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STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION **DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS** GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

STRUCTURE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

COUNTY **CATAWBA**

PROJECT DESCRIPTION HICKORY SINKHOLE SHORING DESIGN FOR CULVERT EXTENSION AND DRAINAGE PIPE CONNECTION

SITE DESCRIPTION SOUTHEAST CORNER OF INTERSECTION OF US 70 AND 7TH STREET SE STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO. 12.101811 19

CAUTION NOTICE

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, CEOTECHNICAL ENCINEERING UNIT AT (99) 707-6550, THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA ARE NOT PART OF THE CONTRACT.

GENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BOREHOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU (IN-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAR AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS MICHAELS PREPENTINES PREPENTATION AND WIND AS WELL AS OTHER MORN CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

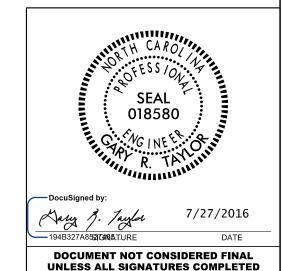
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- FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

PERSONNEL M. Snyder D. Tignor W. Shenberger INVESTIGATED BY _M. Snyder DRAWN BY J. Beauchaine CHECKED BY _**G. Taylor** SUBMITTED BY RK&K, LLP DATE __*July 2016*



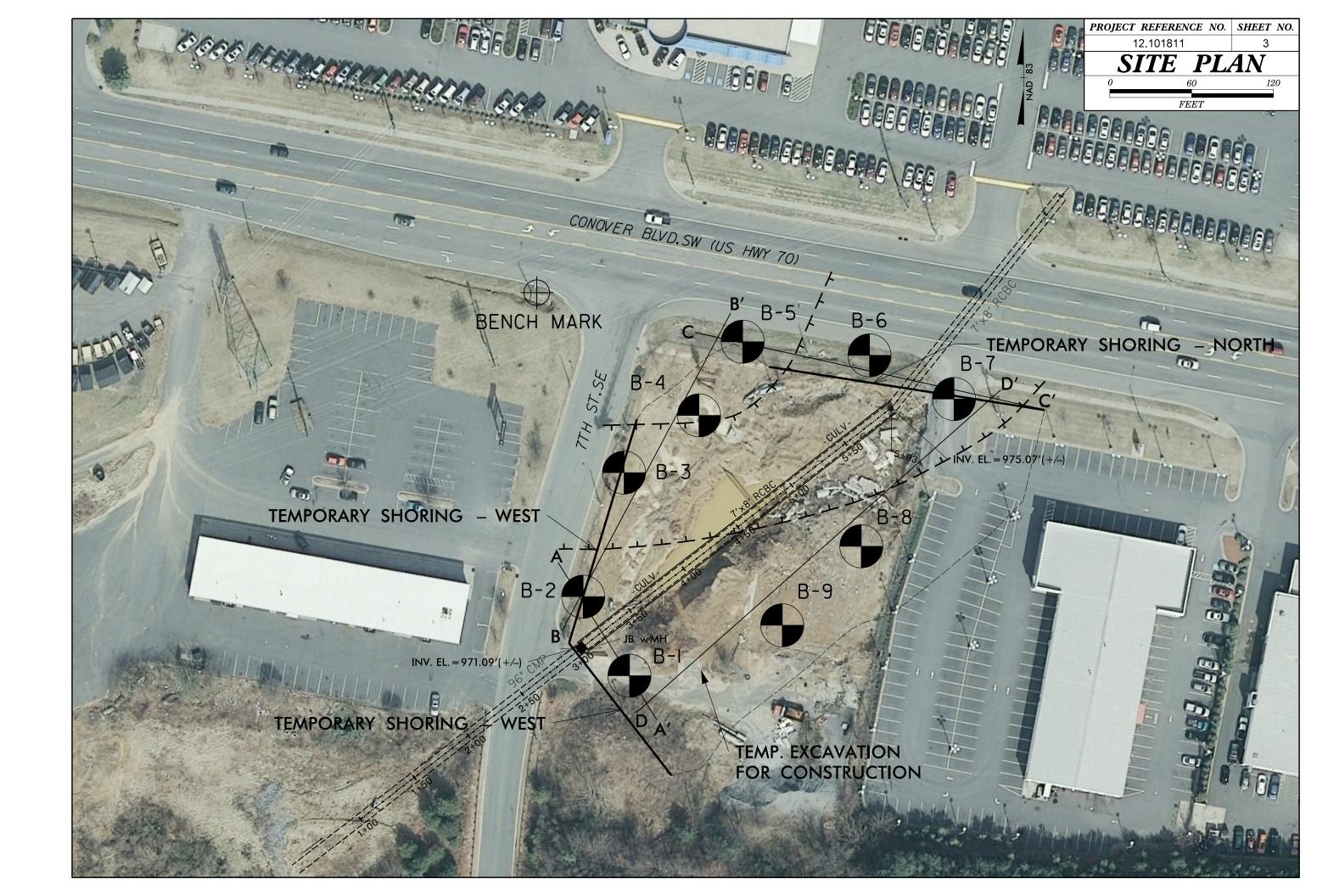
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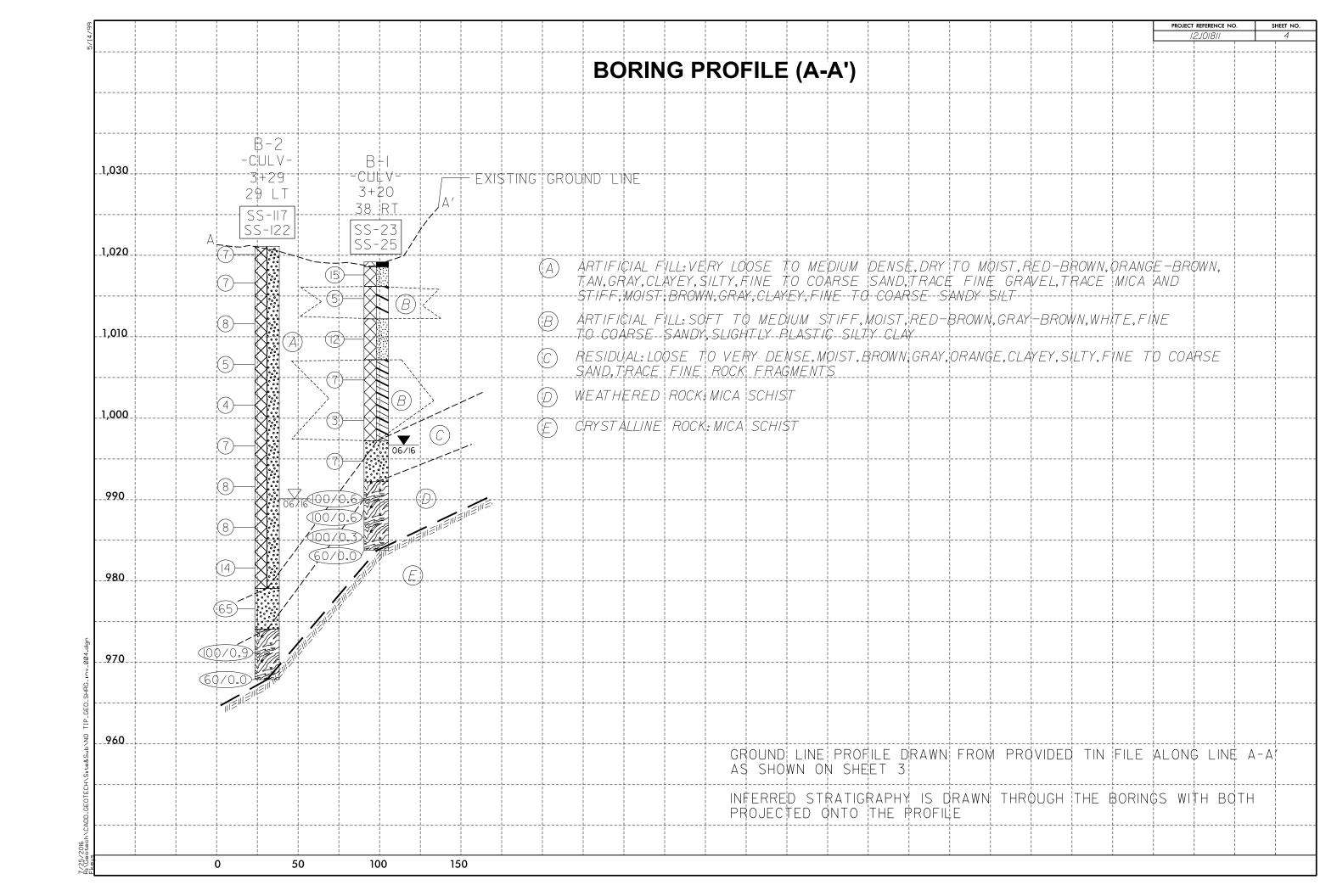
NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

