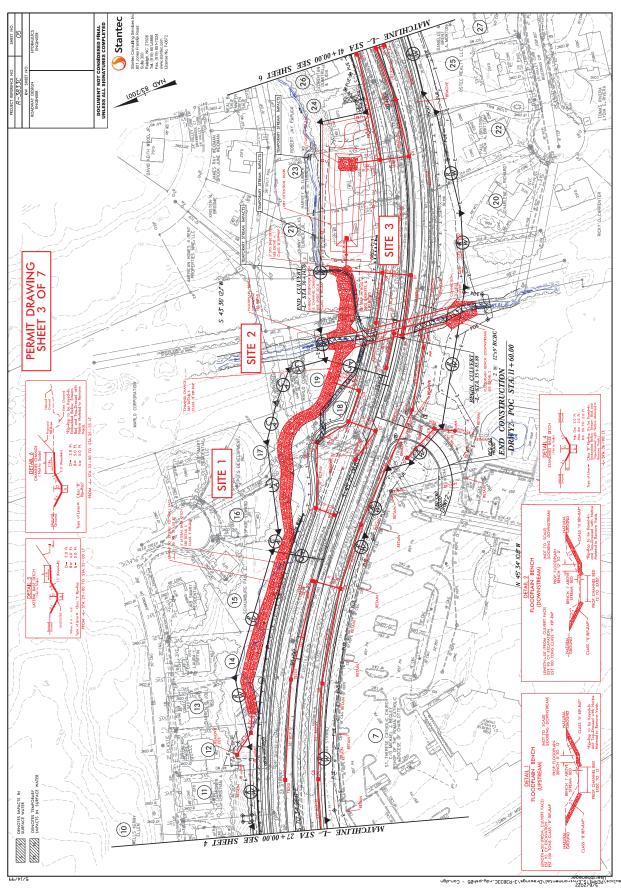


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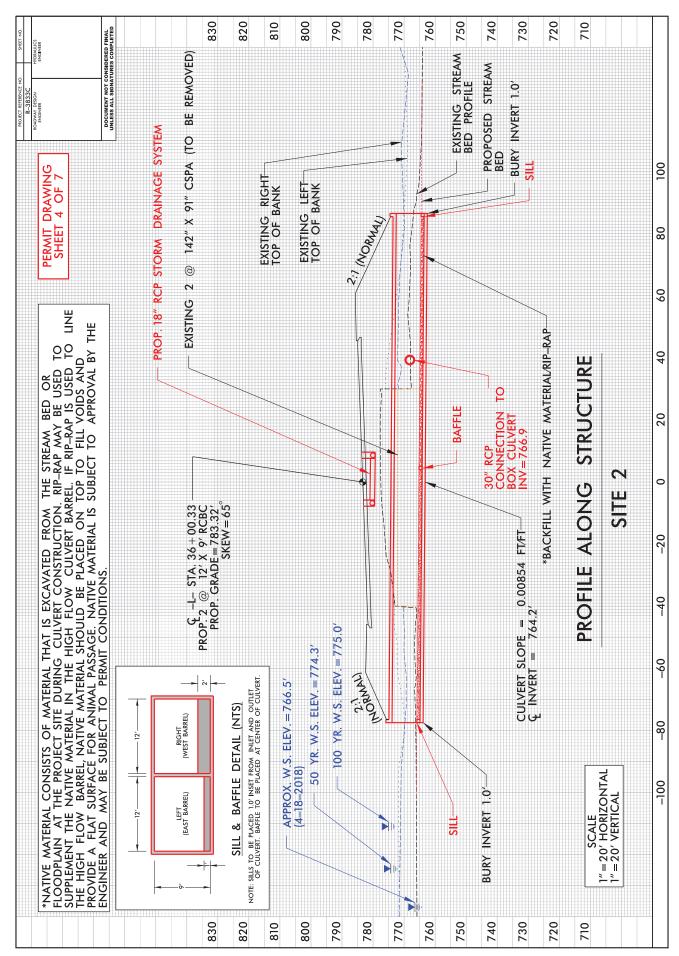


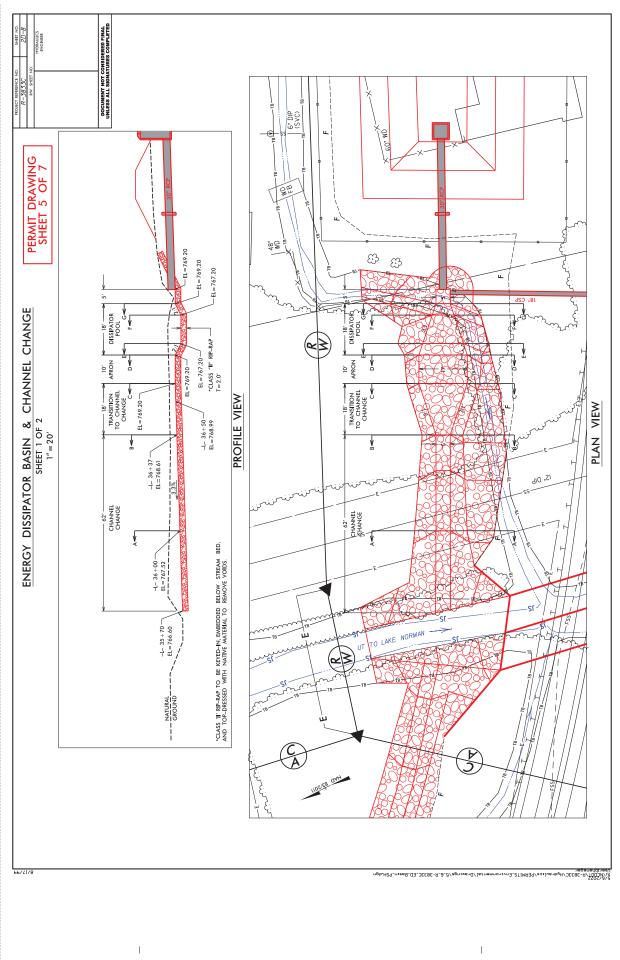
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	Natural Stream Design	(11)																T				ATION					
ACTS	Des.	(11)		22	25	18	10	10												85		RANSPORT	IGHWAYS	121 VTMTC	ic and	FD1	
ATER IMP/	Existing E Channel C Impacts I Permanent	(II) 208	35	50 50	55	146														553		NC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS	12/9/2021	R-3833C	34554.1.FD1	
SURFACE WATER IMPACTS	Temp. C	(ar)		< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01												0.01		NC DEPAR	DI				
	Permanent SW impacts ii	0.02	< 0.01	0.01 < 0.01	-	< 0.01														0.08							
SUMMAR	Hand Clearing in Wetlands in	+	•			v																					
PACTS									_																		
ATER IM	Mechanized Clearing in Wetlands	(ac)																									
SURACE WATER I WETLAND IMPACTS	Excavation in Wetlands	(ac)																									
AND SU WE	Temp. Fill In Wetlands	(ac)																									
WETLAND AND SURACE WATER IMPACTS SUMMARY WETLAND IMPACTS	Permanent Fill In Wetlands	(ac)																									
	Stream Map ID	SB	SA	SA	SA	sc	sc	sc																			
	Structure Size / Type	CHANNEL CHANGE	2 @ 12'x9' RCBC	2 @ 12'X9' HCBC FLOODPLAIN BENCH	FLOODPLAIN BENCH	CHANNEL CHANGE	UTILITY REMOVAL	UTILITY REMOVAL														<ol> <li>TOTAL CHANNEL CHANGE PERMANENT STREAM IMPACTS = 354 FT</li> <li>TOTAL CULVERT PERMANENT STREAM IMPACTS = 94 FT</li> </ol>	VENT STREAM IMPACTS = 105 FT				
	Station (From/To)	-L- 33+63 to 35+65 LT	-L- 35+65 to 35+89 LT	-L- 35+98 to 36+38 K1 -L- 35+35 to 35+73 LT	-L- 36+26 to 36+65 RT	-L- 35+80 to 36+92 LT	-L- 37+50 to 37+60 LT	-L- 39+18 to 39+28 LT													Rounded totals are sum of actual impacts NOTES:	L CHANNEL CHANGE PERMANE L CULVERT PERMANENT STRE/	L FLOODPLAIN BENCH PERMAN				
	Site No.	-	~ ~	~ ~	0	з	з	ო		╉	+	╉								TOTALS*:	*Rounded NOTES:	1. TOTA 2. TOTAI	3. TOTA				

#### ITEMIZED PROPOSAL FOR CONTRACT NO. C204852

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Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
			ROADWAY ITEMS			
0001	0000100000-N	800	MOBILIZATION	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0002	0000400000-N	801	CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0003	0001000000-E	200	CLEARING & GRUBBING ACRE(S)	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0004	0008000000-E	200	SUPPLEMENTARY CLEARING & GRUBBING	1 ACR		
0005	0015000000-N	205	SEALING ABANDONED WELLS	1 EA		
0006	0022000000-E	225	UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION	36,200 CY		
0007	0036000000-E	225	UNDERCUT EXCAVATION	9,350 CY		
0008	0106000000-E	230	BORROW EXCAVATION	161,900 CY		
0009	0134000000-Е	240	DRAINAGE DITCH EXCAVATION	1,210 CY		
0010	0156000000-E	250	REMOVAL OF EXISTING ASPHALT PAVEMENT	6,820 SY		
0011	0177000000-E	250	BREAKING OF EXISTING ASPHALT PAVEMENT	3,340 SY		
0012	0195000000-E	265	SELECT GRANULAR MATERIAL	9,300 CY		
0013	019600000-E	270	GEOTEXTILE FOR SOIL STABILIZATION	9,500 SY		
0014	0199000000-E	SP	TEMPORARY SHORING	4,717 SF		
0015	0255000000-E	SP	GENERIC GRADING ITEM HAULING AND DISPOSAL OF COAL ASH CONTAMINATED MATERIAL	500 TON		
0016	0255000000-E	SP	GENERIC GRADING ITEM HAULING AND DISPOSAL OF PETROLEUM CONTAMINATED SOIL	50 TON		
0017	0318000000-E	300	FOUNDATION CONDITIONING MATERIAL, MINOR STRUCTURES	1,870 TON		

#### ITEMIZED PROPOSAL FOR CONTRACT NO. C204852

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Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0018	0320000000-E	300	FOUNDATION CONDITIONING GEOTEXTILE	5,870 SY		
0019	0335200000-E	305	15" DRAINAGE PIPE	136 LF		
0020	0335300000-E	305	18" DRAINAGE PIPE	200 LF		
0021	0335400000-E	305	24" DRAINAGE PIPE	200 LF		
0022	0335500000-E	305	30" DRAINAGE PIPE	68 LF		
0023	0366000000-E	310	15" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	116 LF		
0024	0372000000-E	310	18" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	1,160 LF		
0025	0378000000-E	310	24" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	220 LF		
0026	0384000000-E	310	30" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	228 LF		
0027	0390000000-E	310	36" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	132 LF		
0028	0396000000-E	310	42" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	52 LF		
0029	0402000000-E	310	48" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	60 LF		
0030	0414000000-E	310	60" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	304 LF		
0031	0448200000-E	310	15" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	16 LF		
0032	0448300000-E	310	18" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	9,272 LF		
0033	0448400000-E	310	24" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	3,100 LF		
0034	0448500000-E	310	30" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	376 LF		

#### ITEMIZED PROPOSAL FOR CONTRACT NO. C204852

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0035         0448600000-E         310         36" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV         700 LF           0036         0448700000-E         310         42" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV         1,124 LF           0037         0588000000-E         310         18" CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064" THICK         116 LF           0038         0638600000-E         310         18" CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064" THICK         116 LF           0038         0638600000-E         310         "** CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064" THICK         1           0039         099500000-E         340         PIPE REMOVAL         4,502 LF           0040         100450000-E         505         GENERIC GRADING ITEM GEOTEXTILE FOR SUBGRADE         6,400 SY           0041         1011000000-N         500         FINE GRADING         Lump Sum         LS.           0042         1099500000-E         505         SHALLOW UNDERCUT         1,950 CY         2,500           0044         1220000000-E         505         CLASS IV SUBGRADE STABILIZATION         4,250 TON         1200           0045         1330000000-E         545         INCIDENTAL STONE BASE         2,560 TON         1200           0044         1220000000-E         640         ASPHALT CONC BASE COURSE, TYPE         16,760 TON         SY <th>ine #</th> <th>Item Number</th> <th>Sec #</th> <th>Description</th> <th>Quantity</th> <th>Unit Cost</th> <th>Amount</th>	ine #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
LF         LF           0037         0588000000-E         310         18° CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064" THICK         116 LF           0038         063600000-E         310         *** CS PIPE ELBOWS, ***** THICK         4 EA           0039         099500000-E         340         PIPE REMOVAL         4,502 LF           0040         100450000-E         505         GENERIC GRADING ITEM GENERIC GRADING ITEM GENERIC FOR SUBGRADE         6,400 SY           0041         1011000000-N         500         FINE GRADING         Lump Sum         L.S.           0041         1011000000-E         505         SHALLOW UNDERCUT         1.950 CY         CY           0042         1099500000-E         505         CLASS IV SUBGRADE STABILIZATION         4.250 TON         CY           0043         1099700000-E         505         CLASS IV SUBGRADE STABILIZATION         4.250 TON         CY           0044         1220000000-E         545         INCIDENTAL STONE BASE         2.550 TON         CY           0045         133000000-E         610         ASPHALT CONC BASE COURSE, TYPE         16,760 TON         TON           0046         1491000000-E         610         ASPHALT CONC UNTERMEDIATE         16,010 TON         TON           0048	035	0448600000-E	310	36" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV			
LF         LF           0038         063600000-E         310         ****CS PIPE ELBOWS, ****** THICK         4 EA           0039         099500000-E         340         PIPE REMOVAL         4,502 LF           0040         100450000-E         505         GENERIC GRADING ITEM GEOTEXTILE FOR SUBGRADE         6,400 SY           0041         101450000-E         505         GENERIC GRADING ITEM GEOTEXTILE FOR SUBGRADE         6,400 SY           0042         109950000-E         505         SHALLOW UNDERCUT         1,950 CY           0043         109970000-E         505         CLASS IV SUBGRADE STABILIZATION         4,250 TON           0044         122000000-E         505         CLASS IV SUBGRADE STABILIZATION         4,250 TON           0044         122000000-E         607         INCIDENTAL STONE BASE         2,550 TON           0045         133000000-E         607         INCIDENTAL MILLING         3,010 SY           0046         149100000-E         610         ASPHALT CONC BASE COURSE, TYPE         16,760 TON           0047         150300000-E         610         ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE, TYPE 119.0C         15,040 TON           0048         1523000000-E         610         ASPHALT DINDER FOR PLANT MIX         2,415 TON	036	0448700000-E	310	42" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV			
(18°, 0.064°)       EA         0039       0995000000-E       340       PIPE REMOVAL       4.502 LF         0040       1004500000-E       505       GENERIC GRADING ITEM GEOTEXTILE FOR SUBGRADE       6.400 SY         0041       101100000-N       500       FINE GRADING       Lump Sum       L.S.         0042       1099500000-E       505       SHALLOW UNDERCUT       1.950 CY       CY         0043       1099700000-E       505       CLASS IV SUBGRADE STABILIZATION       4.250 TON       4.250 TON         0044       1220000000-E       545       INCIDENTAL STONE BASE       2.650 TON       2.650 TON         0045       133000000-E       607       INCIDENTAL MILLING       3.010 SY       3.010 SY         0046       149100000-E       610       ASPHALT CONC BASE COURSE, TYPE       16.760 TON         0047       150300000-E       610       ASPHALT CONC INTERMEDIATE TON       16.010 TON         0048       1523000000-E       610       ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE, TYPE 19.0C       15.040 TON         0049       1575000000-E       620       ASPHALT BINDER FOR PLANT MIX       2.415 TON         0049       1575000000-E       654       ASPHALT BINDER FOR PLANT MIX       2.415 TON	037	0588000000-E	310	18" CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064" THICK			
LF           0040         1004500000-E         505         GENERIC GRADING ITEM GEOTEXTILE FOR SUBGRADE STABLIZATION         6,400 SY           0041         1011000000-N         500         FINE GRADING         Lump Sum         L.S.           0042         1099500000-E         505         SHALLOW UNDERCUT         1,950 CY         1,950 CY           0043         109970000-E         505         CLASS IV SUBGRADE STABILIZATION         4,250 TON           0044         122000000-E         545         INCIDENTAL STONE BASE         2,550 TON           0045         133000000-E         607         INCIDENTAL MILLING         3,010 SY           0046         1491000000-E         610         ASPHALT CONC BASE COURSE, TYPE         16,760 TON           0047         1503000000-E         610         ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE, TON         15,040 TON           0049         1523000000-E         610         ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE, TON         15,040 TON           0049         1575000000-E         620         ASPHALT PLANT MIX, PAVEMENT         2,415 TON	038	0636000000-E	310				
GEOTEXTILE FOR SUBGRADE STABLIZATION         SY           0041         1011000000-N         500         FINE GRADING         Lump Sum         L.S.           0042         1099500000-E         505         SHALLOW UNDERCUT         1,950 CY         CY           0043         1099700000-E         505         CLASS IV SUBGRADE STABILIZATION         4,250 TON           0044         122000000-E         545         INCIDENTAL STONE BASE         2,550 TON           0045         133000000-E         607         INCIDENTAL MILLING         3,010 SY           0046         149100000-E         610         ASPHALT CONC BASE COURSE, TYPE         16,760 TON           0047         150300000-E         610         ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE, TYPE 119.0C         15.040 TON           0048         152300000-E         610         ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE, TON         15.040 TON           0049         1575000000-E         620         ASPHALT BINDER FOR PLANT MIX TON         2,415 TON           0045         1693000000-E         654         ASPHALT PLANT MIX, PAVEMENT         3,400	039	0995000000-E	340	PIPE REMOVAL			
0042         1099500000-E         505         SHALLOW UNDERCUT         1,950 CY           0043         1099700000-E         505         CLASS IV SUBGRADE STABILIZATION         4,250 TON           0044         1220000000-E         545         INCIDENTAL STONE BASE         2,550 TON           0045         133000000-E         607         INCIDENTAL MILLING         3,010 SY           0046         1491000000-E         610         ASPHALT CONC BASE COURSE, TYPE         16,760 TON           0047         1503000000-E         610         ASPHALT CONC INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE I19.0C         16,010 TON           0048         1523000000-E         610         ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5C         15,040 TON           0049         1575000000-E         620         ASPHALT BINDER FOR PLANT MIX TON         2,415 TON           0050         1693000000-E         654         ASPHALT PLANT MIX, PAVEMENT         3,400	040	1004500000-E	505	GEOTEXTILE FOR SUBGRADE			
CY           0043         1099700000-E         505         CLASS IV SUBGRADE STABILIZATION         4,250 TON           0044         1220000000-E         545         INCIDENTAL STONE BASE         2,550 TON           0045         1330000000-E         607         INCIDENTAL MILLING         3,010 SY           0046         1491000000-E         610         ASPHALT CONC BASE COURSE, TYPE         16,760 TON           0047         1503000000-E         610         ASPHALT CONC INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE 119.0C         16,010 TON           0048         1523000000-E         610         ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE, TYPE 19.0C         15,040 TON           0049         1575000000-E         620         ASPHALT BINDER FOR PLANT MIX         2,415 TON           0050         1693000000-E         654         ASPHALT PLANT MIX, PAVEMENT         3,400	041	1011000000-N	500	FINE GRADING	Lump Sum	L.S.	
TON         0044       122000000-E       545       INCIDENTAL STONE BASE       2,550 TON         0045       133000000-E       607       INCIDENTAL MILLING       3,010 SY         0046       149100000-E       610       ASPHALT CONC BASE COURSE, TYPE       16,760 TON         0047       150300000-E       610       ASPHALT CONC INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE 119.0C       16,010 TON         0048       152300000-E       610       ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5C       15,040 TON         0049       1575000000-E       620       ASPHALT BINDER FOR PLANT MIX       2,415 TON         0050       169300000-E       654       ASPHALT PLANT MIX, PAVEMENT       3,400	042	1099500000-E	505	SHALLOW UNDERCUT			
TON         0045       133000000-E       607       INCIDENTAL MILLING       3,010 SY         0046       1491000000-E       610       ASPHALT CONC BASE COURSE, TYPE       16,760 TON         0047       1503000000-E       610       ASPHALT CONC INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE I19.0C       16,010 TON         0048       1523000000-E       610       ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5C       15,040 TON         0049       1575000000-E       620       ASPHALT BINDER FOR PLANT MIX       2,415 TON         0050       1693000000-E       654       ASPHALT PLANT MIX, PAVEMENT       3,400	043	1099700000-E	505	CLASS IV SUBGRADE STABILIZATION			
SY         0046       1491000000-E       610       ASPHALT CONC BASE COURSE, TYPE       16,760         0047       1503000000-E       610       ASPHALT CONC INTERMEDIATE       16,010         0047       1503000000-E       610       ASPHALT CONC INTERMEDIATE       16,010         0048       1523000000-E       610       ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE,       15,040         0049       1575000000-E       620       ASPHALT BINDER FOR PLANT MIX       2,415         0050       1693000000-E       654       ASPHALT PLANT MIX, PAVEMENT       3,400	044	1220000000-E	545	INCIDENTAL STONE BASE			
B25.0C       TON         0047       150300000-E       610       ASPHALT CONC INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE I19.0C       16,010 TON         0048       152300000-E       610       ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5C       15,040 TON         0049       157500000-E       620       ASPHALT BINDER FOR PLANT MIX       2,415 TON         0050       169300000-E       654       ASPHALT PLANT MIX, PAVEMENT       3,400	045	1330000000-E	607	INCIDENTAL MILLING			
COURSE, TYPE I19.0C       TON         0048       1523000000-E       610       ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5C       15,040 TON         0049       1575000000-E       620       ASPHALT BINDER FOR PLANT MIX       2,415 TON         0050       1693000000-E       654       ASPHALT PLANT MIX, PAVEMENT       3,400	046	1491000000-E	610				
TYPE S9.5C     TON       0049     1575000000-E     620     ASPHALT BINDER FOR PLANT MIX     2,415       0050     1693000000-E     654     ASPHALT PLANT MIX, PAVEMENT     3,400	047	1503000000-E	610				
TON           0050         1693000000-E         654         ASPHALT PLANT MIX, PAVEMENT         3,400	048	1523000000-E	610				
	049	1575000000-E	620	ASPHALT BINDER FOR PLANT MIX			
	050	1693000000-E	654				
0051 202200000-E 815 SUBDRAIN EXCAVATION 112 CY	051	2022000000-E	815	SUBDRAIN EXCAVATION			

