



December 3, 2012

Mr. Brian D. Dehler, PE
WSP Sells
15401 Weston Pkwy, Suite 100
Cary, North Carolina 27513

Reference: **Foundation Design Recommendations
Moore County Bridge Replacement
State Project No. 17BP.8.R.29
County: Moore County
Bridge (SR 1262) over Richland Creek
ECS Project No. 08-8088**

Dear Mr. Dehler:

ECS Carolinas, LLC (ECS) is pleased to present this report of subsurface exploration and recommendations for design and construction of the subject bridge foundations. It includes analyses and recommendations for the end bents.

This work was completed in accordance with the agreement between ECS and WSP Sells dated March 5, 2012.

This report presents a review of the project information, discussions of the site and subsurface conditions, and our recommendations for design and construction of the new bridge foundations. The appendices present boring location plans, NCDOT boring logs, supporting calculations, and special provisions.

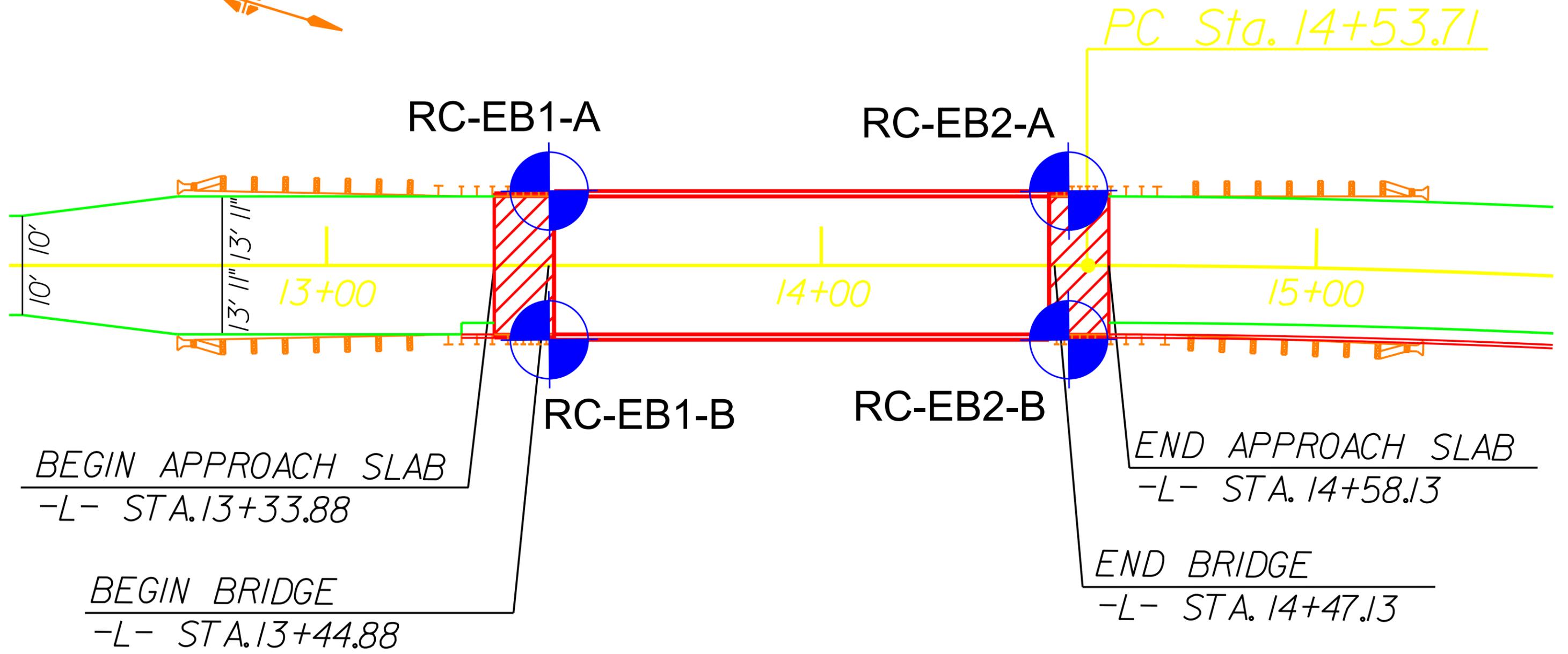
ECS has enjoyed working with you and the WSP Sells Design Team on this phase of the project. We look forward to serving as your geotechnical consultant on the remainder of this project and on future projects. If you have any questions regarding this report, please feel free to contact us.

