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Package components of the adhesive in containers of such size that one whole container of each component is used in mixing one batch of adhesive. Design the containers to allow for all of the contents to be readily removed and be well sealed to prevent leakage. Furnish adhesive material that requires hand mixing in 2 separate containers marked as Component A and Component B. A self contained cartridge or capsule consists of components that will automatically be mixed as they are dispensed.

Clearly label each container with the manufacturer's name, date of manufacture, batch
number, batch expiration date, all directions for use and such warning of precautions
concerning the contents as required by Federal or State laws and regulations.

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SECTION 1082 STRUCTURAL TIMBER AND LUMBER

12 **1082-1 GENERAL**

Use Southern Pine timber and lumber graded in accordance with the current grading rules of the Southern Pine Inspection Bureau unless otherwise specified or approved by the Engineer. Use stress rated grades equal to or higher than the grades specified. For temporary crossings, the use of stress rated lumber having stress ratings below those specified may be used if approved by the Engineer.

18 Have all timber and lumber, including any preservative treatment, inspected and/or tested at 19 no cost to the Department by an approved commercial inspection company before it is 20 delivered to the project. Provide industry standard commercial inspection reports for each 21 shipment of untreated timber or lumber before its use on the project. Provide industry 22 standard commercial inspection reports and treatment test reports for each shipment of treated 23 timber or lumber before its use on the project. Perform all timber and lumber treatment 24 inspections in accordance with Standard M2 (Part A) of the AWPA Specifications. In 25 addition, brand, hammer mark, ink stamp or tag each piece of timber or lumber with the approved commercial inspection company's unique mark to indicate it has been inspected. 26

27 **1082-2 UNTREATED TIMBER AND LUMBER**

Lumber that is 2" to 4" thick and 2" to 4" wide shall conform to Structural Light Framing, Grade No. 1 Dense MC19. Lumber that is 2" to 4" thick and 6" wide or wider shall conform to Structural Joists and Planks, Grade No. 1 Dense MC19. Lumber that is 5" and thicker along the least dimension shall conform to Structural Lumber, Grade Dense Structural 72. Rough lumber will be acceptable except where surfacing is called for by the contract. Rough lumber may vary $\pm 1/4$ " from the dimensions shown on the contract or bill of material.

34 1082-3 TREATED TIMBER AND LUMBER

35 (A) General

Grade marked lumber will not be required. Brand or ink stamp each piece of treated
 lumber in accordance with the AWPA Standard M6.

38 (B) Bridges, Fender Systems and Piles

Lumber for bridges that is 2" to 4" thick and 2" to 4" wide shall conform to Structural Light Framing, Grade No. 1 Dense. Lumber for bridges that is 2" to 4" thick and 6" wide and wider shall conform to Structural Joists and Planks, Grade No. 1 Dense. Lumber for bridges that is 5" and thicker along the least dimension shall conform to Structural Lumber, Grade Dense Structural 65. Lumber for fender systems shall conform to Structural Lumber, Grade Dense Structural 65.

Timber for piles shall meet ASTM D25 except that the timber shall be Southern Pine, and have at least a 2" sap ring or a 3" sap ring where called for by the contract or where the preservative is creosote and the retention is greater than 18 lb/cf. 1Rough lumber will be acceptable except where surfacing is called for by the contract or2bills of material. Rough lumber may vary $\pm 1/4$ " from the dimensions shown in the plans3or bill of material. Dressed lumber may be 1/8" scant from the dimensions shown in the4plans or bill of material. A 1/4" tolerance in length will be permitted.

- 5 (C) Guardrail Posts
- Lumber for guardrail posts shall conform to Timbers, Grade No.1. Rough lumber will be
 acceptable. An allowable tolerance of 3/8" scant will be permitted from nominal
 dimensions.

9 (D) Fence Posts and Braces

Sawed fence posts and braces no larger than 4" x 4" shall conform to Structural Light
Framing, Grade No. 2. Sawed fence posts and braces larger than 4" x 4" shall conform to
Timbers, Grade No. 1.

- 13 Round lumber shall meet Subarticle 1050-2(A).
- 14 Use fully dressed S4S lumber for fence posts.

15 An allowable tolerance of 1/2" scant will be permitted from nominal dimensions of 16 sawed and dressed lumber.

17 (E) Sign Posts and Battens

- Lumber for sign posts no larger than 4" x 4" shall conform to Structural Light Framing,
 Grade No. 1 MC19. Lumber for sign posts larger than 4" x 4" and lumber for sign
 battens shall conform to Timbers, Grade No. 1. Use fully dressed S4S lumber for sign
 posts and battens.
- An allowable tolerance of 1/2" scant will be permitted from nominal dimensions of sign posts. A tolerance of 1" under and 3" over will be permitted in the length of the post.

