



















# Training for Categorical Exclusions

March 2017

Throughout this presentation, subjects for which training materials are available or where help is on the way will have

this symbol:

### Purpose

- Shift CE Management from Central Units to Divisions
- Programmatic Agreement

# Federal Highway Administration North Carolina Division

# **NON-MERGER PROJECTS**

Planni	na &	Program	Devel	opment
I IMIIII		i i ogi aiii	<b>D</b> 0 1 0 1	Opinioni

George Hoops, P.E.	Planning & Program Development Manager	Statewide	919-747-7022
Bill Marley	Planning & Environment Specialist	Divisions 1, 2, & 4	919-747-7028
Eddie Dancausse	Air Quality, Planning, & Environment Engineer	Division 5	919-747-7026
Ron Lucas, P.E.	Environment Engineer	Divisions 3, 6, & 8	919-747-7019
Joe Geigle, P.E.	Congestion/ITS Management, Planning, & Environment Engineer	Divisions 7 & 9	919-747-7007
Loretta Barren	Planning & Environment Specialist	Divisions 10, 11, & 12	919-747-7025
George Hoops (P&PD Manager until position is filled)	Planning & Environment Specialist	Division 13 & 14	919-747-7022

# Federal Highway Administration North Carolina Division

# MERGER PROJECTS

	Preconstruction & Environm	nent	
Clarence Coleman, P.E.	Preconstruction & Environment Director	Statewide	919-747-7014
Ron Lucas, P.E.	Environment Engineer	Divisions 1-8	919-747-7019
Donnie Brew	Preconstruction & Environment Engineer	Divisions 9 - 14	919-747-7017
Felix Davila, P.E.	Environmental Compliance Coordinator	Statewide	919-747-7021
Mike Dawson	Realty Officer	Statewide	919-747-7009

# Agenda

- NEPA 101
- Programmatic Agreement between FHWA and NCDOT
  - CE Checklist: Non-Ground Disturbing Type I Projects
  - CE Checklist: Ground Disturbing Type I and II Projects
  - CE Checklist: Type III Projects
- Project Documentation and Supplemental Information
  - Electronic Project Files
  - Document Distribution
  - Consultations
- Resources

#### What is NEPA?

National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA)

## What triggers NEPA?

- Any federal nexus (e.g. FHWA funds, federal permit, etc.) requires the implementation of the "NEPA Process".
- For the purposes of the CE Agreement we are dealing specifically with FHWA funds or an Interchange Access Report being triggers
- FHWA NEPA Training Materials are available



Under NEPA, there are three classes of action:

- Environmental Impact Statement (EIS)
- Environmental Assessment (EA)
- Categorical Exclusion (CE)
  - There are three Types of CE's: I, II, and III where we'll spend our time today

# Type I and II are activities that are defined in two lists drawn from 23 CFR 771.117(c), which FHWA defined as not involving significant impacts

#### Appendix A: Type I(A) Actions classified as Categorical Exclusions in 23 CFR 771.117(c)

Actions determined by CEQ & FHWA to be classified as Categorical Exclusions:

Type I Actions
These actions (23 CFR 771.117(c) and other similar actions) were pre-approved by the FHWA because they are minor and, based on past experience with similar actions, do not involve significant impacts. They normally do not require any further NEPA approval by the FHWA. No truther NEPA documentation is required expert for completion of the Categorical Evolution Activity. significant impacts. They normally do not require any natural research approval by the Ermin Rep. (in the Rep.) of the Rep. (in the Rep.) of the Categorical Exclusion Action further REPA documentation is required except for completion of the Categorical Exclusion Action Classification included in Appendix E.

- Activities which do not involve or lead directly to construction (program activities), such as planning and research activities; grants for training, engineering to define the elements of a proposed action or alternatives to that social, economic, and environmental effects can be assessed, and Federal-aid system revisions which establish classes of highways on the Federal-aid highway system.

  Approval of utility installations along or across a transportation facility

- Approval or utility installations along or across a transportation recently. Construction of bicycle and pedestrain lanes, paths, and facilities. Activities included in the State's "highway safety plan" under 23 USC 402. Activities included in the State's "highway safety plan" under 23 USC 402. Transfer of Federal lands pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 107(d) and/or 23 U.S.C. 317 when the land transfer of Federal lands pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 107(d) and/or 23 U.S.C. 317 transfer is in support of an action that is not otherwise subject to FHWA review under
- The installation of noise barriers or alterations to existing publicly owned buildings to provide for noise reduction.
- Landscaping Installation of fencing, signs, pavement markings, small passenger shelters, traffic signals, Installation of fencing, signs, pavement markings, small passenger shelters, traffic disruption will and railroad warning devices where no substantial land acquisition or traffic disruption will
- The following actions for transportation facilities damaged by an incident resulting in an emergency declared by the Governor of the State and concurred in by the Secretary, or disastler or emergency declared by the President pursuant to the Robert T. Stafford Act (42 disastler or emergency declared by the President pursuant to the Robert T. Stafford Act (42 disastler).

  - a) Emergency repairs under 23 U.S.C. 125; and b) The repair, reconstruction, restoration, retrofitting, or replacement of any road, highway, b) The repair, reconstruction, restoration, retrofitting, or replacement of any road, highway, bridge, tunnel, or transit facility (such as a ferry dock or bus transfer station), including bridge, tunnel, or transit facility (such as a ferry dock or bus transfer station), including bridge, tunnel, or transit facility (such as a terry dock or bus transfer station), including ancillary transportation facilities (such as pedestrianylicycle paths and bike lanes), that is in operation or under construction when damaged and the action:

    1 Occurs within the existing right-of-way and in a manner that substantially conforms to the preexisting design, function, and location as the original (which may include the production of the property of the production of the
    - to the preexisting design, function, and location as the original (which hay include upgrades to meet existing codes and standards as well as upgrades warranted to address conditions that have changed since the original construction); and address conditions that have changed since the original construction); and is commenced within a 2-year period beginning on the date of the declaration.

  - Acquisition or scienic easements.

    Determination of payback under 23 CFR Part 480 for property previously acquired with
  - Improvements to existing rest areas and truck weigh stations.
- Ridesharing activities.
- Bus and rail car rehabilitation.
- Alterations to facilities or vehicles in order to make them accessible for elderly and
- handicapped persons.

  Program administration, technical assistance activities, and operating assistance to transit

  Program administration, technical assistance activities, and operating assistance to transit ലാഗൃദ്ധവ ക്ഷാങ്ങളാക്കാൻ, ലോലാഗ്ര മാടാടങ്ങൾ ക്ഷോൻടാം, വേശ് ശ്ശർ ഒന്നു കാടാടുണ്ടൾ വർ authorities to continue existing service or increase service to meet routine changes in

#### Appendix B: Type II(A) Actions classified as Categorical Exclusions in 23 CFR 771.117(d)

Actions determined by CEQ & FHWA to be classified as Categorical Exclusions:

Type II actions (23 CFR 771.117(d) and other similar actions) may be designated as CEs and are approved by NCDOT. Documentation, which demonstrates that the specific conditions or criteria for these CEs are satisfied and that significant environmental effects will not result, is required (23 CFR 771.117 (a) and (b)). Type II actions include:

- [Reserved]
- [Reserved]
  Transportation corridor fringe parking facilities.
  Construction of new truck weigh stations or rest areas.
  Approvals for disposal of excess right-of-way or for joint or limited use of right-of-way, where the proposed use does not have significant adverse impacts.
- Construction of new bus storage and maintenance facilities in areas used predominantly for industrial or transportation purposes where such construction is not inconsistent with existing zoning and located on or near a street with adequate capacity to handle anticipated
- bus arins support vertices using.

  Rehabilitation or reconstruction of existing rail and bus buildings and ancillary facilities where only minor amounts of additional land are required and there is not a substantial.
- where only many enhancements are increase in the number of users.

  Construction of bus transfer facilities (an open area consisting of passenger shelters, Construction of bus transfer facilities (an open area consisting of passenger shelters, Construction of bus transfer facilities (an open area consisting of passenger shelters, Construction of bus transfer facilities (an open area consisting of passenger shelters, Construction of bus transfer facilities (an open area consisting of passenger shelters, Construction of bus transfer facilities (an open area consisting of passenger shelters, Construction of bus transfer facilities (an open area consisting of passenger shelters, Construction of bus transfer facilities (an open area consisting of passenger shelters, Construction of bus transfer facilities (an open area consisting of passenger shelters, Construction of bus transfer facilities (an open area consisting of passenger shelters, Construction of bus transfer facilities (an open area consisting of passenger shelters, Construction of bus transfer facilities (an open area consisting of passenger shelters, Construction of bus transfer facilities (an open area consisting of passenger shelters, Construction of bus transfer facilities (an open area consisting of passenger shelters, Construction of the constru Consideration to the admitted fair open and consisting or passeriger stretters, boarding areas, kiosks and related street improvements) when located in a commercial area or other high activity center in which there is adequate street capacity for projected
- bus trainic.

  Construction of rail storage and maintenance facilities in areas used predominantly for industrial or transportation purposes where such construction is not inconsistent with existing zoning and where there is no significant noise impact on the surrounding
- community.

  Acquisition of land for hardship or protective purposes. Hardship and protective buying will be permitted only for a particular parcel or a limited number of parcels. These types of land acquisition qualify for a CE only where the acquisition will not limit the evaluation of adoptionary quanty to a OC only where the acquisition will not limit the evaluation of alternative, including shifts in alignment for planned construction projects, which may be required in the NEPA process. No project development on such land may proceed until the NEPA process has been completed.
  - NEPA process has been completed.

    A Hardship acquisition is early acquisition of property by the applicant at the property owner's request to alleviate particular hardship to the owner, in contrast to others, because of an inability to self his property. This is justified when the property owner can document on the basis of health, safety or financial reasons that remaining in the property poses an undue hardship compared to others.
- property poses an undue hardship compared to others.

  Protective acquisition is done to prevent imminent development of a parcel which may be needed for a proposed transportation corridor or site. Documentation must clearly demonstrate that development of the land would preclude future transportation use and development of the land would preclude future transportation use and development. demonstrate that development of the land would preclude future transportation use at that such development is imminent. Advance acquisition is not permitted for the sole purpose of reducing the cost of property for a proposed project. Actions described in paragraphs 26, 27, and 28 of Appendix A that do not meet the constraints in 23 CFR 771.117(e)(1-6).

#### Type I CEs include things like:

- bridge replacements
- construction of bike/pedestrian lanes
- purchasing of scenic easements

#### Type II CE's include things like:

- construction of weigh stations/rest areas
- fringe parking facilities

Type III CEs are projects such as widenings. It's any project not fitting the first two lists but where you are certain of No Significant Impact

# **Programmatic Agreement**

# Programmatic Agreement between FHWA and NCDOT

The agreement does the following:

- NCDOT has continued responsibility for verifying a project qualifies as a CE.
- Previously, FHWA often signed CE's. Now, in most cases NCDOT will be making the final approval of Type I and Type II projects (FHWA does not approve).
- For these Type I and II actions, the agreement also defines threshold criteria when FHWA approval would be required.
- Type III CEs, approval by FHWA is still required.
- The list of approved Type I and Type II activities is updated (expanded).
- Previously minor widening projects, bridge replacements on new alignment or onsite detours were in long written form. Now they are also checklists. No more documented CE's.
- NCDOT/FHWA annual compliance review.

### Effective Date

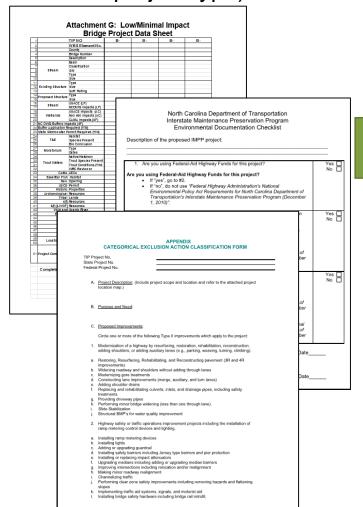
Upon the signature date of the Agreement, January 27, 2017, NCDOT can use this format for any CE.

This format MUST be used for all CEs completed after April 27, 2017.

# **CE Checklist Basics**

#### **Current Forms**

(many lists, different for each project type)



**New Checklists** 

(three lists, applies to many different project types)

Type I -Non Ground Disturbing

Type I & II Ground Disturbing

Type III

ype I -	Non-Ground Disturbing Action	Yes	No
Action f	oposed improvement (described above in Sections C & D) is a Non-Ground Disturl or 1, 4, 5, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 18, 17, 19, 20, &/or 29 then answer questions 1, 2, & n 3 is marked "yes," FMWA signature is required.		pe I
1	Is the project not consistent with the State Transportation Improvement Program?		
2	Is the project located within a Historic District? If yes, FHWA coordination is required to determine the effects of the project on the district. FHWA signature (Section I of this Form) on the CE may not be required (see Question 3).		
3	Does the project include adverse effects that cannot be resolved with a Memorandum of Agraement under Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act or have an adverse effect on a National Historic Landmark?		Г

2 × 13	S.II. Secund Disturbing Actions	Yos	140
	APPROVAL ACTIVITIES THRESHOLD OR TERM		
	Supplure Recurrer II Test Selected	_	_
;	operate improvament pressure a social in behavior Ce (1) is 2 [756] Austra of Frida 2, 3, 5, 7, 9, 6, 12, 19, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 25, 36, (23, 6) [758] Hardina Search of Broaded Common markings shakes and super and 5, 27, the content of the		
	ters. If any of consolitors, 1-7 can marked "year" than the CE cell magain FMAN approx		000
1	Class the project regular formal constitution with U.E. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) of Notional Martin Fisherice Service (NMFS)?	⊐	С
2	Close the project exact in impacts subject to the sor ditions of the Bold and Galden Engla Protection Act (1937/4)?	$\Box$	г
5	Does the ground generate substantial controversy or public opposition, for any reason, following appropriate public mechanism?	⊐	П
4	Date the ground sease disperportionately righten displaces impacts relative to loss income another minor by post lottons?	Э	С
5	Does the graject involve circs to tital or commonstal displacement, or a substantial amount of right of vary angual tion?		Г
6	Does the project require on Incividual Saction 4/1 approve?	$\supset$	С
7	Does the project include adverse efficies that cannot be resolved with a Memorandum of Agreement (MOH) under Section 106 or the Cations Historical Procurrenties Act (1994) or however adverse effect on a National Mutable Laborator (1994).	٦	Е
	Figures one 8 through 31 are mented fives their additional information will be required in Section G.	ed for t	1000
her S	Considerations	Yes	Ni
ŏ	Does the project seek in a finding of may affect notified you develop yaffed or less the latter appearance, or designated orders, behald under Good on / of the Endangered General Act of GAG.	⊐	С
8	Does the pinjeck impact anadromous (sn7)	П	Г
10	Dies the project import valers alassifier as Darstanning Resource Water (ORW), High chastly Maker (EVM), Marter Bupply Martershale Citical Assess 300(5) letted impaired traiter bedoes butter (160), or Debringed Assets (160).	٦	L
11	Cone the project impact values of the United States in any of the designated mounts or that streams?	⊐	С
12	Dates the propert sequines U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (J.SACE) Individual Section 464 Fertili7	٦	Г
15	Will the project require an excernent from a Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) for sec. bolity?	$\Box$	Е
14	Does the project include a Section 105 of the NIPA citizals determination upon than a to effect, including archiveological nanolist? Anythere project over these issuefficient.	$\neg$	г

poe III A		Y25	Mo
The	poses improvement to declined as a Type III Disco of Action account it questions Categor call Decision set Incrure II HMA appared. your above one method fyes their coditional information will be equired for those set of		e ki
1	Does he project involve actionic effects on species fitted sith the USPAR or NAPST		
2	Coos the project result in impacts subject to the conditions of the BOPA?		
s	Date: the project generale subscarded controversy or public appearation, for any reason, following appropriate public involvement?		
Se III A	Schora (commed)	YM	No
4	Dates the project cause disproportionately high endedlesse impacts relative at low-income ancion minor to peoulotions?		
5	Does the groups through substantial residential or commercial elegiacements or right or way assumetion?		
6	Does the project include a determination under Section 4/57		
7	Las project-level analysis for direct indirect, or communities effects required based on the NCCOT community studies something levi?		
ō	Is a project level singual to Mosile Source Air Textos (VSAT) analysis required?		
5	Date the pre-est import chadroniess For?		
10	Dates the project impact values a section or DRA' HON' Water Supply Waters and Cirillo Asses, 200/di-fated impaired water bades, buffer witer, or 3,577		
п	Does the project import visitors of the United States In any of the dosignated mountain troub streams?		
12	Does the project required USACE individual Seaton 404 Pornt?		
15	Will the project seques an experient from a FFRC instead facility?		
и	Case the project heliade Section ICD of the NHPA effects color finition other than also effect, including archaeological remains? And there project countries was ignorfinal?	٦	п
10	Case the project motive respectous materials and landfills?	⊐	
10	Look fre-project require voirs one boarding and advances encourage angulatory fearboard and affecting fire-trace florifying (10 System Boot) elections of a water course or laws, pursuant to Executing Critical 11088 and 20 CRR 600 support AV	П	ш
17	Is the projection of AMA county and substantially affects the counted some additionary AECP	٦	
15	Door the project require a USCG permit?	٦	п
10	Case the pre-est involve construction activities in, senses, or adjacent to a designated 40 d are Seenic River present within the project area?	⊐	
20	Dass the project involve CSRA resources?	⊐	

10	Does the project involve nazorious acted its and invetting	<u></u>	h
10	Cost the project recite that continue to the c	_	П
16	regarding flandstarran work affecting the base floody air (100-year flood) elevations of a water course or lawe, persuent to Expective Order 1 1935 and 23 CTR Bibly subgest A.	⊐	
17	is the proper in a Coarda ware Management Act (CAMA) on into and substantially affects on mustal some artifacting Asset of Environmental Congress (ACCA):		
13	Does the project require a U.S. Coast Guard (USDS) pormit?		
10	Coasitive project invoke construction activities in, across, or adjacent to a designated Wild aim Secrit: Recriptosort within the project area?	⊐	
20	Consulting project involve Constal Barrier Resources Act (CBRAC resources?		
21	Cose the project impact redard lands (e.g. U.S. Ficres: Service (USFS), USFWS ato; or Tribal Lands?	⊐	١
22	Done the project monke any example in access control?	П	П
23	Doos the project have a permanent adverse effection ocal trafficipations or seminantly cores venues?		
24	Will maintenance of traffic course substantial disruption?		
25	Lette project interesistent with the STIP or the Waterpolites Phonoing Cropsiscidents (SIPO's) Transportation improvement Program (TIP, Water to applicable)?	⊐	
26	Does for project require the project leads upport the project region of Section 19, and the Lind was black Consequents of all, the Federal for in Fish Fauthorism Act for Fabrual Add in 19, 1976. Production Act, for masses Vallay, Althority TWA, Trial Landy, or either influence one or so cited institute the acquired in the or masses may were problement many and have diese prefer others as promised on the properties.	_	
27	Cost the project involve Tederal Treespency Management Agency (FFMA)  Luyout project or uncer the Hazard Wiggs on Clork Projects (HWCF)?	٦	
26	Const the project include a piecelololo or programmetic Section 4(3)?		
29	Is the project considered a Type - under the NCCOT's No se Policy?		T
36	Is there prime an important for that I and imposted by this project we called by the Facultural Projection Policy Act & FPPQ7	Ē	
31	Are there other issues that arose it ring the project development process that affector the project development.		П

21	Does the project impediferous lands (e.g. USF3, USFWS, etc.) or Tribal Lance?	⊐	
22	Cases the project involve any changes in access control?	┙	Ш
23	Does the project have a parmanent adverse effection local traffic patterns or community conessyoness?	⊐	
24	Will maintenance of pattic cause substantial disciplion?	⊐	
25	is the project inconsistent with the STIP or the MPC's TIP (who to applicable?)	⊐	
×8	Date the pre-est require the accer after of trade second protection of Section 0.9 of the Land as widely Consensation Act, the Potential Act in Fish Residences Act for Endered History Matthe Residence Act, TAN, Tells Lands or other enlags areas or equation and build not expended the secondary with past auto management and before controlled the endered page 4.5 of the Consensation of the Consensation of the page 4.5 of the Consensation of the Consensation of the page 4.5 of the Consensation of the Consensation of the page 4.5 of the Consensation of the Consensation of the page 4.5 of the Consensation of the Consensation of the page 4.5 of the Consensation of the Consensation of the page 4.5 of the Consensation of the Consensation of the Consensation of Consensation of Consens	٦	ш
27	Does the project involve PERAL buyout properties under the HHIGP?		
85	Is the project considered a Type. Laster the NCOOT's Naive Printy?		
39	is the expense of important for mixed self-impacted by this project as defined by the LEPA?	٦	П
90	Another orthor some that area during the project development process that effected the project decision?	⊐	
_			_

Section A: Project Description

STIP Project No. $\_$	
WBS Element	
Federal Project No.	

A. Project Description: (Include project scope and location, including municipality and county. Refer to the attached project location map and photos.) Note: The project description should match the approved project description in the STIP.



#### Section B: Description of Need and Purpose

- B. Description of Need and Purpose
  - For most Type I and Type II Projects, this can be a simple description (i.e., need to install guardrail for safety).
  - For a Type III project, this is a more complex discussion covered by future training.



#### Section C: Categorical Exclusion Action Classification

- C. Categorical Exclusion Action Classification—Indicate:
  - Type I, II or III
  - A or B
    - A if NCDOT Approves
    - B if FHWA Approves

We'll talk more about this later



### Section C: Categorical Exclusion Action Classification

Incidentally, the corresponding STaRS milestones from the previous slides are:

CE Type I-A (CE-IA)	M0160
CE Type I-B (CE-IB)	M0161
CE Type II-A (CE-IIA)	M0162
CE Type II-B (CE-IIB)	M0163
CE Type III (CE-III)	M0164

Sect an 4(f) de minimus	M0157
Section 4(f) programmatic	M0158
Section 4(f) individual	M0159



#### Section D: Proposed Improvements

D. <u>Proposed Improvements</u> –

Example: For a Bridge Rehabilitation you may select:

28. Bridge rehabilitation, reconstruction, or replacement or the construction of grade separation to replace existing at-grade railroad crossings, if the actions meet the constraints in 23 CFR 771.117(e)(1-6).



#### Section E: Special Project Information

E. Special Project Information:

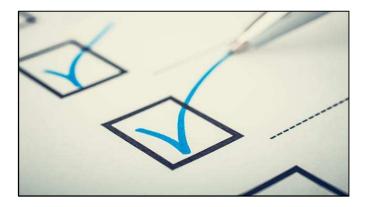
Anything that drove your project decision or drove a project commitment should be summarized here, for example:

- Costs
- Traffic
- Public Input
- Resource Agency Input
- Impact Summary
- Site conditions
- Etc.

<u>Transportation</u>

#### Section F: Project Impact Criteria Checklists

- This section is the heart of the form and is here to verify that we've considered a number of federal laws and in particular to identify any issues which might require FHWA approval.
- A "Yes" check mark will require discussion in Section G.



