

## Roundabout Drainage Design



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Connecting people, products and places safely and efficiently with customer focus, accountability and environmental sensitivity to enhance the economy and vitality of North Carolina

### Design Guidelines

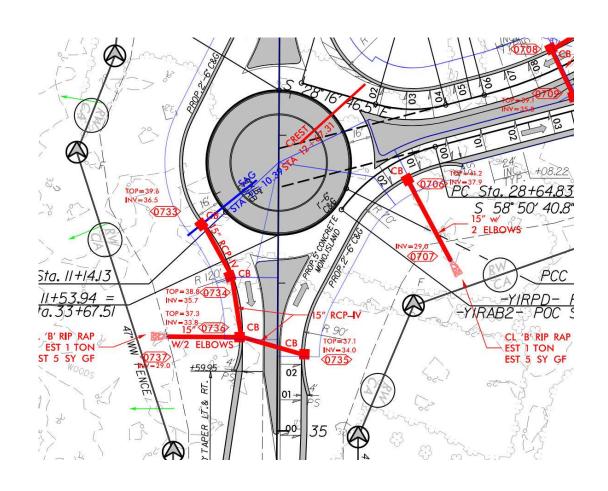
- Roadway Engineers: Design profiles to allow circle to drain naturally – let the water flow out the approaches for Curb and Gutter roundabouts.
- Don't design for spread. However, don't allow water depth exceed 5" in depth at the gutterline.
- 3. If sags are needed in the roundabout profile, place them at the approaches.
- 4. Design approaches with Normal Crown to negate the need for inlets in splitter islands. When the pavement has to rotate to meet the inscribed circle pavement, keep the superelevation runout/runoff tight.
- 5. Don't use Catch Basins in the inscribed circle. Trucks can roll over the hoods and damage them.
- If a grated inlet is required, use TB-2GI with bike and pedestrian-safe grates.

