

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
HIGHWAY DIVISION 6

PROPOSAL

DATE AND TIME OF BID OPENING: DECEMBER 19, 2018 AT 2:00 PM

CONTRACT ID: DF00235

TIP NO.: W-5601FO

FEDERAL AID NO.: HSIP-1831(005)

WBS ELEMENT NO.: 50138.3.172

ROUTE NO.: SR 1831 (BAYWOOD ROAD) AND SR 1832 (MURPHY ROAD)

LOCATION: INTERSECTION OF SR 1831 AND SR 1832

COUNTY: CUMBERLAND

LENGTH OF PROJECT: 0.430 MILES

TYPE OF WORK: GRADING, DRAINAGE, PAVING, SIGNING AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS

NOTICE:

ALL BIDDERS SHALL COMPLY WITH ALL APPLICABLE LAWS REGULATING THE PRACTICE OF GENERAL CONTRACTING AS CONTAINED IN CHAPTER 87 OF THE GENERAL STATUTES OF NORTH CAROLINA WHICH REQUIRES THE BIDDER TO BE LICENSED BY THE N.C. LICENSING BOARD FOR CONTRACTORS WHEN BIDDING ON ANY NON-FEDERAL AID PROJECT WHERE THE BID IS \$30,000 OR MORE, EXCEPT FOR CERTAIN SPECIALTY WORK AS DETERMINED BY THE LICENSING BOARD. BIDDERS SHALL ALSO COMPLY WITH ALL OTHER APPLICABLE LAWS REGULATING THE PRACTICES OF ELECTRICAL, PLUMBING, HEATING AND AIR CONDITIONING AND REFRIGERATION CONTRACTING AS CONTAINED IN CHAPTER 87 OF THE GENERAL STATUTES OF NORTH CAROLINA. NOTWITHSTANDING THESE LIMITATIONS ON BIDDING, THE BIDDER WHO IS AWARDED ANY FEDERAL - AID FUNDED PROJECT SHALL COMPLY WITH CHAPTER 87 OF THE GENERAL STATUTES OF NORTH CAROLINA FOR LICENSING REQUIREMENTS WITHIN 60 CALENDAR DAYS OF BID OPENING.

THIS IS A ROADWAY PROPOSAL.

5% BID BOND OR BID DEPOSIT REQUIRED.

**NC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION,
RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA**

The Bidder has carefully examined the location of the proposed work; has carefully examined the plans and specifications, which are acknowledged to be part of the proposal, the special provisions, the proposal, the form of contract, and the forms of contract payment bond and contract performance bond; and thoroughly understands the stipulations, requirements and provisions. The undersigned bidder agrees to bound upon his execution of the bid and subsequent award to him by the Department of Transportation in accordance with this proposal to provide the necessary contract payment bond and contract performance bond within fourteen days after the written notice of award is received by him. The undersigned Bidder further agrees to provide all necessary machinery, tools, labor, and other means of construction; and to do all the work and to furnish all materials, except as otherwise noted, necessary to perform and complete the said contract in accordance with *the 2018 Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures* by the dates(s) specified in the Project Special Provisions and in accordance with the requirements of the Engineer, and at the unit or lump sum prices, as the case may be, for the various items given on the sheets contained herein.

The Bidder shall provide and furnish all the materials, machinery, implements, appliances and tools, and perform the work and required labor to construct and complete this contract, for the unit or lump sum prices, as the case may be, bid by the Bidder in his bid and according to the proposal, plans, and specifications prepared by said Department, which proposal, plans, and specifications show the details covering this project, and hereby become a part of this contract.

The published volume entitled *North Carolina Department of Transportation, Raleigh, Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures, January 2018* with all amendments and supplements thereto, is by reference incorporated into and made a part of this contract; that, except as herein modified, all the construction and work included in this contract is to be done in accordance with the specifications contained in said volume, and amendments and supplements thereto, under the direction of the Engineer.

If the proposal is accepted and the award is made, the contract is valid only when signed either by the Contract Officer or such other person as may be designated by the Secretary to sign for the Department of Transportation. The conditions and provisions herein cannot be changed except over the signature of the said Contract Officer or Division Engineer.

The quantities shown in the itemized proposal for the project are considered to be approximate only and are given as the basis for comparison of bids. The Department of Transportation may increase or decrease the quantity of any item or portion of the work as may be deemed necessary or expedient.

An increase or decrease in the quantity of an item will not be regarded as sufficient ground for an increase or decrease in the unit prices, nor in the time allowed for the completion of the work, except as provided for the contract.

Accompanying this bid is a bid bond secured by a corporate surety, or certified check payable to the order of the Department of Transportation, for five percent of the total bid price, which deposit is to be forfeited as liquidated damages in case this bid is accepted and the Bidder shall fail to provide the required payment and performance bonds with the Department of Transportation, under the condition of this proposal, within 14 calendar days after the written notice of award is received by him, as provided in the Standard Specifications; otherwise said deposit will be returned to the Bidder.

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INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS

**PLEASE READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY
BEFORE PREPARING AND SUBMITTING YOUR BID.**

All bids shall be prepared and submitted in accordance with the following requirements. Failure to comply with any requirement may cause the bid to be considered irregular and may be grounds for rejection of the bid.

For preparing and submitting the bid electronically using the on-line system Bid Express®, refer to Article 102-8(B) of the *2018 Standard Specifications*.

Bidders that bid electronically on Raleigh Central-Let projects will need a separate Digital Signature from Bid Express® for Division Contracts.

ELECTRONIC ON-LINE BID THRU BID EXPRESS:

1. Download entire proposal from Connect NCDOT website. Download EBS file from Bid Express website.
2. Prepare and submit EBS file using Expedite software.
3. Expedite software necessary for electronic bid preparation may be downloaded from the Connect NCDOT website at: <https://connect.ncdot.gov/letting/Pages/EBS-Information.aspx> or from Bid Express.

PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS

GENERAL

DIVISION LET CONTRACT PREQUALIFICATION:

(07-01-14)(12-1-16)

SPD 01-410

Any firm that wishes to bid as a prime contractor shall be prequalified as a Bidder or PO Prime Contractor prior to submitting a bid. Information regarding prequalification can be found at:
<https://connect.ncdot.gov/business/Prequal/Pages/default.aspx>.

Prior to performing the work, the prime contractor and/or subcontractor(s) shall be prequalified in the work code(s) which are identified as work items in the prime contractor's construction progress schedule that they will complete themselves. Any contractor identified as working outside their expertise may be considered in default of contract.

BOND REQUIREMENTS:

(06-01-16)

102-8, 102-10

SPD 01-420A

A Bid Bond is required in accordance with Article 102-10 of the *2018 Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures*.

Contract Payment and Performance Bonds are required in accordance with Article 103-7 of the *2018 Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures*.

CONTRACT TIME & LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:

(12-20-16)

108

SP1 G07 B

The date of availability for this contract is **April 22, 2019**.

The completion date for this contract is **October 23, 2020**. * includes an additional 6 months beyond construction completion date for Permanent Vegetation Establishment *

Except where otherwise provided by the contract, observation periods required by the contract will not be a part of the work to be completed by the completion date and/or intermediate contract times stated in the contract. The acceptable completion of the observation periods that extend beyond the final completion date shall be a part of the work covered by the performance and payment bonds.

The liquidated damages for this contract are **Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$ 250.00)** per calendar day. These liquidated damages will not be cumulative with any liquidated damages which may become chargeable under Intermediate Contract Time Number 1. At the preconstruction conference the Contractor shall declare his expected date for beginning work. Should the Contractor desire to revise this date after the preconstruction conference, he shall notify the Engineer in writing at least thirty (30) days prior to the revised date.

INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 1 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:

(12-18-07) (Rev. 2-21-12)

108

SP1 G13 B

Except for that work required under the Project Special Provisions entitled *Planting, Reforestation* and/or *Permanent Vegetation Establishment*, included elsewhere in this proposal, the Contractor will be required to complete all work included in this contract and shall place and maintain traffic on same.

The date of availability for this intermediate contract time is the date of availability of the contract.

The completion date for this intermediate contract time is **April 22, 2020**. * construction substantial completion date *

The liquidated damages for this intermediate contract time are **Seven Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$ 750.00)** per calendar day.

Upon apparent completion of all the work required to be completed by this intermediate date, a final inspection will be held in accordance with Article 105-17 and upon acceptance, the Department will assume responsibility for the maintenance of all work except *Planting, Reforestation* and/or *Permanent Vegetation Establishment*. The Contractor will be responsible for and shall make corrections of all damages to the completed roadway caused by his planting operations, whether occurring prior to or after placing traffic through the project.

INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 2 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:

(2-20-07)

108

SP1 G14 A

The Contractor shall complete the required work of installing, maintaining, and removing the traffic control devices for lane closures and restoring traffic to the existing traffic pattern. The Contractor shall not close or narrow a lane of traffic on **Baywood Road or Murphy Road** during the following time restrictions:

DAY AND TIME RESTRICTIONS

Monday thru Friday

6:00 AM thru 9:00 AM

4:00 PM thru 7:00 PM

Sunday

9:00 AM to 1:00 PM

In addition, the Contractor shall not close or narrow a lane of traffic on **Baywood Road or Murphy Road**, detain and/or alter the traffic flow on or during holidays, holiday weekends, special events, or any other time when traffic is unusually heavy, including the following schedules:

HOLIDAY AND HOLIDAY WEEKEND LANE CLOSURE RESTRICTIONS

1. For **unexpected occurrence** that creates unusually high traffic volumes, as directed by the Engineer.
2. For **New Year's Day**, between the hours of **6:00 A.M.** December 31st and **7:00 P.M.** January 2nd. If New Year's Day is on a Friday, Saturday, Sunday or Monday, then until **7:00 P.M.** the following Tuesday.
3. For **Easter**, between the hours of **6:00 A.M.** Thursday and **7:00 P.M.** Monday.
4. For **Memorial Day**, between the hours of **6:00 A.M.** Friday and **7:00 P.M.** Tuesday.
5. For **Independence Day**, between the hours of **6:00 A.M.** the day before Independence Day and **7:00 P.M.** the day after Independence Day.

If **Independence Day** is on a Friday, Saturday, Sunday or Monday, then between the hours of **6:00 A.M.** the Thursday before Independence Day and **7:00 P.M.** the Tuesday after Independence Day.

6. For **Labor Day**, between the hours of **6:00 A.M.** Friday and **7:00 P.M.** Tuesday.
7. For **Thanksgiving Day**, between the hours of **6:00 A.M.** Tuesday and **7:00 P.M.** Monday.
8. For **Christmas**, between the hours of **6:00 A.M.** the Friday before the week of Christmas Day and **7:00 P.M.** the following Tuesday after the week of Christmas Day.

Holidays and holiday weekends shall include New Year's, Easter, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving, and Christmas. The Contractor shall schedule his work so that lane closures will not be required during these periods, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.

The time of availability for this intermediate contract work shall be the time the Contractor begins to install all traffic control devices for lane closures according to the time restrictions listed herein.

The completion time for this intermediate contract work shall be the time the Contractor is required to complete the removal of all traffic control devices for lane closures according to the time restrictions stated above and place traffic in the existing traffic pattern.

The liquidated damages are **Seven Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$ 750.00)** per hour.

INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 3 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:

(2-20-07) (Rev. 6-18-13)

108

SP1 G14 H

The Contractor shall complete the work required of **Phase II Step 1** as shown on Sheets **TMP-2 and TMP-5** and shall place and maintain traffic on same.

The date of availability for this intermediate contract time is the **Monday or Tuesday** the Contractor elects to begin the work.

The completion date for this intermediate contract time is the date which is **four (4)** consecutive calendar days after and including the date the Contractor begins this work.

The liquidated damages are **One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00)** per calendar day.

INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 4 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:

(2-20-07) (Rev. 6-18-13)

108

SP1 G14 H

The Contractor shall complete the work required of **Phase II Step 2** as shown on Sheets **TMP-2A and TMP-6** and shall place and maintain traffic on same.

The date of availability for this intermediate contract time is the **Monday or Tuesday** the Contractor elects to begin the work.

The completion date for this intermediate contract time is the date which is **four (4)** consecutive calendar days after and including the date the Contractor begins this work.

The liquidated damages are **One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00)** per calendar day.

INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 5 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:

(2-20-07) (Rev. 6-18-13)

108

SP1 G14 H

The Contractor shall complete the work required of **Phase II Step 3** as shown on Sheets **TMP-2B and TMP-7** and shall place and maintain traffic on same.

The date of availability for this intermediate contract time is the **Monday or Tuesday** the Contractor elects to begin the work.

The completion date for this intermediate contract time is the date which is **four (4)** consecutive calendar days after and including the date the Contractor begins this work.

The liquidated damages are **One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00)** per calendar day.

PERMANENT VEGETATION ESTABLISHMENT:

(2-16-12) (Rev. 10-15-13)

104

SP1 G16

Establish a permanent stand of the vegetation mixture shown in the contract. During the period between initial vegetation planting and final project acceptance, perform all work necessary to establish permanent vegetation on all erodible areas within the project limits, as well as, in borrow and waste pits. This work shall include erosion control device maintenance and installation, repair seeding and mulching, supplemental seeding and mulching, mowing, and fertilizer topdressing, as directed. All work shall be performed in accordance with the applicable section of the *2018 Standard Specifications*. All work required for initial vegetation planting shall be performed as a part of the work necessary for the completion and acceptance of the Intermediate Contract Time 1 (ICT 1). Between the time of ICT 1 and Final Project acceptance, or otherwise referred to as the vegetation establishment period, the Department will be responsible for preparing the required National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) inspection records.

Once the Engineer has determined that the permanent vegetation establishment requirement has been achieved at an 80% vegetation density (the amount of established vegetation per given area to stabilize the soil) and no erodible areas exist within the project limits, the Contractor will be notified to remove the remaining erosion control devices that are no longer needed. The Contractor will be responsible for, and shall correct any areas disturbed by operations performed in permanent vegetation establishment and the removal of temporary erosion control measures, whether occurring prior to or after placing traffic on the project.

Payment for *Response for Erosion Control, Seeding and Mulching, Repair Seeding, Supplemental Seeding, Mowing, Fertilizer Topdressing, Silt Excavation, and Stone for Erosion Control* will be made at contract unit prices for the affected items. Work required that is not represented by contract line items will be paid in accordance with Articles 104-7 or 104-3 of the *2018 Standard Specifications*. No additional compensation will be made for maintenance and removal of temporary erosion control items.

AUTHORITY OF THE ENGINEER:

(01-30-14)

105-1

SPD 01-460

The Engineer for this project shall be the Division Engineer, Division 6, Division of Highways, North Carolina Department of Transportation, acting directly or through his duly authorized representative.

The Engineer will decide all questions which may arise as to the quality and acceptability of work performed and as to the rate of progress of the work; all questions which may arise as to the interpretation of the contract; and all questions as to the acceptable fulfillment of the contract on the part of the Contractor. His

decision shall be final and he shall have executive authority to enforce and make effective such decisions and orders as the Contractor fails to carry out promptly.

PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS:

(3-16-10)

108

SPD 1-700

The Contractor shall pursue the work diligently with workmen in sufficient numbers, abilities, and supervision, and with equipment, materials, and methods as may be required to complete the work described in the contract by the completion date and in accordance with the *2018 Standard Specifications*.

The Contractor's operations are restricted to daylight hours. No work may be performed on Sundays and legal State holidays, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Work shall only be performed when weather and visibility conditions allow safe operations.

RAILROAD GRADE CROSSING:

(7-1-95) (Rev. 1-15-13)

107-9

SP1 G17R

Provide at least 2 weeks advance notice to the railroad's local Roadmaster or Track Supervisor when the use of slow-moving or stopped equipment is required over at-grade railroad crossings.

DELAY IN RIGHT OF ENTRY:

(7-1-95) (Rev. 7-15-14)

108

SP1 G22

The Contractor will not be allowed right of entry to the following parcel(s) prior to the listed date(s) unless otherwise permitted by the Engineer.

| <u>Parcel No.</u> | <u>Property Owner</u> | <u>Date</u> |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|
| 001 | Rudolph and Sabrell Singleton | March 15, 2019 |
| 003 | Thomas and Donna Cooper | March 15, 2019 |
| 007 | Baywood Pentecostal Holiness Church | March 15, 2019 |
| 008 | Harvey and Kristy Travis | March 15, 2019 |
| 010 | Eastland Woods, LLC | March 15, 2019 |
| 011 | Rudolph and Sabrell Singleton | March 15, 2019 |

NO MAJOR CONTRACT ITEMS:

(2-19-02) (Rev. 8-21-07)

104

SP1 G31

None of the items included in this contract will be major items.

NO SPECIALTY ITEMS:

(7-1-95)

108-6

SP1 G34

None of the items included in this contract will be specialty items (see Article 108-6 of the *2018 Standard Specifications*).

FUEL PRICE ADJUSTMENT:

(11-15-05) (Rev. 2-18-14)

109-8

SP1 G43

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 1-83, Article 109-8, Fuel Price Adjustments, add the following:

The base index price for DIESEL #2 FUEL is **\$ 2.3278** per gallon. Where any of the following are included as pay items in the contract, they will be eligible for fuel price adjustment.

The pay items and the fuel factor used in calculating adjustments to be made will be as follows:

| Description | Units | Fuel Usage Factor Diesel |
|--|--------------|---------------------------------|
| Unclassified Excavation | Gal/CY | 0.29 |
| Borrow Excavation | Gal/CY | 0.29 |
| Class IV Subgrade Stabilization | Gal/Ton | 0.55 |
| Aggregate Base Course | Gal/Ton | 0.55 |
| Sub-Ballast | Gal/Ton | 0.55 |
| Asphalt Concrete Base Course, Type _____ | Gal/Ton | 2.90 |
| Asphalt Concrete Intermediate Course, Type _____ | Gal/Ton | 2.90 |
| Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type _____ | Gal/Ton | 2.90 |
| Open-Graded Asphalt Friction Course | Gal/Ton | 2.90 |
| Permeable Asphalt Drainage Course, Type _____ | Gal/Ton | 2.90 |
| Sand Asphalt Surface Course, Type _____ | Gal/Ton | 2.90 |
| Aggregate for Cement Treated Base Course | Gal/Ton | 0.55 |
| Portland Cement for Cement Treated Base Course | Gal/Ton | 0.55 |
| ___ " Portland Cement Concrete Pavement | Gal/SY | 0.245 |
| Concrete Shoulders Adjacent to ___ " Pavement | Gal/SY | 0.245 |

DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE (DIVISIONS):

(10-16-07)(Rev.1-16-18)

102-15(J)

SP1 G62

Description

The purpose of this Special Provision is to carry out the U.S. Department of Transportation's policy of ensuring nondiscrimination in the award and administration of contracts financed in whole or in part with Federal funds. This provision is guided by 49 CFR Part 26.

Definitions

Additional DBE Subcontractors - Any DBE submitted at the time of bid that will not be used to meet the DBE goal. No submittal of a Letter of Intent is required.

Committed DBE Subcontractor - Any DBE submitted at the time of bid that is being used to meet the DBE goal by submission of a Letter of Intent. Or any DBE used as a replacement for a previously committed DBE firm.

Contract Goal Requirement - The approved DBE participation at time of award, but not greater than the advertised contract goal.

DBE Goal - A portion of the total contract, expressed as a percentage, that is to be performed by committed DBE subcontractor(s).

Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) - A firm certified as a Disadvantaged Business Enterprise through the North Carolina Unified Certification Program.

Goal Confirmation Letter - Written documentation from the Department to the bidder confirming the Contractor's approved, committed DBE participation along with a listing of the committed DBE firms.

Manufacturer - A firm that operates or maintains a factory or establishment that produces on the premises, the materials or supplies obtained by the Contractor.

Regular Dealer - A firm that owns, operates, or maintains a store, warehouse, or other establishment in which the materials or supplies required for the performance of the contract are bought, kept in stock, and regularly sold to the public in the usual course of business. A regular dealer engages in, as its principal business and in its own name, the purchase and sale or lease of the products in question. A regular dealer in such bulk items as steel, cement, gravel, stone, and petroleum products need not keep such products in stock, if it owns and operates distribution equipment for the products. Brokers and packagers are not regarded as manufacturers or regular dealers within the meaning of this section.

North Carolina Unified Certification Program (NCUCP) - A program that provides comprehensive services and information to applicants for DBE certification, such that an applicant is required to apply only once for a DBE certification that will be honored by all recipients of USDOT funds in the state and not limited to the Department of Transportation only. The Certification Program is in accordance with 49 CFR Part 26.

United States Department of Transportation (USDOT) - Federal agency responsible for issuing regulations (49 CFR Part 26) and official guidance for the DBE program.

Forms and Websites Referenced in this Provision

DBE Payment Tracking System - On-line system in which the Contractor enters the payments made to DBE subcontractors who have performed work on the project.
<https://apps.dot.state.nc.us/Vendor/PaymentTracking/>

DBE-IS Subcontractor Payment Information - Form for reporting the payments made to all DBE firms working on the project. This form is for paper bid projects only.
<https://connect.ncdot.gov/business/Turnpike/Documents/Form%20DBE-IS%20Subcontractor%20Payment%20Information.pdf>

RF-1 DBE Replacement Request Form - Form for replacing a committed DBE.
<http://connect.ncdot.gov/projects/construction/Construction%20Forms/DBE%20MBE%20WBE%20Replacement%20Request%20Form.pdf>

SAF Subcontract Approval Form - Form required for approval to sublet the contract.
<http://connect.ncdot.gov/projects/construction/Construction%20Forms/Subcontract%20Approval%20Form%20Rev.%202012.zip>

JC-1 *Joint Check Notification Form* - Form and procedures for joint check notification. The form acts as a written joint check agreement among the parties providing full and prompt disclosure of the expected use of joint checks.

<http://connect.ncdot.gov/projects/construction/Construction%20Forms/Joint%20Check%20Notification%20Form.pdf>

Letter of Intent - Form signed by the Contractor and the DBE subcontractor, manufacturer or regular dealer that affirms that a portion of said contract is going to be performed by the signed DBE for the amount listed at the time of bid.

<http://connect.ncdot.gov/letting/LetCentral/Letter%20of%20Intent%20to%20Perform%20as%20a%20Subcontractor.pdf>

Listing of DBE Subcontractors Form - Form for entering DBE subcontractors on a project that will meet this DBE goal. This form is for paper bids only.

[http://connect.ncdot.gov/municipalities/Bid%20Proposals%20for%20LGA%20Content/08%20DBE%20Subcontractors%20\(Federal\).docx](http://connect.ncdot.gov/municipalities/Bid%20Proposals%20for%20LGA%20Content/08%20DBE%20Subcontractors%20(Federal).docx)

Subcontractor Quote Comparison Sheet - Spreadsheet for showing all subcontractor quotes in the work areas where DBEs quoted on the project. This sheet is submitted with good faith effort packages.

<http://connect.ncdot.gov/business/SmallBusiness/Documents/DBE%20Subcontractor%20Quote%20Comparison%20Example.xls>

DBE Goal

The following DBE goal for participation by Disadvantaged Business Enterprises is established for this contract:

Disadvantaged Business Enterprises **6.0** %

- (A) *If the DBE goal is more than zero*, the Contractor shall exercise all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure that DBEs participate in at least the percent of the contract as set forth above as the DBE goal.
- (B) *If the DBE goal is zero*, the Contractor shall make an effort to recruit and use DBEs during the performance of the contract. Any DBE participation obtained shall be reported to the Department.

Directory of Transportation Firms (Directory)

Real-time information is available about firms doing business with the Department and firms that are certified through NCUCP in the Directory of Transportation Firms. Only firms identified in the Directory as DBE certified shall be used to meet the DBE goal. The Directory can be found at the following link. [https:// www.ebs.nc.gov/VendorDirectory/default.html](https://www.ebs.nc.gov/VendorDirectory/default.html)

The listing of an individual firm in the directory shall not be construed as an endorsement of the firm's capability to perform certain work.

Listing of DBE Subcontractors

At the time of bid, bidders shall submit all DBE participation that they anticipate to use during the life of the contract. Only those identified to meet the DBE goal will be considered committed, even though the

listing shall include both committed DBE subcontractors and additional DBE subcontractors. Additional DBE subcontractor participation submitted at the time of bid will be used toward the Department's overall race-neutral goal. Only those firms with current DBE certification at the time of bid opening will be acceptable for listing in the bidder's submittal of DBE participation. The Contractor shall indicate the following required information:

(A) Electronic Bids

Bidders shall submit a listing of DBE participation in the appropriate section of Expedite, the bidding software of Bid Express[®].

- (1) Submit the names and addresses of DBE firms identified to participate in the contract. If the bidder uses the updated listing of DBE firms shown in Expedite, the bidder may use the dropdown menu to access the name and address of the DBE firm.
- (2) Submit the contract line numbers of work to be performed by each DBE firm. When no figures or firms are entered, the bidder will be considered to have no DBE participation.
- (3) The bidder shall be responsible for ensuring that the DBE is certified at the time of bid by checking the Directory of Transportation Firms. If the firm is not certified at the time of the bid-letting, that DBE's participation will not count towards achieving the DBE goal.

(B) Paper Bids

- (1) *If the DBE goal is more than zero,*
 - (a) Bidders, at the time the bid proposal is submitted, shall submit a listing of DBE participation, including the names and addresses on *Listing of DBE Subcontractors* contained elsewhere in the contract documents in order for the bid to be considered responsive. Bidders shall indicate the total dollar value of the DBE participation for the contract.
 - (b) If bidders have no DBE participation, they shall indicate this on the *Listing of DBE Subcontractors* by entering the word "None" or the number "0." This form shall be completed in its entirety. **Blank forms will not be deemed to represent zero participation.** Bids submitted that do not have DBE participation indicated on the appropriate form will not be read publicly during the opening of bids. The Department will not consider these bids for award and the proposal will be rejected.
 - (c) The bidder shall be responsible for ensuring that the DBE is certified at the time of bid by checking the Directory of Transportation Firms. If the firm is not certified at the time of the bid-letting, that DBE's participation will not count towards achieving the DBE goal.
- (2) *If the DBE goal is zero,* entries on the *Listing of DBE Subcontractors* are not required, however any DBE participation that is achieved during the project shall be reported in accordance with requirements contained elsewhere in the special provision.

DBE Prime Contractor

When a certified DBE firm bids on a contract that contains a DBE goal, the DBE firm is responsible for meeting the goal or making good faith efforts to meet the goal, just like any other bidder. In most cases, a DBE bidder on a contract will meet the DBE goal by virtue of the work it performs on the contract with its own forces. However, all the work that is performed by the DBE bidder and any other DBE subcontractors will count toward the DBE goal. The DBE bidder shall list itself along with any DBE subcontractors, if any, in order to receive credit toward the DBE goal.

For example, if the DBE goal is 45% and the DBE bidder will only perform 40% of the contract work, the prime will list itself at 40%, and the additional 5% shall be obtained through additional DBE participation with DBE subcontractors or documented through a good faith effort.

DBE prime contractors shall also follow Sections A or B listed under *Listing of DBE Subcontractor* just as a non-DBE bidder would.

Written Documentation – Letter of Intent

The bidder shall submit written documentation for each DBE that will be used to meet the DBE goal of the contract, indicating the bidder's commitment to use the DBE in the contract. This documentation shall be submitted on the Department's form titled *Letter of Intent*.

The documentation shall be received in the office of the Engineer no later than 2:00 p.m. of the fifth calendar day following opening of bids, unless the fifth day falls on Saturday, Sunday or an official state holiday. In that situation, it is due in the office of the Engineer no later than 10:00 a.m. on the next official state business day.

If the bidder fails to submit the Letter of Intent from each committed DBE to be used toward the DBE goal, or if the form is incomplete (i.e. both signatures are not present), the DBE participation will not count toward meeting the DBE goal. If the lack of this participation drops the commitment below the DBE goal, the Contractor shall submit evidence of good faith efforts, completed in its entirety, to the Engineer no later than 2:00 p.m. on the eighth calendar day following opening of bids, unless the eighth day falls on Saturday, Sunday or an official state holiday. In that situation, it is due in the office of the Engineer no later than 10:00 a.m. on the next official state business day.

Submission of Good Faith Effort

If the bidder fails to meet or exceed the DBE goal the apparent lowest responsive bidder shall submit to the Department documentation of adequate good faith efforts made to reach the DBE goal.

One complete set and 6 copies of this information shall be received in the office of the Engineer no later than 2:00 p.m. of the fifth calendar day following opening of bids, unless the fifth day falls on Saturday, Sunday or an official state holiday. In that situation, it is due in the office of the Engineer no later than 10:00 a.m. on the next official state business day.

Note: Where the information submitted includes repetitious solicitation letters, it will be acceptable to submit a representative letter along with a distribution list of the firms that were solicited. Documentation of DBE quotations shall be a part of the good faith effort submittal. This documentation may include written subcontractor quotations, telephone log notations of verbal quotations, or other types of quotation documentation.

Consideration of Good Faith Effort for Projects with DBE Goals More Than Zero

Adequate good faith efforts mean that the bidder took all necessary and reasonable steps to achieve the goal which, by their scope, intensity, and appropriateness, could reasonably be expected to obtain sufficient DBE participation. Adequate good faith efforts also mean that the bidder actively and aggressively sought DBE participation. Mere *pro forma* efforts are not considered good faith efforts.

The Department will consider the quality, quantity, and intensity of the different kinds of efforts a bidder has made. Listed below are examples of the types of actions a bidder will take in making a good faith effort to meet the goal and are not intended to be exclusive or exhaustive, nor is it intended to be a mandatory checklist.

- (A) Soliciting through all reasonable and available means (e.g. attendance at pre-bid meetings, advertising, written notices, use of verifiable electronic means through the use of the NCDOT Directory of Transportation Firms) the interest of all certified DBEs who have the capability to perform the work of the contract. The bidder must solicit this interest within at least 10 days prior to bid opening to allow the DBEs to respond to the solicitation. Solicitation shall provide the opportunity to DBEs within the Division and surrounding Divisions where the project is located. The bidder must determine with certainty if the DBEs are interested by taking appropriate steps to follow up initial solicitations.
- (B) Selecting portions of the work to be performed by DBEs in order to increase the likelihood that the DBE goals will be achieved.
 - (1) Where appropriate, break out contract work items into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE participation, even when the prime contractor might otherwise prefer to perform these work items with its own forces.
 - (2) Negotiate with subcontractors to assume part of the responsibility to meet the contract DBE goal when the work to be sublet includes potential for DBE participation (2nd and 3rd tier subcontractors).
- (C) Providing interested DBEs with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the contract in a timely manner to assist them in responding to a solicitation.
- (D)
 - (1) Negotiating in good faith with interested DBEs. It is the bidder's responsibility to make a portion of the work available to DBE subcontractors and suppliers and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available DBE subcontractors and suppliers, so as to facilitate DBE participation. Evidence of such negotiation includes the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of DBEs that were considered; a description of the information provided regarding the plans and specifications for the work selected for subcontracting; and evidence as to why additional agreements could not be reached for DBEs to perform the work.
 - (2) A bidder using good business judgment would consider a number of factors in negotiating with subcontractors, including DBE subcontractors, and would take a firm's price and capabilities as well as contract goals into consideration. However, the fact that there may be some additional costs involved in finding and using DBEs is not in itself sufficient reason for a bidder's failure to meet the contract DBE goal, as long as such costs are reasonable.

Also, the ability or desire of a prime contractor to perform the work of a contract with its own organization does not relieve the bidder of the responsibility to make good faith efforts. Bidding contractors are not, however, required to accept higher quotes from DBEs if the price difference is excessive or unreasonable.

- (E) Not rejecting DBEs as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities. The bidder's standing within its industry, membership in specific groups, organizations, or associates and political or social affiliations (for example, union vs. non-union employee status) are not legitimate causes for the rejection or non-solicitation of bids in the bidder's efforts to meet the project goal.
- (F) Making efforts to assist interested DBEs in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance as required by the recipient or bidder.
- (G) Making efforts to assist interested DBEs in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials, or related assistance or services.
- (H) Effectively using the services of available minority/women community organizations; minority/women contractors' groups; Federal, State, and local minority/women business assistance offices; and other organizations as allowed on a case-by-case basis to provide assistance in the recruitment and placement of DBEs. Contact within 7 days from the bid opening the Business Opportunity and Work Force Development Unit at DBE@ncdot.gov to give notification of the bidder's inability to get DBE quotes.
- (I) Any other evidence that the bidder submits which shows that the bidder has made reasonable good faith efforts to meet the DBE goal.