#### ITEMIZED PROPOSAL FOR CONTRACT NO. C204852

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Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0052	202600000-E	815	GEOTEXTILE FOR SUBSURFACE DRAINS	500 SY		
0053	2036000000-E	815	SUBDRAIN COARSE AGGREGATE	84 CY		
0054	2044000000-E	815	6" PERFORATED SUBDRAIN PIPE	500 LF		
0055	2070000000-N	815	SUBDRAIN PIPE OUTLET	1 EA		
0056	2077000000-E	815	6" OUTLET PIPE	6 LF		
0057	2220000000-E	838	REINFORCED ENDWALLS	11.6 CY		
0058	2253000000-E	840	PIPE COLLARS	1.549 CY		
0059	2264000000-E	840	PIPE PLUGS	0.139 CY		
0060	2275000000-E	SP	FLOWABLE FILL	20 CY		
0061	2286000000-N	840	MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES	223 EA		
0062	2297000000-E	840	MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES	43.3 CY		
0063	2308000000-E	840	MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES	271.4 LF		
0064	2364000000-N	840	FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.16	59 EA		
0065	2366000000-N	840	FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.24	9 EA		
0066	2367000000-N	840	FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.29	13 EA		
0067	2374000000-N	840	FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD 840.03, TYPE ** (E)	17 EA		
0068	2374000000-N	840	FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD 840.03, TYPE ** (F)	54 EA		

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0069	237400000-N	840	FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD 840.03, TYPE ** (G)	59 EA		
0070	2396000000-N	840	FRAME WITH COVER, STD 840.54	19 EA		
0071	2418000000-E	SP	FRAME WITH GRATES, DRIVEWAY DROP INLET	30 LF		
0072	2451000000-N	852	CONCRETE TRANSITIONAL SECTION FOR DROP INLET	36 EA		
0073	2535000000-Е	846	**" X **" CONCRETE CURB (8" X 18")	300 LF		
0074	2538000000-Е	846	**'-**" CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER (2'-9")	6,400 LF		
0075	2542000000-Е	846	1'-6" CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER	450 LF		
0076	2549000000-Е	846	2'-6" CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER	18,250 LF		
0077	2591000000-Е	848	4" CONCRETE SIDEWALK	7,170 SY		
0078	2605000000-N	848	CONCRETE CURB RAMPS	35 EA		
0079	2612000000-Е	848	6" CONCRETE DRIVEWAY	160 SY		
0080	2619000000-E	850	4" CONCRETE PAVED DITCH	30 SY		
0081	2655000000-Е	852	5" MONOLITHIC CONCRETE ISLANDS (KEYED IN)	4,810 SY		
0082	2724000000-Е	857	PRECAST REINFORCED CONCRETE BARRIER, SINGLE FACED	116 LF		
0083	2759000000-N	SP	GENERIC PAVING ITEM PRECAST CONCRETE PARKING CURB	40 EA		
0084	2830000000-N	858	ADJUSTMENT OF MANHOLES	8 EA		
0085	2845000000-N	858	ADJUSTMENT OF METER BOXES OR VALVE BOXES	15 EA		

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0086	289300000-N	859	CONVERT EXISTING CATCH BASIN TO JUNCTION BOX WITH MANHOLE	1 EA		
0087	2938000000-N	859	CONVERT EXISTING DROP INLET TO JUNCTION BOX WITH MANHOLE	1 EA		
0088	3001000000-N	SP	IMPACT ATTENUATOR UNITS, TYPE TL-3	4 EA		
0089	303000000-E	862	STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL	3,087.5 LF		
0090	3045000000-E	862	STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL, SHOP CURVED	487.5 LF		
0091	3145000000-Е	862	EXTRA LENGTH GUARDRAIL POST (**' STEEL) (8')	4 EA		
0092	315000000-N	862	ADDITIONAL GUARDRAIL POSTS	10 EA		
0093	3210000000-N	862	GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE CAT-1	10 EA		
0094	3287000000-N	SP	GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE TL-3	6 EA		
0095	3317000000-N	SP	GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE B- 77	8 EA		
0096	336000000-E	863	REMOVE EXISTING GUARDRAIL	919 LF		
0097	3533000000-E	866	CHAIN LINK FENCE, **" FABRIC (72")	633 LF		
0098	3536000000-E	866	CHAIN LINK FENCE, 48" FABRIC	861 LF		
0099	3539000000-E	866	METAL LINE POSTS FOR **" CHAIN LINK FENCE (72")	54 EA		
0100	3542000000-Е	866	METAL LINE POSTS FOR 48" CHAIN LINK FENCE	71 EA		
0101	3545000000-Е	866	METAL TERMINAL POSTS FOR **" CHAIN LINK FENCE (72")	7 EA		
0102	3548000000-E	866	METAL TERMINAL POSTS FOR 48" CHAIN LINK FENCE	9 EA		

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0103	356500000-E	866	DOUBLE GATES, **" HIGH, **' WIDE, **' OPENING (60", 8', 16')	1 EA		
0104	3565000000-E	866	DOUBLE GATES, **" HIGH, **' WIDE, **' OPENING (72", 8', 16')	1 EA		
0105	3569000000-E	867	BARBED WIRE FENCE RESET	20 LF		
0106	3572000000-E	867	CHAIN LINK FENCE RESET	90 LF		
0107	3575000000-E	SP	GENERIC FENCING ITEM PEDESTRIAN SAFETY RAIL	640 LF		
0108	357800000-N	SP	GENERIC FENCING ITEM RESET EXISTING FENCE GATE	1 EA		
0109	3628000000-E	876	RIP RAP, CLASS I	870 TON		
0110	3635000000-E	876	RIP RAP, CLASS II	1,810 TON		
0111	3642000000-E	876	RIP RAP, CLASS A	1 TON		
0112	3649000000-E	876	RIP RAP, CLASS B	380 TON		
0113	3656000000-E	876	GEOTEXTILE FOR DRAINAGE	3,430 SY		
0114	4057000000-E	SP	OVERHEAD FOOTING	125 CY		
0115	4072000000-E	903	SUPPORTS, 3-LB STEEL U-CHANNEL	2,500 LF		
0116	4082100000-N	906	SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUCTURE AT STA ****** (32+00 -Y-)	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0117	4082100000-N	906	SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUCTURE AT STA ****** (32+25 -Y-)	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0118	4082100000-N	906	SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUCTURE AT STA ***** (40+38 -Y-)	Lump Sum	L.S.	

#### ITEMIZED PROPOSAL FOR CONTRACT NO. C204852

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Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0119	4082100000-N	906	SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUCTURE AT STA ****** (40+63 -Y-)	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0120	4082100000-N	906	SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUCTURE AT STA ****** (60+25 -L-)	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0121	4082100000-N	906	SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUCTURE AT STA ****** (65+25 -L-)	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0122	4102000000-N	904	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE E	149 EA		
0123	4108000000-N	904	SIGN ERECTION, TYPE F	8 EA		
0124	4116100000-N	904	SIGN ERECTION, RELOCATE TYPE **** (GROUND MOUNTED) (B)	1 EA		
0125	4116100000-N	904	SIGN ERECTION, RELOCATE TYPE **** (GROUND MOUNTED) (E)	2 EA		
0126	4155000000-N	907	DISPOSAL OF SIGN SYSTEM, U- CHANNEL	46 EA		
0127	419200000-N	907	DISPOSAL OF SUPPORT, U-CHANNEL	2 EA		
0128	4400000000-E	1110	WORK ZONE SIGNS (STATIONARY)	461 SF		
0129	4405000000-E	1110	WORK ZONE SIGNS (PORTABLE)	480 SF		
0130	4410000000-E	1110	WORK ZONE SIGNS (BARRICADE MOUNTED)	199 SF		
0131	4415000000-N	1115	FLASHING ARROW BOARD	3 EA		
0132	4420000000-N	1120	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	4 EA		
0133	443000000-N	1130	DRUMS	700 EA		
0134	4445000000-E	1145	BARRICADES (TYPE III)	240 LF		

#### ITEMIZED PROPOSAL FOR CONTRACT NO. C204852

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Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0135	4455000000-N	1150	FLAGGER	134 DAY		
0136	4465000000-N	1160	TEMPORARY CRASH CUSHIONS	2 EA		
0137	4470000000-N	1160	REMOVE & RESET TEMPORARY CRASH CUSHION	2 EA		
0138	4485000000-E	1170	PORTABLE CONCRETE BARRIER	860 LF		
0139	4490000000-E	1170	PORTABLE CONCRETE BARRIER (ANCHORED)	140 LF		
0140	4500000000-E	1170	REMOVE AND RESET PORTABLE CONCRETE BARRIER	810 LF		
0141	4510000000-N	1190	LAW ENFORCEMENT	16 HR		
0142	4650000000-N	1251	TEMPORARY RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS	1,443 EA		
0143	4695000000-E	1205	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (8", 90 MILS)	950 LF		
0144	4700000000-E	1205	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (12", 90 MILS)	1,715 LF		
0145	4709000000-E	1205	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (24", 90 MILS)	1,150 LF		
0146	4720000000-E	1205	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING CHARACTER (90 MILS)	28 EA		
0147	4725000000-E	1205	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL (90 MILS)	126 EA		
0148	4726100000-E	1205	HEATED-IN-PLACE THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING CHARACTER (120 MILS)	12 EA		
0149	4726110000-E	1205	HEATED-IN-PLACE THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL (90 MILS)	32 EA		
0150	4810000000-E	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (4")	155,849 LF		
0151	4820000000-E	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (8")	15,745 LF		

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0152	483500000-E	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (24")	1,560 LF		
0153	4840000000-N	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING CHARACTER	48 EA		
0154	4845000000-N	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL	316 EA		
0155	4847096000-E	SP	POLYUREA PAVEMENT MARKING LINES, **", ** MILS (STANDARD GLASS BEADS) (4", 20 MILS)	42,100 LF		
0156	4847096000-E	SP	POLYUREA PAVEMENT MARKING LINES, **", ** MILS (STANDARD GLASS BEADS) (8", 20 MILS)	4,150 LF		
0157	4850000000-E	1205	REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (4")	100 LF		
0158	4895000000-N	SP	GENERIC PAVEMENT MARKING ITEM IN LANE ROUTE SHIELDS	4 EA		
0159	4905100000-N	SP	NON-CAST IRON SNOWPLOWABLE PAVEMENT MARKER	975 EA		
0160	5325600000-E	1510	6" WATER LINE	105 LF		
0161	5325800000-E	1510	8" WATER LINE	850 LF		
0162	5326200000-E	1510	12" WATER LINE	1,270 LF		
0163	5326600000-E	1510	16" WATER LINE	1,335 LF		
0164	5329000000-E	1510		22,435 LB		
0165	5540000000-E	1515	6" VALVE	16 EA		
0166	5546000000-E	1515	8" VALVE	5 EA		
0167	5558000000-E	1515	12" VALVE	1 EA		

#### ITEMIZED PROPOSAL FOR CONTRACT NO. C204852

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Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0168	5571800000-E	1515	8" TAPPING SLEEVE & VALVE	1 EA		
0169	5572600000-E	1515	16" TAPPING SLEEVE & VALVE	2 EA		
0170	5573400000-E	1515	24" TAPPING SLEEVE & VALVE	4 EA		
0171	5648000000-N	1515	RELOCATE WATER METER	12 EA		
0172	5656210000-E	1515	RELOCATE 2" RPZ BACKFLOW PREVENTION ASSEMBLY	1 EA		
0173	5672000000-N	1515	RELOCATE FIRE HYDRANT	14 EA		
0174	5673000000-E	1515	FIRE HYDRANT LEG	491 LF		
0175	5679600000-E	1515	24" LINE STOP	4 EA		
0176	5686000000-E	1515	**" WATER SERVICE LINE (2")	223 LF		
0177	5686500000-E	1515	WATER SERVICE LINE	415 LF		
0178	5691300000-E	1520	8" SANITARY GRAVITY SEWER	2,597 LF		
0179	5709900000-E	1520	24" FORCE MAIN SEWER	185 LF		
0180	5768000000-N	1520	SANITARY SEWER CLEAN-OUT	3 EA		
0181	5768500000-E	1520	SEWER SERVICE LINE	45 LF		
0182	5769000000-E	1520	DUCTILE IRON SEWER PIPE FITTINGS	10,940 LB		
0183	5775000000-E	1525	4' DIA UTILITY MANHOLE	24 EA		
0184	5781000000-E	1525	UTILITY MANHOLE WALL 4' DIA	125 LF		

#### ITEMIZED PROPOSAL FOR CONTRACT NO. C204852

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Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0185	580000000-E	1530	ABANDON 6" UTILITY PIPE	55 LF		
0186	5801000000-E	1530	ABANDON 8" UTILITY PIPE	3,709 LF		
0187	5804000000-E	1530	ABANDON 12" UTILITY PIPE	1,205 LF		
0188	581000000-E	1530	ABANDON 16" UTILITY PIPE	1,270 LF		
0189	5813000000-E	1530	ABANDON 24" UTILITY PIPE	136 LF		
0190	5815000000-N	1530	REMOVE WATER METER	3 EA		
0191	5816000000-N	1530	ABANDON UTILITY MANHOLE	15 EA		
0192	5835000000-E	1540	**" ENCASEMENT PIPE (24")	40 LF		
0193	5835700000-E	1540	16" ENCASEMENT PIPE	398 LF		
0194	5836400000-E	1540	36" ENCASEMENT PIPE	48 LF		
0195	5872500000-E	1550	BORE AND JACK OF **" (16")	403 LF		
0196	6000000000-E	1605	TEMPORARY SILT FENCE	17,200 LF		
0197	6006000000-E	1610	STONE FOR EROSION CONTROL, CLASS A	1,275 TON		
0198	6009000000-E	1610	STONE FOR EROSION CONTROL, CLASS B	3,755 TON		
0199	6012000000-E	1610	SEDIMENT CONTROL STONE	3,525 TON		
0200	6015000000-E	1615	TEMPORARY MULCHING	9 ACR		
0201	6018000000-E	1620	SEED FOR TEMPORARY SEEDING	600 LB		

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0202	602100000-E	1620	FERTILIZER FOR TEMPORARY SEEDING	5.5 TON		
0203	6024000000-E	1622	TEMPORARY SLOPE DRAINS	885 LF		
0204	6029000000-E	SP	SAFETY FENCE	3,640 LF		
0205	603000000-E	1630	SILT EXCAVATION	51,380 CY		
0206	6036000000-E	1631	MATTING FOR EROSION CONTROL	21,500 SY		
0207	6037000000-E	SP	COIR FIBER MAT	100 SY		
0208	6038000000-E	SP	PERMANENT SOIL REINFORCEMENT MAT	30 SY		
0209	6042000000-E	1632	1/4" HARDWARE CLOTH	7,620 LF		
0210	6070000000-N	1639	SPECIAL STILLING BASINS	4 EA		
0211	6071012000-E	1642	COIR FIBER WATTLE	30 LF		
0212	6071020000-E	SP	POLYACRYLAMIDE (PAM)	900 LB		
0213	6071030000-E	1640	COIR FIBER BAFFLE	855 LF		
0214	6071050000-E	SP	**" SKIMMER (1-1/2")	3 EA		
0215	6071050000-E	SP	**" SKIMMER (2")	1 EA		
0216	6071050000-E	SP	**" SKIMMER (3")	1 EA		
0217	6084000000-E	1660	SEEDING & MULCHING	12 ACR		
0218	6087000000-E	1660	MOWING	6 ACR		

#### ITEMIZED PROPOSAL FOR CONTRACT NO. C204852

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Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0219	609000000-E	1661	SEED FOR REPAIR SEEDING	100 LB		
0220	6093000000-E	1661	FERTILIZER FOR REPAIR SEEDING	0.5 TON		
0221	6096000000-E	1662	SEED FOR SUPPLEMENTAL SEEDING	375 LB		
0222	6108000000-E	1665	FERTILIZER TOPDRESSING	11.25 TON		
0223	6111000000-Е	SP	IMPERVIOUS DIKE	285 LF		
0224	6114500000-N	1667	SPECIALIZED HAND MOWING	10 MHR		
0225	6114800000-N	SP	MANUAL LITTER REMOVAL	7 MHR		
0226	6114900000-Е	SP	LITTER DISPOSAL	2 TON		
0227	6117000000-N	SP	RESPONSE FOR EROSION CONTROL	25 EA		
0228	6117500000-N	SP	CONCRETE WASHOUT STRUCTURE	4 EA		
0229	6123000000-Е	1670	REFORESTATION	0.1 ACR		
0230	6132000000-N	SP	GENERIC EROSION CONTROL ITEM FABRIC INSERT INLET PROTECTION DEVICE	17 EA		
0231	6132000000-N	SP	GENERIC EROSION CONTROL ITEM FABRIC INSERT INLET PROTECTION DEVICE CLEANOUT	51 EA		
0232	7048500000-E	1705	PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEAD (16", 1 SECTION W/COUNTDOWN)	18 EA		
0233	706000000-E	1705	SIGNAL CABLE	15,870 LF		
0234	7120000000-E	1705	VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 3 SECTION)	57 EA		
0235	7132000000-E	1705	VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 4 SECTION)	7 EA		

