

PROJECT: REFERENCE: BP4.R006

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

STATE	STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
N.C.	BP4.R006	1	20

STRUCTURE
SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

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COUNTY JOHNSTON
PROJECT DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 173 OVER
BUFFALO CREEK ON SR 1700 (COVERED BRIDGE
ROAD) BETWEEN SR 1003 AND SR 3519

SITE DESCRIPTION _____

CAUTION NOTICE

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT (919) 707-6850. THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA ARE NOT PART OF THE CONTRACT.

GENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BOREHOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU (IN-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT. FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE, OR OPINION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISFY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THE PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

- NOTES:
- THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AS ACCURATE NOR IS IT CONSIDERED PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.
 - BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION, THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

PERSONNEL
CATLIN ENGINEERS
AND SCIENTISTS

INVESTIGATED BY T. PARK
DRAWN BY T. LYNN
CHECKED BY K. BUSSEY
SUBMITTED BY HDR
DATE OCTOBER 2022

HDR HDR Engineering, Inc. of the Carolinas
555 Fayetteville St, Suite 900 Raleigh, N.C. 27601
N.C.B.E.L.S. License Number: F-01116



SIGNATURE _____ DATE _____

**DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL
UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED**

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

SOIL DESCRIPTION							GRADATION							ROCK DESCRIPTION							TERMS AND DEFINITIONS						
<p>SOIL IS CONSIDERED UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO THE STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T 206, ASTM D1586). SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM. BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. FOR EXAMPLE, <i>VERY STIFF, GRAY, SILTY CLAY, MOIST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6</i></p>							<p>WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE. UNIFORMLY GRADED - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLE SIZES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.</p>							<p>HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED, AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL. THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK. ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:</p>							<p>ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER. AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA. ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND. ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, SUCH AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC. ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE. CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE. COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE. CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK. DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL. DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH. FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE. FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES. FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL. FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM. FORMATION (FM) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD. JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED. LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT. LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS. MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS, MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE. PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM. RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK. ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (ROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK. SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS. SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE. STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS. STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.</p>						
SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION							ANGULARITY OF GRAINS							WEATHERED ROCK (WR)							CRYSTALLINE ROCK (CR)						
<p>GENERAL CLASS. GRANULAR MATERIALS (<= 35% PASSING #200) SILT-CLAY MATERIALS (> 35% PASSING #200) ORGANIC MATERIALS</p>							<p>THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS: ANGULAR, SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.</p>							<p>NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BLOWS PER FOOT IF TESTED.</p>							<p>FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE, GNEISS, GABBRO, SCHIST, ETC.</p>						
MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION							COMPRESSION							NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK (NCR)							COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK (CP)						
<p>MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHEN THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.</p>							<p>SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LL < 31 MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LL = 31 - 50 HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LL > 50</p>							<p>FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC.</p>							<p>COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD SPT REFUSAL. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED SHELL BEDS, ETC.</p>						
PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL							GROUND WATER							WEATHERING							MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS						
<p>ORGANIC MATERIAL GRANULAR SOILS SILT - CLAY SOILS OTHER MATERIAL</p> <p>TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRACE 1 - 10% LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER 3 - 5% 5 - 12% LITTLE 10 - 20% MODERATELY ORGANIC 5 - 10% 12 - 20% SOME 20 - 35% HIGHLY ORGANIC > 10% > 20% HIGHLY 35% AND ABOVE</p>							<p>WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE, OR WATER BEARING STRATA SPRING OR SEEP</p>							<p>FRESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE. VERY SLIGHT (V SL.) ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN. CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE. SLIGHT (SL.) ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO 1 INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS. MODERATE (MOD.) SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED WITH FRESH ROCK. MODERATELY SEVERE (MOD. SEV.) ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES "CLUNK" SOUND WHEN STRUCK. <i>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL</i> SEVERE (SEV.) ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN. <i>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BPF</i> VERY SEVERE (V SEV.) ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK REMAINING. SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE THAT ONLY MINOR VESTIGES OF ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. <i>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES < 100 BPF</i> COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS ALSO AN EXAMPLE.</p>							<p>ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION SOIL SYMBOL ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY INFERRED ROCK LINE ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY</p> <p>DIP & DIP DIRECTION OF ROCK STRUCTURES SPT DMT VST PMT TEST BORING AUGER BORING CORE BORING MONITORING WELL PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION</p> <p>SLOPE INDICATOR INSTALLATION CONE PENETROMETER TEST SOUNDING ROD TEST BORING WITH CORE SPT N-VALUE</p>						
CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS							RECOMMENDATION SYMBOLS							ABBREVIATIONS							EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT						
<p>PRIMARY SOIL TYPE COMPACTNESS OR CONSISTENCY RANGE OF STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE (N-VALUE) RANGE OF UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/FT²)</p>							<p>UNDERCUT UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - UNSUITABLE WASTE UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - ACCEPTABLE, BUT NOT TO BE USED IN THE TOP 3 FEET OF EMBANKMENT OR BACKFILL SHALLOW UNDERCUT UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - ACCEPTABLE DEGRADABLE ROCK</p>							<p>AR - AUGER REFUSAL BT - BORING TERMINATED CL - CLAY CPT - COARSE PENETRATION TEST CSE - COARSE DMT - DILATOMETER TEST DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST e - VOID RATIO F - FINE FOSS. - FOSSILIFEROUS FRAC. - FRACTURED, FRACTURES FRAGS. - FRAGMENTS HI. - HIGHLY MED. - MEDIUM MICA - MICACEOUS MOD. - MODERATELY NP - NON PLASTIC ORG. - ORGANIC PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST SAP. - SAPROLITIC SD. - SAND, SANDY SL. - SILT, SILTY SLI. - SLIGHTLY TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL w - MOISTURE CONTENT V - VERY VST - VANE SHEAR TEST WEA. - WEATHERED W - UNIT WEIGHT Wg - DRY UNIT WEIGHT SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS S - BULK SS - SPLIT SPOON ST - SHELBY TUBE RS - ROCK RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL CBR - CALIFORNIA BEARING RATIO</p>							<p>DRILL UNITS: <input type="checkbox"/> CME-45C <input type="checkbox"/> CME-55 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CME-550 <input type="checkbox"/> VANE SHEAR TEST <input type="checkbox"/> PORTABLE HOIST <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>ADVANCING TOOLS: <input type="checkbox"/> CLAY BITS <input type="checkbox"/> 6" CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER <input type="checkbox"/> 8" HOLLOW AUGERS <input type="checkbox"/> HARD FACED FINGER BITS <input type="checkbox"/> TUNG-CARBIDE INSERTS <input type="checkbox"/> CASING <input type="checkbox"/> W/ ADVANCER <input type="checkbox"/> TRICONE * STEEL TEETH <input type="checkbox"/> TRICONE * TUNG-CARB. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CORE BIT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MUD ROTARY</p> <p>HAMMER TYPE: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AUTOMATIC <input type="checkbox"/> MANUAL CORE SIZE: <input type="checkbox"/> -B <input type="checkbox"/> -H <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> -N Q2 HAND TOOLS: <input type="checkbox"/> POST HOLE DIGGER <input type="checkbox"/> HAND AUGER <input type="checkbox"/> SOUNDING ROD <input type="checkbox"/> VANE SHEAR TEST <input type="checkbox"/></p>						
TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE							SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS							FRACTURE SPACING							BEDDING						
<p>U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE OPENING (MM) 4 10 40 60 200 270 4.76 2.00 0.42 0.25 0.075 0.053</p>							<p>SOIL MOISTURE SCALE (ATTERBERG LIMITS) FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION</p> <p>LL - LIQUID LIMIT PL - PLASTIC LIMIT OM - OPTIMUM MOISTURE SL - SHRINKAGE LIMIT</p> <p>- SATURATED - (SAT.) USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE - WET - (W) SEMISOLID; REQUIRES DRYING TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE - MOIST - (M) SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE - DRY - (D) REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE</p>							<p>VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK. BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN. MODERATELY HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK. GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED BY MODERATE BLOWS. MEDIUM HARD CAN BE GROUDED OR GOUGED 0.25 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PIECES 1 INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. SOFT CAN BE GROUDED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. VERY SOFT CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK. PIECES 1 INCH OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY FINGER NAIL.</p>							<p>TERM SPACING TERM THICKNESS VERY WIDE MORE THAN 10 FEET VERY THICKLY BEDDED 4 FEET WIDE 3 TO 10 FEET THICKLY BEDDED 1.5 - 4 FEET MODERATELY CLOSE 1 TO 3 FEET THINLY BEDDED 0.16 - 1.5 FEET CLOSE 0.16 TO 1 FOOT VERY THINLY BEDDED 0.03 - 0.16 FEET VERY CLOSE LESS THAN 0.16 FEET THICKLY LAMINATED 0.008 - 0.03 FEET THINLY LAMINATED < 0.008 FEET</p>						
PLASTICITY							INDURATION							ELEVATION: FEET							NOTES:						
<p>NON PLASTIC PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) DRY STRENGTH VERY LOW SLIGHT MEDIUM HIGH 0-5 6-15 16-25 26 OR MORE</p>							<p>FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC. FRIABLE RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS; GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE. MODERATELY INDURATED GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER. INDURATED GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE; DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER. EXTREMELY INDURATED SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.</p>							<p>_____ FEET _____ FEET _____ FEET _____ FEET _____ FEET</p>							<p>BORING ELEVATIONS OBTAINED FROM SURVEY CONDUCTED BY CATLIN ENGINEERS AND SCIENTISTS FIAD - FILLED IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING</p>						
COLOR							EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT							ELEVATION: FEET							NOTES:						
<p>DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY). MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.</p>							<p>DRILL UNITS: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CME-45C <input type="checkbox"/> CME-55 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CME-550 <input type="checkbox"/> VANE SHEAR TEST <input type="checkbox"/> PORTABLE HOIST <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>ADVANCING TOOLS: <input type="checkbox"/> CLAY BITS <input type="checkbox"/> 6" CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER <input type="checkbox"/> 8" HOLLOW AUGERS <input type="checkbox"/> HARD FACED FINGER BITS <input type="checkbox"/> TUNG-CARBIDE INSERTS <input type="checkbox"/> CASING <input type="checkbox"/> W/ ADVANCER <input type="checkbox"/> TRICONE * STEEL TEETH <input type="checkbox"/> TRICONE * TUNG-CARB. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CORE BIT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MUD ROTARY</p> <p>HAMMER TYPE: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AUTOMATIC <input type="checkbox"/> MANUAL CORE SIZE: <input type="checkbox"/> -B <input type="checkbox"/> -H <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> -N Q2 HAND TOOLS: <input type="checkbox"/> POST HOLE DIGGER <input type="checkbox"/> HAND AUGER <input type="checkbox"/> SOUNDING ROD <input type="checkbox"/> VANE SHEAR TEST <input type="checkbox"/></p>							<p>_____ FEET _____ FEET _____ FEET _____ FEET _____ FEET</p>							<p>BORING ELEVATIONS OBTAINED FROM SURVEY CONDUCTED BY CATLIN ENGINEERS AND SCIENTISTS FIAD - FILLED IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING</p>						

**NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT**

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

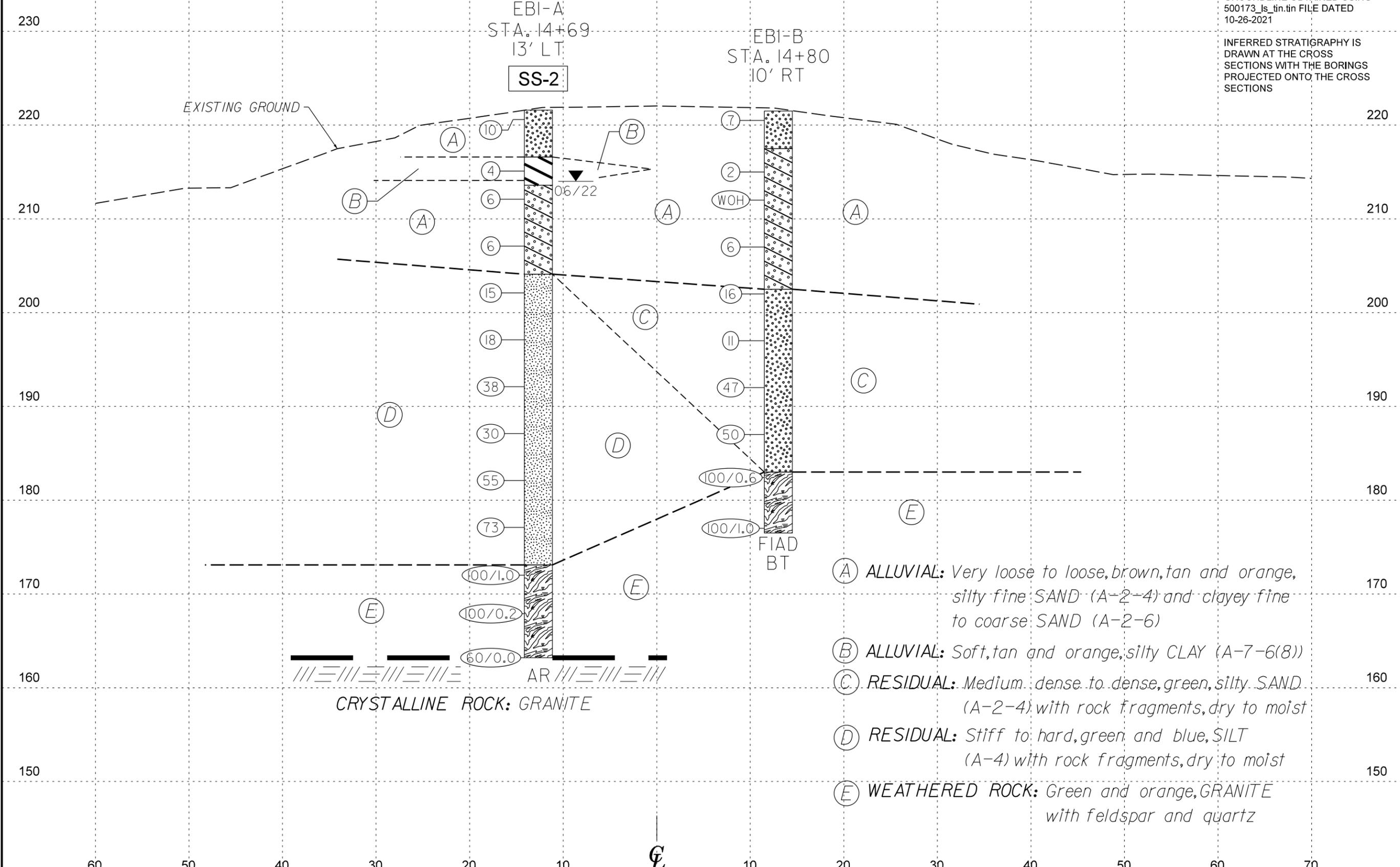
**SUPPLEMENTAL LEGEND, GEOLOGICAL STRENGTH INDEX (GSI) TABLES
FROM AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS**

AASHTO LRFD Figure 10.4.6.4-1 — Determination of GSI for Jointed Rock Mass (Marinos and Hoek, 2000)

AASHTO LRFD Figure 10.4.6.4-2 — Determination of GSI for Tectonically Deformed Heterogeneous Rock Masses (Marinos and Hoek, 2000)