Respectfully,

ECS Carolinas, LLP

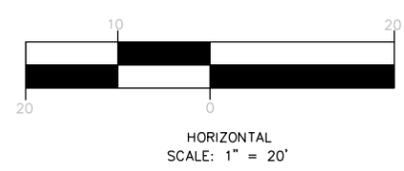
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PROJECT NO. 17BP.8.R.29
MOORE COUNTY

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 RALEIGH
 BORING LOCATION DIAGRAM
 ECS PROJECT #08-8088
 SR 1262 BRIDGE
 OVER RICHLAND CREEK



DRAWN BY : JMR DATE : 12-4
 CHECKED BY : EHF DATE : 12-4

REVISIONS			
NO.	BY:	DATE:	DESCRIPTION OF REVISION:
0			
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			

REVISIONS				SHEET NO.
NO.	BY:	DATE:	NO.	DATE:
1			3	
2			4	

TOTAL SHEETS: 1

APPENDIX C

FIELD AND LABORATORY DATA

**NCDOT Soil Legend
Soil Boring Logs
Rock Core Photographs**

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

SOIL DESCRIPTION	GRADATION	ROCK DESCRIPTION	TERMS AND DEFINITIONS
SOIL IS CONSIDERED TO BE THE UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER, AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (ASTM D-1586). SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM. BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY SHALL INCLUDE: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. EXAMPLE: <i>VERY STIFF, GRN. SILTY CLN. MOST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, MODY PLASTIC, A-7-6</i>	WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE. UNIFORM - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. (ALSO POORLY GRADED) GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES. ANGULARITY OF GRAINS THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS: ANGULAR, SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED. MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHENEVER THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.	HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL, AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS. IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL, THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK. ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS: WEATHERED ROCK (WR) CRYSTALLINE ROCK (CR) NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK (NCR) COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK (CP)	ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER. AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA. ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND. ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC. ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE. CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE. COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE. CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK. DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL. DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH. FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE. FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES. FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLOGGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL. FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM. FORMATION (FM) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD. JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED. LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT. LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS. MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS, MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE. PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM. RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK. ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (RQD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK. SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRODUCED ROCKS. SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE. STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS. STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SCRC) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SRQD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. TOPSOIL (TS) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.
SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION	COMPRESSIONIBILITY	WEATHERING	
GENERAL CLASS. GRANULAR MATERIALS (<= 35% PASSING #200) SILT-CLAY MATERIALS (> 35% PASSING #200) ORGANIC MATERIALS	SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE	FRESH VERY SLIGHT (V SLI.) SLIGHT (SLI.) MODERATE (MOD.) MODERATELY SEVERE (MOD. SEV.) SEVERE (SEV.) VERY SEVERE (V SEV.) COMPLETE	
GROUP CLASS. A-1, A-3, A-2, A-4, A-5, A-6, A-7, A-1-a, A-1-b, A-2-4, A-2-5, A-2-6, A-2-7, A-4, A-5, A-6, A-7, A-1, A-2, A-3, A-4, A-5, A-6, A-7	LIQUID LIMIT LESS THAN 31 LIQUID LIMIT EQUAL TO 31-50 LIQUID LIMIT GREATER THAN 50	ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING, ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE. ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN, CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY, ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE. ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO 1 INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS. SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED WITH FRESH ROCK. ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES "CLUNK" SOUND WHEN STRUCK. ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED, ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN. ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED, ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT THE MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK REMAINING. SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE SUCH THAT ONLY MINOR VESTIGES OF THE ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL, ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS ALSO AN EXAMPLE.	
SYMBOL	PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL		
% PASSING #10, #40, #200	ORGANIC MATERIAL GRANULAR SOILS SILT - CLAY SOILS OTHER MATERIAL		
LIQUID LIMIT PLASTIC INDEX	TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER MODERATELY ORGANIC HIGHLY ORGANIC		
GROUP INDEX			
USUAL TYPES OF MAJOR MATERIALS			
GENERAL RATING AS A SUBGRADE			
PI OF A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS <= LL - 30 PI OF A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS > LL - 30			
CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS	MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS	ROCK HARDNESS	
PRIMARY SOIL TYPE COMPACTNESS OR CONSISTENCY RANGE OF STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE (N-VALUE) RANGE OF UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/F ²)	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION SOIL SYMBOL ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY INFERRED ROCK LINE ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY DIP & DIP DIRECTION OF ROCK STRUCTURES SOUNDING ROD	VERY HARD HARD MODERATELY HARD MEDIUM HARD SOFT VERY SOFT	
GENERALLY GRANULAR MATERIAL (NON-COHESIVE) GENERALLY SILT-CLAY MATERIAL (COHESIVE)			
TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE	ABBREVIATIONS		
U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE OPENING (MM) 4, 10, 40, 60, 200, 270	AR - AUGER REFUSAL BT - BORING TERMINATED CL - CLAY CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST CSE - COARSE DMT - DILATOMETER TEST DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST e - VOID RATIO F - FINE FOSS. - FOSSILIFEROUS FRAC. - FRACTURED, FRACTURES FRAGS. - FRAGMENTS		
BOULDER (BLDR.) COBBLE (COB.) GRAVEL (GR.) COARSE SAND (CSE, SD.) FINE SAND (F SD.) SILT (SL.) CLAY (CL.)	HL - HIGHLY MED. - MEDIUM MICA - MICACEOUS MOD. - MODERATELY NP - NON PLASTIC ORG. - ORGANIC PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST SAP. - SAPROLITIC SD. - SAND, SANDY SL. - SILT, SILTY SLI. - SLIGHTLY TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL		
GRAIN SIZE MM 305, 75, 2.0, 0.25, 0.05, 0.005			
SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS	EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT	FRACTURE SPACING	BEDDING
SOIL MOISTURE SCALE (ATTERBERG LIMITS) FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION	DRILL UNITS: MOBILE B-59, BK-51, CME-45C, CME-750, PORTABLE HOIST, ACKER AD2	TERM SPACING VERY WIDE MORE THAN 10 FEET WIDE 3 TO 10 FEET MODERATELY CLOSE 1 TO 3 FEET CLOSE 0.16 TO 1 FEET VERY CLOSE LESS THAN 0.16 FEET	TERM THICKNESS VERY THICKLY BEDDED > 4 FEET THICKLY BEDDED 1.5 - 4 FEET THINLY BEDDED 0.16 - 1.5 FEET VERY THINLY BEDDED 0.03 - 0.16 FEET THICKLY LAMINATED 0.008 - 0.03 FEET THINLY LAMINATED < 0.008 FEET
LL LIQUID LIMIT PL PLASTIC LIMIT OM OPTIMUM MOISTURE SL SHRINKAGE LIMIT			
PLASTICITY			
NONPLASTIC LOW PLASTICITY MED. PLASTICITY HIGH PLASTICITY			
COLOR			
DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY), MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.			