#### ITEMIZED PROPOSAL FOR CONTRACT NO. C204852

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Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0236	7144000000-E	1705	VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 5 SECTION)	6 EA		
0237	7252000000-E	1710	MESSENGER CABLE (1/4")	4,640 LF		
0238	7264000000-E	1710	MESSENGER CABLE (3/8")	730 LF		
0239	7279000000-E	1715	TRACER WIRE	1,810 LF		
0240	7288000000-E	1715	PAVED TRENCHING (**********) (1, 2")	20 LF		
0241	7288000000-E	1715	PAVED TRENCHING (*********) (2, 2")	280 LF		
0242	7300000000-E	1715	UNPAVED TRENCHING (*********) (1, 2")	1,840 LF		
0243	7300000000-E	1715	UNPAVED TRENCHING (*********) (2, 2")	2,090 LF		
0244	7300000000-E	1715	UNPAVED TRENCHING (*********) (3, 2")	30 LF		
0245	730000000-E	1715	UNPAVED TRENCHING (*********) (4, 2")	110 LF		
0246	730000000-E	1715	UNPAVED TRENCHING (*********) (6, 2")	110 LF		
0247	7301000000-E	1715	DIRECTIONAL DRILL (*********) (1, 2")	60 LF		
0248	7301000000-E	1715	DIRECTIONAL DRILL (*********) (2, 2")	1,020 LF		
0249	7301000000-E	1715	DIRECTIONAL DRILL (*********) (3, 2")	80 LF		
0250	7301000000-E	1715	DIRECTIONAL DRILL (*********) (4, 2")	130 LF		
0251	7324000000-N	1716	JUNCTION BOX (STANDARD SIZE)	41 EA		
0252	7348000000-N	1716	JUNCTION BOX (OVER-SIZED, HEAVY DUTY)	26 EA		

#### ITEMIZED PROPOSAL FOR CONTRACT NO. C204852

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Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0253	736000000-N	1720	WOOD POLE	4 EA		
0254	7372000000-N	1721	GUY ASSEMBLY	15 EA		
0255	740800000-E	1722	1" RISER WITH WEATHERHEAD	1 EA		
0256	742000000-E	1722	2" RISER WITH WEATHERHEAD	4 EA		
0257	7432000000-E	1722	2" RISER WITH HEAT SHRINK TUBING	6 EA		
0258	7444000000-E	1725	INDUCTIVE LOOP SAWCUT	3,710 LF		
0259	7456000000-E	1726	LEAD-IN CABLE (**********) (14-2)	16,940 LF		
0260	7481000000-N	SP	SITE SURVEY	2 EA		
0261	7481240000-N	SP	CAMERA WITHOUT INTERNAL LOOP EMULATOR PROCESSING UNIT	3 EA		
0262	7481260000-N	SP	EXTERNAL LOOP EMULATOR PROCESSING UNIT	2 EA		
0263	7516000000-E	1730	COMMUNICATIONS CABLE (** FIBER) (48)	6,920 LF		
0264	7528000000-E	1730	DROP CABLE	1,210 LF		
0265	754000000-N	1731	SPLICE ENCLOSURE	5 EA		
0266	756600000-N	1733	DELINEATOR MARKER	17 EA		
0267	757600000-N	SP	METAL STRAIN SIGNAL POLE	4 EA		
0268	758800000-N	SP	METAL POLE WITH SINGLE MAST ARM	3 EA		
0269	759000000-N	SP	METAL POLE WITH DUAL MAST ARM	1 EA		

#### ITEMIZED PROPOSAL FOR CONTRACT NO. C204852

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Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
0270	761300000-N	SP	SOIL TEST	8 EA		
0271	7614100000-E	SP	DRILLED PIER FOUNDATION	8 CY		
0272	763000000-N	SP	METAL STRAIN POLE DESIGN	4 EA		
0273	7631000000-N	SP	MAST ARM WITH METAL POLE DESIGN	4 EA		
0274	7636000000-N	1745	SIGN FOR SIGNALS	28 EA		
0275	7642100000-N	1743	TYPE I POST WITH FOUNDATION	12 EA		
0276	7642200000-N	1743	TYPE II PEDESTAL WITH FOUNDATION	10 EA		
0277	7642300000-N	1743	TYPE III PEDESTAL WITH FOUNDATION	1 EA		
0278	7648000000-N	1746	RELOCATE EXISTING SIGN	2 EA		
0279	7684000000-N	1750	SIGNAL CABINET FOUNDATION	4 EA		
0280	7687000000-N	1752	MODIFY FOUNDATION FOR CONTROLLER CABINET	1 EA		
0281	769600000-N	1751	CONTROLLERS WITH CABINET (******************************) (TYPE 2070LX, BASE MOUNTED)	5 EA		
0282	7780000000-N	1751	DETECTOR CARD (TYPE 2070L)	30 EA		
0283	7901000000-N	1753	CABINET BASE EXTENDER	5 EA		
0284	798000000-N	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM ETHERNET EDGE SWITCH	5 EA		
0285	798000000-N	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM EVP PHASE SELECTOR	2 EA		
0286	7980000000-N	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM OPTICAL DETECTOR UNIT	2 EA		

#### ITEMIZED PROPOSAL FOR CONTRACT NO. C204852

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County: IREDELL

County	: IREDELL						
Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount	
CULVERT ITEMS							
0287	803500000-N	402	REMOVAL OF EXISTING STRUCTURE AT STATION *********** (36+00.33 -L-)	Lump Sum	L.S.		
0288	8126000000-N	414	CULVERT EXCAVATION, STA ****** (36+00.33 -L-)	Lump Sum	L.S.		
0289	8133000000-E	414	FOUNDATION CONDITIONING MATERIAL, BOX CULVERT	921 TON			
0290	8196000000-E	420	CLASS A CONCRETE (CULVERT)	649.4 CY			
0291	8245000000-E	425	REINFORCING STEEL (CULVERT)	117,735 LB			
0292	8822000000-E	SP	GENERIC CULVERT ITEM FOUNDATION CONDITIONING GEOTEXTILE	1,611 SY			
			WALL ITEMS				
0293	880100000-E	SP	MSE RETAINING WALL NO **** (1)	16,240 SF			
0294	8801000000-E	SP	MSE RETAINING WALL NO **** (2)	420 SF			
0295	8801000000-E	SP	MSE RETAINING WALL NO **** (3)	1,200 SF			
0296	8801000000-E	SP	MSE RETAINING WALL NO **** (4)	230 SF			

0300 8847000000-E SP GENERIC RETAINING WALL ITEM 10,365 SOUND BARRIER WALL NO -NW2- SF				ARCHITECTURAL SURFACE TREATMENT (SOUND BARRIER WALL)	SF	
	0300	8847000000-E	SP			

MSE RETAINING WALL NO \*\*\*\*

MSE RETAINING WALL NO \*\*\*\*

GENERIC RETAINING WALL ITEM

0926/Sep14/Q1018548.738/D1364851824000/E300

SP

SP

SP

(5)

(6)

0297

0298

0299

880100000-E

880100000-E

884700000-E

Total Amount Of Bid For Entire Project :

970

SF

440 SF

16,224

# Vendor 1 of 5: THE LANE CONSTRUCTION CORPORATION (3317) Call Order 012 (Proposal: C204852)

# **Bid Information**

<b>Proposal County:</b>	IREDELL	Bid Checksum:	E0D2FB79FF
Vendor Address:	90 FIELDSTONE COURT	<b>Bid Total:</b>	\$34,788,496.49
	CHESHIRE, CT, 06410	Items Total:	\$34,788,496.49
Signature Check:	Chelsea Cora Abbott	Time Total:	\$0.00
Time Bid Received:	November 21, 2023 01:50 PM		
Amendment Count:	0		

**Bidding Errors:** 

None.

# Vendor 1 of 5: THE LANE CONSTRUCTION CORPORATION (3317) Call Order 012 (Proposal: C204852)

# **Bid Bond Information**

<b>Projects:</b>		Bond Maximum:	
Counties:		State of Incorporation:	MA
Bond ID:	2539-D9FE-2513-281B	Agency Execution Date:	2023-11-14T00
Paid by Check:	No	Surety Name:	Tinubu Surety
Bond Percent:	5%	Bond Agency Name:	Liberty Mutual Insurance Company

## DBE Load Information

Letting ID: L231121 Letting Date: 11/21/2023 Call Order: 012 Contract ID: C204852 Project: STATE FUNDEDSTATE FUNDEDSTATE FUNDED Bid Total: \$34,788,496.49 DBE Goal: 5.00% (\$1,739,424.82)

Vendor ID: 3317 Vendor Name: The Lane Construction Corp DBE Entered: 5.18% (\$1,801,796.27)

Vendor ID	DBE Name	Is Supplier?	City/State	Goods/Service	Amount	
45185	TRAFFIC CONTROL SAFETY SERVICES	False	P.O. BOX 24511	SubContractor	760,392.00	
			WINSTON-SALEM, NC 27114	Committed		
23917	REYNOLDS FENCE	False	9320 MACHADO DR	SubContractor	238,370.75	
			INDIAN TRAIL, NC 28079	Committed		
50691	TRICOR CONSTRUCTION INC	False	1983 CHESNEEE HWY	SubContractor	803,033.52	
			SPARTANBURG, SC 29303	Committed		

BondID: 2539-D9FE-2513-281B Surety Registry Agency: Tinubu Surety Verified?: 1 Surety Agency: Liberty Mutual Insurance Company Bond Execution Date: 2023-11-14T00:00:00

Line Number	Item Number	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Extension Price
Section 0001 ROADWAY ITEMS					
0001	0000100000-N MOBILIZATION	1.000	LS	\$1,700,000.0000	\$1,700,000.00
0002	0000400000-N CONSTRUCTION SU	1.000 JRVEYING	LS	\$222,885.0000	\$222,885.00
0003	0001000000-E CLEARING & GRUE		LS (S)	\$125,000.0000	\$125,000.00
0004	0008000000-E SUPPLEMENTARY C	1.000 CLEARING & GRU		\$15,900.0000	\$15,900.00
0005	0015000000-N SEALING ABANDON	1.000 NED WELLS	EA	\$4,630.0000	\$4,630.00
0006	0022000000-E UNCLASSIFIED EX	36200.000 CAVATION	СҮ	\$24.0000	\$868,800.00
0007	0036000000-E UNDERCUT EXCAVA	9350.000 ATION	СҮ	\$17.0000	\$158,950.00
0008	0106000000-E BORROW EXCAVATI		СҮ	\$21.0000	\$3,399,900.00
0009	0134000000-E DRAINAGE DITCH	1210.000 EXCAVATION	СҮ	\$34.0000	\$41,140.00
0010	0156000000-E REMOVAL OF EXIS	6820.000 STING ASPHALT		\$8.0000	\$54,560.00
0011	0177000000-E BREAKING OF EXI	3340.000 STING ASPHALT		\$4.0000	\$13,360.00
0012	0195000000-E SELECT GRANULAF	9300.000 R MATERIAL	СҮ	\$30.3000	\$281,790.00
0013	0196000000-E GEOTEXTILE FOR			\$3.3000	\$31,350.00
0014	0199000000-E TEMPORARY SHORI	4717.000	SF	\$60.0000	\$283,020.00
0015	0255000000-E GENERIC GRADING	500.000 G ITEM HAULING		\$137.0000 J OF COAL ASH CONTAMINAT	\$68,500.00 TED MATERIAL
0016	0255000000-E GENERIC GRADING	50.000 G ITEM HAULING		\$81.0000 J OF PETROLEUM CONTAMINA	
0017	0318000000-E FOUNDATION CONE	1870.000 DITIONING MATH		\$68.0000 STRUCTURES	\$127,160.00
0018	0320000000-E FOUNDATION CONE	5870.000 DITIONING GEO		\$1.2500	\$7,337.50
0019	0335200000-E 15" DRAINAGE PI	136.000 IPE	LF	\$99.0000	\$13,464.00
0020	0335300000-E 18" DRAINAGE PI	200.000 PE	LF	\$95.0000	\$19,000.00
0021	0335400000-E 24" DRAINAGE PI	200.000 PE	LF	\$101.0000	\$20,200.00
0022	0335500000-E 30" DRAINAGE PI	68.000 PE	LF	\$135.0000	\$9,180.00
0023	0366000000-E 15" RC PIPE CUI	116.000		\$81.0000	\$9,396.00

Contract	ID:	C204	4852
	Ca	all:	012

0024	0372000000-E 1160.000 LF 18" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	\$92.0000	\$106,720.00
0025			
	0378000000-E 220.000 LF 24" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	\$114.0000	\$25,080.00
0026	0384000000-E 228.000 LF 30" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	\$152.0000	\$34,656.00
0027	039000000-E 132.000 LF 36" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	\$192.0000	\$25,344.00
0028	0396000000-E 52.000 LF 42" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	\$308.0000	\$16,016.00
0029	0402000000-E 60.000 LF 48" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	\$354.0000	\$21,240.00
0030	041400000-E 304.000 LF 60" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III	\$486.0000	\$147,744.00
0031	0448200000-E 16.000 LF 15" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	\$89.0000	\$1,424.00
0032	0448300000-E 9272.000 LF 18" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	\$115.0000	\$1,066,280.00
0033	0448400000-E 3100.000 LF 24" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	\$132.0000	\$409,200.00
0034	0448500000-E 376.000 LF 30" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	\$164.0000	\$61,664.00
0035	0448600000-E 708.000 LF 36" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	\$232.0000	\$164,256.00
0036	0448700000-E 1124.000 LF 42" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV	\$299.0000	\$336,076.00
0037	0588000000-E 116.000 LF 18" CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064" THICK	\$98.0000	\$11,368.00
0038	0636000000-E 4.000 EA **" CS PIPE ELBOWS, ****" THICK (18", 0.064"	\$600.0000 ")	\$2,400.00
0039	0995000000-E 4502.000 LF PIPE REMOVAL	\$18.2000	\$81,936.40
0040	1004500000-E 6400.000 SY GENERIC GRADING ITEM GEOTEXTILE FOR SUBGRADE	\$5.4000 STABLIZATION	\$34,560.00
0041	1011000000-N 1.000 LS FINE GRADING	\$172,000.0000	\$172,000.00
0042	1099500000-E 1950.000 СҮ SHALLOW UNDERCUT	\$15.5000	\$30,225.00
0043	1099700000-E 4250.000 TON CLASS IV SUBGRADE STABILIZATION	\$49.2000	\$209,100.00
0044	1220000000-E 2550.000 TON INCIDENTAL STONE BASE	\$50.0000	\$127,500.00
0045	1330000000-E 3010.000 SY INCIDENTAL MILLING	\$4.2900	\$12,912.90
0046	149100000-E 16760.000 TON ASPHALT CONC BASE COURSE, TYPE B25.0C	\$87.0000	\$1,458,120.00
0047	150300000-E 16010.000 TON ASPHALT CONC INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE I19.00	\$110.0000 C	\$1,761,100.00
0048	152300000-E 15040.000 TON	\$100.0000	\$1,504,000.00
	Errors: No		Check: E0D2FB79FF

	ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5C		
0049	1575000000-E 2415.000 TON ASPHALT BINDER FOR PLANT MIX	\$735.0000	\$1,775,025.00
0050	1693000000-E 3400.000 TON ASPHALT PLANT MIX, PAVEMENT REPAIR	\$399.0000	\$1,356,600.00
0051	202200000-E 112.000 CY SUBDRAIN EXCAVATION	\$14.5000	\$1,624.00
0052	202600000-E 500.000 SY GEOTEXTILE FOR SUBSURFACE DRAINS	\$2.3100	\$1,155.00
0053	203600000-E 84.000 CY SUBDRAIN COARSE AGGREGATE	\$92.0000	\$7,728.00
0054	2044000000-E 500.000 LF 6" PERFORATED SUBDRAIN PIPE	\$3.8300	\$1,915.00
0055	207000000-N 1.000 EA SUBDRAIN PIPE OUTLET	\$248.0000	\$248.00
0056	2077000000-E 6.000 LF 6" OUTLET PIPE	\$11.2000	\$67.20
0057	2220000000-E 11.600 CY REINFORCED ENDWALLS	\$1,080.0000	\$12,528.00
0058	2253000000-E 1.549 CY PIPE COLLARS	\$2,350.0000	\$3,640.15
0059	2264000000-E 0.139 CY PIPE PLUGS	\$5,600.0000	\$778.40
0060	2275000000-E 20.000 CY FLOWABLE FILL	\$329.0000	\$6,580.00
0061	2286000000-N 223.000 EA MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES	\$3,100.0000	\$691,300.00
0062	2297000000-E 43.300 CY MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES	\$2,690.0000	\$116,477.00
0063	2308000000-E 271.400 LF MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES	\$870.0000	\$236,118.00
0064	2364000000-N 59.000 EA FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.16	\$1,080.0000	\$63,720.00
0065	2366000000-N 9.000 EA FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.24	\$1,780.0000	\$16,020.00
0066	2367000000-N 13.000 EA FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.29	\$1,040.0000	\$13,520.00
0067	2374000000-N 17.000 EA FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD 840.03, TYPE ** (E)	\$1,220.0000	\$20,740.00
0068	2374000000-N 54.000 EA FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD 840.03, TYPE ** (F)	\$1,220.0000	\$65,880.00
0069	2374000000-N 59.000 EA FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD 840.03, TYPE ** (G)	\$1,220.0000	\$71,980.00
0070	2396000000-N 19.000 EA FRAME WITH COVER, STD 840.54	\$870.0000	\$16,530.00
0071	2418000000-E 30.000 LF FRAME WITH GRATES, DRIVEWAY DROP INLET	\$495.0000	\$14,850.00
0072	2451000000-N 36.000 EA CONCRETE TRANSITIONAL SECTION FOR DROP INLET	\$1,240.0000	\$44,640.00

Letting: L231121 11/21/2023 02:00:00	North Carolina Department of Transportati PM 3317 - The Lane Construction Corp	on	Contract ID: C204852 Call: 012
0073	2535000000-E 300.000 LF **" X **" CONCRETE CURB (8" X 18")	\$34.2000	\$10,260.00
0074	2538000000-E 6400.000 LF **'-**" CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER (2'-9")	\$37.3000	\$238,720.00
0075	2542000000-E 450.000 LF 1'-6" CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER	\$34.2000	\$15,390.00
0076	2549000000-E 18250.000 LF 2'-6" CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER	\$36.5000	\$666,125.00
0077	2591000000-E 7170.000 SY 4" CONCRETE SIDEWALK	\$85.0000	\$609,450.00
0078	260500000-N 35.000 EA CONCRETE CURB RAMPS	\$4,500.0000	\$157,500.00
0079	2612000000-E 160.000 SY 6" CONCRETE DRIVEWAY	\$90.0000	\$14,400.00
0080	2619000000-E 30.000 SY 4" CONCRETE PAVED DITCH	\$242.0000	\$7,260.00
0081	2655000000-E 4810.000 SY 5" MONOLITHIC CONCRETE ISLANDS (KEYED IN)	\$126.0000	\$606,060.00
0082	2724000000-E 116.000 LF PRECAST REINFORCED CONCRETE BARRIER, SINGLE	\$133.0000 FACED	\$15,428.00
0083	2759000000-N 40.000 EA GENERIC PAVING ITEM PRECAST CONCRETE PARKING	\$121.0000 CURB	\$4,840.00
0084	2830000000-N 8.000 EA ADJUSTMENT OF MANHOLES	\$1,260.0000	\$10,080.00
0085	2845000000-N 15.000 EA ADJUSTMENT OF METER BOXES OR VALVE BOXES	\$930.0000	\$13,950.00
0086	2893000000-N 1.000 EA CONVERT EXISTING CATCH BASIN TO JUNCTION BOX	\$1,570.0000 WITH MANHOLE	\$1,570.00
0087	2938000000-N 1.000 EA CONVERT EXISTING DROP INLET TO JUNCTION BOX	\$1,570.0000 WITH MANHOLE	\$1,570.00
0088	300100000-N 4.000 EA IMPACT ATTENUATOR UNITS, TYPE TL-3	\$31,700.0000	\$126,800.00
0089	303000000-E 3087.500 LF STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL	\$26.8000	\$82,745.00
0090	3045000000-E 487.500 LF STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL, SHOP CURVED	\$30.5000	\$14,868.75
0091	3145000000-E 4.000 EA EXTRA LENGTH GUARDRAIL POST (**' STEEL) (8')	\$116.0000	\$464.00
0092	3150000000-N 10.000 EA ADDITIONAL GUARDRAIL POSTS	\$57.0000	\$570.00
0093	3210000000-N 10.000 EA GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE CAT-1	\$1,100.0000	\$11,000.00
0094	3287000000-N 6.000 EA GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE TL-3	\$4,140.0000	\$24,840.00
0095	3317000000-N 8.000 EA GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE B-77	\$3,410.0000	\$27,280.00
0096	336000000-E 919.000 LF REMOVE EXISTING GUARDRAIL	\$2.1300	\$1,957.47
0097	353300000-Е 633.000 LF	\$30.5000	\$19,306.50