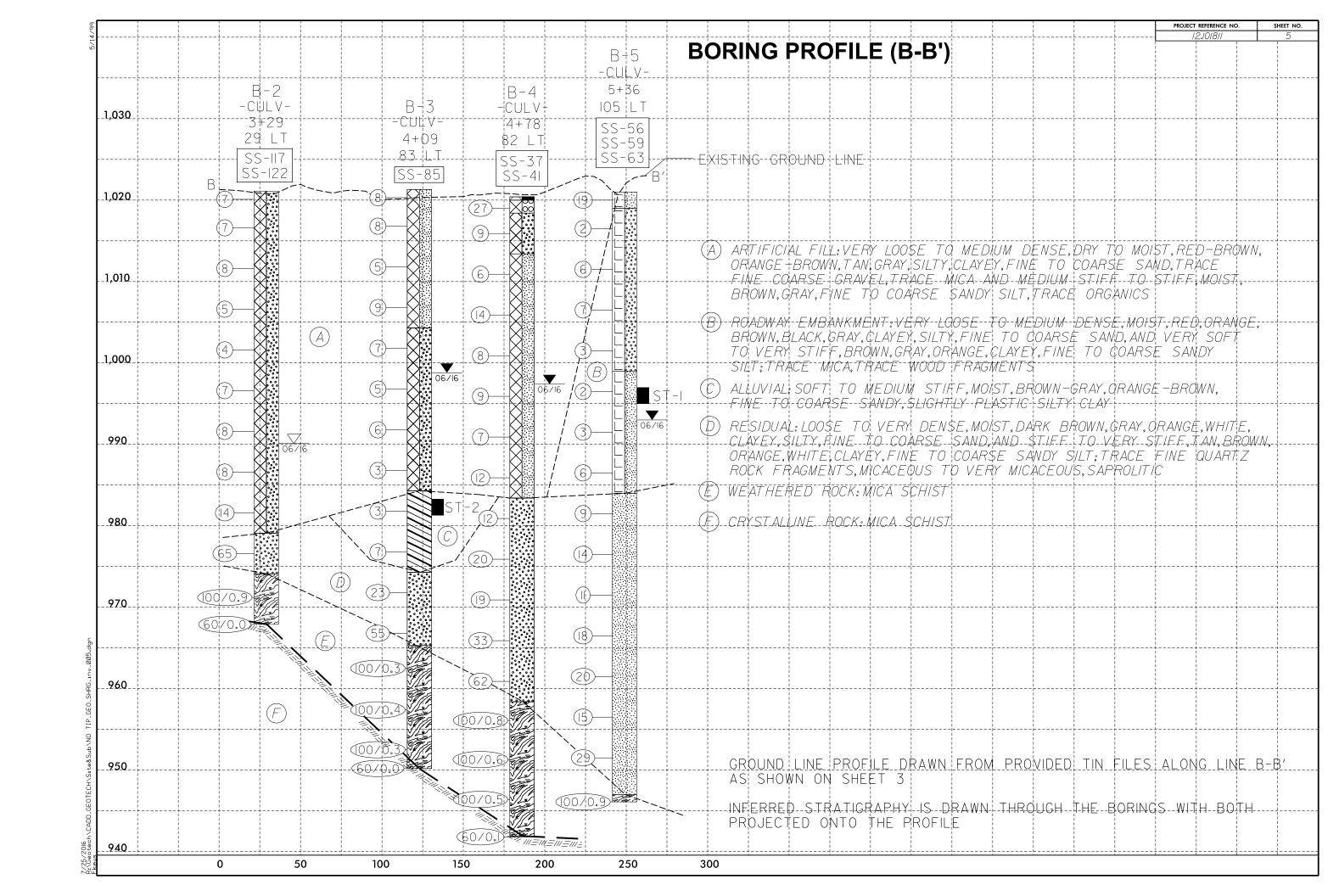
SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

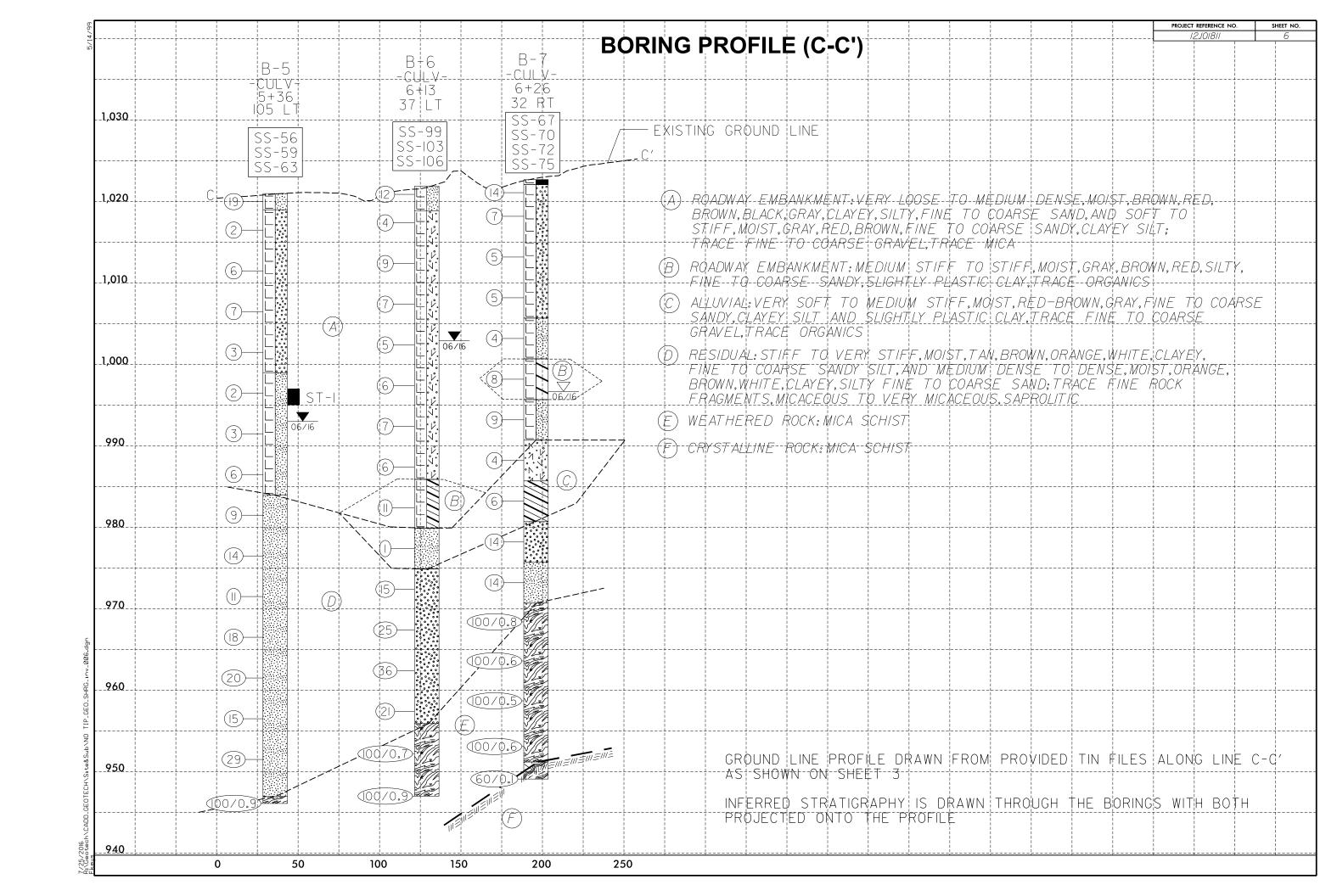
SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

