

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

PAT MCCRORY GOVERNOR ANTHONY J. TATA
SECRETARY

September 5, 2013

MEMORANDUM TO:	John Rouse, Jr., P.E. Division 2 Engineer
ATTENTION: CAY la	Maria A. Rogerson, P.E Division Bridge Program Manager
FROM:	K. J. Kim, Ph.D., P.E. Eastern Regional Geotechnical Manager
STATE PROJECT: FEDERAL PROJECT: COUNTY:	45348.1.27 (BD-5102AA) BRZ-1240(5) Greene
DESCRIPTION:	Bridge No. 93 on SR 1240 (Walston Rd.) over Beaman Run
SUBJECT:	Bridge Foundation Recommendations
	ring Unit has completed the subsurface investigation and has prepared the ations for the above structure and presents the following project data:
X_ Foundation Design Rec	commendations (3) pages
Design Calculations ()	pages
Special Provisions () p	pages
Please call Majid Khazaei, questions concerning this memoral	P.E. or Chris Kreider, P.E. at (919) 662-4710 if there are any orandum.
KJK/CAK/MK Attachment	

MAILING ADDRESS: EASTERN REGIONAL OFFICE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT 1570 MAIL SERVICE CENTER RALEIGH NC 27699-1570 TELEPHONE: 919-662-4710 FAX: 919-662-3095

WEBSITE: WWW.DOH.DOT.STATE.NC.US

LOCATION:

3301 JONES SAUSAGE RD., SUITE 100 GARNER, NC 27529-9489

FOUNDATION RECOMMENDATIONS

WBS: 45348.1.27

DESCRIPTION: Bridge No. 93 on SR 1240 (Walston Rd.) over

Beaman Run

T.I.P. NO.: BD-5102AA

COUNTY: Greene

STATION: 12+22.50 -L-

SEAL AMILIANA.

DESIGN CHECK

APPROVAL

INITIALS DATE 9/5/2013 MK CAL 9/5/13 CALL

, si	SEAL
THINGS.	SEAL
THE THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TO PERSON NAM	036278
	WGINER CHE
SIGNATU	E 9-5-13

BENT	STATION	FOUNDATION TYPE	FACTORED RESISTANCE	MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS
END BENT 1	1+60.00 ± -L-	Cap on HP 12x53 Steel Piles	95 tons/pile	Bottom of Cap El. = 62.0 ft ± Estimated Length of Pile = 60 ft ± Number of Piles = 5
END BENT 2	12+25.00 ± -L-	Cap on HP 12x53 Steel Piles	95 tons/pile	Bottom of Cap El. = 62.0 ft ± Estimated Length of Pile = 60 ft ± Number of Piles = 5

NOTES ON PLANS & COMMENTS

See Following Pages

Bridge No. 93 on SR 1240 (Walston Rd.) over Beaman Run

T.I.P. NO.: BD-5102AA

PREPARED BY: MK

DATE: 9/5/2013

CHECKED BY: CAK

DATE: 9/5/13

FOUNDATION RECOMMENDATION NOTES ON PLANS

- 1) FOR PILES, SEE SECTION 450 OF THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS.
- 2) PILES AT END BENT NO. 1 AND 2 ARE DESIGNED FOR A FACTORED RESISTANCE OF 95 TONS PER PILE.
- 3) DRIVE PILES AT END BENT NO. 1 AND 2 TO A REQUIRED DRIVING RESISTANCE OF 160 TONS PER PILE.
- 4) IT HAS BEEN ESTIMATED THAT A HAMMER WITH AN EQUIVALENT RATED ENERGY IN THE RANGE OF 40 to 50 FT-KIPS PER BLOW WILL BE REQUIRED TO DRIVE PILES AT END BENT NO. 1 AND END BENT NO. 2. THIS ESTIMATED ENERGY RANGE DOES NOT RELEASE THE CONTRACTOR FROM PROVIDING DRIVING EQUIPMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBARTICLE 450-3(D)(2) OF THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS.
- 5) TESTING PILES WITH THE PDA DURING DRIVING, RESTRIKING OR REDRIVING MAY BE REQUIRED. THE ENGINEER WILL DETERMINE THE NEED FOR PDA TESTING. FOR PDA TESTING, SEE SECTION 450 OF THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS AND FOR PILE DRIVING CRITERIA, SEE PILE DRIVING CRITERIA PROVISION.