	CHAIN LINK FENCE, **" FABRIC (72")	
0098	353600000-E 861.000 LF \$30.5000 CHAIN LINK FENCE, 48" FABRIC	\$26,260.50
0099	353900000-E 54.000 EA \$116.0000 METAL LINE POSTS FOR **" CHAIN LINK FENCE (72")	\$6,264.00
0100	3542000000-E 71.000 EA \$183.0000 METAL LINE POSTS FOR 48" CHAIN LINK FENCE	\$12,993.00
0101	3545000000-E 7.000 EA \$275.0000 METAL TERMINAL POSTS FOR **" CHAIN LINK FENCE (72")	\$1,925.00
0102	3548000000-E 9.000 EA \$305.0000 METAL TERMINAL POSTS FOR 48" CHAIN LINK FENCE	\$2,745.00
0103	3565000000-E 1.000 EA \$3,240.0000 DOUBLE GATES, **" HIGH, **' WIDE, **' OPENING (60", 8', 16')	\$3,240.00
0104	3565000000-E 1.000 EA \$3,910.0000 DOUBLE GATES, **" HIGH, **' WIDE, **' OPENING (72", 8', 16')	\$3,910.00
0105	356900000-E 20.000 LF \$36.7000 BARBED WIRE FENCE RESET	\$734.00
0106	3572000000-E 90.000 LF \$48.9000 CHAIN LINK FENCE RESET	\$4,401.00
0107	3575000000-E 640.000 LF \$287.0000 GENERIC FENCING ITEM PEDESTRIAN SAFETY RAIL	\$183,680.00
0108	3578000000-N 1.000 EA \$1,830.0000 GENERIC FENCING ITEM RESET EXISTING FENCE GATE	\$1,830.00
0109	3628000000-E 870.000 TON \$64.0000 RIP RAP, CLASS I	\$55,680.00
0110	3635000000-E 1810.000 TON \$86.0000 RIP RAP, CLASS II	\$155,660.00
0111	3642000000-E 1.000 TON \$68.0000 RIP RAP, CLASS A	\$68.00
0112	3649000000-E 380.000 TON \$62.0000 RIP RAP, CLASS B	\$23,560.00
0113	3656000000-E 3430.000 SY \$1.3400 GEOTEXTILE FOR DRAINAGE	\$4,596.20
0114	4057000000-E 125.000 CY \$2,230.0000 OVERHEAD FOOTING	\$278,750.00
0115	4072000000-E 2500.000 LF \$14.9000 SUPPORTS, 3-LB STEEL U-CHANNEL	\$37,250.00
0116	4082100000-N 1.000 LS \$87,000.0000 SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUCTURE AT STA ****** (32+00 -Y-)	\$87,000.00
0117	4082100000-N 1.000 LS \$112,000.0000 SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUCTURE AT STA ****** (32+25 -Y-)	\$112,000.00
0118	4082100000-N 1.000 LS \$112,000.0000 SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUCTURE AT STA ***** (40+38 -Y-)	\$112,000.00
0119	4082100000-N 1.000 LS \$87,000.0000 SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUCTURE AT STA ****** (40+63 -Y-)	\$87,000.00
0120	4082100000-N 1.000 LS \$99,000.0000 SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUCTURE AT STA ****** (60+25 -L-)	\$99,000.00
0121	4082100000-N 1.000 LS \$87,000.0000 SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUCTURE AT STA ****** (65+25 -L-)	\$87,000.00
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0122	410200000-N 149.000 EA SIGN ERECTION, TYPE E	\$78.0000	\$11,622.00
0123	410800000-N 8.000 EA SIGN ERECTION, TYPE F	\$248.0000	\$1,984.00
0124	4116100000-N 1.000 EA SIGN ERECTION, RELOCATE TYPE **** (GROUND MOUNT:	\$930.0000 ED) (B)	\$930.00
0125	411610000-N 2.000 EA SIGN ERECTION, RELOCATE TYPE **** (GROUND MOUNT)	\$248.0000 ED) (E)	\$496.00
0126	415500000-N 46.000 EA DISPOSAL OF SIGN SYSTEM, U-CHANNEL	\$4.9600	\$228.16
0127	419200000-N 2.000 EA DISPOSAL OF SUPPORT, U-CHANNEL	\$4.9700	\$9.94
0128	440000000-E 461.000 SF WORK ZONE SIGNS (STATIONARY)	\$9.0000	\$4,149.00
0129	440500000-E 480.000 SF WORK ZONE SIGNS (PORTABLE)	\$0.0100	\$4.80
0130	441000000-E 199.000 SF WORK ZONE SIGNS (BARRICADE MOUNTED)	\$0.0100	\$1.99
0131	441500000-N 3.000 EA FLASHING ARROW BOARD	\$3,560.0000	\$10,680.00
0132	442000000-N 4.000 EA PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	\$9,300.0000	\$37,200.00
0133	443000000-N 700.000 EA DRUMS	\$9.9000	\$6,930.00
0134	4445000000-E 240.000 LF BARRICADES (TYPE III)	\$7.7000	\$1,848.00
0135	445500000-N 134.000 DAY FLAGGER	\$300.0000	\$40,200.00
0136	446500000-N 2.000 EA TEMPORARY CRASH CUSHIONS	\$8,500.0000	\$17,000.00
0137	447000000-N 2.000 EA REMOVE & RESET TEMPORARY CRASH CUSHION	\$1,690.0000	\$3,380.00
0138	4485000000-E 860.000 LF PORTABLE CONCRETE BARRIER	\$45.0000	\$38,700.00
0139	449000000-E 140.000 LF PORTABLE CONCRETE BARRIER (ANCHORED)	\$75.0000	\$10,500.00
0140	450000000-E 810.000 LF REMOVE AND RESET PORTABLE CONCRETE BARRIER	\$6.1000	\$4,941.00
0141	451000000-N 16.000 HR LAW ENFORCEMENT	\$60.0000	\$960.00
0142	465000000-N 1443.000 EA TEMPORARY RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS	\$16.0000	\$23,088.00
0143	4695000000-E 950.000 LF THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (8", 90 MI	\$6.1000 LS)	\$5,795.00
0144	470000000-E 1715.000 LF THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (12", 90 M	\$9.6000 ILS)	\$16,464.00
0145	4709000000-E 1150.000 LF THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (24", 90 M	\$19.8000 ILS)	\$22,770.00
0146	472000000-E 28.000 EA	\$256.0000	\$7,168.00

	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING CHARACTER (90 MILS)	
0147		\$44,352.00
	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL (90 MILS)	
0148		\$3,456.00
	HEATED-IN-PLACE THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING CHARACTER (	
0149	4726110000-E 32.000 EA \$970.(	
	HEATED-IN-PLACE THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL (90 )	
0150	481000000-E 155849.000 LF \$0.3 PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (4")	\$59,222.62
0151	482000000-E 15745.000 LF \$1.6 PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (8")	6000 \$25,192.00
0152	4835000000-E 1560.000 LF \$6. PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (24")	7000 \$10,452.00
0153	4840000000-N 48.000 EA \$128.0 PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING CHARACTER	\$6,144.00
0154	4845000000-N 316.000 EA \$147.0 PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL	\$46,452.00
0155	4847096000-E 42100.000 LF \$2.0	\$86,305.00
0100	POLYUREA PAVEMENT MARKING LINES, **", ** MILS (STANDARD MILS)	· ·
0156	4847096000-E 4150.000 LF \$3.5	\$14,608.00
	POLYUREA PAVEMENT MARKING LINES, **", ** MILS (STANDARD MILS)	GLASS BEADS) (8", 20
0157	485000000-E 100.000 LF \$1.2 REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (4")	2800 \$128.00
0158	4895000000-N 4.000 EA \$2,750.0 GENERIC PAVEMENT MARKING ITEM IN LANE ROUTE SHIELDS	0000 \$11,000.00
0159	4905100000-N 975.000 EA \$61.0 NON-CAST IRON SNOWPLOWABLE PAVEMENT MARKER	\$59,475.00
0160	5325600000-E 105.000 LF \$101.0	\$10,605.00
0161	5325800000-E 850.000 LF \$106.0 8" WATER LINE	\$90,100.00
0162	5326200000-E 1270.000 LF \$215.0	\$273,050.00
0163	5326600000-E 1335.000 LF \$264.0	\$352,440.00
0164	5329000000-E 22435.000 LB \$12.3 DUCTILE IRON WATER PIPE FITTINGS	\$275,950.50
0165	554000000-E 16.000 EA \$3,620.0 6" VALVE	\$57,920.00
0166	5546000000-E 5.000 EA \$3,930.0 8" VALVE	\$19,650.00
0167	5558000000-E 1.000 EA \$4,420.0 12" VALVE	\$4,420.00
0168	5571800000-E 1.000 EA \$8,000.0 8" TAPPING SLEEVE & VALVE	\$8,000.00
0169	5572600000-E 2.000 EA \$15,300.0 16" TAPPING SLEEVE & VALVE	\$30,600.00

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0170	5573400000-E 4.000 24" TAPPING SLEEVE & VALVE	EA	\$19,000.0000	\$76,000.00
0171	5648000000-N 12.000 RELOCATE WATER METER	EA	\$1,840.0000	\$22,080.00
0172	5656210000-E 1.000 RELOCATE 2" RPZ BACKFLOW PRE		\$3,930.0000 LY	\$3,930.00
0173	567200000-N 14.000 RELOCATE FIRE HYDRANT	EA	\$5 <b>,</b> 500.0000	\$77,000.00
0174	5673000000-E 491.000 FIRE HYDRANT LEG	LF	\$154.0000	\$75,614.00
0175	5679600000-E 4.000 24" LINE STOP	EA	\$48,100.0000	\$192,400.00
0176	5686000000-E 223.000 **" WATER SERVICE LINE (2")	LF	\$34.4000	\$7,671.20
0177	5686500000-E 415.000 WATER SERVICE LINE	LF	\$24.6000	\$10,209.00
0178	5691300000-E 2597.000 8" SANITARY GRAVITY SEWER	LF	\$209.0000	\$542,773.00
0179	5709900000-E 185.000 24" FORCE MAIN SEWER	LF	\$960.0000	\$177,600.00
0180	5768000000-N 3.000 SANITARY SEWER CLEAN-OUT	EA	\$740.0000	\$2,220.00
0181	5768500000-E 45.000 SEWER SERVICE LINE	LF	\$68.0000	\$3,060.00
0182	5769000000-E 10940.000 DUCTILE IRON SEWER PIPE FITT		\$14.7000	\$160,818.00
0183	5775000000-E 24.000 4' DIA UTILITY MANHOLE	EA	\$4,910.0000	\$117,840.00
0184	5781000000-E 125.000 UTILITY MANHOLE WALL 4' DIA	LF	\$418.0000	\$52 <b>,</b> 250.00
0185	580000000-E 55.000 ABANDON 6" UTILITY PIPE	LF	\$12.3000	\$676.50
0186	5801000000-E 3709.000 ABANDON 8" UTILITY PIPE	LF	\$16.0000	\$59,344.00
0187	5804000000-E 1205.000 ABANDON 12" UTILITY PIPE	LF	\$22.1000	\$26,630.50
0188	5810000000-E 1270.000 ABANDON 16" UTILITY PIPE	LF	\$30.7000	\$38,989.00
0189	5813000000-E 136.000 ABANDON 24" UTILITY PIPE	LF	\$59.0000	\$8,024.00
0190	5815000000-N 3.000 REMOVE WATER METER	EA	\$550.0000	\$1,650.00
0191	5816000000-N 15.000 ABANDON UTILITY MANHOLE	EA	\$1,840.0000	\$27,600.00
0192	5835000000-E 40.000 **" ENCASEMENT PIPE (24")	LF	\$481.0000	\$19,240.00
0193	5835700000-E 398.000 16" ENCASEMENT PIPE	LF	\$361.0000	\$143,678.00
0194	5836400000-E 48.000	LF	\$840.0000	\$40,320.00

	36" ENCASEMENT PIPE		
0195	5872500000-E 403.000 LF BORE AND JACK OF **" (16")	\$600.0000	\$241,800.00
0196	600000000-E 17200.000 LF TEMPORARY SILT FENCE	\$3.4400	\$59,168.00
0197	600600000-E 1275.000 TON STONE FOR EROSION CONTROL, CLASS A	\$84.0000	\$107,100.00
0198	600900000-E 3755.000 TON STONE FOR EROSION CONTROL, CLASS B	\$87.0000	\$326,685.00
0199	6012000000-E 3525.000 TON SEDIMENT CONTROL STONE	\$88.0000	\$310,200.00
0200	6015000000-E 9.000 ACR TEMPORARY MULCHING	\$1,450.0000	\$13,050.00
0201	6018000000-E 600.000 LB SEED FOR TEMPORARY SEEDING	\$4.2000	\$2,520.00
0202	6021000000-E 5.500 TON FERTILIZER FOR TEMPORARY SEEDING	\$1,390.0000	\$7,645.00
0203	6024000000-E 885.000 LF TEMPORARY SLOPE DRAINS	\$33.5000	\$29,647.50
0204	602900000-E 3640.000 LF SAFETY FENCE	\$3.1300	\$11,393.20
0205	603000000-E 51380.000 CY SILT EXCAVATION	\$2.0000	\$102,760.00
0206	6036000000-E 21500.000 SY MATTING FOR EROSION CONTROL	\$2.0000	\$43,000.00
0207	6037000000-E 100.000 SY COIR FIBER MAT	\$7.1000	\$710.00
0208	6038000000-E 30.000 SY PERMANENT SOIL REINFORCEMENT MAT	\$6.3000	\$189.00
0209	6042000000-E 7620.000 LF 1/4" HARDWARE CLOTH	\$6.2000	\$47,244.00
0210	607000000-N 4.000 EA SPECIAL STILLING BASINS	\$434.0000	\$1,736.00
0211	6071012000-E 30.000 LF COIR FIBER WATTLE	\$14.2000	\$426.00
0212	6071020000-E 900.000 LB POLYACRYLAMIDE (PAM)	\$18.1000	\$16,290.00
0213	6071030000-E 855.000 LF COIR FIBER BAFFLE	\$8.9000	\$7,609.50
0214	6071050000-E 3.000 EA **" SKIMMER (1-1/2")	\$1,390.0000	\$4,170.00
0215	6071050000-E 1.000 EA **" SKIMMER (2")	\$1,610.0000	\$1,610.00
0216	6071050000-E 1.000 EA **" SKIMMER (3")	\$2,240.0000	\$2,240.00
0217	6084000000-E 12.000 ACR SEEDING & MULCHING	\$3,160.0000	\$37,920.00
0218	6087000000-E 6.000 ACR MOWING	\$261.0000	\$1,566.00

0219	609000000-E 100.000 LB SEED FOR REPAIR SEEDING	\$10.8000	\$1,080.00
0220	6093000000-E 0.500 TON FERTILIZER FOR REPAIR SEEDING	\$1,850.0000	\$925.00
0221	609600000-E 375.000 LB SEED FOR SUPPLEMENTAL SEEDING	\$7.6000	\$2,850.00
0222	610800000-E 11.250 TON FERTILIZER TOPDRESSING	\$1,490.0000	\$16 <b>,</b> 762.50
0223	611100000-E 285.000 LF IMPERVIOUS DIKE	\$104.0000	\$29,640.00
0224	6114500000-N 10.000 MHR SPECIALIZED HAND MOWING	\$140.0000	\$1,400.00
0225	6114800000-N 7.000 MHR MANUAL LITTER REMOVAL	\$40.0000	\$280.00
0226	6114900000-E 2.000 TON LITTER DISPOSAL	\$128.0000	\$256.00
0227	611700000-N 25.000 EA RESPONSE FOR EROSION CONTROL	\$366.0000	\$9 <b>,</b> 150.00
0228	6117500000-N 4.000 EA CONCRETE WASHOUT STRUCTURE	\$600.0000	\$2,400.00
0229	612300000-E 0.100 ACR REFORESTATION	\$4,190.0000	\$419.00
0230	613200000-N 17.000 EA GENERIC EROSION CONTROL ITEM FABRIC INSERT	\$227.0000 INLET PROTECTION DEVICE	\$3,859.00
0231	613200000-N 51.000 EA GENERIC EROSION CONTROL ITEM FABRIC INSERT	\$135.0000 INLET PROTECTION DEVICE	\$6,885.00 CLEANOUT
0232	7048500000-E 18.000 EA PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEAD (16", 1 SECTION W/CO	\$1,230.0000 UNTDOWN)	\$22,140.00
0233	706000000-E 15870.000 LF SIGNAL CABLE	\$3.7300	\$59 <b>,</b> 195.10
0234	712000000-E 57.000 EA VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 3 SECTION)	\$1,200.0000	\$68,400.00
0235	713200000-E 7.000 EA VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 4 SECTION)	\$1,390.0000	\$9,730.00
0236	7144000000-E 6.000 EA VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 5 SECTION)	\$1,660.0000	\$9,960.00
0237	7252000000-E 4640.000 LF MESSENGER CABLE (1/4")	\$4.3500	\$20,184.00
0238	7264000000-E 730.000 LF MESSENGER CABLE (3/8")	\$4.3500	\$3,175.50
0239	7279000000-E 1810.000 LF TRACER WIRE	\$1.8600	\$3,366.60
0240	7288000000-E 20.000 LF PAVED TRENCHING (*********) (1, 2")	\$44.8000	\$896.00
0241	7288000000-E 280.000 LF PAVED TRENCHING (*********) (2, 2")	\$348.0000	\$97,440.00
0242	730000000-E 1840.000 LF UNPAVED TRENCHING (*********) (1, 2")	\$17.4000	\$32,016.00
0243	730000000-E 2090.000 LF	\$22.4000	\$46,816.00

	UNPAVED TRENCHING (********) (2, 2")		
0244	730000000-E 30.000 LF UNPAVED TRENCHING (*********) (3, 2")	\$27.4000	\$822.00
0245	730000000-E 110.000 LF UNPAVED TRENCHING (*********) (4, 2")	\$32.3000	\$3,553.00
0246	730000000-E 110.000 LF UNPAVED TRENCHING (*********) (6, 2")	\$37.3000	\$4,103.00
0247	7301000000-E 60.000 LF DIRECTIONAL DRILL (*********) (1, 2")	\$44.8000	\$2,688.00
0248	7301000000-E 1020.000 LF DIRECTIONAL DRILL (*********) (2, 2")	\$49.7000	\$50,694.00
0249	730100000-E 80.000 LF DIRECTIONAL DRILL (*********) (3, 2")	\$55.0000	\$4,400.00
0250	730100000-E 130.000 LF DIRECTIONAL DRILL (*********) (4, 2")	\$61.0000	\$7,930.00
0251	7324000000-N 41.000 EA JUNCTION BOX (STANDARD SIZE)	\$750.0000	\$30,750.00
0252	7348000000-N 26.000 EA JUNCTION BOX (OVER-SIZED, HEAVY DUTY)	\$1,120.0000	\$29,120.00
0253	736000000-N 4.000 EA WOOD POLE	\$2,240.0000	\$8,960.00
0254	737200000-N 15.000 EA GUY ASSEMBLY	\$840.0000	\$12,600.00
0255	740800000-E 1.000 EA 1" RISER WITH WEATHERHEAD	\$810.0000	\$810.00
0256	742000000-E 4.000 EA 2" RISER WITH WEATHERHEAD	\$930.0000	\$3,720.00
0257	743200000-E 6.000 EA 2" RISER WITH HEAT SHRINK TUBING	\$1,160.0000	\$6,960.00
0258	7444000000-E 3710.000 LF INDUCTIVE LOOP SAWCUT	\$8.7000	\$32,277.00
0259	745600000-E 16940.000 LF LEAD-IN CABLE (**********) (14-2)	\$2.4900	\$42,180.60
0260	748100000-N 2.000 EA SITE SURVEY	\$1,740.0000	\$3,480.00
0261	7481240000-N 3.000 EA CAMERA WITHOUT INTERNAL LOOP EMULATOR PROCE	\$14,600.0000 SSING UNIT	\$43,800.00
0262	7481260000-N 2.000 EA EXTERNAL LOOP EMULATOR PROCESSING UNIT	\$2,610.0000	\$5,220.00
0263	7516000000-E 6920.000 LF COMMUNICATIONS CABLE (** FIBER) (48)	\$4.7900	\$33,146.80
0264	7528000000-E 1210.000 LF DROP CABLE	\$4.3500	\$5,263.50
0265	754000000-N 5.000 EA SPLICE ENCLOSURE	\$4,230.0000	\$21,150.00
0266	7566000000-N 17.000 EA DELINEATOR MARKER	\$218.0000	\$3,706.00
0267	757600000-N 4.000 EA METAL STRAIN SIGNAL POLE	\$18,400.0000	\$73,600.00

