

**STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT**

**STRUCTURE
SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION**

PROJ. REFERENCE NO. 17BP.14.R.9 (SF-430061) F.A. PROJ. NA
 COUNTY HAYWOOD
 PROJECT DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 61 ON SR 1164
OVER PLOTT CREEK

 SITE DESCRIPTION _____

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DATE NOVEMBER 2012

CAUTION NOTICE

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING, AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES, AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N.C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT (919) 707-6850. NEITHER THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, NOR THE FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES, OR SOIL TEST DATA ARE PART OF THE CONTRACT.

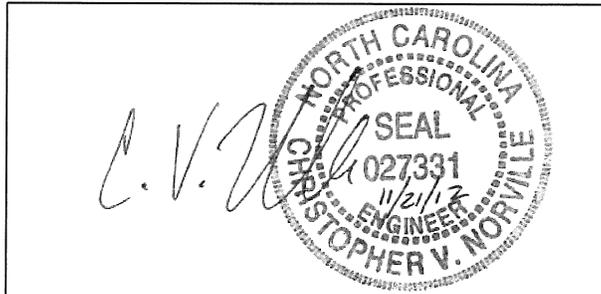
GENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BOREHOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU (IN-PLACED) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION, AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT. FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE, OR OPINION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISFY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THIS PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

NOTE - THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N.C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AS BEING ACCURATE NOR IS IT CONSIDERED TO BE PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.