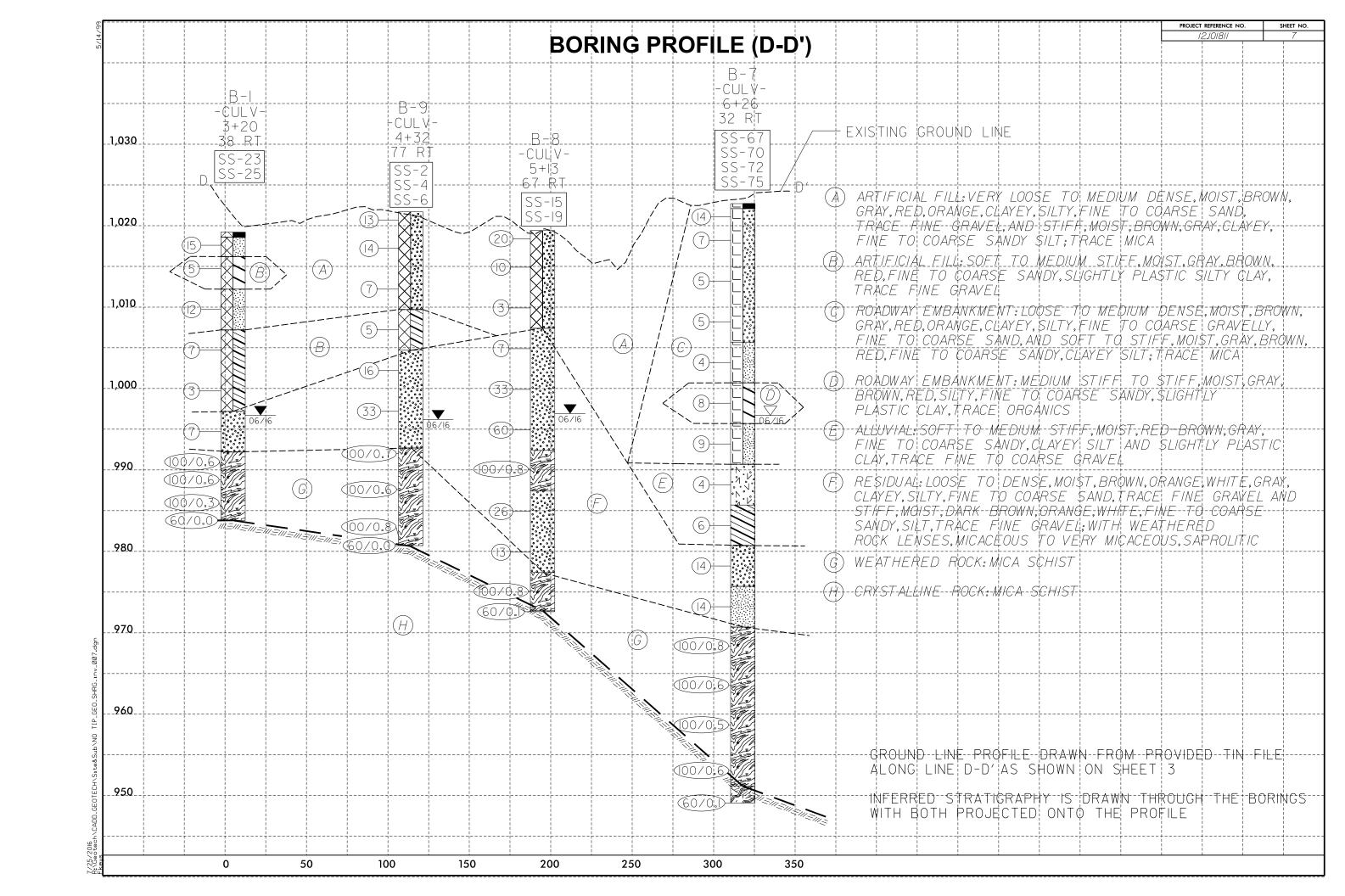
SOIL DESCRIPTION	GRADATION	ROCK DESCRIPTION	TERMS AND DEFINITIONS
SOIL IS CONSIDERED UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN	WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE.	HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. AN INFERRED	ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER.
BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO THE STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T 206, ASTM D1586). SOIL CLASSIFICATION	<u>UNIFORMLY GRADED</u> - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLE SIZES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.	ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60	AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA.
IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM, BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH	ANGULARITY OF GRAINS	BLOWS IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL, THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK.	ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND.
AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. FOR EXAMPLE,	THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS:	ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:	ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING
VERY STIFF,GRAY,SILTY CLAY,MOIST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS,HIGHLY PLASTIC,A-7-6 SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION	ANGULAR, SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.	WEATHERED NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > ROCK (WR) 100 BLOWS PER FOOT IF TESTED.	A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, SUCH AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC.
CEMEDAL CRANIE AR MATERIAL C SILT-FLAY MATERIAL C	MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION	FINE TO COARSE CRAIN ICNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC DOCK THAT	ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND
CLASS. (\leq 35% PASSING *200) (> 35% PASSING *200) ORGANIC MATERIALS	MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC.	POCY (CD) WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED, ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE,	SURFACE.
GROUP A-1 A-3 A-2 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-1, A-2 A-4, A-5 CLASS A-1 A-1 A-1 A-2 A-2 A-2 A-2 A-2 A-2 A-2 A-3 A-3 A-6 A-7 A-1, A-2 A-3 A-6 A-7 A-1 A-3 A-3 A-3 A-6 A-7 A-1 A-3	ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHEN THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.	NON-CRYSTALLINE FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN	CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.
00000000000000000000000000000000000000	COMPRESSIBILITY SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LL < 31	ROCK (NCR) SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YEILD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC.	COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE.
SYMBOL 0000d00000	MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LL = 31 - 50	COASTAL PLAIN COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD	CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED
% PASSING SIM SILT- MUCK,	HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LL > 50 PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL	SEDIMENTARY ROCK SPT REFUSAL. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED SHELL BEDS, ETC.	BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
*40 30 MX 50 MX 51 MN SOILS CLAY PEAT	GRANULAR SILT - CLAY	WEATHERING	DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.
חוויין של חווייין של חוויין של חוויין של חוויין של חוויין של חווייין של חוויייין של הייייין של היייייין של היייייין של הייייין של היייייין של היייייין של הייייייין של היייייין של היייייין של הייייייייייין של הייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי	ORGANIC MATERIAL SOILS SOILS OTHER MATERIAL TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRACE 1 - 10%	FRESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.	DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE
MATERIAL PASSING *40	LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER 3 - 5% 5 - 12% LITTLE 10 - 20%	VERY SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN.	HORIZONTAL.
LL 40 MX 41 MN 40 MX 41 MN 40 MX 41 MN 40 MX 41 MN 50LL5 WITH	MODERATELY ORGANIC	(V SLI.) CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF	DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH.
PI 6 MX NP 18 MX 18 MX 11 MN 11 MN 18 MX 18 MX 11 MN 11 MN MODERATE HIGHLY GROUP INDEX 8 8 8 4 MX 8 MX 12 MX 16 MX ND MX AMDINTS OF	GROUND WATER	OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.	FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE
UCIAL TYPES STONE FRACS ORGANIC	WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING	SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO (SLI.) 1 INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR	SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.
OF MAJOR GRAVEL, AND FINE SILIT OR CLAYET SILIT CLAYET MATTER		CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.	FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.
MATERIALS SANU	$\underline{f J}$	MODERATE SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN (MOD.) GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY, ROCK HAS	FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL.
GEN. RATING AS SUBGRADE EXCELLENT TO GOOD FAIR TO POOR POOR UNSUITABLE	PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE, OR WATER BEARING STRATA	DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED	FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM.
PI OF A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS ≤ LL - 30 ; PI OF A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS > LL - 30	- SPRING OR SEEP	WITH FRESH ROCK. MODERATELY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED, IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL	FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE
CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS	MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS	SEVERE AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH	FIELD.
PRIMARY SOIL TYPE COMPACTNESS OR RANGE OF STANDARD RANGE OF UNCONFINED PENETRATION RESISTENCE COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) 25/025 DIP & DIP DIRECTION	(MOD. SEV.) AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES 'CLUNK' SOUND WHEN STRUCK. IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL	JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.
CONSISTENCY (N-VALUE) (TONS/FT ²)	WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION The soil description of rock structures	SEVERE ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT	LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT.
GENERALLY VERY LOOSE < 4	SOIL SYMBOL SPI DATE TEST BORING SLOPE INDICATOR INSTALLATION	(SEV.) REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN.	LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS.