In addition, the Department may take into account the following:

- (1) Whether the bidder's documentation reflects a clear and realistic plan for achieving the DBE goal.
- (2) The bidders' past performance in meeting the DBE goals.
- (3) The performance of other bidders in meeting the DBE goal. For example, when the apparent successful bidder fails to meet the DBE goal, but others meet it, you may reasonably raise the question of whether, with additional reasonable efforts the apparent successful bidder could have met the goal. If the apparent successful bidder fails to meet the DBE goal, but meets or exceeds the average DBE participation obtained by other bidders, the Department may view this, in conjunction with other factors, as evidence of the apparent successful bidder having made a good faith effort.

If the Department does not award the contract to the apparent lowest responsive bidder, the Department reserves the right to award the contract to the next lowest responsive bidder that can satisfy to the Department that the DBE goal can be met or that an adequate good faith effort has been made to meet the DBE goal.

Non-Good Faith Appeal

The Engineer will notify the contractor verbally and in writing of non-good faith. A contractor may appeal a determination of non-good faith made by the Goal Compliance Committee. If a contractor wishes to appeal the determination made by the Committee, they shall provide written notification to the Engineer. The appeal shall be made within 2 business days of notification of the determination of non-good faith.

Counting DBE Participation Toward Meeting DBE Goal

(A) Participation

The total dollar value of the participation by a committed DBE will be counted toward the contract goal requirement. The total dollar value of participation by a committed DBE will be based upon the value of work actually performed by the DBE and the actual payments to DBE firms by the Contractor.

(B) Joint Checks

Prior notification of joint check use shall be required when counting DBE participation for services or purchases that involves the use of a joint check. Notification shall be through submission of Form JC-1 (*Joint Check Notification Form*) and the use of joint checks shall be in accordance with the Department's Joint Check Procedures.

(C) Subcontracts (Non-Trucking)

A DBE may enter into subcontracts. Work that a DBE subcontracts to another DBE firm may be counted toward the contract goal requirement. Work that a DBE subcontracts to a non-DBE firm does not count toward the contract goal requirement. If a DBE contractor or subcontractor subcontracts a significantly greater portion of the work of the contract than would be expected on the basis of standard industry practices, it shall be presumed that the DBE is not performing a commercially useful function. The DBE may present evidence to rebut this presumption to the Department. The Department's decision on the rebuttal of this presumption is subject to review by the Federal Highway Administration but is not administratively appealable to USDOT.

(D) Joint Venture

When a DBE performs as a participant in a joint venture, the Contractor may count toward its contract goal requirement a portion of the total value of participation with the DBE in the joint venture, that portion of the total dollar value being a distinct clearly defined portion of work that the DBE performs with its forces.

(E) Suppliers

A contractor may count toward its DBE requirement 60 percent of its expenditures for materials and supplies required to complete the contract and obtained from a DBE regular dealer and 100 percent of such expenditures from a DBE manufacturer.

(F) Manufacturers and Regular Dealers

A contractor may count toward its DBE requirement the following expenditures to DBE firms that are not manufacturers or regular dealers:

- (1) The fees or commissions charged by a DBE firm for providing a *bona fide* service, such as professional, technical, consultant, or managerial services, or for providing bonds or insurance specifically required for the performance of a DOT-assisted contract, provided the fees or commissions are determined to be reasonable and not excessive as compared with fees and commissions customarily allowed for similar services.
- (2) With respect to materials or supplies purchased from a DBE, which is neither a manufacturer nor a regular dealer, count the entire amount of fees or commissions charged for assistance in the procurement of the materials and supplies, or fees or transportation charges for the delivery of materials or supplies required on a job site (but not the cost of the materials and supplies themselves), provided the fees are determined to be reasonable and not excessive as compared with fees customarily allowed for similar services.

Commercially Useful Function

(A) DBE Utilization

The Contractor may count toward its contract goal requirement only expenditures to DBEs that perform a commercially useful function in the work of a contract. A DBE performs a commercially useful function when it is responsible for execution of the work of the contract and is carrying out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work involved. To perform a commercially useful function, the DBE shall also be responsible with respect to materials and supplies used on the contract, for negotiating price, determining quality and quantity, ordering the material and installing (where applicable) and paying for the material itself. To determine whether a DBE is performing a commercially useful function, the Department will evaluate the amount of work subcontracted, industry practices, whether the amount the firm is to be paid under the contract is commensurate with the work it is actually performing and the DBE credit claimed for its performance of the work, and any other relevant factors.

(B) DBE Utilization in Trucking

The following factors will be used to determine if a DBE trucking firm is performing a commercially useful function:

- (1) The DBE shall be responsible for the management and supervision of the entire trucking operation for which it is responsible on a particular contract, and there shall not be a contrived arrangement for the purpose of meeting DBE goals.
- (2) The DBE shall itself own and operate at least one fully licensed, insured, and operational truck used on the contract.
- (3) The DBE receives credit for the total value of the transportation services it provides on the contract using trucks it owns, insures, and operates using drivers it employs.

- (4) The DBE may subcontract the work to another DBE firm, including an owner-operator who is certified as a DBE. The DBE who subcontracts work to another DBE receives credit for the total value of the transportation services the subcontracted DBE provides on the contract.
- (5) The DBE may also subcontract the work to a non-DBE firm, including from an owner-operator. The DBE who subcontracts the work to a non-DBE is entitled to credit for the total value of transportation services provided by the non-DBE subcontractor not to exceed the value of transportation services provided by DBE-owned trucks on the contract. Additional participation by non-DBE subcontractors receives credit only for the fee or commission it receives as a result of the subcontract arrangement. The value of services performed under subcontract agreements between the DBE and the Contractor will not count towards the DBE contract requirement.
- (6) A DBE may lease truck(s) from an established equipment leasing business open to the general public. The lease must indicate that the DBE has exclusive use of and control over the truck. This requirement does not preclude the leased truck from working for others during the term of the lease with the consent of the DBE, so long as the lease gives the DBE absolute priority for use of the leased truck. This type of lease may count toward the DBE's credit as long as the driver is under the DBE's payroll.
- (7) Subcontracted/leased trucks shall display clearly on the dashboard the name of the DBE that they are subcontracted/leased to and their own company name if it is not identified on the truck itself. Magnetic door signs are not permitted.

DBE Replacement

When a Contractor has relied on a commitment to a DBE firm (or an approved substitute DBE firm) to meet all or part of a contract goal requirement, the contractor shall not terminate the DBE for convenience. This includes, but is not limited to, instances in which the Contractor seeks to perform the work of the terminated subcontractor with another DBE subcontractor, a non-DBE subcontractor, or with the Contractor's own forces or those of an affiliate. A DBE may only be terminated after receiving the Engineer's written approval based upon a finding of good cause for the termination. The prime contractor must give the DBE firm five (5) calendar days to respond to the prime contractor's notice of termination and advise the prime contractor and the Department of the reasons, if any, why the firm objects to the proposed termination of its subcontract and why the Department should not approve the action.

All requests for replacement of a committed DBE firm shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval on Form RF-1 (*DBE Replacement Request*). If the Contractor fails to follow this procedure, the Contractor may be disqualified from further bidding for a period of up to 6 months.

The Contractor shall comply with the following for replacement of a committed DBE:

(A) Performance Related Replacement

When a committed DBE is terminated for good cause as stated above, an additional DBE that was submitted at the time of bid may be used to fulfill the DBE commitment. A good faith effort will only be required for removing a committed DBE if there were no additional DBEs submitted at the time of bid to cover the same amount of work as the DBE that was terminated.

If a replacement DBE is not found that can perform at least the same amount of work as the terminated DBE, the Contractor shall submit a good faith effort documenting the steps taken. Such documentation shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- (1) Copies of written notification to DBEs that their interest is solicited in contracting the work defaulted by the previous DBE or in subcontracting other items of work in the contract.
 - (2) Efforts to negotiate with DBEs for specific subbids including, at a minimum:
 - (a) The names, addresses, and telephone numbers of DBEs who were contacted.
 - (b) A description of the information provided to DBEs regarding the plans and specifications for portions of the work to be performed.
 - (3) A list of reasons why DBE quotes were not accepted.
 - (4) Efforts made to assist the DBEs contacted, if needed, in obtaining bonding or insurance required by the Contractor.
- (B) Decertification Replacement
- (1) When a committed DBE is decertified by the Department after the SAF (*Subcontract Approval Form*) has been received by the Department, the Department will not require the Contractor to solicit replacement DBE participation equal to the remaining work to be performed by the decertified firm. The participation equal to the remaining work performed by the decertified firm will count toward the contract goal requirement.
 - (2) When a committed DBE is decertified prior to the Department receiving the SAF (*Subcontract Approval Form*) for the named DBE firm, the Contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to replace the DBE subcontractor with another DBE subcontractor to perform at least the same amount of work to meet the DBE goal requirement. If a DBE firm is not found to do the same amount of work, a good faith effort must be submitted to NCDOT (see A herein for required documentation).

Changes in the Work

When the Engineer makes changes that result in the reduction or elimination of work to be performed by a committed DBE, the Contractor will not be required to seek additional participation. When the Engineer makes changes that result in additional work to be performed by a DBE based upon the Contractor's commitment, the DBE shall participate in additional work to the same extent as the DBE participated in the original contract work.

When the Engineer makes changes that result in extra work, which has more than a minimal impact on the contract amount, the Contractor shall seek additional participation by DBEs unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

When the Engineer makes changes that result in an alteration of plans or details of construction, and a portion or all of the work had been expected to be performed by a committed DBE, the Contractor shall seek participation by DBEs unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

When the Contractor requests changes in the work that result in the reduction or elimination of work that the Contractor committed to be performed by a DBE, the Contractor shall seek additional participation by DBEs equal to the reduced DBE participation caused by the changes.

Reports and Documentation

A SAF (*Subcontract Approval Form*) shall be submitted for all work which is to be performed by a DBE subcontractor. The Department reserves the right to require copies of actual subcontract agreements involving DBE subcontractors.

When using transportation services to meet the contract commitment, the Contractor shall submit a proposed trucking plan in addition to the SAF. The plan shall be submitted prior to beginning construction on the project. The plan shall include the names of all trucking firms proposed for use, their certification type(s), the number of trucks owned by the firm, as well as the individual truck identification numbers, and the line item(s) being performed.

Within 30 calendar days of entering into an agreement with a DBE for materials, supplies or services, not otherwise documented by the SAF as specified above, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the agreement. The documentation shall also indicate the percentage (60% or 100%) of expenditures claimed for DBE credit.

Reporting Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Participation

The Contractor shall provide the Engineer with an accounting of payments made to all DBE firms, including material suppliers and contractors at all levels (prime, subcontractor, or second tier subcontractor). This accounting shall be furnished to the Engineer for any given month by the end of the following month. Failure to submit this information accordingly may result in the following action:

- (A) Withholding of money due in the next partial pay estimate; or
- (B) Removal of an approved contractor from the prequalified bidders' list or the removal of other entities from the approved subcontractors list.

While each contractor (prime, subcontractor, 2nd tier subcontractor) is responsible for accurate accounting of payments to DBEs, it shall be the prime contractor's responsibility to report all monthly and final payment information in the correct reporting manner.

Failure on the part of the Contractor to submit the required information in the time frame specified may result in the disqualification of that contractor and any affiliate companies from further bidding until the required information is submitted.

Failure on the part of any subcontractor to submit the required information in the time frame specified may result in the disqualification of that contractor and any affiliate companies from being approved for work on future projects until the required information is submitted.

Contractors reporting transportation services provided by non-DBE lessees shall evaluate the value of services provided during the month of the reporting period only.

At any time, the Engineer can request written verification of subcontractor payments.

The Contractor shall report the accounting of payments through the Department's DBE Payment Tracking System.

Failure to Meet Contract Requirements

Failure to meet contract requirements in accordance with Subarticle 102-15(J) of the *2018 Standard Specifications* may be cause to disqualify the Contractor.

CERTIFICATION FOR FEDERAL-AID CONTRACTS:

(3-21-90)

SP1 G85

The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

- (A) No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
- (B) If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, *Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying*, in accordance with its instructions.

This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by *Section 1352, Title 31, U.S. Code*. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

The prospective participant also agrees by submitting his or her bid or proposal that he or she shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such subrecipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION HOTLINE:

(11-22-94)

108-5

SP1 G100

To report bid rigging activities call: **1-800-424-9071**

The U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) operates the above toll-free hotline Monday through Friday, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. eastern time. Anyone with knowledge of possible bid rigging, bidder collusion, or other fraudulent activities should use the hotline to report such activities.

The hotline is part of the DOT's continuing effort to identify and investigate highway construction contract fraud and abuse is operated under the direction of the DOT Inspector General. All information will be treated confidentially and caller anonymity will be respected.

CARGO PREFERENCE ACT:

(2-16-16)

Privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels transporting cargoes are subject to the Cargo Preference Act (CPA) of 1954 requirements and regulations found in 46 CFR 381.7. Contractors are directed to clause (b) of 46 CFR 381.7 as follows:

(b) Contractor and Subcontractor Clauses. "Use of United States-flag vessels: The contractor agrees-

“(1) To utilize privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels to ship at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers) involved, whenever shipping any equipment, material, or commodities pursuant to this contract, to the extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for United States-flag commercial vessels.

(2) To furnish within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States a legible copy of a rated, 'on-board' commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (b) (1) of this section to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Division of National Cargo, Office of Market Development, Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590.

(3) To insert the substance of the provisions of this clause in all subcontracts issued pursuant to this contract."

SUBSURFACE INFORMATION:

(7-1-95)

450

SP1 G112 A

There is **no** subsurface information available on this project. The Contractor shall make his own investigation of subsurface conditions.

TWELVE MONTH GUARANTEE:

(7-15-03)

108

SP1 G145

- (A) The Contractor shall guarantee materials and workmanship against latent and patent defects arising from faulty materials, faulty workmanship or negligence for a period of twelve months following the date of final acceptance of the work for maintenance and shall replace such defective materials and workmanship without cost to the Department. The Contractor will not be responsible for damage due to faulty design, normal wear and tear, for negligence on the part of the Department, and/or for use in excess of the design.
- (B) Where items of equipment or material carry a manufacturer's guarantee for any period in excess of twelve months, then the manufacturer's guarantee shall apply for that particular piece of equipment or material. The Department's first remedy shall be through the manufacturer although the Contractor is responsible for invoking the warranted repair work with the manufacturer. The Contractor's responsibility shall be limited to the term of the manufacturer's guarantee. NCDOT would be afforded the same warranty as provided by the Manufacturer.

This guarantee provision shall be invoked only for major components of work in which the Contractor would be wholly responsible for under the terms of the contract. Examples would include pavement

structures, bridge components, and sign structures. This provision will not be used as a mechanism to force the Contractor to return to the project to make repairs or perform additional work that the Department would normally compensate the Contractor for. In addition, routine maintenance activities (i.e. mowing grass, debris removal, ruts in earth shoulders,) are not parts of this guarantee.

Appropriate provisions of the payment and/or performance bonds shall cover this guarantee for the project.

To ensure uniform application statewide the Division Engineer will forward details regarding the circumstances surrounding any proposed guarantee repairs to the Chief Engineer for review and approval prior to the work being performed.

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL/STORMWATER CERTIFICATION:

(1-16-07) (Rev 11-22-16)

105-16, 225-2, 16

SP1 G180

General

Schedule and conduct construction activities in a manner that will minimize soil erosion and the resulting sedimentation and turbidity of surface waters. Comply with the requirements herein regardless of whether or not a National Pollution discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit for the work is required.

Establish a chain of responsibility for operations and subcontractors' operations to ensure that the *Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan* is implemented and maintained over the life of the contract.

- (A) *Certified Supervisor* - Provide a certified Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Supervisor to manage the Contractor and subcontractor operations, insure compliance with Federal, State and Local ordinances and regulations, and manage the Quality Control Program.
- (B) *Certified Foreman* - Provide a certified, trained foreman for each construction operation that increases the potential for soil erosion or the possible sedimentation and turbidity of surface waters.
- (C) *Certified Installer* - Provide a certified installer to install or direct the installation for erosion or sediment/stormwater control practices.
- (D) *Certified Designer* - Provide a certified designer for the design of the erosion and sediment control/stormwater component of reclamation plans and, if applicable, for the design of the project erosion and sediment control/stormwater plan.

Roles and Responsibilities

- (A) *Certified Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Supervisor* - The Certified Supervisor shall be Level II and responsible for ensuring the erosion and sediment control/stormwater plan is adequately implemented and maintained on the project and for conducting the quality control program. The Certified Supervisor shall be on the project within 24 hours notice from initial exposure of an erodible surface to the project's final acceptance. Perform the following duties:
 - (1) *Manage Operations* - Coordinate and schedule the work of subcontractors so that erosion and sediment control/stormwater measures are fully executed for each operation and in a timely manner over the duration of the contract.

- (a) Oversee the work of subcontractors so that appropriate erosion and sediment control/stormwater preventive measures are conformed to at each stage of the work.
 - (b) Prepare the required National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Inspection Record and submit to the Engineer.
 - (c) Attend all weekly or monthly construction meetings to discuss the findings of the NPDES inspection and other related issues.
 - (d) Implement the erosion and sediment control/stormwater site plans requested.
 - (e) Provide any needed erosion and sediment control/stormwater practices for the Contractor's temporary work not shown on the plans, such as, but not limited to work platforms, temporary construction, pumping operations, plant and storage yards, and cofferdams.
 - (f) Acquire applicable permits and comply with requirements for borrow pits, dewatering, and any temporary work conducted by the Contractor in jurisdictional areas.
 - (g) Conduct all erosion and sediment control/stormwater work in a timely and workmanlike manner.
 - (h) Fully perform and install erosion and sediment control/stormwater work prior to any suspension of the work.
 - (i) Coordinate with Department, Federal, State and Local Regulatory agencies on resolution of erosion and sediment control/stormwater issues due to the Contractor's operations.
 - (j) Ensure that proper cleanup occurs from vehicle tracking on paved surfaces or any location where sediment leaves the Right-of-Way.
 - (k) Have available a set of erosion and sediment control/stormwater plans that are initialed and include the installation date of Best Management Practices. These practices shall include temporary and permanent groundcover and be properly updated to reflect necessary plan and field changes for use and review by Department personnel as well as regulatory agencies.
- (2) Requirements set forth under the NPDES Permit - The Department's NPDES Stormwater permit (NCS000250) outlines certain objectives and management measures pertaining to construction activities. The permit references *NCG010000, General Permit to Discharge Stormwater* under the NPDES, and states that the Department shall incorporate the applicable requirements into its delegated Erosion and Sediment Control Program for construction activities disturbing one or more acres of land. The Department further incorporates these requirements on all contracted bridge and culvert work at jurisdictional waters, regardless of size. Some of the requirements are, but are not limited to:
- (a) Control project site waste to prevent contamination of surface or ground waters of the state, i.e. from equipment operation/maintenance, construction materials, concrete washout, chemicals, litter, fuels, lubricants, coolants, hydraulic fluids, any other petroleum products, and sanitary waste.
 - (b) Inspect erosion and sediment control/stormwater devices and stormwater discharge outfalls at least once every 7 calendar days and within 24 hours after a rainfall event of 0.5 inch that occurs within a 24 hour period. Additional monitoring may be required at the discretion of Division of Water Resources personnel if the receiving stream is 303(d) listed for turbidity and the project has had documented problems managing turbidity.
 - (c) Maintain an onsite rain gauge or use the Department's Multi-Sensor Precipitation Estimate website to maintain a daily record of rainfall amounts and dates.

- (d) Maintain erosion and sediment control/stormwater inspection records for review by Department and Regulatory personnel upon request.
 - (e) Implement approved reclamation plans on all borrow pits, waste sites and staging areas.
 - (f) Maintain a log of turbidity test results as outlined in the Department's Procedure for Monitoring Borrow Pit Discharge.
 - (g) Provide secondary containment for bulk storage of liquid materials.
 - (h) Provide training for employees concerning general erosion and sediment control/stormwater awareness, the Department's NPDES Stormwater Permit NCS000250 requirements, and the applicable requirements of the *General Permit, NCG010000*.
 - (i) Report violations of the NPDES permit to the Engineer immediately who will notify the Division of Water Quality Regional Office within 24 hours of becoming aware of the violation.
- (3) Quality Control Program - Maintain a quality control program to control erosion, prevent sedimentation and follow provisions/conditions of permits. The quality control program shall:
- (a) Follow permit requirements related to the Contractor and subcontractors' construction activities.
 - (b) Ensure that all operators and subcontractors on site have the proper erosion and sediment control/stormwater certification.
 - (c) Notify the Engineer when the required certified erosion and sediment control/stormwater personnel are not available on the job site when needed.
 - (d) Conduct the inspections required by the NPDES permit.
 - (e) Take corrective actions in the proper timeframe as required by the NPDES permit for problem areas identified during the NPDES inspections.
 - (f) Incorporate erosion control into the work in a timely manner and stabilize disturbed areas with mulch/seed or vegetative cover on a section-by-section basis.
 - (g) Use flocculants approved by state regulatory authorities where appropriate and where required for turbidity and sedimentation reduction.
 - (h) Ensure proper installation and maintenance of temporary erosion and sediment control devices.
 - (i) Remove temporary erosion or sediment control devices when they are no longer necessary as agreed upon by the Engineer.
 - (j) The Contractor's quality control and inspection procedures shall be subject to review by the Engineer. Maintain NPDES inspection records and make records available at all times for verification by the Engineer.
- (B) *Certified Foreman* - At least one Certified Foreman shall be onsite for each type of work listed herein during the respective construction activities to control erosion, prevent sedimentation and follow permit provisions:
- (1) Foreman in charge of grading activities
 - (2) Foreman in charge of bridge or culvert construction over jurisdictional areas
 - (3) Foreman in charge of utility activities

The Contractor may request to use the same person as the Level II Supervisor and Level II Foreman. This person shall be onsite whenever construction activities as described above are taking place. This request shall be approved by the Engineer prior to work beginning.

The Contractor may request to name a single Level II Foreman to oversee multiple construction activities on small bridge or culvert replacement projects. This request shall be approved by the Engineer prior to work beginning.

- (C) *Certified Installers* - Provide at least one onsite, Level I Certified Installer for each of the following erosion and sediment control/stormwater crew:
- (1) Seeding and Mulching
 - (2) Temporary Seeding
 - (3) Temporary Mulching
 - (4) Sodding
 - (5) Silt fence or other perimeter erosion/sediment control device installations
 - (6) Erosion control blanket installation
 - (7) Hydraulic tackifier installation
 - (8) Turbidity curtain installation
 - (9) Rock ditch check/sediment dam installation
 - (10) Ditch liner/matting installation
 - (11) Inlet protection
 - (12) Riprap placement
 - (13) Stormwater BMP installations (such as but not limited to level spreaders, retention/detention devices)
 - (14) Pipe installations within jurisdictional areas

If a Level I *Certified Installer* is not onsite, the Contractor may substitute a Level II Foreman for a Level I Installer, provided the Level II Foreman is not tasked to another crew requiring Level II Foreman oversight.

- (D) *Certified Designer* - Include the certification number of the Level III-B Certified Designer on the erosion and sediment control/stormwater component of all reclamation plans and if applicable, the certification number of the Level III-A Certified Designer on the design of the project erosion and sediment control/stormwater plan.

Preconstruction Meeting

Furnish the names of the *Certified Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Supervisor*, *Certified Foremen*, *Certified Installers* and *Certified Designer* and notify the Engineer of changes in certified personnel over the life of the contract within 2 days of change.

Ethical Responsibility

Any company performing work for the North Carolina Department of Transportation has the ethical responsibility to fully disclose any reprimand or dismissal of an employee resulting from improper testing or falsification of records.

Revocation or Suspension of Certification

Upon recommendation of the Chief Engineer to the certification entity, certification for *Supervisor, Certified Foremen, Certified Installers* and *Certified Designer* may be revoked or suspended with the issuance of an *Immediate Corrective Action (ICA)*, *Notice of Violation (NOV)*, or *Cease and Desist Order* for erosion and sediment control/stormwater related issues.

The Chief Engineer may recommend suspension or permanent revocation of certification due to the following:

- (A) Failure to adequately perform the duties as defined within this certification provision.
- (B) Issuance of an ICA, NOV, or Cease and Desist Order.
- (C) Failure to fully perform environmental commitments as detailed within the permit conditions and specifications.
- (D) Demonstration of erroneous documentation or reporting techniques.
- (E) Cheating or copying another candidate's work on an examination.
- (F) Intentional falsification of records.
- (G) Directing a subordinate under direct or indirect supervision to perform any of the above actions.
- (H) Dismissal from a company for any of the above reasons.
- (I) Suspension or revocation of one's certification by another entity.

Suspension or revocation of a certification will be sent by certified mail to the certificant and the Corporate Head of the company that employs the certificant.

A certificant has the right to appeal any adverse action which results in suspension or permanent revocation of certification by responding, in writing, to the Chief Engineer within 10 calendar days after receiving notice of the proposed adverse action.

Chief Engineer
1536 Mail Service Center
Raleigh, NC 27699-1536

Failure to appeal within 10 calendar days will result in the proposed adverse action becoming effective on the date specified on the certified notice. Failure to appeal within the time specified will result in a waiver of all future appeal rights regarding the adverse action taken. The certificant will not be allowed to perform duties associated with the certification during the appeal process.

The Chief Engineer will hear the appeal and make a decision within 7 days of hearing the appeal. Decision of the Chief Engineer will be final and will be made in writing to the certificant.

If a certification is temporarily suspended, the certificant shall pass any applicable written examination and any proficiency examination, at the conclusion of the specified suspension period, prior to having the certification reinstated.

Measurement and Payment

Certified Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Supervisor, Certified Foremen, Certified Installers and *Certified Designer* will be incidental to the project for which no direct compensation will be made.

PROCEDURE FOR MONITORING BORROW PIT DISCHARGE:

(2-20-07) (Rev. 3-19-13)

105-16, 230, 801

SP1 G181

Water discharge from borrow pit sites shall not cause surface waters to exceed 50 NTUs (nephelometric turbidity unit) in streams not designated as trout waters and 10 NTUs in streams, lakes or reservoirs designated as trout waters. For lakes and reservoirs not designated as trout waters, the turbidity shall not exceed 25 NTUs. If the turbidity exceeds these levels due to natural background conditions, the existing turbidity level shall not be increased.

If during any operating day, the downstream water quality exceeds the standard, the Contractor shall do all of the following:

- (A) Either cease discharge or modify the discharge volume or turbidity levels to bring the downstream turbidity levels into compliance, or
- (B) Evaluate the upstream conditions to determine if the exceedance of the standard is due to natural background conditions. If the background turbidity measurements exceed the standard, operation of the pit and discharge can continue as long as the stream turbidity levels are not increased due to the discharge.
- (C) Measure and record the turbidity test results (time, date and sampler) at all defined sampling locations 30 minutes after startup and at a minimum, one additional sampling of all sampling locations during that 24-hour period in which the borrow pit is discharging.
- (D) Notify DWQ within 24 hours of any stream turbidity standard exceedances that are not brought into compliance.

During the Environmental Assessment required by Article 230-4 of the *2018 Standard Specifications*, the Contractor shall define the point at which the discharge enters into the State's surface waters and the appropriate sampling locations. Sampling locations shall include points upstream and downstream from the point at which the discharge enters these waters. Upstream sampling location shall be located so that it is not influenced by backwater conditions and represents natural background conditions. Downstream sampling location shall be located at the point where complete mixing of the discharge and receiving water has occurred.

The discharge shall be closely monitored when water from the dewatering activities is introduced into jurisdictional wetlands. Any time visible sedimentation (deposition of sediment) on the wetland surface is observed, the dewatering activity will be suspended until turbidity levels in the stilling basin can be reduced to a level where sediment deposition does not occur. Staining of wetland surfaces from suspended clay particles, occurring after evaporation or infiltration, does not constitute sedimentation. No activities shall occur in wetlands that adversely affect the functioning of a wetland. Visible sedimentation will be considered an indication of possible adverse impacts on wetland use.

The Engineer will perform independent turbidity tests on a random basis. These results will be maintained in a log within the project records. Records will include, at a minimum, turbidity test results, time, date and name of sampler. Should the Department's test results exceed those of the Contractor's test results, an immediate test shall be performed jointly with the results superseding the previous test results of both the Department and the Contractor.

The Contractor shall use the *NCDOT Turbidity Reduction Options for Borrow Pits Matrix*, available at http://www.ncdot.gov/doh/operations/dp_chief_eng/roadside/fieldops/downloads/Files/TurbidityReductionOptionSheet.pdf to plan, design, construct, and maintain BMPs to address water quality standards. Tier I Methods include stilling basins which are standard compensatory BMPs. Other Tier I methods are noncompensatory and shall be used when needed to meet the stream turbidity standards. Tier II Methods are also noncompensatory and are options that may be needed for protection of rare or unique resources or where special environmental conditions exist at the site which have led to additional requirements being placed in the DWQ's 401 Certifications and approval letters, Isolated Wetland Permits, Riparian Buffer Authorization or a DOT Reclamation Plan's Environmental Assessment for the specific site. Should the Contractor exhaust all Tier I Methods on a site exclusive of rare or unique resources or special environmental conditions, Tier II Methods may be required by regulators on a case by case basis per supplemental agreement.

The Contractor may use cation exchange capacity (CEC) values from proposed site borings to plan and develop the bid for the project. CEC values exceeding 15 milliequivalents per 100 grams of soil may indicate a high potential for turbidity and should be avoided when dewatering into surface water is proposed.

No additional compensation for monitoring borrow pit discharge will be paid.

STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION**AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS – TERMINATION OF CONTRACTS**

(5-20-08)

Z-2

General Statute 143C-6-11. (h) Highway Appropriation is hereby incorporated verbatim in this contract as follows:

(h) Amounts Encumbered. – Transportation project appropriations may be encumbered in the amount of allotments made to the Department of Transportation by the Director for the estimated payments for transportation project contract work to be performed in the appropriation fiscal year. The allotments shall be multiyear allotments and shall be based on estimated revenues and shall be subject to the maximum contract authority contained in *General Statute 143C-6-11(c)*. Payment for transportation project work performed pursuant to contract in any fiscal year other than the current fiscal year is subject to appropriations by the General Assembly. Transportation project contracts shall contain a schedule of estimated completion progress, and any acceleration of this progress shall be subject to the approval of the Department of Transportation provided funds are available. The State reserves the right to terminate or suspend any transportation project contract, and any transportation project contract shall be so terminated or suspended if funds will not be available for payment of the work to be performed during that fiscal year pursuant to the contract. In the event of termination of any contract, the contractor shall be given a written notice of termination at least 60 days before completion of scheduled work for which funds are available. In the event of termination, the contractor shall be paid for the work already performed in accordance with the contract specifications.

Payment will be made on any contract terminated pursuant to the special provision in accordance with Subarticle 108-13(E) of the *2018 Standard Specifications*.

STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION**NCDOT GENERAL SEED SPECIFICATION FOR SEED QUALITY**

(5-17-11)

Z-3

Seed shall be sampled and tested by the North Carolina Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Seed Testing Laboratory. When said samples are collected, the vendor shall supply an independent laboratory report for each lot to be tested. Results from seed so sampled shall be final. Seed not meeting the specifications shall be rejected by the Department of Transportation and shall not be delivered to North Carolina Department of Transportation warehouses. If seed has been delivered it shall be available for pickup and replacement at the supplier's expense.

Any re-labeling required by the North Carolina Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Seed Testing Laboratory, that would cause the label to reflect as otherwise specified herein shall be rejected by the North Carolina Department of Transportation.

Seed shall be free from seeds of the noxious weeds Johnsongrass, Balloonvine, Jimsonweed, Witchweed, Itchgrass, Serrated Tussock, Showy Crotalaria, Smooth Crotalaria, Sicklepod, Sandbur, Wild Onion, and Wild Garlic. Seed shall not be labeled with the above weed species on the seed analysis label. Tolerances as applied by the Association of Official Seed Analysts will NOT be allowed for the above noxious weeds except for Wild Onion and Wild Garlic.

Tolerances established by the Association of Official Seed Analysts will generally be recognized. However, for the purpose of figuring pure live seed, the found pure seed and found germination percentages as reported by the North Carolina Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Seed Testing Laboratory will be used. Allowances, as established by the NCDOT, will be recognized for minimum pure live seed as listed on the following pages.