NCDOT GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

CORE BORING REPORT

WBS 17BP.8.R.29			TIP SF-620069			COUNTY MOORE			GEOLOGIST CBDeWalt				
SITE DESCRIPTION 08-8088 - Moore County Bridges - Richland Creek Bridge										GROUND WTR (ft)			
BORING NO. RC-EB1-A			STATION 13+45			OFFSET 15 ft LT			ALIGNMENT -L-		0 HR. Dry @ 20'		
COLLAR ELEV. 308.0 ft			TOTAL DEPTH 25.2 ft			NORTHING N/A			EASTING N/A		24 HR. N/A		
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE CME 750						DRILL METHOD H.S. Augers			HAMMER TYPE Automatic				
DRILLER J&L Drilling			START DATE 11/16/12			COMP. DATE 11/16/12			SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A				
CORE SIZE NQ			TOTAL RUN 5.0 ft										
ELEV (ft)	RUN ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	RUN (ft)	DRILL RATE (Min/ft)	RUN		SAMP. NO.	STRATA		LOG	DESCRIPTION AND REMARKS	DEPTH (ft)	
					REC. (ft) %	RQD (ft) %		REC. (ft) %	RQD (ft) %				
287.8											Begin Coring @ 20.2 ft		
	287.8	20.2	5.0	4:30/1.0	(5.0)	(1.8)		(5.0)	(1.8)		287.8	20.2	
				4:15/1.0	100%	36%		100%	36%		Gray, Slightly Weathered, Hard, Moderate Jointing META DIABASE, Joint Angles 0 -45 degrees		
	282.8	25.2		4:30/1.0							282.8	25.2	
				4:45/1.0							Boring Terminated at Elevation 282.8 ft in Crystalline Rock		