NOTE - BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

DRAWN BY: T. EVANS

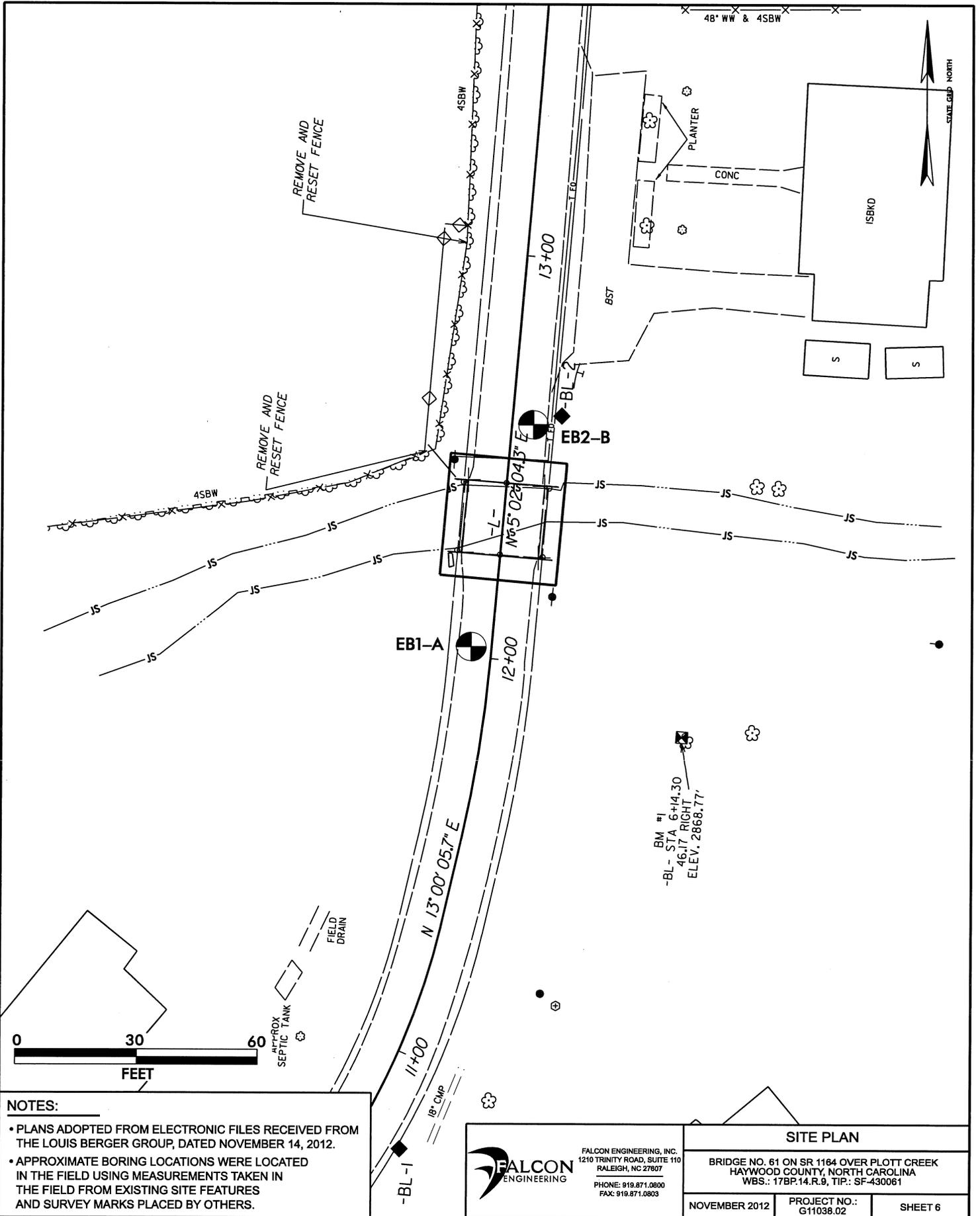


**NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT
SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS**

SOIL DESCRIPTION										GRADATION													
SOIL IS CONSIDERED TO BE THE UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER, AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (ASTM D-1586). SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM. BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY SHALL INCLUDE: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. EXAMPLE: <i>VERY STIFF, GRAY SILTY CLAY, MOST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HIGH PLASTIC, A-7-6</i>										WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE. UNIFORM - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. (ALSO POORLY GRADED) GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.													
THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS <u>ANGULAR</u> , <u>SUBANGULAR</u> , <u>SUBROUNDED</u> , OR <u>ROUNDED</u> .										MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHENEVER THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.													
SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION										MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION													
GENERAL CLASS.					GRANULAR MATERIALS (<= 35% PASSING #200)					SILT-CLAY MATERIALS (> 35% PASSING #200)					ORGANIC MATERIALS								
GROUP CLASS.		A-1		A-3		A-2		A-4		A-5		A-6		A-7		A-1, A-2		A-4, A-5		A-6, A-7			
SYMBOL		A-1-a		A-1-b		A-2-4		A-2-5		A-2-6		A-2-7		A-4		A-5		A-6		A-7			
% PASSING		10		40		200		50 MX		30 MX		15 MX		25 MX		18 MX		35 MX		35 MX			
LIQUID LIMIT		6 MX		NP		10 MX		10 MX		11 MN		11 MN		11 MN		11 MN		11 MN		11 MN			
GROUP INDEX		0		0		0		4 MX		8 MX		12 MX		16 MX		No MX		No MX		No MX			
USUAL TYPES OF MAJOR MATERIALS		FINE SAND		SAND		SAND		SAND		SAND		SAND		SAND		SAND		SAND		SAND			
GEN. RATING AS A SUBGRADE		EXCELLENT TO GOOD		FAIR TO POOR		FAIR TO POOR		FAIR TO POOR		FAIR TO POOR		FAIR TO POOR		FAIR TO POOR		FAIR TO POOR		FAIR TO POOR		FAIR TO POOR			
PI OF A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS ≤ LL - 30 ; PI OF A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS > LL - 30										MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION													
CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS										COMPRESSIBILITY													
PRIMARY SOIL TYPE		COMPACTNESS OR CONSISTENCY		RANGE OF STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE (N-VALUE)		RANGE OF UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/FT ²)		SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE		MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE		HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE		LIQUID LIMIT LESS THAN 31		LIQUID LIMIT EQUAL TO 31-50		LIQUID LIMIT GREATER THAN 50					
GENERALLY GRANULAR MATERIAL (NON-COHESIVE)		VERY LOOSE LOOSE MEDIUM DENSE DENSE VERY DENSE		<4 4 TO 10 10 TO 30 30 TO 50 >50		N/A		2 - 3%		3 - 5%		>10%		TRACE		LITTLE		SOME		HIGHLY			
GENERALLY SILT-CLAY MATERIAL (COHESIVE)		VERY SOFT SOFT MEDIUM STIFF STIFF VERY STIFF HARD		2 TO 4 4 TO 8 8 TO 15 15 TO 30 >30		0.25 TO 0.50 0.5 TO 1.0 1 TO 2 2 TO 4 >4		TRACE		3 - 5%		12 - 20%		LITTLE		SOME		HIGHLY		35% AND ABOVE			
TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE										GROUND WATER													
U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE		4		10		40		60		200		270		▽		▽		▽PW		O			
OPENING (MM)		4.76		2.00		0.42		0.25		0.075		0.053		WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING		STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS		PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE, OR WATER BEARING STRATA		SPRING OR SEEP			
BOULDER (BLDR.)		COBBLE (COB.)		GRAVEL (GR.)		COARSE SAND (CSE, SD.)		FINE SAND (F SD.)		SILT (SL.)		CLAY (ICL.)		25/825		DIP & DIP DIRECTION OF ROCK STRUCTURES							