#### Section G: Additional Documentation

G. Additional Documentation Required for Unfavorable ("Yes" box checked) Responses in Section G

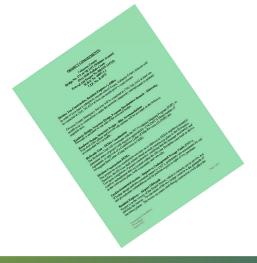
Discussion regarding all unfavorable responses in Section F should be provided below. Additional supporting documentation may be attached, as described in the checklist slides. This includes a summary of coordination activities, as well as avoidance and minimization efforts.

#### Section H: Project Commitments

#### H. Project Commitments

Project Commitments "Greensheet" (Section H) is a tool for passing along and following through with commitments made at various stages of a project. They can be things like a trout or anadromous fish moratorium.

If no commitments, include the Greensheet with the comment "no project commitments."



#### Roadway Design, Structure Design - Bike Accommodations

Four-foot-wide offsets and bicycle safe railings will be provided on the bridge to accommodate bicycle traffic.

#### Hydraulic Unit - FEMA Coordination

The Hydraulics Unit will coordinate with the NC Floodplain Mapping Program (FMP), to determine status of project with regard to applicability of NCDOT'S Memorandum of Agreement, or approval of a Conditional Letter of Map Revision (CLOMR) and subsequent final Letter of Map Revision (LOMR).

Section I: Signature Page

- I. Certify versus Approved
- Under the Agreement, NCDOT has two potential actions. For the vast majority of projects, NCDOT will approve the CE.
- For Type III CEs, or if Type I and II where a threshold question is answered "yes" (as will be discussed later), NCDOT will certify to FHWA that they have decided a CE is the appropriate action, and FHWA will approve the CE.

# Section I: Signature Page

STIP Project No	D. B-4973
WBS Element	40097.1.1
Federal Project	No. BRSTP 1157(5)
Prepared By:	
5/05/11	John D. Bridges
	John D. Bridges, Project Manager ABC Engineering Company
Prepared For:	North Carolina Department of Transportation
Reviewed By:	
5-05-11	, Jane S. Doe
Date	Jane S. Doe, Project Development Engineer
	If all of the threshold questions (1 through 7) of Section F are answered "no," NCDOT approves this Categorical Exclusion.
Certified	If any of the threshold questions (1 through 7) of Section F are answered "yes," NCDOT certifies this Categorical Exclusion.
5/06/11	Jane S. Temple
D .	John Hancock, Division Engineer North Carolina Department of Transportation
Date for	North Carolina Department of Transportation
FHWA Approved:	For Projects Certified by NCDOT (above), FHWA signature required.

# Section I: Signature Page

STIP Project No.	B-4973		
WBS Element	40097.1.1		
Federal Project N	o. BRSTP 1157(5)		
Prepared By:			
5/05/11	John D. Bridges		
	n D. Bridges, Project Manager Engineering Company		
Prepared For: N	orth Carolina Department of Transportation		
Reviewed By:			
5-05-11	, Jane S. Doe		
	one S. Doe, Project Development Engineer orth Carolina Department of Transportation		
	If all of the threshold questions (1 through 7) of Section F are answered "no," NCDOT approves this Categorical Exclusion.		
Certified	If any of the threshold questions (1 through 7) of Section F are answered "yes," NCDOT certifies this Categorical Exclusion.		
5/06/11	Jane S. Temple		
Date for N	ohn Hancock, Division Engineer orth Carolina Department of Transportation		
	or Projects Certified by NCDOT (above), FHWA signature quired.		
	N/A		

# Section I: Signature Page

STIP Project No.	B-4973		
WBS Element	40097.1.1		
Federal Project N	o. BRSTP 1157(5)		
Prepared By:			
5/05/11	John D. Bridges		
	n D. Bridges, Project Manager C Engineering Company		
Prepared For: No	orth Carolina Department of Transportation		
Reviewed By:			
5-05-11	Jane S. Doe		
	ine S. Doe, Project Development Engineer		
	orth Carolina Department of Transportation		
	If all of the threshold questions (1 through 7) of Section F are answered "no," NCDOT approves this Categorical Exclusion.		
Certified	If any of the threshold questions (1 through 7) of Section F are answered "yes," NCDOT certifies this Categorical Exclusion.		
5/06/11	Jane S. Temple		
Date for Jo	ohn Hancock, Division Engineer orth Carolina Department of Transportation		
EHWA Approved F	or Projects Certified by NCDOT (above), FHWA signature quired.		

Section I: Signature Page

STIP Project	No.	B-4973
WBS Elemen	t	40097.1.1
Federal Proje	ct No.	BRSTP 1157(5)
Prepared By:		
5/05/11	Lo	hn D. Bridges
Date		Bridges, Project Manager gineering Company
Prepared For:	North Ca	arolina Department of Transportation
Davidaoural Dou		
Reviewed By:	Ø	e S. Doe
± 5-05-11		
Date		Doe, Project Development Engineer arolina Department of Transportation
Appro     Appro	ved	If all of the threshold questions (1 through 7) of Section F are answered "no," NCDOT approves this Categorical Exclusion.
Certifi	ed	If any of the threshold questions (1 through 7) of Section F are answered "yes," NCDOT certifies this Categorical Exclusion.
5/06/11		le S. Temple
Date 🛱	John Ha North Ca	ncock, Division Engineer rrolina Department of Transportation
FHWA Approve	e <u>d:</u> For Proj required	ects Certified by NCDOT (above), FHWA signature
	N/A	Sullivan, III, PE, Division Administrator

## Section I: Signature Page

STIP Project No.	B-4973
WBS Element	40097.1.1
Federal Project No.	BRSTP 1157(5)
Prepared By:	
5/05/11 <b>J</b> o	hn D. Bridges
	Bridges, Project Manager gineering Company
Prepared For: North Ca	rolina Department of Transportation
Reviewed By:	
# 5-05-11 Fan	e S. Doe
Date Jane S. I	Doe, Project Development Engineer
Nottii Ca	rolina Department of Transportation
	If all of the threshold questions (1 through 7) of Section F are answered "no," NCDOT approves this Categorical Exclusion.
Certified	If any of the threshold questions (1 through 7) of Section F are answered "yes," NCDOT certifies this Categorical Exclusion.
	es. Temple ncock, Division Engineer rolina Department of Transportation
FHWA Approved: For Proj required.	ects Certified by NCDOT (above), FHWA signature
Date John F S	Sullivan, III, PE, Division Administrator Highway Administration

## Section I: Signature Page

1.	Categorical Exclusion Approval
	STIP Project No. B-4973
	WBS Element 40097.1.1
	Federal Project No. BRSTP 1157(5)
	Prepared By:
	5/05/11 John D. Bridges
	Date John D. Bridges, Project Manager ABC Engineering Company
	Prepared For: North Carolina Department of Transportation
	Reviewed By:    5-05-11
	If all of the threshold questions (1 through 7) of Section F are answered "no," NCDOT approves this Categorical Exclusion.
	If any of the threshold questions (1 through 7) of Section F are answered "yes," NCDOT certifies this Categorical Exclusion.
	Date Jane S. Temple  Date for John Hancock, Division Engineer North Carolina Department of Transportation
	FHWA Approved: For Projects Certified by NCDOT (above), FHWA signature required.  5/06/11 George Hoops
	Date for John F. Sullivan, III, PE, Division Administrator Federal Hghway Administration
	5

# Section I: Signature Page

STIP Project No.	B-4973
WBS Element	40097.1.1
Federal Project No.	BRSTP 1157(5)
Prepared By:	
5/05/11	о́hn D. Bridges
	Bridges, Project Manager gineering Company
Prepared For: North C	arolina Department of Transportation
Reviewed By:	
5-05-11 Jan	re S. Doe
	Doe, Project Development Engineer arolina Department of Transportation
Approved	If all of the threshold questions (1 through 7) of Section F are answered "no," NCDOT approves this Categorical Exclusion.
	If any of the threshold questions (1 through 7) of Section F are answered "yes," NCDOT certifies this Categorical Exclusion.
5/06/11 Jan	re S. Temple
Date for John Ha North C	ancock, Division Engineer arolina Department of Transportation
required	jects Certified by NCDOT (above), FHWA signature I. George Hoops
-	Sullivan, III, PE, Division Administrator Highway Administration

#### What to add to a CE as an attachment

It is <u>required</u> to add the following to a CE:

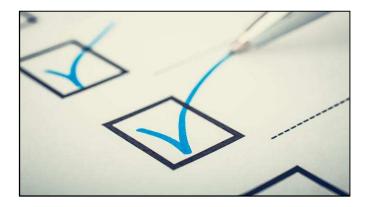
- Vicinity map
- Any concurrence letters from resource agencies saying they agree with the project effects and may have associated commitments Section 106, Section 7, Merger
- If relocatees are involved, include the summary sheet from the relocation report

At your discretion you might add an Environmental Features Map showing a plan view of the design footprint and right of way.

No More 90 -200 page long CE's!

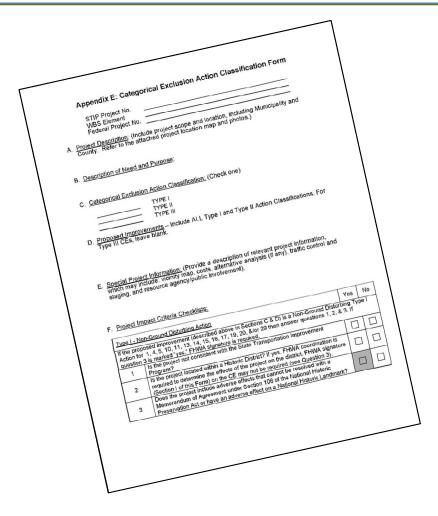
### For the Upcoming Slides on the Questions

- The slides on the checklist will include:
  - How to document your response for a "Yes" or a "No"
  - Legal basis for the question
  - Available resources to help answer the question if applicable
- If a threshold question is checked as "Yes," FHWA signature will be required.



#### CE Checklist: Non-Ground Disturbing Type I Projects

# Section F: Non-Ground Disturbing Projects



## Non-Ground Disturbing Type I Activities

### The following Type I Actions qualify as Non-Ground Disturbing:

- 1. Activities which do not involve or lead directly to construction (program activities), such as planning and research activities; grants for training; engineering to define the elements of a proposed action or alternatives so that social, economic, and environmental effects can be assessed; and Federal-aid system revisions which establish classes of highways on the Federal-aid highway system.
- 4. Activities included in the State's "highway safety plan" under 23 USC 402.
- 5. Transfer of Federal lands pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 107(d) and/or 23 U.S.C. 317 when the land transfer is in support of an action that is not otherwise subject to FHWA review under NEPA.
- 10. Acquisition of scenic easements.
- 11. Determination of payback under 23 CFR Part 480 for property previously acquired with Federal-aid participation.
- 13. Ridesharing activities.
- 14. Bus and rail car rehabilitation.
- 15. Alterations to facilities or vehicles in order to make them accessible for elderly and handicapped persons.

## Non-Ground Disturbing Type I Actions (cont.)

### The following Type I Actions qualify as Non-Ground Disturbing

- 16. Program administration, technical assistance activities, and operating assistance to transit authorities to continue existing service or increase service to meet routine changes in demand.
- 17. The purchase of vehicles by the applicant where the use of these vehicles can be accommodated by existing facilities or by new facilities which themselves are within a CE.
- 19. Purchase and installation of operating or maintenance equipment to be located within the transit facility and with no significant impacts off the site.
- 20. Promulgation of rules, regulations, and directives (Not applicable to NCDOT).
- 29. Purchase, construction, replacement, or rehabilitation of ferry vessels (including improvements to ferry vessel safety, navigation, and security systems) that would not require a change in the function of the ferry terminals and can be accommodated by existing facilities or by new facilities which themselves are within a CE.

Non-	ground Disturbing Projects	Yes	No
1	Is the project inconsistent with the State Transportation Improvement Program (STIP)?		

- How to Document: No documentation required.
- Legal Basis: To ensure compliance with air quality conformity. Also, if a project is not included in the STIP, it is not eligible for Federal-Aid reimbursement.
- Available Resources: Live STIP –

https://connect.ncdot.gov/projects/planning/STIPDocuments1/LIVE\_STIP.pdf

Non	-ground Disturbing Projects	Yes	No
2	Is the project located within a Historic District? If yes, FHWA coordination is required to determine the effects of the project on the district. FHWA signature (in Section I) on the CE may not be required (see Question 3).		

- How to Identify Historic Districts
  - NC Historic Preservation Office HPOWEB mapping application: <a href="http://gis.ncdcr.gov/hpoweb/">http://gis.ncdcr.gov/hpoweb/</a>



Non-	ground Disturbing Projects	Yes	No
2	Is the project located within a Historic District? If yes, FHWA coordination is required to determine the effects of the project on the district. FHWA signature (in Section I) on the CE may not be required (see Question 3).		

### How to Document:

- "No" In the project file, plot project on HPO map with project limits illustrating no historic districts.
- "Yes As attachment to checklist, include effects form if "No Adverse Effect". If adverse effect, see Question 3.
- Legal Basis: Section 4(f) of the USDOT Act of 1966
- Available Resources:
  - NC Historic Preservation Office HPOWEB mapping application: <a href="http://gis.ncdcr.gov/hpoweb/">http://gis.ncdcr.gov/hpoweb/</a>
  - NCDOT Human Environment Section via the ETRACS System: https://apps.ncdot.gov/PDEA/etracs/hes/



Non	ground Disturbing Projects	Yes	No
3	Does the project include adverse effects that cannot be resolved with a Memorandum of Agreement under Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act or have an adverse effect on a National Historic Landmark?		

### How to Document:

- "No" Enclose "No Adverse Effect" determination form or if Adverse Effect that could be resolved with MOA, attach MOA.
- "Yes" If adverse effect, check for coming training on Section 106 or contact NCDOT HES or FHWA.
- Legal Basis: Section 4(f) of the USDOT Act of 1966



 Note: If a gray "Yes" box is checked, FHWA approval will be required.

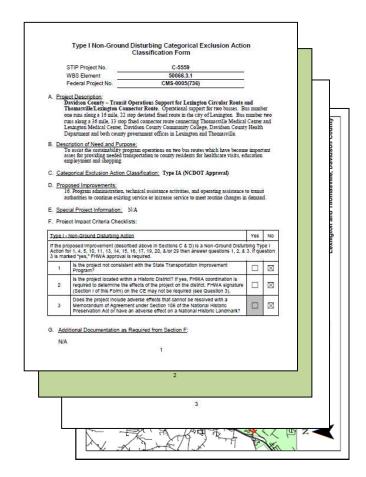
## Non Ground Disturbing Example

Under the previous agreement a Type I Project documentation ranged from:

- Nothing at all
- Memo in the file
- 8 Page PCE

Using New Format and Attachment Rules

4 Pages



Type I Non-Ground	Disturbing	Categorical	Exclusion	Action
	Classificat	tion Form		

STIP Project No.	C-5559	
WBS Element	50066.3.1	
Federal Project No.	CMS-0005(736)	

### A. Project Description:

Davidson County – Transit Operations Support for Lexington Circular Route and Thomasville/Lexington Connector Route. Operational support for two busses. Bus number one runs along a 16 mile, 22 stop deviated fixed route in the city of Lexington. Bus number two runs along a 36 mile, 13 stop fixed connector route connecting Thomasville Medical Center and Lexington Medical Center, Davidson County Community College, Davidson County Health Department and both county government offices in Lexington and Thomasville.

#### B. Description of Need and Purpose:

To assist the sustainability program operations on two bus routes which have become important asses for providing needed transportation to county residents for healthcare visits, education employment and shopping.

- C. Categorical Exclusion Action Classification: Type IA (NCDOT Approval)
- D. Proposed Improvements:

16. Program administration, technical assistance activities, and operating assistance to transit authorities to continue existing service or increase service to meet routine changes in demand.

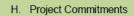
- E. Special Project Information: N/A
- F. Project Impact Criteria Checklists:

Type I	Non-Ground Disturbing Action	Yes	No
Action 1	oposed improvement (described above in Sections C & D) is a Non-Ground Distur or 1, 4, 5, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 19, 20, &/or 29 then answer questions 1, 2, & rked "yes," FHWA approval is required.		
1	Is the project not consistent with the State Transportation Improvement Program?		$\boxtimes$
2	Is the project located within a Historic District? If yes, FHWA coordination is required to determine the effects of the project on the district. FHWA signature (Section I of this Form) on the CE may not be required (see Question 3).		
3	Does the project include adverse effects that cannot be resolved with a Memorandum of Agreement under Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act or have an adverse effect on a National Historic Landmark?		$\boxtimes$

G. Additional Documentation as Required from Section F:

N/A

1



No Special Project Commitments

2

### Categorical Exclusion Approval

 STIP Project No.
 C-5559

 WBS Element
 50066.3.1

 Federal Project No.
 CMS-0005(736)

Prepared By:

7/30/14 Date Caryn Johnson

Project Manager ABC Engineering

Davidson County



Stan Lieber

Project Development Engineer NCDOT – Division 4

ved

If the answer to question 3 in Section F is "no," NCDOT approves this Categorical Exclusion.

Certified

If the answer to question 3 in Section F is "yes," NCDOT certifies this Categorical Exclusion.

8-02-14

Archie Leach

Date

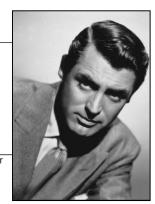
for John Hancock, PE, Division Engineer
North Carolina Department of Transportation

FHWA Approved:

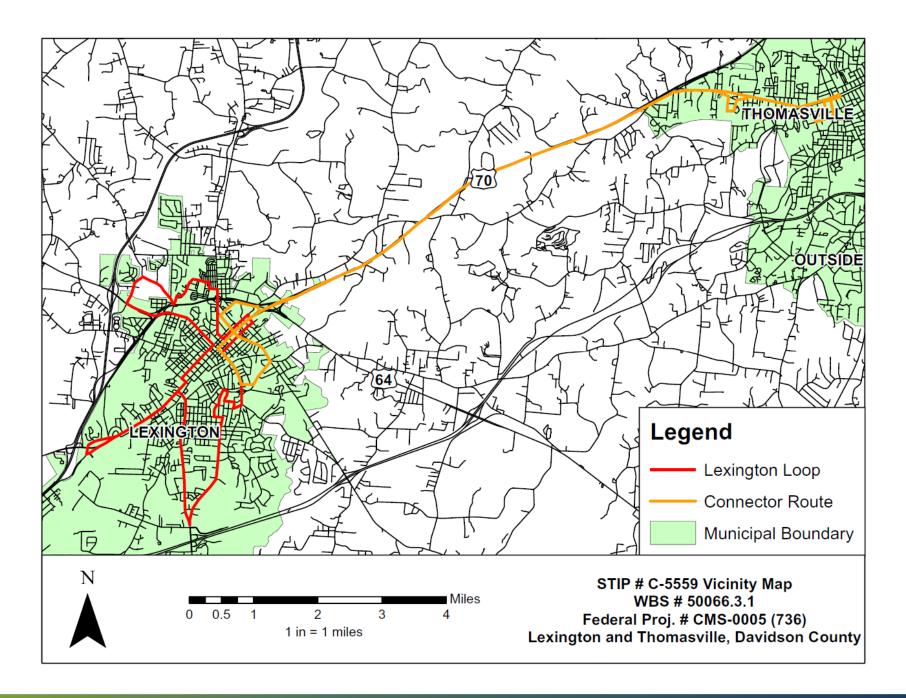
Date

N/A

John F. Sullivan, III, PE, Division Administrator Federal Highway Administration



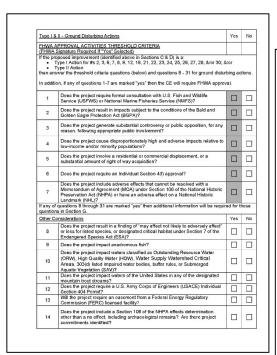
3



## CE Checklist: Type I and II Ground Disturbing Projects

## Type I and II Ground Disturbing Projects

This checklist determines if FHWA should sign your CE document and what other information may be necessary.



Other C	onsiderations (continued)	Yes	N
15	Does the project involve hazardous materials and landfills?		
16	Does the project require work encroaching and adversely affecting a regulatory floodway or work affecting the base floodplain (100-year flood) elevations of a water course or lake, pursuant to Executive Order 11988 and 23 CFR 650 subpart A?		
17	Is the project in a Coastal Area Management Act (CAMA) county and substantially affects the coastal zone and/or any Area of Environmental Concern (AEC)?		
18	Does the project require a U.S. Coast Guard (USCG) permit?		
19	Does the project involve construction activities in, across, or adjacent to a designated Wild and Scenic River present within the project area?		
20	Does the project involve Coastal Barrier Resources Act (CBRA) resources?		
21	Does the project impact federal lands (e.g. U.S. Forest Service (USFS), USFWS, etc.) or Tribal Lands?		
22	Does the project involve any changes in access control?		
23	Does the project have a permanent adverse effect on local traffic patterns or community cohesiveness?		
24	Will maintenance of traffic cause substantial disruption?		
25	Is the project inconsistent with the STIP or the Metropolitan Planning Organization's (MPO's) Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) (where applicable):		С
26	Does the project require the acquisition of lands undor the protection of section 6(f) of the Land and Water Conservation Act, the Federal Aki in Fish Restoration Act, the Federal Aki in Whitlife Restoration Act, the refederal Aki in Whitlife Restoration Act, Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA). Tribal Lands, or other unique oreasor a special lands that were acquired in fee or easement with public-use money and have deed restrictions or covenants on the property?		
27	Does the project involve Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) buyout properties under the Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP)?		
28	Does the project include a de minimis or programmatic Section 4(f)?		
29	Is the project considered a Type I under the NCDOT's Noise Policy?		
30	Is there prime or important farmland soil impacted by this project as defined by the Farmland Protection Policy Act (FPPA)?		
31	Are there other issues that arose during the project development process that affected the project decision?		



## CE Checklist: Type I and II Ground Disturbing Projects

Ground Disturbing Projects: FHWA Threshold Criteria Questions If any of these are marked "Yes," NCDOT Certifies the document and FHWA Approves it.



FHWA APPROVAL ACTIVITIES THRESHOLD CRITERIA (FHWA Signature Required If "Yes" Selected)				
1	Does the project require formal consultation with U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) or National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS)?			
2	Does the project result in impacts subject to the conditions of the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (BGPA)?			
3	Does the project generate substantial controversy or public opposition, for any reason, following appropriate public involvement?			
4	Does the project cause disproportionately high and adverse impacts relative to low-income and/or minority populations?			
5	Does the project involve a residential or commercial displacement, or a substantial amount of right of way acquisition?			
6	Does the project require an Individual Section 4(f) approval?			
7	Does the project include adverse effects that cannot be resolved with a Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) under Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) or have an adverse effect on a National Historic Landmark (NHL)?			

# UNDERSTANDING AND ANSWERING THE QUESTIONS

## **DON'T PANIC**





## What is Substantial?

A few questions in the checklist mention "substantial." Substantial relates to context and intensity.

- Losing something unique, like the only grocery store in an area, may be a substantial impact.
- Losing the largest employer in an area may be a substantial impact, even if there are many neighborhood businesses.
- Substantial could also be used if there a greater than usual controversy associated with the project.

If in doubt, contact NCDOT Community Studies group or FHWA.