NCDOT CORE SINGLE 8088 RICHLAND CREEK.GPJ NC_DOT_GDT_12/4/12



NCDOT GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

BORELOG REPORT

WBS 17BP.8.R.29	TIP SF-620069	COUNTY MOORE	GEOLOGIST CBDeWalt
SITE DESCRIPTION 08-8088 - Moore County Bridges - Richland Creek Bridge			GROUND WTR (ft)
BORING NO. RC-EB1-B	STATION 13+45	OFFSET 15 ft RT	ALIGNMENT -L-
COLLAR ELEV. 308.0 ft	TOTAL DEPTH 23.5 ft	NORTHING N/A	EASTING N/A
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE CME 750		DRILL METHOD H.S. Augers	HAMMER TYPE Automatic
DRILLER J&L Drilling	START DATE 11/16/12	COMP. DATE 11/16/12	SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A

ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	MOI	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION		
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100				ELEV. (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	
310																
	307.0	1.0	8	8	9											GROUND SURFACE 0.0
	304.5	3.5	4	5	9											Asphalt 0.5
305	302.0	6.0	5	8	10											ROADWAY EMBANKMENT
	303.5															Brown, Medium Dense, Silty Fine to Coarse SAND (A-2-4) 3.0
	302.5															Grayish Brown, Stiff, Fine Sandy SILT (A-4) 4.5
300	299.5	8.5	2	2	4											Brown, Medium Dense, Silty Fine SAND (A-2-4) 5.5
	294.5	13.5	2	2	3											Same, Loose 8.0
295	289.5	18.5	8	50	50/0.3											Same, with Clay
	284.5	23.5														
290																
	289.0															
	288.0															
285																
	284.5															

NCDOT BORE SINGLE 8088 RICHLAND CREEK.GPJ NC_DOT.GDT 12/4/12



NCDOT GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT BORELOG REPORT

WBS 17BP.8.R.29	TIP SF-620069	COUNTY MOORE	GEOLOGIST CBDeWalt
SITE DESCRIPTION 08-8088 - Moore County Bridges - Richland Creek Bridge			GROUND WTR (ft)
BORING NO. RC-EB2-A	STATION 14+50	OFFSET 15 ft LT	ALIGNMENT -L-
COLLAR ELEV. 311.0 ft	TOTAL DEPTH 31.0 ft	NORTHING N/A	EASTING N/A
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE CME 750		DRILL METHOD H.S. Augers	HAMMER TYPE Automatic
DRILLER J&L Drilling	START DATE 11/16/12	COMP. DATE 11/16/12	SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A

ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG MOI	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION			
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100				ELEV. (ft)	DEPTH (ft)		
315																	
310	310.0	1.0	9	9	9									311.0		GROUND SURFACE	
	307.5	3.5	4	6	5						SS-1					ROADWAY EMBANKMENT	
305	305.0	6.0	2	2	3						SS-2			305.5	5.5	Brown, Medium Dense, Silty Fine to Coarse SAND (A-2-4)	
	302.5	8.5	2	2	2						SS-3			303.0	8.0	Same, Loose, with Gravel	
300	297.5	13.5	4	4	5						SS-4					Same, with Clay	
	292.5	18.5	6	12	16						SS-5			299.0	12.0	ALLUVIAL	
295	287.5	23.5	50/0.2								SS-6					Gray, Fine Sandy SILT (A-4)	
											SS-7			294.0	17.0	RESIDUAL	
290														289.0	22.0	Brown, Medium Dense, Silty Fine to Coarse SAND with Gravel (A-2-4)	
														285.0	26.0	WEATHERED ROCK	
285														285.0	26.0	Brown, Silty Fine to Coarse SAND with Gravel interpreted as WEATHERED ROCK (Conglomerate Sandstone)	
														280.0	31.0	NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK	
280																	Red CONGLOMERATE SANDSTONE
																	Boring Terminated at Elevation 280.0 ft in Non-Crystalline Rock