GRAIN SIZE		MM		IN.		305		75		2.0		0.25		0.05		0.005							
SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS										MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS													
SOIL MOISTURE SCALE (ATTERBERG LIMITS)		FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION		GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION		ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION		SOIL SYMBOL		ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT		INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY		INFERRED ROCK LINE		ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY		DIP & DIP DIRECTION OF ROCK STRUCTURES		SPT DMT TEST BORING			
LL - LIQUID LIMIT		- SATURATED - (SAT.)		USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE		SOIL SYMBOL		ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT		INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY		INFERRED ROCK LINE		ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY		DIP & DIP DIRECTION OF ROCK STRUCTURES		SPT DMT TEST BORING		TEST BORING W/ CORE			
PL - PLASTIC LIMIT		- WET - (W)		SEMISOLID; REQUIRES DRYING TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE		ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT		INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY		INFERRED ROCK LINE		ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY		DIP & DIP DIRECTION OF ROCK STRUCTURES		SPT DMT TEST BORING		TEST BORING W/ CORE		SPT N-VALUE			
OM - OPTIMUM MOISTURE		- MOIST - (M)		SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE		INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY		INFERRED ROCK LINE		ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY		DIP & DIP DIRECTION OF ROCK STRUCTURES		SPT DMT TEST BORING		TEST BORING W/ CORE		SPT N-VALUE		SPT REFUSAL			
SL - SHRINKAGE LIMIT		- DRY - (D)		REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE		INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY		INFERRED ROCK LINE		ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY		DIP & DIP DIRECTION OF ROCK STRUCTURES		SPT DMT TEST BORING		TEST BORING W/ CORE		SPT N-VALUE		SPT REFUSAL			
PLASTICITY										ABBREVIATIONS													
NONPLASTIC		PLASTICITY INDEX (PI)		DRY STRENGTH		AR - AUGER REFUSAL		MED. - MEDIUM		VST - VANE SHEAR TEST		BT - BORING TERMINATED		MICA - MICACEOUS		WEA. - WEATHERED		S - BULK		SS - SPLIT SPOON			
LOW PLASTICITY		0-5		VERY LOW		CL - CLAY		MOD. - MODERATELY		γ _u - UNIT WEIGHT		CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST		NP - NON PLASTIC		γ _d - DRY UNIT WEIGHT		ST - SHELBY TUBE		RS - ROCK			
MED. PLASTICITY		6-15		SLIGHT		CSE - COARSE		ORG. - ORGANIC		SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS		DMT - DILATOMETER TEST		PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST		SAP - SAPROLITIC		SD. - SAND, SANDY		SL. - SILT, SILTY			
HIGH PLASTICITY		16-25		MEDIUM		DMT - DILATOMETER TEST		DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST		FOSS. - FOSSILIFEROUS		FRAC. - FRACTURED, FRACTURES		FRAGS. - FRAGMENTS		HI. - HIGHLY		TRC - TRICONE REFUSAL		w - MOISTURE CONTENT		V - VERY	
EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT										EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT													
DRILL UNITS:		ADVANCING TOOLS:		HAMMER TYPE:		MOBILE B- _____		CLAY BITS		AUTOMATIC <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MANUAL <input type="checkbox"/>		BK-51		6" CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER		CORE SIZE:		-B _____		-N _____		-H _____	
CME-45C		HARD FACED FINGER BITS		TUNG-CARBIDE INSERTS		CASING <input type="checkbox"/> W/ ADVANCER		TRICONE _____ STEEL TEETH		TRICONE _____ TUNG.-CARB.		CORE BIT		POST HOLE DIGGER		HAND AUGER		SOUNDING ROD		VANE SHEAR TEST			
PORTABLE HOIST		CORE BIT																					
COLOR										DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY). MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.													