## **ECOLOGICAL QUESTIONS**

(answered using the NRTR)

- Questions 1, 2, 8-12, and 17 are all ecology based
  - For every project, the Division Environmental Officer (DEO), or their designee, will providing a memo or report to address the questions listed above.
  - This document, the Natural Resource Technical Report (NRTR) can be scaled to the needs of the project. It could be as short as a paragraph or two to a multipage document that addresses stream and wetland impacts, potential impacts to endangered species, or habitat. In some cases, specialized surveys may be required (mussels, bats, etc.).
  - Regardless of the form of the NRTR, it should be stored in the project file.

FHV	<b>VA</b>	APPROVAL ACTIVITIES THRESHOLD CRITERIA	Yes	No
1		Does the project require formal consultation with U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) or National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS)?		

- Trigger: Adverse Effect on an Endangered Species or on Critical Habitat
- How to Document:
  - "No" See Question 8
  - "Yes" In Section G, include a brief summary of coordination with USFWS including a reference to the Biological Assessment (BA) and Biological Opinion (BO) and any other relevant correspondence. With the DEO's assistance, identify any project commitments belonging in the Greensheet (Section H). Attach the BO (concurrence) from USFWS to the CE.
- Legal Basis: Endangered Species Act of 1973
  - Protects endangered species and their habitats
- Other Agencies Involved: USFWS, NMFS, FHWA

Ecological Questions		Yes	No
8	Does the project result in a finding of "may affect not likely to adversely affect" for listed species, or designated critical habitat under Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act (ESA)?		

- Change In Language The original form was incorrect adding "or less." The new form will modify this accordingly.
- Trigger: Any effect on an Endangered Species or on Designated
   Critical Habitat that does not require formal Section 7 consultation.
- How to Document:
  - "No" NRTR in project file should include listed species for the county(ies) and a biological conclusion for each species.
  - "Yes" In Section G, Include a brief description referencing the NRTR and summarizing coordination with USFWS. Attach the concurrence letter from USFWS to the CE. Include any required minimization/mitigation measures as project commitments in the Greensheet (Section H).
- Legal Basis: Endangered Species Act of 1973
- Other Agencies Involved: USFWS, NMFS, FHWA

<u>FHWA</u>	APPROVAL ACTIVITIES THRESHOLD CRITERIA	Yes	No
2	Does the project result in impacts subject to the conditions of the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act?		

- Trigger: The NRTR identified Bald or Golden Eagle impact from the project.
- How to Document:
  - "No" NRTR in the project file should note habitat or lack of habitat and conclusion.
  - "Yes" In Section G, describe coordination efforts with USFWS referencing any correspondence and include any project commitments in the Greensheet (Section H).
- Legal Basis: Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act of 1940
  - Controls the taking, possession, and transportation within the US of bald and golden eagles. Also covers disturbing eagle nests.
- Other Agencies Involved: USFWS, FWHA



Ecolo	gical Questions	Yes	No
9	Does the project impact anadromous fish?		

- How to Document:
  - If "No" NRTR in the project file,
  - If "Yes" In addition to the NRTR in the file, in Section G reference coordination with appropriate agency and include any appropriate project commitments in the Greensheet (Section H).
- Legal Basis: Anadromous Fish Conservation Act of 1965
  - Protects fish that are born in fresh water, spend most of their life at sea and return to fresh water to spawn.
- Other Agencies Involved: NC Division of Marine Fisheries (NCDMF), NC Wildlife Resources Commission (NCWRC)

Ecolo	gical Questions	Yes	No
10	Does the project impact waters classified as Outstanding Resource Water (ORW), High Quality Water (HQW), Water Supply Watershed Critical Areas, 303(d) impaired water bodies list, buffer rules, or submerged aquatic vegetation (SAV)?		

- How to Document:
  - If "No" NRTR in the project file.
  - If "Yes" NRTR will document, summary any coordination in Section G and include any appropriate project commitments in the Greensheet (Section H).
- Legal Basis: The Clean Water Act of 1972
  - Regulates pollutant loads and establishes water quality standards.
- Other Agencies: NC Division of Water Resources (NCDWR), USFWS



Ecolo	gical Questions	Yes	No
11	Does the project impact waters of the United States in any of the designated mountain trout streams?		

- How to Document:
  - If "No" NRTR in the project file.
  - If "Yes" NRTR in project file. In Section G briefly summarize any coordination with the Wildlife Resources Commission (WRC) and include any appropriate project commitments on the Greensheet (Section H).
- Legal Basis: The Clean Water Act of 1972
  - Regulates pollutant loads and establishes water quality standards.
     Construction moratoria may be applicable for projects crossing listed trout streams.
- Other Agencies Involved: NCWRC



Ec	olo	gical Questions	Yes	No
1	2	Does the project require a U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Individual Section 404 Permit?		

### How to Document:

- If "No" NRTR in the project file. If not addressed by the NRTR, ask the DEO to provide an e-mail/memo that the project is under the threshold for an Individual Permit (IP).
- If "Yes" Summarize coordination (in Section G) with the US Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) to determine whether project needs to go through the Merger Process and/or related steps such as finding the Least Environmentally Damaging Practicable Alternative (LEDPA).
- Legal Basis: Section 404 of the Clean Water Act
  - Established a program to regulate the discharge of dredged or fill material into "waters of the US", including wetlands.
- Other Agencies Involved: FHWA, US Army Corps of Engineers ("The Corps" or USACE).
- Note: An IP does not necessarily mean a project will need to follow the Section 404 Merger Process.

Ecolo	gical Questions	Yes	No
17	Is the project in a Coastal Area Management Act (CAMA) county and substantially affects the coastal zone and/or any Area of Environmental Concern (AEC)?		

### How to Document:

- If "No" NRTR in the project file.
- If "Yes" –NRTR in the project file. In Section G summarize any coordination with the Division of Coastal Management and include any appropriate project commitments on the Greensheet (Section H).
- Legal Basis: Coastal Area Management Act (CAMA) in North Carolina implements the federal Coastal Zone Management Act (CZMA).
  - The goal of the CZMA is to "Preserve, protect, develop, and where possible, to restore or enhance the resources of the nation's coastal zone."
- Other Agencies Involved: Division of Coastal Management (NCDCM)



## **Archaeological and Historic Architecture**

Sections 106 and 4(f)

## **Archaeological and Historic Architecture**

Sections 106 and 4(f)

Questions 7 and 14: Based on Section 106, the National Historic Preservation Act, the person making the decision on these issues <u>must be</u> a person with a degree in Architectural History or a trained Archaeologist.

For every CE level project involving ground disturbing activities you will:

- Request a PA Screening through ETRACS.
   <u>https://apps.ncdot.gov/PDEA/etracs/hes/</u> This will result in two forms (archeology and historic architecture) indicating that you either do or do not need surveys.
- If a survey is required, there are potential Section 106 resources in the area. Many steps of coordination and documentation will be required, both in the project file and as a summary in the checklist, in addition to possible project commitments on the Greensheet (Section H).

<b>FHWA</b>	APPROVAL ACTIVITIES THRESHOLD CRITERIA	Yes	No
7	Does the project include adverse effects that cannot be resolved with a Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) under Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act or have an adverse effect on a National Historic Landmark?		

- How to Document:
  - If "No" –see Question 14.
  - If "Yes" Include all Section 106 related correspondence in project file, In Section G, Summarize coordination with the NC Historic Preservation Office (HPO) and FHWA. With the historian's or archaeologist's assistance, identify any project commitments belonging in the Greensheet (Section H). Attach the 106 Concurrence to CE.
- Legal Basis: Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966
  - Requires federal agencies take into account the effects of their actions on historic properties and afford the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation (ACHP) a reasonable opportunity to comment on the project.
  - A historic property is any prehistoric or historic district, site, building, structure, or object included in, or eligible for inclusion in National Register of NRHP.
- Other Agencies Involved: FHWA, State Historic Preservation Office, Office of State Archeology

Archaeological and Historic Architecture			No
14	Does the project include a Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act effects determination other than a no effect, including archaeological remains?		

- Trigger: State Historic Preservation Office concurrence of "No Adverse Effect"
- How to Document:
  - If "No" In project file include either a "Programmatic Agreement Cultural Resources Screening Checklist" or both Programmatic Agreement forms stating "No Survey Required" or "No Effect". Include form(s) as an attachment.
  - If "Yes" In project file include all relevant correspondence and forms. In Section G, summarize coordination with HPO and FHWA including dates and references to forms or correspondence. Include any project commitments on the Greensheet (Section H). Include concurrence forms as an attachment.
- Legal Basis: Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act
- Other Agencies Involved: FHWA, State Historic Preservation Office and Office of State Archaeology

Archaeological and Historic Architecture		Yes	No
14	Does the project include a Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act effects determination other than a no effect, including archaeological remains?		

Note: For Locally Administered Projects (LAP), do not send requests through the PA Tracker with NCDOT HES. The town should request the North Carolina Historic Preservation Office to screen the project. If the resulting letter indicates "no surveys" for either architecture or archaeology, then that would serve as concurrence for Section 106 and should be attached to the document.

If "Yes" – process in the same way as any other CE. Include all Section 106 related correspondence in project file, In Section G, summarize coordination with the NC Historic Preservation Office (HPO) and FHWA. With the historian's or archaeologist's assistance, identify any project commitments belonging in the Greensheet (Section H). Attach the 106 Concurrence to CE.

FHWA	APPROVAL ACTIVITIES THRESHOLD CRITERIA	Yes	No
6	Does the project require an Individual Section 4(f) approval?		

- Legal Basis: Section 4(f) of the USDOT Act of 1966
  - Protects publicly-owned parks, recreation areas, wildlife refuges, waterfowl refuges, and historic sites on or eligible for the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP). These are considered 4(f) resources.
- Trigger: Any Adverse Effect as determined by the authority with jurisdiction on any of the resources listed above will result in an Individual 4(f).
  - An Individual 4(f) is stand alone documentation which requires FHWA approval.
- How to Document:
  - If "No" Section 106 requirements were addressed in previous questions. For the other 4(f) resources, in the project file include a map illustrating project study area with any identified 4(f) resources or lack thereof. This same map can be used to address multiple resources, whatever is most expedient for your situation.
  - If "Yes" Rely on FHWA to direct this activity.
- Other Agencies Involved: FHWA, Official with Jurisdiction, State Historic Preservation Office, Office of State Archaeology

## **QUESTIONS ON ACCESS AND PARCELS**

Questions 3, 5, 22, and 24-29 require some training and knowledge of the project and involve access and parcel-level impacts.



<u>FHWA</u>	APPROVAL ACTIVITIES THRESHOLD CRITERIA	Yes	No
3	Does the project generate substantial controversy or public opposition, for any reason, following appropriate public involvement?		

### How to Document:

- If "No" Project file should include summary of appropriate public involvement efforts and a summary of any comments received.
- If "Yes" In Section G, summarize efforts in public involvement and the nature of the issue. You will want to talk this issue over with FHWA as soon as it becomes a concern.
- Legal Basis: According to 23 CFR 771
  - If a project would normally be classified as a CE, but has substantial controversy on environmental grounds, additional environmental studies are required to determine if a CE is the appropriate document type.
- Other Agencies Involved: FHWA

<u>FHWA</u>	APPROVAL ACTIVITIES THRESHOLD CRITERIA	Yes	No
5	Does the project involve a residential or commercial displacement, or a substantial amount of right of way acquisition?		

### How to Document:

- If "No" If no right of way (RW) is required, simply note it in an e-mail or memo to file. If RW is required, include a figure in the project file demonstrating of any right of way needed.
- If "Yes" In Section G, document all public involvement and efforts to mitigate concerns. If relocatees are involved, include RW Relocation summary sheet as an attachment.
- Legal Basis: U.S. Code, Title 23 (Highways), Section 109 (h)
  - FHWA guidelines must "Assure that possible adverse economic, social, and environmental effects relating to any proposed project on any Federal-aid system have been fully considered in developing such project."
- Available Resources: Determination of "substantial" is site-specific and is mainly learned by experience. Support may be provided by Division Engineer, NCDOT Human Environment Section (HES), or FHWA.
- Other Agencies Involved: FHWA

<b>FHWA</b>	APPROVAL ACTIVITIES THRESHOLD CRITERIA	Yes	No
5	Does the project involve a residential or commercial displacement, or a substantial amount of right of way acquisition?		

OST ESTIMATE REQUEST  RELOCATION EIS REPORT						
EW REOUEST: \(\sime\) UPI	DATE REOU ate to Est	EST:	Revisio	ON REQUE on to Est ion No.:		
DATE RECEIVED: <u>04/26/16</u> DATE ASSIGNED: <u>05/06/16</u> # of Alternates Requested: <u>2</u>						
D	ATE DUE: (	06/08/16				
P DESCRIPTION: <u>C.F. Harvey P</u> IBER of Kinston  03	arkway Extensi	on (NC 148) in	Lenoir Co., fro	om NC 58 to N	C 11. North	
LEMENT: 46375.1.1 COUNTY: Lenoi	DIV: 2 A	PPRAISAL OF	FICE: 1			
ESTOR: Maria Rogerson DEPT: Div 2 D	DC					
OF PLANS PROVIDED: Functional	_					
D ON PAST PROJECT HISTORICAL D	ATA, THE LAN	D AND DAMA	AGE FIGURES	HAVE BEEN A	ADJUSTED	
D ON PAST PROJECT HISTORICAL D						
D ON PAST PROJECT HISTORICAL D						
D ON PAST PROJECT HISTORICAL D	MINISTRATIVE I	NCREASES TH	IAT OCCUR D	URING SETTL	EMENT O	
D ON PAST PROJECT HISTORICAL D CLUDE CONDEMNATION AND ADM RCELS.	OMPLETED: 06	NCREASES TH	Alternates C	URING SETTL	EMENT O	
D ON PAST PROJECT HISTORICAL E ELUDE CONDEMNATION AND ADN RCELS.	OMPLETED: 06	NCREASES TH 5/08/16 # of t 1 Alternative	Alternates C	URING SETTL Completed: <u>2</u> t 2 Alternative	EMENT O	
D ON PAST PROJECT HISTORICAL D CLUDE CONDEMNATION AND ADM RCELS.	OMPLETED: 04 Southern	NCREASES TH 5/08/16 # of It 1 Alternative	Alternates C Alternates C Northern A NONE:	URING SETTL  Completed: 2  t 2  Alternative  PARTIAL:  FULL:  FULL:  PARTIAL:	EMENT O	
D ON PAST PROJECT HISTORICAL D  LUDE CONDEMNATION AND ADN  RCELS.  ISER: Telics: Taylor Keith/Ed Welborn C  TYPE OF ACCESS:  ESTIMATED NO. OF PARCELS:	OMPLETED: 06  Southern   NONE:   UMITED:	NCREASES TH	Alternates C Alternates C Northern A NONE:	t 2 Alternative PARTIAL:  7	EMENT O	
D ON PAST PROJECT HISTORICAL E ELUDE CONDEMNATION AND ADN RCELS.  ISER: Telics: Tavlor Keith/Ed Welborn C  TYPE OF ACCESS:  ESTIMATED NO. OF PARCELS: RESIDENTIAL RELOCATEES:	OMPLETED: 06  All Southern INDRED: 10  UMITED: 7	NCREASES TH	Alternates C  Alternates C  Northern A  NONE:  UMITED:  6	Completed: 2  t 2 Alternative  PARTIAL:  FULL:  7 \$560,000	EMENT O	
D ON PAST PROJECT HISTORICAL DE LUDE CONDEMNATION AND ADMIRCELS.  ISER: Telics: Taylor Keith/Ed Welborn C  TYPE OF ACCESS:  ESTIMATED NO. OF PARCELS:  RESIDENTIAL RELOCATEES: BUSINESS RELOCATEES:	OMPLETED: 04  Southern  NONE:  UMITED:  9	NCREASES TH	Alternates C  Alternates C  Northern A  NONE:  UMITED:  6  14  3	t 2 Alternative PARTIAL:  FULL:  7 \$560,000 \$225,000	EMENT O	
D ON PAST PROJECT HISTORICAL D  LUDE CONDEMNATION AND ADN  RCELS.  SER: Telics: Taylor Keith/Ed Welborn C  TYPE OF ACCESS:  ESTIMATED NO. OF PARCELS:  RESIDENTIAL RELOCATEES:  BUSINESS RELOCATEES:  GRAVES:	OMPLETED: 06  All Southern NONE: UMITED: 9 1	NCREASES TH  5/08/16 # of  tt 1  Alternative  PARTIAL:  FULL:  77  \$360,000  \$75,000  \$-	Alternates C  Alternates C  Northern A  NONE:  LIMITED:  6  14  3 -	t 2 Alternative PARTIAL:  7 \$5560,000 \$-225,000	EMENT O	
D ON PAST PROJECT HISTORICAL DE CUDE CONDEMNATION AND ADN RCELS.  ISER: Telics: Taylor Keith/Ed Welborn C  TYPE OF ACCESS:  ESTIMATED NO. OF PARCELS:  RESIDENTIAL RELOCATES:  BUSINESS RELOCATES:  GRAVES:  CHURCH / NON – PROFIT:	OMPLETED: 26  All Southern   NONE:   UMITED:   9 1	NCREASES TH	Alternates C  Alternates C  Northern A  NONE:  UMITED:  14  3  -	t 2 Alternative PARTIAL:  7 \$560,000 \$25,000 \$-5-	EMENT O	
D ON PAST PROJECT HISTORICAL E  LUDE CONDEMNATION AND ADN  RCELS.  ISER: Telics: Tavior Keith/Ed Welborn C  TYPE OF ACCESS:  ESTIMATED NO. OF PARCELS:  RESIDENTIAL RELOCATEES:  BUSINESS RELOCATEES:  GRAVES:  CHURCH / NON – PROFIT:  MISC:  MISC:	OMPLETED: 06  All Southern NONE: UMITED: 9 1	NCREASES TH 	Alternates C Alternates C Alternates C Northern A NONE: LIMITED: 14 3	t 2 Alternative PARTIAL:  7 \$560,000 \$-\$-\$-\$-\$-\$-\$-	EMENT O	
D ON PAST PROJECT HISTORICAL D  LUDE CONDEMNATION AND ADM  RCELS.  SER: Telics: Taylor Keith/Ed Welborn C  TYPE OF ACCESS:  ESTIMATED NO. OF PARCELS:  RESIDENTIAL RELOCATEES:  BUSINESS RELOCATEES:  GRAVES:  CHURCH / NON – PROFIT:  SIGNS:	AINISTRATIVE I  OMPLETED: 05  AI  Southern  NONE:  UMITED:  7  9  1	t 1	Alternates C Alternates C Alternates C NONE: LIMITED: 14 3	URING SETTL  Completed: 2  It 2  Alternative  PARTIAL:  FULL  7  \$560,000  \$225,000  \$-  \$-  \$-  \$-  \$-  \$-  \$-  \$-  \$-	EMENT O	
D ON PAST PROJECT HISTORICAL E  LUDE CONDEMNATION AND ADN  RCELS.  ISER: Telics: Tavior Keith/Ed Welborn C  TYPE OF ACCESS:  ESTIMATED NO. OF PARCELS:  RESIDENTIAL RELOCATEES:  BUSINESS RELOCATEES:  GRAVES:  CHURCH / NON – PROFIT:  MISC:  MISC:	AINISTRATIVE I  OMPLETED: 05  AI  Southern  NONE:  UMITED:  7  9  1	NCREASES TH 	Alternates C Alternates C Alternates C NONE: LIMITED: 14 3	t 2 Alternative PARTIAL:  7 \$560,000 \$-\$-\$-\$-\$-\$-\$-	EMENT O	
D ON PAST PROJECT HISTORICAL D  LUDE CONDEMNATION AND ADN  RCELS.  SER: Telics: Taylor Keith/Ed Welborn C  TYPE OF ACCESS:  ESTIMATED NO. OF PARCELS:  RESIDENTIAL RELOCATES: BUSINESS RELOCATEES: GRAVES: CHURCH / NON – PROFIT: MISC: SIGNS: LAND, IMPROVEMENTS, AND	AINISTRATIVE I  OMPLETED: 05  AI  Southern I  NONE:  1  9  1  -  -  -  \$4,47	t 1	Alternates C Alternates C Alternates C Northern A NONE: LIMITED: 14 3 \$5,57	URING SETTL  Completed: 2  It 2  Alternative  PARTIAL:  FULL  7  \$560,000  \$225,000  \$-  \$-  \$-  \$-  \$-  \$-  \$-  \$-  \$-	EMENT O	

Questions on Access and Parcels		Yes	No
22	Does the project involve any changes in access control?		

- Access Control –means change from or to no control, partial control or full control access.
- This question does not address access management issues such as addition of median.
- How to Document:
  - If "No" This could be illustrated with a plan sheet if there is one. If not, Include a memo/e-mail in the project file indicating no change in access control.
  - If "Yes" Include community studies screening and any required coordination in project file. In Section G, document any coordination with appropriate Division staff supporting how the decision was reached to change access control and whether any mitigation might be appropriate to offset impacts
- Legal Basis: Potential issue for Environmental Justice, also could be a flag for potential controversy if there is a reduction in access.

Questions on Access and Parcels		Yes	No
24	Will maintenance of traffic cause substantial disruption?		

### How to Document:

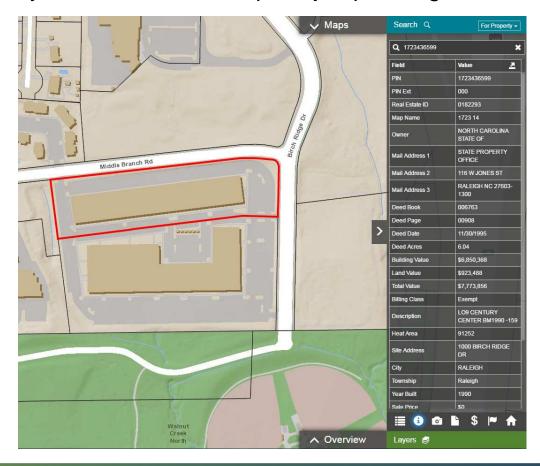
- If "No" Include a note in the project file addressing any traffic disruption and your plan for handling it. If an offsite detour is required, address things like: the detour length relative to the normal, emergency services or school bus impacts, condition of offsite detour roads and bridge, etc. If you take an action to make this a "no" such as shoring up the bridge, this should be described in Section E and should be considered in your environmental screenings as well as when as you address each question in the checklist in your various screenings.
- If "Yes" Include the same information discussed above in Section G and include any major mitigating items such as shoring up an offsite detour bridge or resurfacing a road in the project description.
- Legal Basis: This is based on NCDOT practice, not policy nor law.
   The Central Unit has practiced in the past under a guideline for off site detours for bridge projects but this was not uniform throughout the Department.

Ques	tions on Access and Parcels	Yes	No
25	Is the project inconsistent with the STIP or the Metropolitan Planning Organization's (MPO's) Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) (where applicable)?		