The specifications for restricted noxious weed seed refers to the number per pound as follows:

| <u>Restricted Noxious Weed</u> | <u>Limitations per Lb. Of Seed</u> | <u>Restricted Noxious Weed</u> | <u>Limitations per Lb. of Seed</u> |
|---------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|---|
| Blessed Thistle | 4 seeds | Cornflower (Ragged Robin) | 27 seeds |
| Cocklebur | 4 seeds | Texas Panicum | 27 seeds |
| Spurred Anoda | 4 seeds | Bracted Plantain | 54 seeds |
| Velvetleaf | 4 seeds | Buckhorn Plantain | 54 seeds |
| Morning-glory | 8 seeds | Broadleaf Dock | 54 seeds |
| Corn Cockle | 10 seeds | Curly Dock | 54 seeds |
| Wild Radish | 12 seeds | Dodder | 54 seeds |
| Purple Nutsedge | 27 seeds | Giant Foxtail | 54 seeds |
| Yellow Nutsedge | 27 seeds | Horsenettle | 54 seeds |
| Canada Thistle | 27 seeds | Quackgrass | 54 seeds |
| Field Bindweed | 27 seeds | Wild Mustard | 54 seeds |
| Hedge Bindweed | 27 seeds | | |

Seed of Pensacola Bahiagrass shall not contain more than 7% inert matter, Kentucky Bluegrass, Centipede and Fine or Hard Fescue shall not contain more than 5% inert matter whereas a maximum of 2% inert matter will be allowed on all other kinds of seed. In addition, all seed shall not contain more than 2% other crop seed nor more than 1% total weed seed. The germination rate as tested by the North Carolina Department of Agriculture shall not fall below 70%, which includes both dormant and hard seed. Seed shall be labeled

with not more than 7%, 5% or 2% inert matter (according to above specifications), 2% other crop seed and 1% total weed seed.

Exceptions may be made for minimum pure live seed allowances when cases of seed variety shortages are verified. Pure live seed percentages will be applied in a verified shortage situation. Those purchase orders of deficient seed lots will be credited with the percentage that the seed is deficient.

FURTHER SPECIFICATIONS FOR EACH SEED GROUP ARE GIVEN BELOW:

Minimum 85% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop seed; maximum 144 restricted noxious weed seed per pound. Seed less than 83% pure live seed will not be approved.

Sericea Lespedeza
Oats (seeds)

Minimum 80% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop; maximum 144 restricted noxious weed seed per pound. Seed less than 78% pure live seed will not be approved.

| | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Tall Fescue (all approved varieties) | Bermudagrass |
| Kobe Lespedeza | Browntop Millet |
| Korean Lespedeza | German Millet – Strain R |
| Weeping Lovegrass | Clover – Red/White/Crimson |
| Carpetgrass | |

Minimum 78% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop seed; maximum 144 restricted noxious weed seed per pound. Seed less than 76% pure live seed will not be approved.

Common or Sweet Sundangrass

Minimum 76% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop seed; maximum 144 restricted noxious weed seed per pound. Seed less than 74% pure live seed will not be approved.

Rye (grain; all varieties)
Kentucky Bluegrass (all approved varieties)
Hard Fescue (all approved varieties)
Shrub (bicolor) Lespedeza

Minimum 70% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop seed; maximum 144 noxious weed seed per pound. Seed less than 70% pure live seed will not be approved.

| | |
|----------------------|-------------------|
| Centipedegrass | Japanese Millet |
| Crownvetch | Reed Canary Grass |
| Pensacola Bahiagrass | Zoysia |
| Creeping Red Fescue | |

Minimum 70% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop seed; maximum 5% inert matter; maximum 144 restricted noxious weed seed per pound.

Barnyard Grass
Big Bluestem
Little Bluestem
Bristly Locust
Birdsfoot Trefoil
Indiangrass
Orchardgrass
Switchgrass
Yellow Blossom Sweet Clover

STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION**ERRATA**

(10-16-18) (Rev.12-19-18)

Z-4

Revise the *2018 Standard Specifications* as follows:

Division 7

Page 7-27, Article 725-1 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, line 4, replace article number “725-1” with “724-4”.

Page 7-28, Article 725-1 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, line 10, replace article number “725-1” with “725-3”.

Division 10

Page 10-78, Article 1056-4 GEOTEXTILES, TABLE 1056-1, Permittivity, Type 2, replace “Table 6^D” with “Table 7^D” and **Permittivity, Type 3^B,** replace “Table 7^D” with “Table 8^D”.

Page 10-162, Article 1080-50 PAINT FOR VERTICAL MARKERS, line 1, replace article number “1080-50” with “1080-10”.

Page 10-162, Article 1080-61 EPOXY RESIN FOR REINFORCING STEEL, line 5, replace article number “1080-61” with “1080-11”.

Page 10-162, Article 1080-72 ABRASIVE MATERIALS FOR BLAST CLEANING STEEL, line 22, replace article number “1080-72” with “1080-12”.

Page 10-163, Article 1080-83 FIELD PERFORMANCE AND SERVICES, line 25, replace article number “1080-83” with “1080-13”.

Division 17

Page 17-15, Article 1715-4 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, lines 42-44, replace the second sentence with the following:

An example is an installation of a single 1.25 inch HDPE conduit would be paid as:

Directional Drill (1)(1.25”) Linear Foot

STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION**PLANT AND PEST QUARANTINES****(Imported Fire Ant, Gypsy Moth, Witchweed, Emerald Ash Borer, And Other Noxious Weeds)**

(3-18-03) (Rev. 12-20-16)

Z-04a

Within Quarantined Area

This project may be within a county regulated for plant and/or pests. If the project or any part of the Contractor's operations is located within a quarantined area, thoroughly clean all equipment prior to moving out of the quarantined area. Comply with federal/state regulations by obtaining a certificate or limited permit for any regulated article moving from the quarantined area.

Originating in a Quarantined County

Obtain a certificate or limited permit issued by the N.C. Department of Agriculture/United States Department of Agriculture. Have the certificate or limited permit accompany the article when it arrives at the project site.

Contact

Contact the N.C. Department of Agriculture/United States Department of Agriculture at 1-800-206-9333, 919-707-3730, or <http://www.ncagr.gov/plantindustry/> to determine those specific project sites located in the quarantined area or for any regulated article used on this project originating in a quarantined county.

Regulated Articles Include

1. Soil, sand, gravel, compost, peat, humus, muck, and decomposed manure, separately or with other articles. This includes movement of articles listed above that may be associated with cut/waste, ditch pulling, and shoulder cutting.
2. Plants with roots including grass sod.
3. Plant crowns and roots.
4. Bulbs, corms, rhizomes, and tubers of ornamental plants.
5. Hay, straw, fodder, and plant litter of any kind.
6. Clearing and grubbing debris.
7. Used agricultural cultivating and harvesting equipment.
8. Used earth-moving equipment.
9. Any other products, articles, or means of conveyance, of any character, if determined by an inspector to present a hazard of spreading imported fire ant, gypsy moth, witchweed, emerald ash borer, or other noxious weeds.

STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION**TITLE VI AND NONDISCRIMINATION:**

(6-28-77)(Rev 6/19/2018)

Z-6

Revise the *2018 Standard Specifications* as follows:

Replace Article 103-4(B) with the following:

The North Carolina Department of Transportation is committed to carrying out the U.S. Department of Transportation's policy of ensuring nondiscrimination in the award and administration of contracts.

The provisions of this section related to United States Department of Transportation (US DOT) Order 1050.2A, Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) part 21, 23 United States Code (U.S.C.) 140 and 23 CFR part 200 (or 49 CFR 303, 49 U.S.C. 5332 or 49 U.S.C. 47123) are applicable to all North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) contracts and to all related subcontracts, material supply, engineering, architectural and other service contracts, regardless of dollar amount. Any Federal provision that is specifically required not specifically set forth is hereby incorporated by reference.

(1) Title VI Assurances (USDOT Order 1050.2A, Appendix A)

During the performance of this contract, the contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest (hereinafter referred to as the "contractor") agrees as follows:

(a) Compliance with Regulations

The contractor (hereinafter includes consultants) shall comply with the Acts and the Regulations relative to Nondiscrimination in Federally-assisted programs of the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), as they may be amended from time to time, which are herein incorporated by reference and made a part of this contract.

(b) Nondiscrimination

The contractor, with regard to the work performed by it during the contract, shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, or national origin in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor shall not participate directly or indirectly in the discrimination prohibited by the Acts and the Regulations, including employment practices when the contract covers any activity, project, or program set forth in Appendix B of 49 CFR Part 21.

(c) Solicitations for Subcontractors, Including Procurements of Materials and Equipment

In all solicitations, either by competitive bidding, or negotiation made by the contractor for work to be performed under a subcontract, including procurements of materials, or leases of equipment, each potential subcontractor or supplier shall be notified by the contractor of the contractor's obligations under this contract and the Acts and the Regulations relative to Nondiscrimination on the grounds of race, color, or national origin.

(d) Information and Reports

The contractor shall provide all information and reports required by the Acts, the Regulations, and directives issued pursuant thereto and shall permit access to its books, records, accounts, other sources of information, and its facilities as may be determined by the Recipient or the FHWA to be pertinent to ascertain compliance with such Acts, Regulations, and instructions. Where any information required of a contractor is in the exclusive possession of another who

fails or refuses to furnish the information, the contractor shall so certify to the Recipient or the FHWA, as appropriate, and shall set forth what efforts it has made to obtain the information.

(e) Sanctions for Noncompliance:

In the event of a contractor's noncompliance with the Non-discrimination provisions of this contract, the Recipient will impose such contract sanctions as it and/or the FHWA may determine to be appropriate, including, but not limited to:

- (i) Withholding payments to the contractor under the contract until the contractor complies; and/or
- (ii) Cancelling, terminating, or suspending a contract, in whole or in part.

(f) Incorporation of Provisions

The contractor shall include the provisions of paragraphs one through six in every subcontract, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment, unless exempt by the Acts, the Regulations and directives issued pursuant thereto. The contractor shall take action with respect to any subcontract or procurement as the Recipient or the FHWA may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions including sanctions for noncompliance. Provided, that if the contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with litigation by a subcontractor, or supplier because of such direction, the contractor may request the Recipient to enter into any litigation to protect the interests of the Recipient. In addition, the contractor may request the United States to enter into the litigation to protect the interests of the United States.

(2) Title VI Nondiscrimination Program (23 CFR 200.5(p))

The North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) has assured the USDOT that, as a condition to receiving federal financial assistance, NCDOT will comply with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and all requirements imposed by Title 49 CFR part 21 and related nondiscrimination authorities to ensure that no person shall, on the ground of race, color, national origin, limited English proficiency, sex, age, or disability (including religion/creed or income-level, where applicable), be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any programs, activities, or services conducted or funded by NCDOT. Contractors and other organizations under contract or agreement with NCDOT must also comply with Title VI and related authorities, therefore:

(a) During the performance of this contract or agreement, contractors (e.g., subcontractors, consultants, vendors, prime contractors) are responsible for complying with NCDOT's Title VI Program. Contractors are not required to prepare or submit Title VI Programs. To comply with this section, the prime contractor shall:

1. Post NCDOT's Notice of Nondiscrimination and the Contractor's own Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Policy in conspicuous locations accessible to all employees, applicants and subcontractors on the jobsite.
2. Physically incorporate the required Title VI clauses into all subcontracts on federally-assisted and state-funded NCDOT projects, and ensure inclusion by subcontractors into all lower-tier subcontracts.
3. Required Solicitation Language. The Contractor shall include the following notification in all solicitations for bids and requests for work or material, regardless of funding source:

"The North Carolina Department of Transportation, in accordance with the provisions of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (78 Stat. 252, 42 U.S.C. §§ 2000d to 2000d-4) and the Regulations, hereby notifies all bidders that it will affirmatively ensure that any contract

entered into pursuant to this advertisement, disadvantaged business enterprises will be afforded full and fair opportunity to submit bids in response to this invitation and will not be discriminated against on the grounds of race, color, or national origin in consideration for an award. In accordance with other related nondiscrimination authorities, bidders and contractors will also not be discriminated against on the grounds of sex, age, disability, low-income level, creed/religion, or limited English proficiency in consideration for an award.”

4. Physically incorporate the FHWA-1273, in its entirety, into all subcontracts and subsequent lower tier subcontracts on Federal-aid highway construction contracts only.
 5. Provide language assistance services (i.e., written translation and oral interpretation), free of charge, to LEP employees and applicants. Contact NCDOT OCR for further assistance, if needed.
 6. For assistance with these Title VI requirements, contact the NCDOT Title VI Nondiscrimination Program at 1-800-522-0453.
- (b) Subrecipients (e.g. cities, counties, LGAs, planning organizations) may be required to prepare and submit a Title VI Plan to NCDOT, including Title VI Assurances and/or agreements. Subrecipients must also ensure compliance by their contractors and subrecipients with Title VI. (23 CFR 200.9(b)(7))
- (c) If reviewed or investigated by NCDOT, the contractor or subrecipient agrees to take affirmative action to correct any deficiencies found within a reasonable time period, not to exceed 90 calendar days, unless additional time is granted by NCDOT. (23 CFR 200.9(b)(15))
- (d) The Contractor is responsible for notifying subcontractors of NCDOT’s External Discrimination Complaints Process.
1. Applicability

Title VI and related laws protect participants and beneficiaries (e.g., members of the public and contractors) from discrimination by NCDOT employees, subrecipients and contractors, regardless of funding source.
 2. Eligibility

Any person—or class of persons—who believes he/she has been subjected to discrimination based on race, color, national origin, Limited English Proficiency (LEP), sex, age, or disability (and religion in the context of employment, aviation, or transit) may file a written complaint. The law also prohibits intimidation or retaliation of any sort.
 3. Time Limits and Filing Options

Complaints may be filed by the affected individual(s) or a representative and must be filed no later than 180 calendar days after the following:

 - (i) The date of the alleged act of discrimination; or
 - (ii) The date when the person(s) became aware of the alleged discrimination; or
 - (iii) Where there has been a continuing course of conduct, the date on which that conduct was discontinued or the latest instance of the conduct.

Title VI and related discrimination complaints may be submitted to the following entities:

 - North Carolina Department of Transportation, Office of Civil Rights, Title VI Program, 1511 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC 27699-1511; toll free 1-800-522-0453
 - Federal Highway Administration, North Carolina Division Office, 310 New Bern Avenue, Suite 410, Raleigh, NC 27601, 919-747-7010

- US Department of Transportation, Departmental Office of Civil Rights, External Civil Rights Programs Division, 1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE, Washington, DC 20590; 202-366-4070

4. Format for Complaints

Complaints must be in writing and signed by the complainant(s) or a representative, and include the complainant's name, address, and telephone number. Complaints received by fax or e-mail will be acknowledged and processed. Allegations received by telephone will be reduced to writing and provided to the complainant for confirmation or revision before processing. Complaints will be accepted in other languages, including Braille.

5. Discrimination Complaint Form

Contact NCDOT Civil Rights to receive a full copy of the Discrimination Complaint Form and procedures.

6. Complaint Basis

Allegations must be based on issues involving race, color, national origin (LEP), sex, age, disability, or religion (in the context of employment, aviation or transit). "Basis" refers to the complainant's membership in a protected group category.

**TABLE 103-1
COMPLAINT BASIS**

| Protected Categories | Definition | Examples | Applicable Nondiscrimination Authorities |
|--|--|--|--|
| Race and Ethnicity | An individual belonging to one of the accepted racial groups; or the perception, based usually on physical characteristics that a person is a member of a racial group | Black/African American, Hispanic/Latino, Asian, American Indian/Alaska Native, Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander, White | Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964; 49 CFR Part 21; 23 CFR 200; 49 U.S.C. 5332(b); 49 U.S.C. 47123. (<i>Executive Order 13166</i>) |
| Color | Color of skin, including shade of skin within a racial group | Black, White, brown, yellow, etc. | |
| National Origin (<i>Limited English Proficiency</i>) | Place of birth. Citizenship is not a factor. (<i>Discrimination based on language or a person's accent is also covered</i>) | Mexican, Cuban, Japanese, Vietnamese, Chinese | |
| Sex | Gender. The sex of an individual. <i>Note: Sex under this program does not include sexual orientation.</i> | Women and Men | 1973 Federal-Aid Highway Act; 49 U.S.C. 5332(b); 49 U.S.C. 47123. |
| Age | Persons of any age | 21-year-old person | Age Discrimination Act of 1975 49 U.S.C. 5332(b); 49 U.S.C. 47123. |
| Disability | Physical or mental impairment, permanent or temporary, or perceived. | Blind, alcoholic, para-amputee, epileptic, diabetic, arthritic | Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973; Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 |

| | | | |
|--|---|---|--|
| <p>Religion (in the context of employment) <i>(Religion/ Creed in all aspects of any aviation or transit-related construction)</i></p> | <p>An individual belonging to a religious group; or the perception, based on distinguishable characteristics that a person is a member of a religious group. In practice, actions taken as a result of the moral and ethical beliefs as to what is right and wrong, which are sincerely held with the strength of traditional religious views. Note: Does not have to be associated with a recognized religious group or church; if an individual sincerely holds to the belief, it is a protected religious practice.</p> | <p>Muslim, Christian, Sikh, Hindu, etc.</p> | <p>Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964; 23 CFR 230; FHWA-1273 Required Contract Provisions. (49 U.S.C. 5332(b); 49 U.S.C. 47123)</p> |
|--|---|---|--|

(3) Pertinent Nondiscrimination Authorities

During the performance of this contract, the contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest agrees to comply with the following non-discrimination statutes and authorities, including, but not limited to:

- Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. § 2000d et seq., 78 stat. 252), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin); and 49 CFR Part 21.
- The Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, (42 U.S.C. § 4601), (prohibits unfair treatment of persons displaced or whose property has been acquired because of Federal or Federal-aid programs and projects);
- Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1973, (23 U.S.C. § 324 et seq.), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex);
- Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, (29 U.S.C. § 794 et seq.), as amended, (prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability) and 49 CFR Part 27;
- The Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended, (42 U.S.C. § 6101 et seq.), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of age);
- Airport and Airway Improvement Act of 1982, (49 USC § 471, Section 47123), as amended, (prohibits discrimination based on race, creed, color, national origin, or sex);
- (g) The Civil Rights Restoration Act of 1987, (PL 100-209), (Broadened the scope, coverage and applicability of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, The Age Discrimination Act of 1975 and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, by expanding the definition of the terms "programs or activities" to include all of the programs or activities of the Federal-aid recipients, sub-recipients and contractors, whether such programs or activities are Federally funded or not);
- (h) Titles II and III of the Americans with Disabilities Act, which prohibit discrimination on the basis of disability in the operation of public entities, public and private transportation systems, places of public accommodation, and certain testing entities (42 U.S.C. §§ 12131-12189) as implemented by Department of Transportation regulations at 49 C.F.R. parts 37 and 38;
- (i) The Federal Aviation Administration's Nondiscrimination statute (49 U.S.C. § 47123) (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, and sex);
- (j) Executive Order 12898, Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations, which ensures Nondiscrimination against minority populations by discouraging programs, policies, and activities with disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects on minority and low-income populations;

- (k) Executive Order 13166, Improving Access to Services for Persons with Limited English Proficiency, and resulting agency guidance, national origin discrimination includes discrimination because of Limited English proficiency (LEP). To ensure compliance with Title VI, you must take reasonable steps to ensure that LEP persons have meaningful access to your programs (70 Fed. Reg. at 74087 to 74100);
- (l) Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended, which prohibits you from discriminating because of sex in education programs or activities (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq).
- (m) Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. § 2000e et seq., Pub. L. 88-352), (prohibits employment discrimination on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin).

(4) Additional Title VI Assurances

***The following Title VI Assurances (Appendices B, C and D) shall apply, as applicable*

(a) Clauses for Deeds Transferring United States Property (1050.2A, Appendix B)

The following clauses will be included in deeds effecting or recording the transfer of real property, structures, or improvements thereon, or granting interest therein from the United States pursuant to the provisions of Assurance 4.

NOW, THEREFORE, the U.S. Department of Transportation as authorized by law and upon the condition that the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) will accept title to the lands and maintain the project constructed thereon in accordance with the North Carolina General Assembly, the Regulations for the Administration of the Federal-Aid Highway Program, and the policies and procedures prescribed by the Federal Highway Administration of the U.S. Department of Transportation in accordance and in compliance with all requirements imposed by Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, U.S. Department of Transportation, Subtitle A, Office of the Secretary, Part 21, Nondiscrimination in Federally-assisted programs of the U.S. Department of Transportation pertaining to and effectuating the provisions of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (78 Stat. 252; 42 U.S.C. § 2000d to 2000d-4), does hereby remise, release, quitclaim and convey unto the NCDOT all the right, title and interest of the U.S. Department of Transportation in and to said lands described in Exhibit A attached hereto and made a part hereof.

(HABENDUM CLAUSE)

TO HAVE AND TO HOLD said lands and interests therein unto the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) and its successors forever, subject, however, to the covenants, conditions, restrictions and reservations herein contained as follows, which will remain in effect for the period during which the real property or structures are used for a purpose for which Federal financial assistance is extended or for another purpose involving the provision of similar services or benefits and will be binding on the NCDOT, its successors and assigns.

The NCDOT, in consideration of the conveyance of said lands and interests in lands, does hereby covenant and agree as a covenant running with the land for itself, its successors and assigns, that (1) no person will on the grounds of race, color, or national origin, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination with regard to any facility located wholly or in part on, over, or under such lands hereby conveyed [,] [and]* (2) that the NCDOT will use the lands and interests in lands and interests in lands so conveyed, in compliance with all requirements imposed by or pursuant to Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, U.S. Department of Transportation, Subtitle A, Office of the Secretary, Part 21, Non-discrimination in Federally-assisted programs of the U.S. Department of Transportation, Effectuation of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, and as said Regulations and Acts may be amended [, and (3) that in the event of breach of any of the above-mentioned nondiscrimination conditions, the Department will have a right to enter or re-enter said lands and facilities on said land, and that above described land and facilities will thereon revert to and vest in and become the absolute property of the U.S. Department of Transportation and its assigns as such interest existed prior to this instruction].*

(*Reverter clause and related language to be used only when it is determined that such a clause is necessary in order to make clear the purpose of Title VI.)

(b) Clauses for Transfer of Real Property Acquired or Improved Under the Activity, Facility, or Program (1050.2A, Appendix C)

The following clauses will be included in deeds, licenses, leases, permits, or similar instruments entered into by the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) pursuant to the provisions of Assurance 7(a):

1. The (grantee, lessee, permittee, etc. as appropriate) for himself/herself, his/her heirs, personal representatives, successors in interest, and assigns, as a part of the consideration hereof, does hereby covenant and agree [in the case of deeds and leases add "as a covenant running with the land"] that:
 - (i.) In the event facilities are constructed, maintained, or otherwise operated on the property described in this (deed, license, lease, permit, etc.) for a purpose for which a U.S. Department of Transportation activity, facility, or program is extended or for another purpose involving the provision of similar services or benefits, the (grantee, licensee, lessee, permittee, etc.) will maintain and operate such facilities and services in compliance with all requirements imposed by the Acts and Regulations (as may be amended) such that no person on the grounds of race, color, or national origin, will be excluded from participation in, denied the benefits of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination in the use of said facilities.
2. With respect to licenses, leases, permits, etc., in the event of breach of any of the above Nondiscrimination covenants, the NCDOT will have the right to terminate the (lease, license, permit, etc.) and to enter, re-enter, and repossess said lands and facilities thereon, and hold the same as if the (lease, license, permit, etc.) had never been made or issued. *
3. With respect to a deed, in the event of breach of any of the above Nondiscrimination covenants, the NCDOT will have the right to enter or re-enter the lands and facilities thereon, and the above described lands and facilities will there upon revert to and vest in and become the absolute property of the NCDOT and its assigns. *

(*Reverter clause and related language to be used only when it is determined that such a clause is necessary to make clear the purpose of Title VI.)

(c) Clauses for Construction/Use/Access to Real Property Acquired Under the Activity, Facility or Program (1050.2A, Appendix D)

The following clauses will be included in deeds, licenses, permits, or similar instruments/agreements entered into by the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) pursuant to the provisions of Assurance 7(b):

1. The (grantee, licensee, permittee, etc., as appropriate) for himself/herself, his/her heirs, personal representatives, successors in interest, and assigns, as a part of the consideration hereof, does hereby covenant and agree (in the case of deeds and leases add, "as a covenant running with the land") that (1) no person on the ground of race, color, or national origin, will be excluded from participation in, denied the benefits of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination in the use of said facilities, (2) that in the construction of any improvements on, over, or under such land, and the furnishing of services thereon, no person on the ground of race, color, or national origin, will be excluded from participation in, denied the benefits of, or otherwise be subjected to discrimination, (3) that the (grantee, licensee, lessee, permittee, etc.) will use the premises in compliance with all other requirements imposed by or pursuant to the Acts and Regulations, as amended, set forth in this Assurance.
2. With respect to (licenses, leases, permits, etc.), in the event of breach of any of the above Non-discrimination covenants, the NCDOT will have the right to terminate the (license, permit, etc., as appropriate) and to enter or re-enter and repossess said land and the facilities thereon, and hold the same as if said (license, permit, etc., as appropriate) had never been made or issued. *
3. With respect to deeds, in the event of breach of any of the above Nondiscrimination covenants, the NCDOT will there upon revert to and vest in and become the absolute property of the NCDOT and its assigns. *

(*Reverter clause and related language to be used only when it is determined that such a clause is necessary to make clear the purpose of Title VI.)

STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION**MINORITY AND FEMALE EMPLOYMENT REQUIREMENTS**

Z-7

NOTICE OF REQUIREMENTS FOR AFFIRMATIVE ACTION TO ENSURE EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY (EXECUTIVE NUMBER 11246)

1. The goals and timetables for minority and female participation, expressed in percentage terms for the Contractor's aggregate workforce in each trade on all construction work in the covered area, see as shown on the attached sheet entitled "Employment Goals for Minority and Female participation".

These goals are applicable to all the Contractor's construction work (whether or not it is Federal or federally assisted) performed in the covered area. If the Contractor performs construction work in a geographical area located outside of the covered area, it shall apply the goals established for such geographical area where the work is actually performed. With regard to this second area, the Contractor also is subject to the goals for both its federally involved and nonfederally involved construction.

The Contractor's compliance with the Executive Order and the regulations in *41 CFR Part 60-4* shall be based on its implementation of the Equal Opportunity Clause, specific affirmative action obligations required by the specifications set forth in *41 CFR 60-4.3(a)*, and its effort to meet the goals. The hours of minority and female employment and training must be substantially uniform throughout the length of the contract, and in each trade and the Contractor shall make a good faith effort to employ minorities and women evenly on each of its projects. The transfer of minority or female employees or trainees from Contractor to Contractor or from project to project or the sole purpose of meeting the Contractor's goals shall be a violation of the contract, the executive Order and the regulations in *41 CFR Part 60-4*. Compliance with the goals will be measured against the total work hours performed.

2. As used in this Notice and in the contract resulting from this solicitation, the "covered area" is the county or counties shown on the cover sheet of the proposal form and contract.

EMPLOYMENT GOALS FOR MINORITY AND FEMALE PARTICIPATIONEconomic Areas**Area 023 29.7%**

Bertie County
Camden County
Chowan County
Gates County
Hertford County
Pasquotank County
Perquimans County

Area 024 31.7%

Beaufort County
Carteret County
Craven County
Dare County
Edgecombe County
Green County

Area 026 33.5%

Bladen County
Hoke County
Richmond County
Robeson County
Sampson County
Scotland County

Area 027 24.7%

Chatham County
Franklin County
Granville County
Harnett County
Johnston County
Lee County
Person County

Area 029 15.7%

Alexander County
Anson County
Burke County
Cabarrus County
Caldwell County
Catawba County
Cleveland County
Iredell County
Lincoln County
Polk County
Rowan County
Rutherford County
Stanly County

Area 0480 8.5%

Halifax County
 Hyde County
 Jones County
 Lenoir County
 Martin County
 Nash County
 Northampton County
 Pamlico County
 Pitt County
 Tyrrell County
 Washington County
 Wayne County
 Wilson County

Area 025 23.5%

Columbus County
 Duplin County
 Onslow County
 Pender County

Vance County
 Warren County

Area 028 15.5%

Alleghany County
 Ashe County
 Caswell County
 Davie County
 Montgomery County
 Moore County
 Rockingham County
 Surry County
 Watauga County
 Wilkes County

Buncombe County
 Madison County

Area 030 6.3%

Avery County
 Cherokee County
 Clay County
 Graham County
 Haywood County
 Henderson County
 Jackson County
 McDowell County
 Macon County
 Mitchell County
 Swain County
 Transylvania County
 Yancey County

SMSA Areas

Area 5720 26.6%

Currituck County

Area 9200 20.7%

Brunswick County
 New Hanover County

Area 2560 24.2%

Cumberland County

Area 6640 22.8%

Durham County
 Orange County
 Wake County

Area 1300 16.2%

Alamance County

Area 3120 16.4%

Davidson County
 Forsyth County
 Guilford County
 Randolph County
 Stokes County
 Yadkin County

Area 1520 18.3%

Gaston County
 Mecklenburg County
 Union County

Goals for Female

Participation in Each Trade

(Statewide) 6.9%

STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION

REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FEDERAL - AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

FHWA - 1273 Electronic Version - May 1, 2012

Z-8

- I. General
- II. Nondiscrimination
- III. Nonsegregated Facilities
- IV. Davis-Bacon and Related Act Provisions
- V. Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act Provisions
- VI. Subletting or Assigning the Contract
- VII. Safety: Accident Prevention
- VIII. False Statements Concerning Highway Projects
- IX. Implementation of Clean Air Act and Federal Water Pollution Control Act
- X. Compliance with Governmentwide Suspension and Debarment Requirements
- XI. Certification Regarding Use of Contract Funds for Lobbying

ATTACHMENTS

- A. Employment and Materials Preference for Appalachian Development Highway System or Appalachian Local Access Road Contracts (included in Appalachian contracts only)

I. GENERAL

1. Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated in each construction contract funded under Title 23 (excluding emergency contracts solely intended for debris removal). The contractor (or subcontractor) must insert this form in each subcontract and further require its inclusion in all lower tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services).

The applicable requirements of Form FHWA-1273 are incorporated by reference for work done under any purchase order, rental agreement or agreement for other services. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Form FHWA-1273 must be included in all Federal-aid design-build contracts, in all subcontracts and in lower tier subcontracts (excluding subcontracts for design services, purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services). The design-builder shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Contracting agencies may reference Form FHWA-1273 in bid proposal or request for proposal documents, however, the Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated (not referenced) in all contracts, subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services related to a construction contract).

2. Subject to the applicability criteria noted in the following sections, these contract provisions shall apply to all work performed on the contract by the contractor's own organization and with the assistance of workers under the contractor's immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work, or by subcontract.
3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions may be sufficient grounds for withholding of progress payments, withholding of final payment, termination of the contract, suspension / debarment or any other action determined to be appropriate by the contracting agency and FHWA.
4. Selection of Labor: During the performance of this contract, the contractor shall not use convict labor for any purpose within the limits of a construction project on a Federal-aid highway unless it is labor performed by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation. The term Federal-aid highway does not include roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors.

II. NONDISCRIMINATION

The provisions of this section related to 23 CFR Part 230 are applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more. The provisions of 23 CFR Part 230 are not applicable to material supply, engineering, or architectural service contracts.

In addition, the contractor and all subcontractors must comply with the following policies: Executive Order 11246, 41 CFR 60, 29 CFR 1625-1627, Title 23 USC Section 140, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 USC 794), Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26 and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The contractor and all subcontractors must comply with: the requirements of the Equal Opportunity Clause in 41 CFR 60-1.4(b) and, for all construction contracts exceeding \$10,000, the Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications in 41 CFR 60-4.3.

Note: The U.S. Department of Labor has exclusive authority to determine compliance with Executive Order 11246 and the policies of the Secretary of Labor including 41 CFR 60, and 29 CFR 1625-1627. The contracting agency and the FHWA have the authority and the responsibility to ensure compliance with Title 23 USC Section 140, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 USC 794), and Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26 and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The following provision is adopted from 23 CFR 230, Appendix A, with appropriate revisions to conform to the U.S. Department of Labor (US DOL) and FHWA requirements.

1. **Equal Employment Opportunity:** Equal employment opportunity (EEO) requirements not to discriminate and to take affirmative action to assure equal opportunity as set forth under laws, executive orders, rules, regulations (28 CFR 35, 29 CFR 1630, 29 CFR 1625-1627, 41 CFR 60 and 49 CFR 27) and orders of the Secretary of Labor as modified by the provisions prescribed herein, and imposed pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 140 shall constitute the EEO and specific affirmative action standards for the contractor's project activities under this contract. The provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) set forth under 28 CFR 35 and 29 CFR 1630 are incorporated by reference in this contract. In the execution of this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with the following minimum specific requirement activities of EEO:
 - a. The contractor will work with the contracting agency and the Federal Government to ensure that it has made every good faith effort to provide equal opportunity with respect to all of its terms and conditions of employment and in their review of activities under the contract.
 - b. The contractor will accept as its operating policy the following statement:
 "It is the policy of this Company to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, sex, color, national origin, age or disability. Such action shall include: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship, pre-apprenticeship, and/or on-the-job training."
2. **EEO Officer:** The contractor will designate and make known to the contracting officers an EEO Officer who will have the responsibility for and must be capable of effectively administering and promoting an active EEO program and who must be assigned adequate authority and responsibility to do so.