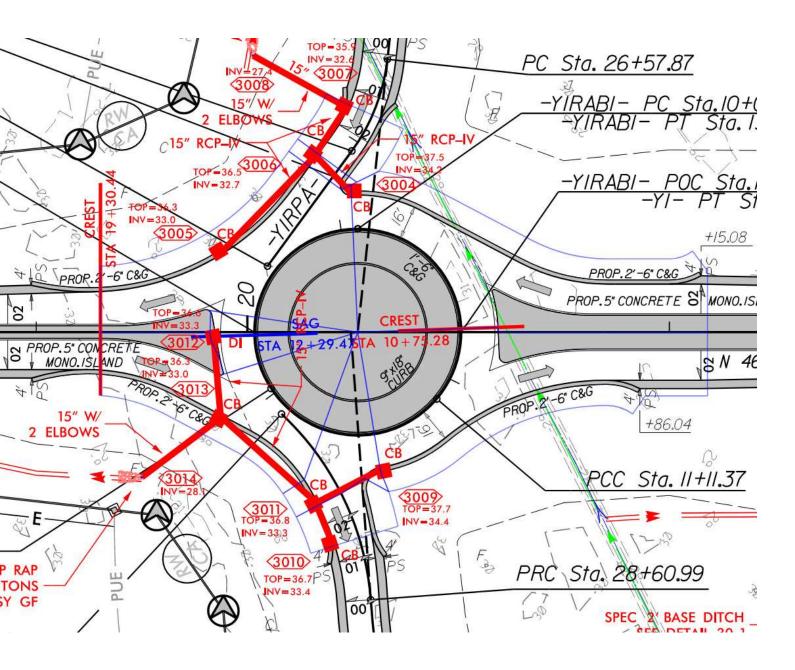
TB-2GI: 840.36

Steel Grate and Frame, Bicycle Safe: 840.39



# Design Circle to Drain out the Approaches





Don't design for spread and don't use catch basins

## Consider using a flume

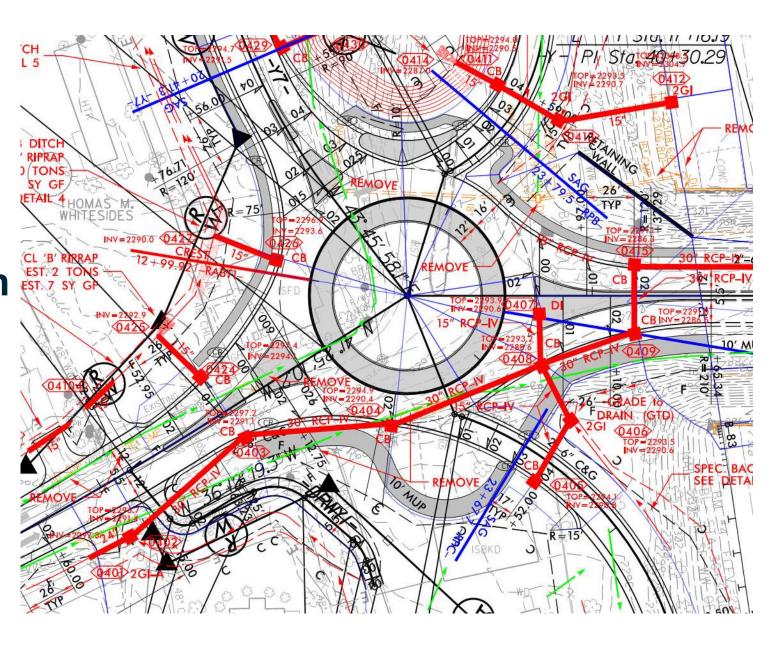


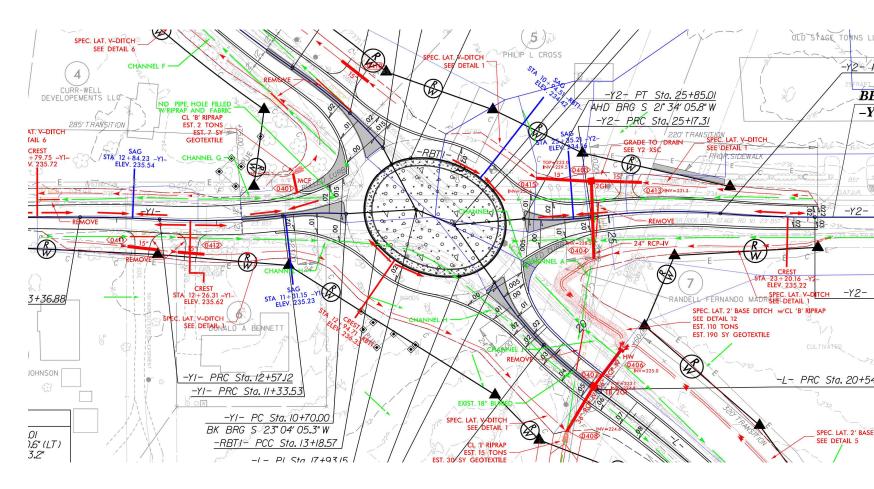
## Issues with Flumes: Concentrated flow which can freeze and clogging





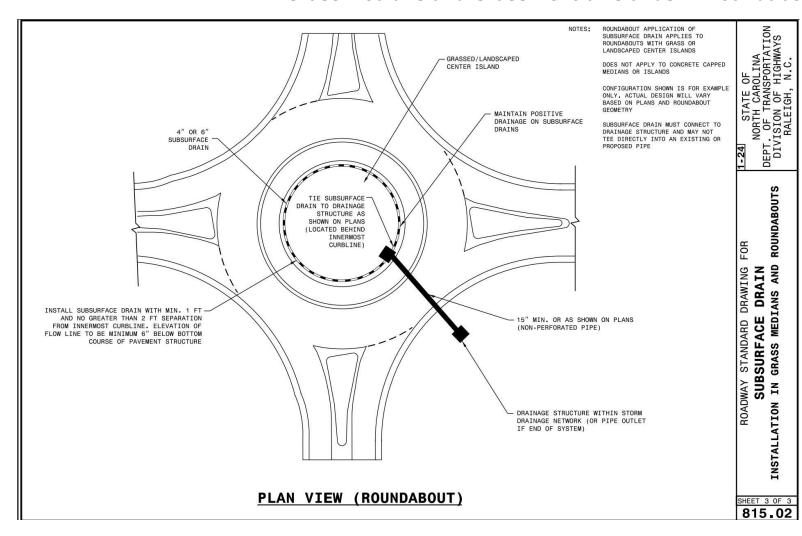
Check drainage structure location with Autoturn





## Minimal drainage

## Be aware of Roadway Standard 815.02 for subsurface drainage for Raised Grass Medians and Grass Central Islands in Roundabouts



### ncdot.gov The Ultimate Drainage System for a Roundabout



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