- How to Document:
  - If "No" No documentation required.
  - If "Yes" You don't have a project.
     Get it programmed!
- Legal Basis: Clean Air Act of 1970
  - Ensures compliance with air quality conformity. A conformity determination demonstrates that the total emissions projected for a plan or program are within the emissions limits ("budgets") established by the air quality plan or State Implementation Plan (SIP). The requirement for transportation conformity is established in the United States Code of Federal Regulations (40 CFR 93.104).
     Conformity is required for all or parts of Cabarrus, Catawba, Davidson, Gaston, Guilford, Iredell, Lincoln, Mecklenburg, Rowan, and Union Counties.
- Available Resources: STIP and/or MPO TIP

# If you are acquiring RW Always Screen Parcel Data

Many of the upcoming questions are flagged by ownership. If you are acquiring right of way with your project, always screen for who owns the property. If the owner is a city, county, state or federal government you will almost certainly have additional hoops to jump through.



Que	stions on Access and Parcels	Yes	No
26	Does the project impact lands under the protection of Section 6(f) of the Land and Water Conservation Act, the Federal Aid in Fish Restoration Act, the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act, TVA, or other unique areas or special lands that were acquired in fee or easement with public-use money and have deed restrictions or covenants on the property?		

- What's a 6(f) Resource? It is a park or public recreation facility that was funded, at least in part, by the Land and Water Conservation Fund.
- How to Document:
  - If "No" Email from Parks and Rec to the project file.
  - If "Yes" Extensive coordination will be required. Examine all alternatives to avoid the resource. This will cause substantial project delays.
- Legal Basis: Lands under Section 6(f) must remain in a recreational use.
   Land swaps are time-consuming to develop.
- Available Resources:
  - LWCF projects <a href="http://waso-lwcf.ncrc.nps.gov/public/index.cfm">http://waso-lwcf.ncrc.nps.gov/public/index.cfm</a>
  - Map Review, county parcel data



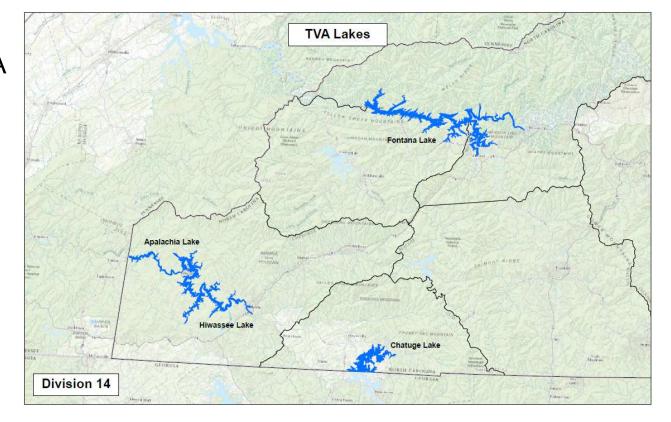
Ques	tions on Access and Parcels (continued)	Yes	No
26	Does the project impact lands under the protection of Section 6(f) of the Land and Water Conservation Act, the Federal Aid in Fish Restoration Act, the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act, TVA, or other unique areas or special lands that were acquired in fee or easement with public-use money and have deed restrictions or covenants on the property?		



- How to Document:
  - If "No" In the project file, include a list or map of parcel holders.
  - If "Yes" In the project file, same as above and include any coordination in Section G.
- Legal Basis: Fish and wildlife restoration lands are under local jurisdiction through the NC Natural Heritage Program (NCNHP).
- Available Resources:
  - Review county parcel data. Look for undeveloped lands owned by the state. If found along the project, contact NCNHP Land Acquisition and Grants Manager.

Ques	tions on Access and Parcels (continued)	Yes	No
26	Does the project impact lands under the protection of Section 6(f) of the Land and Water Conservation Act, the Federal Aid in Fish Restoration Act, the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act, TVA, or other unique areas or special lands that were acquired in fee or easement with public-use money and have deed restrictions or covenants on the property?		

Trigger:
Impact to TVA
lake as
identified on
Division
Resource
Map.



Quest	ions on Access and Parcels (continued)	Yes	No
26	Does the project impact lands under the protection of Section 6(f) of the Land and Water Conservation Act, the Federal Aid in Fish Restoration Act, the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act, TVA, or other unique areas or special lands that were acquired in fee or easement with public-use money and have deed restrictions or covenants on the property?		

- How to Document:
  - If "No" Not in a county with a TVA lake, no action. If a TVA lake is in the county, included a map in the project file showing no effect.
  - If "Yes" In the project file, same as above and include any coordination in Section G. TVA coordination will be required.
- Legal Basis: Fish and wildlife restoration lands are under local jurisdiction through the NC Natural Heritage Program (NCNHP).

Quest	ions on Access and Parcels (continued)	Yes	No
26	Does the project impact lands under the protection of Section 6(f) of the Land and Water Conservation Act, the Federal Aid in Fish Restoration Act, the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act, TVA, or other unique areas or special lands that were acquired in fee or easement with public-use money and have deed restrictions or covenants on the property?		

- How to Document:
  - If "No" –included a map in the project file showing no effect.
  - If "Yes" In the project file, include a map and summarize any coordination in Section G. Include any project commitments on the Greensheet (Section H).
- Legal Basis: Example Stream mitigation sites under jurisdiction of the NCDENR, Department of Mitigation Services (DMS)
- Available Resources:
  - Look for undeveloped lands owned by state or municipality. Review county parcel data.

Ques	tions on Access and Parcels	Yes	No
27	Does the project involve Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) buyout properties under the Hazard Mitigation Grant Program?		

#### How to Document:

- If "No" Your study area overlaid on parcel (tax map) data should be sufficient.
- If "Yes" Documentation if any ground disturbing activities or placing of fill in floodplain areas are required on FEMA buyout properties should be discussed in Section G. Include any project commitments on the Greensheet (Section H).
- Legal Basis To comply with FHWA policy, and the Robert T. Stafford
  Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (which established FEMA).
  - "To encourage a broad and unified effort to prevent uneconomic, hazardous or incompatible use and development of the Nation's flood plains..."
- Available Resources: FEMA buy-out properties are often purchased through Emergency Management Performance Grants or the Hazard Mitigation Grant Program often in coordination with the County Floodplain Administrator. They are often shown as municipality-owned properties in tax records.
- Other Agencies Involved: FEMA, County Floodplain Administrator

		Yes	No	
4	28	Does the project include a <i>de minimis</i> or programmatic Section 4(f)?		

- De minimis is Latin for small, minimal. So a de minimis impact is a small transportation use of a 4(f) resource that does not require an individual 4(f).
- Note: FHWA and the entity with jurisdiction over the resource must be involved.
- How to Document:
  - If "No" The project file should include an environmental features map showing the study area, footprint of your project, and properties labeled within the study area such as single family dwelling, business, greenway, park, etc.
  - If "Yes" Call FHWA for assistance.
- Legal Basis: Section 4(f) of the Department of Transportation Act of 1966.
  - Unlike the Individual 4(f) findings in Question 7, this question addresses specific types of 4(f)s that should be noted, but don't rise to the significance of an individual 4(f).
- Available Resources: NCDOT HES, FHWA

Que	stions on Access and Parcels	Yes	No
29	Is the project considered a Type I under the NCDOT's noise policy?		

- There has been a recent Division training on NCDOT's Noise Policy. Please refer to it to assist in answering this question.
   Basically, a Type I project is one that has the potential to increase the noise levels for receptors, parks, homes, etc.
- Legal Basis: NEPA Implementation, 23 CFR 772. Procedures of Abatement of Highway Traffic Noise and Construction Noise.
   NCDOT's noise policy only applies to "Type 1" state, federal, or federal-aid highway projects.
- Available Resources: NCDOT HES

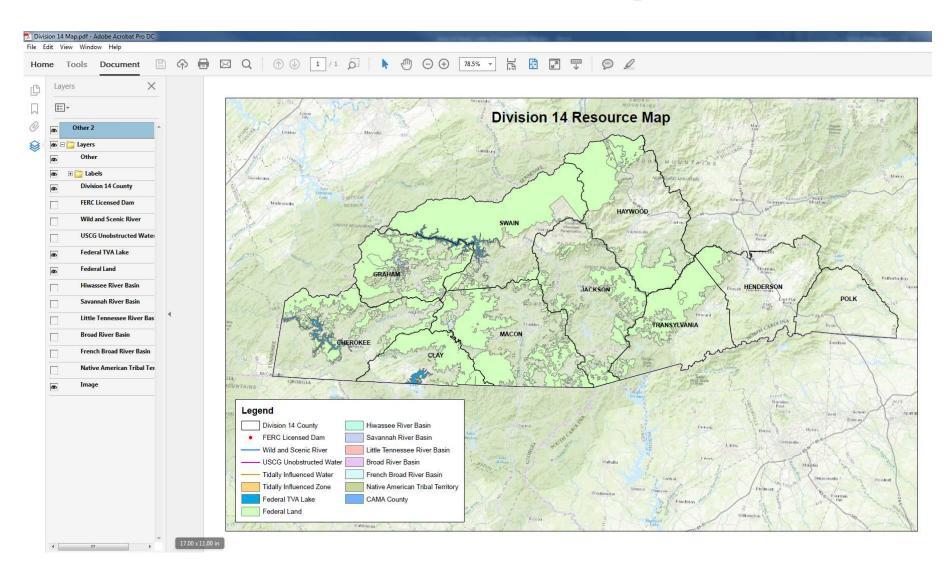


# QUESTIONS ADDRESSED BY DIVISION RESOURCE MAP

### Questions 13, 18, 19, 20, and 21 share:

- How to Identify: Division Resource Map
- How to Document:
  - If "No" If no resources in the county, no documentation required. If resources are in the county, save Division Resource Map showing project does not impact resource.
  - If "Yes" Include all of the above in the file, note any coordination in Section G, and include a project commitment on the Greensheet (Section H).

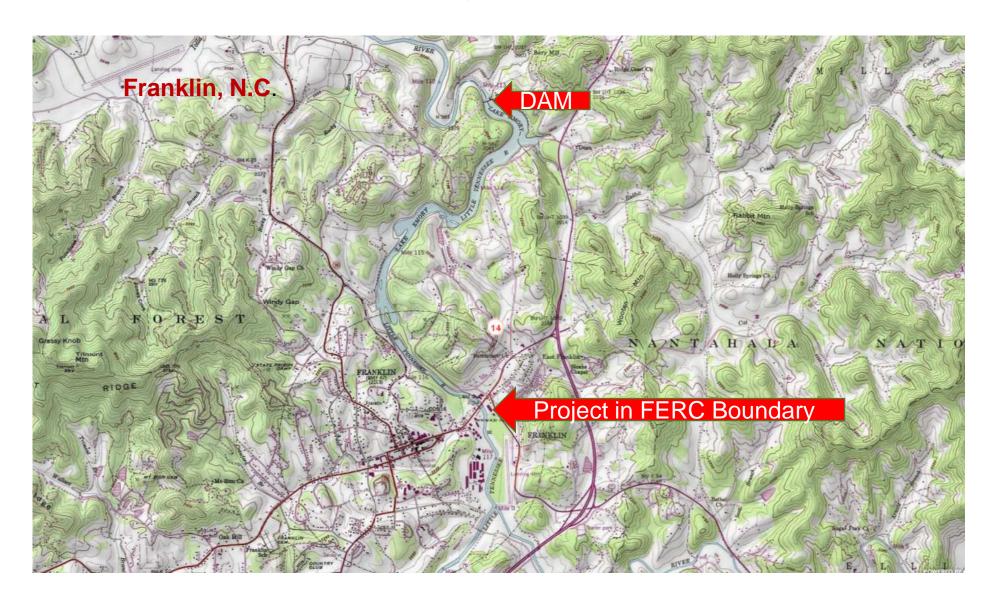
## Division Resource Map



Quest	ions Answered with Division Resource Map	Yes	No
13	Will the project require easement from a Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) licensed facility?		

- Procedures are under development for this topic. If "yes," heavy coordination is required, contact NES for assistance.
- Resources: List of Licensed Facilities, the dams for these facilities are currently plotted on the Division Resources Map. If you are within two miles upstream of a lake formed by a dam, call the facility to verify its limits.
- Legal Basis: FERC is an independent agency that regulates the interstate transmission of electricity, natural gas, and oil. They license and inspect private, municipal, and state hydroelectric projects. Structures over waters in the area of influence of FERC dams will require easements from the FERC facility. Identification of an area of influence is not always obvious.
- Other Agencies Involved: Power Company, FERC

# Lake Emory, Franklin, NC

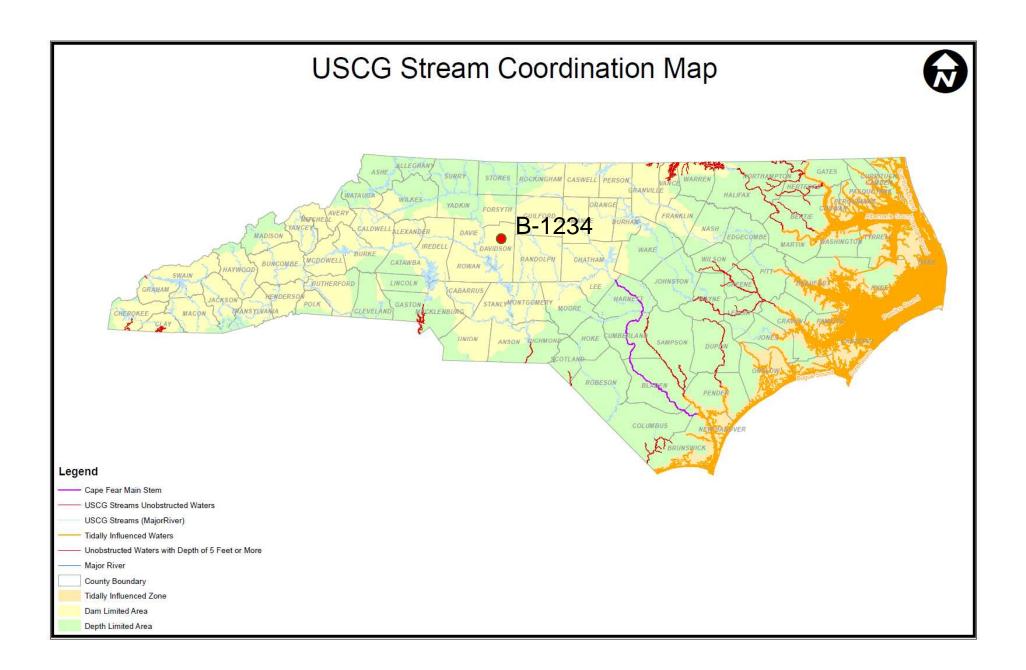


Transportation Transportation

Quest	ions Answered with Division Resource Map	Yes	No
18	Does the project require a U. S. Coast Guard permit?		

- Trigger: If a bridge crossing occurs over tidally influenced or deep unobstructed water, then Coast Guard coordination and possibly a permit may be required.
- Legal Basis: Section 9 of the Rivers and Harbors Act
  - Prohibits the construction of any bridge, dam, dike, or causeway over or in navigable waterways of the US without congressional approval. This responsibility has been delegated to the US Coast Guard (USCG).
- Available Resources: USCG Coordination Map, Federal Aid USCG
   Procedure (under development)
- Other Agencies Involved: USCG





Que	estions Answered with Division Resource Map	Yes	No
19	Does the project involve construction activities in, across, or adjacent to a designated Wild and Scenic River present within the project area?		

- Legal Basis: Wild and Scenic Rivers Act of 1968
  - Seeks to preserve and protect wild and scenic rivers and their immediate environments for the benefit of future generations.
- Additional Resources Division Resources Map review, procedure for Wild & Scenic Rivers Act (WSR)
- Other Agencies Involved: NC Parks and Recreation (NCDPR), US Department of Interior (USDOI)



Quest	tions Answered with Division Resource Map	Yes	No
20	Does the project involve Coastal Barrier Resources Act resources?		

- If "Yes" This may mean you cannot do this with Federal Aid.
- Legal Basis: Coastal Barrier Resources Act
  - Designated relatively undeveloped coastal barriers along the Atlantic and Gulf coasts as part of the John H. Chafee Coastal Barrier Resources System. These areas are ineligible for most new federal expenditures or financial development assistance.
  - Private developers or other non-federal parties must bear all development costs.
- Available Resources: Division Resources Map



Ques	tions Answered with Division Resource Map	Yes	No
21	Does the project impact federal lands (e.g. USFS, USFWS, etc.) or Tribal Lands?		

### Legal Basis:

- American Antiquities Act, 1906 (historic or prehistoric remains on federal lands);
- Executive Order 13007, 1996 (Native American Sacred Sites);
- Archaeological Resources Protection Act, 1979 (archaeological sites on federal lands);
- Native American Grave Protection and Repatriation Act, 1990 (burials on federal or tribal lands); and
- Wilderness Act, 1964 (undeveloped federal lands).
- Available Resources: Division Resources Map, county parcel data –usually available through online GIS
- Other Agencies Involved: Any Federal agency or Tribe that owns land









# QUESTIONS ANSWERED BY COMMUNITY SCREENING

### Questions 4, 23, and 30

- How to Document:
  - If "No" Include appropriate screening form or memo to file in project file.
  - If "Yes" In addition to documentation in the project file, include a summary of the issues in Section G and list any mitigating measures as project commitments on the Greensheet (Section H).

# Does the project cause disproportionately high and adverse impacts relative to low-income and/or minority populations? Yes No Output Does the project cause disproportionately high and adverse impacts relative to low-income and/or minority populations?

- Trigger: Community Studies screening would identify potential impacts.
- Legal Basis: Executive Order 12898
- Available Resources: NCDOT HES
- Other Agencies Involved: FHWA





Qu	estions answered by Community Screening	Yes	No
23	Does the project have a permanent adverse effect on local traffic patterns or community cohesiveness?		

- Trigger: Does the project reduce access to resources (churches, parks, stores) used by communities?
- Legal Basis: Executive Order 12898 on Environmental Justice
- Future training will be available



Quest	tions answered by Community Screening	Yes	No
30	Is there prime or important farmland impacted by this project as defined by the Farmland Protection Policy Act (FPPA)?		

- Trigger: ROW acquired
- Legal Basis: FPPA, 1981. It states that Prime farmland is land that
  has the best combination of physical and chemical characteristics for
  producing food, feed, forage, fiber, and oilseed crops and is
  available for these uses.
- Available Resources:
  - Natural Resources Conservation Web Soil Survey:
     <a href="http://websoilsurvey.sc.egov.usda.gov/App/HomePage.htm">http://websoilsurvey.sc.egov.usda.gov/App/HomePage.htm</a>
  - AD-1006 form: <a href="https://www.nrcs.usda.gov/Internet/FSE\_DOCUMENTS/stelprdb104539">https://www.nrcs.usda.gov/Internet/FSE\_DOCUMENTS/stelprdb104539</a>

     4.pdf
  - CPA-106 form (corridor type projects):
     <a href="https://www.nrcs.usda.gov/Internet/FSE\_DOCUMENTS/16/stelprdb104">https://www.nrcs.usda.gov/Internet/FSE\_DOCUMENTS/16/stelprdb104</a>
     5395.pdf
- Other Agencies Involved: Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS)

# QUESTIONS ANSWERED USING HYDRAULICS REPORT

### Question 16



Que	est	ions answered by Hydraulics Report	Yes	No
16		Does the project require work encroaching and adversely affecting a 100 year FEMA regulated floodplain?		

- How to Document:
  - If "No" If your project does not encroach into a FEMA regulated floodplain, no documentation is required.
  - If "Yes" include Hydraulics Report in the project file and include the two appropriate project commitments from the Greensheet Template in Section H (Greensheet).
- Legal Basis: To comply with FHWA policy, as published in December 1994
  - "To encourage a broad and unified effort to prevent uneconomic, hazardous or incompatible use and development of the Nation's flood plains..."
- Available Resources: NC Floodplain Mapping Program http://www.ncfloodmaps.com/
- Other Agencies Involved: FEMA

# **GEO-ENVIRONMENTAL QUESTION**

### Question 15



NC	DOT Geo-environmental Question	Yes	No
15	Does the project involve hazardous materials and/or landfills?		

#### Required Documentation:

- If "No" If no right of way acquisition, then no documentation required. Otherwise, include Geo-Environmental Screening in project file.
- If "Yes" Phase I Study from pre-qualified consultant or report from NCDOT Geo-Environmental Unit should be included in project file.
   Section G will summarize the results of this study and any follow-up steps may result in project commitments on the Greensheet (Section H).
- Legal Basis: Comprehensive Environmental Response,
   Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA). If acquired property is contaminated, it becomes the owner's (NCDOT's) responsibility.
- Available Resources: See attached references for request form. The guidelines for an effective screening are listed <a href="here">here</a>.
- Note: It is highly desirable for each division to develop a map of Superfund sites within their area to assist in avoiding these sites.

# BE AWARE OF OTHER ISSUES NOT ADDRESSED ABOVE

Othe	r Issues	Yes	No
31	Are there other issues that arose during the project development process that affected the project decision?		

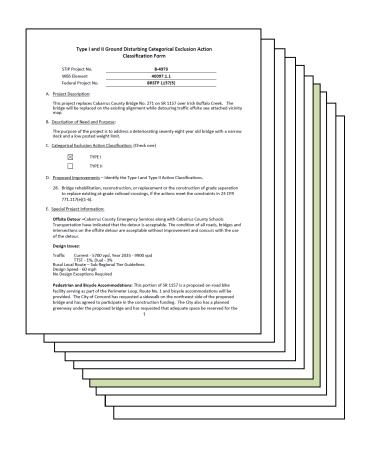
- Required Documentation:
  - If "No" No other action needed.
  - If "Yes" Section G will summarize the issue or law, any required study and any follow-up steps that resulted in project commitments on the Greensheet (Section H).
- Legal Basis: There are other federal and state environmental laws that may be applicable to specific projects.
- Available Resources: This question isn't asking you to know everything. It's used to document only specific issues that arose during project development that influenced a decision for the CE.

### Example of a Question 31 Issue

Projects that are entirely within existing right of way that add through lanes would be classified as a Type I CE (No. 22).

- Because the project is adding capacity, additional studies or screenings may required:
  - Air quality report (this will be discussed in Type III projects).
  - Indirect and cumulative effects screening (this will be discussed in Type III projects).

# Ground Disturbing Example



**Original PCE** 

22 Pages

Using New Format and Attachment Rules

9 Pages

#### Type I and II Ground Disturbing Categorical Exclusion Action Classification Form

STIP Project No.	B-4973
WBS Element	40097.1.1
Federal Project No.	BRSTP 1157(5)

#### A. Project Description:

This project replaces Cabarrus County Bridge No. 271 on SR 1157 over Irish Buffalo Creek. The bridge will be replaced on the existing alignment while detouring traffic offsite see attached vicinity map.

#### B. Description of Need and Purpose:

The purpose of the project is to address a deteriorating seventy eight year old bridge with a narrow deck and a low posted weight limit.

#### C. Categorical Exclusion Action Classification: Type IA

- D. Proposed Improvements Identify the item from the Type I and Type II List
  - Bridge rehabilitation, reconstruction, or replacement or the construction of grade separation to replace existing at-grade railroad crossings, if the actions meet the constraints in 23 CFR 771.117(e)(1-6).

#### E. Special Project Information:

Offsite Detour – Cabarrus County Emergency Services along with Cabarrus County Schools
Transportation have indicated that the detour is acceptable. The condition of all roads, bridges and intersections on the offsite detour are acceptable without improvement and concurs with the use of the detour.