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ROCK DESCRIPTION		TERMS AND DEFINITIONS																											
<p>HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL, AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS. IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL, THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK. ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:</p>		<p>ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER. AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA. ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND. ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC. ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE. CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE. COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE. CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK. DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL. DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH. FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE. FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES. FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL. FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM. FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD. JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED. LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT. LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS. MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS. MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE. PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM. RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK. ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (RQD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK. SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS. SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE. STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (IN OR BPF) OF A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS. STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SRQD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.</p>																											
<p>WEATHERED ROCK (WR)</p> 	<p>NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BLOWS PER FOOT IF TESTED.</p>	<p>WEATHERING</p> <p>FRESH - ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.</p> <p>VERY SLIGHT (V SL.) - ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN. CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.</p> <p>SLIGHT (SL.) - ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO 1 INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.</p> <p>MODERATE (MOD.) - SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED WITH FRESH ROCK.</p> <p>MODERATELY SEVERE (MOD. SEV.) - ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES 'CLUNK' SOUND WHEN STRUCK. <i>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL</i></p> <p>SEVERE (SEV.) - ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN. <i>IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUES > 100 BPF</i></p> <p>VERY SEVERE (V SEV.) - ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT THE MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK REMAINING. SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE SUCH THAT ONLY MINOR VESTIGES OF THE ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. <i>IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUES < 100 BPF</i></p> <p>COMPLETE - ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS ALSO AN EXAMPLE.</p>																											
<p>CRYSTALLINE ROCK (CR)</p> 		<p>FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE, GNEISS, GABBRO, SCHIST, ETC.</p>																											
<p>NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK (NCR)</p> 		<p>FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC.</p>																											
<p>COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK (CP)</p> 		<p>COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD SPT REFUSAL. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED SHELL BEDS, ETC.</p>																											
<p>FRACTURE SPACING</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>TERM</th> <th>SPACING</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>VERY WIDE</td> <td>MORE THAN 10 FEET</td> </tr> <tr> <td>WIDE</td> <td>3 TO 10 FEET</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MODERATELY CLOSE</td> <td>1 TO 3 FEET</td> </tr> <tr> <td>CLOSE</td> <td>0.16 TO 1 FEET</td> </tr> <tr> <td>VERY CLOSE</td> <td>LESS THAN 0.16 FEET</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		TERM	SPACING	VERY WIDE	MORE THAN 10 FEET	WIDE	3 TO 10 FEET	MODERATELY CLOSE	1 TO 3 FEET	CLOSE	0.16 TO 1 FEET	VERY CLOSE	LESS THAN 0.16 FEET	<p>BEDDING</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>TERM</th> <th>THICKNESS</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>VERY THICKLY BEDDED</td> <td>> 4 FEET</td> </tr> <tr> <td>THICKLY BEDDED</td> <td>1.5 - 4 FEET</td> </tr> <tr> <td>THINLY BEDDED</td> <td>0.16 - 1.5 FEET</td> </tr> <tr> <td>VERY THINLY BEDDED</td> <td>0.03 - 0.16 FEET</td> </tr> <tr> <td>THICKLY LAMINATED</td> <td>0.008 - 0.03 FEET</td> </tr> <tr> <td>THINLY LAMINATED</td> <td>< 0.008 FEET</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		TERM	THICKNESS	VERY THICKLY BEDDED	> 4 FEET	THICKLY BEDDED	1.5 - 4 FEET	THINLY BEDDED	0.16 - 1.5 FEET	VERY THINLY BEDDED	0.03 - 0.16 FEET	THICKLY LAMINATED	0.008 - 0.03 FEET	THINLY LAMINATED	< 0.008 FEET
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<p>INDURATION</p> <p>FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF THE MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.</p> <table border="1"> <tbody> <tr> <td>FRIABLE</td> <td>RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS; GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MODERATELY INDURATED</td> <td>GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>INDURATED</td> <td>GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE; DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>EXTREMELY INDURATED</td> <td>SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		FRIABLE	RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS; GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.	MODERATELY INDURATED	GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.	INDURATED	GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE; DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.	EXTREMELY INDURATED	SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.	<p>BENCH MARK: BL-2 STA: I2+61.41, I2JO FT RT N:651413.1389 E:801316.3775 ELEVATION: 2869.03 FT.</p> <p>NOTES: FIAD - FILLED IN AFTER DRILLING</p>																			
FRIABLE	RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS; GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.																												
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EXTREMELY INDURATED	SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.																												