3. **Dissemination of Policy:** All members of the contractor's staff who are authorized to hire, supervise, promote, and discharge employees, or who recommend such action, or who are substantially involved in such action, will be made fully cognizant of, and will implement, the contractor's EEO policy and contractual responsibilities to provide EEO in each grade and classification of employment. To ensure that the above agreement will be met, the following actions will be taken as a minimum:
 - a. Periodic meetings of supervisory and personnel office employees will be conducted before the start of work and then not less often than once every six months, at which time the contractor's EEO policy and its implementation will be reviewed and explained. The meetings will be conducted by the EEO Officer.
 - b. All new supervisory or personnel office employees will be given a thorough indoctrination by the EEO Officer, covering all major aspects of the contractor's EEO obligations within thirty days following their reporting for duty with the contractor.
 - c. All personnel who are engaged in direct recruitment for the project will be instructed by the EEO Officer in the contractor's procedures for locating and hiring minorities and women.
 - d. Notices and posters setting forth the contractor's EEO policy will be placed in areas readily accessible to employees, applicants for employment and potential employees.
 - e. The contractor's EEO policy and the procedures to implement such policy will be brought to the attention of employees by means of meetings, employee handbooks, or other appropriate means.
4. **Recruitment:** When advertising for employees, the contractor will include in all advertisements for employees the notation: "An Equal Opportunity Employer." All such advertisements will be placed in publications having a large circulation among minorities and women in the area from which the project work force would normally be derived.
 - a. The contractor will, unless precluded by a valid bargaining agreement, conduct systematic and direct recruitment through public and private employee referral sources likely to yield qualified minorities and women. To meet this requirement, the contractor will identify sources of potential minority group employees, and establish with such identified sources procedures whereby minority and women applicants may be referred to the contractor for employment consideration.
 - b. In the event the contractor has a valid bargaining agreement providing for exclusive hiring hall referrals, the contractor is expected to observe the provisions of that agreement to the extent that the system meets the contractor's compliance with EEO contract provisions. Where implementation of such an agreement has the effect of discriminating against minorities or women, or obligates the contractor to do the same, such implementation violates Federal nondiscrimination provisions.
 - c. The contractor will encourage its present employees to refer minorities and women as applicants for employment. Information and procedures with regard to referring such applicants will be discussed with employees.
5. **Personnel Actions:** Wages, working conditions, and employee benefits shall be established and administered, and personnel actions of every type, including hiring, upgrading, promotion, transfer, demotion, layoff, and termination, shall be taken without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability. The following procedures shall be followed:
 - a. The contractor will conduct periodic inspections of project sites to insure that working conditions and employee facilities do not indicate discriminatory treatment of project site personnel.
 - b. The contractor will periodically evaluate the spread of wages paid within each classification to determine any evidence of discriminatory wage practices.
 - c. The contractor will periodically review selected personnel actions in depth to determine whether there is evidence of discrimination. Where evidence is found, the contractor will promptly take corrective action. If the review indicates that the discrimination may extend beyond the actions reviewed, such corrective action shall include all affected persons.
 - d. The contractor will promptly investigate all complaints of alleged discrimination made to the contractor in connection with its obligations under this contract, will attempt to resolve such complaints, and will take appropriate corrective action within a reasonable time. If the investigation indicates that the discrimination may affect persons other than the complainant, such corrective action shall include such other persons. Upon completion of each investigation, the contractor will inform every complainant of all of their avenues of appeal.
6. **Training and Promotion:**
 - a. The contractor will assist in locating, qualifying, and increasing the skills of minorities and women who are applicants for employment or current employees. Such efforts should be aimed at developing full journey level status employees in the type of trade or job classification involved.
 - b. Consistent with the contractor's work force requirements and as permissible under Federal and State regulations, the contractor shall make full use of training programs, i.e., apprenticeship, and on-the-job training programs for the geographical area of contract performance. In the event a special provision for training is provided under this contract, this subparagraph will be superseded as indicated in the special provision. The contracting agency may reserve training positions for persons who receive welfare assistance in accordance with 23 U.S.C. 140(a).
 - c. The contractor will advise employees and applicants for employment of available training programs and entrance requirements for each.
 - d. The contractor will periodically review the training and promotion potential of employees who are minorities and women and will encourage eligible employees to apply for such training and promotion.
7. **Unions:** If the contractor relies in whole or in part upon unions as a source of employees, the contractor will use good faith efforts to obtain the cooperation of such unions to increase opportunities for minorities and women. Actions by the contractor, either directly or through a contractor's association acting as agent, will include the procedures set forth below:
 - a. The contractor will use good faith efforts to develop, in cooperation with the unions, joint training programs aimed toward qualifying more minorities and women for membership in the unions and increasing the skills of minorities and women so that they may qualify for higher paying employment.
 - b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to incorporate an EEO clause into each union agreement to the end that such union will be contractually bound to refer applicants without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability.
 - c. The contractor is to obtain information as to the referral practices and policies of the labor union except that to the extent such information is within the exclusive possession of the labor union and such labor union refuses to furnish such information to the contractor, the contractor shall so certify to the contracting agency and shall set forth what efforts have been made to obtain such information.
 - d. In the event the union is unable to provide the contractor with a reasonable flow of referrals within the time limit set forth in the collective bargaining agreement, the contractor will, through independent recruitment efforts, fill the employment vacancies without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability; making full efforts to obtain qualified and/or qualifiable minorities and women. The failure of a union to provide sufficient referrals (even though it is obligated to provide exclusive referrals under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement) does not relieve the contractor from the requirements of this paragraph. In the event the union referral practice prevents the contractor from meeting the obligations pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and these special provisions, such contractor shall immediately notify the contracting agency.
8. **Reasonable Accommodation for Applicants / Employees with Disabilities:** The contractor must be familiar with the requirements for and comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act and all rules and regulations established there under. Employers must provide reasonable accommodation in all employment activities unless to do so would cause an undue hardship.
9. **Selection of Subcontractors, Procurement of Materials and Leasing of Equipment:** The contractor shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the administration of this contract.
 - a. The contractor shall notify all potential subcontractors and suppliers and lessors of their EEO obligations under this contract.
 - b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to ensure subcontractor compliance with their EEO obligations.

10. Assurance Required by 49 CFR 26.13(b):

- a. The requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and the State DOT's U.S. DOT-approved DBE program are incorporated by reference.
- b. The contractor or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the contracting agency deems appropriate.

11. Records and Reports: The contractor shall keep such records as necessary to document compliance with the EEO requirements. Such records shall be retained for a period of three years following the date of the final payment to the contractor for all contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the contracting agency and the FHWA.

- a. The records kept by the contractor shall document the following:
 - (1) The number and work hours of minority and non-minority group members and women employed in each work classification on the project;
 - (2) The progress and efforts being made in cooperation with unions, when applicable, to increase employment opportunities for minorities and women; and
 - (3) The progress and efforts being made in locating, hiring, training, qualifying, and upgrading minorities and women;
- b. The contractors and subcontractors will submit an annual report to the contracting agency each July for the duration of the project, indicating the number of minority, women, and non-minority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. This information is to be reported on Form FHWA-1391. The staffing data should represent the project work force on board in all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July. If on-the-job training is being required by special provision, the contractor will be required to collect and report training data. The employment data should reflect the work force on board during all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July.

III. NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more.

The contractor must ensure that facilities provided for employees are provided in such a manner that segregation on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin cannot result. The contractor may neither require such segregated use by written or oral policies nor tolerate such use by employee custom. The contractor's obligation extends further to ensure that its employees are not assigned to perform their services at any location, under the contractor's control, where the facilities are segregated. The term "facilities" includes waiting rooms, work areas, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, restrooms, washrooms, locker rooms, and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing provided for employees. The contractor shall provide separate or single-user restrooms and necessary dressing or sleeping areas to assure privacy between sexes.

IV. DAVIS-BACON AND RELATED ACT PROVISIONS

This section is applicable to all Federal-aid construction projects exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (regardless of subcontract size). The requirements apply to all projects located within the right-of-way of a roadway that is functionally classified as Federal-aid highway. This excludes roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors, which are exempt. Contracting agencies may elect to apply these requirements to other projects.

The following provisions are from the U.S. Department of Labor regulations in 29 CFR 5.5 "Contract provisions and related matters" with minor revisions to conform to the FHWA-1273 format and FHWA program requirements.

1. Minimum wages

- a. All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work, will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR part 3)), the full amount of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor and such laborers and mechanics.

Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under section 1(b)(2) of the Davis-Bacon Act on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of paragraph 1.d. of this section; also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics shall be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in 29 CFR 5.5(a)(4). Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein: Provided, That the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classification and wage rates conformed under paragraph 1.b. of this section) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH-1321) shall be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.

- b. (1) The contracting officer shall require that any class of laborers or mechanics, including helpers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination. The contracting officer shall approve an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits therefore only when the following criteria have been met:
 - (i) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination; and
 - (ii) The classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry; and
 - (iii) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.
 - (2) If the contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by the contracting officer to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, Employment Standards Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, DC 20210. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.
 - (3) In the event the contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Wage and Hour Administrator for determination. The Wage and Hour Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.
 - (4) The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraphs 1.b.(2) or 1.b.(3) of this section, shall be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.
- c. Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or shall pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.

- d. If the contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program. Provided, That the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.
2. **Withholding.** The contracting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor under this contract, or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally-assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements, which is held by the same prime contractor, so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay laborers and mechanics, including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, employed by the contractor or any subcontractor the full amount of wages required by the contract. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee, or helper, employed or working on the site of the work, all or part of the wages required by the contract, the contracting agency may, after written notice to the contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.
3. **Payrolls and basic records**
- a. Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the contractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of three years thereafter for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work. Such records shall contain the name, address, and social security number of each such worker, his or her correct classification, hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act), daily and weekly number of hours worked, deductions made and actual wages paid. Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(iv) that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act, the contractor shall maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits. Contractors employing apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs and certification of trainee programs, the registration of the apprentices and trainees, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.
- b. (1) The contractor shall submit weekly for each week in which any contract work is performed a copy of all payrolls to the contracting agency. The payrolls submitted shall set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3)(i), except that full social security numbers and home addresses shall not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead the payrolls shall only need to include an individually identifying number for each employee (e.g. , the last four digits of the employee's social security number). The required weekly payroll information may be submitted in any form desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose from the Wage and Hour Division Web site at <http://www.dol.gov/esa/vhd/forms/wh347instr.htm> or its successor site. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of copies of payrolls by all subcontractors. Contractors and subcontractors shall maintain the full social security number and current address of each covered worker, and shall provide them upon request to the contracting agency for transmission to the State DOT, the FHWA or the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or audit of compliance with prevailing wage requirements. It is not a violation of this section for a prime contractor to require a subcontractor to provide addresses and social security numbers to the prime contractor for its own records, without weekly submission to the contracting agency.
- (2) Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or subcontractor or his or her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the contract and shall certify the following:
- (i) That the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under §5.5 (a)(3)(ii) of Regulations, 29 CFR part 5, the appropriate information is being maintained under §5.5 (a)(3)(i) of Regulations, 29 CFR part 5, and that such information is correct and complete;
- (ii) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in Regulations, 29 CFR part 3;
- (iii) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification of work performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.
- (3) The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH-347 shall satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph 3.b.(2) of this section.
- (4) The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under section 1001 of title 18 and section 231 of title 31 of the United States Code.
- c. The contractor or subcontractor shall make the records required under paragraph 3.a. of this section available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor, and shall permit such representatives to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, the FHWA may, after written notice to the contractor, the contracting agency or the State DOT, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR 5.12.
4. **Apprentices and trainees**
- a. Apprentices (programs of the USDOL). Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they performed when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, or if a person is employed in his or her first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprenticeship program, who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice.
- The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeymen on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated above, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyman's hourly rate) specified in the contractor's or subcontractor's registered program shall be observed.
- Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program for the apprentice's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeymen hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringes shall be paid in accordance with that determination.

In the event the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

- b. Trainees (programs of the USDOL). Except as provided in 29 CFR 5.16, trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed unless they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration.

The ratio of trainees to journeymen on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under the plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration.

Every trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the approved program for the trainee's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination unless the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship program associated with the corresponding journeyman wage rate on the wage determination which provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee rate who is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.

In the event the Employment and Training Administration withdraws approval of a training program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

- c. Equal employment opportunity. The utilization of apprentices, trainees and journeymen under this part shall be in conformity with the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and 29 CFR part 30.
- d. Apprentices and Trainees (programs of the U.S. DOT). Apprentices and trainees working under apprenticeship and skill training programs which have been certified by the Secretary of Transportation as promoting EEO in connection with Federal-aid highway construction programs are not subject to the requirements of paragraph 4 of this Section IV. The straight time hourly wage rates for apprentices and trainees under such programs will be established by the particular programs. The ratio of apprentices and trainees to journeymen shall not be greater than permitted by the terms of the particular program.
5. **Compliance with Copeland Act requirements.** The contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR part 3, which are incorporated by reference in this contract.
6. **Subcontracts.** The contractor or subcontractor shall insert Form FHWA-1273 in any subcontracts and also require the subcontractors to include Form FHWA-1273 in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5.
7. **Contract termination: debarment.** A breach of the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5 may be grounds for termination of the contract, and for debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.
8. **Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act requirements.** All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract.
9. **Disputes concerning labor standards.** Disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.
10. **Certification of eligibility.**
- By entering into this contract, the contractor certifies that neither it (nor he or she) nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).
 - No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).
 - The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Criminal Code, 18 U.S.C. 1001.

V. CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT

The following clauses apply to any Federal-aid construction contract in an amount in excess of \$100,000 and subject to the overtime provisions of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act. These clauses shall be inserted in addition to the clauses required by 29 CFR 5.5(a) or 29 CFR 4.6. As used in this paragraph, the terms laborers and mechanics include watchmen and guards.

- Overtime requirements.** No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek.
- Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages.** In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section, the contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefor shall be liable for the unpaid wages. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or mechanic, including watchmen and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section, in the sum of \$10 for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section.
- Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages.** The FHWA or the contracting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor withhold or cause to be withheld, from any moneys payable on account of work performed by the contractor or subcontractor under any such contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally-assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, which is held by the same prime contractor, such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such contractor or subcontractor for unpaid wages and liquidated damages as provided in the clause set forth in paragraph (2.) of this section.
- Subcontracts.** The contractor or subcontractor shall insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in paragraph (1.) through (4.) of this section and also a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in paragraphs (1.) through (4.) of this section.

VI. SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING THE CONTRACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts on the National Highway System.

- The contractor shall perform with its own organization contract work amounting to not less than 30 percent (or a greater percentage if specified elsewhere in the contract) of the total original contract price, excluding any specialty items designated by the contracting agency. Specialty items may be performed by subcontract and the amount of any such specialty items performed may be deducted from the total original contract price before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the contractor's own organization (23 CFR 635.116).

- a. The term "perform work with its own organization" refers to workers employed or leased by the prime contractor, and equipment owned or rented by the prime contractor, with or without operators. Such term does not include employees or equipment of a subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor, agents of the prime contractor, or any other assignees. The term may include payments for the costs of hiring leased employees from an employee leasing firm meeting all relevant Federal and State regulatory requirements. Leased employees may only be included in this term if the prime contractor meets all of the following conditions:
 - (1) the prime contractor maintains control over the supervision of the day-to-day activities of the leased employees;
 - (2) the prime contractor remains responsible for the quality of the work of the leased employees;
 - (3) the prime contractor retains all power to accept or exclude individual employees from work on the project; and
 - (4) the prime contractor remains ultimately responsible for the payment of predetermined minimum wages, the submission of payrolls, statements of compliance and all other Federal regulatory requirements.
 - b. "Specialty Items" shall be construed to be limited to work that requires highly specialized knowledge, abilities, or equipment not ordinarily available in the type of contracting organizations qualified and expected to bid or propose on the contract as a whole and in general are to be limited to minor components of the overall contract.
2. The contract amount upon which the requirements set forth in paragraph (1) of Section VI is computed includes the cost of material and manufactured products which are to be purchased or produced by the contractor under the contract provisions.
 3. The contractor shall furnish (a) a competent superintendent or supervisor who is employed by the firm, has full authority to direct performance of the work in accordance with the contract requirements, and is in charge of all construction operations (regardless of who performs the work) and (b) such other of its own organizational resources (supervision, management, and engineering services) as the contracting officer determines is necessary to assure the performance of the contract.
 4. No portion of the contract shall be sublet, assigned or otherwise disposed of except with the written consent of the contracting officer, or authorized representative, and such consent when given shall not be construed to relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the fulfillment of the contract. Written consent will be given only after the contracting agency has assured that each subcontract is evidenced in writing and that it contains all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract.
 5. The 30% self-performance requirement of paragraph (1) is not applicable to design-build contracts; however, contracting agencies may establish their own self-performance requirements.

VII. SAFETY: ACCIDENT PREVENTION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

1. In the performance of this contract the contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws governing safety, health, and sanitation (23 CFR 635). The contractor shall provide all safeguards, safety devices and protective equipment and take any other needed actions as it determines, or as the contracting officer may determine, to be reasonably necessary to protect the life and health of employees on the job and the safety of the public and to protect property in connection with the performance of the work covered by the contract.
2. It is a condition of this contract, and shall be made a condition of each subcontract, which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract, that the contractor and any subcontractor shall not permit any employee, in performance of the contract, to work in surroundings or under conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to his/her health or safety, as determined under construction safety and health standards (29 CFR 1926) promulgated by the Secretary of Labor, in accordance with Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704).
3. Pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.3, it is a condition of this contract that the Secretary of Labor or authorized representative thereof, shall have right of entry to any site of contract performance to inspect or investigate the matter of compliance with the construction safety and health standards and to carry out the duties of the Secretary under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C.3704).

VIII. FALSE STATEMENTS CONCERNING HIGHWAY PROJECTS

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

In order to assure high quality and durable construction in conformity with approved plans and specifications and a high degree of reliability on statements and representations made by engineers, contractors, suppliers, and workers on Federal-aid highway projects, it is essential that all persons concerned with the project perform their functions as carefully, thoroughly, and honestly as possible. Willful falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project is a violation of Federal law. To prevent any misunderstanding regarding the seriousness of these and similar acts, Form FHWA-1022 shall be posted on each Federal-aid highway project (23 CFR 635) in one or more places where it is readily available to all persons concerned with the project:

18 U.S.C. 1020 reads as follows:

"Whoever, being an officer, agent, or employee of the United States, or of any State or Territory, or whoever, whether a person, association, firm, or corporation, knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, or false report as to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of the material used or to be used, or the quantity or quality of the work performed or to be performed, or the cost thereof in connection with the submission of plans, maps, specifications, contracts, or costs of construction on any highway or related project submitted for approval to the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, false report or false claim with respect to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of any work performed or to be performed, or materials furnished or to be furnished, in connection with the construction of any highway or related project approved by the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or false representation as to material fact in any statement, certificate, or report submitted pursuant to provisions of the Federal-aid Roads Act approved July 1, 1916, (39 Stat. 355), as amended and supplemented;

Shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 5 years or both."

IX. IMPLEMENTATION OF CLEAN AIR ACT AND FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

By submission of this bid/proposal or the execution of this contract, or subcontract, as appropriate, the bidder, proposer, Federal-aid construction contractor, or subcontractor, as appropriate, will be deemed to have stipulated as follows:

1. That any person who is or will be utilized in the performance of this contract is not prohibited from receiving an award due to a violation of Section 508 of the Clean Water Act or Section 306 of the Clean Air Act.
2. That the contractor agrees to include or cause to be included the requirements of paragraph (1) of this Section X in every subcontract, and further agrees to take such action as the contracting agency may direct as a means of enforcing such requirements.

X. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, INELIGIBILITY AND VOLUNTARY EXCLUSION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, consultant contracts or any other covered transaction requiring FHWA approval or that is estimated to cost \$25,000 or more – as defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200.

1. Instructions for Certification – First Tier Participants:

- a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective first tier participant is providing the certification set out below.
- b. The inability of a person to provide the certification set out below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective first tier participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective first tier participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such a person from participation in this transaction.
- c. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the contracting agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the contracting agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default.
- d. The prospective first tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the contracting agency to whom this proposal is submitted if any time the prospective first tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- e. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).
- f. The prospective first tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction.
- g. The prospective first tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transactions," provided by the department or contracting agency, entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold.
- h. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the Excluded Parties List System website (<https://www.epls.gov/>), which is compiled by the General Services Administration.
- i. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require the establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of the prospective participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- j. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph (f) of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default.

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2. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion – First Tier Participants:

- a. The prospective first tier participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:
 - (1) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;
 - (2) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property;
 - (3) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of this certification; and
 - (4) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.
- b. Where the prospective participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

2. Instructions for Certification - Lower Tier Participants:

(Applicable to all subcontracts, purchase orders and other lower tier transactions requiring prior FHWA approval or estimated to cost \$25,000 or more - 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200)

- a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier is providing the certification set out below.
- b. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department, or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.
- c. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- d. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).
- e. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated.
- f. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold.

- g. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the Excluded Parties List System website (<https://www.epls.gov/>), which is compiled by the General Services Administration.
- h. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- i. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph e of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

* * * * *

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Participants:

- 1. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency.
- 2. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

* * * * *

XI. CERTIFICATION REGARDING USE OF CONTRACT FUNDS FOR LOBBYING

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts which exceed \$100,000 (49 CFR 20).

- 1. The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:
 - a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
 - b. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.
- 2. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.
- 3. The prospective participant also agrees by submitting its bid or proposal that the participant shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION**ON-THE-JOB TRAINING**

(10-16-07) (Rev. 4-21-15)

Z-10

Description

The North Carolina Department of Transportation will administer a custom version of the Federal On-the-Job Training (OJT) Program, commonly referred to as the Alternate OJT Program. All contractors (existing and newcomers) will be automatically placed in the Alternate Program. Standard OJT requirements typically associated with individual projects will no longer be applied at the project level. Instead, these requirements will be applicable on an annual basis for each contractor administered by the OJT Program Manager.

On the Job Training shall meet the requirements of 23 CFR 230.107 (b), 23 USC – Section 140, this provision and the On-the-Job Training Program Manual.

The Alternate OJT Program will allow a contractor to train employees on Federal, State and privately funded projects located in North Carolina. However, priority shall be given to training employees on NCDOT Federal-Aid funded projects.

Minorities and Women

Developing, training and upgrading of minorities and women toward journeyman level status is a primary objective of this special training provision. Accordingly, the Contractor shall make every effort to enroll minority and women as trainees to the extent that such persons are available within a reasonable area of recruitment. This training commitment is not intended, and shall not be used, to discriminate against any applicant for training, whether a member of a minority group or not.

Assigning Training Goals

The Department, through the OJT Program Manager, will assign training goals for a calendar year based on the contractors' past three years' activity and the contractors' anticipated upcoming year's activity with the Department. At the beginning of each year, all contractors eligible will be contacted by the Department to determine the number of trainees that will be assigned for the upcoming calendar year. At that time the Contractor shall enter into an agreement with the Department to provide a self-imposed on-the-job training program for the calendar year. This agreement will include a specific number of annual training goals agreed to by both parties. The number of training assignments may range from 1 to 15 per contractor per calendar year. The Contractor shall sign an agreement to fulfill their annual goal for the year.

Training Classifications

The Contractor shall provide on-the-job training aimed at developing full journeyman level workers in the construction craft/operator positions. Preference shall be given to providing training in the following skilled work classifications:

| | |
|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| Equipment Operators | Office Engineers |
| Truck Drivers | Estimators |
| Carpenters | Iron / Reinforcing Steel Workers |
| Concrete Finishers | Mechanics |
| Pipe Layers | Welders |

The Department has established common training classifications and their respective training requirements that may be used by the contractors. However, the classifications established are not all-inclusive. Where the training is oriented toward construction applications, training will be allowed in lower-level management positions such as office engineers and estimators. Contractors shall submit new classifications for specific job functions that their employees are performing. The Department will review and recommend for acceptance to FHWA the new classifications proposed by contractors, if applicable. New classifications shall meet the following requirements:

Proposed training classifications are reasonable and realistic based on the job skill classification needs, and

The number of training hours specified in the training classification is consistent with common practices and provides enough time for the trainee to obtain journeyman level status.

The Contractor may allow trainees to be trained by a subcontractor provided that the Contractor retains primary responsibility for meeting the training and this provision is made applicable to the subcontract. However, only the Contractor will receive credit towards the annual goal for the trainee.

Where feasible, 25 percent of apprentices or trainees in each occupation shall be in their first year of apprenticeship or training. The number of trainees shall be distributed among the work classifications on the basis of the contractor's needs and the availability of journeymen in the various classifications within a reasonable area of recruitment.

No employee shall be employed as a trainee in any classification in which they have successfully completed a training course leading to journeyman level status or in which they have been employed as a journeyman.

Records and Reports

The Contractor shall maintain enrollment, monthly and completion reports documenting company compliance under these contract documents. These documents and any other information as requested shall be submitted to the OJT Program Manager.

Upon completion and graduation of the program, the Contractor shall provide each trainee with a certification Certificate showing the type and length of training satisfactorily completed.

Trainee Interviews

All trainees enrolled in the program will receive an initial and Trainee/Post graduate interview conducted by the OJT program staff.

Trainee Wages

Contractors shall compensate trainees on a graduating pay scale based upon a percentage of the prevailing minimum journeyman wages (Davis-Bacon Act). Minimum pay shall be as follows:

| | |
|------------|---|
| 60 percent | of the journeyman wage for the first half of the training period |
| 75 percent | of the journeyman wage for the third quarter of the training period |
| 90 percent | of the journeyman wage for the last quarter of the training period |

In no instance shall a trainee be paid less than the local minimum wage. The Contractor shall adhere to the minimum hourly wage rate that will satisfy both the NC Department of Labor (NCDOL) and the Department.

Achieving or Failing to Meet Training Goals

The Contractor will be credited for each trainee employed by him on the contract work who is currently enrolled or becomes enrolled in an approved program and who receives training for at least 50 percent of the specific program requirement. Trainees will be allowed to be transferred between projects if required by the Contractor's scheduled workload to meet training goals.

If a contractor fails to attain their training assignments for the calendar year, they may be taken off the NCDOT's Bidders List.

Measurement and Payment

No compensation will be made for providing required training in accordance with these contract documents.

STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION**MINIMUM WAGES****GENERAL DECISION NC180103 01/05/2018 NC103**

Z-103

Date: January 5, 2018

General Decision Number: NC180103 01/05/2018 NC103

Superseded General Decision Numbers: NC20170103

State: North Carolina

Construction Type: HIGHWAY

COUNTIES:

| | | |
|------------|-------------|--------|
| Brunswick | Greene | Onslow |
| Cumberland | Hoke | Pender |
| Currituck | Johnston | Pitt |
| Edgecombe | Nash | Wake |
| Franklin | New Hanover | Wayne |

HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS (excluding tunnels, building structures in rest area projects & railroad construction; bascule, suspension & spandrel arch bridges designed for commercial navigation, bridges involving marine construction; and other major bridges).

Note: Under Executive Order (EO) 13658, an hourly minimum wage of \$10.35 for calendar year 2018 that applies to all contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act for which the contract is awarded (and any solicitation was issued) on or after January 1, 2015. If this contract is covered by the EO, the contractor must pay all workers in any classification listed on this wage determination at least \$10.35 per hour (or the applicable wage rate listed on this wage determination, if it is higher) for all hours spent performing on the contract for calendar year 2018. The EO minimum wage rate will be adjusted annually. Please note that this EO applies to the above-mentioned types of contracts entered into by the federal government that are subject to the Davis-Bacon Act itself, but it does not apply to contracts subject only to the Davis-Bacon Related Acts, including those set forth at 29 CFR 5.1(a)(2) – (60). Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the EO is available at www.dol.gov/whd/govcontracts.

Modification Number

0

Publication Date

01/05/2018

SUNC2014-005 11/17/2014

| | Rates | Fringes |
|---------------------------------------|-------|---------|
| BLASTER | 21.04 | |
| CARPENTER | 13.72 | |
| CEMENT MASON/CONCRETE FINISHER | 14.48 | |
| ELECTRICIAN | | |
| Electrician | 17.97 | |
| Telecommunications Technician | 16.79 | .63 |
| IRONWORKER | 16.02 | |
| LABORER | | |
| Asphalt Raker and Spreader | 12.46 | |
| Asphalt Screed/Jackman | 14.33 | |
| Carpenter Tender | 12.88 | |
| Cement Mason/Concrete Finisher Tender | 12.54 | |
| Common or General | 10.20 | |

| | Rates | Fringes |
|---|-------|---------|
| Guardrail/Fence Installer | 12.87 | |
| Pipelayer | 12.17 | |
| Traffic Signal/Lighting Installer | 14.89 | |
| PAINTER | | |
| Bridge | 24.57 | |
| POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATORS | | |
| Asphalt Broom Tractor | 11.85 | |
| Bulldozer Fine | 17.04 | |
| Bulldozer Rough | 14.34 | |
| Concrete Grinder/Groover | 20.34 | 2.30 |
| Crane Boom Trucks | 20.54 | |
| Crane Other | 20.08 | |
| Crane Rough/All-Terrain | 20.67 | |
| Drill Operator Rock | 14.38 | |
| Drill Operator Structure | 21.14 | |
| Excavator Fine | 16.60 | |
| Excavator Rough | 14.00 | |
| Grader/Blade Fine | 18.47 | |
| Grader/Blade Rough | 14.62 | |
| Loader 2 Cubic Yards or Less | 13.76 | |
| Loader Greater Than 2 Cubic Yards | 14.14 | |
| Material Transfer Vehicle (Shuttle Buggy) | 15.18 | |
| Mechanic | 17.55 | |
| Milling Machine | 15.36 | |
| Off-Road Hauler/Water Tanker | 11.36 | |
| Oiler/Greaser | 13.55 | |
| Pavement Marking Equipment | 12.11 | |
| Paver Asphalt | 15.59 | |
| Paver Concrete | 18.20 | |
| Roller Asphalt Breakdown | 12.45 | |
| Roller Asphalt Finish | 13.85 | |
| Roller Other | 11.36 | |
| Scraper Finish | 12.71 | |
| Scraper Rough | 11.35 | |
| Slip Form Machine | 16.50 | |
| Tack Truck/Distributor Operator | 14.52 | |
| TRUCK DRIVER | | |
| GVWR of 26,000 Lbs or Less | 11.12 | |
| GVWR of 26,000 Lbs or Greater | 12.37 | |

Welders – Receive rate prescribed for craft performing operation to which welding is incidental.

Note: Executive Order (EO) 13706, Establishing Paid Sick Leave for Federal Contractors applies to all contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act for which the contract is awarded (and any solicitation was issued) on or after January 1, 2017. If this contract is covered by the EO, the contractor must provide employees with 1 hour of paid sick leave for every 30 hours they work, up to 56 hours of paid sick leave each year. Employees must be permitted to use paid sick leave for their own illness, injury or other health-related needs, including preventive care; to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is ill, injured, or has other health-related needs, including preventive care; or for reasons resulting from, or to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is a victim of, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking. Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the EO is available at www.dol.gov/whd/govcontracts.

Unlisted classifications needed for work not included within the scope of the classifications listed may be added after award only as provided in the labor standards contract clauses (29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(ii)).

The body of each wage determination lists the classification and wage rates that have been found to be prevailing for the cited type(s) of construction in the area covered by the wage determination. The classifications are listed in alphabetical order of "identifiers" that indicate whether the particular rate is a union rate (current union negotiated rate for local), a survey rate (weighted average rate) or a union average rate (weighted union average rate).

Union Rate Identifiers

A four letter classification abbreviation identifier enclosed in dotted lines beginning with characters other than "SU" or "UAVG" denotes that the union classification and rate were prevailing for that classification in the survey. Example: PLUM0198-005 07/01/2014. PLUM is an abbreviation identifier of the union which prevailed in the survey for this classification, which in this example would be Plumbers. 0198 indicates the local union number or district council number where applicable, i.e., Plumbers Local 0198. The next number, 005 in the example, is an internal number used in processing the wage determination. 07/01/2014 is the effective date of the most current negotiated rate, which in this example is July 1, 2014.

Union prevailing wage rates are updated to reflect all rate changes in the collective bargaining agreement (CBA) governing this classification and rate.

Survey Rate Identifiers

Classifications listed under the "SU" identifier indicate that no one rate prevailed for this classification in the survey and the published rate is derived by computing a weighted average rate based on all the rates reported in the survey for that classification. As this weighted average rate includes all rates reported in the survey, it may include both union and non-union rates. Example: SULA2012-007 5/13/2014. SU indicates the rates are survey rates based on a weighted average calculation of rates and are not majority rates. LA indicates the State of Louisiana. 2012 is the year of survey on which these classifications and rates are based. The next number, 007 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 5/13/2014 indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier. Survey wage rates are not updated and remain in effect until a new survey is conducted.