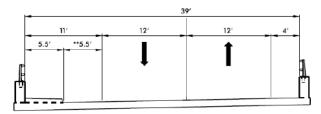
#### Design Issues:

Traffic Current - 5700 vpd, Year 2035 - 9900 vpd TTST - 1%, Dual - 3% Rural Local Route – Sub Regional Tier Guidelines Design Speed - 60 mph No Design Exceptions Required

**Pedestrian and Bicycle Accommodations:** This portion of SR 1157 is a proposed on-road bike facility serving as part of the Perimeter Loop, Route No. 1 and bicycle accommodations will be provided. The City of Concord has requested a sidewalk on the northwest side of the proposed bridge and has agreed to participate in the construction funding. The City also has a planned greenway under the proposed bridge and has requested that adequate space be reserved for the crossing. The City has guaranteed construction of the greenway by including it in their local capital improvements program. The proposed bridge has sufficient vertical and horizontal clearance for

the planned greenway. Based on discussion with Division and City, temporary pedestrian accommodations are not needed during construction in the work zone.

#### Typical Section for Bridge:



#### **Public Involvement:**

A newsletter has been sent to all those living along SR 1157 between the intersection with NC 3 and the intersection with US 601. A few comments have been received to date.

Based on involvement with the City of Concord, a Citizen's Informational Workshop was determined necessary. It was held on January 25, 2011 where 11 Local Officials, 9 citizens and 6 NCDOT employees attended. The two main concerns were taking parking spaces from a business along the SR 1157 and shutting down the road for construction that would hinder supply trucks from reaching the businesses.

NCDOT will try to minimize any impact on businesses along SR 1157 during construction and will try to expedite the construction time.

#### F. Project Impact Criteria Checklists:

Type I &	II - Ground Disturbing Actions			
FHWA APPROVAL ACTIVITIES THRESHOLD CRITERIA				
If any of o	questions 1-7 are marked "yes" then the CE will require FHWA approval.	Yes	No	
1	Does the project require formal consultation with U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) or National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS)?		$\boxtimes$	
2	Does the project result in impacts subject to the conditions of the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (BGPA)?		$\boxtimes$	
3	Does the project generate substantial controversy or public opposition, for any reason, following appropriate public involvement?		$\boxtimes$	
4	Does the project cause disproportionately high and adverse impacts relative to low-income and/or minority populations?		$\boxtimes$	

5	Does the project involve a residential or commercial displacement, or a substantial amount of right of way acquisition?		$\boxtimes$
6	Does the project require an Individual Section 4(f) approval?		$\boxtimes$
7	Does the project include adverse effects that cannot be resolved with a Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) under Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) or have an adverse effect on a National Historic Landmark (NHL)?		$\boxtimes$
	questions 8 through 31 are marked "yes" then additional information will be required in Section G.	ed for th	nose
Other C	onsiderations en	Yes	No
8	Does the project result in a finding of "may affect not likely to adversely affect" or less for listed species, or designated critical habitat under Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act (ESA)?	$\boxtimes$	
9	Does the project impact anadromous fish?		$\boxtimes$
10	Does the project impact waters classified as Outstanding Resource Water (ORW), High Quality Water (HQW), Water Supply Watershed Critical Areas, 303(d) listed impaired water bodies, buffer rules, or Submerged Aquatic Vegetation (SAV)?		$\boxtimes$
11	Does the project impact waters of the United States in any of the designated mountain trout streams?		$\boxtimes$
12	Does the project require a U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) Individual Section 404 Permit?		$\boxtimes$
13	Will the project require an easement from a Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) licensed facility?		$\boxtimes$
14	Does the project include a Section 106 of the NHPA effects determination other than a no effect, including archaeological remains?		$\boxtimes$
Other C	onsiderations (continued)	Yes	No
15	Does the project involve hazardous materials and landfills?	$\boxtimes$	
16	Does the project require work encroaching and adversely affecting a regulatory floodway or work affecting the base floodplain (100-year flood) elevations of a water course or lake, pursuant to Executive Order 11988 and 23 CFR 650 subpart A?		$\boxtimes$
17	Is the project in a Coastal Area Management Act (CAMA) county and substantially affects the coastal zone and/or any Area of Environmental Concern (AEC)?		$\boxtimes$
18	Does the project require a U.S. Coast Guard (USCG) permit?		$\boxtimes$
19	Does the project involve construction activities in, across, or adjacent to a designated Wild and Scenic River present within the project area?		$\boxtimes$
20	Does the project involve Coastal Barrier Resources Act (CBRA) resources?		$\boxtimes$
21	Does the project impact federal lands (e.g. U.S. Forest Service (USFS), USFWS, etc.) or Tribal Lands?		$\boxtimes$
22	Does the project involve any changes in access control?		$\boxtimes$

23	Does the project have a permanent adverse effect on local traffic patterns or community cohesiveness?		Σ
24	Will maintenance of traffic cause substantial disruption?		Σ
25	Is the project inconsistent with the STIP or the Metropolitan Planning Organization's (MPO's) Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) (where applicable)?		Σ
26	Does the project require the acquisition of lands under the protection of Section 6(f) of the Land and Water Conservation Act, the Federal Aid in Fish Restoration Act, the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act, Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA), or other unique areas or special lands that were acquired in fee or easement with public-use money and have deed restrictions or covenants on the property?		Σ
27	Does the project involve Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) buyout properties under the Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP)?		$\geq$
28	Does the project include a de minimis or programmatic Section 4(f)?		$\geq$
29	Is the project considered a Type I under the NCDOT's Noise Policy?		$\triangleright$
30	Is there prime or important farmland soil impacted by this project as defined by the Farmland Protection Policy Act (FPPA)?		Σ
31	Are there other issues that arose during the project development process that affected the project decision?		$\triangleright$
Q pri fo 20 th So	dditional Documentation as Required from Section F  question 8 - Endangered Species: Habitat for the Schweinitz's sunflower is does ex roject study area and was identified throughout the majority of the project study a gorm of maintained roadsides and disturbed areas. A plant survey was conducted or 007 for a total of 3 man hours was conducted in all areas that contained suitable had to the target species. A review of NCNHP records, updated February 13, 2008, indicate the chweinitz's sunflower occurrence within 1.0 mile of the study area. Therefore, a biopolusion of NO EFFECT was rendered.	area in t n Augus abitat f es no kn	he t 30 or owi

H. Project Commitments

as an auto repair shop.

See Attached Project Commitments Greensheet

4

STIP Project No.	B-4973
WBS Element	40097.1.1
Federal Project No.	BRSTP 1157(5)
Prepared By:	
	John D. Bridges
	D. Bridges, Project Manager
	Engineering Company
Prepared For: North	Carolina Department of Transportation
riepareuror. itolai	Suronna Department of Transportation
Reviewed By:	
•	
	ane S. Doe
	S. Doe, Project Development Engineer Carolina Department of Transportation
	If all of the threshold questions (1 through 7) of Section F are answered "no," NCDOT approves this Categorical Exclusion.
Certified	If any of the threshold questions (1 through 7) of Section F are answered "yes," NCDOT certifies this Categorical Exclusion.
	ane S. Temple
Date for John North	Hancock, Division Engineer Carolina Department of Transportation
FHWA Approved: For P	rojects Certified by NCDOT (above), FHWA signature ed.
N/A Date John	F. Sullivan, III, PE, Division Administrator

#### PROJECT COMMITTMENTS TIP No. B-4973

#### Division Ten Construction, Resident Engineer's Office

In order to have time to adequately reroute school busses, Cabarrus County Schools will be contacted at (704) 782-6314 at least one month prior to road closure.

Cabarrus County Emergency Services will be contacted at (704) 940-2143 at least one month prior to construction to make the necessary temporary reassignments to primary response units.

Roadway Design, Structure Design, Program Development Branch – Sidewalks Sidewalk is included on one side of the proposed bridge.

#### Roadway Design, Structure Design – Bike Accommodations

Four-foot-wide offsets and bicycle safe railings will be provided on the bridge to accommodate bicycle traffic

#### Hydraulic Unit - FEMA Coordination

The Hydraulics Unit will coordinate with the NC Floodplain Mapping Program (FMP), to determine status of project with regard to applicability of NCDOT'S Memorandum of Agreement, or approval of a Conditional Letter of Map Revision (CLOMR) and subsequent final Letter of Map Revision (LOMR).

#### **Division Construction-FEMA**

This project involves construction activities on or adjacent to FEMA-regulated stream(s). Therefore, the Division shall submit sealed as-built construction plans to the Hydraulics Unit upon completion of project construction, certifying that the drainage structure(s) and roadway embankment that are located within the 100-year floodplain were built as shown in the construction plans, both horizontally and vertically.

#### GeoEnvironmental Section - Impacts to Underground Storage Tanks (UST's)

If further design indicates potential impact to UST's, preliminary site assessments for soil and groundwater contamination will be performed prior to right of way purchase.

#### Resident Engineer - Airport Glidepath

Project is in the vicinity of the Propst Airport, which is currently not in service, and parallels the runway. The elevation of the new bridge could be in the glidepath of oncoming planes. The booms on cranes used during construction could affect the glidepath. For this reason, NCDOT will keep appropriate flagging attached to the cranes at all times.

The resident engineer will alert the Propst Airport Manager of its plans to construct well in advance of the availability date.

If possible, no construction will take place at night. However, if any construction is to be performed at night, this activity will be carefully coordinated with the Propst Airport.

#### Roadside Environmental Unit, Division Resident Engineer – Sensitive Watersheds

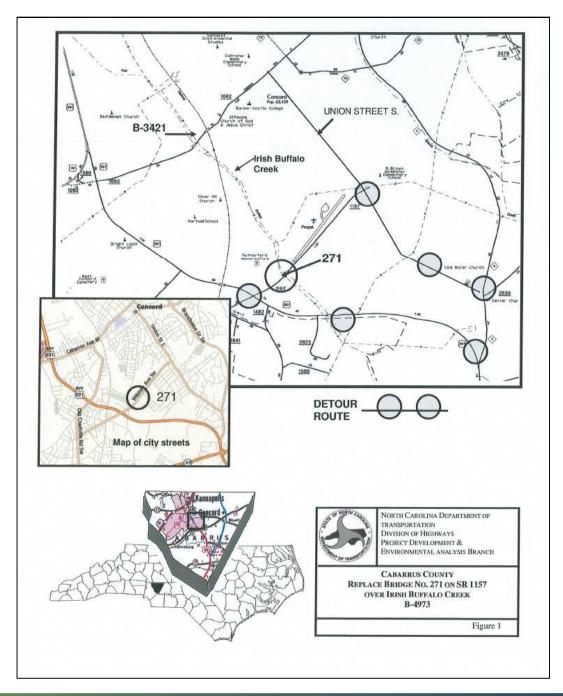
Irish Buffalo Creek is included on the 2010 Final 303(d) List as impaired for turbidity. Therefore, the Design Standards in Sensitive Watershed will apply.

#### Program Development, Division, Roadway Design – Scheduling

B-4973 will have to be coordinated with TIP B-3421 that is scheduled to be Let February 2012.

Project Commitments March 2011

Page 1 of 1





#### RECEIVED Division of Highways

OCT 2 8 2008

Preconstruction Project Development and Environmental Analysis Branch

#### North Carolina Department of Cultural Resources State Historic Preservation Office

Peter B. Sandbeck, Administrator

Michael F. Easley, Governor Lisbeth C. Evans, Secretary Jeffrey J. Crow, Deputy Secretary

Office of Archives and History Division of Historical Resour David Brook, Director

October 24, 2008

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Project Development and Environmental Analysis Branch

NCDOT Division of Highways

Peter Sandbeck PShow Peter Sandbeck FROM:

Bridge 271 on SR 1157 over Irish Buffalo Creek, B-4973, Cabarrus County, ER 08-2450 SUBJECT:

Thank you for your letter of October 17, 2008, concerning the above project. Based on the topographic and hydrological situation, we have determined that there is a very high probability that archaeological sites exists in the project area. We therefore recommend that if any earth moving activities are scheduled to take place, that a comprehensive archaeological survey be conducted by an experienced archaeologist to identify and evaluate the significance of any archaeological remains that may be damaged or destroyed by the proposed project. Please note that our office now requests consultation with the Office of State Archaeology to discuss appropriate field methodology prior to the archaeological field investigation.

If an archaeological field investigation is conducted, two copies of the resulting archaeological survey report, as well as one copy of the appropriate site forms should be forwarded to us for review and comment as soon as they are available and well in advance of any earth moving activities.

We have determined that the project as proposed will not have an effect on any historic structures.

The above comments are made pursuant to Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act and the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation's Regulations for compliance with Section 106 codified at 36 CFR Part 800.

Thank you for your cooperation and considerations. If you have any questions concerning the above comment, please contact Renee Gledhill-Earley, environmental review coordinator, at 919.807.6579. In all future communication concerning this project, please cite the above referenced tracking number.



#### North Carolina Department of Cultural Resources

State Historic Preservation Office Peter B. Sandbeck, Administrator

Beverly Eaves Perdue, Governor Linda A. Carlisle, Secretary Jeffrey J. Crow, Deputy Secretary Office of Archives and History Division of Historical Resources David Brook, Director

March 18, 2009

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Matt Wilkerson

Office of Human Environment NCDOT Division of Highways

FROM:

Peter Sandbeck BSC for Peter Sandbeck

SUBJECT:

Bridge 271 on SR 1157 over Irish Buffalo Creek, B-4973, Cabarrus County, ER 08-2450

Thank you for letter of March 4, 2009, transmitting the above referenced report.

We found the report to be extremely informative, well written, and concise. Mr. Halvorsen should be commended for his attention to detail and his knowledge of the extant archaeological database. For purposes of compliance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act, we concur with the report author that no further archaeological investigations are necessary and that no significant archaeological properties will be adversely affected.

The above comments are made pursuant to Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act and the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation's Regulations for Compliance with Section 106 codified at 36 CFR Part 800.

Thank you for your cooperation and consideration. If you have questions concerning the above comment, please contact Renee Gledhill-Earley, environmental review coordinator, at 919-807-6579. In all future communication concerning this project, please cite the above-referenced tracking number.

cc

Scott Halvorsen, NCDOT

# Type III Projects

Actions not previously described above that do not individually or cumulatively have a significant affect on the human or natural environment.

Type III are actions not identified as Type I or II as described above. Projects include, but are not limited to:

- Highway widening projects that add an additional through lane (automobile capacity increases) and require right of way acquisition;
- Projects that add or modify an interchange while changing capacity (projects that require an Interchange Access Report (IAR)).

# FHWA Signature Required, No Threshold Questions

Type III /	Actions	Yes
<ul><li>The 0</li><li>If any</li></ul>	posed improvement is identified as a Type III Class of Action answer all questions Categorical Exclusion will require FHWA approval. questions are marked "yes" then additional information will be required for those on G.	
1	Does the project involve potential effects on species listed with the USFWS or NMFS?	
2	Does the project result in impacts subject to the conditions of the BGPA?	
3	Does the project generate substantial controversy or public opposition, for any reason, following appropriate public involvement?	
Type III /	Actions (continued)	Yes
4	Does the project cause disproportionately high and adverse impacts relative to low-income and/or minority populations?	
5	Does the project involve substantial residential or commercial displacements or right of way acquisition?	
6	Does the project include a determination under Section 4(f)?	
7	Is a project-level analysis for direct, indirect, or cumulative effects required based on the NCDOT community studies screening tool?	
8	Is a project level air quality Mobile Source Air Toxics (MSAT) analysis required?	
9	Does the project impact anadromous fish?	
10	Does the project impact waters classified as ORW, HQW, Water Supply Watershed Critical Areas, 303(d)-listed impaired water bodies, buffer rules, or SAV?	
11	Does the project impact waters of the United States in any of the designated mountain trout streams?	
12	Does the project require a USACE Individual Section 404 Permit?	
13	Will the project require an easement from a FERC licensed facility?	
14	Does the project include Section 108 of the NHPA effects determination other than a no effect, including archaeological remains? Are there project commitments identified?	
15	Does the project involve hazardous materials and landfills?	
16	Does the project require work encroaching and adversely effecting a regulatory floodway or work affecting the base floodplain (100-year flood) elevations of a water course or lake, pursuant to Executive Order 11988 and 23 CFR 650 subpart A?	
17	is the project in a CAMA county and substantially affects the coastal zone and/or any AEC?	
18	Does the project require a USCG permit?	
19	Does the project involve construction activities in, across, or adjacent to a designated Wild and Scenic River present within the project area?	
20	Does the project involve CBRA resources?	

Does the project require the acquisition of lands under the protection of Section 6(f) of the Land and Water Conservation Act, the Federal Aid in Fish Pestaration Act the Federal Aid in Wildlife Pestaration Act TVA Tribal Lands	Does the project have a permanent adverse effect on local traffic patterns or community cohesiveness?  Will maintenance of traffic cause substantial disruption?  Is the project inconsistent with the STIP or the MPO's TIP (where applicable)?  Does the project require the acquisition of lands under the protection of Section 6(f) of the Land and Water Conservation Act, the Federal laid in Fish Restoration Act, the Federal Aid In Fish Restoration	Does the project have a permanent adverse effect on local traffic patterns or community cohesiveness?  Will maintenance of traffic cause substantial disruption?  Is the project inconsistent with the STIP or the MPO's TIP (where applicable)?  Does the project require the acquisition of lands under the protection of Section 6(f) of the Land and Water Conservation Act, the Federal Aid in Fish Restoration Act, the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act, TVA, Tribal Lands or other unique areas or special lands that were acquired in fee or easement with public-use money and have deed restrictions or covenants on the property?  Does the project involve FEMA buyout properties under the HMGP?  Is the project considered a Type I under the NCDOT's Noise Policy?  Is there prime or important farmland soil impacted by this project as defined by the FPPA?  Are there other issues that arose during the project development process that	Does the project have a permanent adverse effect on local traffic patterns or community cohesiveness?  Will maintenance of traffic cause substantial disruption?  Is the project inconsistent with the STIP or the MPO's TIP (where applicable)?  Does the project require the acquisition of lands under the protection of Section 6(f) of the Land and Water Conservation Act, the Federal Aid in Fish Restoration Act, the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act, TVA, Tribal Lands or other unique areas or special lands that were acquired in fee or easement with public-use money and have deed restrictions or covenants on the property?  Does the project involve FEMA buyout properties under the HMGP?  Is the project considered a Type I under the NCDOT's Noise Policy?  Is there prime or important farmland soil impacted by this project as defined by the FPPA?  Are there other issues that arose during the project development process that	23	Does the project have a permanent adverse effect on local traffic patterns or community cohesiveness?		
community cohesiveness?  Will maintenance of traffic cause substantial disruption?  Is the project inconsistent with the STIP or the MPO's TIP (where applicable)?  Does the project require the acquisition of lands under the protection of Section 6(f) of the Land and Water Conservation Act, the Federal Aid in Fish Restoration Act, the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act, TVA, Tribal Lands, or other unique areas or special lands that were acquired in fee or easement with public-use money and have deed restrictions or covenants on the property?  Does the project involve FEMA buyout properties under the HMGP?  Is the project considered a Type I under the NCDOT's Noise Policy?  Is there prime or important farmland soil impacted by this project as defined by the FPPA?  Are there other issues that arose during the project development process that	community cohesiveness?    Will maintenance of traffic cause substantial disruption?	community cohesiveness?    Will maintenance of traffic cause substantial disruption?	community cohesiveness?  Will maintenance of traffic cause substantial disruption?  Is the project inconsistent with the STIP or the MPO's TIP (where applicable)?  Does the project require the acquisition of lands under the protection of Section 6(f) of the Land and Water Conservation Act, the Federal Aid in Fish Restoration Act, the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act, TVA, Tribal Lands, or other unique areas or special lands that were acquired in fee or easement with public-use money and have deed restrictions or covenants on the property?  Does the project involve FEMA buyout properties under the HMGP?  Is the project considered a Type I under the NCDOT's Noise Policy?  Is there prime or important farmland soil impacted by this project as defined by the FPPA?  Are there other issues that arose during the project development process that	24	community cohesiveness?		Е
25   Is the project inconsistent with the STIP or the MPO's TIP (where applicable)?	25   Is the project inconsistent with the STIP or the MPO's TIP (where applicable)?	25   Is the project inconsistent with the STIP or the MPO's TIP (where applicable)?	25   Is the project inconsistent with the STIP or the MPO's TIP (where applicable)?		Will maintenance of traffic cause substantial disruption?		
Does the project require the acquisition of lands under the protection of Section 6(f) of the Land and Water Conservation Act, the Federal Aid in Fish Restoration Act, the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act, TVA, Tribal Lands, or other unique areas or special lands that were acquired in fee or easement with public-use money and have deed restrictions or covenants on the property?  27 Does the project involve FEMA buyout properties under the HMGP?  28 Is the project considered a Type I under the NCDOT's Noise Policy?  29 Is there prime or important farmland soil impacted by this project as defined by the FPPA?  Are there other issues that arose during the project development process that	Does the project require the acquisition of lands under the protection of Section 6(f) of the Land and Water Conservation Act, the Federal Aid in Fish Restoration Act, the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act, TVA, Tribal Lands, or other unique areas or special lands that were acquired in fee or easement with public-use money and have deed restrictions or covenants on the property?  27 Does the project involve FEMA buyout properties under the HMGP?  28 Is the project considered a Type I under the NCDOT's Noise Policy?  29 Is there prime or important farmland soil impacted by this project as defined by the FPPA?  Are there other issues that arose during the project development process that	Does the project require the acquisition of lands under the protection of Section 6(f) of the Land and Water Conservation Act, the Federal Aid in Fish Restoration Act, the Federal Aid in Fish or other unique areas or special lands that were acquired in fee or easement with public-use money and have deed restrictions or covenants on the property?  27 Does the project involve FEMA buyout properties under the HMGP?  28 Is the project considered a Type I under the NCDOT's Noise Policy?  29 Is there prime or important farmland soil impacted by this project as defined by the FPPA?  Are there other issues that arose during the project development process that	Does the project require the acquisition of lands under the protection of Section 6(f) of the Land and Water Conservation Act, the Federal Aid in Fish Restoration Act, the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act, TVA, Tribal Lands, or other unique areas or special lands that were acquired in fee or easement with public-use money and have deed restrictions or covenants on the property?  27 Does the project involve FEMA buyout properties under the HMGP?  28 Is the project considered a Type I under the NCDOT's Noise Policy?  29 Is there prime or important farmland soil impacted by this project as defined by the FPPA?  Are there other issues that arose during the project development process that	25		Ш	
Section 6(f) of the Land and Water Conservation Act, the Federal Aid in Fish Restoration Act, the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act, TVA, Tribal Lands, or other unique areas or special lands that were acquired in fee or easement with public-use money and have deed restrictions or covenants on the property?  27 Does the project involve FEMA buyout properties under the HMGP?  28 Is the project considered a Type I under the NCDOT's Noise Policy?  29 Is there prime or important farmland soil impacted by this project as defined by the FPPA?  Are there other issues that arose during the project development process that	Section 6(f) of the Land and Water Conservation Act, the Federal Aid in Fish Restoration Act, the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act 7NA, Tribal Lands, or other unique areas or special lands that were acquired in fee or easement with public-use money and have deed restrictions or covenants on the property?  27 Does the project involve FEMA buyout properties under the HMGP?  28 Is the project considered a Type I under the NCDOT's Noise Policy?  29 Is there prime or important farmland soil impacted by this project as defined by the FPPA?  Are there other issues that arose during the project development process that	Section 6(f) of the Land and Water Conservation Act, the Federal Aid in Fish Restoration Act, the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act, TVA, Tribal Lands, or other unique areas or special lands that were acquired in fee or easement with public-use money and have deed restrictions or covenants on the property?  27 Does the project involve FEMA buyout properties under the HMGP?  28 Is the project considered a Type I under the NCDOT's Noise Policy?  29 Is there prime or important farmland soil impacted by this project as defined by the FPPA?  Are there other issues that arose during the project development process that	Section 6(f) of the Land and Water Conservation Act, the Federal Aid in Fish Restoration Act, the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act, TVA, Tribal Lands, or other unique areas or special lands that were acquired in fee or easement with public-use money and have deed restrictions or covenants on the property?  27 Does the project involve FEMA buyout properties under the HMGP?  28 Is the project considered a Type I under the NCDOT's Noise Policy?  29 Is there prime or important farmland soil impacted by this project as defined by the FPPA?  Are there other issues that arose during the project development process that		Is the project inconsistent with the STIP or the MPO's TIP (where applicable)?		
28 Is the project considered a Type I under the NCDOTs Noise Policy?  19 Is there prime or important farmland soil impacted by this project as defined by the FPPA?  20 Are there other issues that arose during the project development process that	28 Is the project considered a Type I under the NCDOTs Noise Policy?  19 Is there prime or important farmland soil impacted by this project as defined by the FPPA?  20 Are there other issues that arose during the project development process that	28 Is the project considered a Type I under the NCDOT's Noise Policy?  19 Is there prime or important farmland soil impacted by this project as defined by the FPPA?  20 Are there other issues that arose during the project development process that	28 Is the project considered a Type I under the NCDOTs Noise Policy?  19 Is there prime or important farmland soil impacted by this project as defined by the FPPA?  20 Are there other issues that arose during the project development process that	26	Section 6(f) of the Land and Water Conservation Act, the Federal Aid in Fish Restoration Act, the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act, TVA, Tribal Lands, or other unique areas or special lands that were acquired in fee or easement with public-use money and have deed restrictions or covenants on the		
29 Is there prime or important farmland soil impacted by this project as defined by the FPPA?  20 Are there other issues that arose during the project development process that	29 Is there prime or important farmland soil impacted by this project as defined by the FPPA?  20 Are there other issues that arose during the project development process that	29 Is there prime or important farmland soil impacted by this project as defined by He FPPA?  20 Are there other issues that arose during the project development process that	29 Is there prime or important farmland soil impacted by this project as defined by the FPPA?  20 Are there other issues that arose during the project development process that	27	Does the project involve FEMA buyout properties under the HMGP?		
the FPPA?  Are there other issues that arose during the project development process that	the FPPA?  Are there other issues that arose during the project development process that	the FPPA?  Are there other issues that arose during the project development process that	the FPPA?  Are there other issues that arose during the project development process that	28	Is the project considered a Type I under the NCDOT's Noise Policy?		
Are there other issues that arose during the project development process that	Are there other issues that arose during the project development process that	Are there other issues that arose during the project development process that	Are there other issues that arose during the project development process that	29			E
				30	Are there other issues that arose during the project development process that		