NOTES:

- PLANS ADOPTED FROM ELECTRONIC FILES RECEIVED FROM THE LOUIS BERGER GROUP, DATED NOVEMBER 14, 2012.
- APPROXIMATE BORING LOCATIONS WERE LOCATED IN THE FIELD USING MEASUREMENTS TAKEN IN THE FIELD FROM EXISTING SITE FEATURES AND SURVEY MARKS PLACED BY OTHERS.

FALCON ENGINEERING
 1210 TRINITY ROAD, SUITE 110
 RALEIGH, NC 27607
 PHONE: 919.871.0800
 FAX: 919.871.0803

SITE PLAN		
BRIDGE NO. 61 ON SR 1164 OVER PLOTT CREEK HAYWOOD COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA WBS.: 17BP.14.R.9, TIP.: SF-430061		
NOVEMBER 2012	PROJECT NO.: G11038.02	SHEET 6



NCDOT GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

BORELOG REPORT

WBS 17BP.14.R.9		TIP SF-430061		COUNTY HAYWOOD		GEOLOGIST T. EVANS										
SITE DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 61 ON ST 1164 OVER PLOTT CREEK							GROUND WTR (ft)									
BORING NO. EB1-A		STATION 12+03		OFFSET 5 ft LT		ALIGNMENT -L-										
COLLAR ELEV. 2,870.8 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 68.6 ft		NORTHING 651,356		EASTING 801,294										
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE TRI9435 CME-55 93% 12/08/2011		DRILL METHOD H.S. Augers		HAMMER TYPE Automatic												
DRILLER W. WHICHARD		START DATE 03/06/12		COMP. DATE 03/06/12		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A										
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG MOI	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)		
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100						
2875																
2870														2,870.8	EXISTING PAVEMENT	0.0
	2,869.3	1.5	8	7	6									2,869.2	12" BITUMINOUS CONCRETE 8" AGGREGATE BASE COURSE	1.7
	2,867.3	3.5	11	10	8										ROADWAY EMBANKMENT DK. GRAY AND BROWN, MED. DENSE, SILTY SAND (A-2-4) W/ GRAVEL	
2865	2,864.8	6.0	15	5	3									2,864.8		6.0
	2,862.3	8.5	4	3	2										RESIDUAL DK. BROWN TAN AND WHITE, MED. STIFF TO V. STIFF, FN. SANDY SILT (A-4) SAPROLITIC, W/ ROCK FRAGS, LITTLE TO TRACE MICA	
2860															QUARTZ GRAVEL LAYERS @ 38.0 FT	
	2,857.3	13.5	2	3	3											
2855																
	2,852.3	18.5	3	5	5											
2850																
	2,847.3	23.5	3	3	6											
2845																
	2,842.3	28.5	1	2	4											
2840																
	2,837.3	33.5	4	6	8											
2835																
	2,832.3	38.5	9	8	10											
2830																
	2,827.3	43.5	9	12	20											
2825																
	2,822.3	48.5	7	11	11											
2820																
	2,817.3	53.5	21	21	21											
2815																
	2,812.3	58.5	31	65	35/0.1											
2810																
	2,807.3	63.5	33	32	41											
2805																
	2,802.3	68.5	60/0.1													

NCDOT BORE SINGLE BRIDGE NO 61 ON SR.GPJ NC_DOT.GDT 11/20/12



SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION

ELEV. (ft) DEPTH (ft)

2,870.8 EXISTING PAVEMENT 0.0

2,869.2 12" BITUMINOUS CONCRETE 1.7

2,864.8 8" AGGREGATE BASE COURSE

ROADWAY EMBANKMENT

DK. GRAY AND BROWN, MED. DENSE, SILTY SAND (A-2-4) W/ GRAVEL

RESIDUAL

DK. BROWN TAN AND WHITE, MED. STIFF TO V. STIFF, FN. SANDY SILT (A-4) SAPROLITIC, W/ ROCK FRAGS, LITTLE TO TRACE MICA

QUARTZ GRAVEL LAYERS @ 38.0 FT

2,827.8 BROWN GRAY AND TAN, DENSE TO MED. DENSE, SILTY FN. SAND (A-2-4) SAPROLITIC, W/ ROCK FRAGS, TRACE TO LITTLE MICA 43.0