Union Average Rate Identifiers

Classification(s) listed under the UAVG identifier indicate that no single majority rate prevailed for those classifications; however, 100% of the data reported for the classifications was union data. EXAMPLE: UAVG-OH-0010 08/29/2014. UAVG indicates that the rate is a weighted union average rate. OH indicates the state. The next number, 0010 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 08/29/2014 indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

A UAVG rate will be updated once a year, usually in January of each year, to reflect a weighted average of the current negotiated/CBA rate of the union locals from which the rate is based.

WAGE DETERMINATION APPEALS PROCESS

- 1.) Has there been an initial decision in the matter? This can be:
- * an existing published wage determination
 - * a survey underlying a wage determination
 - * a Wage and Hour Division letter setting forth a position on a wage determination matter
 - * a conformance (additional classification and rate) ruling

On survey related matters, initial contact, including requests for summaries of surveys, should be with the Wage and Hour Regional Office for the area in which the survey was conducted because those Regional Offices have responsibility for the Davis-Bacon survey program. If the response from this initial contact is not satisfactory, then the process described in 2.) and 3.) should be followed.

With regard to any other matter not yet ripe for the formal process described here, initial contact should be with the Branch of Construction Wage Determinations. Write to:

Branch of Construction Wage Determinations
Wage and Hour Division
U. S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20210

- 2.) If the answer to the question in 1.) is yes, then an interested party (those affected by the action) can request review and reconsideration from the Wage and Hour Administrator (See 29 CFR Part 1.8 and 29 CFR Part 7). Write to:

Wage and Hour Administrator
U.S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20210

The request should be accompanied by a full statement of the interested party's position and by any information (wage payment data, project description, area practice material, etc.) that the requestor considers relevant to the issue.

- 3.) If the decision of the Administrator is not favorable, an interested party may appeal directly to the Administrative Review Board (formerly the Wage Appeals Board). Write to:

Administrative Review Board
U.S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20210

- 4.) All decisions by the Administrative Review Board are final.

END OF GENERAL DECISION

PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS**ROADWAY****RIGHT OF WAY AND EASEMENT STAKING:**

(3-7-2017)

Description

The work covered by this provision will be in addition to all elements of work in the following Sections of the *Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures*:

- 801 – Construction Stakes, Lines and Grade

In lieu of the Department establishing the location of markers and easements as described in Section 801-2 (D), The Contract Surveyor shall be responsible for establishing the location and subsequent staking of all proposed or existing right-of-way markers, control-of-access markers and permanent easement markers. The Department will provide both the right-of-way monument cap and carsonite witness stake for all the requirements. This work shall be considered part of Construction Surveying.

Measurement and Payment

Construction Surveying will be paid at the Contract Lump Sum price for the work detailed in Section 801 and this special provision.

Payment will be made under:

| Pay Item | Pay Unit |
|------------------------|-----------------|
| Construction Surveying | Lump Sum |

GRADING:

(9-27-2016)

Description

The work covered by this provision consists of all elements of work in the following Sections of the *Standard Specifications for Roads and Bridges*:

- 200 – Clearing and Grubbing
- 225 – Unclassified Excavation
- 235 – Embankment
- 250 – Removal of Existing Pavement
- 500 – Fine Grading Subgrade, Shoulders and Ditches
- 560 – Shoulder Borrow

In addition Borrow Excavation as described in Section 230, will also be included in the work, unless a separate line item is included for this work.

Construction Method

Shape, compact, and grade the slopes, ditches, subgrade and shoulders to the lines, grades, and typical sections established by the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Roadway ditches shall be cleaned, reshaped, and maintained until final acceptance of the project.

Excavated areas shall be uniformly graded, well compacted, and free of debris and loose material. Excavated areas adjacent to existing pavement having more than a 2 inch drop-off, shall be backfilled to a 6:1 slope. Remove and satisfactorily dispose of vegetation and debris from within the project limits. Dispose of any waste material only at an approved location. No material may be wasted or removed from the project unless approved by the Engineer. All waste disposal shall be in accordance with the Specifications, as well as state, federal and local regulations regarding the disposal of waste material. All permits and fees for any such disposal shall be the responsibility of the Contractor, and the Department shall not be held liable for disposal of any materials outside the project right of way.

Top soil shall be placed on the top six inches of all embankments and shoulders. On projects containing *Borrow Excavation*, when top soil is stockpiled on the project for later use, no measurement will be made borrow excavation as this will be considered incidental to 'Grading'.

Measurement and Payment

Grading will be paid for at the contract lump sum price. Partial payments will be equal to the percentage of such item that is complete as estimated by the Engineer. No separate payment will be made for clearing and grubbing, shoulder and fill slope material or draining borrow sources as such work will be incidental to the work covered by this section.

Undercut Excavation will be measured and paid at the contract unit price per cubic yard. No separate payment will be made for materials used in backfilling the undercut areas, shoulders and slope areas as payment at the contract unit price per cubic yard for Undercut Excavation will be full compensation for furnishing such material. Where the contract does not include a pay item for Undercut Excavation, payment for such excavation will be made in accordance with Article 104-7. 21

Payment will be made under:

| Pay Item | Pay Unit |
|---------------------|-----------------|
| Grading | Lump Sum |
| Undercut Excavation | Cubic Yard |

CONCRETE CURB AND GUTTER:

All concrete curb and gutter shall be constructed in accordance with Section 846 of the Standard Specifications and Roadway Standard Drawing 846.01. Concrete shall be Class B, and the concrete shall be given a light broom finish with the brush marks parallel to the curb line or gutter line. Concrete shall be of a North Carolina Department of Transportation approved mix design dispatched from a currently certified production facility. **No concrete shall be placed until the forms and base have been inspected and approved by the Department of Transportation.**

Curb and Gutter continuous sections that are longer than 50 feet must be placed with the use of a curb machine or slip forms.

Work includes providing all materials including concrete, placing concrete, forming, finishing, constructing and sealing joints, and all incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Basis of payment will be the unit price bid per linear foot for 2'-6" Concrete Curb and Gutter, 2' Concrete Valley Gutter or 4' Concrete Expressway Gutter. Payment for these items will be full compensation for all fine grading, materials, labor and any other incidentals associated with the construction of the curb & gutter, expressway gutter and valley gutter.

SHOULDER RECONSTRUCTION & AGGREGATE SHOULDER BORROW:

Description

This work consists of reconstructing each shoulder (including median shoulders as applicable) in accordance with Standard Drawing No. 560.01 and 560.02 of the 2018 Roadway Standard Drawings except that the rate of slope and width will be as shown on typical section, or to the existing shoulder point, whichever is nearer, as long as the desired typical is achieved. This work shall be performed immediately after the resurfacing operations are complete as directed by the Engineer.

Materials

The Contractor shall use Aggregate Shoulder Borrow (ASB) as directed by the Engineer. The ASB shall meet the following gradation:

| <u>Sieve</u> | <u>Percent Passing</u> |
|--------------|------------------------|
| 1 1/2" | 100 |
| 1/2" | 55 - 95 |
| #4 | 35 - 74 |

Construction Methods

Obtain material from an approved borrow source. The material shall be compacted to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Any excess material generated by the shoulder reconstruction shall be disposed of by the contractor in an approved disposal site.

Measurement and Payment

Shoulder Reconstruction will be incidental to lump sum grading. This work includes but is not limited to, clipping high shoulders, repairing low shoulders, and the placement of ASB.

Aggregate Shoulder Borrow (ASB) will be measured and paid at the contract unit price per ton that has been incorporated into the completed and accepted work. This quantity will be measured as provided for in Article 520-11. Such price will include disposing of any excess material in an approved disposal site, and for all labor, tools, equipment, and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Payment will be made under:

| Pay Item | Pay Unit |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| Aggregate Shoulder Borrow (ASB) | Ton |
| Grading | Lump Sum |

CLEARING AND GRUBBING - METHOD II:

(9-17-02) (Rev.8-18-15)

200

Perform clearing on this project to the limits established by Method "II" shown on Standard Drawing No. 200.02 of the *2018 Roadway Standard Drawings*. Conventional clearing methods may be used except where permit drawings or conditions have been included in the proposal which require certain areas to be cleared by hand methods.

BURNING RESTRICTIONS:

(7-1-95)

200, 210, 215

SP2 R05

Open burning is not permitted on any portion of the right-of-way limits established for this project. Do not burn the clearing, grubbing or demolition debris designated for disposal and generated from the project at locations within the project limits, off the project limits or at any waste or borrow sites in this county. Dispose of the clearing, grubbing and demolition debris by means other than burning, according to state or local rules and regulations.

COAL COMBUSTION PRODUCTS IN EMBANKMENTS:

(4-16-02) (Rev. 5-19-15)

235

SP02 R70

Description

This specification allows the Contractor an option, with the approval of the Engineer, to use coal combustion products (CCPs) in embankments as a substitute for conventional borrow material. The amount of CCPs allowed to be used for this project will be less than 80,000 tons total and less than 8,000 tons per acre.

Materials

Supply coal combustion products from the Department list of potential suppliers maintained by the Value Management Unit. Site specific approval of CCP material will be required prior to beginning construction.

The following CCPs are unacceptable:

- (A) Frozen material,
- (B) Ash from boilers fired with both coal and petroleum coke, and
- (C) Material with a maximum dry unit weight of less than 65 pounds per cubic foot when tested in accordance with AASHTO T-99 Method A or C.

Collect and transport CCPs in a manner that will prevent nuisances and hazards to public health and safety. Moisture condition the CCPs as needed and transport in covered trucks to prevent dusting.

Preconstruction Requirements

When CCPs are to be used as a substitute for earth borrow material, request written approval from the Engineer at least ninety (90) days in advance of the intent to use CCPs and include the following details using the NCDOT Form #CCP-2015-V1 in accordance with NCGS § 130A-309.219(b)(1):

- (A) Description, purpose and location of project.
- (B) Estimated start and completion dates of project.
- (C) Estimated volume of CCPs to be used on project with specific locations and construction details of the placement.

- (D) Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure analysis from a representative sample of each different CCP source to be used in the project for, at minimum, all of the following constituents: arsenic, barium, cadmium, lead, chromium, mercury, selenium, and silver.
- (E) The names, address, and contact information for the generator of the CCPs.
- (F) Physical location of the project at which the CCPs were generated.

Submit the form to the Engineer and the State Value Management Engineer at valuemanagementunit@ncdot.gov for review. The Engineer and the State Value Management Engineer will coordinate the requirements of NCGS § 130A-309.219(a)(1) and notify the Contractor that all the necessary requirements have been met before the placement of structural fill using coal combustion products is allowed.

Construction Methods

In accordance with the detail in the plans, place CCPs in the core of the embankment section with at least 4 feet of earth cover to the outside limits of the embankments or subgrade and at least 5 feet above the seasonal high ground-water table. CCPs used in embankments shall not be placed as follows:

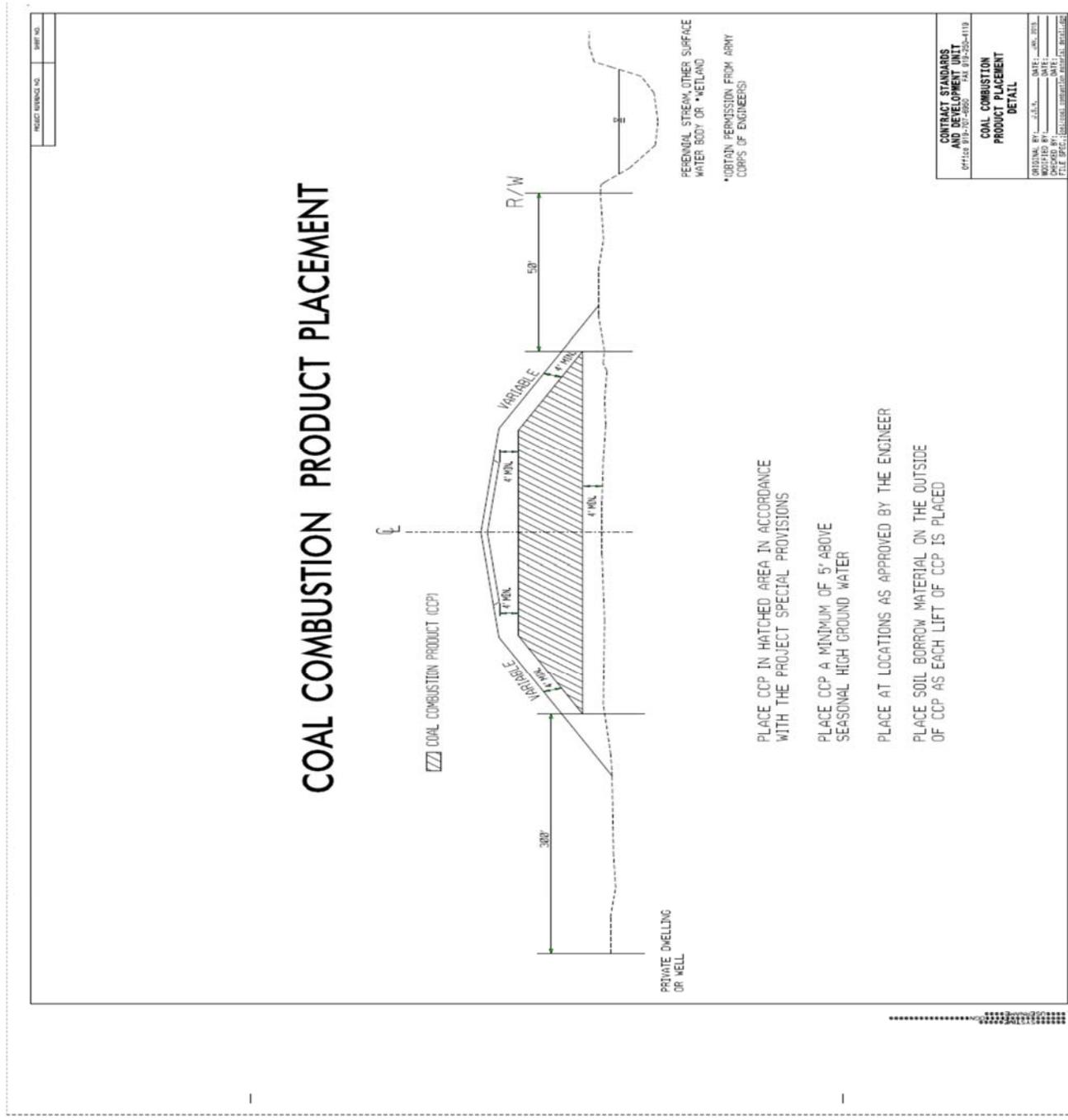
- (A) Within 50 feet of any property boundary.
- (B) Within 300 horizontal feet of a private dwelling or well.
- (C) Within 50 horizontal feet of the top of the bank of a perennial stream or other surface water body.
- (D) Within a 100-year floodplain except as authorized under NCGS § 143-215.54A(b). A site located in a floodplain shall not restrict the flow of the 100-year floodplain or result in washout of solid waste so as to pose a hazard to human life, wildlife or land and water resources.
- (E) Within 50 horizontal feet of a wetland, unless, after consideration of the chemical and physical impact on the wetland, the United States Army Corps of Engineers issues a permit or waiver for the fill.

Construct embankments by placing CCPs in level uniform lifts with no more than a lift of 10 inches and compacted to at least a density of 95 percent as determined by test methods in AASHTO T-99, Determination of Maximum Dry Density and Optimum Moisture Content, Method A or C depending upon particle size of the product. Provide a moisture content at the time of compaction of within 4 percent of optimum but not greater than one percent above optimum as determined by AASHTO T-99, Method A or C.

Divert surface waters resulting from precipitation from the CCPs placement area during filling and construction activities. Construct embankments such that rainfall will not run directly off of the CCPs. Provide dust control to minimize airborne emissions. Construct fill in a manner that prevents water from accumulating and ponding and do not pump nor discharge waters from CCP's filling and construction areas.

Measurement and Payment

Borrow Excavation will be measured by truck volume and paid in cubic yards in accordance with Article 230-5 of the *2018 Standard Specifications*.



MANUFACTURED QUARRY FINES IN EMBANKMENTS:

(01-17-17)

235

SP02 R72

Description

This specification addresses the use of manufactured quarry fines that are not classified as select materials. The specification allows the Contractor an option, with the approval of the Engineer, to use manufactured quarry fines (MQFs) in embankments as a substitute for conventional borrow material. Furnish and place geotextile for pavement stabilization in accordance with the Geotextile for Pavement Stabilization special provision and detail. Geotextile for pavement stabilization is required to prevent pavement cracking and provide separation between the subgrade and pavement section at embankment locations where manufactured quarry fines are utilized and as directed by the Engineer.

Materials

Manufactured Quarry Fines.

Site specific approval of MQFs material will be required prior to beginning construction as detailed in the preconstruction requirements of this provision.

The following MQFs are unacceptable:

- (A) Frozen material,
- (B) Material with a maximum dry unit weight of less than 90 pounds per cubic foot when tested in accordance with AASHTO T-99 Method A or C.
- (C) Material with greater than 80% by weight Passing the #200 sieve

Collect and transport MQFs in a manner that will prevent nuisances and hazards to public health and safety. Moisture condition the MQFs as needed and transport in covered trucks to prevent dusting. If MQFs are blended with natural earth material, follow Borrow Criteria in Section 1018 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Geotextiles

Areas of embankment where MQFs are incorporated, Geotextile for Pavement Stabilization shall be used. If the Geotextile for Pavement Stabilization special provision is not included elsewhere in this contract, then it along with a detail will be incorporated as part of the contractors request to use. Notification of subgrade elevation, sampling and waiting period as required in the Construction Methods section of the Geotextile for Pavement Stabilization special provision are not required.

Preconstruction Requirements

When MQFs are to be used as a substitute for earth borrow material, request written approval from the Engineer at least ninety (90) days in advance of the intent to use MQFs and include the following details:

- (A) Description, purpose and location of project.
- (B) Estimated start and completion dates of project.
- (C) Estimated volume of MQFs to be used on project with specific locations and construction details of the placement.
- (D) The names, address, and contact information for the generator of the MQFs.
- (E) Physical location of the site at which the MQFs were generated.

The Engineer will forward this information to the State Materials Engineer for review and material approval.

Construction Methods

Place MQFs in the core of the embankment section with at least 4 feet of earth cover to the outside limits of the embankments or subgrade.

Construct embankments by placing MQFs in level uniform lifts with no more than a lift of 10 inches and compacted to at least a density of 95 percent as determined by test methods in AASHTO T-99, Determination of Maximum Dry Density and Optimum Moisture Content, Method A or C depending upon particle size of the product. Provide a moisture content at the time of compaction of within 4 percent of optimum but not greater than one percent above optimum as determined by AASHTO T-99, Method A or C.

Areas of embankment where MQFs are incorporated, Geotextile for Pavement Stabilization shall be used.

See Geotextile for Pavement Stabilization special provision for geotextile type and construction method.

Measurement and Payment

Borrow Excavation will be measured by truck volume and paid in cubic yards in accordance with Article 230-5 of the *2018 Standard Specifications*. As an alternate weigh tickets can be provided and payment made by converting weight to cubic yards based on the verifiable unit weight.

Where the pay item of *Geotextile for Pavement Stabilization* is included in the original contract the material will be measured and paid in square yards (see Geotextile for Pavement Stabilization special provision). Where the pay item of *Geotextile for Pavement Stabilization* is not included in the original contract then no payment will be made for this item and will be considered incidental to the use of MQFs in embankment.

INCIDENTAL STONE BASE:

(7-1-95) (Rev.8-21-12)

545

SP5 R28R

Description

Place incidental stone base on driveways, mailboxes, etc. immediately after paving and do not have the paving operations exceed stone base placement by more than one week without written permission of the Engineer.

Materials and Construction

Provide and place incidental stone base in accordance with Section 545 of the *2018 Standard Specifications*.

Measurement and Payment

Incidental Stone Base will be measured and paid in accordance with Article 545-6 of the *2018 Standard Specifications*.

PRICE ADJUSTMENT - ASPHALT BINDER FOR PLANT MIX:

(11-21-00)

620

SP6 R25

Price adjustments for asphalt binder for plant mix will be made in accordance with Section 620 of the *2018 Standard Specifications*.

The base price index for asphalt binder for plant mix is **\$ 548.33** per ton.

This base price index represents an average of F.O.B. selling prices of asphalt binder at supplier's terminals on **November 1, 2018**.

ASPHALT CONCRETE PLANT MIX PAVEMENTS:

(2-20-18) (Rev.11-20-18)

610, 1012

SP6 R65

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 6-17, Table 610-1, MIXING TEMPERATURE AT THE ASPHALT PLANT, replace with the following:

| TABLE 610-1 MIXING TEMPERATURE AT THE ASPHALT PLANT | |
|--|-----------------|
| Binder Grade | JMF Temperature |
| PG 58-28; PG 64-22 | 250 - 290°F |
| PG 76-22 | 300 - 325°F |

Page 6-17, Subarticle 610-3(C), Job Mix Formula (JMF), lines 38-39, delete the fourth paragraph.

Page 6-18, Subarticle 610-3(C), Job Mix Formula (JMF), line 12, replace “SF9.5A” with “S9.5B”.

Page 6-18, Table 610-3, MIX DESIGN CRITERIA, replace with the following:

| TABLE 610-3 MIX DESIGN CRITERIA | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---|------------------------------|-------------------|------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|
| Mix Type | Design ESALs millions ^A | Binder PG Grade ^B | Compaction Levels | | Max. Rut Depth (mm) | Volumetric Properties | | | |
| | | | Gmm @ | | | VMA | VTM | VFA | %Gmm @ Nini |
| | | | Nini | Ndes | | % Min. | % | Min.-Max. | |
| S4.75A | < 1 | 64 - 22 | 6 | 50 | 11.5 | 16.0 | 4.0 - 6.0 | 65 - 80 | ≤ 91.5 |
| S9.5B | 0 - 3 | 64 - 22 | 6 | 50 | 9.5 | 16.0 | 3.0 - 5.0 | 70 - 80 | ≤ 91.5 |
| S9.5C | 3 - 30 | 64 - 22 | 7 | 65 | 6.5 | 15.5 | 3.0 - 5.0 | 65 - 78 | ≤ 90.5 |
| S9.5D | > 30 | 76 - 22 | 8 | 100 | 4.5 | 15.5 | 3.0 - 5.0 | 65 - 78 | ≤ 90.0 |
| I19.0C | ALL | 64 - 22 | 7 | 65 | - | 13.5 | 3.0 - 5.0 | 65 - 78 | ≤ 90.5 |
| B25.0C | ALL | 64 - 22 | 7 | 65 | - | 12.5 | 3.0 - 5.0 | 65 - 78 | ≤ 90.5 |
| Design Parameter | | | | | Design Criteria | | | | |
| All Mix Types | Dust to Binder Ratio ($P_{0.075} / P_{be}$) | | | | 0.6 - 1.4 ^C | | | | |
| | Tensile Strength Ratio (TSR) ^D | | | | 85% Min. ^E | | | | |

- A. Based on 20 year design traffic.
- B. Volumetric Properties based on specimens compacted to N_{des} as modified by the Department.
- C. Dust to Binder Ratio ($P_{0.075} / P_{be}$) for Type S4.75A is 1.0 - 2.0.
- D. NCDOT-T-283 (No Freeze-Thaw cycle required).
- E. TSR for Type S4.75A & B25.0C mixes is 80% minimum.

Page 6-19, Table 610-5, BINDER GRADE REQUIREMENTS (BASED ON RBR%), replace with the following:

| TABLE 610-5 BINDER GRADE REQUIREMENTS (BASED ON RBR%) | | | |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------|
| Mix Type | %RBR ≤ 20% | 21% ≤ %RBR ≤ 30% | %RBR > 30% |
| S4.75A, S9.5B, S9.5C, I19.0C, B25.0C | PG 64-22 | PG 64-22 ^A | PG 58-28 |
| S9.5D, OGFC | PG 76-22 ^B | n/a | n/a |

- A. If the mix contains any amount of RAS, the virgin binder shall be PG 58-28.
- B. Maximum Recycled Binder Replacement (%RBR) is 18% for mixes using PG 76-22 binder.

Page 6-20, Table 610-6, PLACEMENT TEMPERATURES FOR ASPHALT, replace with the following:

| Asphalt Concrete Mix Type | Minimum Surface and Air Temperature |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| B25.0C | 35°F |
| I19.0C | 35°F |
| S4.75A, S9.5B, S9.5C | 40°F ^A |
| S9.5D | 50°F |

A. For the final layer of surface mixes containing recycled asphalt shingles (RAS), the minimum surface and air temperature shall be 50°F.

Page 6-23, Table 610-7, DENSITY REQUIREMENTS, replace with the following:

| Mix Type | Minimum % G _{mm} (Maximum Specific Gravity) |
|------------------------------|---|
| S4.75A | 85.0 ^A |
| S9.5B | 90.0 |
| S9.5C, S9.5D, I19.0C, B25.0C | 92.0 |

A. Compaction to the above specified density will be required when the S4.75A mix is applied at a rate of 100 lbs/sy or higher.

Page 6-32, Article 610-16 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, replace with the following:

| Pay Item | Pay Unit |
|---|-----------------|
| Asphalt Concrete Base Course, Type B25.0C | Ton |
| Asphalt Concrete Intermediate Course, Type I19.0C | Ton |
| Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type S4.75A | Ton |
| Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type S9.5B | Ton |
| Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type S9.5C | Ton |
| Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type S9.5D | Ton |

Page 10-30, Table 1012-1, AGGREGATE CONSENSUS PROPERTIES, replace with the following:

| Mix Type | Coarse Aggregate Angularity ^B | Fine Aggregate Angularity % Minimum | Sand Equivalent % Minimum | Flat and Elongated 5 : 1 Ratio % Maximum |
|--------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| <i>Test Method</i> | <i>ASTM D5821</i> | <i>AASHTO T 304</i> | <i>AASHTO T 176</i> | <i>ASTM D4791</i> |
| S4.75A; S9.5B | 75 / - | 40 | 40 | - |
| S9.5C; I19.0C; B25.0C | 95 / 90 | 45 | 45 | 10 |

| | | | | |
|-------|-----------|----|----|----|
| S9.5D | 100 / 100 | 45 | 50 | 10 |
| OGFC | 100 / 100 | 45 | 45 | 10 |
| UBWC | 100 / 85 | 45 | 45 | 10 |

- A. Requirements apply to the design aggregate blend.
- B. 95 / 90 denotes that 95% of the coarse aggregate has one fractured face and 90% has 2 or more fractured faces.

PATCHING EXISTING PAVEMENT:

(1-15-02) (Rev. 3-11-18)

610

SP6 R88R

Description

The Contractor's attention is directed to the fact that there are areas of existing pavement on this project that will require repair prior to resurfacing. Patch the areas that, in the opinion of the Engineer, need repairing. The areas to be patched will be delineated by the Engineer prior to the Contractor performing repairs.

Materials

The patching consists of Asphalt Concrete Base Course, Asphalt Concrete Intermediate Course, Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, or a combination of base, binder and surface course.

Construction Methods

Remove existing pavement at locations directed by the Engineer in accordance with Section 250 of the *2018 Standard Specifications*.

Place Asphalt Concrete Base Course, in lifts not exceeding 5.5 inches. Utilize compaction equipment suitable for compacting patches as small as 3.5 feet by 6 feet on each lift. Use an approved compaction pattern to achieve proper compaction. If patched pavement is to be open to traffic for more than 48 hours prior to overlay, use Asphalt Surface Course in the top 1.5 inches of the patch.

Schedule operations so that all areas where pavement has been removed will be repaired on the same day of the pavement removal and all lanes of traffic restored.

Measurement and Payment

Patching Existing Pavement will be measured and paid as the actual number of tons of asphalt plant mix complete in place that has been used to make completed and accepted repairs. The asphalt plant mixed material will be measured by being weighed in trucks on certified platform scales or other certified weighing devices. The above price and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this provision, including but not limited to removal and disposal of all types of pavement; furnishing and applying tack coat; furnishing, placing, and compacting of asphalt plant mix; furnishing of asphalt binder for the asphalt plant mix; and furnishing scales.

Any provisions included in the contract that provides for adjustments in compensation due to variations in the price of asphalt binder will not be applicable to payment for the work covered by this provision.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item

Patching Existing Pavement

Pay Unit

Ton

6" CONCRETE TRUCK APRON:

Description

Construct 6" Concrete Truck Apron in accordance with the applicable requirements of Section 848 of the *Standard Specifications* as modified by the typical section in the plans and this provision.

Materials

Concrete shall be Class A Concrete meeting the requirements of Section 1000 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Measurement and Payment

6" Concrete Truck Apron will be measured and paid for in square yards of 6" Concrete Truck Apron that have completed and accepted. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work of constructing truck apron, including but not limited to excavating and backfilling, furnishing and placing concrete, and constructing joints.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item

Generic Paving Item (6" Concrete Truck Apron)

Pay Unit

Square Yard

STREET SIGNS AND MARKERS AND ROUTE MARKERS:

(7-1-95)

900

SP9 R02

Move any existing street signs, markers, and route markers out of the construction limits of the project and install the street signs and markers and route markers so that they will be visible to the traveling public if there is sufficient right of way for these signs and markers outside of the construction limits.

Near the completion of the project and when so directed by the Engineer, move the signs and markers and install them in their proper location in regard to the finished pavement of the project.

Stockpile any signs or markers that cannot be relocated due to lack of right of way, or any signs and markers that will no longer be applicable after the construction of the project, at locations directed by the Engineer for removal by others.

The Contractor shall be responsible to the owners for any damage to any street signs and markers or route markers during the above described operations.

No direct payment will be made for relocating, reinstalling, and/or stockpiling the street signs and markers and route markers as such work shall be considered incidental to other work being paid for by the various items in the contract.

DRIVEWAYS AND PRIVATE PROPERTY:

The Contractor shall maintain access to driveways for all residents and property owners throughout the life of the project. The Contractor shall not perform work for private citizens or agencies in conjunction with this project or within the project limits of this contract. Any driveway paved by a Contractor, which ties into a NCDOT system road being paved by the Contractor, must be paved either prior to the road paving project or after its completion.

Driveways shall be removed to a sufficient distance to provide for a smooth tie-in to future edge of pavement as directed by the Engineer. Driveways shall be sawcut. This work will be included in lump sum of grading.

PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS

UTILITY CONSTRUCTION

TOWN OF EASTOVER PROVISIONS

SECTION 1 GENERAL PROVISIONS

1.00 GENERAL

All construction projects shall conform to the requirements of the Districts Engineering Design and Construction Standards, and the Code of Ordinances of Eastover Sanitary District. The design of water systems and sanitary sewer systems shall be signed and sealed by a licensed North Carolina Professional Engineer in accordance with N.C. General Statute 89.

- Water Distribution Specifications – See Section 2
- Design Detail Drawings – See Section 3
- Approval Process for Water Extensions – See Section 4
- Approval Process for Sewer Extensions – See Section 5

1.01 QUALITY OF MATERIALS

It is the intent of this specification to provide materials of the highest standard known to the trade and to provide materials free from defects in workmanship and product. Equal materials not specified may be used if provided necessary documentation and samples necessary for the District to determine their acceptability and **ISSUE A WRITTEN APPROVAL LETTER**. Current standards and/or the latest revisions shall apply in all cases where materials are described by these standards.

1.02 INSPECTIONS

The Contractor shall provide the necessary manpower and equipment required as a part of the inspection process. The presence of the District Engineer or Eastover Sanitary District Staff at the work site shall in no way lessen the Contractor's responsibility for conformity with the plans and specifications. Should the District Engineer or Eastover Sanitary District Staff accept materials, or work that does not conform to plans and specifications, whether from lack of discovery or for any other reason, it shall in no way prevent later rejection or corrections to the unsatisfactory materials or work when discovered. The Contractor shall have no claim for losses suffered due to any necessary removals or repairs resulting from the unsatisfactory work. Any work which has been covered without the District Engineer or Eastover Sanitary District Staff's approval, shall at District Engineer or Eastover Sanitary District Staff's request, be uncovered and be made available for inspection at the Contractor's expense. Work performed before or after District staff's normal work hours or during the weekend or District Holidays shall comply with District standards and shall include only such tasks that do not require observation by the District's Engineer, unless previous arrangements have been made for overtime with the District Inspection Services.

1.03 CLEARING AND GRUBBING

The work of clearing and grubbing shall consist of the cutting, removal, and satisfactory disposal of all vegetation and all surface debris. Clearing and grubbing shall be conducted in a manner to prevent damage to vegetation that is intended to remain and also to prevent damage to adjacent property. Tree protection fencing shall be installed to protect all areas that are to remain undisturbed or protected.