<p>GEOLOGICAL STRENGTH INDEX (GSI) FOR JOINTED ROCKS (Hoek and Marinos, 2000)</p> <p>From the lithology, structure and surface conditions of the discontinuities, estimate the average value of GSI. Do not try to be too precise. Quoting a range from 33 to 37 is more realistic than stating that GSI = 35. Note that the table does not apply to structurally controlled failures. Where weak planar structural planes are present in an unfavorable orientation with respect to the excavation face, these will dominate the rock mass behaviour. The shear strength of surfaces in rocks that are prone to deterioration as a result of changes in moisture content will be reduced if water is present. When working with rocks in the fair to very poor categories, a shift to the right may be made for wet conditions. Water pressure is dealt with by effective stress analysis.</p> <p>STRUCTURE</p>		SURFACE CONDITIONS							
<p>GSI FOR HETEROGENEOUS ROCK MASSES SUCH AS FLYSCH (Marinos, P and Hoek E., 2000)</p> <p>From a description of the lithology, structure and surface conditions (particularly of the bedding planes), choose a box in the chart. Locate the position in the box that corresponds to the condition of the discontinuities and estimate the average value of GSI from the contours. Do not attempt to be too precise. Quoting a range from 33 to 37 is more realistic than giving GSI = 35. Note that the Hoek-Brown criterion does not apply to structurally controlled failures. Where unfavourably oriented continuous weak planar discontinuities are present, these will dominate the behaviour of the rock mass. The strength of some rock masses is reduced by the presence of groundwater and this can be allowed for by a slight shift to the right in the columns for fair, poor and very poor conditions. Water pressure does not change the value of GSI and it is dealt with by using effective stress analysis.</p> <p>COMPOSITION AND STRUCTURE</p>		SURFACE CONDITIONS OF DISCONTINUITIES (Predominantly bedding planes)							
<p>INTACT OR MASSIVE - intact rock specimens or massive in situ rock with few widely spaced discontinuities</p> <p>BLOCKY - well interlocked undisturbed rock mass consisting of cubical blocks formed by three intersecting discontinuity sets</p> <p>VERY BLOCKY - interlocked, partially disturbed mass with multi-faceted angular blocks formed by 4 or more joint sets</p> <p>BLOCKY/DISTURBED/SEAMY - folded with angular blocks formed by many intersecting discontinuity sets. Persistence of bedding planes or schistosity</p> <p>DISINTEGRATED - poorly interlocked, heavily broken rock mass with mixture of angular and rounded rock pieces</p> <p>LAMINATED/SHEARED - Lack of blockiness due to close spacing of weak schistosity or shear planes</p>	<p>DECREASING INTERLOCKING OF ROCK PIECES</p> <p>⇓</p>	<p>DECREASING SURFACE QUALITY</p> <p>⇨</p>	<p>VERY GOOD Very rough, fresh unweathered surfaces</p> <p>GOOD Rough, slightly weathered, iron stained surfaces</p> <p>FAIR Smooth, moderately weathered and altered surfaces</p> <p>POOR Slickensided, highly weathered surfaces with compact coatings or fillings or angular fragments</p> <p>VERY POOR Slickensided, highly weathered surfaces with soft clay coatings or fillings</p>	<p>90</p> <p>80</p> <p>70</p> <p>60</p> <p>50</p> <p>40</p> <p>30</p> <p>20</p> <p>10</p>	<p>N/A</p> <p>N/A</p>	<p>A. Thick bedded, very blocky sandstone The effect of pelitic coatings on the bedding planes is minimized by the confinement of the rock mass. In shallow tunnels or slopes these bedding planes may cause structurally controlled instability.</p> <p>B. Sandstone with thin inter-layers of siltstone</p> <p>C. Sandstone and siltstone in similar amounts</p> <p>D. Siltstone or silty shale with sandstone layers</p> <p>E. Weak siltstone or clayey shale with sandstone layers</p> <p>F. Tectonically deformed, intensively folded/faulted, sheared clayey shale or siltstone with broken and deformed sandstone layers forming an almost chaotic structure</p> <p>G. Undisturbed silty or clayey shale with or without a few very thin sandstone layers</p> <p>H. Tectonically deformed silty or clayey shale forming a chaotic structure with pockets of clay. Thin layers of sandstone are transformed into small rock pieces.</p> <p>⇨ Means deformation after tectonic disturbance</p>	<p>70</p> <p>60</p> <p>50</p> <p>40</p> <p>30</p> <p>20</p> <p>10</p>	<p>VERY GOOD - Very Rough, fresh unweathered surfaces</p> <p>GOOD - Rough, slightly weathered surfaces</p> <p>FAIR - Smooth, moderately weathered and altered surfaces</p> <p>POOR - Very smooth, occasionally slickensided surfaces with compact coatings or fillings with angular fragments</p> <p>VERY POOR - Very smooth, slickensided or highly weathered surfaces with soft clay coatings or fillings</p>	

NOTES:
 GROUNDLINE OBTAINED USING
 500173_Is_tin.tin FILE DATED
 10-26-2021
 INFERRED STRATIGRAPHY IS
 DRAWN AT THE CROSS
 SECTIONS WITH THE BORINGS
 PROJECTED ONTO THE CROSS
 SECTIONS



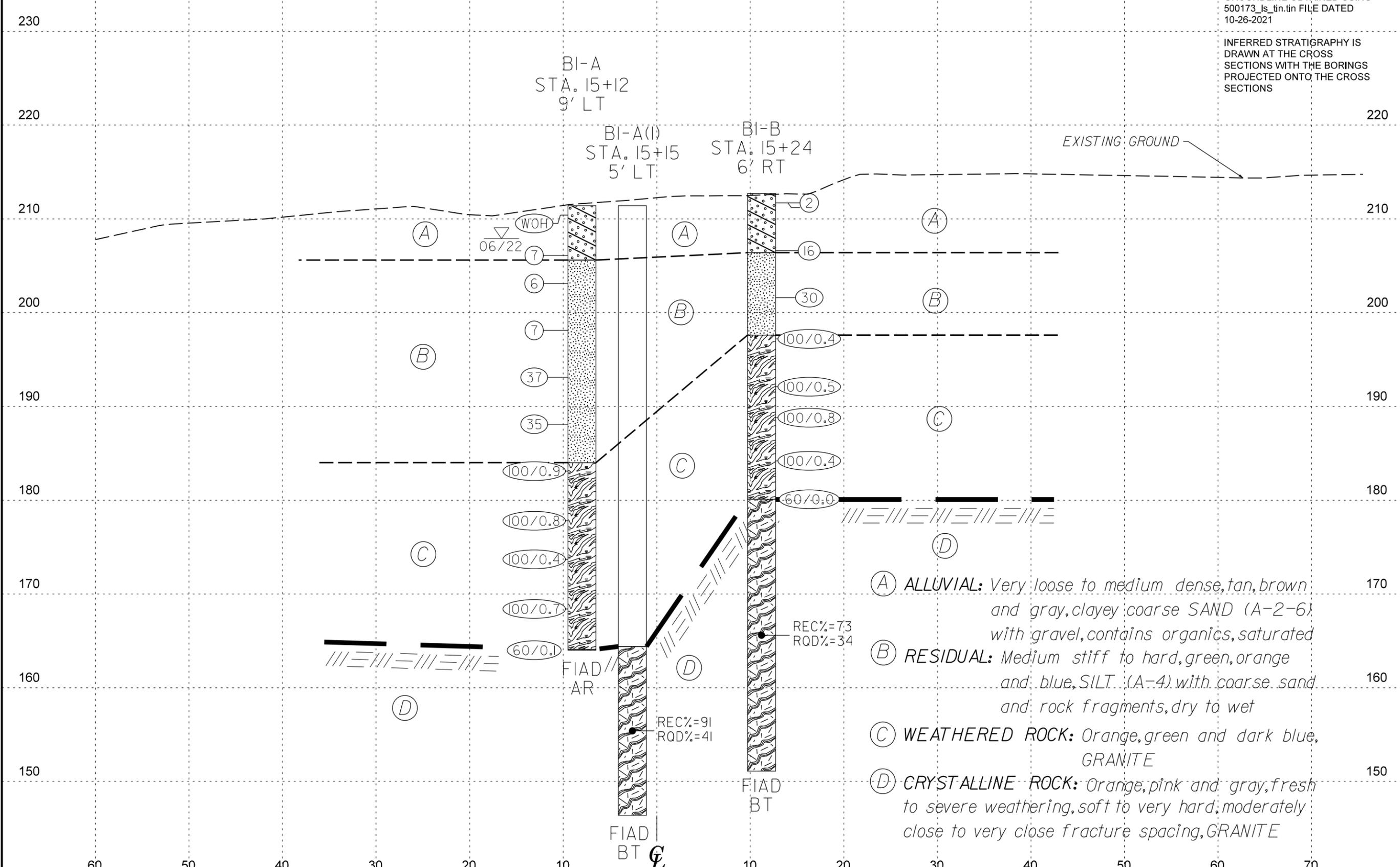
- (A) ALLUVIAL: Very loose to loose, brown, tan and orange, silty fine SAND (A-2-4) and clayey fine to coarse SAND (A-2-6)
- (B) ALLUVIAL: Soft, tan and orange, silty CLAY (A-7-6(8))
- (C) RESIDUAL: Medium dense to dense, green, silty SAND (A-2-4) with rock fragments, dry to moist
- (D) RESIDUAL: Stiff to hard, green and blue, SILT (A-4) with rock fragments, dry to moist
- (E) WEATHERED ROCK: Green and orange, GRANITE with feldspar and quartz