GRANULAR LUUSE 4 10 10 N/A	ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER AUGER PORTING CONE PENETROMETER	IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BPF	MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS. MOTTLING IN SOILS
MATERIAL DENSE 30 TO 50 (NON-COHESIVE) VERY DENSE > 50	THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT AUGER BORING CONE PENETROMETER	VERY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED, ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE	USUALLY INDICATES POOR AFRATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE.
VERY SOFT < 2 < 0.25	INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY CORE BORING • SOUNDING ROD	SEVERE BUT MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK (V SEV.) REMAINING, SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE THAT ONLY MINOR	PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.
GENERALLY SOFT 2 TO 4 0.25 TO 0.5	MW - TEST BODING	VESTIGES OF ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. <u>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES < 100 BPF</u>	RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.
SILT-CLAY MEDIUM STIFF 4 TO 8 0.5 TO 1.0 MATERIAL STIFF 8 TO 15 1 TO 2	MONITORING WELL WITH CORE	COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL, ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS, QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS, SAPROLITE IS	ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (ROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF
(COHESIVE) VERY STIFF 15 TO 30 2 TO 4 HARD > 30 > 4	TTTTT ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY A PIEZOMETER SPT N-VALUE	ALSO AN EXAMPLE.	ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE	RECOMMENDATION SYMBOLS	ROCK HARDNESS	SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT
U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE 4 10 40 60 200 270		VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK. BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	ROCK. SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND
OPENING (MM) 4.76 2.00 0.42 0.25 0.075 0.053	UNSUITABLE WASTE ACCEPTABLE, BUT NOT TO BE	HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY, HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED	RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO
BOULDER COBBLE GRAVEL COARSE FINE SILT CLAY	SHALLOW UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - USED IN THE TOP 3 FEET OF ACCEPTABLE DEGRADABLE ROCK EMBANKMENT OR BACKFILL	TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.	THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS.
(BLDR.) (COB.) (GR.) (CSE. SD.) (F SD.) (SL.) (CL.)	ABBREVIATIONS	MODERATELY CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK, GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE HARD EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK, HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED	SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE.
GRAIN MM 305 75 2.0 0.25 0.05 0.005	AR - AUGER REFUSAL MED MEDIUM VST - VANE SHEAR TEST	BY MODERATE BLOWS.	STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF
SIZE IN. 12 3	BT - BORING TERMINATED MICA MICACEOUS WEA WEATHERED CL CLAY MOD MODERATELY 7 - UNIT WEIGHT	MEDIUM CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT. HARD CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES I INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE	A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER, SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL
SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS	CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST NP - NON PLASTIC $\dot{\gamma}_{ m d}$ - DRY UNIT WEIGHT	POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS.
SOIL MOISTURE SCALE FIELD MOISTURE GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION (ATTERBERG LIMITS) DESCRIPTION	CSE COARSE ORG ORGANIC DMT - DILATOMETER TEST PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS	SOFT CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT, SMALL, THIN	STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
- SATURATED - USUALLY LIQUID: VERY WET, USUALLY	DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST SAP SAPROLITIC S - BULK	PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE.	STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SRQD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL
(SAT.) FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE	e - VOID RATIO	VERY CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK. PIECES 1 INCH SOFT OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY	LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR CREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
PLASTIC PROVIDE DRAWS TO	FOSS FOSSILIFEROUS SLI SLIGHTLY RS - ROCK FRAC FRACTURED, FRACTURES TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL	FINGERNAIL.	TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.
RANGE / - WET - (W) SEMISULIU; REGUIRES DRYING TO	FRAGS FRAGMENTS w - MOISTURE CONTENT CBR - CALIFORNIA BEARING	FRACTURE SPACING BEDDING	BENCH MARK: COLLAR ELEVATIONS DETERMINED FROM PROVIDED TOP
(PI) PLASTIC LIMITATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	HI HIGHLY V - VERY RATIO	TERM SPACING TERM THICKNESS	ELEVATION OF EXISTING MANHOLE LOCATED AT N 721571, E 1311773
OM OPTIMUM MOISTURE - MOIST - (M) SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE	EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT	VERY WIDE MORE THAN 10 FEET VERY THICKLY BEDDED 4 FEET WIDE 3 TO 10 FEET THICKLY BEDDED 1.5 - 4 FEET	ELEVATION: 1025.3 FEET
SL SHRINKAGE LIMIT	DRILL UNITS: ADVANCING TOOLS: HAMMER TYPE: CME-45C CLAY BITS X AUTOMATIC MANUAL	MODERATELY CLOSE 1 TO 3 FEET THINLY BEDDED 0.16 - 1.5 FEET CLOSE 0.16 TO 1 FOOT VERY THINLY BEDDED 0.03 - 0.16 FEET	NOTES:
- DRY - (D) REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	6' CONTINUOUS ELICHT AUGER	VERY CLOSE LESS THAN Ø.16 FEET THICKLY LAMINATED Ø.008 - 0.03 FEET	F.I.A.D FILLED IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING
	X CME-55	THINLY LAMINATED < 0.008 FEET INDURATION	
PLASTICITY		FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.	
PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) DRY STRENGTH NON PLASTIC 0-5 VERY LOW	CME-550 HARD FACED FINGER BITS TUNGCARBIDE INSERTS	RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS;	
SLIGHTLY PLASTIC 6-15 SLIGHT	VANE SHEAR TEST CASING W/ ADVANCER HAND TOOLS:	FRIABLE GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.	
MODERATELY PLASTIC 16-25 MEDIUM HIGHLY PLASTIC 26 OR MORE HIGH	PODTABLE HOLE TRICONE STEEL TEETH POST HOLE DIGGER	MODERATELY INDURATED GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.	
COLOR	TRICONS TUNG CARD HAND AUGER	CDAING ARE DISEIGNET TO SERABATE WITH STEEL PROBE.	
	SOUNDING HOD	INDURATED DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.	
DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY). MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.	CORE BIT VANE SHEAR TEST	EXTREMELY INDURATED SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE;	
The second standard seconds of the second of the	X 2'¼" AND 3'¼" HSA	SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.	DATE: 8-15-14