1.04 EARTHWORK

Earthwork shall be defined as removal of earth or rock from its natural location or as the depositing of such material into fills areas as designated on the plans.

Fill material shall be free from construction material, debris, frozen material, organic matter or unstable material. For the top 2 feet below finished sub grade, no fill material shall be used weighing less than 100 pounds per cubic foot. The top 2 feet of backfill material shall be free from stones greater than 4 inches.

For all areas under a proposed roadway, the sub base, and the entire base course shall be compacted to a density of 100% maximum Standard Proctor dry density as determined by AASHTO method T99. For that portion of fill beyond the back of curb, to the right-of-way compact to a density of NO LESS THAN 98% of the maximum Standard Proctor dry density as determined by AASHTO method T99. Fill material shall be placed in lifts of 8 inches or less of uncompacted soil.

Other fill material shall be compacted to a density of NO LESS THAN 90% of the maximum Standard Proctor dry density as determined by AASHTO method T99. Backfill material shall be placed in lifts of 12 inches or less of uncompacted soil. Compaction test shall be performed at 500lf intervals and results submitted to the District

1.05 MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC

General

When construction occurs in a traffic area, control devices must be erected, maintained, relocated, and removed in accordance with the plans specifications, NCDOT Supplement to the MUTCD, and the MUTCD. This requirement shall apply for all construction occurring on public streets, including construction or repairs by utility companies. The MUTCD referred to in this provision shall be the current edition of the Manual on Uniform Traffic control Devices for Streets and Highways, as prepared by the National Advisory Committee on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, including all standard documents referred to in Section 1A-7 of the MUTCD.

The Contractor shall assume full responsibility for the continuous and expeditious maintenance or replacement of all construction warning signs, barricades, and other traffic control devices. The Contractor shall continuously review and maintain all traffic control measures to assure that adequate provisions have been made for the safety of the public and workers. Failure to maintain all traffic control devices in a satisfactory condition shall be cause for suspension of construction operations until proper traffic control is re-established.

1.06 CONCRETE

Concrete shall be only plant-mixed or transit-mixed concrete conforming to ASTM C33 for aggregates and to ASTM C94 for ready-mixed concrete. Any concrete poured that has a slump over 4 inches as per ASTM C143, or has a batched time of more than 90 minutes, will be considered unacceptable. Concrete shall not be deposited on frozen sub grade. Concrete shall not be poured when the air temperature is falling below 40⁰F and the predicted low temperature for succeeding 24-hour period is less than 32⁰F. All concrete when placed in the forms shall have a temperature of between 50⁰F and 90⁰F and shall be maintained at a temperature of not less than 50⁰F for at least 72 hours for normal concrete and 24 hours for high early strength concrete, or for as much time as is necessary to secure proper rate of curing and designed compressive strength. Concrete shall be air entrained with 5-7% air. Retarders and accelerators shall be used only as directed by the Engineers.

1.07 PLANTINGS OR STRUCTURES WITHIN DISTRICT UTILITY EASEMENTS.

An “easement” shall mean any area to which the District has unlimited access for servicing utility lines. Any plantings installed within an easement may be damaged or destroyed during the course of servicing. The District will not be liable for any damage to plantings, fences, accessory structures located either within an easement or in any manner restricting access to the easement. Further, the District shall not be liable for any incidental or consequential damage caused by the District removal of any structure impairing the easement. Any contractor or landowner who has impaired the easement by allowing an obstruction to be placed on the easement shall indemnify and hold harmless the District for any resulting incidental or consequential damages. The District will recede as necessary any bare or disturbed soil for erosion control purposes.

Small and medium shrubs, groundcovers, or grasses may be planted by the property owner within an easement (subject to the preceding paragraph) and as long as those planting do not inhibit access of the easement with required equipment by the District and/or its agents.

Small trees (under 30 feet in height at maturity) may be planted a minimum of 10 feet from the centerline of the closest utility pipeline within the easement or 10 feet from the center of the easement whichever is greater, and subject to the preceding paragraphs. Small trees as defined above shall include redbuds, fringe tree, serviceberry, crape myrtle, golden raintree, hawthorn, hornbeam, saucer or star magnolia, sassafras, smoke tree, sourwood, and sumac.

Large trees, fences, gates, or any type of structures (e.g. retaining walls or utility sheds) shall not be placed within any District utility easement.

1.08 LICENSE REQUIREMENTS

All Contractors performing any construction activity involving the Eastover Sanitary District utility system or street system shall be licensed to practice general contracting in the State of North Carolina. The Contractor shall be classified in the appropriate area of license for the type of construction to be performed and shall not perform construction activity which exceeds the limitations of the designated Contractor’s license.

1.09 OSHA STANDARDS

All Contractors and their employees must comply with all OSHA standards while working on District projects, while on Eastover Sanitary District property or rights of way, and for all development projects within the Eastover Sanitary District.

1.10 SAFETY AND HEALTH HAZARDS

The operations of any Contractor shall not expose Eastover Sanitary District employees or residents to any hazardous chemicals or other occupational safety and health hazards. All Contractors working on District projects or Eastover Sanitary District property or rights of way shall inform every individual who enters the project concerning hazardous chemicals which the Contractor might be using and to which the individual might become exposed by working in that area.

1.11 GEODETIC MONUMENTS

NAD83 Geodetic monuments must be tied to the project when the project is within 2000 feet of a monument.

1.12 FAILURE TO RESPOND

Where the Project Owner does not respond to directives by the District to complete certain repairs and/or work that, in the District's opinion, causes a safety hazard to the potential for damages, the District may have such work performed and charge the project owner all associated expenses plus a 25% mobilization fee (examples: trench repairs, street washing, etc.). This section shall not create an obligation of the District to undertake such work or to be liable in any way for failure to undertake such work. The time frame for responding to the District's directives shall be as directed by the District Manager.

SECTION 2 WATER DISTRIBUTION SPECIFICATIONS

2.00 WATER DISTRIBUTION PIPE

A. Design

Location: Water lines shall be extended along the entire roadway frontage length of any proposed project. All public water mains shall be located within dedicated right of way or dedicated easements with a minimum width of 20 feet. No water main shall be designed closer than 6 feet to the edge of pavement of an NCDOT maintained road. Large trees, fences, gates, or any type of structures (e.g. retaining walls or utility sheds) shall not be placed within any District utility easement. Fittings, including valves, shall be shown on the plan view for all intersecting water mains and at fire hydrants. Bends shall be labeled on the plan and profile views to include method of restraint.

Sizing: Water lines shall be sized as directed by the District Manager. In residential areas, mains shall be 6-inch and 8-inch diameters. Six-inch mains shall be used only when a good grid exists. The total maximum length of 6-inch and 8-inch line, without connection to a larger main, is 1200 feet and 2000 feet, respectively. Where a sufficient grid network does not exist, lines shall be upsized additionally to provide adequate fire flow as directed by the District Manager. If there is adjacent developable property, an adequate size line to properly serve future development shall be provided sufficient for any future project to meet district standards. Minimum main size shall be 2 inch, with a maximum of 20 residences connected (40 if looped). A 2 inch main shall not exceed 1,000 feet in length.

B. Material

Water mains shall be constructed of polyvinyl chloride (PVC), high-density polyethylene, or ductile iron. Water mains which are 12 inches or less in diameter can be polyvinyl chloride (PVC), while any water mains greater than 12 inches in diameter shall be ductile iron. Should the Contractor desire to use other materials not listed in these specifications, written permission must be obtained from the District Manager.

Ductile Iron Pipe: shall be designed and manufactured in accordance with AWWA C150 and C151 for laying conditions Type 2. For pipe sizes 12-inches or less, ductile iron pipe shall be pressure class 350. For pipe sizes larger than 12-inches, pressure class 250 ductile iron pipe shall be used.

PVC pipe: shall be certified to meet the NSF/ANSI 61 Standard.

Polyethylene Pipe: shall be designed and manufactured in accordance with the following standards, unless otherwise specified:

1. ASTM D- 3350 Polyethylene Plastics (PE) Pipe and Fittings Materials
2. ASTM D-2321-74 Underground Installation of Flexible Thermoplastic Sewer Pipe
3. ASTM F- 714 Polyethylene Plastic Pipe (SDR-PR) Based on Outside Diameter
4. AWWA C 906 Polyethylene (PE) Pressure Pipe and Fittings 4” through 63” for Water Distribution.

Pipe Joints shall be of the push-on type and certified to meet NSF/ANSI 61 standard. Pipe lining shall be cement mortar with a seal of bituminous material in accordance with AWWA C104. All pipe shall be DIP (Ductile Iron Pipe Size) unless otherwise noted on the plans.

C. **Installation**

All water mains shall be installed with a minimum cover of 3.5 feet measured from the top of the pipe to the finished subgrade of the roadway. Water mains shall not be installed under pavement section, curb and gutter, or sidewalk except when crossing perpendicular to those surfaces, in which case DIP (Ductile Iron Pipe) will be required. In addition, all waterlines shall be installed to prevent conflict with future road improvements or foreseeable vertical alignment changes. If the main alignment requires deflection in excess of the specified limitations or as determined by the District, bends shall be utilized. Joint deflection shall not exceed the limits recommended by the pipe manufacturer.

Each water main shall be installed with tracer wire attached to the top of pipe in such a manner that it will not be displaced during construction. Tracer wire shall be 12 GA copper installed in a continuous length for the full length of pipe run. Locator tape shall also be required to be installed 12” to 18” above the pipe. Locator tape shall be 3” wide aluminum core, 5mil, APWA blue and read “CAUTION BUIRED WATER LINE BELOW”

All construction relating to the utility improvements which will be maintained by Eastover Sanitary District must be performed by a contractor licensed in North Carolina. Proof of licensure will be required at the Project Preconstruction Meeting. Operation of existing valves and fire hydrants shall be by District staff only.

2.01 **FIRE HYDRANTS**

A. **Location**

Generally, fire hydrants should be located at street intersections and property corners. Intermediate fire hydrant placement shall be located at property corners. Consideration should be given to other utilities such as power, telephone, and cable locations. In all instances, hydrants should be placed to afford protection from vehicle collisions. Fire hydrants shall be installed 18 inches inside the right-of-way measured to the hydrant centerline. Hydrants shall not be located in the back slope of a roadside ditch. All fire hydrants shall be installed on a minimum 6-inch waterline. Only one fire hydrant may be installed on a dead end 6-inch line. Each fire hydrant shall have a valve on the hydrant service line, located within 15 feet of the fire hydrant. Fire Hydrants shall be spaced no more than 1,000 feet apart and at a maximum of 500 feet from any lot or unit within a subdivision

B. **Specifications**

Hydrants shall meet the AWWA Standard C502. Hydrants shall be furnished by American Darling, model shall be Mark 73-5. Hydrants shall be equipped as follows: 4 ½-inch steamer and double 2 ½-inch hose connections with caps and chains, National Standard Threads, mechanical joint, 1 ½-inch pentagon operating nut, open left, painted fire hydrant red, bronze to bronze seating, a minimum 3 ½-foot bury depth with break away ground line flange and break away rod coupling. The hydrant bonnet will be designed with a sealed oil or grease reservoir with O-ring seals and a Teflon thrust bearing. Fire hydrant caps shall be attached to the body of the hydrant with a minimum 2/0 twist link, heavy duty, non-kinking, machine chain.

C. Installation

Hydrants shall be set plumb, properly located with the pumper nozzle facing the closest curb. Fire hydrants shall be located on the same side of the roadway as the water main, unless otherwise approved. No fire hydrant older than three (3) years shall be installed, as determined by the manufacture date stamped on the hydrant. The back of the hydrant opposite the pipe connection shall be firmly blocked against the vertical face of the trench with 1/3 cubic yard of concrete. Each hydrant, hydrant valve and associated piping shall be restrained by use of an approved retaining gland. All fire hydrants shall be newly painted in accordance with NFPA standards. A minimum of 8 cubic feet of stone shall be placed around the drains. The backfill around the hydrants shall be thoroughly compacted. Hydrant installation shall be in accordance with the Standard Details section of these Standards. Fire hydrant shall be installed with a minimum of 18"-24" from center of 6" cap to grade and shall be installed with positive drainage.

2.02 VALVES AND APPURTENANCES

A. Location

Valves shall be installed at all pipeline intersections, changes in pipe diameter, and on hydrant braches according to the following schedule: 3 valves at crosses; 2 valves at tees; and 1 valve on each hydrant branch. Size and type of valves shall be shown on plan view. Maximum valve spacing (in-line valves) shall be 1,500 feet in the distribution system and 2,500 feet for transmission mains 16 inches in diameter and larger. Valves shall not be located in curb and gutter or in the flow line of wedge asphalt curb or in ditches and ditch slopes. Street intersection valves shall be located at the tee, unless otherwise approved the District. A proposed connection of a new water line to an existing water line may include provisions for the addition of sufficient valves to the existing water line to meet the requirement of a tee intersection, as deemed necessary by the District.

Blowoff assemblies shall be a minimum of 2 inches and installed at the end of all dead-end waterlines. Where there is not sufficient pressure or fire hydrants located to thoroughly flush the system, a larger blowoff may be required. On large diameter mains or other circumstances, larger blowoffs may be required by the District Manager. The blow-off or fire hydrant shall be located as to provide proper drainage and minimize impacts to any adjacent property or structures.

Combination air valves shall be installed at high points of waterlines 12 inches in diameter or larger, as directed by the District Manager. Water lines shall be installed at a grade which will allow the air to migrate to a high point where the air can be released through an air valve. A minimum pipe slope of 1 foot in 500 feet should be maintained. The size of air valve shall be designed by a Professional Engineer registered in North Carolina. Combination air valves or other types of air release valves may be required at other locations as directed by the District Manager.

B. Specifications

Gate Valves greater than 2 inches shall meet all requirements of AWWA C500 for a working pressure of 250 psi. All shall be mechanical joint with iron body, resilient wedge seat type in accordance with AWWA C509. All valves shall have a 2" square operating nut and shall open counterclockwise. Valve body and bonnet shall be coated on all interior and exterior surfaces with a fusion bonded epoxy in accordance with AWWA C-550-90. Valve Gate valves shall be installed in a vertical position. All two (2) inch valves shall be quarter turn ball valves, in accordance with District specifications. Acceptable brands CLOW, Kennedy, Mueller or equal. Valves shall be of one manufacture per project.

Valve Boxes shall be cast iron of the slip type with a 5-inch opening with “water” stamped on the cover. Valve box ring adjustments will not be allowed. Locking valve boxes may be required as determined by the District Manager. All casting shall be made in the United States.

Butterfly Valves shall be installed in waterlines 16 inches or greater. All shall meet the requirements of AWWA C504 with mechanical joints, 2-inch operation nut and open left. Acceptable brands, Pratt, CLOW, K-Flo, Milliken or equal.

Blowoff Assemblies All two (2) inch valves shall be quarter turn ball valves, in accordance with ESD specifications. Programmable blowoff assemblies shall be installed as directed by the District Manager. Acceptable brand, Kupferle 9400 Eclipse

Pipe Fittings shall be certified to meet the NSF/ANSI 61 standard. Joints for fittings shall be mechanical joint and lined with cement mortar with a seal coat of bituminous material, all in accordance with AWWA C104.

Reaction Blocking for all fittings or components subject to hydrostatic thrust shall be securely anchored by the use of concrete thrust blocks poured in place. The required reaction areas are shown in the Standard Details Section of these Standards. Compact fittings are not acceptable, standard fittings shall be used with concrete thrust blocking. Concrete shall be installed so that it does not interfere with the removal of fittings. Material for reaction blocking shall be 3000 psi concrete. Alternative restraining methods may be considered only in unusual circumstances and must be designed by a Professional Engineer registered in North Carolina and approved by the District Manager.

Tapping Sleeves shall be stainless steel sleeves with stainless steel flanges. The sleeves shall be mechanical joint to the main line and flanged to the tapping valve. Acceptable material Mueller, Rockwell, CLOW or equal.

Tapping Saddles shall be used on mains 16 inches and larger. Saddles shall be made of ductile iron providing a factor of safety of 2.5 with a working pressure of 250 psi. Saddles shall be equipped with an AWWA C110 flange connection on the branch. Sealing gaskets shall be O-ring type, high quality molded rubber having approximate 70 durometer hardness, placed into a groove on the curved surface of the saddles. Straps shall be alloy steel.

The maximum size saddle outlet for each size of pipe to be tapped shall be as follows:

| Size pipe to be tapped | Maximum size saddle outlet |
|------------------------|----------------------------|
| 16” | 12” |
| 20” | 16” |
| 24” and larger | 20” |

Acceptable brands Mueller, Rockwell, Ford.

Combination Air Valves shall be of the single housing style that combines the operation of both an air/vacuum and air release valve. The valve shall be manufactured for a 150 PSIG working pressure and be sized by the Design Engineer of Record. The valve must meet the requirements of AWWA C512 and be installed in accordance with the Standard Details Section of these Standards.

Mains 12-inches or larger in diameter, which have a change in elevation of ten (10) feet or greater, shall have an air release valve installed at the highest elevation of such change, unless otherwise approved by the District. Acceptable Brands Cla-Val 36 series, ARI, Golden Anderson, Crispin or equal.

C. **Installation**

Valves shall be properly located, operable and at the correct elevation. All valves and reducers shall be rodded to a nearby tee or cross if possible. As shown in the Standard Details Section of the Standards. If reducers cannot be rodded, concrete blocking or other restraining methods will be required. Valves located within sections of restrained joint ductile iron pipe shall be restrained to the pipe. For valves on mains 12-inches and smaller, the use of a mechanical restraint system (i.e., mega-lugs) shall be utilized. For valves on mains 16-inch and larger, the use of factory restraint systems (i.e., Harness-Lok, etc.) shall be utilized. The valve box shall be centered over the wrench nut and seated on compacted backfill without touching the valve assembly. The maximum depth of the valve nut shall be 5 feet unless approved by the District Manager. When valve extension kits are used, they must be manufactured by the same company which manufactured the valve. All tapping sleeves shall be hydrostatically pressure tested. This test shall be witnessed and approved by a ESD project coordinator prior to beginning the tapping process.

All valve boxes in roadways shall be encased in a trowel-finished 12" diameter circle by 8" thick circular pad of 3000 psi concrete beneath the asphalt course with the cover flush with the top of the pavement.

Valve protector rings shall be installed around valve box in unpaved non-traffic areas. Concrete protector rings shall be 2500 psi precast reinforced concrete. Valve box shall be installed at grade with protector ring 1/2" above grade.

2.03 **WATER SERVICE TAPS**

A. **Materials**

Taps shall be located at 10 or 2 o'clock on the circumference of the pipe. Service taps shall be staggered alternating from one side of the water main to the other, and at least 12 inches apart. The taps must be a minimum of 24 inches apart if they are on the same side of the pipe. All taps shall include service saddles.

Service Saddles Shall be bronze body (85-5-5 waterworks brass) and double strap for taps with silicon bronze nuts conforming to ASTM A98 and factory-installed grade 60 rubber gaskets.

Water Service Tubing Shall be 1" PE pipe of copper tubing size (CTS) with a 250 psi pressure rating. A 12 GA tracer wire shall be installed with the service piping and extend into the meter box with a minimum of 6" of wire wrapped around the meter valve.

Corporation Stop: Shall be 1 inch ball valve constructed of bronze with AWWA inlet by CTS compression.

Meter Setter: Shall be 1" X 3/4" and shall include vertical inlet, integral ball angle valve and a dual check valve. Meter setters shall be manufactured by Ford

Meter Boxes for ¾-inch and 1-inch Services shall be 12 X 17 NDS 113 with cast iron meter reader. Meter box grade adjuster rings are not acceptable.

Meter Boxes for 1 ½ and 2-inch Services shall be 18 -inch depth NDS 1730. Piping for 1 ½ and 2-inch water meters shall be constructed from brass and copper tubing and shall be equipped with angled check valve outlets and by-pass flanged valve or by-pass flanged ball valve inlets. Meter box shall not be allowed in travel lanes or traffic areas. Meter box grade adjuster rings are not acceptable.

Meter for ¾” services shall be supplied and installed by Eastover Sanitary District.

Meters for services 1 inch and greater shall be paid for by the Developer and installed by Eastover Sanitary District after approval by the District Manager. A strainer shall be provided upstream of the meter on lines greater than 2 inches.

Irrigation Connections shall be metered separately. Minimum meter size is 1 inch.

Meter Boxes shall be set in accordance with the District standard detail, located 18 inches inside the street right of way at the center of the lot for which service is installed, and located 18 inches away from the sanitary sewer cleanout, unless approved by the District. Water meter boxes shall not be installed within a ditch slope. Where the right-of-way limit for a street is within a ditch slope, the meter box shall be installed a minimum of 2.5 feet behind the top of the ditch bank. Water meter boxes shall not be located within driveways, sidewalks, or other paved areas subject to vehicular traffic unless approved otherwise. Easements dedicated for District maintenance shall be provided for all water meter boxes not located in existing rights-of-way.

Meter Vaults within paved area shall meet HS-20 loading requirements and shall be located outside travel areas. The access door shall be aluminum with a flush drop lift handle, stainless steel hinges and bolts, a stainless steel slam lock, an automatic hold open arm, and compression springs to allow for easy opening. Positive drainage shall be provided for all meter vaults. Positive drainage shall be construed to mean a “daylight” drain not less than 4” schedule 40 PVC pipe with flap valve on the end.

B. Individual Water Services

The District requires individual water services to each building, tenant space or customer. If the building is single use, only one (1) service is required. For those building with multiple uses, each tenant/space shall be served with an individual service, unless approved by the District. An individual water service shall be provided for each residential lot. All connections shall be made by wet taps.

Service connections shall be made perpendicular from the main line and shall run straight horizontally toward the meter and then vertically to the meter which shall be located at the edge of the right of way or easement of the served property. Refer to the standard detail on water service installations for more information. No water meter box or vault shall be located in streets, sidewalks, or parking areas in residential areas. In non-residential areas, meter locations shall be approved on a case-by-case basis.

Service taps to existing water lines shall be made by Eastover Sanitary District, unless otherwise approved by the District Manager. Service taps to new water lines shall be made by the Contractor in accordance with these Standards. All existing services that are not to be used in the current

development shall be killed out at the main by closing the corporation stop and cutting the pipe off at the corporation and capping.

Water meters shall be sized based on water demand. Water meter size shall be determined from the following table; or as otherwise specified by the District Manger. All non-residential projects shall submit sealed calculations prepared in conformance with the AWWA Manual of Practice for approval of type of meter and meter size by the District.

| WATER METER SIZING | | | |
|---|---------------------|--|---|
| Meter Size (inches) | Flow Range (GPM) | Load Range (number of fixture units) | |
| | | Supply Systems Predominately for Flush Tanks | Supply Systems Predominately for Flush Valves |
| 5/8" PD | 0-20 | 1-22 | 1-8 |
| 1" PD | 20-50 | 22-140 | 9-50 |
| 1 1/2" PD | 50-100 | 140-450 | 50-275 |
| 2" C | 100-200 | 450-1000 | 275-1000 |
| 3" C | 200-400 | 1000-2500 | 1000-2500 |
| 4" C | 400-600 | 2500-5000 | 2500-5000 |
| PD = Positive Displacement T = Turbine (may be required on a case-by-case-basis) C = Compound (must be sized on a case-by-case-basis) | | | |

2.04 CLEARANCE BETWEEN WATER MAINS, SANITARY AND STORM SEWERS

Water mains shall be laid at least 10 feet laterally (measured edge to edge) from existing or proposed sanitary or storm sewers unless NCDENR determines that local conditions or barriers prevent a 10-foot lateral separation—in which case:

- (1) The water main is laid in a separate trench, with the elevation of the bottom of the water main at least 18 inches above the top of the sewer; or
- (2) The water main is laid in the same trench as the sewer with the water main located at one side on a bench of undisturbed earth, and with the elevation of the bottom of the water main at least 18 inches above the top of the sewer.

Whenever it is necessary for a water main to cross over a sewer, the water main shall be laid at such an elevation that the bottom of the water main is at least 18 inches above the top of the sewer, unless local conditions or barriers prevent an 18 inch vertical separation—in which case both the water main and sewer shall be constructed of ferrous materials and with joints that are equivalent to water main standards for a distance of 10 feet on each side of the point of crossing.

Whenever it is necessary for a water main to cross under a sewer, both the water main and the sewer shall be constructed of ferrous materials and with joints equivalent to water main standards for a distance of 10 feet on each side of the point of crossing. A section of water main pipe shall be centered at the point of crossing.

Water mains and storm sewer mains shall have a minimum vertical separation of 12 inches when horizontal separation is less than 5 feet.

Water lines that cross and run beneath storm drainage pipes that are greater than or equal to 42" diameter (single pipe) or 36" diameter (multiple pipes) shall be installed as restrained joint pipe and enclosed in casing pipe. Installation may be by bore and jack or excavation at discretion of the District Manager.

Water lines that cross streams and/or creeks shall be installed without disturbance inside the top of bank of either side of the stream/creek. Installation may be by bore and jack or horizontal directional drilling (HDD). Other means of crossing must be approved by the District Manager

Where distribution systems are installed in areas of groundwater contaminated by organic compounds, pipe and joint materials which do not allow permeation of the organic compounds shall be used. Non-permeable materials shall be used for all portions of the system in contact with contamination, including: pipe, joint materials, hydrant leads, and service connections.

2.05 BACKFLOW PREVENTION AND CROSS CONNECTION

A. GENERAL

Cross-Connection shall mean any unprotected actual or potential connection or structural arrangement between a public or a consumer's water system and any other source or system through which it is possible to introduce any contamination or pollution, other than the intended potable water with which the system is supplied.

All residential water services for domestic purposed shall be provided with a dual check backflow prevention device on the meter setter within the meter box.

All irrigation services and non-residential services shall be provided with reduced pressure principle backflow prevention installed in accordance with the State of North Carolina and the Foundation for Cross Connection Control and Hydraulic Research.

Reduced pressure zone (RPZ) backflow preventers shall be installed immediately behind the meter (on the private side) with the preferred installation to be above ground. Alternate installations require approval of the District Manager. Above-ground installations that service any use other than single family residential users will require an insulated box mounted on a 4" concrete slab, wired for a heater and provided with a heater. A 4" concrete slab shall be provided for underground RPZ's and for insulated boxes. It is a requirement that backflow prevention assemblies be tested immediately after installation and at least once a year thereafter by a person approved by the District. A copy of the test results must be sent to the Districts Cross Connection Control ORC immediately (within 10 days) after testing.

Cross-connection control protection devices are required based on degree of health hazard involved as listed in Appendix-B of the Rules Governing Public Water Systems in North Carolina. These guidelines are the minimum requirements. The devices shall meet American Society of Sanitary

Engineering (ASSE) standards or be on the university of Southern California approval list. The devices shall be installed and tested (both initial and annual thereafter) in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations or the local cross-connection control program, whichever is more stringent.

2.06 TESTING AND INSPECTION

Under no circumstance shall any waterline system valve be operated without prior approval by the Construction Inspector. Damage to District infrastructure resulting from illegal operation of valves shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. In addition, the Contractor shall be subject to a fine for operation a valve without prior approval.

All materials shall be inspected by the Construction Inspector before they shall be allowed to be installed. Materials rejected by the Construction Inspector shall be immediately removed from the job site.

The Contractor shall furnish all materials, labor, equipment, and shall pay for the water used to perform all testing and inspections to the satisfaction of the Construction Inspector. The Contractor shall obtain a Water Blowoff Permit from the District Manager for use when blowing of water mains.

Water service taps shall not be made until after all water main testing is completed, and bacteriological testing is satisfactory.

A. Hydrostatic Testing

No valve in the existing Eastover Sanitary District water system shall be operated without authorization from the Construction Inspector via a Water Blowoff Permit. Each section of line which is to be hydrostatically tested shall be slowly filled with water at a rate which will allow complete evacuation of air from the line. Once the line is full, it shall be blown off at a minimum of 2.5 FPS to flush and remove any debris. The line must be pretested at 200 psi for 2 hours prior to contacting inspector for testing. Hand pumps shall not be used for the pressure testing of water mains. Taps used for testing purposes shall be removed after testing.

Each water line shall be tested to a pressure of 200 psi as measured at the lowest elevation of the line for duration of 2 hours. The pressure gauge used in the hydrostatic test shall be calibrated in increments of 10 psi or less. At the end of the test period, the leakage shall be measured with an accurate water meter. Note that all visible leaks are to be repaired regardless of the amount of leakage. The construction inspector may require pressure tests to be performed in small section to determine if there is a problem with a particular section of waterline. No chlorine dosage will be allowed in line during testing.

Allowable leakage shall be calculated by using AWWA Formula $L=SD(P)^{1/2} / 133,200$ where L=allowable leakage in gallons per hour; S= length of pipe tested, in feet; D= nominal diameter of pipe, in inches; and P= average test pressure during leakage test, in pounds per square inch.

| ALLOWABLE LEAKAGE | |
|-----------------------|--|
| Pipe Size (inches) | Amount of Allowable Leakage (gallons per 1000 feet of pipe in gal/hr) |
| 4 | 0.38 |
| 6 | 0.57 |
| 8 | 0.76 |
| 10 | 0.96 |
| 12 | 1.15 |
| 14 | 1.34 |
| 16 | 1.53 |

B. Chlorination

All additions or replacements to the water system shall be chlorinated before being placed in service. Such chlorination must take place under the supervision of the Construction Inspector.

Chlorination of a completed line shall be carried out in the following manner:

- 1) The specific procedure and order of testing and blowoffs shall be approved by the Construction Inspector before beginning the chlorination process.
- 2) Taps shall be made at the control valve at the upstream end of the line and at all extremities of the line including valves.
- 3) A solution of water containing high test hypochlorite (65%) available chlorine shall be introduced into the line by regulated pumping at the control-valve tap. The solution shall be of such a concentration that the line shall have a uniform concentration of 100 ppm total chlorine immediately after chlorination. The following chart shows the required quantity of 65% HTH compound to be contained in solution in each 1000 foot section of line to produce the desired concentration of 100 ppm.

| HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION | |
|-----------------------|--|
| Pipe Size (inches) | High Test Hypochlorite (65%) (pounds per 1000 feet of line) |
| 6" | 1.88 |
| 8" | 3.35 |
| 10" | 5.70 |
| 12" | 7.53 |
| 14" | 10.26 |
| 16" | 13.43 |
| 20" | 20.92 |
| 24" | 30.14 |

- 4) The HTH solution shall be circulated in the main by opening the control valve and systematically manipulating hydrants and taps at the line extremities. The HTH solution must be pumped in at a

constant rate for each discharge rate in order that a uniform concentration will be produced in mains. Note that for projects that are surrounded by populated development areas, the Construction Inspector can require that the circulation of HTH solution be accompanied with mechanical pumping.

- 5) HTH solution shall remain in lines for no less than 24 hours or as directed by the District Manager.
- 6) Extreme care shall be exercised at all times to prevent the HTH solution from entering existing mains.

C. Bacteriological Sampling

All new water systems shall be valved off from the existing water system until a satisfactory bacteriological sample is obtained and the Construction Inspector has authorized the use of the new water system.

1. Free residual chlorine after 24 hours shall be at least 10 ppm or the Construction Inspector shall require that the lines be rechlorinated.
2. Flushing of lines may proceed after 24 hours, provided the free residual chlorine analysis is satisfactory. Flushing shall be continued until a chlorine test kit shows that the lines contain only the normal chlorine residual.
3. Samples for bacteriological analysis shall be collected 24 hours after flushing is completed. The Contractor shall furnish such help as may be required to secure the required samples. Samples shall be collected and delivered as specified by the Construction Inspector.
4. If bacteriological test results are unsatisfactory, the Contractor shall immediately obtain another Water Blow off Permit, rechlorinate and retest the lines, proceeding with such measures as are necessary to secure properly disinfected lines.

2.07 FIRE PROTECTION DURING CONSTRUCTION

The fire protection water supply system, including fire hydrants, shall be installed and tested prior to placing combustible materials on the project site.

2.08 IRRIGATION SYSTEMS

Lawn irrigation systems are required to have a split tap service or a designated lawn irrigation service tap. The connection of a lawn irrigation system to a domestic tap is prohibited. Irrigation systems shall have a backflow preventer installed in accordance with the Eastover Sanitary District Cross Connection Control Ordinance. All irrigation systems are required to secure a plumbing permit from the Cumberland County Inspection Department prior to installation and shall be inspected after installation. A separate meter is required for irrigation systems.

PUBLIC WORKS COMMISSION (PWC) PROVISIONS

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Section 1036, Water Pipe and Fittings

Page 10-62, Sub-article 1036-2, Copper Pipe:

Add the following paragraph:

All services installed shall be one continuous run of pipe with no splices from the corporation stop to the meter.