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0268	7588000000-N 3.000 METAL POLE WITH SINGLE MAST		\$37,600.0000	\$112,800.00
0269	759000000-N 1.000 METAL POLE WITH DUAL MAST AF		\$42,900.0000	\$42,900.00
0270	761300000-N 8.000 SOIL TEST	EA	\$2,490.0000	\$19,920.00
0271	7614100000-E 8.000 DRILLED PIER FOUNDATION	СҮ	\$3,480.0000	\$27,840.00
0272	763000000-N 4.000 METAL STRAIN POLE DESIGN	EA	\$0.0100	\$0.04
0273	7631000000-N 4.000 MAST ARM WITH METAL POLE DES		\$0.0100	\$0.04
0274	763600000-N 28.000 SIGN FOR SIGNALS	EA	\$435.0000	\$12,180.00
0275	7642100000-N 12.000 TYPE I POST WITH FOUNDATION	EA	\$2,300.0000	\$27,600.00
0276	7642200000-N 10.000 TYPE II PEDESTAL WITH FOUNDA		\$4,470.0000	\$44,700.00
0277	7642300000-N 1.000 TYPE III PEDESTAL WITH FOUND		\$7,200.0000	\$7,200.00
0278	7648000000-N 2.000 RELOCATE EXISTING SIGN	EA	\$230.0000	\$460.00
0279	7684000000-N 4.000 SIGNAL CABINET FOUNDATION	EA	\$1,490.0000	\$5,960.00
0280	7687000000-N 1.000 MODIFY FOUNDATION FOR CONTRO		\$1,490.0000	\$1,490.00
0281	7696000000-N 5.000 CONTROLLERS WITH CABINET (**		\$27,700.0000 *) (TYPE 2070LX,	
0282	778000000-N 30.000 DETECTOR CARD (TYPE 2070L)	EA	\$373.0000	\$11,190.00
0283	7901000000-N 5.000 CABINET BASE EXTENDER	EA	\$680.0000	\$3,400.00
0284	7980000000-N 5.000 GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM ETHERNET		\$4,970.0000	\$24,850.00
0285	7980000000-N 2.000 GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM EVP PHAS		\$7,200.0000	\$14,400.00
0286	7980000000-N 2.000 GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM OPTICAL		\$19,300.0000	\$38,600.00

Section 0001 Total

\$30,376,198.06

Section 0002 CULVERT ITEMS				
0287	8035000000-N REMOVAL OF E	1.000 LS XISTING STRUCTURE AT STATION ****	\$58,000.0000 ********* (36+00.33 -L-)	\$58,000.00
0288	8126000000-N CULVERT EXCA	1.000 LS VATION, STA ***** (36+00.33 -L-)	\$50,000.0000	\$50,000.00
0289	8133000000-E FOUNDATION C	921.000 TON ONDITIONING MATERIAL, BOX CULVERT	\$92.0000	\$84,732.00

Letting: L231121 North Carolina Department of Transportation 11/21/2023 02:00:00 PM

819600000-E

8245000000-Е

0290

0291

0202	REINFORCING STEEL (CULVERT)	+1.0000	+ 1007 011 000
0292	8822000000-E 1611.000 SY GENERIC CULVERT ITEM FOUNDATION CONDITIONING		\$6,170.13
Section 0002 To	tal		\$1,209,661.43
Section 0003 WALL ITEMS			
0293	880100000-E 16240.000 SF MSE RETAINING WALL NO **** (1)	\$137.0000	\$2,224,880.00
0294	880100000-E 420.000 SF MSE RETAINING WALL NO **** (2)	\$115.0000	\$48,300.00
0295	880100000-E 1200.000 SF MSE RETAINING WALL NO **** (3)	\$107.0000	\$128,400.00
0296	880100000-E 230.000 SF MSE RETAINING WALL NO **** (4)	\$104.0000	\$23,920.00
0297	8801000000-E 970.000 SF MSE RETAINING WALL NO **** (5)	\$97.0000	\$94,090.00
0298	880100000-E 440.000 SF MSE RETAINING WALL NO **** (6)	\$98.0000	\$43,120.00
0299	8847000000-E 16224.000 SF GENERIC RETAINING WALL ITEM ARCHITECTURAI WALL)		\$28,392.00 (SOUND BARRIER
0300	8847000000-E 10365.000 SF GENERIC RETAINING WALL ITEM SOUND BARRIER WA	\$59.0000 ALL NO -NW2-	\$611,535.00
Section 0003 To	tal		\$3,202,637.00

3317 - The Lane Construction Corp

649.400 CY

117735.000 LB

CLASS A CONCRETE (CULVERT)

Item Total

\$34,788,496.49

\$1,270.0000

\$1.5800

\$824,738.00

\$186,021.30

#### ELECTRONIC BID SUBMISSION

By submitting this bid electronically, I hereby acknowledge that all requirements included in the hard copy proposal, addendum, amendments, plans, standard specifications, supplemental specifications and special provisions are part of the bid and contract. Further, I acknowledge that I have read, understand, accept, acknowledge and agree to comply with all statements in this electronic bid.

#### NON-COLLUSION, DEBARMENT AND GIFT BAN CERTIFICATION

The prequalified bidder declares (or certifies, verifies, or states) under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States that neither he, nor any official, agent or employee has entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action which is in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with any bid or contract, that the prequalified bidder has not been convicted of violating N.C.G.S. §133-24 within the last three years, and that the prequalified bidder intends to do the work with his own bonafide employees or subcontractors and will not bid for the benefit of another contractor.

By submitting this non-collusion, debarment and gift ban certification, the Contractor is attesting his status under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States in accordance with the Debarment Certification attached, provided that the Debarment Certification also includes any required statements concerning exceptions that are applicable.

N.C.G.S. §133-32 and Executive Order 24 prohibit the offer to, or acceptance by, any State Employee of any gift from anyone with a contract with the State, or from any person seeking to do business with the State. By execution of any response in this procurement, you attest, for your entire organization and its employees or agents, that you are not aware that any such gift has been offered, accepted, or promised by any employees of your organization.

#### DEBARMENT CERTIFICATION OF PREQUALIFIED BIDDER

Conditions for certification:

1. The prequalified bidder shall provide immediate written notice to the Department if at any time the bidder learns that his certification was erroneous when he submitted his debarment certification or explanation that is file with the Department, or has become erroneous because of changed circumstances.

2. The terms covered transaction, debarred, suspended, ineligible, lower tier

covered transaction, participant, person, primary covered transaction, principal, proposal, and voluntarily excluded, as used in this provision, have the meanings set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of the rules implementing Executive Order 12549. A copy of the Federal Rules requiring this certification and detailing the definitions and coverages may be obtained from the Contract Officer of the Department.

3. The prequalified bidder agrees by submitting this form, that he will not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in NCDOT contracts, unless authorized by the Department.

4. For Federal Aid projects, the prequalified bidder further agrees that by submitting this form he will include the Federal- Aid Provision titled Required Contract Provisions Federal-Aid Construction Contract (Form FHWA PR 1273) provided by the Department, without subsequent modification, in all lower tier covered transactions.

5. The prequalified bidder may rely upon a certification of a participant in a lower tier covered transaction that he is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless he knows that the certification is erroneous. The bidder may decide the method and frequency by which he will determine the eligibility of his subcontractors.

6. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this provision. The knowledge and information of a participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

7. Except as authorized in paragraph 6 herein, the Department may terminate any contract if the bidder knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available by the Federal Government.

#### DEBARMENT CERTIFICATION

The prequalified bidder certifies to the best of his knowledge and belief, that he and his principals:

a. Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;

b. Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records; making false statements; or receiving stolen property;

c. Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph b. of this certification; and

d. Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.

e. Will submit a revised Debarment Certification immediately if his status changes and will show in his bid proposal an explanation for the change in status.

If the prequalified bidder cannot certify that he is not debarred, he shall provide an explanation with this submittal. An explanation will not necessarily result in denial of participation in a contract.

Failure to submit a non-collusion and debarment certification will result in the prequalified bidder's bid being considered non-responsive.

#### EXPLANATION:

\_\_\_\_\_\_

## Award Limits on Multiple Projects

By answering YES to this statement, the bidder acknowleges that they are using the award limits on multiple projects? **Yes ONO** .

A bidder who desires to bid on more than one project on which bids are to be opened on the same date, and who also desires to avoid receiving an award of more projects than he is equipped to handle, may bid on any number of projects but may limit the total amount of work awarded to him on selected projects by completing the AWARD LIMITS ON MULTIPLE PROJECTS.

The Award Limits on Multiple Projects must be filled in on each project bid for which the Bidder desires protection.

It is the desire of the Bidder to be awarded contracts, the value of which

will not exceed a total of for those

projects indicated herein, for which bids will be opened on (MM/DD/YY)

The Award Limits shall apply to the following projects:

Contract Number County

It is agreed that if I am (we are) the low Bidder(s) on indicated projects, the total value of which is more than the above stipulated award limits, the Board of Transportation will award me (us) projects from among those indicated

that have a total value not to exceed the award limit and will result in the lowest total bids to the Department of Transportation.

# DBE List Summary

Project: STATE FUNDED Bid Total: 34,788,496.49 Goal: 5.00% (1,739,424.82) Total Entered: 5.18% (1,801,796.27) Bidder ID: 3317 Business Name: The Lane Construction Corp

ID	Name	Is Supplier? Item Count	Amount Is Complete?
45185	TRAFFIC CONTROL SAFETY SERVICES	False 15	760,392.00 True
23917	REYNOLDS FENCE	False 9	238,370.75 True
50691	TRICOR CONSTRUCTION INC	False 2	803,033.52 True

Name: TRAFFIC CONTROL SAFETY SERVICES ID: 45185

Address: P.O. BOX 24511 WINSTON-SALEM, NC 27114

Used As: SubContractor DBE Items Total: \$760,392.00

#### Items for TRAFFIC CONTROL SAFETY SERVICES

0001 ROADWAY ITEM	IS	
0001	000010000-N 1.000 LS \$25,000.0000 MOBILIZATION	\$25,000.00
0114	405700000-E 125.000 CY \$1,800.0000 OVERHEAD FOOTING	\$225,000.00
0115	407200000-E 2500.000 LF \$12.0000 SUPPORTS, 3-LB STEEL U-CHANNEL	\$30,000.00
0116	4082100000-N 1.000 LS \$70,000.0000 SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUCTURE AT STA ***** (32+00 -Y-)	\$70,000.00
0117	4082100000-N 1.000 LS \$90,000.0000 SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUCTURE AT STA ***** (32+25 -Y-)	\$90,000.00
0118	4082100000-N 1.000 LS \$90,000.0000 SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUCTURE AT STA ***** (40+38 -Y-)	\$90,000.00
0119	4082100000-N 1.000 LS \$70,000.0000 SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUCTURE AT STA ***** (40+63 -Y-)	\$70,000.00
0120	4082100000-N 1.000 LS \$80,000.0000 SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUCTURE AT STA ***** (60+25 -L-)	\$80,000.00
0121	408210000-N 1.000 LS \$70,000.0000 SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN STRUCTURE AT STA ***** (65+25 -L-)	\$70,000.00
0122	410200000-N 149.000 EA \$50.0000 SIGN ERECTION, TYPE E	\$7,450.00
0123	410800000-N 8.000 EA \$200.0000 SIGN ERECTION, TYPE F	\$1,600.00
0124	411610000-N 1.000 EA \$750.0000 SIGN ERECTION, RELOCATE TYPE **** (GROUND MOUNTED) (B)	\$750.00
0125	411610000-N 2.000 EA \$200.0000 SIGN ERECTION, RELOCATE TYPE **** (GROUND MOUNTED) (E)	\$400.00
0126	415500000-N 46.000 EA \$4.0000 DISPOSAL OF SIGN SYSTEM, U-CHANNEL	\$184.00
0127	419200000-N 2.000 EA \$4.0000 DISPOSAL OF SUPPORT, U-CHANNEL	\$8.00
Section 0001 To	otal	\$760,392.00
Item Total		\$760,392.00

Name: REYNOLDS FENCE ID: 23917

Address: 9320 MACHADO DR INDIAN TRAIL, NC 28079

Used As: SubContractor DBE Items Total: \$238,370.75

#### Items for REYNOLDS FENCE

0001 ROADWAY ITEM:	5		
0088	300100000-N 4.000 EA IMPACT ATTENUATOR UNITS, TYPE TL-3	\$26,000.0000	\$104,000.00
0089	303000000-E 3087.500 LF STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL	\$22.0000	\$67,925.00
0090	3045000000-E 487.500 LF STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL, SHOP CURVED	\$25.0000	\$12,187.50
0091	3145000000-E 4.000 EA EXTRA LENGTH GUARDRAIL POST (**' STEEL) (8')	\$95.0000	\$380.00
0092	315000000-N 10.000 EA ADDITIONAL GUARDRAIL POSTS	\$47.0000	\$470.00
0093	321000000-N 10.000 EA GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE CAT-1	\$900.0000	\$9,000.00
0094	3287000000-N 6.000 EA GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE TL-3	\$3,400.0000	\$20,400.00
0095	3317000000-N 8.000 EA GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE B-77	\$2,800.0000	\$22,400.00
0096	336000000-E 919.000 LF REMOVE EXISTING GUARDRAIL	\$1.7500	\$1,608.25
Section 0001 To	tal		\$238 <b>,</b> 370.75

Item Total

\$238,370.75

Letting: L2	231121	
11/21/2023	02:00:00	PM

Name: TRICOR CONSTRUCTION INC ID: 50691

Address: 1983 CHESNEEE HWY SPARTANBURG, SC 29303

Used As: SubContractor DBE Items Total: \$803,033.52

#### Items for TRICOR CONSTRUCTION INC

0001 ROADWAY I	TEMS			
0001	0000100000-N MOBILIZATION	1.000 LS N	\$60,703.1200	\$60,703.12
Section 0001	l Total			\$60,703.12
0003 WALL ITEM	IS			
0293	8801000000-E MSE RETAININ	16240.000 SF NG WALL NO **** (1)	\$45.7100	\$742,330.40
Section 0003	3 Total			\$742,330.40
Item Total				\$803,033.52

THIS PROPOSAL CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING ERRORS/WARNINGS (IF ANY)

This Bid contains 0 amendment files

### Electronic Bid Submission

By submitting this bid electronically, I hereby acknowledge that all requirements included in the hard copy proposal, addendum, amendments, plans, standard specifications, supplemental specifications and special provisions are part of the bid and contract. Further, I acknowledge that I have read, understand, accept, acknowledge and agree to comply with all statements in this electronic bid.

I hereby certify that I have the authority to submit this bid.

Signature _	 	 
		_
Signature		
Signature	 	 
Agency	 	 _
Date		

### Attachments

Failure to complete and attach the Fuel Usage Factor Adjustment Form will result in using 2.90 gallons per ton as the Fuel Usage Factor for Diesel for the asphalt items included on the form. The contractor will not be permitted to change the option after the bids are submitted.

NOTE: The maximum upload limit is 5 MB.

□ Verify

Dec 01, 2023 9:46 AM

# North Carolina Department of Transportation

### Contract Item Sheets For C204852

Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
			ROADWAY ITEMS			
0001	0000100000-N	800	MOBILIZATION	LUMP SUM	1,700,000.00	1,700,000.00
0002	0000400000-N	801	CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	LUMP SUM	222,885.00	222,885.00
0003	0001000000-E	200	CLEARING & GRUBBING ACRE(S)	LUMP SUM LS	125,000.00	125,000.00
0004	0008000000-E	200	SUPPLEMENTARY CLEARING & GRUBBING	1 ACR	15,900.00	15,900.00
0005	0015000000-N	205	SEALING ABANDONED WELLS	1 EA	4,630.00	4,630.00
0006	0022000000-E	225	UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION	36,200 CY	24.00	868,800.00
0007	0036000000-E	225	UNDERCUT EXCAVATION	9,350 CY	17.00	158,950.00
0008	0106000000-E	230	BORROW EXCAVATION	161,900 CY	21.00	3,399,900.00
0009	0134000000-E	240	DRAINAGE DITCH EXCAVATION	1,210 CY	34.00	41,140.00
0010	0156000000-E	250	REMOVAL OF EXISTING ASPHALT PAVEMENT	6,820 SY	8.00	54,560.00
0011	0177000000-E	250	BREAKING OF EXISTING ASPHALT PAVEMENT	3,340 SY	4.00	13,360.00
0012	0195000000-E	265	SELECT GRANULAR MATERIAL	9,300 CY	30.30	281,790.00
0013	0196000000-E	270	GEOTEXTILE FOR SOIL STABILIZATION	9,500 SY	3.30	31,350.00
0014	0199000000-E	SP	TEMPORARY SHORING	4,717 SF	60.00	283,020.00
0015	0255000000-E	SP	GENERIC GRADING ITEM HAULING AND DISPOSAL OF COAL ASH CONTAMINATED MATERIAL	500 TON	137.00	68,500.00
0016	0255000000-E	SP	GENERIC GRADING ITEM HAULING AND DISPOSAL OF PETROLEUM CONTAMINATED SOIL	50 TON	81.00	4,050.00
0017	0318000000-E	300	FOUNDATION CONDITIONING MATERIAL, MINOR STRUCTURES	1,870 TON	68.00	127,160.00
0018	0320000000-E	300	FOUNDATION CONDITIONING GEOTEXTILE	5,870 SY	1.25	7,337.50
0019	0335200000-E	305	15" DRAINAGE PIPE	136 LF	99.00	13,464.00
0020	0335300000-E	305	18" DRAINAGE PIPE	200 LF	95.00	19,000.00
0021	0335400000-E	305	24" DRAINAGE PIPE	200 LF	101.00	20,200.00

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#### North Carolina Department of Transportation

#### Contract Item Sheets For C204852 Line ItemNumber Sec Description Quantity Unit Bid Amount Unit Price # # Bid 0022 0335500000-E 305 30" DRAINAGE PIPE 68 135.00 9,180.00 LF 0023 0366000000-E 310 15" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III 116 81.00 9,396.00 LF 0024 0372000000-E 310 18" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III 1,160 106,720.00 92.00 LF 0025 0378000000-E 310 24" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III 25,080.00 220 114.00 LF 0026 0384000000-E 30" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III 310 228 152.00 34.656.00 LF 0390000000-E 0027 310 36" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III 132 192.00 25,344.00 LF 0028 0396000000-E 310 42" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III 16,016.00 52 308.00 LF 0029 0402000000-E 310 48" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III 60 354.00 21,240.00 LF 0030 0414000000-E 310 60" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III 304 486.00 147,744.00 LF 0031 15" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV 0448200000-E 310 16 1.424.00 89.00 LF 0032 0448300000-E 310 18" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV 9.272 115.00 1.066.280.00 1 F 0033 0448400000-E 24" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV 409,200.00 310 3,100 132.00 1 F 0034 0448500000-E 310 30" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV 376 164.00 61,664.00 LF 0035 0448600000-E 310 36" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV 708 232.00 164,256.00 LF 0036 0448700000-E 42" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV 310 299.00 336.076.00 1.124 LF 0037 0588000000-E 310 18" CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064" THICK 116 98.00 11.368.00 ١F 0038 063600000-E 310 \*\*" CS PIPE ELBOWS, \*\*\*\*\*" THICK 4 600.00 2,400.00 (18", 0.064") EA 0995000000-E 0039 340 PIPE REMOVAL 4,502 18.20 81,936.40 LF 0040 1004500000-E 505 GENERIC GRADING ITEM 34,560.00 6,400 5.40 GEOTEXTILE FOR SUBGRADE SY STABLIZATION 1011000000-N 500 FINE GRADING LUMP SUM 172,000.00 0041 172,000.00 0042 1099500000-E 505 SHALLOW UNDERCUT 1,950 15.50 30,225.00 ĊY 0043 1099700000-E CLASS IV SUBGRADE STABILIZATION 4,250 505 49.20 209,100.00 TON