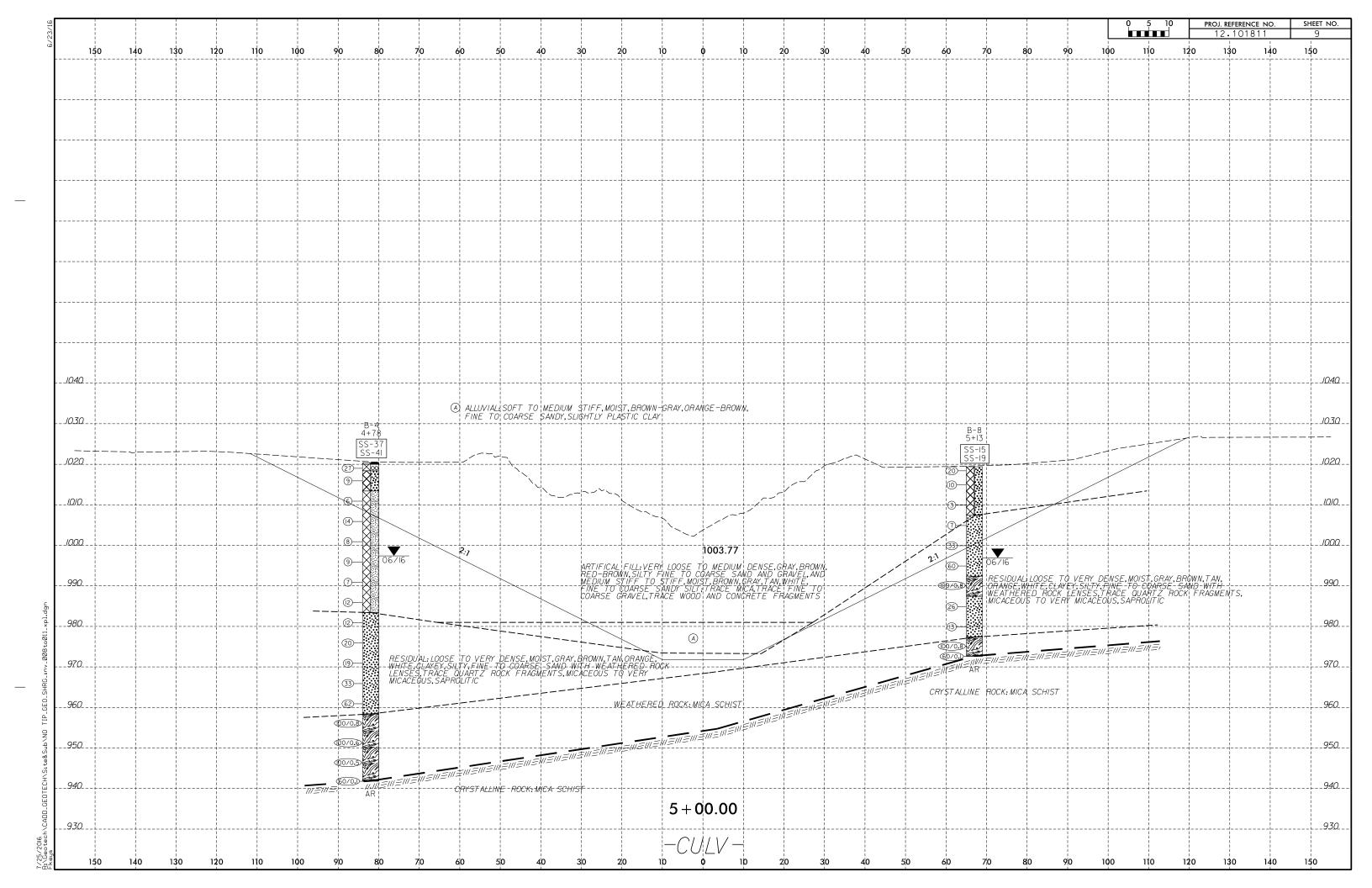


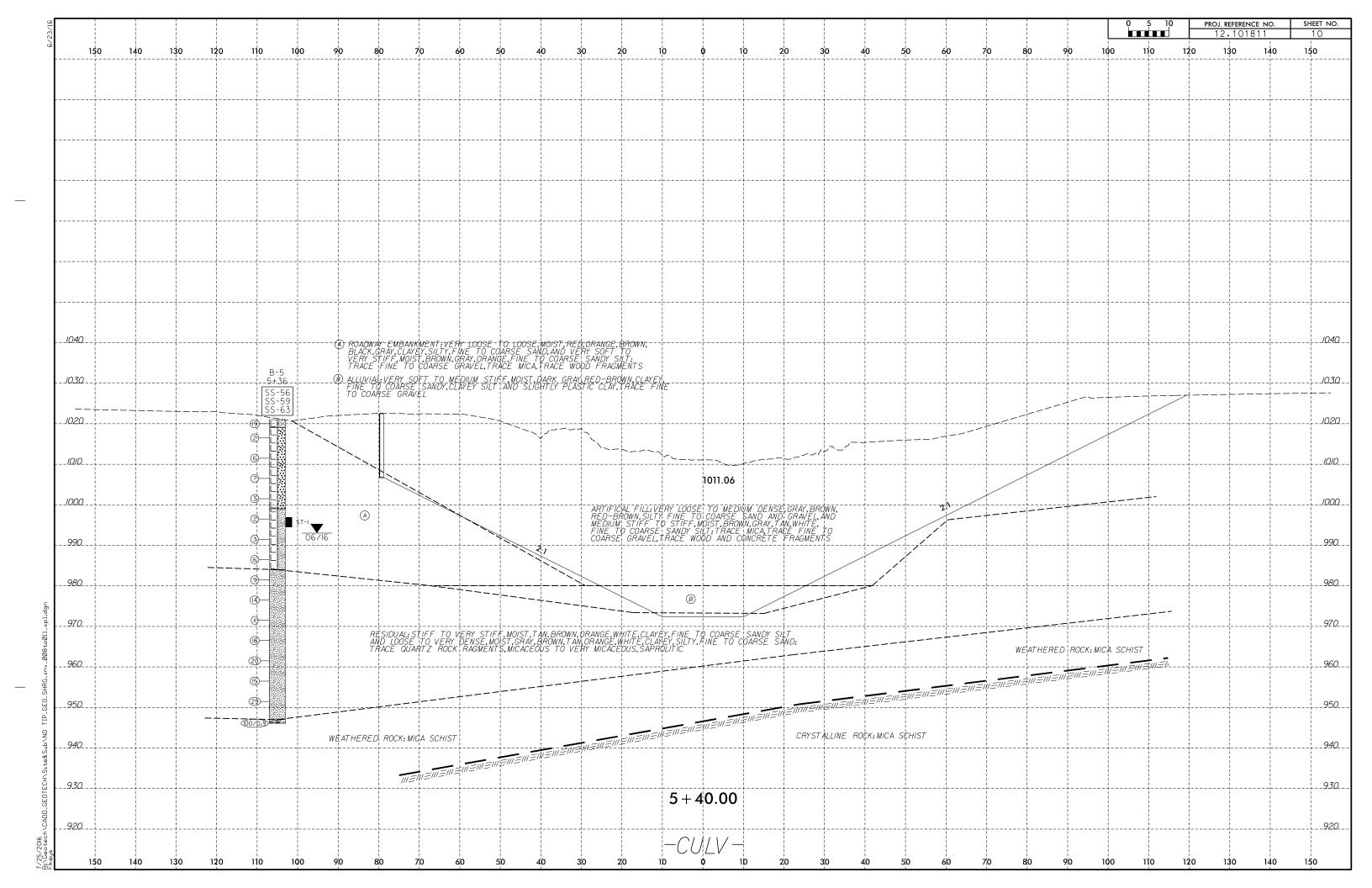


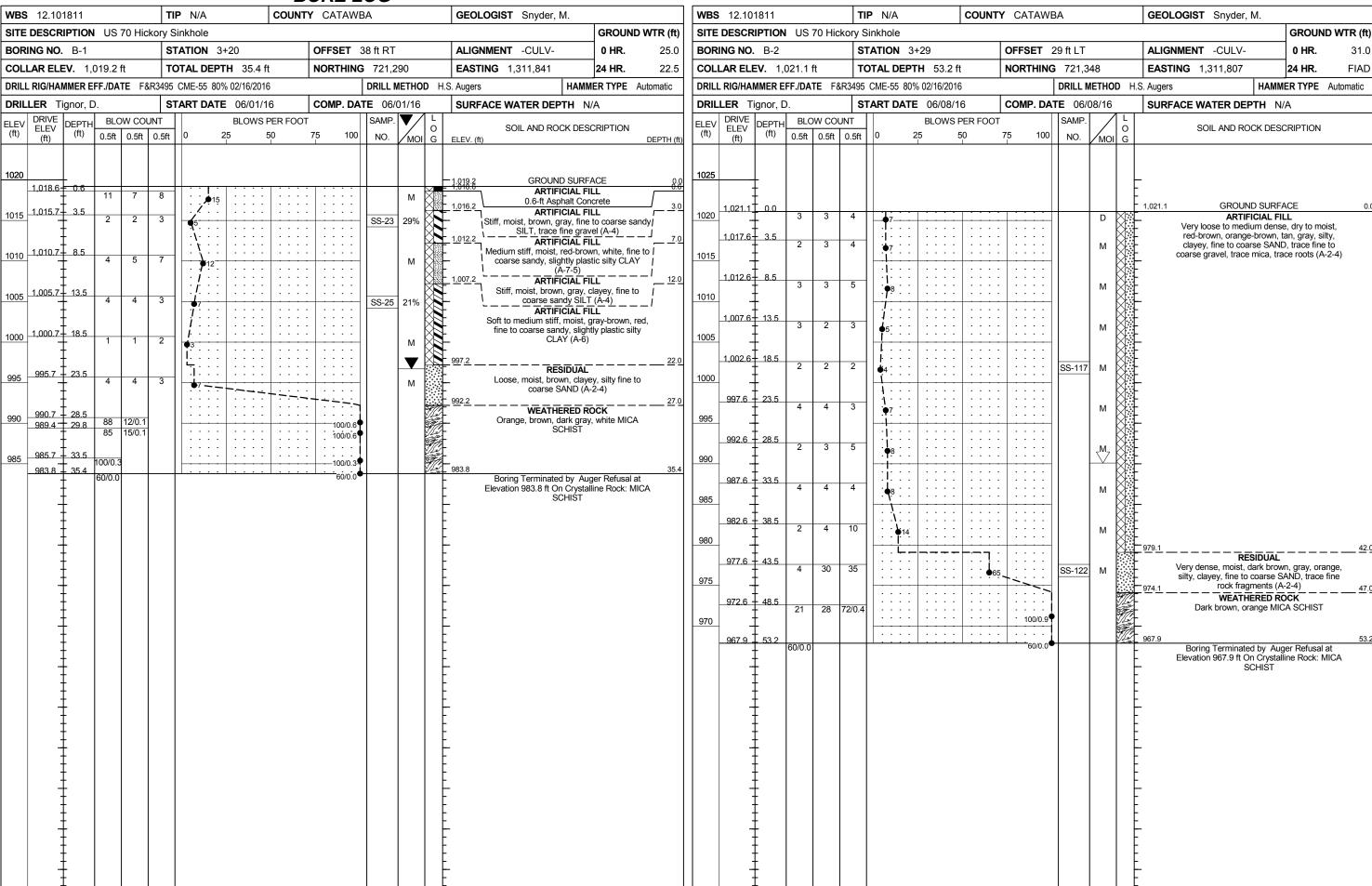


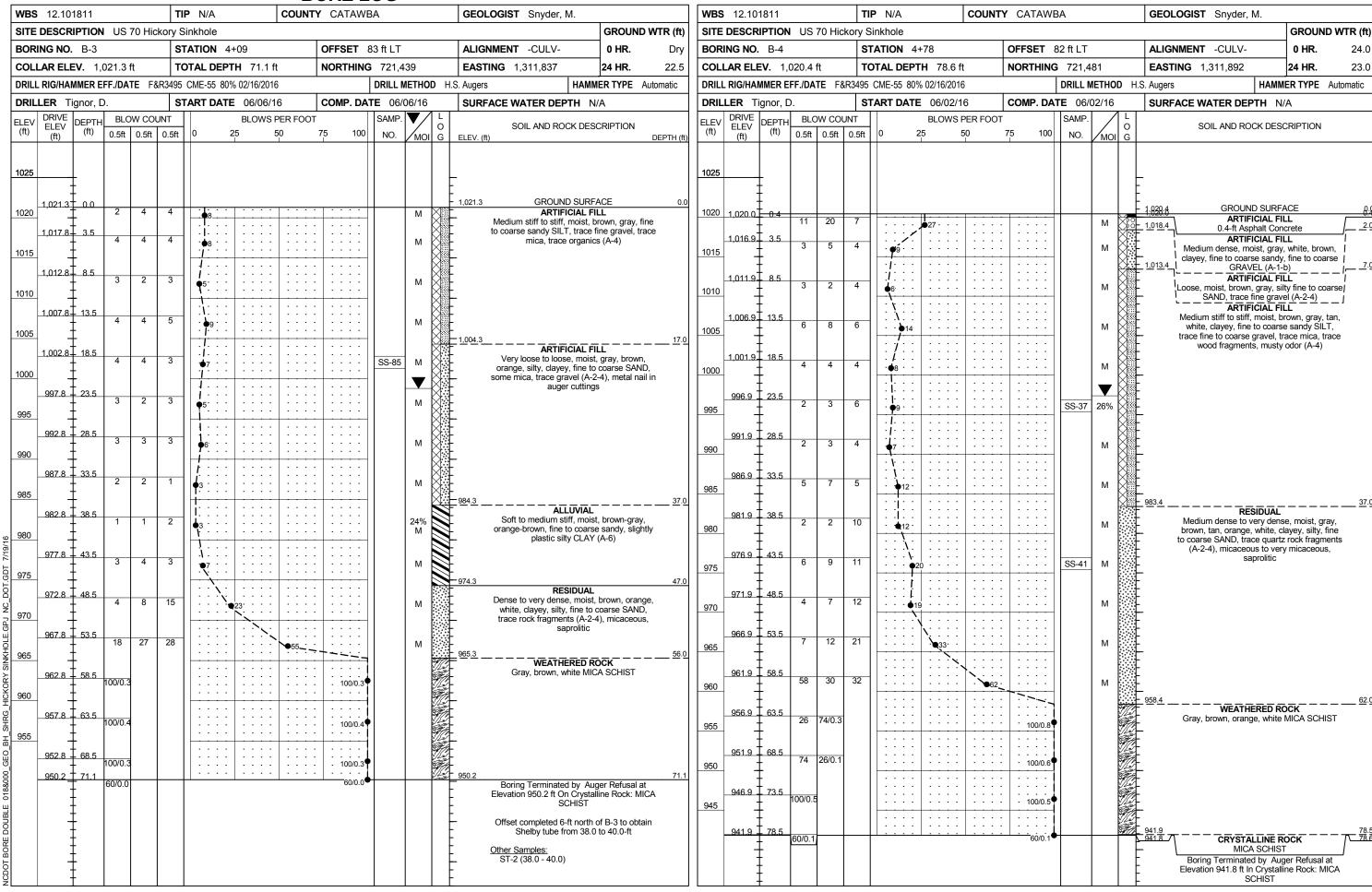


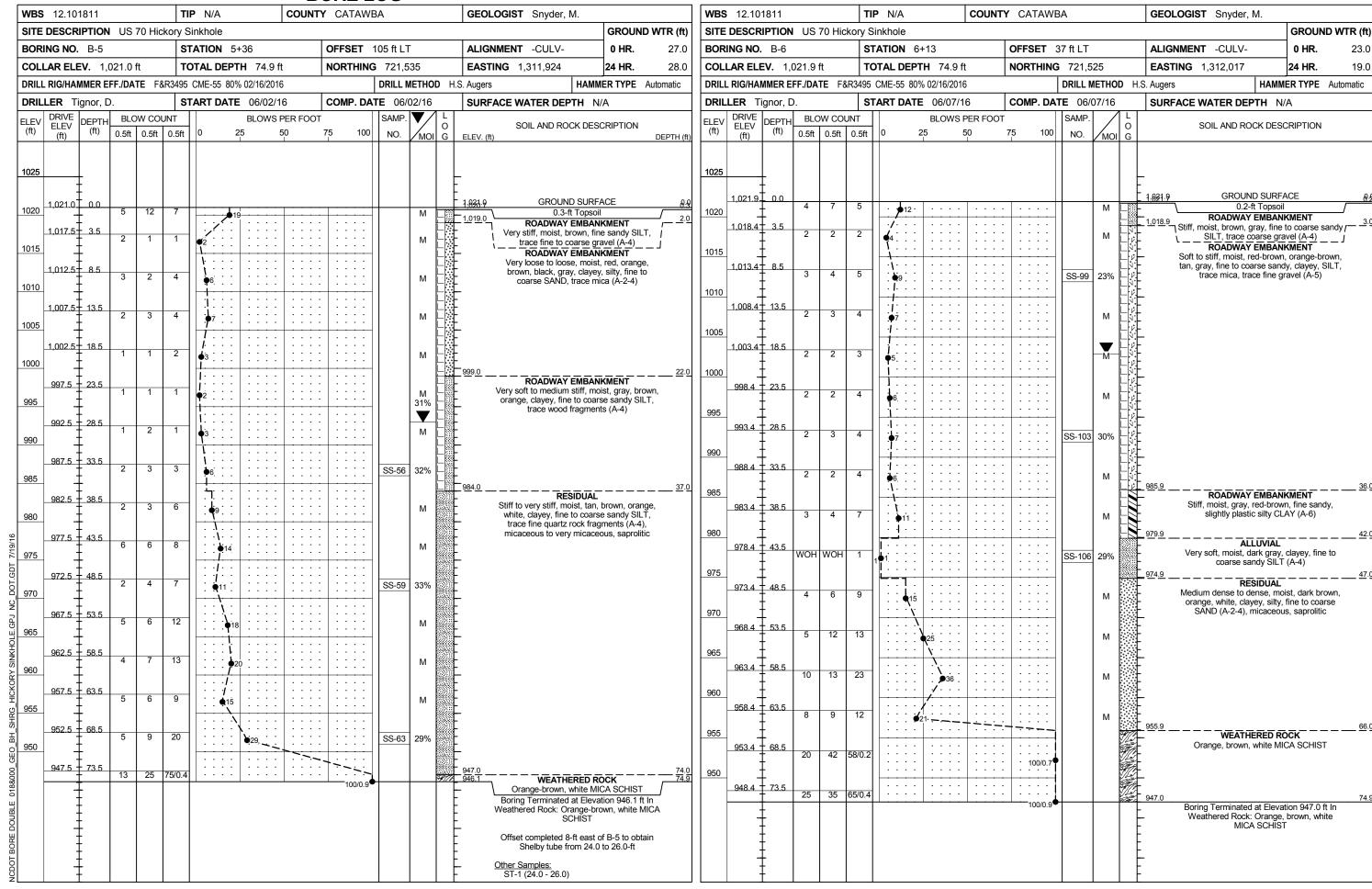


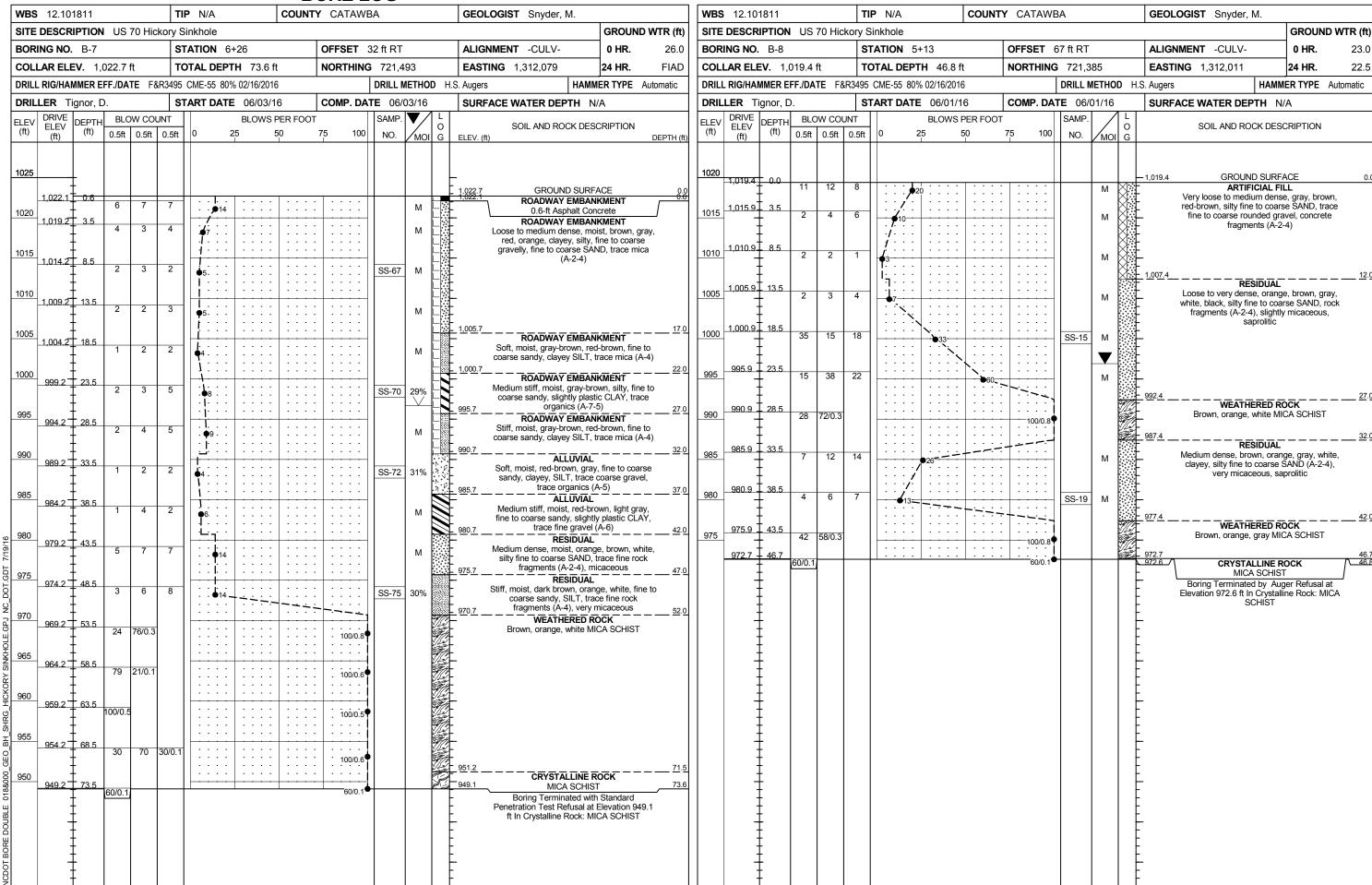












									<u> </u>							
WBS 12.10	01811			TI	P N/A		С	OUNT	/ CA	TAWB	Α			GEOLOGIST Snyder, M.		
SITE DESCI	RIPTION	US	70 Hic	kory S	Sinkhole										GROUND V	VTR (ft)
BORING NO). B-9			Sī	TATION	4+32			OFFS	ET 7	7 ft RT			ALIGNMENT -CULV-	0 HR.	25.0
COLLAR EL	. EV. 1,0	021.7	ft	т	OTAL DE	PTH 41	.0 ft		NOR	HING	721,3	27		EASTING 1,311,953	24 HR.	25.5
DRILL RIG/HA	MMER E	FF./DA	TE F8	R3495	CME-55 8	30% 02/16/	2016				DRILL N	IETHO) H.S	. Augers HAMME	R TYPE Aut	tomatic
DRILLER -	 Γignor, D).		S	TART DA	TE 06/0	01/16		COM		E 06/0			SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/	Α	
_, _, DRIVE			W COL					R FOOT			SAMP.	▼/	L			
ELEV ELEV (ft)	(ft)	0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50		75 	100	NO.	MOI	O G	SOIL AND ROCK DESC ELEV. (ft)		DEPTH (ft)
1,021.7	, , , , , ,												E	1,021.7 GROUND SURFA		0.0
1020	‡	3	6	7	•13	3			: :			М	XE	ARTIFICIAL FIL Loose to medium dense, mo		
1,018.2	3.5	6	8	6	::[:		:							clayey, silty, fine to coarse SA angular gravel, trace mid	ND, trace fine	
1015	<u>†</u>	0	0	0		4	:		: :		SS-2	М	8:1	angular gravel, trace mic	a (A-2-4)	