# **Checklist Questions Unique to Type III Projects**

Que	estions answered by Community Screening	Yes	No
7	Is a project-level analysis for direct, indirect, or cumulative effects required based on the NCDOT community studies screening tool?		

# A project can have three types of effects:

- Direct impacts are caused by the project.
- Indirect impacts are land use changes that may be induced by the project.
- Cumulative impacts are the incremental impacts of this project in addition to other past, present, and reasonably foreseeable actions.

C	Ques	tions answered by Community Screening	Yes	No
	7	Is a project-level analysis for direct, indirect, or cumulative effects required based on the NCDOT community studies screening tool?		

### How to Document:

- If "No" Include appropriate screening form or report from Community Studies personnel in project file.
- If "Yes" In addition to documentation in the project file, include a summary of the issues in Section G and list any mitigating measures as project commitments on the Greensheet (Section H).
- Legal Basis: CEQ regulations (40 CFR §§ 1500 -1508) define the impacts and effects that must be addressed and considered by Federal agencies in satisfying the requirements of the NEPA process. This includes direct, indirect and cumulative impacts.
- Future training will be available.



Transportation Transportation

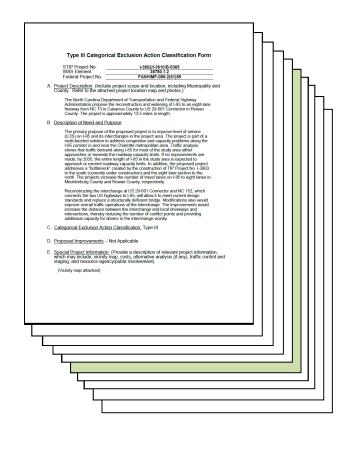
Que	stions answered by Air Quality Report	Yes	No
8	Is a project level air quality Mobile Source Air Toxics (MSAT) analysis required?		

- May require a "Qualitative" analysis or a "Quantitative" analysis based on design year annual average daily traffic (AADT).
  - Projects with 140,000 AADT or more require a quantitative analysis.
  - Projects with less than 140,000 AADT require a qualitative analysis.
- How to Document:
  - If "No" Include a memo in the project file explaining why.
  - If "Yes" Include copy of Air Quality Report in project file. Copy conclusion statement into Section G.

# • Legal Basis:

 Required under FHWA Interim Guidance on Air Toxics Analysis if the project has the potential for MSAT effects. Air toxics include benzene and other hydrocarbons such as 1,3-butadiene, formaldehyde, acetaldehyde, acrolein, and naphthalene.

# Type III EXAMPLE



Using Original Format and Attachment Rules

241 Pages

Using New Format and Attachment Rules

24 Pages

#### Type III Categorical Exclusion Action Classification Form

STIP Project No.	I-3802/I-3610/B-5365
WBS Element	36780.1.2
Federal Project No.	FANHIMF-085-2(61)55

 A. <u>Project Description</u>: (Include project scope and location, including Municipality and County. Refer to the attached project location map and photos.)

The North Carolina Department of Transportation and Federal Highway Administration propose the reconstruction and widening of I-85 to an eight-lane freeway from NC 73 in Cabarrus County to US 29-601 Connector in Rowan County. The project is approximately 13.5 miles in length.

B. Description of Need and Purpose:

The primary purpose of the proposed project is to improve level of service (LOS) on I-85 and its interchanges in the project area. The project is part of a multi-faceted solution to address congestion and capacity problems along the I-85 corridor in and near the Charlotte metropolitan area. Traffic analysis shows that traffic demand along I-85 for most of the study area either approaches or exceeds the roadway capacity limits. If no improvements are made, by 2035, the entire length of I-85 in the study area is expected to approach or exceed roadway capacity limits. In addition, the proposed project addresses a "bottleneck" created by the construction of TIP Project No. I-3803 to the south (currently under construction) and the eight-lane section to the north. The projects increase the number of travel lanes on I-85 to eight lanes in Mecklenburg County and Rowan County, respectively.

Reconstructing the interchange at US 29-601 Connector and NC 152, which connects the two US highways to I-85, will allow it to meet current design standards and replace a structurally deficient bridge. Modifications also would improve overall traffic operations at the interchange. The improvements would increase the distance between the interchange and local driveways and intersections, thereby reducing the number of conflict points and providing additional capacity for drivers in the interchange vicinity.

C. Categorical Exclusion Action Classification: Type III

D. Proposed Improvements:

For I-3802, NCDOT proposes to add four additional travel lanes (two in each direction) to I-85 from north of NC 73 in Cabarrus County to US 29-601 Connector in Rowan County. The project is approximately 13.5 miles long. The project involves widening the existing four-lane freeway to eight lanes, matching TIP project I-3803 at NC 73 to the south, and the recently widened freeway to the north. The majority of the I-85 widening will occur within the existing right-of-way. Interchange improvements, including reconstruction of existing structures to meet current design standards for

vertical clearance, are proposed at US 29-601, SR 2126 (Dale Earnhardt Boulevard) and SR 2180 (Lane Street). In addition, a new bridge carrying Winecoff School Road over the railroad tracks, S. Ridge Avenue, and S. Main Street will be constructed. The existing at-grade crossing will be closed and the S. Ridge Avenue bridge over I-85 will be removed. Winecoff School Road is located near the US 29-601interchange. The project is divided into two sections for construction phasing – Section A extends from NC 73 to Lane Street and Section B extends from Lane Street to US 29-601 Connector. Additional structures may need to be improved to meet current design standards.

For TIP Project Number I-3610, NCDOT proposes to reconstruct the existing cloverleaf interchange at NC 152 and US 29-601, reconstruct the interchange at NC 152 and I-85, and improve existing NC 152, which provides access to I-85 between the two interchanges.

For TIP Project Number B-5365, NCDOT proposes to replace Bridge No. 21 and Bridge No. 34 over the Norfolk Southern Railroad and US 29 in China Grove.

#### E. Special Project Information:

#### Alternatives

In addition to the NCDOT-preferred improvements (Improve Existing Facility), the following alternatives to the proposed widening of I-85 were considered:

- No-Build Alternative
- Alternate Modes of Transportation
- Transportation Management Alternative
- New Location Alternatives

The No-Build Alternative would not reduce congestion along I-85 and would not provide lane continuity with the eight-lane cross sections south of US 29-601 in Concord and north of US 29-601 Connector in China Grove.

The Alternate Modes of Transportation and Transportation Management alternatives could help reduce congestion on I-85 but they would not provide the level of benefit of the recommended alternative nor would they provide the lane continuity between the eight-lane sections north and south of the proposed project.

#### Traffic Control/Construction Phasing

During project construction, four lanes of traffic on I-85 will be maintained as much as possible. Some lane closures and traffic shifts will be required. For the replacement of Bridge No. 139 on Centergrove Road, an offsite detour will be used (see Figure 7). Construction for NC 152/I-85/US 601 is proposed to be done in four phases, some of which will require detouring some local traffic to other local roads (see Figure 8). Appropriate signing will be provided for the detours. Changeable message signs and dynamic message signs will be used to notify motorists of construction activities and lane shifts. Other methods to notify motorists of changing traffic conditions may also be used as part of the public information efforts. Efforts will be made to provide continuous access to businesses and residences, while ensuring work zone safety and efficiency.

#### Public Involvement Summary

Local officials meetings were held in the Kannapolis Train Station on January 8, 2008, November 27, 2012, and February 26, 2013. Officials expressed various concerns such as project funding, schedule, emergency response, roundabouts, accommodations on Lane St. for tractor trailers, improved access along Dale Earnhardt Boulevard and Lane Street. In a fourth meeting on November 4, 2013 at Winecoff Elementary School, NCDOT discussed improvements to Winecoff School Road and introduced Alternate 2A which was added to avoid and minimize impacts to Barrier House property that HPO recommended eligible for the National Register of Historic Places.

A Citizens Informational Workshop was held was held on January 29, 2008. Comments were generally supportive of the project. Over half of the concerns were about noise impacts and requests for noise walls. Commenters also expressed a desire for landscaping along interchange ramps. A few comments mentioned the impact of this project on US 29 access.

Design Public Meetings were held on November 27 and November 29, 2012. Additional Public Meetings were held on February 26, 2013 and November 4, 2013. A summary of Concerns are listed below.

- Right-of-way impacts to property. Many property owners whose property would be purchased as a result of the project had questions about the right-of-way acquisition and relocation process.
- Changes in access or loss of multiple access points as a result of proposed medians on cross streets.
- Local officials in Kannapolis expressed a desire for a connection between Winecoff School Road and Mt. Olivet Road in lieu of replacing the bridge on S. Ridge Avenue.
- Impacts to the Rider Transit Center of the proposed right-in/right-out access from S. Ridge Avenue to S. Main Street.
- Redesigned interchange at Dale Earnhardt Boulevard. Some residents of the Forest Brook neighborhood expressed opposition over the proposed relocation of the southbound ramp to Jaycee Boulevard. They indicated concern about noise and visual impacts and a reduction in property values. Other residents whose homes would be directly affected by the relocated ramp expressed support for the project.
- Lack of interchange at Old Beatty Ford Road. Some local officials commented that
  not having an area where emergency vehicles could turn around in the median of
  I-85, combined with the lack of an interchange for five miles, will create a safety
  hazard. Others believe the interchange would foster economic development in
  southern Rowan County.
- Roundabouts on Lane Street. Some commenters expressed concern over impacts
  of the roundabout to businesses in that area, including the truck stop.
- Project schedule. Some officials in Rowan County requested that the schedule for the "B" section of the project be moved up to coincide with the "A" section.

- Some residents and local officials expressed concern about modified access on US 29 in China Grove.
- Some comments expressed concern over a perceived lack of coordination between NCDOT and local municipalities.
- The need for a service road to provide access to businesses along Dale Earnhardt Boulevard between the existing ramp and Jaycee Road. Existing access on Jaycee Road will be terminated with the proposed improvements and the proposed median will alter access from Dale Earnhardt Boulevard. NCDOT is recommending a service road to address this issue.

#### F. Project Impact Criteria Checklists:

If the proposed improvement is identified as a Type III Class of Action answer all questions.  The Categorical Exclusion will require FHWA approval.  If any questions are marked "yes" then additional information will be required for those question in Section G.  Does the project involve potential effects on species listed with the USFWS or NMFS?  Does the project result in impacts subject to the conditions of the BGPA?  Does the project generate substantial controversy or public opposition, for any reason, following appropriate public involvement?  Does the project cause disproportionately high and adverse impacts relative to low-income and/or minority populations?  Does the project involve substantial residential or commercial displacements or right of way acquisition?  Does the project include a determination under Section 4(f)?  Is a project-level analysis for direct, indirect, or cumulative effects required based on the NCDOT community studies screening tool?  Is a project level air quality Mobile Source Air Toxics (MSAT) analysis required?  Does the project impact anadromous fish?  Does the project impact waters classified as ORW, HQW, Water Supply Watershed Critical Areas, 303(d)-listed impaired water bodies, buffer rules, or SAV?  Does the project impact waters of the United States in any of the designated mountain trout streams?  Does the project require a USACE Individual Section 404 Permit?  Does the project require an easement from a FERC licensed facility?  Does the project include Section 106 of the NHPA effects determination other than a no effect, including archaeological remains? Are there project commitments identified?	Ту	pe III A	ctions	Yes	No
Does the project generate substantial controversy or public opposition, for any reason, following appropriate public involvement?  Does the project cause disproportionately high and adverse impacts relative to low-income and/or minority populations?  Does the project involve substantial residential or commercial displacements or right of way acquisition?  Does the project include a determination under Section 4(f)?  Is a project-level analysis for direct, indirect, or cumulative effects required based on the NCDOT community studies screening tool?  Is a project level air quality Mobile Source Air Toxics (MSAT) analysis required?  Does the project impact anadromous fish?  Does the project impact waters classified as ORW, HQW, Water Supply Watershed Critical Areas, 303(d)-listed impaired water bodies, buffer rules, or SAV?  Does the project impact waters of the United States in any of the designated mountain trout streams?  Does the project require a USACE Individual Section 404 Permit?  Will the project require an easement from a FERC licensed facility?  Does the project include Section 106 of the NHPA effects determination other than a no effect, including archaeological remains? Are there project commitments identified?	If t	The C	ategorical Exclusion will require FHWA approval. questions are marked "yes" then additional information will be required for those		n in
Does the project generate substantial controversy or public opposition, for any reason, following appropriate public involvement?  Does the project cause disproportionately high and adverse impacts relative to low-income and/or minority populations?  Does the project involve substantial residential or commercial displacements or right of way acquisition?  Does the project include a determination under Section 4(f)?  Is a project-level analysis for direct, indirect, or cumulative effects required based on the NCDOT community studies screening tool?  Is a project level air quality Mobile Source Air Toxics (MSAT) analysis required?  Does the project impact anadromous fish?  Does the project impact waters classified as ORW, HQW, Water Supply Watershed Critical Areas, 303(d)-listed impaired water bodies, buffer rules, or SAV?  Does the project impact waters of the United States in any of the designated mountain trout streams?  Does the project require a USACE Individual Section 404 Permit?  Will the project require an easement from a FERC licensed facility?  Does the project include Section 106 of the NHPA effects determination other than a no effect, including archaeological remains? Are there project commitments identified?		1			$\boxtimes$
reason, following appropriate public involvement?  Does the project cause disproportionately high and adverse impacts relative to low-income and/or minority populations?  Does the project involve substantial residential or commercial displacements or right of way acquisition?  Does the project include a determination under Section 4(f)?  Is a project-level analysis for direct, indirect, or cumulative effects required based on the NCDOT community studies screening tool?  Is a project level air quality Mobile Source Air Toxics (MSAT) analysis required?  Does the project impact anadromous fish?  Does the project impact waters classified as ORW, HQW, Water Supply Watershed Critical Areas, 303(d)-listed impaired water bodies, buffer rules, or SAV?  Does the project impact waters of the United States in any of the designated mountain trout streams?  Does the project require a USACE Individual Section 404 Permit?  Will the project require an easement from a FERC licensed facility?  Does the project include Section 106 of the NHPA effects determination other than a no effect, including archaeological remains? Are there project commitments identified?		2	Does the project result in impacts subject to the conditions of the BGPA?		$\boxtimes$
low-income and/or minority populations?		3			$\boxtimes$
or right of way acquisition?  Does the project include a determination under Section 4(f)?  Is a project-level analysis for direct, indirect, or cumulative effects required based on the NCDOT community studies screening tool?  Is a project level air quality Mobile Source Air Toxics (MSAT) analysis required?  Does the project impact anadromous fish?  Does the project impact waters classified as ORW, HQW, Water Supply Watershed Critical Areas, 303(d)-listed impaired water bodies, buffer rules, or SAV?  Does the project impact waters of the United States in any of the designated mountain trout streams?  Does the project require a USACE Individual Section 404 Permit?  Will the project require an easement from a FERC licensed facility?  Does the project include Section 106 of the NHPA effects determination other than a no effect, including archaeological remains? Are there project commitments identified?		4			$\boxtimes$
Is a project-level analysis for direct, indirect, or cumulative effects required based on the NCDOT community studies screening tool?   Is a project level air quality Mobile Source Air Toxics (MSAT) analysis required?   Does the project impact anadromous fish?   Does the project impact waters classified as ORW, HQW, Water Supply Watershed Critical Areas, 303(d)-listed impaired water bodies, buffer rules, or SAV?   Does the project impact waters of the United States in any of the designated mountain trout streams?   Does the project require a USACE Individual Section 404 Permit?		5	1 2	$\boxtimes$	
based on the NCDOT community studies screening tool?  Is a project level air quality Mobile Source Air Toxics (MSAT) analysis required?  Does the project impact anadromous fish?  Does the project impact waters classified as ORW, HQW, Water Supply Watershed Critical Areas, 303(d)-listed impaired water bodies, buffer rules, or SAV?  Does the project impact waters of the United States in any of the designated mountain trout streams?  Does the project require a USACE Individual Section 404 Permit?  Will the project require an easement from a FERC licensed facility?  Does the project include Section 106 of the NHPA effects determination other than a no effect, including archaeological remains? Are there project commitments identified?		6	Does the project include a determination under Section 4(f)?		$\boxtimes$
required?  9 Does the project impact anadromous fish?  Does the project impact waters classified as ORW, HQW, Water Supply Watershed Critical Areas, 303(d)-listed impaired water bodies, buffer rules, or SAV?  10 Does the project impact waters of the United States in any of the designated mountain trout streams?  11 Does the project require a USACE Individual Section 404 Permit?  12 Does the project require an easement from a FERC licensed facility?  13 Will the project require an easement from a FERC licensed facility?  14 Does the project include Section 106 of the NHPA effects determination other than a no effect, including archaeological remains? Are there project commitments identified?		7		$\boxtimes$	
Does the project impact waters classified as ORW, HQW, Water Supply Watershed Critical Areas, 303(d)-listed impaired water bodies, buffer rules, or SAV?  Does the project impact waters of the United States in any of the designated mountain trout streams?  Does the project require a USACE Individual Section 404 Permit?  Will the project require an easement from a FERC licensed facility?  Does the project include Section 106 of the NHPA effects determination other than a no effect, including archaeological remains? Are there project commitments identified?		8	1 7 1 7	$\boxtimes$	
Watershed Critical Areas, 303(d)-listed impaired water bodies, buffer rules, or SAV?  Does the project impact waters of the United States in any of the designated mountain trout streams?  Does the project require a USACE Individual Section 404 Permit?  Will the project require an easement from a FERC licensed facility?  Does the project include Section 106 of the NHPA effects determination other than a no effect, including archaeological remains? Are there project  Commitments identified?		9	Does the project impact anadromous fish?		$\boxtimes$
mountain trout streams?  Does the project require a USACE Individual Section 404 Permit?  Will the project require an easement from a FERC licensed facility?  Does the project include Section 106 of the NHPA effects determination other than a no effect, including archaeological remains? Are there project commitments identified?		10	Watershed Critical Areas, 303(d)-listed impaired water bodies, buffer rules, or	$\boxtimes$	
Will the project require an easement from a FERC licensed facility?  Does the project include Section 106 of the NHPA effects determination other than a no effect, including archaeological remains? Are there project commitments identified?		11			$\boxtimes$
Does the project include Section 106 of the NHPA effects determination other than a no effect, including archaeological remains? Are there project commitments identified?		12	Does the project require a USACE Individual Section 404 Permit?	$\boxtimes$	
than a no effect, including archaeological remains? Are there project commitments identified?		13	Will the project require an easement from a FERC licensed facility?		$\boxtimes$
15 Does the project involve hazardous materials and landfills?		14	than a no effect, including archaeological remains? Are there project		$\boxtimes$
		15	Does the project involve hazardous materials and landfills?	$\boxtimes$	

16	Does the project require work encroaching and adversely effecting a regulatory floodway or work affecting the base floodplain (100-year flood) elevations of a water course or lake, pursuant to Executive Order 11988 and 23 CFR 650 subpart A?	$\boxtimes$	
17	Is the project in a CAMA county and substantially affects the coastal zone and/or any AEC?		$\boxtimes$
18	Does the project require a USCG permit?		$\boxtimes$
19	Does the project involve construction activities in, across, or adjacent to a designated Wild and Scenic River present within the project area?		$\boxtimes$
20	Does the project involve CBRA resources?		$\boxtimes$
Type III A	actions (continued)	Yes	No
21	Does the project impact federal lands (e.g. USFS, USFWS, etc.) or Tribal Lands?		$\boxtimes$
22	Does the project involve any changes in access control?	$\boxtimes$	
23	Does the project have a permanent adverse effect on local traffic patterns or community cohesiveness?		$\boxtimes$
24	Will maintenance of traffic cause substantial disruption?		$\boxtimes$
25	Is the project inconsistent with the STIP or the MPO's TIP (where applicable)?		$\boxtimes$
26	Does the project require the acquisition of lands under the protection of Section 6(f) of the Land and Water Conservation Act, the Federal Aid in Fish Restoration Act, the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act, TVA, Tribal Lands, or other unique areas or special lands that were acquired in fee or easement with public-use money and have deed restrictions or covenants on the property?		$\boxtimes$
27	Does the project involve FEMA buyout properties under the HMGP?		$\boxtimes$
28	Is the project considered a Type I under the NCDOT's Noise Policy?	$\boxtimes$	
29	Is there prime or important farmland soil impacted by this project as defined by the FPPA?		$\boxtimes$
30	Are there other issues that arose during the project development process that effected the project decision?		$\boxtimes$

5

#### G. Additional Documentation as Required from Section F

#### Question 5 - Displacements/Right of Way Acquisition:

Based on preliminary design, 34 residences, 14 businesses, and one church will be displaced.