#### Contract Item Sheets For C204852 Line ItemNumber Sec Description Quantity Unit Bid Amount Unit Price Bid # # 0044 122000000-E 545 INCIDENTAL STONE BASE 2,550 50.00 127,500.00 TON 0045 133000000-E 607 INCIDENTAL MILLING 3,010 4.29 12,912.90 SY 0046 149100000-E 610 ASPHALT CONC BASE COURSE, TYPE 16,760 87.00 1,458,120.00 B25.0C TON 0047 ASPHALT CONC INTERMEDIATE 150300000-E 610 16,010 1,761,100.00 110.00 COURSE, TYPE I19.0C TON ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE, 0048 1523000000-E 610 15,040 100.00 1,504,000.00 TYPE S9.5C TON 1,775,025.00 0049 1575000000-E 620 ASPHALT BINDER FOR PLANT MIX 2,415 735.00 TON 0050 169300000-E 654 ASPHALT PLANT MIX, PAVEMENT 3,400 399.00 1,356,600.00 REPAIR TON 0051 2022000000-E 815 SUBDRAIN EXCAVATION 112 14.50 1,624.00 CY 0052 2026000000-E 815 GEOTEXTILE FOR SUBSURFACE 500 1,155.00 2.31 DRAINS SY SUBDRAIN COARSE AGGREGATE 0053 2036000000-F 815 84 92.00 7.728.00 CY 0054 2044000000-E 815 **6" PERFORATED SUBDRAIN PIPE** 500 3.83 1.915.00 LF 0055 2070000000-N SUBDRAIN PIPE OUTLET 815 1 248.00 248.00 EA 0056 2077000000-E 815 **6" OUTLET PIPE** 6 11.20 67.20 LF 2220000000-E 0057 REINFORCED ENDWALLS 12,528.00 838 1,080.00 11.6 CY 0058 2253000000-E 840 PIPE COLLARS 2,350.00 3.640.15 1 55 CY 0059 2264000000-E 840 PIPE PLUGS 0.14 5.600.00 778.40 CY 0060 2275000000-E SP FLOWABLE FILL 20 329.00 6,580.00 CY 0061 2286000000-N 840 MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES 691,300.00 223 3,100.00 EA 0062 2297000000-E MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES 116,477.00 840 43.3 2,690.00 CY 0063 2308000000-E MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES 271.4 840 870.00 236.118.00 LF 0064 2364000000-N 840 FRAME WITH TWO GRATES. STD 59 1.080.00 63.720.00 840.16 EA 2366000000-N 0065 840 FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 9 1,780.00 16,020.00 840.24 EA 0066 2367000000-N 840 FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 13,520.00 13 1,040.00 840.29 EA

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#### Contract Item Sheets For C204852 Line ItemNumber Sec Description Quantity Unit Bid Amount Unit Price # Bid # 0067 2374000000-N 840 FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD 17 1,220.00 20,740.00 840.03, TYPE \* EA (E) 0068 2374000000-N 840 FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD 54 1,220.00 65,880.00 840.03, TYPE \*\* EA (F) 0069 2374000000-N 840 FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD 59 1,220.00 71,980.00 840.03, TYPE \*\* ΕA (G) 0070 2396000000-N 840 FRAME WITH COVER, STD 840.54 19 870.00 16,530.00 EA 0071 241800000-E SP FRAME WITH GRATES, DRIVEWAY 30 495.00 14,850.00 DROP INLET LF 0072 2451000000-N 852 CONCRETE TRANSITIONAL SECTION 36 44,640.00 1,240.00 FOR DROP INLET FA \*\*" X \*\*" CONCRETE CURB 0073 2535000000-E 846 300 34.20 10,260.00 (8" X 18") LF \*\*'-\*\*" CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER 0074 253800000-E 238.720.00 846 6,400 37.30 (2'-9") LF 0075 1'-6" CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER 2542000000-E 846 450 34.20 15,390.00 1 F 2'-6" CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER 0076 2549000000-F 846 18,250 36.50 666.125.00 LF 0077 2591000000-E 848 **4" CONCRETE SIDEWALK** 7.170 85.00 609.450.00 SY CONCRETE CURB RAMPS 0078 260500000-N 848 35 4,500.00 157,500.00 FA 0079 2612000000-E 848 **6" CONCRETE DRIVEWAY** 160 90.00 14,400.00 SY 0080 **4" CONCRETE PAVED DITCH** 261900000-E 850 7.260.00 30 242.00 SY 0081 2655000000-E 852 **5" MONOLITHIC CONCRETE ISLANDS** 4,810 126.00 606.060.00 (KEYED IN) SY 0082 2724000000-E 857 PRECAST REINFORCED CONCRETE 116 133.00 15.428.00 BARRIER, SINGLE FACED 1 F GENERIC PAVING ITEM 0083 275900000-N SP 40 121.00 4,840.00 PRECAST CONCRETE PARKING CURB ΕA 0084 283000000-N 858 ADJUSTMENT OF MANHOLES 1,260.00 10,080.00 8 EA 0085 2845000000-N ADJUSTMENT OF METER BOXES OR 858 930.00 13.950.00 15 VALVE BOXES ΕA 2893000000-N CONVERT EXISTING CATCH BASIN TO 0086 859 1,570.00 1.570.00 1 JUNCTION BOX WITH MANHOLE EA 0087 2938000000-N 859 CONVERT EXISTING DROP INLET TO 1 1,570.00 1.570.00 JUNCTION BOX WITH MANHOLE EA

#### Contract Item Sheets For C204852 Line ItemNumber Sec Description Quantity Unit Bid Amount Unit Price # Bid # 0088 3001000000-N SP IMPACT ATTENUATOR UNITS, TYPE 31,700.00 126,800.00 4 EA TL-3 0089 303000000-E 862 STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL 3,087.5 26.80 82,745.00 LF 0090 304500000-E 862 STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL, SHOP 14,868.75 487.5 30.50 CURVED LF 0091 EXTRA LENGTH GUARDRAIL POST (\*\*' 314500000-E 862 464.00 4 116.00 STEEL) ΕA (8') 0092 315000000-N 862 ADDITIONAL GUARDRAIL POSTS 10 570.00 57.00 EA 0093 321000000-N 862 GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE CAT-1 10 1,100.00 11,000.00 ΕA 0094 3287000000-N SP **GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE TL-3** 6 4,140.00 24,840.00 EA 0095 3317000000-N SP **GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE B-**8 3,410.00 27,280.00 EA 77 0096 3360000000-E REMOVE EXISTING GUARDRAIL 1.957.47 863 919 2.13 LF CHAIN LINK FENCE, \*\*" FABRIC 0097 3533000000-E 866 633 30.50 19,306.50 (72") 1 F 0098 3536000000-E 866 CHAIN LINK FENCE, 48" FABRIC 861 30.50 26.260.50 LF METAL LINE POSTS FOR \*\*" CHAIN 0099 3539000000-E 6,264.00 866 54 116.00 LINK FENCE ΕA (72") METAL LINE POSTS FOR 48" CHAIN 0100 3542000000-E 866 71 183.00 12.993.00 LINK FENCE ΕA 0101 3545000000-E 866 METAL TERMINAL POSTS FOR \*\*" 7 275.00 1,925.00 CHAIN LINK FENCE EA (72") 0102 METAL TERMINAL POSTS FOR 48" 3548000000-E 866 g 305.00 2,745.00 CHAIN LINK FENCE EA 0103 3565000000-E 866 DOUBLE GATES, \*\*" HIGH, \*\*' WIDE, \*\*' 1 3.240.00 3.240.00 OPENING EA (60", 8', 16') DOUBLE GATES, \*\*" HIGH, \*\*' WIDE, \*\*' 0104 3565000000-E 866 1 3,910.00 3,910.00 OPENING EA (72", 8', 16') 0105 356900000-E 867 BARBED WIRE FENCE RESET 20 36.70 734.00 LF 0106 3572000000-E 867 CHAIN LINK FENCE RESET 90 48.90 4,401.00 LF 0107 3575000000-E GENERIC FENCING ITEM 183,680.00 SP 640 287.00 PEDESTRIAN SAFETY RAIL LF

### North Carolina Department of Transportation Contract Item Sheets For C204852

#### Line ItemNumber Sec Description Quantity Unit Bid Amount Unit Price Bid # # 0108 3578000000-N SP GENERIC FENCING ITEM 1,830.00 1 1,830.00 RESET EXISTING FENCE GATE EA 0109 3628000000-E 876 RIP RAP, CLASS I 870 64.00 55,680.00 TON 0110 3635000000-E RIP RAP, CLASS II 876 1,810 86.00 155,660.00 TON 0111 876 3642000000-E RIP RAP, CLASS A 1 68.00 68.00 TON 0112 3649000000-E 876 RIP RAP, CLASS B 380 23,560.00 62.00 TON 3656000000-E 0113 876 GEOTEXTILE FOR DRAINAGE 3,430 1.34 4,596.20 SY 0114 405700000-E SP OVERHEAD FOOTING 125 2,230.00 278,750.00 CY 0115 4072000000-E SUPPORTS, 3-LB STEEL U-CHANNEL 37,250.00 903 2,500 14.90 LF 4082100000-N 0116 SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN 87,000.00 906 LUMP SUM 87,000.00 STRUCTURE AT STA \*\*\*\*\*\* (32+00 -Y-) 906 SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN 0117 4082100000-N LUMP SUM 112,000.00 112,000.00 STRUCTURE AT STA \*\*\*\*\* (32+25 -Y-) 0118 4082100000-N 906 SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN LUMP SUM 112,000.00 112,000.00 STRUCTURE AT STA \*\*\*\*\* (40+38 -Y-) 4082100000-N 906 SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN 0119 LUMP SUM 87,000.00 87,000.00 STRUCTURE AT STA \*\*\*\* (40+63 -Y-) 0120 906 SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN 4082100000-N LUMP SUM 99,000.00 99,000.00 STRUCTURE AT STA \*\*\*\* (60+25 -L-) 0121 4082100000-N 906 SUPPORTS, OVERHEAD SIGN LUMP SUM 87,000.00 87,000.00 STRUCTURE AT STA \*\*\*\* (65+25 -L-) 0122 410200000-N 904 SIGN ERECTION, TYPE E 149 78.00 11,622.00 EA 0123 SIGN ERECTION, TYPE F 410800000-N 904 8 248.00 1,984.00 EA 0124 4116100000-N 904 SIGN ERECTION, RELOCATE TYPE \*\*\*\* 930.00 930.00 1 (GROUND MOUNTED) FA (B) 0125 904 SIGN ERECTION, RELOCATE TYPE \*\*\*\* 2 248.00 496.00 4116100000-N (GROUND MOUNTED) EA (E) 0126 907 DISPOSAL OF SIGN SYSTEM, U-46 415500000-N 4.96 228.16 CHANNEL EΑ

#### Contract Item Sheets For C204852 Line ItemNumber Sec Description Quantity Unit Bid Amount Unit Price # Bid # 0127 4192000000-N 907 DISPOSAL OF SUPPORT, U-CHANNEL 2 4.97 9.94 EA 440000000-E WORK ZONE SIGNS (STATIONARY) 0128 1110 461 9.00 4,149.00 SF 0129 4405000000-E 1110 WORK ZONE SIGNS (PORTABLE) 480 0.01 4.80 SF 0130 441000000-E WORK ZONE SIGNS (BARRICADE 1110 199 0.01 1.99 MOUNTED) SF 0131 4415000000-N FLASHING ARROW BOARD 3 1115 3,560.00 10,680.00 EΑ 4420000000-N PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE 0132 1120 4 9,300.00 37,200.00 SIGN EA 0133 443000000-N DRUMS 700 1130 9.90 6,930.00 FΔ 0134 4445000000-E 1145 BARRICADES (TYPE III) 240 7.70 1,848.00 LF 0135 4455000000-N 1150 FLAGGER 300.00 40,200.00 134 DAY 0136 TEMPORARY CRASH CUSHIONS 4465000000-N 1160 2 8,500.00 17.000.00 EA 0137 447000000-N 1160 **REMOVE & RESET TEMPORARY** 2 1.690.00 3.380.00 **CRASH CUSHION** EA 0138 4485000000-E PORTABLE CONCRETE BARRIER 38,700.00 1170 860 45.00 1 F PORTABLE CONCRETE BARRIER 0139 4490000000-E 1170 75.00 10,500.00 140 (ANCHORED) LF 0140 4500000000-E 1170 REMOVE AND RESET PORTABLE 4,941.00 6.10 810 CONCRETE BARRIER LF 0141 4510000000-N LAW ENFORCEMENT 1190 16 60.00 960.00 HR 0142 465000000-N 1251 TEMPORARY RAISED PAVEMENT 1.443 16.00 23.088.00 MARKERS FA 0143 469500000-E 1205 THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT 950 6.10 5,795.00 MARKING LINES (8", 90 MILS) LF 0144 470000000-E 1205 THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT 16,464.00 1,715 9.60 MARKING LINES (12", 90 MILS) LF 0145 4709000000-E 1205 THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT 22.770.00 1,150 19.80 MARKING LINES (24", 90 MILS) LF 0146 4720000000-E 1205 THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT 28 256.00 7.168.00 MARKING CHARACTER (90 MILS) EA 0147 4725000000-E 1205 THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT 126 352.00 44.352.00 MARKING SYMBOL (90 MILS) FA HEATED-IN-PLACE THERMOPLASTIC 0148 4726100000-E 1205 12 288.00 3.456.00 PAVEMENT MARKING CHARACTER FA (120 MILS)

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			Contract Item Sheets For C204	852			
Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid	
0149	4726110000-E	1205	HEATED-IN-PLACE THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL (90 MILS)	32 EA	970.00	31,040.00	
0150	4810000000-E	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (4")	155,849 LF	0.38	59,222.62	
0151	4820000000-E	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (8")	15,745 LF	1.60	25,192.00	
0152	4835000000-E	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (24")	1,560 LF	6.70	10,452.00	
0153	4840000000-N	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING CHARACTER	48 EA	128.00	6,144.00	
0154	4845000000-N	1205	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL	316 EA	147.00	46,452.00	
0155	4847096000-E	SP	POLYUREA PAVEMENT MARKING LINES, **", ** MILS (STANDARD GLASS BEADS) (4", 20 MILS)	42,100 LF	2.05	86,305.00	
0156	4847096000-E	SP	POLYUREA PAVEMENT MARKING LINES, **", ** MILS (STANDARD GLASS BEADS) (8", 20 MILS)	4,150 LF	3.52	14,608.00	
0157	4850000000-E	1205	REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (4")	100 LF	1.28	128.00	
0158	4895000000-N	SP	GENERIC PAVEMENT MARKING ITEM IN LANE ROUTE SHIELDS	4 EA	2,750.00	11,000.00	
0159	4905100000-N	SP	NON-CAST IRON SNOWPLOWABLE PAVEMENT MARKER	975 EA	61.00	59,475.00	
0160	5325600000-E	1510	6" WATER LINE	105 LF	101.00	10,605.00	
0161	5325800000-E	1510	8" WATER LINE	850 LF	106.00	90,100.00	
0162	5326200000-E	1510	12" WATER LINE	1,270 LF	215.00	273,050.00	
0163	5326600000-E	1510	16" WATER LINE	1,335 LF	264.00	352,440.00	
0164	5329000000-E	1510	DUCTILE IRON WATER PIPE FITTINGS	22,435 LB	12.30	275,950.50	
0165	5540000000-E	1515	6" VALVE	16 EA	3,620.00	57,920.00	
0166	5546000000-E	1515	8" VALVE	5 EA	3,930.00	19,650.00	
0167	5558000000-E	1515	12" VALVE	1 EA	4,420.00	4,420.00	
0168	5571800000-E	1515	8" TAPPING SLEEVE & VALVE	1 EA	8,000.00	8,000.00	
0169	5572600000-E	1515	16" TAPPING SLEEVE & VALVE	2 EA	15,300.00	30,600.00	

#### Contract Item Sheets For C204852 Line ItemNumber Sec Description Quantity Unit Bid Amount Unit Price # # Bid 0170 5573400000-E 1515 24" TAPPING SLEEVE & VALVE 4 19,000.00 76,000.00 EA 5648000000-N 22,080.00 0171 1515 RELOCATE WATER METER 12 1,840.00 ΕA 0172 5656210000-E 1515 **RELOCATE 2" RPZ BACKFLOW** 3,930.00 3,930.00 1 PREVENTION ASSEMBLY ΕA 0173 567200000-N **RELOCATE FIRE HYDRANT** 1515 14 77,000.00 5,500.00 ΕA 0174 5673000000-E 1515 FIRE HYDRANT LEG 491 154.00 75,614.00 LF 0175 5679600000-E 1515 24" LINE STOP 4 48,100.00 192,400.00 EA \*\*" WATER SERVICE LINE 0176 5686000000-E 1515 223 34.40 7,671.20 (2") LF 0177 5686500000-E 1515 WATER SERVICE LINE 24.60 10,209.00 415 LF **8" SANITARY GRAVITY SEWER** 0178 5691300000-E 1520 209.00 542,773.00 2,597 LF 0179 24" FORCE MAIN SEWER 5709900000-E 1520 960.00 177.600.00 185 LF 0180 576800000-N 1520 SANITARY SEWER CLEAN-OUT 3 740.00 2.220.00 EA 0181 5768500000-E 1520 SEWER SERVICE LINE 45 68.00 3,060.00 1 F 576900000-E 0182 1520 DUCTILE IRON SEWER PIPE FITTINGS 10,940 14.70 160,818.00 ĹΒ 0183 5775000000-E 1525 4' DIA UTILITY MANHOLE 117,840.00 24 4,910.00 ΕA 0184 5781000000-E 1525 UTILITY MANHOLE WALL 4' DIA 125 418.00 52,250.00 LF 0185 580000000-E 1530 ABANDON 6" UTILITY PIPE 55 12.30 676.50 LF 0186 580100000-E 1530 ABANDON 8" UTILITY PIPE 3,709 16.00 59,344.00 1 F 580400000-E 0187 1530 ABANDON 12" UTILITY PIPE 26,630.50 1,205 22.10 LF 0188 581000000-E 1530 ABANDON 16" UTILITY PIPE 1,270 30.70 38,989.00 LF 0189 5813000000-E 1530 ABANDON 24" UTILITY PIPE 136 59.00 8.024.00 LF 0190 581500000-N 1530 REMOVE WATER METER 3 550.00 1.650.00 EA 27,600.00 0191 581600000-N 1530 ABANDON UTILITY MANHOLE 15 1,840.00 EA \*\*" ENCASEMENT PIPE 0192 5835000000-E 1540 19,240.00 40 481.00 LF (24")

#### Contract Item Sheets For C204852

			Contract Item Sheets For C20	4852		
Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
0193	5835700000-E	1540	16" ENCASEMENT PIPE	398 LF	361.00	143,678.00
0194	5836400000-E	1540	36" ENCASEMENT PIPE	48 LF	840.00	40,320.00
0195	5872500000-E	1550	BORE AND JACK OF **" (16")	403 LF	600.00	241,800.00
0196	6000000000-E	1605	TEMPORARY SILT FENCE	17,200 LF	3.44	59,168.00
0197	6006000000-E	1610	STONE FOR EROSION CONTROL, CLASS A	1,275 TON	84.00	107,100.00
0198	6009000000-E	1610	STONE FOR EROSION CONTROL, CLASS B	3,755 TON	87.00	326,685.00
0199	6012000000-E	1610	SEDIMENT CONTROL STONE	3,525 TON	88.00	310,200.00
0200	6015000000-E	1615	TEMPORARY MULCHING	9 ACR	1,450.00	13,050.00
0201	6018000000-E	1620	SEED FOR TEMPORARY SEEDING	600 LB	4.20	2,520.00
0202	6021000000-E	1620	FERTILIZER FOR TEMPORARY SEEDING	5.5 TON	1,390.00	7,645.00
0203	6024000000-E	1622	TEMPORARY SLOPE DRAINS	885 LF	33.50	29,647.50
0204	6029000000-E	SP	SAFETY FENCE	3,640 LF	3.13	11,393.20
0205	6030000000-E	1630	SILT EXCAVATION	51,380 CY	2.00	102,760.00
0206	6036000000-E	1631	MATTING FOR EROSION CONTROL	21,500 SY	2.00	43,000.00
0207	6037000000-E	SP	COIR FIBER MAT	100 SY	7.10	710.00
0208	6038000000-E	SP	PERMANENT SOIL REINFORCEMENT MAT	30 SY	6.30	189.00
0209	6042000000-E	1632	1/4" HARDWARE CLOTH	7,620 LF	6.20	47,244.00
0210	6070000000-N	1639	SPECIAL STILLING BASINS	4 EA	434.00	1,736.00
0211	6071012000-E	SP	COIR FIBER WATTLE	30 LF	14.20	426.00
0212	6071020000-E	SP	POLYACRYLAMIDE (PAM)	900 LB	18.10	16,290.00
0213	6071030000-E	1640	COIR FIBER BAFFLE	855 LF	8.90	7,609.50
0214	6071050000-E	SP	**" SKIMMER (1-1/2")	3 EA	1,390.00	4,170.00
0215	6071050000-E	SP	**" SKIMMER (2")	1 EA	1,610.00	1,610.00