Page 10-63, Sub-article 1036-5, Ductile Iron Pipe and Fittings:

Replace the first paragraphs with the following:

All ductile iron pipe shall be four inches (4") and larger. All ductile iron pipe shall be designated as "Pressure Class", unless otherwise specified. The pipe furnished shall have a minimum thickness calculated in accordance with ANSI A 21.50(AWWA C-150), with a factor of safety of two (2); a working pressure of 150 psi to 350 psi, plus 100 psi water hammer allowance; and AASHTO H-20 live truck load with 2.5 feet of cover. In no case shall "Pressure Class" pipe's nominal thickness be less than the following:

| <u>SIZE</u> | <u>PRESSURE CLASS</u> | <u>NOMINAL THICKNESS (In.)</u> |
|-------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|
| 4" | 350 | 0.25 |
| 6" | 350 | 0.25 |
| 8" | 350 | 0.25 |
| 10" | 350 | 0.26 |
| 12" | 350 | 0.28 |
| 16" | 250 | 0.30 |
| 24" | 250 | 0.37 |
| 30" | 250 | 0.42 |

In the second paragraph, revise ANSI/AWWA C110/A21.10 to ANSI A21.11

Add the following to the second paragraph:

Where thrust blocking is utilized, fittings shall be full body ductile iron in accordance with ANSI A 21.53 (AWWA C110). Pipe and fittings shall have an outside asphaltic coating as specified in AWWA Standard C-151 and C-110, respectively.

Add the following paragraphs:

Where bosses are utilized, the pipe shall be a minimum Pressure Class 250 for sizes exceeding 24 inches and larger.

When requested by the Public Works Commission, each joint of pipe and each fitting shall be inspected by an independent domestic testing laboratory, approved by the Public Works Commission, and certification shall be supplied to the Public Works Commission that all pipe and fittings meet project specifications. In

addition, upon request, the Contractor shall furnish to the Public Works Commission a six-inch (6") test section from each lot of water pipe as per AWWA Specification ASA 21.4 to be used for additional test of the pipe lining by the Public Works Commission. Satisfactory results of this test must be obtained before acceptance of the pipe.

For aerial crossings which are 4" to 12" in diameter, Class 53 manufactured restrained joint or Class 53 flanged ductile iron pipe shall be used in accordance with the standard details. Mega-lugs, field-lok, and gripper rings are not allowable means of restraint for aerial crossings. For aerial crossings larger than 12" or as noted specifically on the plans, flange joint ductile iron pipe, Class 53 shall be used in accordance with the PWC standard details. The working pressure shall not be less than 200 psi. Flanges shall be designed for each application specifically. The flange pipe shall be in accordance with ANSI/AWWA C-115/A21.15. Threads for threaded flange pipe shall be in accordance with ANSI B2.1, shop fabricated as outlined by AWWA 115 with serrated faces furnished on the pipe, completely factory installed. Welding of flanges to the body of the pipe will not be acceptable. Ductile iron fittings and flanges shall be in accordance with ANSI/AWWA C-110/A21.10 with a minimum working pressure of 250 psi. Gaskets shall be full faced SBR rubber per ANSI/AWWA C-111/A21.11 with a minimum 1/8" thickness. Linings and coating shall be outlined for all ductile iron pipe and fittings as defined in Sub-article 1036-5 and as herein in the Special Provision.

Restrained push-on joints for pipe and fittings shall be furnished for the locations shown on the plans. The pipe, joints, and gaskets shall be in accordance with ANSI/AWWA Standards as previously specified for ductile iron pipe. Restrained joints, fittings and valves shall be rated for a working pressure of 350 psi for sizes 14" through 24" and 250 psi for larger sizes. All factory restrained joint pipe, valves, and fittings shall have the restraints internal to the pipe (i.e., "boltless"). The use of mechanical restraints (i.e., mega-lugs, grip-rings, etc.) is not allowed, unless otherwise specifically directed in writing by the Public Works Commission. All valves, pipe, and fittings shall be compatible with the factory restraint system. All restrained joint ductile iron pipe and fittings 14" and larger shall be as manufactured by U.S. Pipe's TR-Flex, Griffin Pipe Products SNAP-LOK, American Cast Iron Pipe Company's Flex-Ring Joint, or approved equal.

Special accessories such as mechanical joint retainer glands, mega-lugs, US Pipe's Field-LOK gasket, or Romac's Grip-Ring are acceptable on pipe 12" and less in diameter, upon approval from the Public Works Commission. Other manufacturers may be considered if the company has a minimum of five (5) years of experience with documented successful installations for restrained joint pipe. Mega-lug and/or grip-ring restraint mechanisms will not be an acceptable method of restraint for pipe, fitting and/or valves on sizes larger than 12" diameter. For mains larger than 12" and at locations specified by the Public Works Commission, factory restrained joints shall be utilized, in accordance with the above paragraph.

All ductile iron pipe (regardless of diameter) within casings shall be factory restrained, in accordance with these specifications and the applicable PWC standard details. The use of mechanical restraints (i.e., mega-lugs, grip-rings, etc.) shall not be utilized on pipe within casings.

All ductile iron pipe (regardless of diameter) utilized for trenchless installations (i.e., horizontal directional drilling, pipe-bursting, etc.) shall be factory restrained, in accordance with these specifications and the applicable specification section for the trenchless technology. The use of mechanical restraints (i.e., mega-lugs, grip-rings, etc.) shall not be utilized.

Page 10-63, Sub-article 1036-6, Fire Hydrants:

Revise the minimum bury length from 36-inches to 42-inches (3-1/2 feet) and add maximum bury length to 6 feet.

Add the following requirements to this sub-article:

The base of the hydrant shall have two (2) cast lugs suitable for use in strapping the hydrant to the connecting pipe. Bosses (6") may be substituted for tees in pipe sizes exceeding 24 inches in diameter. The boss shall be welded to the bottom of the main to provide effective flushing of the system.

The operating nut shall be pentagonal in shape, finished with a slight taper to one and one-half inches (1 1/2") from point to flat to conform to the standard now in use by the Public Works Commission. All hydrants shall open left or counter-clockwise. Hydrants shall be suitable for working pressure of one hundred and fifty (150) pounds per square inch and test pressure of twice the working pressure. Fire hydrants shall be specific models manufactured by Mueller Company (Model Centurian 200), Clow Corporation (Medallion), American Darling (Model Mark 73-1) or approved equal. The interior of the hydrant shoe shall be coated with a 4-mil thickness FDA approved epoxy coating.

Page 10-63, Sub-article 1036-7 (A), Gate Valves:

Add "and NSF 61" following ANSI/AWWA C509 and ANSI/AWWA C515 in the first sentence.

Add "triple O-ring seals for all valves up to 36" in diameter" in second sentence.

Delete third sentence and replace with "Valve connections shall be as required for the piping in which they are installed."

Revise design working water pressure from 200 psi to 250 psi for all valves up to 36" in diameter.

Add the following requirements to this sub-article:

The operating nut shall have an arrow cut in the metal, indicating the direction of opening.

Gate valves installed in meter vaults shall have a wheel in lieu of a square operating nut and shall also have a non-rising stem. The wheel shall have an arrow cut in the metal indicating the direction of opening.

The wedge shall be ductile iron encapsulated in nitrile rubber (4"-12") sizes and SBR rubber (14"-24") sizes. All internal and external surfaces of the valve body and bonnet shall have a fusion bonded epoxy coating complying with ANSI/AWWA C550 applied electrostatically prior to assembly, conforming to AWWA C-550-90. Valves shall have a clear waterway equal to the full nominal diameter of the valve. All valves shall be tested for leakage and distortion in strict accordance with the latest revision of AWWA Specification C-500.

Where specified on the plans and approved by the Public Works Commission, resilient valves shall be supplied with gearing. Spur gearing for valves installed in a vertical position and bevel gearing for valves installed in a horizontal position. In cases where valve locations on plans fail to designate valve gearing and the proposed depth of water main is not adequate to achieve normal depth above valve bonnet, provide bevel gearing for all large diameter valves (16" and larger) upon approval by the Public Works Commission Project Coordinator.

Page 10-63, Sub-article 1036-7 (C), Tapping Valves:

Revise design working water pressure from 200 psi to 250 psi for all valves up to 36" in diameter.

Add the following requirements to this sub-article:

Resilient seated tapping valves shall be furnished with the tapping flange having a raised face or lip designed to engage the corresponding recess in the tapping sleeve flange in accordance with MSS-SP60. Tapping valves without the raised face on the tapping flange are not permitted since they do not assure the proper alignment required to prevent damage by a misaligned shell cutter. The interior of the waterway in the body shall be a full opening and capable of passing a full- sized shell cutter equal to the nominal diameter of the valve.

Page 10-63, Sub-article 1036-8 (A), Tapping Sleeves:

Add the following provisions:

Water tapping sleeves shall be ductile iron mechanical joint or stainless steel full gasket and have a minimum working pressure of 150 psi for all tapping of mains up to and including 24" inch diameter with a branch less than or equal to 12" diameter. Branch diameter greater than 12" on 16" diameter pipe and larger shall require full body ductile iron mechanical joint tapping sleeve.

Ductile iron mechanical joint tapping sleeves shall be as manufactured by Clow, M&H, Mueller, American, or an approved equal and shall be furnished with complete joint accessories. The mechanical joint sleeve shall be compatible with type and class of pipe being tapped. The outlet flange shall be class 125 per ANSI B16.1 compatible with approved tapping valves.

Stainless steel tapping sleeves shall be as manufactured by Romac, Smith-Blair, or approved equal, and shall be furnished with all accessories. The sleeve, lugs, bolts and nuts shall be 18-8 type 304 stainless steel, as provided by the manufacturer. The outlet flange shall be ductile iron or stainless steel. The gasket shall be a grid pattern design and shall provide full circumferential sealing around pipe to be tapped. The sleeve shall include a 3/4 NPT test plug. All welds shall be passivated. The outlet flange shall be class case D per AWWA C-207-ANSI 150 lb. drilling compatible with approved tapping sleeves.

Page 10-63, Sub-article 1036-8 (B), Transition Sleeves and Couplings:

Add the following material to this sub-article:

Use mechanical joint full body solid sleeves conforming to MJ fittings of this special provision of 1036-5. Sleeve shall be rated for 250 psi working pressure.

Page 10-64, Add Sub-article 1036-11, Identification of Plastic or Non-metallic Pipes:

Add the following provisions:

For the purpose of identification of plastic or non-metallic pipes during future trenching or location, a continuous "detectable" identification wire shall be installed. The wire shall be a minimum 12-gauge, single strand, coated copper or copper clad steel wire that is suitable for underground use. Splices shall be accomplished utilizing a corrosion proof wire connector. The connectors shall "lock" the wires in place and contain a dielectric sealant to prevent corrosion. The connector shall be the "Snake Bite" connector manufactured by Copperhead Industries, LLC, or approved equal.

Page 10-64, Add Sub-article 1036-12, Valve Box:

Add the following material specifications for valve box:

Valve boxes shall be "slip-type" made of close-grained, gray cast iron metal painted with a protective asphaltic coating. Construction shall be in three pieces as follows: The lower of base pieces, which shall be flanged at the bottom, the upper part which shall be flanged on the lower end, and of such size as to telescope over the lower part, the upper end being constructed in the form of a socket to receive the cap or cover; and the cover or cap shall have cast on the upper surface, in raised letters, the word "WATER". All valve boxes shall be equal in quality and workmanship to those manufactured by Sigma Corporation (VB-462), Tyler Union (6855 Series), Star Pipe Products (VB-0004), or an approved equal. Valve box shall have a 3/8" hole drilled in the upper part 4" to 6" from the top of the box to accommodate 1/4" x 1-1/2" galvanized bolt for securing tracer wire. The valve box shall be in accordance with PWC standard details.

Valve box protector rings shall be installed to protect valve boxes located outside pavements (i.e. roadway shoulders). The ring shall be constructed in accordance with PWC standard details.

Valve Box and Stem Extension for Buried Applications: For all buried valves greater than 3 to 4 feet in depth, provide as necessary an extension system to raise 2-inch operating nut to within 3 feet of the finished grade. Stem diameter according to valve manufacturer's recommendations, but not less than 1 inch. Extension stem shall be provided spacer and stop to reinforce point of applied torque and keep assembly from separating at full extended length

Division 15, Section 1500-General Utility Requirements**Page 15-1, Sub-article 1500-2 Cooperation with the Utility Owner, paragraph 2:**

Add the following sentences for utility owner contact information:

The utility owner is the Fayetteville Public Works Commission (PWC). The contact person is James Michel, PE, of PWC's Water Resources Engineering Department. He can be reached by phone at (910) 223-4785.

Add the following provision for fire hydrant accessibility:

Existing fire hydrants shall be accessible to the Fire Department at all times. Fire hydrants shall not be taken out of service without the utility owner's written approval. The Fire Department shall be notified of any fire hydrant taken out of service.

If the fire hydrants are in need of replacement, relocation, or connected to a new water main, PWC, the Project Coordinator, and the appropriate Fire Department shall be notified and coordinated with prior to commencing work. Fire hydrants shall not be removed from service without prior approval of PWC.

Contractor shall notify the applicable Fire Department of when and what area they will be working. Contractor shall notify the Fire Department a minimum of 48 hours prior to commencing work. The Contractor shall coordinate with the appropriate Fire Department regarding the placement of the temporary fire hydrants.

Add the following provision for construction around utility poles and guy wires

The Contractor will be required to perform construction work around utility poles and guy wires which may be left in place within the construction limits of the project. The Contractor shall contact the owner of the utility to coordinate securing the poles during construction. It may be necessary for the Contractor to hire an electrical utility contractor to secure poles. All work outlined in this paragraph shall be at no additional cost to NCDOT and/or Public Works Commission.

Page 15-1, Sub-article 1500-3, Utility Locations and Contractor's Responsibility:

Add the following paragraphs that supplement mapping of existing water and sewer lateral facilities:

Exhibit 2-Table 1 of these Utility Construction Special Provisions shall supplement existing water and sewer lateral facilities on the plans. Unless otherwise directed by Public Works Commission's Project Coordinator, Table 1 shall supersede any plan discrepancy regarding size, number and/or material.

Add the following paragraphs that designate site layout and staking responsibilities for the proposed water and sewer utility work:

Construction staking will be performed by the Department (NCDOT's Division Office), who will also prepare and furnish construction cut sheets to Public Works Commission and Contractor. The Contractor shall not install any utilities without a cut sheet. All requests for staking will be made not less than 96 hours in advance. All requests shall be submitted to Spencer G. Shoffner (Gabe), who is NCDOT's Assistant Resident Engineer. Contact information is:

1. Phone: (910) 364-0607
2. Email: sgshoffner@ncdot.gov

Utilities shall be installed at the locations and elevations indicated on the cut sheets unless otherwise approved by the Engineer and Public Works Commission's Project Coordinator. Should a conflict arise between the Contract Drawings and the cut sheets, the cut sheets shall take precedence. Contractor shall make the Project Coordinator aware of any conflict between the Contract Drawings and the cut sheets as soon as it is discovered. The Contractor shall verify invert elevations of all water mains, sewer mains, water laterals, sewer laterals, and manholes by instrument.

Add the following paragraphs for repair of any damage to existing water meters by contractor caused damage:

PWC

The Contractor shall replace the existing water services that are damaged as a result of their operations in accordance with PWC standards. Damaged water services shall be replaced from the meter to the existing main utilizing copper tubing and all new fittings. The Contractor shall properly abandon the existing tap, and install a new tap, utilizing a new tapping saddle and corporation in accordance with PWC standards.

The Contractor shall be responsible for connecting the new tailpiece to the customer's existing service utilizing brass fittings. The Contractor is responsible for all necessary fittings in order to connect the copper tubing to the existing meter.

The existing meter boxes shall be replaced as part of the renewal of the water services. A composite, H-20 rated meter box shall be used if the meter is to be located in asphalt or concrete. The Contractor shall

be responsible for furnishing and installing the meter boxes. All work shall be approved by the Project Coordinator.

Page 15-1, Sub-article 1500-4, Weekend, Night and Holiday Work:

Add the following paragraphs:

During the course of construction, it may be necessary to complete portions of the Work outside of the normal working hours, to accommodate the utility owner's operations, traffic, and/or public convenience. The Contractor, Fayetteville Public Works Commission, and the utility owner will determine an acceptable schedule required for Work during such hours. The costs for such Work shall be considered incidental to the Project and no additional payment will be made.

Legal holidays observed by the Fayetteville Public Works Commission include New Year's Day, Martin Luther King's Birthday, Good Friday, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving (2 days), and Christmas (2 days).

Page 15-1, Sub-article 1500-5, Relation of Water Mains to Sewers:

Add the following paragraph:

Relation of water mains to sewers shall also apply to all sewer lateral crossings (4-inches and 6-inches).

Page 15-1, Add Sub-article 1500-5-A, Crossing Existing or Proposed Utilities:

Add the following sub-article:

The Contractor shall conduct their operations so that the following requirements are adhered to:

1. Underground telephone, cable TV, and gas utilities or conduit banks shall be crossed maintaining a minimum of 12-inch separation or clearance.
2. Electrical crossings shall be performed while the conductor is de-energized and at all times in the presence of the utility owner. Electrical crossings shall be in accordance with NESC requirements. Electrical primary conductor crossings shall be as follows:
 - a. Crossing over a conductor, maintain a minimum of 12-inches of undisturbed soil encasing the conductor.
 - b. Crossing under a conductor shall be accomplished by boring, maintaining 12-inches of undisturbed soil encasing the conductor.

No separate payment shall be made for this work.

Page 15-2, Sub-article 1500-7, Submittals and Records:

Add the following paragraphs:

The Contractor shall not perform any portion of the water and sewer work requiring submittal and review until the respective submittal has been approved by the Fayetteville Public Works Commission. Water and sewer work performed prior to review and acceptance shall be at the Contractor's risk.

The Contractor shall provide submittals on the following:

- A sample door hanger, notifying the residents of the project and those times that the resident may not have water and sewer service
- Identification of the proposed project superintendent and representative authorized to act on behalf of the Contractor.
- All piping, fittings and structures
- Contractor personnel emergency contact information

Upon completion of the project, prior to the Contractor de-mobilizing and before final payment, the Contractor shall provide the following:

Water Work:

- Verify all valves are fully open.
- Verify all valves are accessible and can be operated.

No separate payment shall be made for this work.

Page 15-2, Sub-article 1500-8, Locating and Marking:

Add the following requirements:

For identification of plastic water services, the wire shall be buried along the water service lateral from the main to the meter box. The wire shall extend a minimum of 12 inches into the meter boxes.

For identification of plastic or non-metallic pipes, the wire shall be continuously along the pipe. The wire shall be "stubbed" into valve boxes and secured such that a direct/conductive metal detector may be used to trace the pipe location. Bolts shall be used to secure the detectable wire and the attachment location shall be readily available from finished grade without special equipment. The wire shall be installed above all non-metallic pipelines.

Page 15-2, Sub-article 1500-9 Placing Pipelines into Service:

Replace last two sentences with the following:

Obtain approval from PWC prior to placing a new water line into service. Use backflow prevention assemblies for temporary connections to isolate new water lines from existing water line. A representative from PWC will witness all tests performed on their water and sewer facilities.

Add the following provisions related to planned service interruptions:

Coordination of temporary interruptions to gas, electric, cable and telephone services shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. The Contractor shall schedule a coordination meeting with the Project Coordinator, Project Engineer and the utility owner a minimum of three (3) business days prior to any planned service interruption.

Coordination of temporary interruptions to water and/or sewer services shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. The Contractor shall schedule a coordination meeting with NCDOT, Public Works

Commission's Project Coordinator, and utility owner a minimum of three (3) business days prior to any planned service interruption. The duration of the service interruption shall be coordinated with the utility owner and the Project Coordinator. Service interruptions to residents shall be limited to no more than eight (8) hours at any given time. If the service interruption is anticipated to exceed eight (8) hours, temporary service shall be provided. The Contractor shall provide all the necessary equipment and materials for temporary service. The notifications shall describe the work to be undertaken and approximate dates of the work. The text of the notifications shall be approved by NCDOT and PWC in advance. The Contractor shall furnish a copy of the notification to the Project Coordinator each time such notification is issued to the residents.

Whenever the property owner's use of the water and/or sanitary sewer must be interrupted by the Work, the Contractor shall notify the residents a minimum of 48 hours prior to service interruption. This notification shall be accomplished with door hanger notification cards placed at the addresses of the affected residents. Property owners shall be informed when service interruption takes place and the expected duration. The Contractor shall make every effort to minimize inconvenience to the public and property owners.

The Contractor shall schedule a coordination meeting with Public Work's Commission's Project Coordinator a minimum of three (3) working days prior to any proposed water outage. The coordination meeting shall be conducted prior to any notices being issued. The Contractor shall locate (vertically and horizontally) any utilities within the work area, in accordance with these Contract Documents. The locations of all utilities within the work area shall be determined prior to the coordination meeting. Any conflicts with the proposed work and the existing utilities shall be identified, and a plan for resolving the conflicts shall be presented to the Owner. The purpose of this coordination meeting is to ensure that the Contractor has a good understanding of the requirements related to the proposed outage, verify that there are no utility conflicts, discuss any necessary contingency plans, and all equipment, materials, tools, and all other incidentals necessary to complete the work are on the project site in good working order. Should, for any reason, the Owner deem that the Contractor is not prepared for the proposed outage, the outage notifications will not be distributed and the outage shall be postponed a minimum of two (2) weeks. The Owner will provide written notification to the Contractor of this decision. No additional contract time will be granted for this delay. Should the Contract time expire within that two (2) week period, the Owner reserves the right to assess liquidated damages, as outlined in these Contract Documents.

Once the water outage notifications have been issued, a follow-up coordination meeting with the Project Coordinator and Project Engineer shall be held a minimum of 24 hours prior to the scheduled outage. The purpose of this meeting is to verify that the Contractor is prepared to proceed with the outage, and that all equipment, materials, tools, and all other incidentals necessary to complete the Work are on the project site and in good working order. If for any reason the Owner deems that the Contractor is not prepared, the outage shall be postponed and all customers immediately notified of the cancellation. The outage shall be postponed a minimum of two (2) weeks. No additional Contract time will be granted for this delay. Should the Contract time expire within that two (2) week period, the Owner reserves the right to assess liquidated damages, as outlined in these Contract Documents.

The Contractor shall complete the required work and restore water service within the given time period for the outage. Should the Contractor fail to complete the work within the allotted time, the Public Works Commission shall assess a penalty of \$500 per 15-minute interval or any portion thereof until water service is restored. The penalty may be waived for circumstances beyond the Contractor's control, as deemed by PWC. The Project Coordinator reserve the right to cancel or postpone the outage at any time, for any reason.

Division 15, Section 1505-Excavation, Trenching, Pipe Laying and Backfilling for Utilities

Page 15-4, Sub-article 1505-3(E), Thrust Restraint, third paragraph:

Replace the second sentence in the first paragraph with the following:

When not shown, engineer the thrust restraint system with a factor of safety of 2.0 for the test pressure specified and for the actual field conditions.

Replace the third paragraph with the following:

Use joint restraint methods, such as integral restraining bells and spigots, restraining retainer glands, or restraining gaskets. Use factory restraint for all pipes larger than 12". Use concrete reaction backing and thrust collars only where joint restraint is impractical with the approval of the Engineer.

Division 15, Section 1510-Water Lines

Page 15-6, Sub-article 1510-3 (A), General:

Add the following construction methods for service interruptions and cut ins:

1. Coordinate all service interruptions with PWC's Project Coordinator and submit a shut down or service interruption work plan for review and approval by PWC a minimum of 30 days prior to service interruption. Service interruption shall address all facets of the planned outage and how the Contractor will adhere to PWC's service interruption policies and critical items defined herein. PWC's Project Coordinator will schedule a mock shut down with PWC's Operations to ensure existing valves are in proper working order. Where existing valves are determined to be non-functional or unable to isolate the work area, a field directive will be issued to insert a valve, or cut in a valve, if other existing valves will not accommodate a service interruption that does not disrupt significant number of customers. A cut in valve installation shall follow these same measures.
2. Perform customer notification adhering to PWC's customer notification procedures.
3. Provide sufficient construction staff or crews, certified site superintendent present, pumps of sufficient size to quickly dewater and ensure all equipment is present and functional.
4. Provide sufficient lighting for night operations.
5. Provide dual purpose sleeves, retainers glands, fittings, etc. to complete the tie in expediently.
6. Perform the following tasks in advance of the shutdown:
 - a. Evaluate vertical depth of existing main and any conflicting utilities.
 - b. Provide detailed layout plan with dimensions and fittings as part of the shutdown plan.
 - c. Complete excavation to pipe.
 - d. Preassemble fittings above ground when possible.
 - e. Place crushed rock in excavation to provide footing and minimize contamination.
 - f. Verify notification of customers has been completed.
 - g. Perform the following tasks after shutdown:
 - i. Relieve pressure off existing main through use of existing hydrants or blow-offs which are within the isolated part of the system
 - ii. Cut pipe on bottom and sides in manner to dewater pipe quickly and to avoid water spray
 - iii. Use cut out section for measurement when possible
 - iv. Disinfect fittings and pipe with chlorine solution adhering to Cut in Construction requirements of AWWA C651-14, Section 4.11

Page 15-6, Sub-article 1510-3 (B), Testing and Sterilization:

Replace the third paragraph with:

Perform tests using clean water and provide certified results demonstrating no loss of pressure when pressurized at 200 ± 5 psi for 2 hours.

Page 15-6, Sub-article 1510-3 (B), Testing and Sterilization:

Revise the flushing velocity in the fifth paragraph from 2.5 feet per second to 3.0 feet per second.

Replace the sixth paragraph (beginning at line 39) with the following:

Sterilize water lines in accordance with Section 1003 of The Rules Governing Public Water supply and AWWA C651 Section 4.4.3, the Continuous Feed Method. Provide a chlorine solution with between 50 parts per million and 100 parts per million in the initial feed. Solid sterilization agent is not allowed. The chlorine solution must remain in contact with all interior surfaces for 24 hours. If the chlorine level drops below 10 parts per million during a 24-hour period, then flush, refill with fresh chlorine solution, and repeat for 24 hours. Provide certified bacteriological and contaminant test results from a state-approved or state-certified laboratory. Operate all valves and controls to assure thorough sterilization. During the flushing period, open and close each fire hydrant several times to flush the hydrant. Provide all chlorinating equipment, sterilization solution, taps, corporation stops, and blow offs necessary to complete testing and sterilization. If any disruption to the disinfection process occurs, or if any repair procedure is necessary then the disinfection process shall start over.

Add the following paragraph for water sample analysis:

The Public Works Commission will sample water from the pipes and test the water in their laboratory. Do not place the water lines into service until tests performed by the Public Works Commission are satisfactory. The disinfection shall be repeated until tests indicate the absence of pollution for at least two (2) full days. The PWC Project Coordinator shall be responsible for taking the sample(s), and transporting them to the laboratory.

Add the following paragraph for disinfecting cut in points of construction:

Use the procedures for disinfecting of the new installation and the existing main at the cut-in point in accordance with AWWA C651-14, Section 4.11.

Division 15, Section 1515-Utility Controls**Page 15-8, sub-article 1515-2 Materials:**

Revise valve box type in Line 11 as follows:

Remove “screw or”. Only slip type valve boxes are permissible for Public Works Commission.

Page 15-8, sub-article 1515-3, Construction Methods:

Add the following to the second paragraph:

Page 15-8, sub-article 1515-3(A), Construction Methods, Valves:

Revise the first paragraph as follows:

Install all valves with an approved valve box set flush with the finished ground or finished pavement elevation. Place a 24-inch diameter 2500 psi precast concrete ring flush with the finished ground around all valve boxes not in pavement. Place a 24-inch diameter 3000 psi poured in place concrete collar flush with the finished pavement around all valve boxes in a traffic area.

Add the following construction method for valve installation:

Stuffing boxes shall be tightened and the valve shall be fully opened and fully closed to ensure that all parts are in working condition. A valve box shall be provided for every valve. The valve box shall be centered and plumb over the operating nut of the valve. It shall not transmit shock or stress to the valve.

All tapping sleeves shall be hydrostatically pressure tested prior to the tap being accomplished. **Use of air to complete the pressure test is not acceptable.** The tapping sleeve shall be tested to 150 psi. The PWC Project Coordinator shall witness and approve the testing.

Section 1530 - Abandon or Remove Utilities**Page 15-16, Sub-article 1530-3(A) Abandoning Pipe:**

Add the following paragraphs:

Perform kill-outs of existing mains to be abandoned as designated on the Drawings. Kill-outs shall consist of the following requirements:

1. Kill out shall be done a minimum of 5 feet from any fitting on the existing water main that is to remain in service.
2. Ductile iron pipe stiff knee shall be 4" diameter for mains 12" or less. Utilize 8" ductile iron pipe or larger for mains larger than 12". Minimum length of 5 feet of stiff knee shall be provided. Stiff knee shall be encased in concrete. Concrete shall cover the abandoned pipe but it shall not come in contact with the active water main or any fittings on the active water main. Place blocks rated as the same compressive strength as the concrete under the stiff knee to provide support during concrete placement.
3. On the active water main side of the stiff knee, provide full body mechanical joint sleeve with restraining gland and restraining plug or cap.
4. On the abandoned water main side, provide minimum 1/4" steel plate or ductile iron cap or plug.
5. Coordinate outages with Public Works Commission Project Coordinator and other work to minimize number of planned outages.
6. Abandoned pipe shall be grout filled or removed in accordance with Section 1530.

Remove valves, or close valves and remove the top of the valve box to an elevation 2-feet below the roadway subgrade or finished grade, and backfill.

Page 15-17, Sub-article 1530-4 Measurement and Payment:

Add the following sentence to the first paragraph:

Kill out of existing water mains to be abandoned will incidental to the other work and will not be measured and paid.

PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS**UTILITIES BY OTHERS****General:**

The following utility companies have facilities that will be in conflict with the construction of this project:

- A) South River EMC – Power (Distribution)
- B) CenturyLink – Communications (Distribution)
- C) Spectrum – Communications

The conflicting facilities of these concerns will be adjusted prior to the date of availability, unless otherwise noted and are therefore listed in these special provisions for the benefit of the Contractor. All utility work listed herein will be done by the utility owners. All utilities are shown on the plans from the best available information.

The Contractor's attention is directed to Article 105-8 of the 2012 Standard Specifications.

Utilities Requiring Adjustment:

Utility relocations are shown on the Utilities by Others Plans.

A) South River EMC – Power (Distribution)

- 1) South River EMC will install utility poles, underground and aerial lines.

Pole RT. -L- Sta. 17+30

Pole LT. -L- Sta. 17+50

Pole RT. -L- Sta. 20+00

Boring underground cables

LT. -Y- Sta. 15+75 to Electric Box LT. -Y- Sta.20+80

From LT. -Y- 20+80 to

RT. -Y- Sta. 24+50.

Contact person for SREMC is Mr. Jeff Carroll at 910-820-2770 jcarroll@sremc.com.

B) CenturyLink – Communications

- 1) CenturyLink will install all their facilities underground along the L and Y lines of this project. The locations may be viewed on the project UBO plans.
RT. -L- Sta. 12+50 to
RT. -L- Sta. 26+25

Contact person for CenturyLink is Mr. Kevin Godwin at 910-366-2142
Kevin.Godwin@CenturyLink.com .

C) Spectrum – Communications

- 1) Spectrum will complete installation of aerial cables on SREMC's new poles once SREMC completes their installation. Spectrum will require 2 weeks' notice prior to SREMC completing their work and require one month to complete their new attachments

Contact person is Mr. Tommy Roberts at 910-920-7409 troberts@telics.com

PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS**EROSION CONTROL****EROSION AND STORMWATER CONTROL FOR SHOULDER CONSTRUCTION AND RECONSTRUCTION:**

(11-16-10) (Rev. 8-21-12)

105-16, 225-2, Division 16

SP16 R03R

Land disturbing operations associated with shoulder construction/reconstruction may require erosion and sediment control/stormwater measure installation. National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) inspection and reporting may be required.

Erosion control measures shall be installed per the erosion control detail in any area where the vegetated buffer between the disturbed area and surface waters (streams, wetlands, or open waters) or drainage inlet is less than 10 feet. The Engineer may reduce the vegetated buffer threshold for this requirement to a value between 5 and 10 feet. Erosion control measures shall be spot checked every 14 days until permanent vegetative establishment.

In areas where shoulder construction/reconstruction includes disturbance or grading on the front slope or to the toe of fill, relocating ditch line or backslope, or removing vegetation from the ditch line or swale, NPDES inspection and monitoring are required every 14 days or within 24 hours of a rainfall event of 0.5" or greater. Maintain daily rainfall records. Install erosion control measures per detail.