Sufficient right-of-way and easements will be acquired to accommodate the proposed improvements. Most improvements will occur within the existing I-85 right-of-way. Minor amounts of additional right-of-way will be required at some sections along I-85 to accommodate the widening. Additional right-of-way will be required along some of the cross streets to accommodate widening or other improvements associated with interchange reconstruction.

#### Question 7 - Direct, Indirect, and Cumulative Effects

Water resources in the study area, including a drinking water supply, could incur indirect and cumulative effects. Some protection will be provided from development restrictions within the Critical Area of the Water Supply Watershed, and to a lesser extent, in the Protected Area.

Reduced congestion on I-85 and improvements to existing interchanges will likely contribute to travel time savings in the study area.

An increase in development interests in the more rural portions of the study area could eventually result in some of those areas transitioning to residential and business land use. Local ordinances regulating development and designed to preserve agricultural lands will guide this development.

#### Question 8 - MSAT:

Vehicles are a major contributor to decreased air quality because they emit a variety of pollutants into the air. Changing traffic patterns are a primary concern when determining the impact of a new highway facility or the improvement of an existing highway facility. New highways or the widening of existing highways increase localized levels of vehicle emissions, but these increases could be offset due to increases in speeds from reductions in congestion and because vehicle emissions will decrease in areas where traffic shifts to the new roadway. Significant progress has been made in reducing criteria pollutant emissions from motor vehicles and improving air quality, even as vehicle travel has increased rapidly.

The project is located in Cabarrus and Rowan Counties, which comply with the National Ambient Air Quality Standards. This project will not add substantial new capacity or creating a facility that is likely to meaningfully increase emissions. Therefore, it is not anticipated to create any adverse effects on the air quality of this nonattainment area.

This project falls under MSAT Analysis Category Three (3) because AADT is projected to be in the range of 140,000 to 150,000 or greater by the design year. Therefore, this project requires a quantitative MSAT analysis. Because of the uncertainties outlined above, a quantitative assessment of the effects of air toxic emissions impacts on human health cannot be made at the project level. While available tools do allow us to reasonably predict relative emissions changes between alternatives for larger projects, the amount of MSAT emissions from each of the project alternatives and MSAT

concentrations or exposures created by each of the project alternatives cannot be predicted with enough accuracy to be useful in estimating health impacts. (As noted above, the current emissions model is not capable of serving as a meaningful emissions analysis tool for smaller projects.) Therefore, it is not possible to make a determination of whether any of the alternatives would have "significant adverse impacts on the human environment.

#### Question 10 - Impacted Waters

Town Creek and Irish Buffalo Creek are 303(d) streams. No special commitments required.

#### Question 12 - USACE Permit

Under the current Section 404 permitting requirements, it is expected the project will require an Individual Permit (IP). In general, the USACE Wilmington District issues an IP for projects that result in 0.5 acre or more of fill to Waters of the US or 300 linear feet or more of stream impacts or if the project is considered by the agency to be a major action. This permit requires a full public interest review, including public notices and coordination with involved agencies, interested parties, and the general public.

#### Question 15 - Hazardous Materials:

Based on a hazardous materials evaluation prepared by NCDOT in August 2011, thirteen sites presently or formerly containing petroleum underground storage tanks (USTs) were identified within the project limits. These sites are listed in Table 16 and shown on Figure 4. No hazardous waste sites or landfills were noted. Four other geoenvironmental concerns were identified within the project limits: three automotive repair facilities and one automotive salvage yard. Soil and groundwater assessments will be conducted at each of the UST sites prior to right-of-way acquisition.

#### Question 16 - Floodplain

The proposed project crosses approximately 21 acres of 100-year floodplain. Appropriate commitments are located in the greensheet.

#### Question 22 - Access Control

Full control of access will be maintained along I-85. For intersecting streets, controlled access will be utilized at the following locations:

- US 29-601 from just south of Cloverleaf Plaza to just north of the new intersection with S. Main Street.
- Concord Lake Road/Lake Concord Road from just south of Cloverleaf Parkway to Country Club Drive.
- Main Street/Kannapolis Highway from south of Stewart Street to north of Mills Avenue.
- S. Ridge Avenue, approximately 200 feet on either side of the bridge over I-85.
- Dale Earnhardt Boulevard from north of Coldwater Ridge Drive to south of the Denwood Street, and from Roxie Street to Dickens Place.
- Along both sides of Centergrove Road, approximately 150 feet on either side of the proposed bridge.
- Brantley Road, approximately 250 feet on either side of the proposed bridge.
- From approximately 950 feet west of the proposed Lane Street bridge to approximately 1,300 feet east of the proposed bridge.
- · Pine Ridge Road, from approximately 200 feet west of the proposed bridge over

I-85 to approximately 100 feet east of the bridge. On the east side of I-85, an additional 100 feet of controlled access will be purchased to maintain an existing driveway.

- Approximately 300 feet west of the proposed bridge on Lentz Road over I-85 to approximately 150 feet east of the proposed bridge.
- NC 152 from the intersection of the newly aligned Power Street to Hitachi Metals Drive. A break in the control of access is provided, just east of Ketchie Estates Road to maintain an existing driveway.
- US 29/NC 152 from south of N. Main Street (US 29A) to west of realigned Power Street (through the current interchange area).

#### Question 28 - Noise

Based on the preliminary Traffic Noise Analysis, traffic noise abatement is recommended and noise abatement measures are proposed at five of eleven noise study areas analyzed for this project. This evaluation partially completes the highway traffic noise requirements of 23 CFR 772. These are preliminary findings only, for use in the project environmental document. An additional noise analysis (Design Noise Report) will be performed during final design of this project to develop more detailed locations and dimensions of the recommended noise barriers.

#### H. Project Commitments

## Roadway Design Unit, Hydraulics Unit, Structure Design Unit, Division Office - Provisions for Greenway

The proposed new I-85 bridges over Irish Buffalo Creek will be designed with adequate vertical and horizontal clearance to accommodate the future Irish Buffalo Creek greenway crossing under I-85. Coordination with the local municipality will be performed during design of those bridges to ensure they are compatible with the future greenway crossing.

## Project Development and Environmental Analysis Unit, Division 10, Roadway Design – Blake House and Goodman Farm

Blake House and Goodman Farm, both National Register-eligible properties, are within the project's Area for Potential Effects. Currently, the proposed project will have No Effect on either of these properties. If design plans change near either of the properties, impacts will be re-evaluated and appropriate coordination with the Department of Cultural Resources will be undertaken.

## Project Development and Environmental Analysis Unit, Division 10, Roadway Design – North Cabarrus Park

North Cabarrus Park, owned and managed by Cabarrus County, is located on the west side of I-85 near Irish Buffalo Creek. No additional right-of-way or easements are proposed along I-85 on park property; thus, the project will not impact North Cabarrus Park. If design plans change in this vicinity, a Section 4(f) evaluation will be prepared.

#### Hydraulics Unit - Floodplain Mapping Program Coordination

The NCDOT Hydraulics Unit will coordinate with the North Carolina Floodplain Mapping Program (FMP), the delegated state agency for administering FEMA's National Flood Insurance Program, to determine the status of the project with regard to the applicability of NCDOT's Memorandum of Agreement with the FMP or approval of a Conditional Letter of Map Revision (CLOMR) and subsequent final Letter of Map Revision (LOMR).

#### Divisions 9 and 10 - As-Built Construction Plans

The Divisions shall submit sealed as-built construction plans to the Hydraulics Unit upon completion of project construction, certifying that the drainage structure(s) and roadway embankment that are located within the 100-year floodplain were built as shown in the construction plans, both horizontally and vertically.

#### Division 10 and Roadside Environmental Unit-Landscaping

NCDOT will provide vegetative screening along the Dale Earnhardt Boulevard southbound off-ramp, which utilizes Jaycee Road.

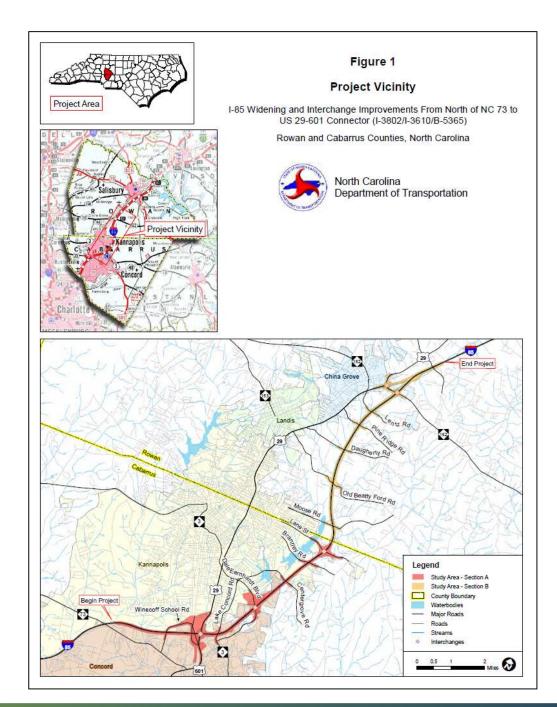
#### Congestion Management Unit - Interchange Modification Report

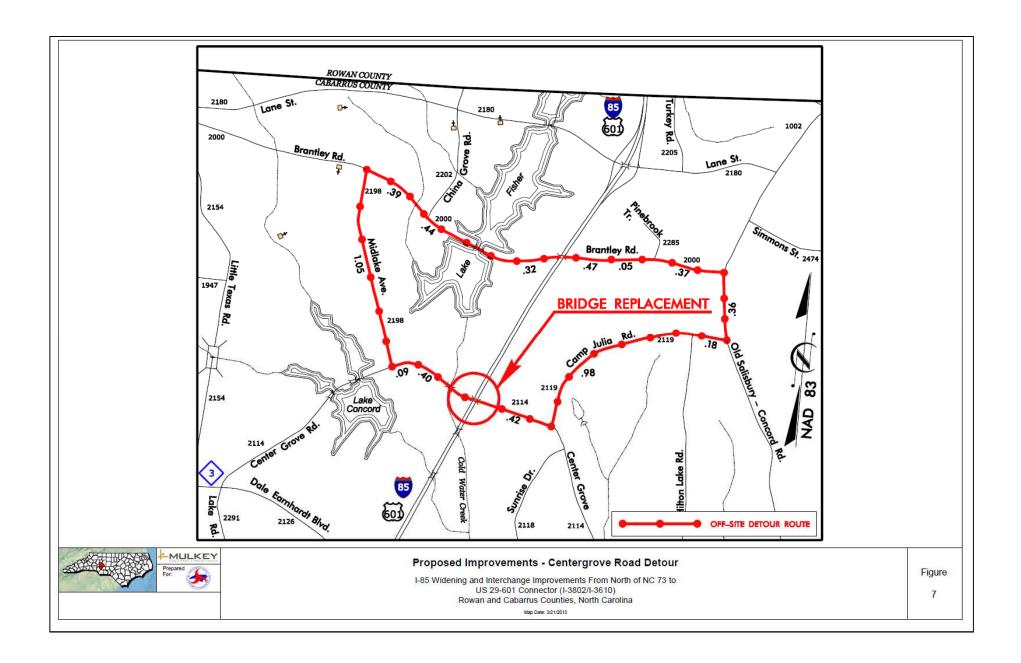
Due to the proposed improvements at the I-85 interchanges in the study area, an interchange modification report is being prepared and will be submitted to the Federal Highway Administration for approval following completion of the final environmental document.

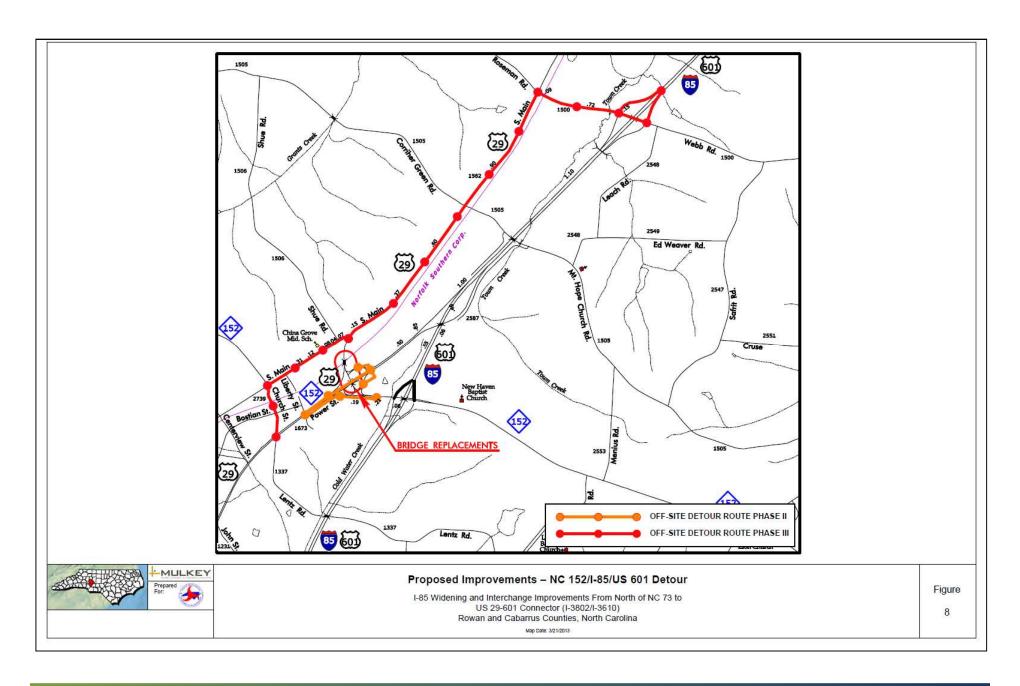
#### Design-Build Unit

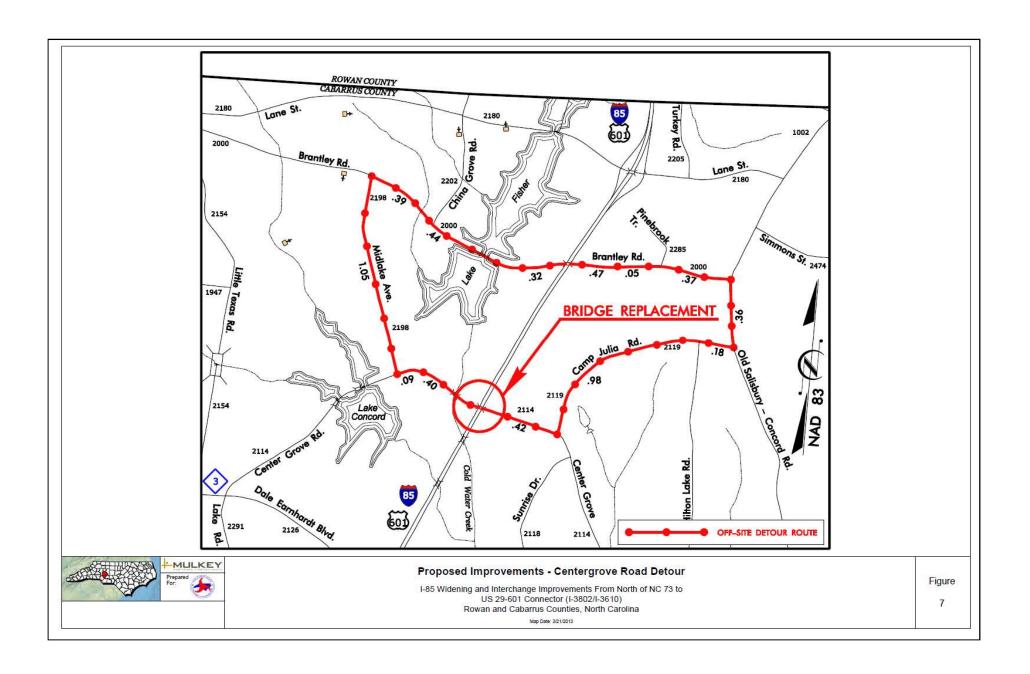
- During Final Design, NCDOT will investigate the feasibility of a roundabout at Vinehaven Drive and Copperfield Boulevard.
- NCDOT will provide a leftover from northbound US 29-601 (Cannon Boulevard) to Ridge Avenue, and will provide access from Ridge Avenue to the Rider Transit Center. The proposed roundabout on S. Main Street will be removed from the design.
- NCDOT will connect S. Ridge Avenue to US 29-601 (Cannon Boulevard) with right-in/right-out access.
- NCDOT will provide full access at the intersection of Old Earnhardt Road and Dale Earnhardt Boulevard.
- . NCDOT will coordinate with representatives of F&M Bank to minimize impacts.
- NCDOT will modify the proposed service road at the Dale Earnhardt Boulevard interchange to provide improved access to F&M Bank, the Chamber of Commerce Building, and Lowe's.
- NCDOT will provide a leftover into the Pilot Truck Stop on Lane Street.
- NCDOT will provide right-in/right-out access to Motel 6, Waffle House, and Brantley
  property on Lane Street. The proposed service road will be removed.
- NCDOT will coordinate, on a case-by-case basis, the location of bus stops, sidewalks, and pedestrian controls with the City of Concord, City of Kannapolis, and Rider Transit
- NCDOT will coordinate with local officials regarding emergency access in the NC 152/US 29 interchange area.

I.	Categorical Exclu	ision Approval
	STIP Project N WBS Element Federal Project	36780.1.2
	Prepared By:	
	12/20/13 Date	John D. Bridges  John D. Bridges  ABC Engineering
	Prepared For:	North Carolina Department of Transportation
	Reviewed By:	
	12-30-13	Jane S. Dee
	Date	Jane S. Doe, Project Development Engineer NCDOT
	NCDOT certifies Exclusion	s that the proposed action qualifies as a Type III Categorical
	1/04/14	Jane S. Temple
	Date for	John Hancock, Division Engineer North Carolina Department of Transportation
	FHWA Approval:	
		John W. Swith  John F. Sullivan, III, PE, Division Administrator Federal Highway Administration

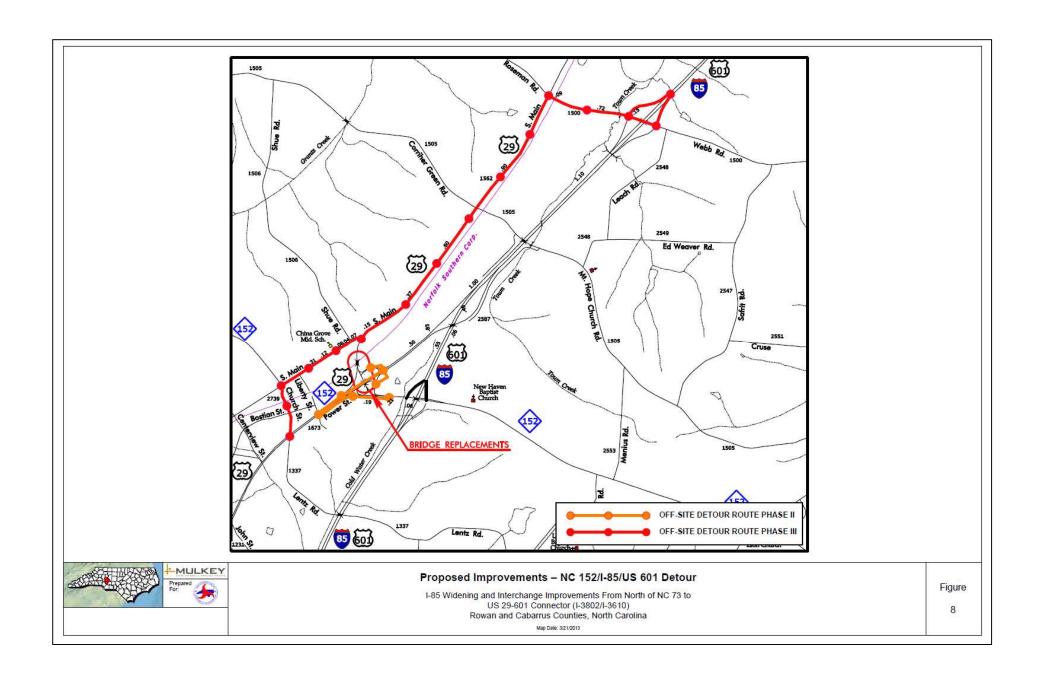








Transportation Transportation





#### North Carolina Department of Cultural Resources

State Historic Preservation Office Ramona M. Bartos, Administrator

Beverly Flaves Perdue, Governor Linda A. Carlisle, Secretary Jeffrey J. Crow, Deputy Secretary Office of Archives and History Division of Historical Resources David Brook, Director

May 9, 2012

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Matt Wilkerson

Office of Human Environment NCDOT Division of Highways

FROM:

Ramona M. Bartos Pedafor Ramona M. Boutos

SUBJECT:

Amendment for Widening I-85 Between China Grove and Kannapolis, I-3802,

Rowan and Cabarrus Counties, ER 05-0376

Thank you for your letter of April 25, 2012, concerning the above project.

There are no known archaeological sites within the proposed project area. Based on our knowledge of the area, it is unlikely that any archaeological resources that may be eligible for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places will be affected by the project. We, therefore, recommend that no archaeological investigation be conducted in connection with this project.

The above comments are made pursuant to Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act and the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation's Regulations for Compliance with Section 106 codified at 36 CFR

Thank you for your cooperation and consideration. If you have questions concerning the above comment, contact Renee Gledhill-Earley, environmental review coordinator, at 919-807-6579. In all future communication concerning this project, please cite the above referenced tracking number.