HORIZ. SCALE 0 10 20 (FEET)

VE = 1:1

BRIDGE NO. 173 - END BENT 1
-L- STA. 14+71.50 - 60° SKEW

NOTES:
 GROUNDLINE OBTAINED USING
 500173_Is_tin.tin FILE DATED
 10-26-2021
 INFERRED STRATIGRAPHY IS
 DRAWN AT THE CROSS
 SECTIONS WITH THE BORINGS
 PROJECTED ONTO THE CROSS
 SECTIONS

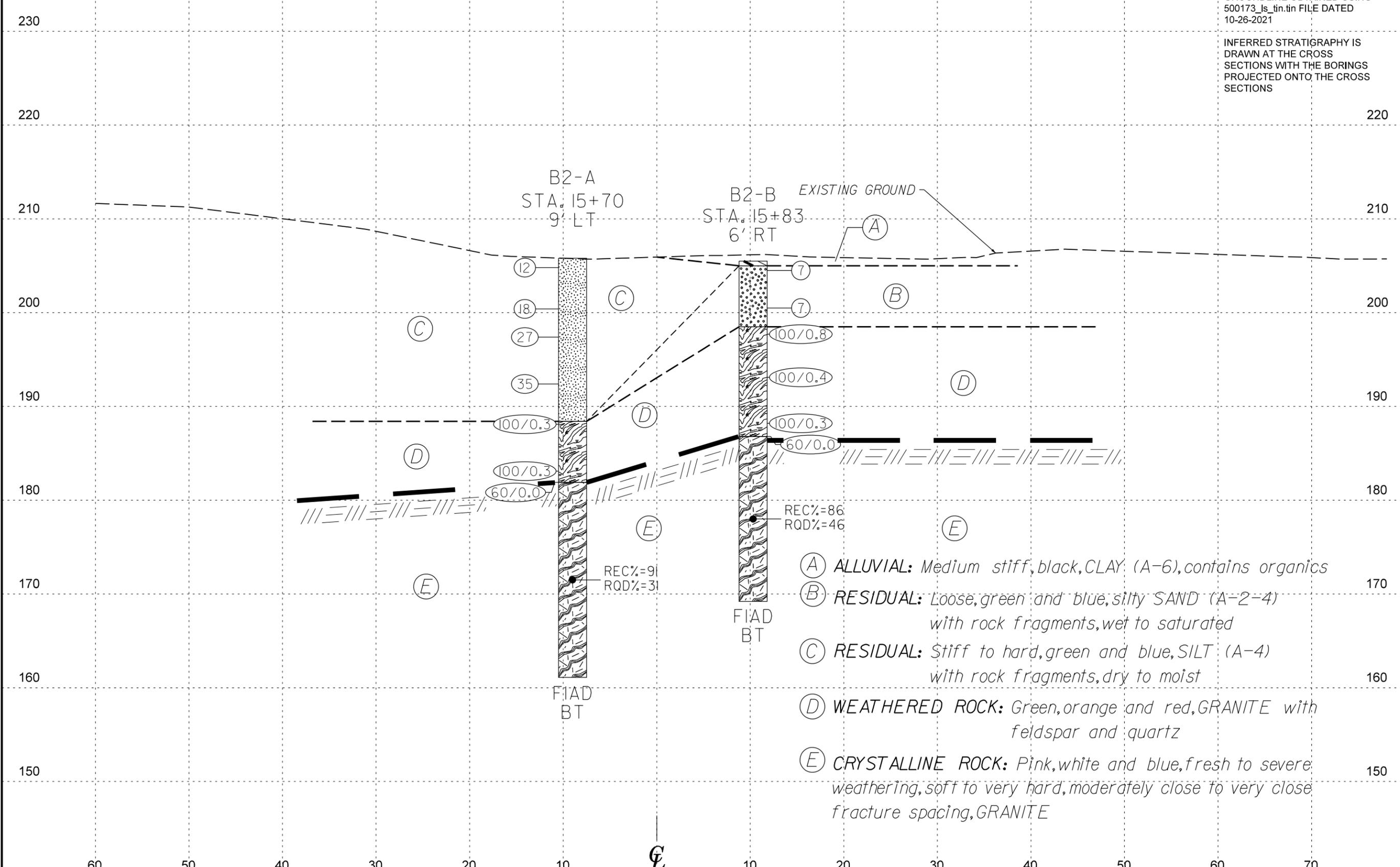


HORIZ. SCALE 0 10 20 (FEET) VE = 1:1

BRIDGE NO. 173 - BENT 1
-L- STA. 15+11.50 - 60° SKEW

- (A) ALLUVIAL: Very loose to medium dense, tan, brown and gray, clayey coarse SAND (A-2-6) with gravel, contains organics, saturated
- (B) RESIDUAL: Medium stiff to hard, green, orange and blue, SILT (A-4) with coarse sand and rock fragments, dry to wet
- (C) WEATHERED ROCK: Orange, green and dark blue, GRANITE
- (D) CRYSTALLINE ROCK: Orange, pink and gray, fresh to severe weathering, soft to very hard; moderately close to very close fracture spacing, GRANITE