2,811.8 WEATHERED ROCK 59.0

BROWN GRAY AND TAN, GRANITE GNEISS, W/ TRACE MICA

2,807.8 RESIDUAL 63.0

BROWN GRAY AND TAN, V. DENSE, SILTY SAND (A-2-4) SAPROLITIC, W/ TRACE MICA

2,803.0 WEATHERED ROCK 67.8

2,802.2 GRAY AND TAN, GRANITE GNEISS, W/ TRACE MICA 68.6

Boring Terminated with Standard Penetration Test Refusal at Elevation 2,802.2 ft on CR: Granite Gneiss



NCDOT GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

BORELOG REPORT

WBS 17BP.14.R.9	TIP SF-430061	COUNTY HAYWOOD	GEOLOGIST T. EVANS
SITE DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 61 ON ST 1164 OVER PLOTT CREEK			GROUND WTR (ft)
BORING NO. EB2-B	STATION 12+59	OFFSET 5 ft RT	ALIGNMENT -L-
COLLAR ELEV. 2,870.1 ft	TOTAL DEPTH 53.7 ft	NORTHING 651,411	EASTING 801,309
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE TRI9435 CME-55 93% 12/08/2011		DRILL METHOD H.S. Augers	HAMMER TYPE Automatic
DRILLER W. WHICHARD	START DATE 03/06/12	COMP. DATE 03/06/12	SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A

ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)	
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100					
2875															
2870													2,870.1 EXISTING PAVEMENT 0.0		
	2,869.1	1.0											2,869.1 7" BITUMINOUS CONCRETE 1.0		
			3	2	1								5" AGGREGATE BASE COURSE		
	2,866.6	3.5											ROADWAY EMBANKMENT		
2865			2	4	10								2,865.1 RED BROWN AND GRAY, V. LOOSE TO 5.0		
	2,864.1	6.0											MED. DENSE, SILTY SAND (A-2-4) W/ GRAVEL, TRACE TO LITTLE MICA		
	2,861.6	8.5	2	1	1								ALLUVIAL		
2860			2	2	1								2,862.1 BROWN AND GRAY, SLI. SILTY SAND 8.0		
	2,856.6	13.5											(A-1-b) (NO SAMPLE COLLECTED. CLASSIFICATION BASED ON SPOILS)		
													RESIDUAL		
2855			2	2	4								2,857.1 RED-BROWN WHITE AND GRAY, SOFT, 13.0		
	2,851.6	18.5											FN. SANDY SILT (A-4) SAPROLITIC, W/ TRACE MICA		
													BROWN GRAY AND TAN, MED. STIFF TO STIFF, FN. SANDY SILT (A-4) SAPROLITIC, W/ LITTLE TO SOME MICA		
2850			2	2	3										
	2,846.6	23.5													
2845			2	4	6										
	2,841.6	28.5													
2840			3	4	5										
	2,836.6	33.5													
2835			8	12	7								2,837.1 WHITE TAN AND BROWN, MED. DENSE, 33.0		
	2,831.6	38.5											SILTY MED. TO CSE. SAND (A-2-4) SAPROLITIC, W/ TRACE MICA, QUARTZ GRAVEL		
2830			6	7	11										
	2,826.6	43.5													
2825			6	9	20								2,827.1 BROWN TAN AND GRAY, V. STIFF, FN. 43.0		
	2,821.6	48.5											SANDY SILT (A-4) SAPROLITIC, W/ TRACE TO LITTLE MICA		
2820			35	50	50/0.3								WEATHERED ROCK		
	2,816.6	53.5											BROWN GRAY AND TAN, GRANITE GNEISS, W/ TRACE MICA, ROCK FRAGS		
			100/0.2										2,816.4 Boring Terminated at Elevation 2,816.4 ft in 53.7		
													WR: Granite Gneiss		

NCDOT BORE SINGLE BRIDGE NO 61 ON SR.GPJ NC_DOT.GDT 11/20/12