NCDOT BORE SINGLE 8088 RICHLAND CREEK.GPJ NC_DOT.GDT 12/4/12



NCDOT GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT CORE BORING REPORT

WBS 17BP.8.R.29				TIP SF-620069				COUNTY MOORE				GEOLOGIST CBDeWalt			
SITE DESCRIPTION 08-8088 - Moore County Bridges - Richland Creek Bridge												GROUND WTR (ft)			
BORING NO. RC-EB2-A				STATION 14+50				OFFSET 15 ft LT				ALIGNMENT -L-			
COLLAR ELEV. 311.0 ft				TOTAL DEPTH 31.0 ft				NORTHING N/A				EASTING N/A			
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE CME 750								DRILL METHOD H.S. Augers				HAMMER TYPE Automatic			
DRILLER J&L Drilling				START DATE 11/16/12				COMP. DATE 11/16/12				SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A			
CORE SIZE NQ				TOTAL RUN 5.0 ft											
ELEV (ft)	RUN ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	RUN (ft)	DRILL RATE (Min/ft)	RUN		SAMP. NO.	STRATA		LOG	DESCRIPTION AND REMARKS				
					REC. (ft) %	RQD (ft) %		REC. (ft) %	RQD (ft) %		ELEV. (ft)	DEPTH (ft)			
285	285.0	26.0	5.0	2:45/1.0 2:15/1.0 2:00/1.0 2:15/1.0 2:30/1.0	(4.2) 84%	(3.6) 72%		(4.2) 84%	(3.6) 72%		285.0	26.0			
											Begin Coring @ 26.0 ft NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK Red, Moderately Weathered, Hard, Moderate Jointing, CONGLOMERATE SANDSTONE, joint angles 0 and >45 degrees				
280	280.0	31.0									280.0	31.0			
											Boring Terminated at Elevation 280.0 ft in Non-Crystalline Rock				

NCDOT CORE SINGLE 8088 RICHLAND CREEK.GPJ NC_DOT_GDT 12/4/12



NCDOT GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

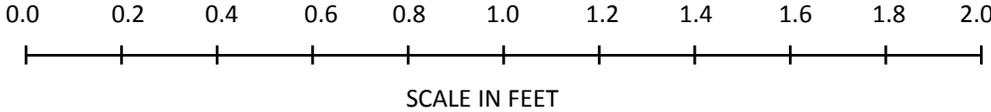
BORELOG REPORT

WBS 17BP.8.R.29	TIP SF-620069	COUNTY MOORE	GEOLOGIST CBDeWalt
SITE DESCRIPTION 08-8088 - Moore County Bridges - Richland Creek Bridge			GROUND WTR (ft)
BORING NO. RC-EB2-B	STATION 14+47	OFFSET 15 ft RT	ALIGNMENT -L-
COLLAR ELEV. 311.0 ft	TOTAL DEPTH 28.6 ft	NORTHING N/A	EASTING N/A
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE CME 750		DRILL METHOD H.S. Augers	HAMMER TYPE Automatic
DRILLER J&L Drilling	START DATE 11/16/12	COMP. DATE 11/16/12	SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A

ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	MOI	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION			
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100				ELEV. (ft)	DEPTH (ft)		
315																	
310	310.0	1.0	6	2	8										311.0	GROUND SURFACE	0.0
															310.5	Asphalt	0.5
															310.2	ABC Stone	0.8
	307.5	3.5	6	5	8										308.0	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT	3.0
305	305.0	6.0	6	5	6										305.5	Brownish Gray, Medium Dense, Silty Fine to Coarse SAND (A-2-4)	5.5
	302.5	8.5	2	2	9											Brownish Gray, Stiff, Fine to Coarse Sandy SILT (A-4)	
																Same, with Gravel	
300																	
	297.5	13.5	10	6	5										297.5	Grayish Brown, Medium Dense, Silty Fine to Coarse SAND with Wood and Clayey Silt Inclusions (A-2-4)	13.5
295															294.0	ALLUVIAL	17.0
	292.5	18.5	8	7	10											Grayish Brown, Very Stiff, Fine to Coarse Sandy SILT with Wood (A-4)	
290															289.0	WEATHERED ROCK	22.0
	287.5	23.5	56	44/0.5												No Recovery	
285																	
	282.5	28.5	60/0.1												282.4	Boring Terminated with Standard Penetration Test Refusal at Elevation 282.4 ft on Non-Crystalline Rock	28.6

NCDOT BORE SINGLE 8088 RICHLAND CREEK.GPJ NC_DOT.GDT 12/4/12

RICHLAND CREEK BRIDGE – BORING RC-EB1-A



RICHLAND CREEK BRIDGE – BORING RC-EB2-A