1015	±				 	: : :			+ : :							
1,013.2	8.5	7	3	4	. /		: : :		: :	: :		М	X::±			
1010	±				<u> i · ·</u>								X:L	1,009.7		12.0
1,008.2	13.5								: :	: :				ARTIFICIAL FIL		
	\pm	2	2	3	• 5						SS-4	17%		Medium stiff, moist, red-browr sandy, slightly plastic silty CL	AY, trace fine	9
1005	 								+					1,004.7 gravel (A-6) RESIDUAL		17.0
1,003.2	18.5	4	8	8	: : : 1		:		: :	::		М	::::F	Medium dense to dense	e, moist,	
1000	Ŧ				:::*				: :					orange-brown, white, silty, or coarse SAND, little fine to coar	layey, fine to rse quartz rocl	,
998.2	† 23.5								: :					fragments (A-2-4), micaceo		
	‡	8	18	15			. : :		: :		SS-6	™				
995	‡				• • •				ļ : :	- :		,				
993.2	28.5	15	33	67/0.2				 		-; _]				992.7		29.0
000	‡	15	33	07/0.2	::::		: : :	 	1:1	00/0.7				WEATHERED RO Dark brown, gray, white MI		
990	±					:			+::					2a 2.0, g.a.,,	0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1	
988.2	33.5	84	16/0.1		::::	: : :	: : :		1 . 1	00/0.6						
985	<u>†</u>								l · ·							
983.2	38.5					.	.									
980.7	Ĭ 41.0	18	46	54/0.3					: 1	00/0.8				980.7		41.0
900.7	+ 41.0	60/0.0						<u></u>		50/0.0 •			-	Boring Terminated by Aug		
	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++													Elevation 980.7 ft On Crystalli SCHIST		

SHEET 16

ID NO. - NO TIP
COUNTY - CATAWBA

					SOL	L TE.	ST RI	ESUL	TS						