Location: 109 East Jones Street, Raleigh NC 27601 Mailing Address: 4617 Mail Service Center, Raleigh NC 27699-4617 Telephone/Fax: (919) 807-6570/807-6599

Federal Aid #: NHIMF-85-2 (61) 55 TIP#: 1-	
CONCURRENCE FORM FOR	ASSESSMENT OF EFFECTS
Project Description: Widen I-85 from NC 73 to the	ne US 29/601 Connector in Cabarrus County
On July 26, 2011, representatives of the	
<ul> <li>North Carolina Department of Transporta</li> <li>Federal Highway Administration (FHWA</li> <li>North Carolina State Historic Preservation</li> <li>Other</li> </ul>	)
Reviewed the subject project and agreed on the ef reverse of this signature page.	fects findings listed within the table on the
Signed:	
Shelland Souling Representative NCDOT	7/2Le/ 20x
Dell 4 Brus	7-26-11
FHWA, for the Division Administrator, or other I	Federal Agency Date
Representative, HPO	Date
Lexee Klickill-Early	7 - 26 · // Date
×	

Federal Aid #: NHIMF-85-2 (61) 55 TIP #: I-3802 County: Cabarrus **Effect Finding Property and Status** Alternative Reasons not within ROW and no changes best fit no effect Goodman Farm (DOE) to Winecoff Rd. Criteria AtC inside the APE but outside the project area. Blake House (DOE) best At NCDOT SLS FHWA DB HPO BY Initialed:

	Federal Aid #: NHIMF-85-2	2 (61) 55 TIP#	1-3802	County: Cabarrus
	CONCURR	ENCE FORM F	OR ASSESSMEN	NT OF EFFECTS
	Project Description: Widen	I-85 from NC 73	to the US 29/601	Connector in Cabarrus County
	On July 26, 2011, represent	atives of the		
	<ul> <li>North Carolina Dep</li> <li>Federal Highway A</li> <li>North Carolina Stat</li> <li>Other</li> </ul>	dministration (FH	WA)	
	Reviewed the subject project reverse of this signature page		ne effects findings	listed within the table on the
	Signed:			
5 "	Shellay Spi Representative NCDOT	ilio		7/21e/20 Date
	Dell 4 Bru	5		7-26-11
	FHWA, for the Division Ad	lministrator, or otl	her Federal Agend	by Date
	Representative, HPO			Date
J	Reace Glidkill	l-Early		7.26.11
Do	State Historic Preservation	Officer (		Date
		*		
			12	

Federal Aid #: NHIMF-85-2 (61) 55 TIP #: I-3802 County: Cabarrus **Property and Status** Effect Finding Alternative Reasons not within ROW and no changes to winesoff Rd. bestfit no effect Goodman Farm (DOE) Criteria Aic inside the APE but outside the project area. best At no effect Blake House (DOE) NCDOT SAS FHWA DB HPO RULE Initialed:

Federal Aid # FANHIMF-085-2(61)55

TIP # I-3802/I-3610

County: Rowan/Cabarrus

# CONCURRENCE FORM FOR PROPERTIES NOT ELIGIBLE FOR THE NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES

	THE NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
Project	t Description:
On Dec	cember 21, 2010, representatives of the
	North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) North Carolina State Historic Preservation Office (HPO) Other
Review	wed the subject project at historic architectural resources photograph review session/consultation and
All par	rties present agreed
	There are no properties over fifty years old within the project's Area of Potential Effects (APE).
×	There are no properties less than fifty years old which are considered to meet Criteria Consideration G within the project's APE.
	There are properties over fifty years old within the project's APE, but based on the historical information available and the photographs of each property, the properties identified as 1 4 5 are considered not eligible for the National Register and no further evaluation of them is necessary. Photographs of these properties are attached.
$\boxtimes$	There are no National Register-listed or Study Listed properties within the project's APE.
X	All properties greater than 50 years of age located in the APE have been considered at this consultation, and based upon the above concurrence, all compliance for historic architecture with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act and GS 121-12(a) has been completed for this project.
	More information is requested on properties
Signe	Sheller Spills 12/21/2010  Date
FHW	A, for the Division Administrator, or other Federal Agency  Date
Repr	resentative, HPO Date
Re	nee Glidhill-Early 12/21/10
State	Historic Preservation Officer

If a survey report is prepared, a final copy of this form and the attached list will be included

г.						
Fede	ral Aid #		TIP#	<u>I-3802</u>	County;	Rowan/Cabarrus
	2				NOT ELIGIBLE F	<u>OR</u>
		THE NATI	ONAL REGIS	TER OF HIST	ORIC PLACES	
Proje	ct Description:	Widen I-85 and in	nprove interchai	iges		
On	March 24, 2008	representative	es of the			
	Federal Highy	na Department of Tra way Administration ( na State Historic Pres	FHWA)			
Revie	ewed the subject project at					
$\boxtimes$	Scoping meeting Historic architectural resources photograph review session/consultation Other					
All pa	rties present agre	ed				
	There are no properties over fifty years old within the project's area of potential effects.					
$\boxtimes$	There are no properties less than fifty years old which are considered to meet Criteria Consideration G within the project's area of potential effects.					
K	There are properties over fifty years old within the project's Area of Potential Effects (APE), but based on the historical information available and the photographs of each property, the properties identified as <a href="In-ID">1-ID</a> are considered not eligible for the National Register and no further evaluation of them is necessary.					
120	There are no National Register-listed or Study Listed properties within the project's area of potential effects.					
B	All properties greater than 50 years of age located in the APE have been considered at this consultation, and based upon the above concurrence, all compliance for historic architecture with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act and GS 121-12(a) has been completed for this project.					
	There are no h	istoric properties aff	ected by this proj	ect. (Attach any	notes or documents as	needed)
Signed	Ŀ					
	1	_				
D. 1	entative, NCDO	e Dad			3/24/	2008
Корго	citative, NCDO	,			Da	te
FHWA	, for the Division	Administrator, or o	ther Federal Ages	ncy	Da	te
Repres	entative, HPO				Da	to.
0		44 00 0			Da	,c
14	vec De	dhill-Ea	e lay		3.2	4.08
State I	listoric Preservati	ion Officer	Λ		Dat	e

#### SECTION 404/NEPA INTERAGENCY AGREEMENT

## CONCURRENCE POINT NO. 1 PURPOSE AND NEED AND STUDY AREA DEFINED

PROJECT TITLE: I-85 Widening and Interchange Improvements from North of NC 73 to US 29-601 Connector; Rowan and Cabarrus Counties; TIP Project Numbers I-3802/1-3610; Federal Project Number FANHIMF-085-2(61)55; WBS Number 36780.1.1

PURPOSE AND NEED OF PROPOSED PROJECT: The purposes of the proposed project are as follows:

- To address congestion and capacity problems along the I-85 corridor in the project area by
  improving the level of service (LOS) on I-85 and its interchanges by 2035. Another
  desirable outcome is to eliminate vertical clearance deficiencies for structures over I-85
  within the project study area in order to meet current design standards.
- To reduce operational deficiencies at the interchange of US 29-601 Connector and NC 152.

STIDY AREA: The project study area begins approximately 1,000 feet north of NC 73 and ends at approximately 2,000 feet north of US 29-601 Connector. It consists of a 600-foot wide corridor centered on I-85. At intersections and interchanges, corridors are 400 feet wide and approximately 2,000 feet long. At the US 29-601 interchange, the study area extends 2,600 feet north along Kannapolis Highway and the railroad corridor and approximately 5,000 feet to the south down US 29-601/Concord Parkway. It extends approximately 3,000 feet along Lane Street on each side of I-85. Along SR 1221 (Old Beatty Ford Road), the corridor extends approximately 1,200 feet west of I-85 and approximately 2,000 feet to the east of I-85. At NC 152, the corridor along I-85 is widened to approximately 2,000 feet to the west (from the I-85 centerline) to include the US 29-601/NC 152 interchange, Main Street and the NC 152 interchange with I-85. It extends approximately 1,500 feet along NC 152 on both sides of I-85.

The project team has concurred on this date of January 19, 2011, with the purpose and need for the proposed project as described above.

TO A CE

TISEDA

USFWS

CRMPO

ELIW/A

NCDOT

NCDCR 1

NCWRC -

#### Section 404/NEPA Interagency Agreement

#### Concurrence Point No. 2 **Design Options for Detailed Study**

Project Title: I-85 Widening and Interchange Improvements from North of NC 73 to US 29-601 Connector; Rowan and Cabarrus Counties; TIP Project Numbers I-3802/I-3610; Federal Project Number FANHIMF-085-2(61)55; WBS Number 36780.1.1

#### Design Option to Study in Detail:

- 1. No Build
- 2. Widen to the Inside of I-85
- 3. I-85/US 29-601: Diverging Diamond Interchange (DDI)
- 4. I-85/Dale Earnhardt Blvd: Diamond with Slip Ramp
- 5. I-85/Lane Street: Diamond with Roundabouts
- 6. I-85/NC 152: Diamond with Roundabouts
- 7. US 29-601 Connector/NC 152: Half diamond

The project team has concurred on this day, December 16, 2010, with the design options to study in detail for the proposed project as indicated above.

USACE

CRMPO

#### SECTION 404/NEPA INTERAGENCY AGREEMENT

#### UPDATED CONCURRENCE POINT NO. 2 DESIGN OPTIONS FOR DETAILED STUDY

Project Title: I-85 Widening and Interchange Improvements from North of NC 73 to US 29-601 Connector; Rowan and Cabarrus Counties; TIP Project Numbers I-3802/I-3610; Federal Project Number FANHIMF-085-2(61)55; WBS Number 36780.1.1

#### Design Option for the Detailed Study:

- No Build
- 2. Widen to the Inside of I-85
- 3. I-85/US 29-601: Diverging Diamond Interchange (DDI)
- 4. 1-85/Dale Earnhardt Blvd: Diamond with Slip Ramp
- I-85/Lanc Street: Diamond with Roundabouts
- 6. I-85/NC 152: Diamond with Roundabouts
- 7. US 29-601 Connector/NC 152: Half diamond
- 8. I-85/Dale Earnhardt Blvd: Diamond with Elongated Loop

The project team has concurred on this day, January 16, 2013, with the design options to study in detail for the proposed project as indicated above.

....

USEPA

USEWS

NCDWQ

CRMPO

EHW/

NCDOT :

CDCR \_

NCWRC .

## **Project Documentation/Supplemental Information**

### **Project Documentation**

- Includes ALL electronic or paper project records maintained by NCDOT including:
  - Checklist form(s), technical reports, e-mails documenting decisions (avoid e-mail chains), project maps/photos, as appropriate
  - Key Documents should be identified
- Provide to FHWA at their request.



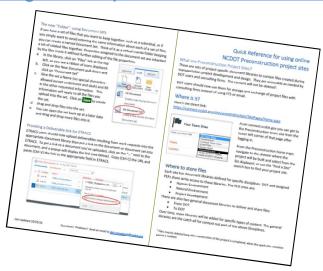
### Project File Storage

- Hard copy files allowable, but
- Electronic files required on Preconstruction site making for easier review, reporting and later retrieval, especially if the project manager leaves the Division.

# Electronic Project Files are to be stored on NCDOT Preconstruction Project Sites

The following is a web address to a quick reference guide:

https://connect.ncdot.gov/site/preconstruction/SitePages/Home.aspx



More in depth information is available at the following site:

https://connect.ncdot.gov/site/preconstruction/Pages/Preconstruction-Help.aspx

### Document Distribution

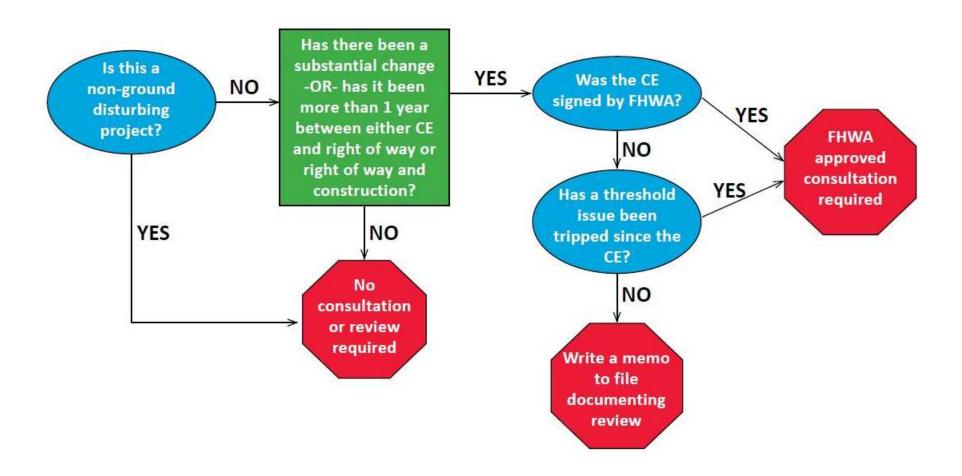
For Raleigh based projects, distribution will continue as it has in the past.

For Division based projects, the process will continue as it has in the past with one addition. NCDOT will send a notification to FHWA alerting them of the date the document was completed and a hyperlink to the location on the Pre-Construction SharePoint Site.

### Consultation

A consultation is a brief review of the CE to determine if it is still valid or if additional analysis is required. It is not always required. You determine when one is required by....

### Consultations & Reviews



### What's in a Consultation or Review

- A verification that the contents of the original CE is still valid.
- Things to consider in answering that question:
  - Verify No Substantial Changes for example:
    - Major Design Change
    - Project went beyond original study area
  - Have any new endangered species been added to your county?
  - Verify that any preconstruction project commitments have been fulfilled
  - Are there any new project commitments?

### North Carolina Department of Transportation PROJECT ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTATION FORM I. D. No. \_\_\_\_

#### I. GENERAL INFORMATION

a. Consultation Phase: choose Right of Way or Construction

b. Project Description: Insert Description from STIP

c. State Project: Insert WBS # Federal Project: Insert FA #

d. Document Type: e.g. Type IIA CE - and-<u>date of document</u>

#### II. CONCLUSIONS

The above environmental document has been reevaluated as required by 23 CFR 771. It was determined that the current proposed action is essentially the same as the original proposed action. Proposed changes, if any, are noted below in Section III. It has been determined that anticipated social, economic, and environmental impacts were accurately described in the above referenced document(s) unless noted otherwise herein. Therefore, the original Administration Action remains valid.

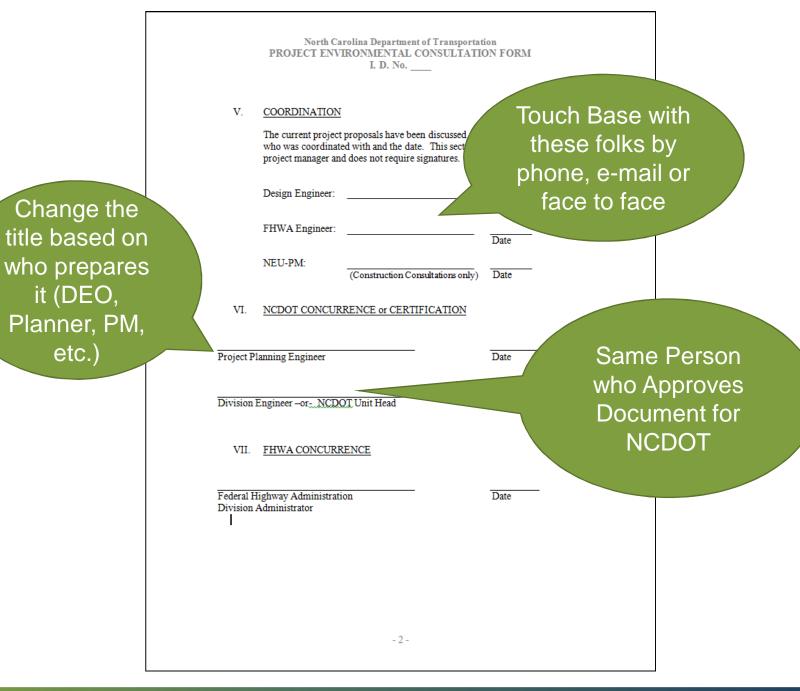
### III. CHANGES IN PROPOSED ACTION AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONSEQUENCES

Address Major Design Changes Address changes of Study Area Address new Endangered Species

#### IV. LIST OF ENVIRONMENTAL COMMITMENTS

See Attached Project Commitments Greensheet





etc.)

### Reference Materials (hyperlinks)

- Air quality manual
- Bald Eagle
- Census data
- Demographic tool (EJ)
- Docusign
- Endangered species by county
- FHWA 4(f)/de minimus
- Geoenvironmental Request for Input
- HPO

- NEPA
- Noise policy
- Noise manual
- Right-of-way Request Form
- Section 106

Transportation Transportation

# Greensheet Template

Delete all comments or commitments that do not apply and modify or add any as appropriate.

#### PROJECT COMM B-290

#### Airport Glidepath

Project is less than 0.8 kilometers (0.5 mi and directly in line with the runway. The in the glidepath of oncoming planes. How construction could affect the glidepath. F appropriate flagging attached to the crane

The resident engineer will alert the Sanfo plans to construct well in advance of the

If possible, no construction will take place is to be performed at night, this activity v Sanford Municipal Airport.

#### Anadromous Fish

A moratorium on in-water construction v of any given year.

Stream Crossing Guidelines for Anadrom design and construction of this project.

#### Archaeological Site

The proposed project is located adjacent eligible for the National Register of Histo activities outside the existing roadway lin area should be done prior to recovery. It prior to recovery then the PDEA-Archaec 1609) should be contacted.

The proposed project involves the remov burial located in the Northwest quadrant paralleling SR 1101. The Right-of-Way Group [Matt Wilkerson (919-715-1561] least 48 hours in advance of the removal

#### **Buffer Rules**

The Tar-Pamlico or Neuse River Basin R

Categorical Exclusion

#### FEMA Coordination

The Hydraulics Unit will coordin (FMP), to determine status of pro Memorandum of Agreement, or (CLOMR) and subsequent final L

This project involves construction stream(s). Therefore, the Division to the Hydraulics Unit upon comdrainage structure(s) and roadway year floodplain were built as show and vertically.

Allowance will be made for a fut the east side of the Eno River.

#### Geodetic Markers

There is a Geodetic survey market that will be impacted by this proje one month prior to the start of cor

#### High Quality Waters

Buffalo Creek/River is located in There NCDOT will implement D

Bridge No. 39 must be photograp

USGS Gaging Station
A USGS Gauging Station is prese with the person listed below:

Jerald "Boo" Rol USGS, Water Re Charlotte NC (704) 344-6272 E jbrobins@usgs.ge

#### Underground Storage Tanks (UST's)

If further design indicates potenti for soil and groundwater contami purchase.

Categorical Exclusion

#### School Bus Turn Around

The Director of School Transportation has requested a temporary bus turn around at a driveway located about 1 mile north of the bridge on SR 1507. The existing driveway will be suitable with the addition of gravel and possible pipe replacement. This can be included as a part of the special provisions of the construction contract.

Sidewalks are included on both sides for the entire length of the project. This should be included in the municipal agreement with the Town of Cary

Trout Waters NCWRC has identified creek as supporting a trout population. Therefore a moratorium on all in water work will be in place from

NCDOT will implement <u>Guidelines for Construction of Highway Improvements</u> <u>Adjacent to or Crossing Trout Waters in North Carolina</u> in the design and

The proposed project is located on the Fontana Lake Reservoir managed by the Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA). The project will require approval under Section 26a of the TVA Act.

#### Voluntary Agricultural District (VAD)

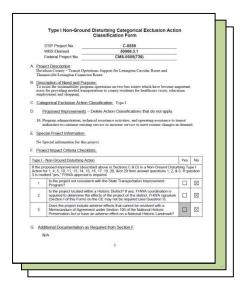
This project is located within a VAD. If any property holders refuse settlement, before pursuing condemnation, the Right of Way Branch must contact Project Development in order to pursue a public meeting with the VAD. This does not mean that the Department cannot condemn but is a procedural requirement prior to condemnation

Categorical Exclusion

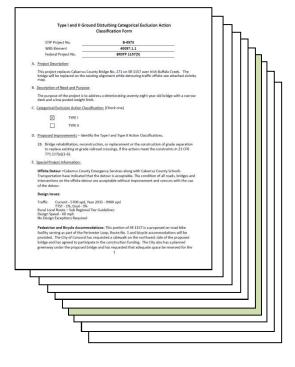
Page 3 of 3

# CE Examples

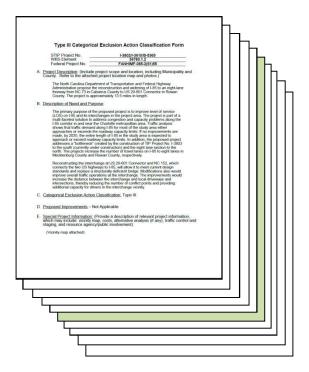
### Non-Ground Disturbing



### **Ground Disturbing**

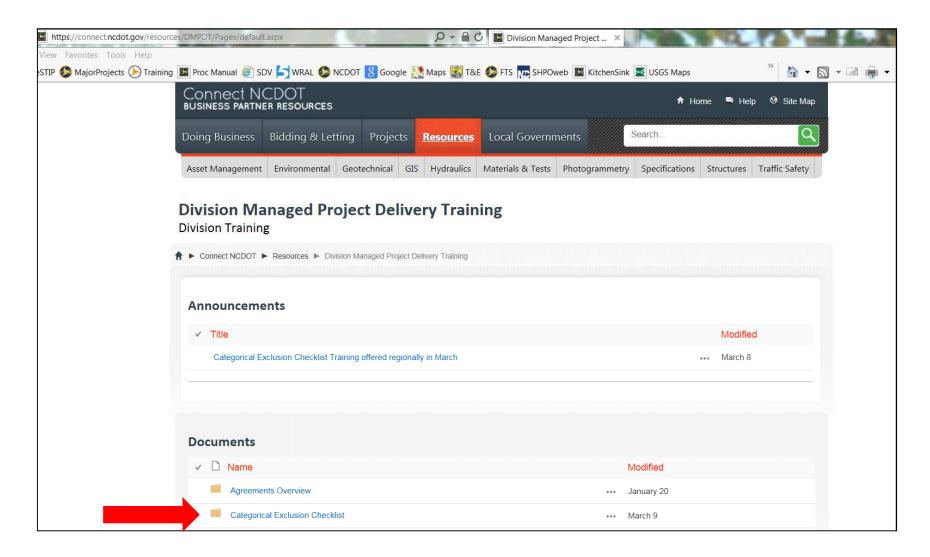


### Type III



### All Resources are Available on the Connect Site at:

https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/DMPDT/Pages/default.aspx



# WHO YOU GONA CALL?



# Federal Highway Administration North Carolina Division

# **NON-MERGER PROJECTS**

Planning & Program Development			
George Hoops, P.E.	Planning & Program Development Manager	Statewide	919-747-7022
Bill Marley	Planning & Environment Specialist	Divisions 1, 2, & 4	919-747-7028
Eddie Dancausse	Air Quality, Planning, & Environment Engineer	Division 5	919-747-7026
Ron Lucas, P.E.	Environment Engineer	Divisions 3, 6, & 8	919-747-7019
Joe Geigle, P.E.	Congestion/ITS Management, Planning, & Environment Engineer	Divisions 7 & 9	919-747-7007
Loretta Barren	Planning & Environment Specialist	Divisions 10, 11, & 12	919-747-7025
George Hoops (P&PD Manager until position is filled)	Planning & Environment Specialist	Division 13 & 14	919-747-7022

# Federal Highway Administration North Carolina Division

# **MERGER PROJECTS**

#### **Preconstruction & Environment** Preconstruction & Environment Director Clarence Coleman, P.E. Statewide 919-747-7014 Ron Lucas, P.E. **Environment Engineer** Divisions 1-8 919-747-7019 **Donnie Brew** Preconstruction & Environment Engineer Divisions 9 - 14 919-747-7017 Felix Davila, P.E. **Environmental Compliance Coordinator** Statewide 919-747-7021 Mike Dawson Statewide Realty Officer 919-747-7009

Seth Wilcher

EPU@ncdot.gov

<u>ilwilliams@ncdot.gov</u>

<del>-or-</del>

919-707-6178