FOUNDATION RECOMMENDATION COMMENTS

- 1) 11/2:1 (H:V) SLOPE AT THE END BENTS ARE OK WITH SLOPE PROTECTION.
- 2) REINFORCED BRIDGE APPROACH FILLS ARE REQUIRED AT EACH END BENT.
- 3) NO WAITING PERIOD IS REQUIRED BEFORE BEGINNING ANY WORK FOR END BENT CONSTRUCTION AFTER COMPLETION OF THE EMBANKMENT AT EACH END BENT.

PILE PAY ITEMS

(Revised 8/15/12)

WBS ELEMENT	45348.1.27	DATE_	9/5/2013
TIP NO.	BD-5102AA	DESIGNED BY	MK
COUNTY	Greene	CHECKED BY	CAK
STATION	12+22.50 -L-	_	
DESCRIPTION_		– 240 (Walston Rd.) over an Run	
NUMI NUMBER OF	R OF BENTS WITH PILES BER OF PILES PER BENT END BENTS WITH PILES OF PILES PER END BENT	Only required for "Predrilling for Piles" & "Pile Excavation" pay items	

Γ		PILE PAY ITEM QUANTITIES						
						Pile		
ı		Steel				Exca	avation	
		Pile	Pipe Pile	Predrilling	Pile	(per l	inear ft)	PDA
	Bent # or	Points	Plates	For Piles	Redrives	In	Not In	Testing
ı	End Bent #	(yes/no)	(yes/no/maybe)	(per linear ft)	(per each)	Soil	Soil	(per each)
	End Bent # 1	no			3			\ /
	End Bent # 2	no			3			\ /
L								
┡								\ /
\vdash								l
\vdash		**-						/\
\vdash								/ \
\vdash								/
 								/ \
	TOTALS	$\overline{}$		0	6	0	0	1

Notes:

Blanks or "no" represent quantity of zero.

If steel pile points are required, calculate quantity of "Steel Pile Points" as equal to the number of steel piles.

If pipe pile plates are or may be required, calculate the quantity of "Pipe Pile Plates" as equal to the number of pipe piles.

Show quantity of "PDA Testing" on the plans as total only.

If quantity of "PDA Testing" is 3 or less, reference "Pile Driving Criteria" provision in PDA notes on plans and include "Pile Driving Criteria" provision in the contract.

Revise the 2012 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 4-72, Subarticle 450-3(D)(3) Required Driving Resistance, lines 26-30, delete first paragraph and replace with the following:

The Engineer will determine if the proposed pile driving methods and equipment are acceptable and provide the blows/ft and equivalent set for the required driving resistance noted in the plans, i.e., "pile driving criteria" except for structures with pile driving analyzer (PDA) testing. For structures with PDA testing, provide pile driving criteria for any bents and end bents with piles in accordance with Subarticle 450-3(F)(4).

Page 4-73, Subarticle 450-3(F) Pile Driving Analyzer, lines 45-48, delete third paragraph and replace with the following:

The Engineer will complete the review of the proposed pile driving methods and equipment within 7 days of receiving PDA reports and pile driving criteria. Do not place concrete for caps or footings on piles until PDA reports and pile driving criteria have been accepted.

Page 4-75, Subarticle 450-3(F) Pile Driving Analyzer, add the following:

(4) Pile Driving Criteria

Analyze pile driving with the GRL Wave Equation Analysis Program (GRLWEAP) manufactured by Pile Dynamics, Inc. Use the same PDA Consultant that provides PDA reports to perform GRLWEAP analyses and develop pile driving criteria. Provide driving criteria sealed by an engineer approved as a Project Engineer (key person) for the same PDA Consultant.

Analyze pile driving so driving stresses, energy transfer, ram stroke and blows/ft from PDA testing and resistances from CAPWAP analyses correlate to GRLWEAP models. Provide pile driving criteria for each combination of required driving resistance and pile length installed for all pile types and sizes. Submit 2 copies of pile driving criteria with PDA reports. Include the following for driving criteria:

- (a) Project information in accordance with Subarticle 450-3(F)(3)(a)
- (b) Table showing blows/ft and equivalent set vs. either stroke for multiple strokes in increments of 6" or bounce chamber pressure for multiple pressures in increments of 1 psi
- (c) Maximum stroke or blows/ft or pile cushion requirements to prevent overstressing piles as needed
- (d) GRLWEAP software version information
- (e) PDF copy of all pile driving criteria and executable GRLWEAP input and output files

Page 4-76, Article 450-4 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, add the following:

The contract unit price for *PDA Testing* will also be full compensation for performing GRLWEAP analysis and developing and providing pile driving criteria.