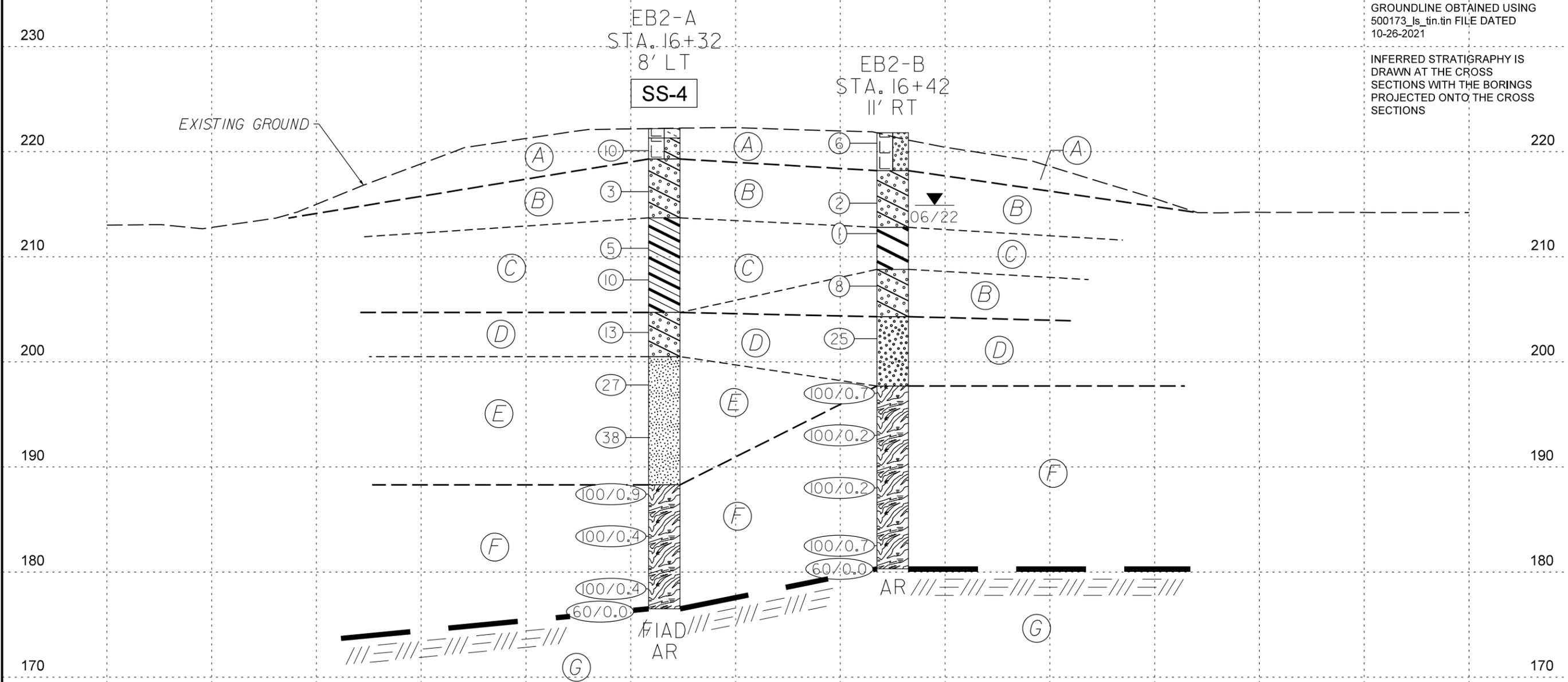
NOTES:
 GROUNDLINE OBTAINED USING
 500173_Is_tin.tin FILE DATED
 10-26-2021
 INFERRED STRATIGRAPHY IS
 DRAWN AT THE CROSS
 SECTIONS WITH THE BORINGS
 PROJECTED ONTO THE CROSS
 SECTIONS



HORIZ. SCALE 0 10 20 (FEET) VE = 1:1

BRIDGE NO. 173 - BENT 2
-L- STA. 15 + 71.50 - 60° SKEW

NOTES:
 GROUNDLINE OBTAINED USING
 500173 Js_tin.tin FILE DATED
 10-26-2021
 INFERRED STRATIGRAPHY IS
 DRAWN AT THE CROSS
 SECTIONS WITH THE BORINGS
 PROJECTED ONTO THE CROSS
 SECTIONS



- (A) ROADWAY EMBANKMENT: Loose, tan and brown, silty SAND (A-2-4); and clayey SAND (A-2-6), dry to moist
- (B) ALLUVIAL: Very loose to loose, tan and gray, clayey coarse SAND (A-2-6), wet
- (C) ALLUVIAL: Very soft to stiff, green, blue, and gray, sandy CLAY (A-6), and silty CLAY (A-7), moist to wet
- (D) RESIDUAL: Medium dense, blue and green, silty coarse SAND (A-2-4) and clayey SAND (A-2-6) with rock fragments, moist to wet
- (E) RESIDUAL: Very stiff to hard, blue and green, SILT (A-4) with rock fragments, dry
- (F) WEATHERED ROCK: Green, blue and red, GRANITE with feldspar and quartz
- (G) CRYSTALLINE ROCK: GRANITE

GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT

BORE LOG

WBS BP4.R006		TIP BP4.R006		COUNTY JOHNSTON		GEOLOGIST T. Park									
SITE DESCRIPTION Bridge No. 173 over Buffalo Creek on SR 1700 (Covered Bridge Road)							GROUND WTR (ft)								
BORING NO. B1-A		STATION 15+12		OFFSET 9 ft LT		ALIGNMENT -L-									
COLLAR ELEV. 211.4 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 47.4 ft		NORTHING 709,045		EASTING 2,194,781									
DRILL RIGHAMMER EFF./DATE CAT1303 CME-550 92% 02/03/2022				DRILL METHOD Mud Rotary		HAMMER TYPE Automatic									
DRILLER P. McCain		START DATE 06/08/22		COMP. DATE 06/08/22		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A									
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)	
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100					
215															
210	211.4	0.0	WOH	WOH	WOH								Sat.	GROUND SURFACE	0.0
														ALLUVIAL	
														Very loose to loose, tan and brown, clayey SAND (A-2-6), contains organics	
205	207.1	4.3	7	4	3								Sat.		
														RESIDUAL	
														Medium stiff to hard, green and orange, sandy SILT (A-4) with rock fragments	
200	204.1	7.3	2	3	3								W		
195	199.1	12.3	3	3	4								W		
190	194.1	17.3	11	13	24								D		
185	189.1	22.3	13	15	20								D		
180	184.0	27.4	55	45/0.4							100/0.9			WEATHERED ROCK	27.4
														Orange and green, GRANITE	
175	179.1	32.3	19	49	51/0.3						100/0.8				
170	174.1	37.3	100/0.4								100/0.4				
165	169.1	42.3	39	61/0.2							100/0.7				
	164.1	47.3	60/0.1								60/0.1			CRYSTALLINE ROCK	47.3
														Green, GRANITE	47.4
														Boring Terminated with Standard Penetration Test Refusal at Elevation 164.0 ft in Crystalline Rock (GRANITE)	

NCDOT BORE DOUBLE 500173_GEO.GPJ NC_DOT.GDT 10/10/22

GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT BORE LOG

GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT CORE LOG

WBS BP4.R006		TIP BP4.R006		COUNTY JOHNSTON		GEOLOGIST T. Park										
SITE DESCRIPTION Bridge No. 173 over Buffalo Creek on SR 1700 (Covered Bridge Road)							GROUND WTR (ft)									
BORING NO. B1-A(1)		STATION 15+15		OFFSET 5 ft LT		ALIGNMENT -L-										
COLLAR ELEV. 211.4 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 65.0 ft		NORTHING 709,041		EASTING 2,194,784										
DRILL RIGHAMMER EFF./DATE CAT1303 CME-550 92% 02/03/2022				DRILL METHOD Mud Rotary		HAMMER TYPE Automatic										
DRILLER P. McCain		START DATE 06/08/22		COMP. DATE 06/08/22		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A										
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	MOI	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION		
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100				ELEV. (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	
215																
															211.4	GROUND SURFACE
210																See bore log for B1-A for soil descriptions
205																
200																
195																
190																
185																
180																
175																
170																
165															164.4	CRYSTALLINE ROCK
160																Pink, blue, and dark gray, GRANITE with feldspar and quartz
155																
150															146.4	Boring Terminated at Elevation 146.4 ft in Crystalline Rock (GRANITE)

NCDOT BORE DOUBLE 500173_GEO.GPJ NC_DOT.GDT 9/21/22

NCDOT CORE DOUBLE 500173_GEO.GPJ NC_DOT.GDT 10/10/22

WBS BP4.R006		TIP BP4.R006		COUNTY JOHNSTON		GEOLOGIST T. Park						
SITE DESCRIPTION Bridge No. 173 over Buffalo Creek on SR 1700 (Covered Bridge Road)							GROUND WTR (ft)					
BORING NO. B1-A(1)		STATION 15+15		OFFSET 5 ft LT		ALIGNMENT -L-						
COLLAR ELEV. 211.4 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 65.0 ft		NORTHING 709,041		EASTING 2,194,784						
DRILL RIGHAMMER EFF./DATE CAT1303 CME-550 92% 02/03/2022				DRILL METHOD Mud Rotary		HAMMER TYPE Automatic						
DRILLER P. McCain		START DATE 06/08/22		COMP. DATE 06/08/22		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A						
CORE SIZE NQ2			TOTAL RUN 18.0 ft									
ELEV (ft)	RUN ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	RUN (ft)	DRILL RATE (Min/ft)	RUN		SAMP. NO.	STRATA		LOG	DESCRIPTION AND REMARKS	
					REC. (ft) %	RQD (ft) %		REC. (ft) %	RQD (ft) %		ELEV. (ft)	DEPTH (ft)
164.4	164.4	47.0	1.0	2:30	(1.0)	(0.0)		(16.4)	(7.3)			Begin Coring @ 47.0 ft
	163.4	48.0	1.5	1:36	100%	0%		91%	41%			CRYSTALLINE ROCK
	161.9	49.5	0.5	1:20/0.5	(1.5)	(0.0)						Pink, blue, and dark gray, fresh to severe weathering, soft to very hard, moderately close to very close fracture spacing, GRANITE with feldspar and quartz
	161.4	50.0	4.0	0:43/0.5	100%	0%						GSI = 30-40
	157.4	54.0	1.0	1:29	(3.4)	(0.0)						
	156.4	55.0	5.0	2:15	85%	0%						
				1:36	(0.5)	(0.0)						
				1:21	50%	0%						
				1:17								
				1:19	(5.0)	(2.3)						
	151.4	60.0	5.0	1:20	100%	46%						
				1:22	(5.0)	(5.0)						
				1:20	100%	100%						
				1:28								
				1:39								
	146.4	65.0		1:40								Boring Terminated at Elevation 146.4 ft in Crystalline Rock (GRANITE)