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### North Carolina Department of Transportation Contract Item Sheets For C204852

#### Line ItemNumber Sec Description Quantity Unit Bid Amount Unit Price # Bid # 0216 6071050000-E SP \*\*" SKIMMER 2,240.00 2,240.00 1 (3") EA 0217 6084000000-E 1660 **SEEDING & MULCHING** 12 3,160.00 37,920.00 ACR 0218 608700000-E 1660 MOWING 261.00 1,566.00 6 ACR 609000000-E 0219 SEED FOR REPAIR SEEDING 1661 1,080.00 100 10.80 LB 0220 6093000000-E FERTILIZER FOR REPAIR SEEDING 1661 0.5 1,850.00 925.00 TON 2,850.00 0221 609600000-E 1662 SEED FOR SUPPLEMENTAL SEEDING 375 7.60 LB 0222 6108000000-E FERTILIZER TOPDRESSING 1665 11.25 1,490.00 16,762.50 TON 0223 6111000000-E SP **IMPERVIOUS DIKE** 285 104.00 29,640.00 LF 0224 6114500000-N 1667 SPECIALIZED HAND MOWING 10 140.00 1,400.00 MHR 0225 MANUAL LITTER REMOVAL 6114800000-N SP 280.00 40.00 7 MHR 0226 6114900000-E SP LITTER DISPOSAL 2 128.00 256.00 TON 0227 **RESPONSE FOR EROSION CONTROL** 6117000000-N SP 25 366.00 9,150.00 FA 0228 6117500000-N SP CONCRETE WASHOUT STRUCTURE 600.00 2,400.00 4 EA 0229 6123000000-E 1670 REFORESTATION 0.1 419.00 4,190.00 ACR 0230 GENERIC EROSION CONTROL ITEM 613200000-N SP 17 227.00 3.859.00 FABRIC INSERT INLET PROTECTION ΕA DEVICE 0231 613200000-N SP GENERIC EROSION CONTROL ITEM 51 135.00 6,885.00 FABRIC INSERT INLET PROTECTION EA **DEVICE CLEANOUT** 0232 7048500000-E 1705 PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEAD (16", 1 18 1,230.00 22,140.00 SECTION W/COUNTDOWN) EA 0233 706000000-E 1705 SIGNAL CABLE 15.870 3.73 59.195.10 LF 0234 712000000-E VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 3 1705 57 1,200.00 68,400.00 SECTION) FA VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 4 0235 7132000000-E 1705 7 9,730.00 1,390.00 SECTION) EA 0236 7144000000-E 1705 VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 5 6 1,660.00 9,960.00 SECTION) EA 0237 7252000000-E MESSENGER CABLE (1/4") 1710 4,640 20,184.00 4 35 LF

### North Carolina Department of Transportation Contract Item Sheets For C204852

#### Line ItemNumber Sec Description Quantity Unit Bid Amount Unit Price # Bid 0238 7264000000-E 1710 MESSENGER CABLE (3/8") 730 4.35 3,175.50 LF 0239 7279000000-E 1715 TRACER WIRE 3,366.60 1,810 1.86 LF 0240 7288000000-E PAVED TRENCHING (\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*) 1715 20 44.80 896.00 LF (1, 2") PAVED TRENCHING (\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*) 0241 7288000000-E 1715 280 97,440.00 348.00 LF (2, 2")0242 7300000000-E 1715 UNPAVED TRENCHING (\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*) 32,016.00 1,840 17.40 LF (1, 2")UNPAVED TRENCHING (\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*) 7300000000-E 0243 1715 2,090 22.40 46,816.00 LF (2, 2")0244 7300000000-E UNPAVED TRENCHING (\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*) 1715 27.40 822.00 30 (3, 2") 1 F UNPAVED TRENCHING (\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*) 7300000000-E 1715 0245 110 32.30 3,553.00 LF (4, 2") 0246 7300000000-E UNPAVED TRENCHING (\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*) 1715 110 37.30 4,103.00 LF (6, 2") 0247 7301000000-F 1715 DIRECTIONAL DRILL (\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*) 60 44.80 2.688.00 LF (1, 2") DIRECTIONAL DRILL (\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*) 0248 730100000-E 1715 1.020 49.70 50.694.00 LF (2, 2")0249 7301000000-E 1715 DIRECTIONAL DRILL (\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*) 55.00 4,400.00 80 1 F (3, 2")7301000000-E DIRECTIONAL DRILL (\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*) 0250 1715 130 61.00 7,930.00 (4, 2") LF 0251 7324000000-N 1716 JUNCTION BOX (STANDARD SIZE) 750.00 30,750.00 41 EA 0252 7348000000-N 1716 JUNCTION BOX (OVER-SIZED, HEAVY 26 1.120.00 29.120.00 DUTY) EA WOOD POLE 0253 736000000-N 1720 4 2.240.00 8.960.00 EA 0254 GUY ASSEMBLY 7372000000-N 1721 15 840.00 12,600.00 EA 7408000000-E 1" RISER WITH WEATHERHEAD 0255 1722 810.00 810.00 1 EA 7420000000-E 2" RISER WITH WEATHERHEAD 0256 1722 930.00 3.720.00 4 ΕA 0257 7432000000-E 1722 2" RISER WITH HEAT SHRINK TUBING 1.160.00 6.960.00 6 EA 0258 7444000000-E 1725 INDUCTIVE LOOP SAWCUT 3.710 8.70 32.277.00 1 F LEAD-IN CABLE (\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*) 0259 7456000000-E 1726 16,940 2.49 42,180.60 (14-2) ĹF 0260 7481000000-N SP SITE SURVEY 2 1,740.00 3,480.00 ΕA

#### Contract Item Sheets For C204852 Line ItemNumber Sec Description Quantity Unit Bid Amount Unit Price # Bid # CAMERA WITHOUT INTERNAL LOOP EMULATOR PROCESSING UNIT 0261 7481240000-N SP 3 14,600.00 43,800.00 EA EXTERNAL LOOP EMULATOR 0262 7481260000-N SP 2 2,610.00 5,220.00 PROCESSING UNIT EA COMMUNICATIONS CABLE (\*\* FIBER) 0263 7516000000-E 1730 6,920 4.79 33,146.80 ĹF (48) 0264 7528000000-E 1730 DROP CABLE 1,210 5,263.50 4.35 LF 0265 7540000000-N 1731 SPLICE ENCLOSURE 5 4,230.00 21,150.00 EΑ 7566000000-N 0266 1733 DELINEATOR MARKER 17 218.00 3,706.00 EA 0267 7576000000-N SP METAL STRAIN SIGNAL POLE 73,600.00 4 18,400.00 EA 0268 7588000000-N SP METAL POLE WITH SINGLE MAST ARM 3 37,600.00 112,800.00 EA 7590000000-N 0269 SP METAL POLE WITH DUAL MAST ARM 42,900.00 42,900.00 1 ΕA 0270 SP 7613000000-N SOIL TEST 8 2.490.00 19.920.00 EA 0271 7614100000-E SP DRILLED PIER FOUNDATION 8 3.480.00 27.840.00 CY 0272 7630000000-N SP METAL STRAIN POLE DESIGN 4 0.01 0.04 FA MAST ARM WITH METAL POLE 0273 7631000000-N SP 0.01 0.04 4 DESIGN EA 0274 7636000000-N 1745 SIGN FOR SIGNALS 28 435.00 12,180.00 ΕA 0275 7642100000-N 1743 TYPE I POST WITH FOUNDATION 12 2.300.00 27.600.00 EA 0276 7642200000-N 1743 TYPE II PEDESTAL WITH FOUNDATION 10 4.470.00 44.700.00 FA TYPE III PEDESTAL WITH 0277 7642300000-N 1743 7,200.00 7,200.00 1 FOUNDATION EA 0278 7648000000-N 1746 RELOCATE EXISTING SIGN 2 230.00 460.00 EA SIGNAL CABINET FOUNDATION 0279 7684000000-N 1750 5,960.00 4 1,490.00 EA 0280 7687000000-N 1752 MODIFY FOUNDATION FOR 1.490.00 1.490.00 1 CONTROLLER CABINET EA 0281 769600000-N 1751 CONTROLLERS WITH CABINET 5 27.700.00 138.500.00 EA (TYPE 2070LX, BASE MOUNTED) 0282 778000000-N DETECTOR CARD (TYPE 2070L) 30 373.00 1751 11,190.00 ΕA

### Contract Item Sheets For C204852

Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
0283	7901000000-N	1753	CABINET BASE EXTENDER	5 EA	680.00	3,400.00
0284	7980000000-N	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM ETHERNET EDGE SWITCH	5 EA	4,970.00	24,850.00
0285	7980000000-N	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM EVP PHASE SELECTOR	2 EA	7,200.00	14,400.00
0286	7980000000-N	SP	GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM OPTICAL DETECTOR UNIT	2 EA	19,300.00	38,600.00

Dec 01, 2023 9:46 AM

## North Carolina Department of Transportation

			Contract Item Sheets For C20	4852		
Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
			CULVERT ITEMS			
0287	8035000000-N	402	REMOVAL OF EXISTING STRUCTURE AT STATION ********** (36+00.33 -L-)	LUMP SUM	58,000.00	58,000.00
0288	8126000000-N	414	CULVERT EXCAVATION, STA ****** (36+00.33 -L-)	LUMP SUM	50,000.00	50,000.00
0289	8133000000-E	414	FOUNDATION CONDITIONING MATERIAL, BOX CULVERT	921 TON	92.00	84,732.00
0290	8196000000-E	420	CLASS A CONCRETE (CULVERT)	649.4 CY	1,270.00	824,738.00
0291	8245000000-E	425	REINFORCING STEEL (CULVERT)	117,735 LB	1.58	186,021.30
0292	8822000000-E	SP	GENERIC CULVERT ITEM FOUNDATION CONDITIONING GEOTEXTILE	1,611 SY	3.83	6,170.13

### Contract Item Sheets For C204852

Line #	ItemNumber	Sec #	Description	Quantity Unit	Unit Bid Price	Amount Bid
			WALL ITEMS			
0293	8801000000-E	SP	MSE RETAINING WALL NO **** (1)	16,240 SF	137.00	2,224,880.00
0294	8801000000-E	SP	MSE RETAINING WALL NO **** (2)	420 SF	115.00	48,300.00
0295	8801000000-E	SP	MSE RETAINING WALL NO **** (3)	1,200 SF	107.00	128,400.00
0296	8801000000-E	SP	MSE RETAINING WALL NO **** (4)	230 SF	104.00	23,920.00
0297	8801000000-E	SP	MSE RETAINING WALL NO **** (5)	970 SF	97.00	94,090.00
0298	8801000000-E	SP	MSE RETAINING WALL NO **** (6)	440 SF	98.00	43,120.00
0299	8847000000-E	SP	GENERIC RETAINING WALL ITEM ARCHITECTURAL SURFACE TREATMENT (SOUND BARRIER WALL)	16,224 SF	1.75	28,392.00
0300	8847000000-E	SP	GENERIC RETAINING WALL ITEM SOUND BARRIER WALL NO -NW2-	10,365 SF	59.00	611,535.00
			TOTAL AMO	UNT OF BID FOR ENT	IRE PROJECT	\$34,788,496.49

0946/Dec01/Q1018548.738/D1364851824000/E300

Form SPA-1 Revised 10-23-2023

Contract Number	C204852
TIP Number	R-3833C
Standard Specifications Year	2018
County and Route	Iredell County

# 2018 Bid Items Eligible for Steel Price Adjustment

Instructions: This form shall be completed in accordance with the Special Provision. If you choose to have Steel Price Adjustments applied to any of the items listed below, select the word "Yes" in the "Option" column corresponding to the item. The form must be signed, dated, and submitted to the Contract Engineer within the timeframe required by the Special Provision.

ontract Line Number	item Number and Description	Category	Option (Yes or No)
291	8245000000-E - REINFORCING STEEL (CULVERT),	1	Yes
			-
			-
			-
	Signature (Print and Sign Your Name)	Arm o	or Corporation
PRINT NAME	Troy Carter		
SIGN NAME	Troy M. Carter Add and to be a Constant Children Constant		Construction
The print of the local division of the	Date:	Ven	dor Number
	12/1/2023		3317

### EXECUTION OF CONTRACT NON-COLLUSION, DEBARMENT AND GIFT BAN CERTIFICATION

### **CORPORATION**

The Contractor declares (or certifies, verifies, or states) under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States that neither he, nor any official, agent or employee has entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action which is in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with this Contract, that the Contractor has not been convicted of violating N.C.G.S. § 133-24 within the last three years, and that the Contractor intends to do the work with its own bona fide employees or subcontractors and did not bid for the benefit of another contractor.

By submitting this Execution of Contract, Non-Collusion and Debarment Certification, the Contractor is certifying his status under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States in accordance with the Debarment Certification attached, provided that the Debarment Certification also includes any required statements concerning exceptions that are applicable.

 $N.C.G.S. \$  133-32 and Executive Order 24 prohibit the offer to, or acceptance by, any State Employee of any gift from anyone with a contract with the State, or from any person seeking to do business with the State. By execution of any response in this procurement, you attest, for your entire organization and its employees or agents, that you are not aware that any such gift has been offered, accepted, or promised by any employees of your organization.

SIGNATURE OF CONTRACTOR onst A. E. Lich Full name of Corporation dstone Court Address as Prequalified Attest Secretary President/Viee ident Select appropriate title Select appropriate title Carol Gallagher Compliance & Corp Affairs Officer Secretary Print or type Signer's name Print or type Signer's name

**CORPORATE SEAL** 



# **DEBARMENT CERTIFICATION**

Conditions for certification:

- 1. The prequalified bidder shall provide immediate written notice to the Department if at any time the bidder learns that his certification was erroneous when he submitted his debarment certification or explanation filed with the Department, or has become erroneous because of changed circumstances.
- 2. The terms covered transaction, debarred, suspended, ineligible, lower tier covered transaction, participant, person, primary covered transaction, principal, proposal, and voluntarily excluded, as used in this provision, have the meanings set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of the rules implementing Executive Order 12549. A copy of the Federal Rules requiring this certification and detailing the definitions and coverages may be obtained from the Contract Officer of the Department.
- 3. The prequalified bidder agrees by submitting this form, that he will not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in NCDOT contracts, unless authorized by the Department.
- 4. For Federal Aid projects, the prequalified bidder further agrees that by submitting this form he will include the Federal-Aid Provision titled *Required Contract Provisions Federal-Aid Construction Contract (Form FHWA PR* 1273) provided by the Department, without subsequent modification, in all lower tier covered transactions.
- 5. The prequalified bidder may rely upon a certification of a participant in a lower tier covered transaction that he is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless he knows that the certification is erroneous. The bidder may decide the method and frequency by which he will determine the eligibility of his subcontractors.
- 6. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this provision. The knowledge and information of a participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- 7. Except as authorized in paragraph 6 herein, the Department may terminate any contract if the bidder knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available by the Federal Government.

## **DEBARMENT CERTIFICATION**

The prequalified bidder certifies to the best of his knowledge and belief, that he and his principals:

- a. Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;
- b. Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records; making false statements; or receiving stolen property;
- c. Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph b. of this certification; and
- d. Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.
- e. Will submit a revised Debarment Certification immediately if his status changes and will show in his bid proposal an explanation for the change in status.

If the prequalified bidder cannot certify that he is not debarred, he shall provide an explanation with this submittal. An explanation will not necessarily result in denial of participation in a contract.

Failure to submit a non-collusion and debarment certification will result in the prequalified bidder's bid being considered non-responsive.

Check here if an explanation is attached to this certification.

Contract No. <u>C204852</u>

County (ies): Iredell

# ACCEPTED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

-Docusigned by: Ronald E. Davenport, Jr.

Contract Officer

12/20/2023

-F81B6038A47A442

Date

Execution of Contract and Bonds Approved as to Form:

-DocuSigned by:

Colin Justice

-1889E4C5ADF14AE... Attorney General

12/20/2023

Date

Signature Sheet (Bid - Acceptance by Department)

Contract	No
County	

04852

Bond Nos.: 012209183 (Liberty) 7901054636 (Nationwide) ES00003138 (Everest) 4449502 (Markel)

# CONTRACT PAYMENT BOND

Date of Payment Bond Execution	December 12, 2023
Name of Principal Contractor	The Lane Construction Corporation
Name of Surety:	Liberty Mutual Insurance Company and Nationwide Mutual Insurance Company and Everest Reinsurance Company and Markel Insurance Company
Name of Contracting Body:	North Carolina Department of Transportation
	Raleigh, North Carolina
Amount of Bond:	Thirty-Four Million Seven Hundred Eighty-Eight Thousand Four Hundred Ninety-Six and 49/100 (\$34,788,496.49)
Contract ID No.:	C204852
County Name:	Iredell

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, That we, the PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR (hereafter, PRINCIPAL) and SURETY above named, are held and firmly bound unto the above named Contracting Body, hereinafter called the Contracting Body, in the penal sum of the amount stated above for the payment of which sum well and truly to be made, we bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, and successors, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents.

THE CONDITION OF THIS OBLIGATION IS SUCH, that whereas the principal entered into a certain contract with the Contracting Body, numbered as shown above and hereto attached:

NOW THEREFORE, if the principal shall promptly make payment to all persons supplying labor and material in the prosecution of the work provided for in said contract, and any and all duly authorized modifications of said contract that may hereafter be made, notice of which modifications to the surety being hereby waived, then this obligation to be void; otherwise to remain in full force and virtue.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the above-bound parties have executed this instrument under their several seals on the date indicated above, the name and corporate seal of each corporate party being hereto affixed and these presents duly signed by its undersigned representative, pursuant to authority of its governing body.

C204852 tredell

Contract No. County

Rev 5-17-11

# **CONTRACT PAYMENT BOND**

By

Affix Seal of Surety Company

Liberty Mutual Insurance Company and Nationwide Mutual Insurance Company and Everest Reinsurance Company and Markel Insurance Company

Print or type Surety Company Name

Theresan E. Rowedder, Attorney-in-Fact Print, stamp or type name of Attorney-Signature of Attomey





hage gignature of Witness

> Tracy Sapere, Witness Print or type Signer's name

> > 53 State Street, Suite 2201, Boston, MA 02117 Address of Attorney-in-Fact

204852 Iredell

Contract No. County Rev 5-17-11

# **CONTRACT PAYMENT BOND**

# **CORPORATION**

SIGNATURE OF CONTRACTOR (Principal)

The Lane Construction Corporation Full name of Corporation

90 Fieldstone Court, Cheshire, CT 06410 Address as prequalified By Signature of President. ¥ President Select appropriate title Print or type Signer's name C ATAUCZ Affix Corporate Seal Attest Signature of Segretary. Assistant Secretary Select appropriate title **Carol** Gallagher Compliance & Corp Affairs Officer Secretary Print or type Signer's name

_	-		
Rev	5-	17-1	

Contract	No.
County	-

Bond Nos.: 012209183 (Liberty) 7901054636 (Nationwide) ES00003138 (Everest) 4449502 (Markel)

# CONTRACT PERFORMANCE BOND

Date of Performance Bond Execution:	December 12, 2023
Name of Principal Contractor:	The Lane Construction Corporation
Name of Surety:	Liberty Mutual Insurance Company and Nationwide Mutual Insurance Company and Everest Reinsurance Company and Markel Insurance Company
Name of Contracting Body:	North Carolina Department of Transportation
	Raleigh, North Carolina
Amount of Bond:	Thirty-Four Million Seven Hundred Eighty-Eight Thousand Four Hundred Ninety-Six and 49/100 (\$34,788,496.49)
Contract ID No .:	C204852
County Name:	Iredell

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, That we, the PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR (hereafter, PRINCIPAL) and SURETY above named, are held and firmly bound unto the above named Contracting Body, hereinafter called the Contracting Body, in the penal sum of the amount stated above for the payment of which sum well and truly to be made, we bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, and successors, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents.