CONTENTS

SHEET

3

DESCRIPTION

TITLE SHEET LEGEND SITE PLAN PROFILE

BORE LOGS

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

STRUCTURE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

PROJ. REFERENCE NO. <u>45348.1.27 (BD-5102AA)</u> F.A. PROJ. <u>BRZ-1240(5)</u>

PROJECT DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 93 ON SR 1240 (WALSTON

ROAD) OVER BEAMAN RUN AT -L- STA. 12+22.50

STATE STATE PROJECT REPERENCE NO. SHEET SPECIAL N.C. BD-5102AA 1 5

CAUTION NOTICE

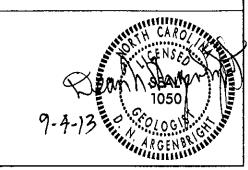
THE SLESURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLAINANG, AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE MARKEY FELLO BORNOL LOSS, ROCK CORES, AND SOL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY RE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, CECTCHINICAL INNOVERSHING UNIT AT (1919) TOT-6805. NETHER THE SUBSURFACE PLAINS AND REPORTS, NOR THE RELD BORNING LOSS, ROCK CORES, OR SOLI TEST DATA ARE PART OF THE CONTRACT.

GENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARES ARE BASED ON A COTTENHANCE WITERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSUMPACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSUMPACE CONDITIONS BETAKEN BORNES OR BETWEEN SAPILED STRATA WITHIN THE BORKENGE, THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU UN-PLACETEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON HOALY TO THE DECREE OF RELIED BY AND THE IN SITU UN-PLACETEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON HOALY TO THE DECREE OF RELIED CHORDITORS INDICATED IN THE SUBSUMPACE INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE THE OF THE INVESTIGATION, THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOSTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONSTIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION, AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

THE BODER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONIED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMENARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FRAIL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT, FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PLANSPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DODUMENTS FOR FAUL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR GURARATEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE, OR PRINTING THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SHOR ROPERSORET SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISFY HAMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THIS PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAYE NO CLAW FOR ADDITIONAL CONFERNATION OF FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR MAY PRESON RESULTANT FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DEFERRING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE REFORMATION.

	PERSONNEL
	C.M. WRIKE
_	F&R PERSONNEL
-	
•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
-	
-	
-	
•	
	DN ADGENDDIGHT
	BY_D.N. ARGENBRIGHT
CHECKED BY	D.N. ARGENBRIGHT
SUBMITTED BY	D.N. ARGENBRIGHT

SEPTEMBER 2013



PROJECT: 45348.1.

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

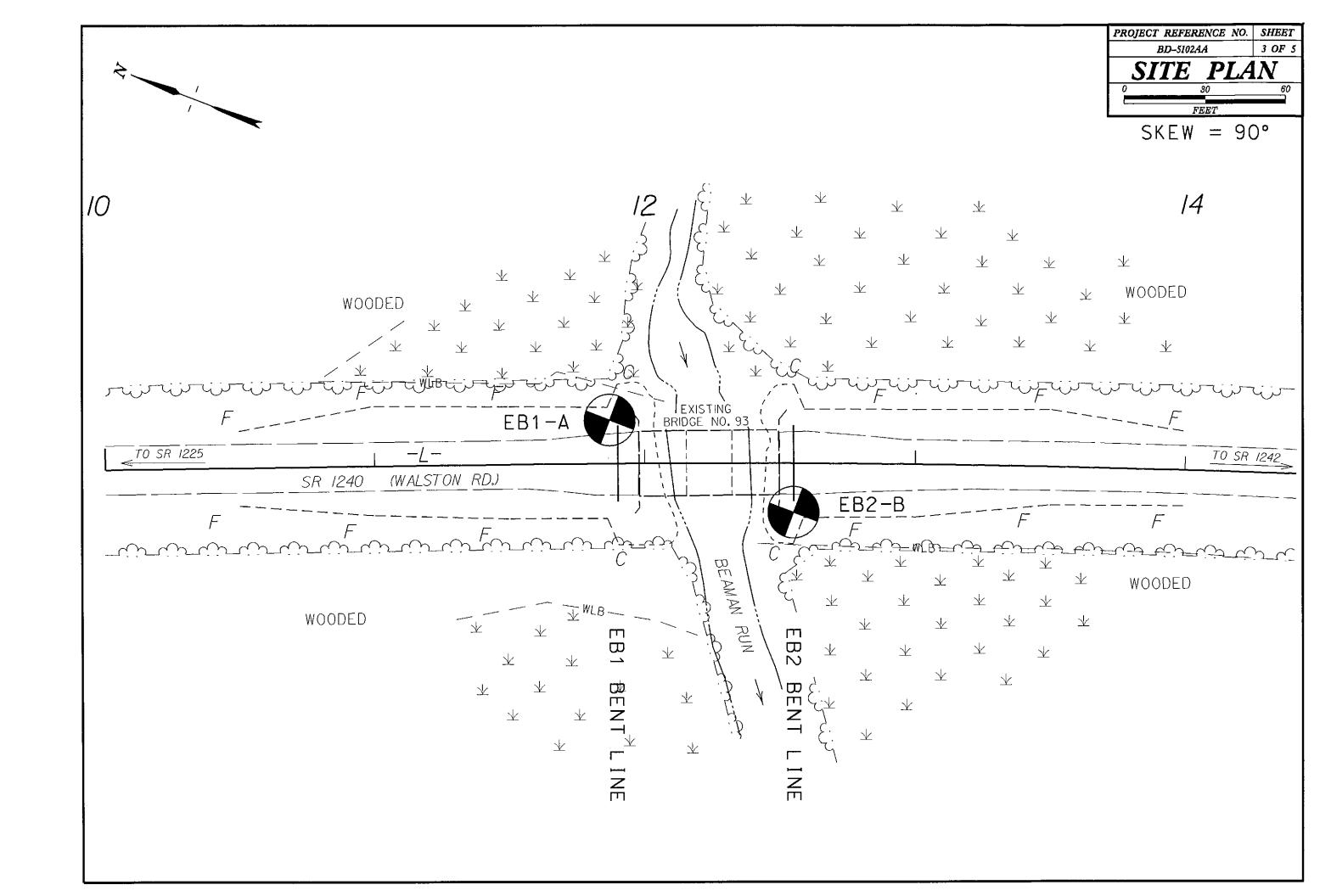
SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

	SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TER	MS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS	
SOIL DESCRIPTION	GRADATION	ROCK DESCRIPTION	TERMS AND DEFINITIONS
SOIL IS CONSIDERED TO BE THE UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER, AND YIELD LESS THAN	MELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE. UNICORM - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. (ALSO	HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL, AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL.	ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER.
100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO STANDARD PENETRATION TEST WASHID 1206, ASTM D-1586, SOIL	POORLY GRADED) GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.	SPI REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EDUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS. IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL. THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE	ADUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA. ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND.
CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM, BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY SHALL INCLUDE: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH	ANGULARITY OF GRAINS	OF WEATHERED ROCK. ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIGED AS FOLLOWS:	ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS.
AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. EXAMPLE: VERY STAFF, GRANDLY CLA. MOST WITH INTERSELECT FAE SAMD LAREAS, MONUT PLATIC, A-7-6	THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS: ANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.	WEATHERED NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100	OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC.
SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION	MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION	THE TO CORDER COOKS AND METALODRIUS DOCK THAT	ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE
GENERAL GRANULAR MATERIALS SILT-CLAY MATERIALS ORGANIC MATERIALS	MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS DUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS	ROCK (CR) WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED, ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE,	GROUND SURFACE.
CLASS. (\$35% PASSING #200) (> 35% PASSING #200)	WHENEVER THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.	FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN	CALCAREOUS CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.
CROUP A-1 A-3 A-2 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-1, A-2 A-4, A-5 CLASS. A-1-a A-1-b A-2-4 A-2-5 A-2-6 A-2-7 A-2-6 A-2-7 A-3 A-3 A-5 A-6 A-7	COMPRESSIBILITY SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT LESS THAN 31	NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK (NCR) FIRE TO CORRES GRAIN RE HAUDERIC WAS NON-CONSTRUCTED. SEDIMENTARY POCK THAT WOULD YELLO SET REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SANDSTONE, ETC.	COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM DF SLOPE.
SYMBOL PROGRESSED	MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT EQUAL TO 31-50	COASTAL PLAIN COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD SEDIMENTARY ROCK SPT REFUSAL, ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED	CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL
V PASSING	HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT GREATER THAN 50 PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL	(CP) SHELL BEDS, ETC.	LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
= 10 SB MX	OPCANIC MATERIAL GRANULAR SILT - CLAY		DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.
* 10 38 HX 58 HX 51 HX S 51 HX S 51 HX S 51 HX 35 HX 35 HX 35 HX 36 HN 3	ORGANIC MATERIAL SOILS SOILS OTHER MATERIAL TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRACE 1 - 10%	FRESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALLS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING, ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.	DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE
LONG LINE	LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER 3 - 5% 5 - 12% LITTLE 10 - 20%	VERY SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN.	HORIZONTAL. DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF
PLASTIC INDEX 6 MX NP 18 MX 13 MN 48 MX 41 MN 48 MX 14 MN 18 MX 14 MN 18 MX 14 MN 18 MX 14 MN 14 MN LITTLE OR HIGHLY	MODERATELY ORGANIC	(V SLI.) CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOVS IF	THE LINE OF DIP, HEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH.
GROUP INDEX 8 8 8 4 MX 8 MX 12 MX 16 MX No MX MODERATE ORGANIC	GROUND WATER	OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE. SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO	FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO DNE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.
USUAL TYPES STOKE FRACS. FINE SILTY OR CLAYEY SILTY CLAYEY ORGANIC	✓ WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER ORILLING	(SL1,)) INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELOSPAR	FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.
MATERIALS SAND GRAVEL AND SAND SOILS SUILS	STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER _24 HOURS	CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, CRYSTALLINE POCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS. MODERATE SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN	FLOAT - ROCK FRABMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM
GEN. RATING AS A EXCELLENT TO GOOD FAIR TO POOR FAIR TO POOR POOR UNSUITABLE	∇PW PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE, OR WATER BEARING STRATA	(MOD.) GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY, ROCK HAS	PARENT MATERIAL.
SUBGRADE	SPRING DR SEEP	DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED WITH FREGH ROCK.	FLOOD PLAIM (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM.
P1 OF A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS ≤ LL - 30 P1 OF A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS > LL - 30	MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS	MODERATELY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL SEVERE AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH	FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN
CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS COMPACTNESS OR RANGE OF STANDARD RANGE OF UNCONFINED COMPACTNESS OR RANGE OF STANDARD COMPACTNESS OR RANGE	COT	(MDD, SEV.) AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES "CLUNK" SOUND WHEN STRUCK.	THE FIELD.
PRIMARY SOIL TYPE COMPACTINESS OR CONSISTENCY PENETRATION RESISTENCE COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/FT ²)	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION OF DATA TEST BORING W/ CORE	IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL	JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALDNG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.
GENERALLY VERY LOOSE (4	SOIL SYMBOL AUGER BORING - SPT N-VALUE		LEGGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT.
GRANULAR LUUSE 4 TO 10	M	EXTENT, SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN. JE TESTED VIELDS SET N. VALUES > 100 BPF	LENS - A BODY OF SDIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS.
MATERIAL DENSE 30 TO 50	THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT		MOTTLED (NOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS, MOTTLING IN
	INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY MONITORING WELL	(V SEV.) THE MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH DNLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK	
GENERALLY SOFT 2 TO 4 9.25 TO 9.50	THE INFERRED ROCK LINE A PIEZOMETER	VESTIGES OF THE ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUES & 199 BPF	INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.
SILT-CLAY MEDIUM STIFF 4 TO 8 0.5 TO 1.0	INSTALLATION	COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND	RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.
(COHESIVE) VERY STIFF 15 TO 30 2 TO 4	☐ INSTALLATION	SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS, QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES ON STRINGERS, SAPROLITE IS ALSO AN EXAMPLE.	
	25/025 DIP & DIP DIRECTION OF A CONE PENETROMETER TEST	ROCK HARDNESS	EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK, BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES	SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE
			SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND
CUARCE CIME		HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE ON PICK UNLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REGULINED TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.	RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE REPOING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRIDED ROCKS.
BOULDER CUBBLE GRAVEL SAND SAND SILI CLAY	AR - AUGER REFUSAL MED MEDIUM VST - VANE SHEAR TEST BT - BORING TERMINATED MICA MICACEOUS WEA WEATHERED	MODERATELY CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK, GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE	SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR
1052, 50.1 (1 50.)	CL CLAY MOD MODERATELY 7 - UNIT WEIGHT	HARD EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK, HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED BY MODERATE BLOWS.	SLIP PLANE.
SIZE IN. 12 3	CSE COARSE ORG ORGANIC	MEDIUM CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT.	
SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS		HARD CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES I INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER, SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS
SOIL MOISTURE SCALE FIELD MOISTURE GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION (ATTERBERG LIMITS) DESCRIPTION	e - VOID RATIO SD SAND, SANDY SS - SPLIT SPOON	SOFT CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK, CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS	
		FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT, SMALL, IMIN PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE.	OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
- SATURATED - USUALLY LIQUIU; VERY WET, USUALLY (SAT.) FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE	FRAC FRACTURED, FRACTURES TOR - TRICONE REFUSAL RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAX		STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY
PLASTIC LIQUID LIMIT	FRAGS FRAGMENTS # - MOISTURE CONTENT CBR - CALIFURNIA BEARIN HI HIGHLY Y - VERY RATIO	SOFT OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE, CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY FINGERNAIL.	TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
RANGE - WET - (W) SEMISULIDE REDUIRES DATING TO	EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT	FRACTURE SPACING BEDDING	" <u>IOPSOIL (TS.)</u> - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.
PL PLASTIC LIMIT	DRILL HAUTE. ADVANCING TOOLS. HAMMER TYPEL	TERM SPACING TERM THICKNESS	BENCH MARK: BM-1: RAILROAD SPIKE IN BASE OF POWER POLE AT -L- STA.
OM DPTIMUM MOISTURE - MOIST - (M) SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE	MANUAL TITOMOTIC MANUAL	VERT WIDE MUNE IMAN 10 FEET THICKLY BEDDED 1.5 - 4 FEET	+62.42, 3 ' LT
SL SHRINKAGE LIMIT	- MOBILE B-	MODERATELY CLOSE 1 TD 3 FEET SERVEY THINK SECULD 8.18 - 1.0 FEET	ELEVAIJUN: 64,/I FT.
REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO	D = = =	CLOSE 0.16 TO 1 FEET THICKLY LAMINATED 0.008 - 0.03 FEET	NOTES:
HITAIN OF THION PROJECTORS	O-MULEUM AUBERS	HINLY LAMINATED C 0.000 FEET	-
	7 L MC 12 L M == L M ==	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	†
	X CME-EE TUNGCARBIDE INSERTS	RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS:	
LOW PLASTICITY 6-15 SLIGHT	X CASING W/ ADVANCER HAND TOOLS	FRIABLE GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.	
MEO. PLASTICITY	PORTABLE HOIST X TRICONE 2 15/6 STEEL TEETH POST HOLE DIGGER	MODERATELY INDURATED GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE;	
	TRICONETUNGCARB. HAND AUGER		
DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY).	CORE BIT SOUNDING ROD	INDURATED GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE; DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.	
MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.	YANE SHEAR TEST	EXTREMELY INDURATED SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE;	
1	Part Part		