	SAMPLE NO L OFFSET L STATION L L		NEDTH	AASHTO				% BY V	VEIGHT		% F	PASSING SIE	VES		
SAMPLE NO.		CLASS.	L.L.	P.I.	C. SAND	F. SAND	SILT	CLAY	10	40	200	% Moisture	% ORGANIC		
SS-2	77 RT	4+32	3.5-5.0	A-2-4(0)	26	NP	37.8	32.5	15.0	14.7	80.9	61.7	26.9	-	-
SS-4	77 RT	4+32	13.5-15.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17.2	-
SS-6	77 RT	4+32	23.5-25.0	A-2-4(0)	24	NP	43.6	36.6	3.0	16.8	83.1	58.9	19.4	-	-
SS-15	67 RT	5+13	18.5-20.0	A-2-4(0)	25	NP	40.6	34.4	14.1	10.9	76.8	57.9	21.8	-	-
SS-19	67 RT	5+13	38.5-40.0	A-2-4(0)	32	NP	32.0	45.4	18.3	4.3	98.1	80.2	26.8	-	-
SS-23	38 RT	3+20	3.5-5.0	A-7-5(6)	51	13	19.0	28.3	20.1	32.6	97.0	85.9	54.4	29.4	-
SS-25	38 RT	3+20	13.5-15.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20.5	-
SS-37	82 LT	4+78	23.5-25.0	A-4(0)	36	NP	22.2	44.6	22.2	11.0	93.9	83.1	36.6	25.8	-
SS-41	82 LT	4+78	43.5-45.0	A-2-4(0)	32	NP	30.9	43.0	19.5	6.6	98.5	80.3	31.4	-	-
SS-56	105 LT	5+36	33.5-35.0	A-4(2)	33	10	23.5	28.0	16.8	31.7	95.9	83.0	49.0	32.2	-
SS-59	105 LT	5+36	48.5-50.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33.2	-
SS-63	105 LT	5+36	68.5-70.0	A-4(0)	40	8	23.6	39.2	26.4	10.8	96.0	83.2	40.1	28.5	-
SS-67	32 RT	6+26	8.5-10.0	A-2-4(0)	32	5	34.4	31.4	17.1	17.1	98.1	83.7	54.1	-	-
SS-70	32 RT	6+26	23.5-25.0	A-7-5(6)	52	14	23.4	24.4	14.7	37.5	98.1	83.7	54.1	28.7	-
SS-72	32 RT	6+26	33.5-35.0	A-5(0)	51	9	30.3	25.1	14.8	29.8	78.0	62.1	37.1	31.4	-