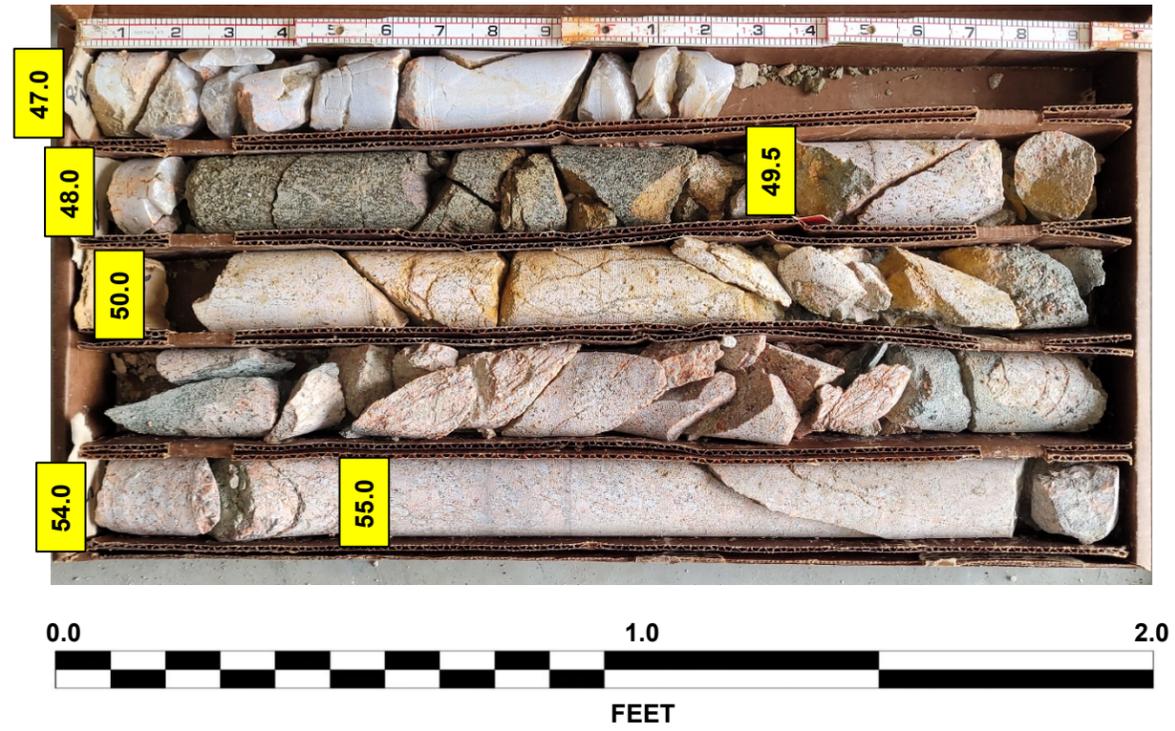
CORE PHOTOGRAPHIC RECORD

BP4.R006

SHEET 12

Bridge No. 173 over Buffalo Creek on SR 1700 (Covered Bridge Road)

B1-A(1)
Box 1 of 2: 47.0 – 55.0 ft



B1-A(1)
Box 2 of 2: 55.0 – 65.0 ft



CORE PHOTOGRAPHIC RECORD

BP4.R006

SHEET 14

Bridge No. 173 over Buffalo Creek on SR 1700 (Covered Bridge Road)

B1-B
Box 1 of 3: 32.6 – 45.3 ft



B1-B
Box 2 of 3: 45.3 – 56.6 ft



B1-B
Box 3 of 3: 56.6 – 61.6 ft



GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT BORE LOG

GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT CORE LOG

WBS BP4.R006		TIP BP4.R006		COUNTY JOHNSTON		GEOLOGIST T. Park									
SITE DESCRIPTION Bridge No. 173 over Buffalo Creek on SR 1700 (Covered Bridge Road)							GROUND WTR (ft)								
BORING NO. B2-A		STATION 15+70		OFFSET 9 ft LT		ALIGNMENT -L-									
COLLAR ELEV. 205.8 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 44.7 ft		NORTHING 709,047		EASTING 2,194,839									
DRILL RIGHAMMER EFF./DATE CAT1303 CME-550 92% 02/03/2022				DRILL METHOD Mud Rotary		HAMMER TYPE Automatic									
DRILLER P. McCain		START DATE 06/07/22		COMP. DATE 06/07/22		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A									
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)	
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100					
210															
205	205.8	0.0	2	6	6									205.8	GROUND SURFACE
200	201.4	4.4	5	8	10										RESIDUAL Stiff to hard, green and blue, SILT (A-4) with rock fragments, saprolitic
195	198.4	7.4	10	12	15										
190	193.4	12.4	6	12	23										
185	188.4	17.4	100/0.3											188.4	WEATHERED ROCK Dark green, GRANITE with feldspar and quartz
180	183.4	22.4	100/0.3											181.9	CRYSTALLINE ROCK Pink, white, and blue, GRANITE
	181.9	23.9	60/0.0												
175															
170															
165														161.1	Boring Terminated at Elevation 161.1 ft in Crystalline Rock (GRANITE)

WBS BP4.R006		TIP BP4.R006		COUNTY JOHNSTON		GEOLOGIST T. Park						
SITE DESCRIPTION Bridge No. 173 over Buffalo Creek on SR 1700 (Covered Bridge Road)							GROUND WTR (ft)					
BORING NO. B2-A		STATION 15+70		OFFSET 9 ft LT		ALIGNMENT -L-						
COLLAR ELEV. 205.8 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 44.7 ft		NORTHING 709,047		EASTING 2,194,839						
DRILL RIGHAMMER EFF./DATE CAT1303 CME-550 92% 02/03/2022				DRILL METHOD Mud Rotary		HAMMER TYPE Automatic						
DRILLER P. McCain		START DATE 06/07/22		COMP. DATE 06/07/22		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A						
ELEV (ft)	RUN ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	RUN (ft)	DRILL RATE (Min/ft)	TOTAL RUN		SAMP. NO.	STRATA		LOG	DESCRIPTION AND REMARKS	DEPTH (ft)
					REC. (%)	RQD (%)		REC. (%)	RQD (%)			
181.9	181.9	23.9	0.8	2:15/0.8	(0.8)	(0.0)		(19.0)	(6.4)		Begin Coring @ 23.9 ft	23.9
180	181.3	24.7	5.0	1:24 1:38 3:01 4:07 2:14	100%	0%		91%	31%		CRYSTALLINE ROCK Pink, white, and blue, fresh to severe weathering, soft to very hard, moderately close to very close fracture spacing, GRANITE with feldspar and quartz	
175	176.1	29.7	5.0	2:26 2:32 2:51 5:50 3:30	(5.0)	(1.3)					GSI = 30-40	
170	171.1	34.7	5.0	3:33 2:43 3:29 2:38 3:18	100%	45%					Qu = 4,840 psi	
165	166.1	39.7	5.0	3:36 2:46 3:39 3:19 3:44	(5.0)	(2.8)	RS-2					
	161.1	44.7									Boring Terminated at Elevation 161.1 ft in Crystalline Rock (GRANITE)	44.7