In areas where the vegetated buffer is less than 10 feet between the disturbed area and waters of the State classified as High Quality Water (HQW), Outstanding Resource Water (ORW), Critical Areas, or Unique Wetlands, NPDES inspection and monitoring are required every 14 days or within 24 hours of a rainfall event of 0.5" or greater. The Engineer may reduce the vegetated buffer threshold for this requirement to a value between 5 and 10 feet. The plans or provisions will indicate the presence of these water classifications. Maintain daily rainfall records. Install erosion control measures per detail.

Land disturbances hardened with aggregate materials receiving sheet flow are considered non-erodible.

Sites that require lengthy sections of silt fence may substitute with rapid permanent seeding and mulching as directed by the Engineer.

NPDES documentation shall be performed by a Level II Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater certificate holder.

Materials used for erosion control will be measured and paid as stated in the contract.

STABILIZATION REQUIREMENTS:

(3-11-16)

S-1

Stabilization for this project shall comply with the time frame guidelines as specified by the NCG-010000 general construction permit effective August 1, 2016 issued by the North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality Division of Water Resources. Temporary or permanent ground cover stabilization shall occur within 7 calendar days from the last land-disturbing activity, with the following exceptions in which temporary or permanent ground cover shall be provided in 14 calendar days from the last land-disturbing activity:

- Slopes between 2:1 and 3:1, with a slope length of 10 ft. or less
- Slopes 3:1 or flatter, with a slope of length of 50 ft. or less
- Slopes 4:1 or flatter

The stabilization timeframe for High Quality Water (HQW) Zones shall be 7 calendar days with no exceptions for slope grades or lengths. High Quality Water Zones (HQW) Zones are defined by North Carolina Administrative Code 15A NCAC 04A.0105 (25). Temporary and permanent ground cover stabilization shall be achieved in accordance with the provisions in this contract and as directed.

SEEDING AND MULCHING:

(East)

The kinds of seed and fertilizer, and the rates of application of seed, fertilizer, and limestone, shall be as stated below. During periods of overlapping dates, the kind of seed to be used shall be determined. All rates are in pounds per acre.

All Roadway Areas

March 1 - August 31

50# Tall Fescue
10# Centipede
25# Bermudagrass (hulled)
500# Fertilizer
4000# Limestone

September 1 - February 28

50# Tall Fescue
10# Centipede
35# Bermudagrass (unhulled)
500# Fertilizer
4000# Limestone

Waste and Borrow Locations

March 1 – August 31

75# Tall Fescue
25# Bermudagrass (hulled)
500# Fertilizer
4000# Limestone

September 1 - February 28

75# Tall Fescue
35# Bermudagrass (unhulled)
500# Fertilizer
4000# Limestone

Note: 50# of Bahiagrass may be substituted for either Centipede or Bermudagrass only upon Engineer's request.

Approved Tall Fescue Cultivars

| | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| 06 Dust | Escalade | Justice | Scorpion |
| 2 nd Millennium | Essential | Kalahari | Serengeti |
| 3 rd Millennium | Evergreen 2 | Kentucky 31* | Shelby |
| Apache III | Falcon IV | Kitty Hawk 2000 | Sheridan |
| Avenger | Falcon NG | Legitimate | Signia |
| Barlexas | Falcon V | Lexington | Silver Hawk |
| Barlexas II | Faith | LSD | Sliverstar |
| Bar Fa | Fat Cat | Magellan | Shenandoah Elite |
| Barrera | Festnova | Matador | Sidewinder |
| Barrington | Fidelity | Millennium SRP | Skyline |
| Barrobusto | Finelawn Elite | Monet | Solara |
| Barvado | Finelawn Xpress | Mustang 4 | Southern Choice II |

| | | | |
|-----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|
| Biltmore | Finesse II | Ninja 2 | Speedway |
| Bingo | Firebird | Ol' Glory | Spyder LS |
| Bizem | Firecracker LS | Olympic Gold | Sunset Gold |
| Blackwatch | Firenza | Padre | Taccoa |
| Blade Runner II | Five Point | Patagonia | Tanzania |
| Bonsai | Focus | Pedigree | Trio |
| Braveheart | Forte | Picasso | Tahoe II |
| Bravo | Garrison | Piedmont | Talladega |
| Bullseye | Gazelle II | Plantation | Tarheel |
| Cannavaro | Gold Medallion | Proseeds 5301 | Terrano |
| Catalyst | Grande 3 | Prospect | Titan ltd |
| Cayenne | Greenbrooks | Pure Gold | Titanium LS |
| Cessane Rz | Greenkeeper | Quest | Tracer |
| Chipper | Gremlin | Raptor II | Traverse SRP |
| Cochise IV | Greystone | Rebel Exeda | Tulsa Time |
| Constitution | Guardian 21 | Rebel Sentry | Turbo |
| Corgi | Guardian 41 | Rebel IV | Turbo RZ |
| Corona | Hemi | Regiment II | Tuxedo RZ |
| Coyote | Honky Tonk | Regenerate | Ultimate |
| Darlington | Hot Rod | Rendition | Venture |
| Davinci | Hunter | Rhambler 2 SRP | Umbrella |
| Desire | Inferno | Rembrandt | Van Gogh |
| Dominion | Innovator | Reunion | Watchdog |
| Dynamic | Integrity | Riverside | Wolfpack II |
| Dynasty | Jaguar 3 | RNP | Xtremegreen |
| Endeavor | Jamboree | Rocket | |

***Note: Kentucky 31 will no longer be an approved NCDOT Tall Fescue Cultivar after December 31, 2015.**

On cut and fill slopes 2:1 or steeper Centipede shall be applied at the rate of 5 pounds per acre and add 20# of Sericea Lespedeza from January 1 - December 31.

Fertilizer shall be 10-20-20 analysis. A different analysis of fertilizer may be used provided the 1-2-2 ratio is maintained and the rate of application adjusted to provide the same amount of plant food as a 10-20-20 analysis and as directed.

Measurement and Payment

Native Grass *Seeding and Mulching* will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1660-8 of the *Standard Specifications*.

TEMPORARY SEEDING:

Fertilizer shall be the same analysis as specified for *Seeding and Mulching* and applied at the rate of 400 pounds and seeded at the rate of 50 pounds per acre. Sweet Sudan Grass, German Millet or Browntop Millet shall be used in summer months and Rye Grain during the remainder of the year. The Engineer will determine the exact dates for using each kind of seed.

FERTILIZER TOPDRESSING:

Fertilizer used for topdressing on all roadway areas except slopes 2:1 and steeper shall be 10-20-20 grade and shall be applied at the rate of 500 pounds per acre. A different analysis of fertilizer may be used provided the 1-2-2 ratio is maintained and the rate of application adjusted to provide the same amount of plant food as 10-20-20 analysis and as directed.

Fertilizer used for topdressing on slopes 2:1 and steeper and waste and borrow areas shall be 16-8-8 grade and shall be applied at the rate of 500 pounds per acre. A different analysis of fertilizer may be used provided the 2-1-1 ratio is maintained and the rate of application adjusted to provide the same amount of plant food as 16-8-8 analysis and as directed.

SUPPLEMENTAL SEEDING:

The kinds of seed and proportions shall be the same as specified for *Seeding and Mulching*, with the exception that no centipede seed will be used in the seed mix for supplemental seeding. The rate of application for supplemental seeding may vary from 25# to 75# per acre. The actual rate per acre will be determined prior to the time of topdressing and the Contractor will be notified in writing of the rate per acre, total quantity needed, and areas on which to apply the supplemental seed. Minimum tillage equipment, consisting of a sod seeder shall be used for incorporating seed into the soil as to prevent disturbance of existing vegetation. A clodbuster (ball and chain) may be used where degree of slope prevents the use of a sod seeder.

MOWING:

The minimum mowing height on this project shall be 4 inches.

RESPONSE FOR EROSION CONTROL:**Description**

Furnish the labor, materials, tools and equipment necessary to move personnel, equipment, and supplies to the project necessary for the pursuit of any or all of the following work as shown herein, by an approved subcontractor.

| Section | Erosion Control Item | Unit |
|----------------|----------------------------------|-------------|
| 1605 | Temporary Silt Fence | LF |
| 1606 | Special Sediment Control Fence | LF/TON |
| 1615 | Temporary Mulching | ACR |
| 1620 | Seed - Temporary Seeding | LB |
| 1620 | Fertilizer - Temporary Seeding | TN |
| 1631 | Matting for Erosion Control | SY |
| SP | Coir Fiber Mat | SY |
| 1640 | Coir Fiber Baffles | LF |
| SP | Permanent Soil Reinforcement Mat | SY |

| | | |
|------|-------------------------------|-----|
| 1660 | Seeding and Mulching | ACR |
| 1661 | Seed - Repair Seeding | LB |
| 1661 | Fertilizer - Repair Seeding | TON |
| 1662 | Seed - Supplemental Seeding | LB |
| 1665 | Fertilizer Topdressing | TON |
| SP | Safety/Highly Visible Fencing | LF |
| SP | Response for Erosion Control | EA |

Construction Methods

Provide an approved subcontractor who performs an erosion control action as described in the NPDES Inspection Form SPPP30. Each erosion control action may include one or more of the above work items.

Measurement and Payment

Response for Erosion Control will be measured and paid for by counting the actual number of times the subcontractor moves onto the project, including borrow and waste sites, and satisfactorily completes an erosion control action described in Form 1675. The provisions of Article 104-5 of the *Standard Specifications* will not apply to this item of work.

Payment will be made under:

| Pay Item | Pay Unit |
|------------------------------|-----------------|
| Response for Erosion Control | Each |

MINIMIZE REMOVAL OF VEGETATION:

The Contractor shall minimize removal of vegetation within project limits to the maximum extent practicable. Vegetation along stream banks and adjacent to other jurisdictional resources outside the construction limits shall only be removed upon approval of Engineer. No additional payment will be made for this minimization work.

STOCKPILE AREAS:

The Contractor shall install and maintain erosion control devices sufficient to contain sediment around any erodible material stockpile areas as directed.

ACCESS AND HAUL ROADS:

At the end of each working day, the Contractor shall install or re-establish temporary diversions or earth berms across access/haul roads to direct runoff into sediment devices. Silt fence sections that are temporarily removed shall be reinstalled across access/haul roads at the end of each working day.

WASTE AND BORROW SOURCES:

Payment for temporary erosion control measures, except those made necessary by the Contractor's own negligence or for his own convenience, will be paid for at the appropriate contract unit price for the devices or measures utilized in borrow sources and waste areas.

No additional payment will be made for erosion control devices or permanent seeding and mulching in any commercial borrow or waste pit. All erosion and sediment control practices that may be required on a commercial borrow or waste site will be done at the Contractor's expense.

All offsite Staging Areas, Borrow and Waste sites shall be in accordance with "Borrow and Waste Site Reclamation Procedures for Contracted Projects" located at:

http://www.ncdot.gov/doh/operations/dp_chief_eng/roadside/fieldops/downloads/Files/ContractedReclamationProcedures.pdf

All forms and documents referenced in the "Borrow and Waste Site Reclamation Procedures for Contracted Projects" shall be included with the reclamation plans for offsite staging areas, and borrow and waste sites.

LAWN TYPE APPEARANCE:

All areas adjacent to lawns must be hand finished as directed by the Field Operations Engineer to give a lawn type appearance. Remove all trash, debris, and stones $\frac{3}{4}$ " and larger in diameter or other obstructions that could interfere with providing a smooth lawn type appearance. These areas shall be reseeded to match their original vegetative conditions. Work shall be in accordance with Section 1660 of the Standard Specifications

WATTLES WITH POLYACRYLAMIDE (PAM):

(10-19-10) (Rev. 1-17-12)

1060,1630,1631

T2

Description

Wattles are tubular products consisting of excelsior fibers encased in synthetic netting. Wattles are used on slopes or channels to intercept runoff and act as a velocity break. Wattles are to be placed at locations shown on the plans or as directed. Installation shall follow the detail provided in the plans and as directed. Work includes furnishing materials, installation of wattles, matting installation, PAM application, and removing wattles.

Materials

Wattle shall meet the following specifications:

| | |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 100% Curled Wood(Excelsior) Fibers | |
| Minimum Diameter | 12 in. |
| Minimum Density | 2.5 lb/ft ³ +/- 10% |
| Net Material | Synthetic |
| Net Openings | 1 in. x 1 in. |
| Net Configuration | Totally Encased |
| Minimum Weight | 20 lb. +/- 10% per 10 ft. length |

Stakes shall be used as anchors.

Provide hardwood stakes a minimum of 2 feet long with a 2 inch x 2 inch nominal square cross section. One end of the stake must be sharpened or beveled to facilitate driving down into the underlying soil.

Matting shall meet the requirements of Article 1060-8 of the *2018 Standard Specifications*, or shall meet specifications provided elsewhere in this contract.

Provide staples made of 0.125 inch diameter new steel wire formed into a *u* shape not less than 12 inches in length with a throat of 1 inch in width.

Polyacrylamide (PAM) shall be applied in powder form and shall be anionic or neutrally charged. Soil samples shall be obtained in areas where the wattles will be placed, and from offsite material used to construct the roadway, and analyzed for the appropriate PAM flocculant to be utilized with each wattle. The PAM product used shall be listed on the North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources (NCDENR) Division of Water Quality (DWQ) web site as an approved PAM product for use in North Carolina.

Construction Methods

Wattles shall be secured to the soil by wire staples approximately every 1 linear foot and at the end of each section of wattle. A minimum of 4 stakes shall be installed on the downstream side of the wattle with a maximum spacing of 2 linear feet along the wattle, and according to the detail. Install a minimum of 2 stakes on the upstream side of the wattle according to the detail provided in the plans. Stakes shall be driven into the ground a minimum of 10 inches with no more than 2 inches projecting from the top of the wattle. Drive stakes at an angle according to the detail provided in the plans.

Only install wattle(s) to a height in ditch so flow will not wash around wattle and scour ditch slopes and according to the detail provided in the plans and as directed. Overlap adjoining sections of wattles a minimum of 6 inches

Installation of matting shall be in accordance with the detail provided in the plans, and in accordance with Article 1631-3 of the *2018 Standard Specifications*, or in accordance with specifications provided elsewhere in this contract.

Apply PAM over the lower center portion of the wattle where the water is going to flow over at a rate of 2 ounces per wattle, and 1 ounce of PAM on matting on each side of the wattle. PAM applications shall be done during construction activities after every rainfall event that is equal to or exceeds 0.50 inch.

The Contractor shall maintain the wattles until the project is accepted or until the wattles are removed, and shall remove and dispose of silt accumulations at the wattles when so directed in accordance with the requirements of Section 1630 of the *2018 Standard Specifications*.

Measurement and Payment

Wattles will be measured and paid for by the actual number of linear feet of wattles which are installed and accepted. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this section, including, but not limited to, furnishing all materials, labor, equipment and incidentals necessary to install the *Wattles*.

Matting will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1631-4 of the *2018 Standard Specifications*, or in accordance with specifications provided elsewhere in this contract.

Polyacrylamide (PAM) will be measured and paid for by the actual weight in pounds of PAM applied to the wattles. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this section, including, but not limited to, furnishing all materials, labor, equipment and incidentals necessary to apply the *Polyacrylamide (PAM)*.

Payment will be made under:

| Pay Item | Pay Unit |
|----------------------|-----------------|
| Polyacrylamide (PAM) | Pound |
| Wattle | Linear Foot |

CONCRETE WASHOUT STRUCTURE:

(12-01-15)

Description

Concrete washout structures are enclosures above or below grade to contain concrete waste water and associated concrete mix from washing out ready-mix trucks, drums, pumps, or other equipment. Concrete washouts must collect and retain all the concrete washout water and solids, so that this material does not migrate to surface waters or into the ground water. These enclosures are not intended for concrete waste not associated with wash out operations.

The concrete washout structure may include constructed devices above or below ground and or commercially available devices designed specifically to capture concrete waste water.

Materials

| Item | Section |
|----------------------|----------------|
| Temporary Silt Fence | 1605 |

Safety Fence shall meet the specifications as provided elsewhere in this contract.

Geomembrane basin liner shall meet the following minimum physical properties for low permeability; it shall consist of a polypropylene or polyethylene 10 mil thick geomembrane. If the minimum setback dimensions can be achieved the liner is not required. (5 feet above groundwater, 50 feet from top of bank of perennial stream, other surface water body, or wetland.)

Construction Methods

Build an enclosed earthen berm or excavate to form an enclosure in accordance with the details and as directed.

Install temporary silt fence around the perimeter of the enclosure in accordance with the details and as directed if structure is not located in an area where existing erosion and sedimentation control devices are capable to containing any loss of sediment.

Post a sign with the words “Concrete Washout” in close proximity of the concrete washout area, so it is clearly visible to site personnel.

The construction details for the above grade and below grade concrete washout structures can be found on the following web page link:

http://www.ncdot.gov/doh/operations/dp_chief_eng/roadside/soil_water/details/

Alternate details for accommodating concrete washout may be submitted for review and approval.

The alternate details shall include the method used to retain and dispose of the concrete waste water within the project limits and in accordance with the minimum setback requirements. (5 feet above groundwater, 50 feet from top of bank of perennial stream, other surface water body, or wetland.)

Maintenance and Removal

Maintain the concrete washout structure(s) to provide adequate holding capacity plus a minimum freeboard of 12 inches. Remove and dispose of hardened concrete and return the structure to a functional condition after reaching 75% capacity.

Inspect concrete washout structures for damage and maintain for effectiveness.

Remove the concrete washout structures and sign upon project completion. Grade the earth material to match the existing contours and permanently seed and mulch area.

Measurement and Payment

Concrete Washout Structure will be paid for per each enclosure installed in accordance with the details. If alternate details are approved then those details will also be paid for per each approved and installed device.

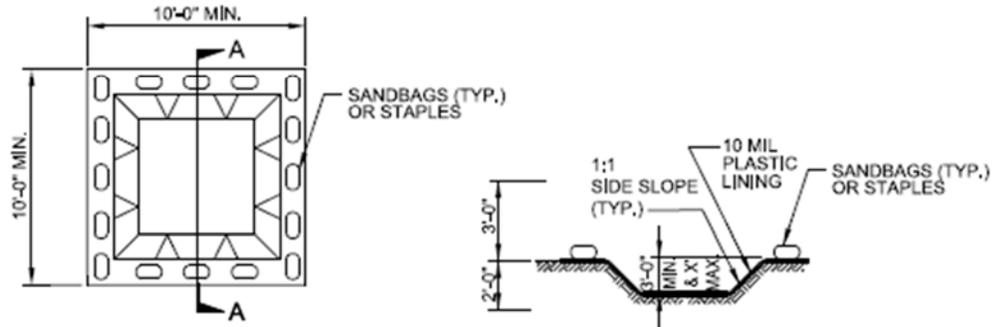
Temporary Silt Fence will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1605-5 of the *Standard Specifications*.

No measurement will be made for other items or for over excavation or stockpiling. Payment will be made under:

| Pay Item | Pay Unit |
|----------------------------|-----------------|
| Concrete Washout Structure | Each |

WITH LINER, NO GRAVEL APPROACH

ONSITE CONCRETE WASHOUT STRUCTURE WITH LINER



PLAN

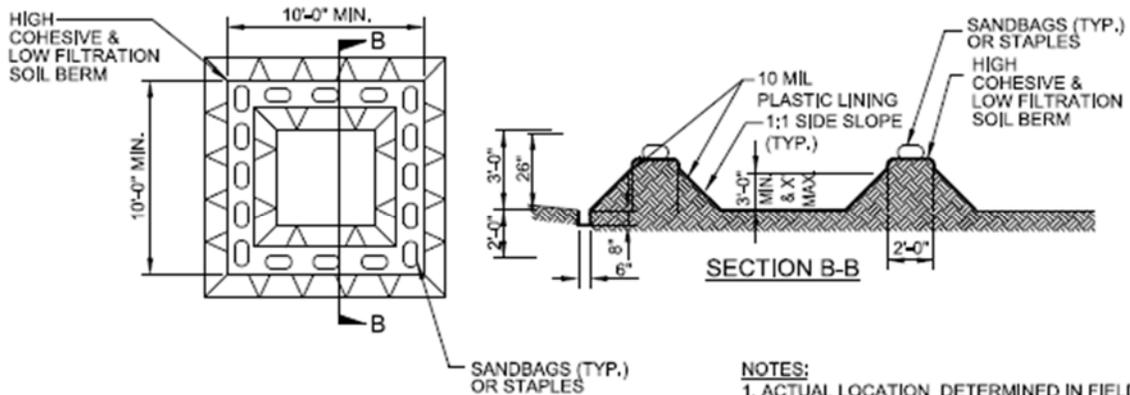
SECTION A-A

NOTES:

1. ACTUAL LOCATION DETERMINED IN FIELD
2. THE CONCRETE WASHOUT STRUCTURES SHALL BE MAINTAINED WHEN THE LIQUID AND/OR SOLID REACHES 75% OF THE STRUCTURES CAPACITY.
3. CONCRETE WASHOUT STRUCTURE NEEDS TO BE CLEARLY MARKED WITH SIGNAGE NOTING DEVICE.

BELOW GRADE WASHOUT STRUCTURE

NOT TO SCALE



PLAN

SECTION B-B

NOTES:

1. ACTUAL LOCATION DETERMINED IN FIELD
2. THE CONCRETE WASHOUT STRUCTURES SHALL BE MAINTAINED WHEN THE LIQUID AND/OR SOLID REACHES 75% OF THE STRUCTURES CAPACITY TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE HOLDING CAPACITY WITH A MINIMUM 12 INCHES OF FREEBOARD.
3. CONCRETE WASHOUT STRUCTURE NEEDS TO BE CLEARLY MARKED WITH SIGNAGE NOTING DEVICE.

ABOVE GRADE WASHOUT STRUCTURE

NOT TO SCALE

PRELIMINARY DESIGN
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

Contract No: DF00235

County: Cumberland

ACCEPTED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Division Proposals Engineer

Date

**EXECUTION OF CONTRACT AND BONDS
APPROVED AS TO FORM:**

Division Proposals Engineer

Date

County : Cumberland

| Line # | Item Number | Sec # | Description | Quantity | Unit Cost | Amount |
|----------------------|--------------|-------|--|------------|-----------|--------|
| ROADWAY ITEMS | | | | | | |
| 0001 | 0000100000-N | 800 | MOBILIZATION | Lump Sum | L.S. | |
| 0002 | 0000400000-N | 801 | CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING | Lump Sum | L.S. | |
| 0003 | 0008000000-E | 200 | SUPPLEMENTARY CLEARING & GRUB-BING | 1 ACR | | |
| 0004 | 0063000000-N | SP | GRADING | Lump Sum | L.S. | |
| 0005 | 0134000000-E | 240 | DRAINAGE DITCH EXCAVATION | 105 CY | | |
| 0006 | 0196000000-E | 270 | GEOTEXTILE FOR SOIL STABILIZATION | 150 SY | | |
| 0007 | 0318000000-E | 300 | FOUNDATION CONDITIONING MATERIAL, MINOR STRUCTURES | 45 TON | | |
| 0008 | 0320000000-E | 300 | FOUNDATION CONDITIONING GEO-TEXTILE | 130 SY | | |
| 0009 | 0335200000-E | 305 | 15" DRAINAGE PIPE | 125 LF | | |
| 0010 | 0335300000-E | 305 | 18" DRAINAGE PIPE | 92 LF | | |
| 0011 | 0448300000-E | 310 | 18" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV | 78 LF | | |
| 0012 | 0448400000-E | 310 | 24" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV | 72 LF | | |
| 0013 | 0542000000-E | 310 | *** PVC PIPE CULVERTS (4") | 100 LF | | |
| 0014 | 0995000000-E | 340 | PIPE REMOVAL | 237 LF | | |
| 0015 | 1099500000-E | 505 | SHALLOW UNDERCUT | 500 CY | | |
| 0016 | 1099700000-E | 505 | CLASS IV SUBGRADE STABILIZATION | 100 TON | | |
| 0017 | 1121000000-E | 520 | AGGREGATE BASE COURSE | 200 TON | | |
| 0018 | 1220000000-E | 545 | INCIDENTAL STONE BASE | 100 TON | | |
| 0019 | 1260000000-E | SP | AGGREGATE SHOULDER BORROW | 150 TON | | |

County : Cumberland

| Line # | Item Number | Sec # | Description | Quantity | Unit Cost | Amount |
|--------|--------------|-------|--|----------|-----------|--------|
| 0020 | 1330000000-E | 607 | INCIDENTAL MILLING | 530 | | SY |
| 0021 | 1491000000-E | 610 | ASPHALT CONC BASE COURSE, TYPE B25.0C | 1,900 | | TON |
| 0022 | 1503000000-E | 610 | ASPHALT CONC INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE I19.0C | 1,810 | | TON |
| 0023 | 1519000000-E | 610 | ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5B | 1,325 | | TON |
| 0024 | 1575000000-E | 620 | ASPHALT BINDER FOR PLANT MIX | 265 | | TON |
| 0025 | 1693000000-E | 654 | ASPHALT PLANT MIX, PAVEMENT REPAIR | 40 | | TON |
| 0026 | 1704000000-E | SP | PATCHING EXISTING PAVEMENT | 40 | | TON |
| 0027 | 2535000000-E | 846 | ***X *** CONCRETE CURB (9" X 12") | 290 | | LF |
| 0028 | 2542000000-E | 846 | 1'-6" CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER | 870 | | LF |
| 0029 | 2612000000-E | 848 | 6" CONCRETE DRIVEWAY | 670 | | SY |
| 0030 | 2655000000-E | 852 | 5" MONOLITHIC CONCRETE ISLANDS (KEYED IN) | 690 | | SY |
| 0031 | 2738000000-E | SP | GENERIC PAVING ITEM 6" Concrete Truck Apron | 640 | | SY |
| 0032 | 2845000000-N | 858 | ADJUSTMENT OF METER BOXES OR VALVE BOXES | 5 | | EA |
| 0033 | 3649000000-E | 876 | RIP RAP, CLASS B | 20 | | TON |
| 0034 | 3656000000-E | 876 | GEOTEXTILE FOR DRAINAGE | 24 | | SY |
| 0035 | 4025000000-E | 901 | CONTRACTOR FURNISHED, TYPE *** SIGN (E) | 131 | | SF |
| 0036 | 4072000000-E | 903 | SUPPORTS, 3-LB STEEL U-CHANNEL | 350 | | LF |
| 0037 | 4102000000-N | 904 | SIGN ERECTION, TYPE E | 28 | | EA |

County : Cumberland

| Line # | Item Number | Sec # | Description | Quantity | Unit Cost | Amount |
|--------|--------------|-------|--|-------------|-----------|--------|
| 0038 | 4116100000-N | 904 | SIGN ERECTION, RELOCATE TYPE **** (GROUND MOUNTED) (E) | 3 EA | | |
| 0039 | 4155000000-N | 907 | DISPOSAL OF SIGN SYSTEM, U- CHANNEL | 16 EA | | |
| 0040 | 4192000000-N | 907 | DISPOSAL OF SUPPORT, U-CHANNEL | 3 EA | | |
| 0041 | 4400000000-E | 1110 | WORK ZONE SIGNS (STATIONARY) | 735 SF | | |
| 0042 | 4405000000-E | 1110 | WORK ZONE SIGNS (PORTABLE) | 36 SF | | |
| 0043 | 4410000000-E | 1110 | WORK ZONE SIGNS (BARRICADE MOUNTED) | 176 SF | | |
| 0044 | 4430000000-N | 1130 | DRUMS | 260 EA | | |
| 0045 | 4435000000-N | 1135 | CONES | 50 EA | | |
| 0046 | 4445000000-E | 1145 | BARRICADES (TYPE III) | 96 LF | | |
| 0047 | 4455000000-N | 1150 | FLAGGER | 150 DAY | | |
| 0048 | 4516000000-N | 1180 | SKINNY DRUM | 50 EA | | |
| 0049 | 4685000000-E | 1205 | THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (4", 90 MILS) | 7,000 LF | | |
| 0050 | 4686000000-E | 1205 | THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (4", 120 MILS) | 2,000 LF | | |
| 0051 | 4695000000-E | 1205 | THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (8", 90 MILS) | 225 LF | | |
| 0052 | 4702000000-E | 1205 | THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (12", 120 MILS) | 60 LF | | |
| 0053 | 4725000000-E | 1205 | THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL (90 MILS) | 32 EA | | |
| 0054 | 4810000000-E | 1205 | PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (4") | 8,400 LF | | |
| 0055 | 4820000000-E | 1205 | PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (8") | 210 LF | | |

County : Cumberland

| Line # | Item Number | Sec # | Description | Quantity | Unit Cost | Amount |
|--------|--------------|-------|---------------------------------------|-------------|-----------|--------|
| 0056 | 4825000000-E | 1205 | PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (12") | 63 LF | | |
| 0057 | 4845000000-N | 1205 | PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL | 24 EA | | |
| 0058 | 4900000000-N | 1251 | PERMANENT RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS | 40 EA | | |
| 0059 | 5325800000-E | 1510 | 8" WATER LINE | 1,357 LF | | |
| 0060 | 5326200000-E | 1510 | 12" WATER LINE | 644 LF | | |
| 0061 | 5329000000-E | 1510 | DUCTILE IRON WATER PIPE FITTINGS | 2,755 LB | | |
| 0062 | 5540000000-E | 1515 | 6" VALVE | 1 EA | | |
| 0063 | 5546000000-E | 1515 | 8" VALVE | 5 EA | | |
| 0064 | 5558000000-E | 1515 | 12" VALVE | 1 EA | | |
| 0065 | 5572200000-E | 1515 | 12" TAPPING SLEEVE & VALVE | 1 EA | | |
| 0066 | 5648000000-N | 1515 | RELOCATE WATER METER | 2 EA | | |
| 0067 | 5666000000-N | 1515 | FIRE HYDRANT | 1 EA | | |
| 0068 | 5672000000-N | 1515 | RELOCATE FIRE HYDRANT | 1 EA | | |
| 0069 | 5673000000-E | 1515 | FIRE HYDRANT LEG | 10 LF | | |
| 0070 | 5804000000-E | 1530 | ABANDON 12" UTILITY PIPE | 688 LF | | |
| 0071 | 6000000000-E | 1605 | TEMPORARY SILT FENCE | 100 LF | | |
| 0072 | 6006000000-E | 1610 | STONE FOR EROSION CONTROL, CLASS A | 45 TON | | |
| 0073 | 6009000000-E | 1610 | STONE FOR EROSION CONTROL, CLASS B | 120 TON | | |
| 0074 | 6012000000-E | 1610 | SEDIMENT CONTROL STONE | 40 TON | | |
| 0075 | 6015000000-E | 1615 | TEMPORARY MULCHING | 3 ACR | | |

County : Cumberland

| Line # | Item Number | Sec # | Description | Quantity | Unit Cost | Amount |
|--------|--------------|-------|---------------------------------------|----------|-----------|--------|
| 0076 | 6018000000-E | 1620 | SEED FOR TEMPORARY SEEDING | 200 | LB | |
| 0077 | 6021000000-E | 1620 | FERTILIZER FOR TEMPORARY SEED- ING | 1 | TON | |
| 0078 | 6024000000-E | 1622 | TEMPORARY SLOPE DRAINS | 200 | LF | |
| 0079 | 6030000000-E | 1630 | SILT EXCAVATION | 140 | CY | |
| 0080 | 6036000000-E | 1631 | MATTING FOR EROSION CONTROL | 7,500 | SY | |
| 0081 | 6071010000-E | SP | WATTLE | 1,320 | LF | |
| 0082 | 6071020000-E | SP | POLYACRYLAMIDE (PAM) | 400 | LB | |
| 0083 | 6084000000-E | 1660 | SEEDING & MULCHING | 3 | ACR | |
| 0084 | 6087000000-E | 1660 | MOWING | 3 | ACR | |
| 0085 | 6090000000-E | 1661 | SEED FOR REPAIR SEEDING | 50 | LB | |
| 0086 | 6093000000-E | 1661 | FERTILIZER FOR REPAIR SEEDING | 0.25 | TON | |
| 0087 | 6096000000-E | 1662 | SEED FOR SUPPLEMENTAL SEEDING | 75 | LB | |
| 0088 | 6108000000-E | 1665 | FERTILIZER TOPDRESSING | 2 | TON | |
| 0089 | 6114500000-N | 1667 | SPECIALIZED HAND MOWING | 20 | MHR | |
| 0090 | 6117000000-N | SP | RESPONSE FOR EROSION CONTROL | 25 | EA | |
| 0091 | 6117500000-N | SP | CONCRETE WASHOUT STRUCTURE | 2 | EA | |

1628/Nov26/Q47160.25/D345722230000/E91

Total Amount Of Bid For Entire Project :