SHEET NO. 2 OF 5

PROJECT REFERENCE NO.

BD-5I02AA



95				PROJECT REFERENCE NO. SHRET NO. BD-5102AA 4 0F 1 ROADWAY DESIGN HYDRAULICS ENGINEER
90	PROFILE THROUGH BORINGS PRO.	JECTED ALONG	غ +L- ز	INCOMPLETE PLANS DO NOT USE FOR V A ACQUISITION PRELIMINARY PLANS DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION
.85				<u> </u>
.80				VE = 2.0 80
.75	EB1+A 11+87	EB2-B 12+55		75
.70	16' LT	18' RT		70
65		7		65
60	A WATER SURFACE 03/13	▼ (2)	(A)	60
55	VERY SOFT TO MEDIUM 8 STIFF BLACK	MUCK WI	TH WOOD, WET	55
50		(B)		50
45	STIFF TO VERY STIFF () GRAY GREEN MICACEOUS		AY, WET	45
40	29 TOLACK CREEK FORMATIC	30		A(
35	DENSE GRAY 38 SAND, SATURATED	(CAPE FE	AR FORMATION)	35
30	VERY STIFF TO HARD 40 GRAY SILTY CLAY, WE	CAPE FE	AR FORMATION)	30
_25	35			25
20	MEDIUM DENSE TO DENSE 29 CLAYEY SAND, SATURAT	ED 34 (CAPE FE	AR FORMATION)	20
	36)	28		5
10.	MEDIUM DENSE TO VERY DENSE GRAY SAND, \$AT	URATED (CAPE FE.	AR FORMATIÓN)	IC
5	45	88		5
A VERY LOOS TAN GRAY O SATURATED	SE TO LOOSE SAND, MOIST TO D (ROADWAY EMBANKMENT	(00/0.4)	NOTE: GROUNDLINE PROFILE FROM BRIDGE SURVEY DESIGN REPORT DATED	
-5			NOTE: INFERRED STRATIGRAPH THROUGH THE BORING PROJECTED ONTO PRO	IY IS DRAWN IS WITH BOTH FILE(
11+0(00 II+50 I2+00	12+50	13+00	13+50