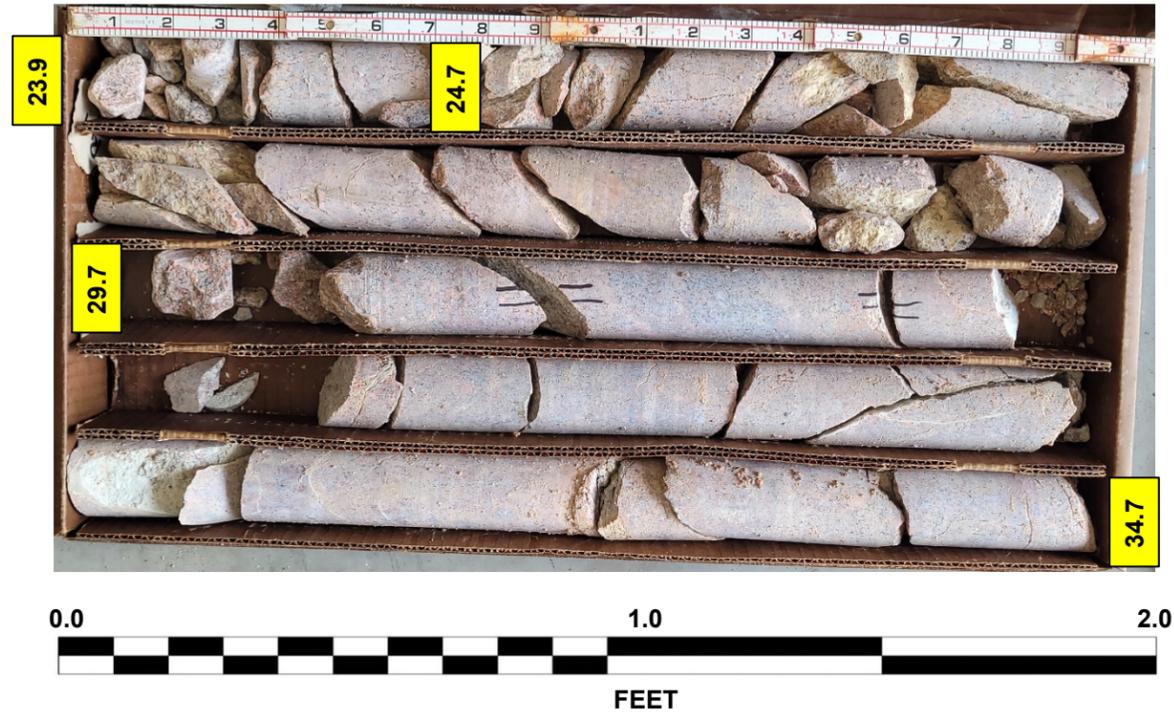
CORE PHOTOGRAPHIC RECORD

BP4.R006

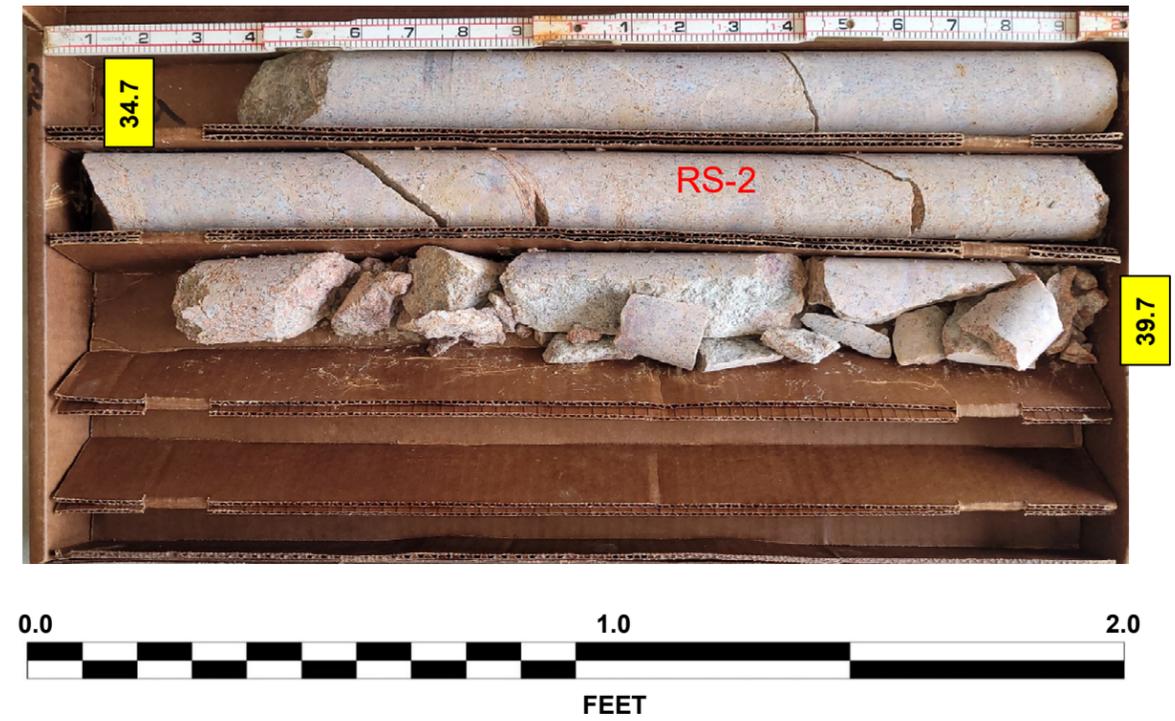
SHEET 16

Bridge No. 173 over Buffalo Creek on SR 1700 (Covered Bridge Road)