SS-75	32 RT	6+26	48.5-50.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29.6	-
SS-85	83 LT	4+09	18.5-20.0	A-2-4(0)	22	5	24.6	31.6	18.3	25.5	72.4	61.9	34.0	-	-
SS-99	37 LT	6+13	8.5-10.0	A-5(0)	46	5	32.6	31.9	17.0	18.5	92.4	72.2	36.0	23.4	-
SS-103	37 LT	6+13	28.5-30.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29.6	-
SS-106	37 LT	6+13	43.5-45.0	A-4(1)	28	8	22.8	36.4	13.0	27.8	98.2	87.5	42.9	29.1	-
SS-117	29 LT	3+29	18.5-20.0	A-2-4(0)	28	NP	33.5	30.6	15.7	20.2	83.9	66.4	32.9	-	-
SS-122	29 LT	3+29	43.5-45.0	A-2-4(0)	33	8	32.7	27.2	13.1	27.0	75.3	59.7	32.0	-	-
ST-1	105 LT	5+36	24.0-26.0	A-4(0)	32	NP	26.5	41.4	19.5	12.6	97.6	83.2	36.1	31.2	-
ST-2	83 LT	4+09	38.0-40.0	A-6(8)	39	15	18.3	18.3	21.3	42.1	99.8	88.4	65.0	24.2	-

CONSOLIDATED UNDRAINED TRIAXIAL TEST RESULTS												
		STATION	DEPTH INTERVAL	UNIT WT. (d)	VOID	COHESIO	ON (PSF)	FRICTION				
SAMPLE NO.	OFFSET				RATIO	EFF.	ТОТ.	EFF.	ТОТ.			
ST-1	105 LT	5+36	24.0-26.0	88	0.88	432	331	33.6	19.2			
ST-2	83 LT	4+09	38.0-40.0	104	0.61	115	230	34.2	21.1			

^{*}Detailed consolidated undrained triaxial test data available upon request



View Looking Upstation From Approx. -CULV- 3+00



View Looking East From Approx. -CULV- 4+00



View Looking Downstation From 7th Street During Flooding Event



View Looking East Along Conceptual Temporary Shoring - North