THE CONDITION OF THIS OBLIGATION IS SUCH, that whereas the principal entered into a certain contract with the Contracting Body, numbered as shown above and hereto attached:

NOW THEREFORE, if the principal shall well and truly perform and fulfill all the undertakings, covenants, terms, conditions, and agreements of said contract during the original term of said contract and any extensions thereof that may be granted by the Contracting Body, with or without notice to the Surety, and during the life of any guaranty required under the contract, and shall also well and truly perform and fulfill all the undertakings, covenants, terms, conditions, and agreements of any and all duly authorized modifications of said contract that may hereafter be made, notice of which modifications to the surety being hereby waived, then this obligation to be void; otherwise to remain in full force and virtue.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the above-bound parties have executed this instrument under their several seals on the date indicated above, the name and corporate seal of each corporate party being hereto affixed and these presents duly signed by its undersigned representative, pursuant to authority of its governing body.

C2048	352
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Iredell

Contract No. County

Rev 5-17-11

# **CONTRACT PERFORMANCE BOND**

By

Affix Seal of Surety Company

Liberty Mutual Insurance Company and Nationwide Mutual Insurance Company and Everest Reinsurance Company and Markel Insurance Company

Print or type Surety Company Name

Theresan E. Rowedder, Attorney-in-Fact Print, stamp or type name of Attorney

Signature of Attorney-in-Fac

hac **Gignature of Witness** 



Tracy Sapere, Witness Print or type Signer's name

> 53 State Street, Suite 2201, Boston, MA 02117 Address of Attorney-in-Fact

Contract No. County

C204852

Iredell

Rev 5-17-11

# **CONTRACT PERFORMANCE BOND**

# **CORPORATION**

SIGNATURE OF CONTRACTOR (Principal)

The Lane Construction Corporation Full name of Corporation

90 Fieldstone Court, Cheshire, CT 06410

Address as prequalified

By

Signature of President, View Dross Select appropriate title

Print or type Signer's name



Affix Corporate Seal

Signature of Secretary, Accistant Se Select appropriate title

> Carol Gallagher Compliance & Corp Affairs Officer Secretary

Print or type Signer's name

Attest



This Power of Attorney limits the acts of those named herein, and they have no authority to bind the Company except in the manner and to the extent herein stated.

> Liberty Mutual Insurance Company The Ohio Casualty Insurance Company West American Insurance Company

Certificate No: 8210070-012022

f Attorney

# POWER OF ATTORNEY

KNOWN ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS: That The Ohio Casualty Insurance Company is a corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of New Hampshire, that Liberty Mutual Insurance Company is a corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of Massachusetts, and West American Insurance Company is a corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of Indiana (herein collectively called the "Companies"), pursuant to and by authority herein set forth, does hereby name, constitute and appoint, Bryan Huft; Jane Gilson; Jean Correia; Nathaniel Jakaitis; Tracy Sapere; Theresan E. Rowedder

all of the city of Boston state of MA each individually if there be more than one named, its true and lawful attorney-in-fact to make, execute, seal, acknowledge and deliver, for and on its behalf as surety and as its act and deed, any and all undertakings, bonds, recognizances and other surety obligations, in pursuance of these presents and shall be as binding upon the Companies as if they have been duly signed by the president and attested by the secretary of the Companies in their own proper persons

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this Power of Attorney has been subscribed by an authorized officer or official of the Companies and the corporate seals of the Companies have been affixed thereto this 8th day of May 2023

i l

INSU

1991

By:

State of PENNSYLVANIA County of MONTGOMERY

guarantees

value

credit

đ

, note, loan, letter rate or residual va

mortgage, r e. interest ra

rate.

Not valid for r currency rate

/ (POA) verification inquiries, HOSUR@libertymutual.com On this 8th day of May 2023 before me personally appeared David M. Carey, who acknowledged himself to be the Assistant Secretary of Liberty Mutual Insurance Company, The Ohio Casualty Company, and West American Insurance Company, and that he, as such, being authorized so to do, execute the foregoing instrument for the purposes therein contained by signing on behalf of the corporations by himself as a duly authorized officer.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name and affixed my notarial seal at Plymouth Meeting, Pennsylvania, on the day and year first above written.

INS



Commonwealth of Pennsylvania - Notary Seal Teresa Pastella, Notary Public Montgomery County My commission expires March 28, 2025 Commission number 1126044 nnsvivania Association of Notane

By: Jeresa Pastella

Liberty Mutual Insurance Company

David M. Carey, Assistant Secretary

The Ohio Casualty Insurance Company West American Insurance Company

This Power of Attorney is made and executed pursuant to and by authority of the following By-laws and Authorizations of The Ohio Casualty Insurance Company, Liberty Mutual Insurance Company, and West American Insurance Company which resolutions are now in full force and effect reading as follows:

ARTICLE IV - OFFICERS: Section 12. Power of Attorney.

SS

d/or Power of / 10-832-8240 c Any officer or other official of the Corporation authorized for that purpose in writing by the Chairman or the President, and subject to such limitation as the Chairman or the and/ II 61( President may prescribe, shall appoint such attomeys-in-fact, as may be necessary to act in behalf of the Corporation to make, execute, seal, acknowledge and deliver as surety bond at ase call any and all undertakings, bonds, recognizances and other surety obligations. Such attorneys-in-fact, subject to the limitations set forth in their respective powers of attorney, shall have full power to bind the Corporation by their signature and execution of any such instruments and to attach thereto the seal of the Corporation. When so executed, such For bor please instruments shall be as binding as if signed by the President and attested to by the Secretary. Any power or authority granted to any representative or attorney-in-fact under the provisions of this article may be revoked at any time by the Board, the Chairman, the President or by the officer or officers granting such power or authority.

ARTICLE XIII - Execution of Contracts: Section 5. Surety Bonds and Undertakings.

INSUA

Any officer of the Company authorized for that purpose in writing by the chairman or the president, and subject to such limitations as the chairman or the president may prescribe, shall appoint such attorneys in-fact, as may be necessary to act in behalf of the Company to make, execute, seal, acknowledge and deliver as surety any and all undertakings, bonds, recognizances and other surety obligations. Such attorneys-in-fact subject to the limitations set forth in their respective powers of attorney, shall have full power to bind the Company by their signature and execution of any such instruments and to attach thereto the seal of the Company. When so executed such instruments shall be as binding as if signed by the president and attested by the secretary.

Certificate of Designation - The President of the Company, acting pursuant to the Bylaws of the Company, authorizes David M. Carey, Assistant Secretary to appoint such attorneys-infact as may be necessary to act on behalf of the Company to make, execute, seal, acknowledge and deliver as surely any and all undertakings, bonds, recognizances and other surety obligations.

Authorization - By unanimous consent of the Company's Board of Directors, the Company consents that facsimile or mechanically reproduced signature of any assistant secretary of the Company, wherever appearing upon a certified copy of any power of attorney issued by the Company in connection with surety bonds, shall be valid and binding upon the Company with the same force and effect as though manually affixed.

I. Renee C. Llewellyn, the undersigned, Assistant Secretary, The Ohio Casualty Insurance Company, Liberty Mutual Insurance Company, and d West American Insurance Company do hereby certify that the original power of attorney of which the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of the Power of Attorney executed by safe executed b has not been revoked RPOR

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seals of said Companies this 12th day of



EMS-12873 LMIC OCIC WAIC Multi Co 02/21

#### KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS THAT:

Nationwide Mutual Insurance Company, an Ohio corporation

hereinafter referred to severally as the "Company" and collectively as "the Companies" does hereby make, constitute and appoint:

AKLIMA NOORHASSAN; ANNE POTTER: BEVERLY A WOOLFORD; BRYAN HUFT; DEBRA A DEMING; FRANCES RODRIGUEZ; FRANCESCA KAZMIERCZAK; JANE GILSON; JEAN CORREIA; KEMAL BRKANOVIC; NATHANIEL JAKAITIS; PETER HEALY; SANDRA DIAZ; SUSAN A WELSH; THERESAN E ROWEDDER; TRACY SAPERE; VALORIE SPATES;

each in their individual capacity, its true and lawful attorney-in-fact, with full power and authority to sign, seal, and execute on its behalf any and all bonds and undertakings, and other obligatory instruments of similar nature, in penalties not exceeding the sum of

### **UNLIMITED**

and to bind the Company thereby, as fully and to the same extent as if such instruments were signed by the duly authorized officers of the Company; and all acts of said Attorney pursuant to the authority given are hereby ratified and confirmed.

This power of attorney is made and executed pursuant to and by authority of the following resolution duly adopted by the board of directors of the Company.

"RESOLVED, that the president, or any vice president be, and each hereby is, authorized and empowered to appoint attorneys-in-fact of the Company, and to authorize them to execute and deliver on behalf of the Company any and all bonds, forms, applications, memorandums, undertakings, recognizances, transfers, contracts of indemnity, policies, contracts guaranteeing the fidelity of persons holding positions of public or private trust, and other writings obligatory in nature that the business of the Company may require; and to modify or revoke, with or without cause, any such appointment or authority; provided, however, that the authority granted hereby shall in no way limit the authority of other duly authorized agents to sign and countersign any of said documents on behalf of the Company."

"RESOLVED FURTHER, that such attorneys-in-fact shall have full power and authority to execute and deliver any and all such documents and to bind the Company subject to the terms and limitations of the power of attorney issued to them, and to affix the seal of the Company thereto, provided, however, that said seal shall not be necessary for the validity of any such documents."

This power of attorney is signed and sealed under and by the following bylaws duly adopted by the board of directors of the Company.

Execution of Instruments. Any vice president, any assistant secretary or any assistant treasurer shall have the power and authority to sign or attest all approved documents, instruments, contracts, or other papers in connection with the operation of the business of the company in addition to the chairman of the board, the chief executive officer, president, treasurer or secretary; provided, however, the signature of any of them may be printed, engraved, or stamped on any approved document, contract, instrument, or other papers of the Company.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Company has caused this instrument to be sealed and duly attested by the signature of its officer the 20th day of August, 2021.

Antonio C. Albanese, Vice President of Nationwide Mutual Insurance Company

#### ACKNOWLEDGMENT



STATE OF NEW YORK COUNTY OF NEW YORK: ss

On this 20th day of August, 2021, before me came the above-named officer for the Company aforesaid, to me personally known to be the officer described in and who executed the preceding instrument, and he acknowledged the execution of the same, and being by me duly sworn, deposes and says, that he is the officer of the Company aforesaid, that the seal affixed hereto is the corporate seal of said Company, and the said corporate seal and his signature were duly affixed and subscribed to said instrument by the authority and direction of said Company.

Stephanie Rubino McArthur Notary Public, State of New York No. 02MC6270117 Qualified in New York County commission Expires October 19, 2024

Scylanie Rulino Matthe Notary Public

Notary Public My Commission Expires October 19, 2024

CERTIFICATE

I, Laura B. Guy, Assistant Secretary of the Company, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of the original power of attorney issued by the Company; that the resolution included therein is a true and correct transcription. The minutes of the meetings of the boards of directors and the same has not been revoked or amended in any manner; that said Antonio C. All the mass on the time of the execution of the foregoing power of attorney the duly elected officer of the Company, and the corporate seal and his signature as on the time of the foregoing power of attorney is still in full force and efficiency of the foregoing power of attorney is still in full force and the same has and the foregoing power of attorney is still in full force and the foregoing power of attorney is still in full force and the foregoing power of attorney is still in full force and the foregoing power of attorney is still in full force and the foregoing power of attorney is still in full force and the foregoing power of attorney is still in full force and the foregoing power of attorney is still in full force and the foregoing power of attorney is still in full force and the foregoing power of attorney is still in full force and the foregoing power of attorney is still in full force and the foregoing power of attorney is still in full force and the foregoing power of attorney is still in full force and the foregoing power of attorney is still in full force and the foregoing power of attorney is still in full force and the foregoing power of attorney is still in full force and the foregoing power of attorney is still in full force and the foregoing power of attorney is still in full force and the foregoing power of attorney is still in full force and the foregoing power of attorney is still in force and the foregoing power of attorney is still at the fower of the foregoing power of at

Secretary

В

Onto

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name and the subscribed m

BDJ 1(08-21)00

Kaura B. Guy

attived the corporate seal of said Company this 12th day of

Assistant Secretary



#### POWER OF ATTORNEY EVEREST REINSURANCE COMPANY

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS: That Everest Reinsurance Company, a corporation of the State of Delaware ("Company") having its principal office located at 100 Everest Way, Warren, New Jersey, 07059, do hereby nominate, constitute, and appoint:

Jean Correia, Theresan E. Rowedder, Bryan Huft, Jane Gilson, Jennifer L. Jakaitis, Nathaniel Jakaitis, Tracy Sapere

its true and lawful Attorney(s)-in-fact to make, execute, attest, seal and deliver for and on its behalf, as surely, and as its act and deed, where required, any and all bonds and undertakings in the nature thereof, for the penal sum of no one of which is in any event to exceed UNLIMITED, reserving for itself the full power of substitution and revocation.

Such bonds and undertakings, when duly executed by the aforesaid Attorney(s)-in-fact shall be binding upon the Company as fully and to the same extent as if such bonds and undertakings were signed by the President and Secretary of the Company and sealed with its corporate seal.

This Power of Attomey is granted and is signed by facsimile under and by the authority of the following Resolutions adopted by the Board of Directors of Company ("Board") on April 21, 2016:

RESOLVED, that the President, any Executive Vice President, and any Senior Vice President are hereby appointed by the Board as authorized to make, execute, seal and deliver for and on behalf of the Company, any and all bonds, undertakings, contracts or obligations in surely or co-surely with others and that the Secretary or any Assistant Secretary of the Company be and that each of them hereby is authorized to attest to the execution of any such bonds, undertakings, contracts or obligations in surely or co-surely and attach thereto the corporate seal of the Company.

RESOLVED, FURTHER, that the President, any Executive Vice President, and any Senior Vice President are hereby authorized to execute powers of attorney qualifying the attorney named in the given power of attorney to execute, on behalf of the Company, bonds and undertakings in surety or co-surety with others, and that the Secretary or any Assistant Secretary of the Company be, and that each of them is hereby authorized to attest the execution of any such power of attorney, and to attach thereto the corporate seal of the Company.

RESOLVED, FURTHER, that the signature of such officers named in the preceding resolutions and the corporate seal of the Company may be affixed to such powers of attorney or to any cartificate relating thereto by facsimile, and any such power of attorney or cartificate bearing such facsimite signatures or facsimile seal shall be thereafter valid and binding upon the Company with respect to any bond, undertaking, contract or obligation in surety or co-surety with others to which it is attached.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Everest Reinsurance Company has caused their corporate seals to be affixed hereto, and these presents to be signed by their duty authorized officers this 15<sup>th</sup> day of February 2023.



**Everest Reinsurance Company** 

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By: Anthony Romano, Senior Vice President

On this 15<sup>th</sup> day of February 2023, before me personally came Anthony Romano, known to me, who, being duly sworn, did execute the above instrument; that he knows the seal of said Company; that the seal affixed to the aforesaid instrument is such corporate seal and was affixed thereto; and that he executed said instrument by like order.

LINDA ROBINS	
Notary Public, State of New York	
No 01R06239736	
Qualified in Queens County	
Term Expires April 25, 2027	

Juca Pober

Linda Robins, Notary Public

I. Nicole Chase, Assistant Secretary of Everest Reinsurance Company do hereby certify that I have compared the foregoing copy of the Power of Attorney and affidavit, and the copy of the Section of the bytaws and resolutions of said Corporation as set forth in said Power of Attorney, with the ORIGINALS ON FILE IN THE HOME OFFICE OF SAID CORPORATION, and that the same are correct transcripts thereof, and of the whole of the said originals, and that the same are correct transcripts thereof, and of the whole of the said originals, and that the said Power of Attorney has not been revoked and is now in full force and effect.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of said Company, this 12th day of December 2023.



Khose

By: Nicole Chase, Assistant Secretary

Everest Reinsurance Company 461 5<sup>th</sup> Avenue – 4<sup>th</sup> Floor New York, N.Y. 10017





# SURETY BOND SEAL ADDENDUM EVEREST REINSURANCE COMPANY

Due to logistical issues associated with the use of traditional seals during the COVID-19 pandemic, Everest Reinsurance Company ("Everest") has authorized its Attorney-in-Fact to affix Everest's corporate seal to any bond executed on behalf of Everest by any such Attorney-in-Fact by attaching this Addendum to said bond.

To the extent this addendum is attached to a bond that is executed on behalf of Everest by its Attorney-in-Fact, Everest hereby agrees that the seal below shall be deemed affixed to said bond to the same extent as if its raised corporate seal was physically affixed to the face of the bond.

Dated this 7<sup>th</sup> day of April 2020.

# EVEREST REINSURANCE COMPANY

By:

Anthony Romano - Vice President & Global Head of Surety



# JOINT LIMITED POWER OF ATTORNEY

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS: That SureTec Insurance Company, a Corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the State of Texas and having its principal office in the County of Harris, Texas and Markel Insurance Company (the "Company"), a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the state of Illinois, and having its principal administrative office in Glen Allen, Virginia, does by these presents make, constitute and appoint:

#### Theresan E. Rowedder

Their true and lawful agent(s) and attorney(s)-in-fact, each in their separate capacity if more than one is named above, to make, execute, seal and deliver for and on their own behalf, individually as a surety or jointly, as co-sureties, and as their act and deed any and all bonds and other undertaking in suretyship provided, however, that the penal sum of any one such instrument executed hereunder shall not exceed the sum of:

#### **In Unlimited Amounts**

This Power of Attorney is granted and is signed and sealed under and by the authority of the following Resolutions adopted by the Board of Directors of SureTec Insurance Company and Markel Insurance Company:

"RESOLVED, That the President, any Senior Vice President, Vice President, Assistant Vice President, Secretary, Assistant Secretary, Treasurer or Assistant Treasurer and each of them hereby is authorized to execute powers of attorney, and such authority can be executed by use of facsimile signature, which may be attested or acknowledged by any officer or attorney, of the company, qualifying the attorney or attorneys named in the given power of attorney, to execute in behalf of, and acknowledge as the act and deed of the SureTec Insurance Company and Markel Insurance Company, as the case may be, all bond undertakings and contracts of suretyship, and to affix the corporate seal thereto."

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Markel Insurance Company and SureTec Insurance Company have caused their official seal to be hereunto affixed and these presents to be signed by their duly authorized officers on the plum day of June , 2021.

SureTec Insurance Company

President

State of Texas County of Harris:

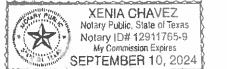




Ínsurance Lindey Jenning Vice President

On this 29th day of June , 2021 A. D., before me, a Notary Public of the State of Texas, in and for the County of Harris, duly commissioned and qualified, came THE ABOVE OFFICERS OF THE COMPANIES, to me personally known to be the individuals and officers described in, who executed the preceding instrument, and they acknowledged the execution of same, and being by me duly sworn, disposed and said that they are the officers of the said companies aforesaid, and that the seals affixed to the proceeding instrument are the Corporate Seals of said Companies, and the said Corporate Seals and their signatures as officers were duly affixed and subscribed to the said instrument by the authority and direction of the said companies, and that Resolutions adopted by the Board of Directors of said Companies referred to in the preceding instrument is now in force.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand, and affixed my Official Seal at the County of Harris, the day and year first above written.



ia Chavez, Notary Public My commission expires 9/10/2024

We, the undersigned Officers of SureTec Insurance Company and Markel Insurance Company do herby certify that the original POWER OF ATTORNEY of which the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy is still in full force and effect and has not been revoked.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, we have hereunto set our hands, and affixed the Seals of said Companies, on the <u>12th</u> day of <u>December</u>, <u>2023</u>

8γ,

M. Brent Beaty, Assistant Secretary

MarkeHinsurance Company Andrew Marguis, Assistant Septetary

Any Instrument Issued in excess of the penalty stated above is totally void the vertice of the authority of this Power you may call (7 13)812-0800 or any beginess day between 3:30 Số AM agid 5:00 PM CST.