B2-A
Box 1 of 3: 23.9 – 34.7 ft



B2-A
Box 2 of 3: 34.7 – 39.7 ft



B2-A
Box 3 of 3: 39.7 – 44.7 ft



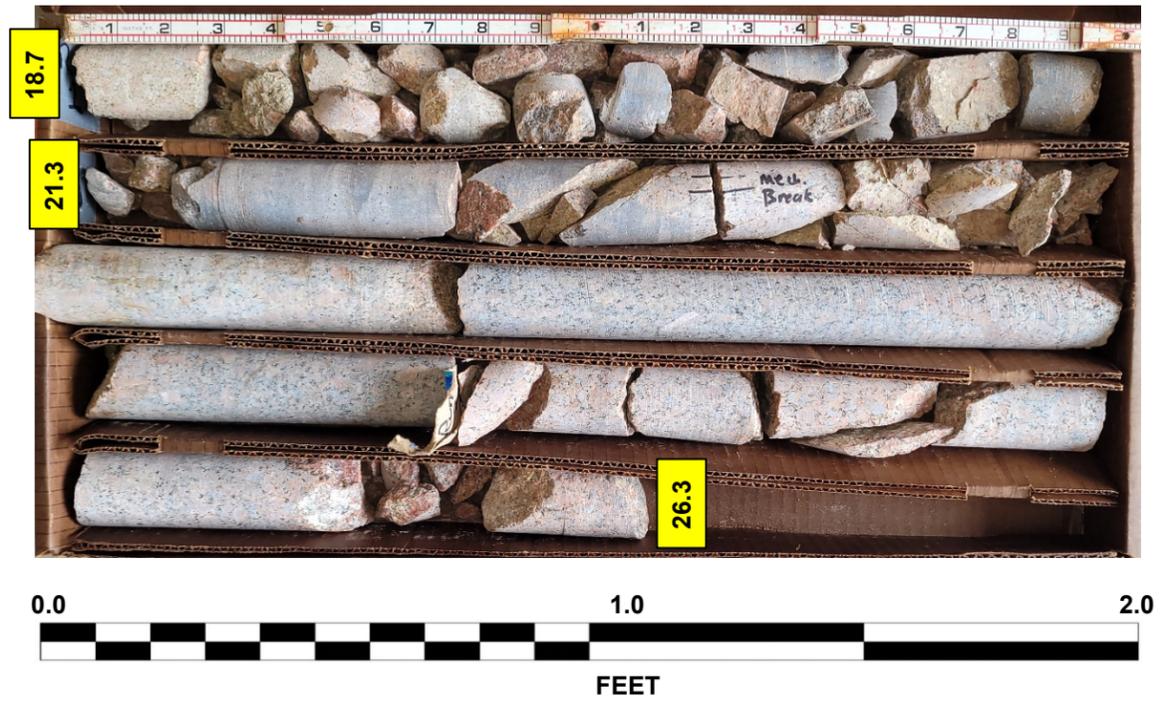
CORE PHOTOGRAPHIC RECORD

BP4.R006

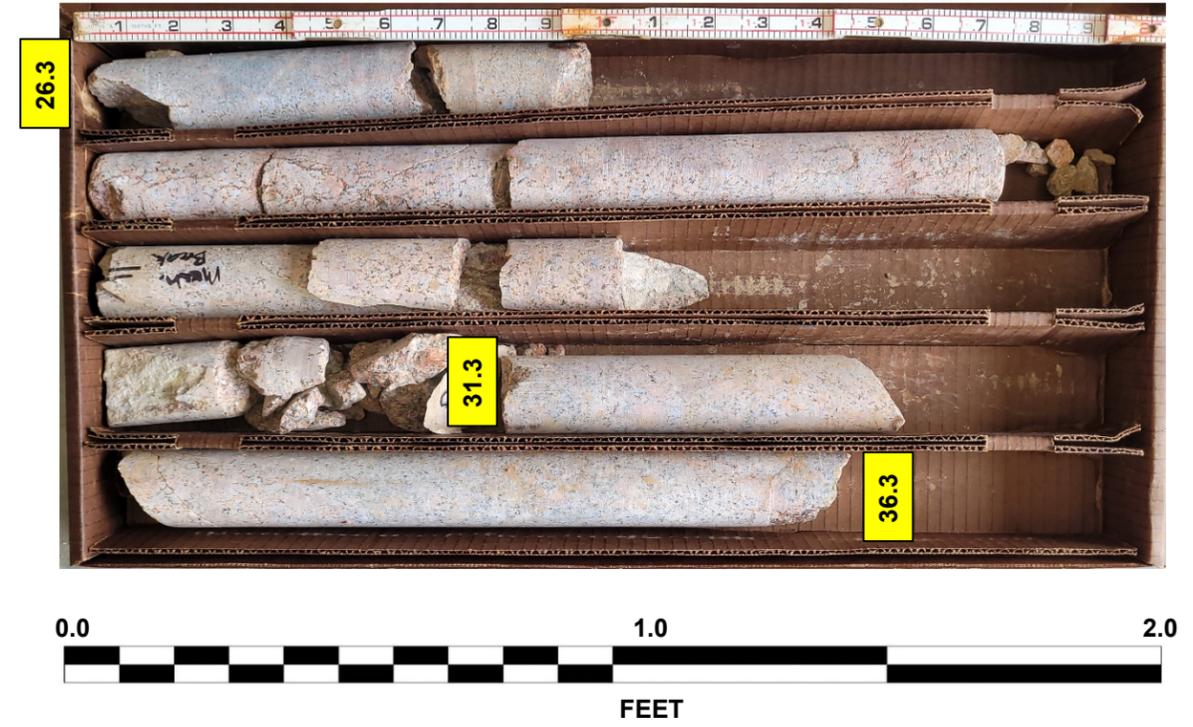
SHEET 18

Bridge No. 173 over Buffalo Creek on SR 1700 (Covered Bridge Road)

B2-B
Box 1 of 2: 18.7 – 26.3 ft



B2-B
Box 2 of 2: 26.3 – 36.3 ft



GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT

BORE LOG

WBS BP4.R006		TIP BP4.R006		COUNTY JOHNSTON		GEOLOGIST T. Park									
SITE DESCRIPTION Bridge No. 173 over Buffalo Creek on SR 1700 (Covered Bridge Road)							GROUND WTR (ft)								
BORING NO. EB2-A		STATION 16+32		OFFSET 8 ft LT		ALIGNMENT -L-									
COLLAR ELEV. 222.2 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 45.7 ft		NORTHING 709,048		EASTING 2,194,902									
DRILL RIGHAMMER EFF./DATE CAT1303 CME-550 92% 02/03/2022			DRILL METHOD Mud Rotary		HAMMER TYPE Automatic										
DRILLER P. McCain		START DATE 06/06/22		COMP. DATE 06/06/22		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A									
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG MOI	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)	
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100					
225															
220	221.1	1.1	4	6	4								M	222.2 GROUND SURFACE 0.0 221.3 0.9" ASPHALT 0.9 219.3 ROADWAY EMBANKMENT 2.9 Loose, tan, clayey SAND (A-2-6)	
215	217.2	5.0	1	2	1								W	ALLUVIAL Very loose, tan, clayey SAND (A-2-6), contains tree root from 2.9'-4.0'	
210	211.8	10.4	2	2	3								M	213.7 Medium stiff to stiff, green and blue, sandy CLAY (A-6(4)) 8.5	
205	208.8	13.4	3	3	7								SS-4 28%	204.7 RESIDUAL 17.5 Medium dense, blue and green, clayey SAND (A-2-6) with rock fragments	
200	203.8	18.4	6	9	4								W	200.5 Very stiff to hard, blue and green, SILT (A-4) with rock fragments 21.7	
195	198.8	23.4	11	12	15								D		
190	193.8	28.4	16	22	16								D		
185	188.8	33.4	20	40	60/0.4									188.3 WEATHERED ROCK 33.9 Dark green, blue, and red, GRANITE	
180	183.8	38.4	100/0.4												
	178.8	43.4	100/0.4												
	176.5	45.7	60/0.0											176.5 Boring Terminated with Standard Penetration Test Refusal at Elevation 176.5 ft on Crystalline Rock (GRANITE) 45.7	

WBS BP4.R006		TIP BP4.R006		COUNTY JOHNSTON		GEOLOGIST T. Park									
SITE DESCRIPTION Bridge No. 173 over Buffalo Creek on SR 1700 (Covered Bridge Road)							GROUND WTR (ft)								
BORING NO. EB2-B		STATION 16+42		OFFSET 11 ft RT		ALIGNMENT -L-									
COLLAR ELEV. 221.8 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 41.5 ft		NORTHING 709,029		EASTING 2,194,912									
DRILL RIGHAMMER EFF./DATE CAT1303 CME-550 92% 02/03/2022			DRILL METHOD Mud Rotary		HAMMER TYPE Automatic										
DRILLER P. McCain		START DATE 06/15/22		COMP. DATE 06/15/22		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A									
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG MOI	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)	
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100					
225															
220	221.8	0.0	3	4	2								D	221.8 GROUND SURFACE 0.0 ROADWAY EMBANKMENT Loose, brown, silty SAND (A-2-4)	
215	216.1	5.7	1	1	1								W	218.2 ALLUVIAL 3.6 Very loose, tan, clayey SAND (A-2-6)	
210	213.2	8.6	1	WOH	1								W	212.8 Very soft, gray, silty CLAY (A-7) 9.0	
205	208.2	13.6	3	4	4								W	208.8 Loose, gray, clayey coarse SAND (A-2-6) 13.0	
200	203.2	18.6	8	11	14								M	204.3 RESIDUAL 17.5 Medium dense, green, silty coarse SAND (A-2-4) with rock fragments	
195	198.2	23.6	27	61	39/0.2									197.7 WEATHERED ROCK 24.1 Green, GRANITE with feldspar and quartz	
190	193.2	28.6	100/0.2												
185	188.2	33.6	100/0.2												
180	183.2	38.6	73	27/0.2											
	180.3	41.5	60/0.0											180.3 Boring Terminated with Standard Penetration Test Refusal at Elevation 180.3 ft on Crystalline Rock (GRANITE) 41.5	

NCDOT BORE DOUBLE 500.173_GEO.GPJ_NC_DOT.GDT 9/21/22