24 (F) Poles

Timber for poles shall meet ANSI O5.1 except the timber shall be treated Southern Pine or treated Douglas Fir. Use 40 ft Class 3 poles unless otherwise specified in the contract.

27 **1082-4 PRESERVATIVE TREATMENT**

28 (A) General

- Give all timber and lumber required to be treated a preservative treatment in accordance
 with AWPA Standards. The required retention of chromated copper arsenate is specified
 on the oxide basis. Preservative retention will be determined by the assay method.
- After treatment, handle the timber and lumber carefully with rope slings, without sudden
 dropping, breaking of the fibers, bruising or penetrating the surface with tools or hooks.
- Treated timber and lumber will not be accepted for use unless it has been inspected and found satisfactory, both before and after treatment, and shall be delivered to the project site in a condition acceptable to the Engineer.
- Use treating plants that have laboratory facilities at the plant site for use of the inspectorin accordance with AWPA Standard T1.

39 **(B)** Timber Preservatives

40 Use timber preservatives conforming to AWPA Standard T1.

41 (C) Bridges, Fender Systems and Piles

Treat timber and lumber for bridges and fender systems in accordance with
AWPA Standard U1, except the type of preservative and the retention of preservative will
be as required by the contract.

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1 Treat piles in accordance to AWPA Standard U1, except the type of preservative and the 2 retention of preservative will be as required by the contract.

3 (D) Guardrail Posts

4 Treat guardrail posts in accordance to AWPA Standard U1, except require retention of 5 preservative as below.

6 Give all guardrail posts a preservative treatment of creosote, pentachlorophenol or 7 chromated copper arsenate. The same type of preservative is to be used throughout the 8 entire length of the project.

9 Minimum retention for creosoted timber will be 12 lb of preservative per cubic foot of 10 wood. Minimum retention for timber treated with pentachlorophenol will be 0.6 lb of dry 11 chemical per cubic foot of wood. Minimum retention for timber treated with chromated 12 copper arsenate will be 0.6 lb of dry chemical per cubic foot of wood.

13 (E) Fence Posts and Braces

- 14 Treat sawed posts and braces in accordance with AWPA Standard U1, except require 15 retention of preservative as below.
- 16 Treat round posts and braces in accordance with AWPA Standard U1, except require 17 retention of preservative as below.
- 18 Before treatment, peel round posts and braces cleanly for their full length, remove all 19 bark and innerskin, and trim all knots and projections flush with the surface of the 20 surrounding wood. Machine peeling will be permitted. Cut the ends to the proper length 21 before treatment.
- Give all fence posts and braces a preservative treatment of either creosote,
 pentachlorophenol, or chromated copper arsenate. The same type of preservative shall be
 used throughout the entire length of the project.
- Minimum retention for creosoted sawed timber will be 10 lb of preservative per cubic foot of wood. Minimum retention for sawed timber treated with pentachlorophenol will be 0.5 lb of dry chemical per cubic foot of wood. Minimum retention for sawed timber treated with chromated copper arsenate will be 0.5 lb of dry chemical per cubic foot of wood.
- Minimum retention for creosoted round timber will be 8 lb of preservative per cubic foot of wood. Minimum retention for round timber treated with pentachlorophenol will be 0.4 lb of dry chemical per cubic foot of wood. Minimum retention for round timber treated with chromated copper arsenate will be 0.4 lb of dry chemical per cubic foot of wood.

35 (F) Sign Posts and Battens

- Treat sign posts and battens in accordance with AWPA Standard U1, except require retention of preservative as below.
- 38 Give all sign posts and battens a preservative treatment of either pentachlorophenol or 39 chromated copper arsenate. The same type of preservative shall be used throughout the 40 entire length of the project.
- 41 Minimum retention for timber treated with pentachlorophenol will be 0.6 lb of dry 42 chemical per cubic foot of wood. Minimum retention for timber treated with chromated 43 copper arsenate will be 0.6 lb of dry chemical per cubic foot of wood.
- 44 All timber shall have moisture content of not greater than 19% before treatment. Redry 45 timber treated with chromated copper arsenate after treatment until it has moisture 46 content of not greater than 25%.

1 **(G) Poles**

2 Treat poles in accordance with AWPA Standard U1, except require retention of 3 preservative as below.

4 Give all poles a preservative treatment of either pentachlorophenol, or chromated copper 5 arsenate. The same type of preservative shall be used throughout the entire length of the 6 project.

7 Minimum retention for poles treated with pentachlorophenol will be 0.45 lb by assay of 8 dry chemical per cubic foot of wood. Minimum retention for poles treated with 9 chromated copper arsenate will be 0.6 lb by assay of dry chemical per cubic foot of 10 wood.

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13 **1084-1 PILES**

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14 (A) Treated Timber Piles

15 Timber for treated timber piles shall meet Article 1082-3. Give treated timber piles 16 a preservative treatment in accordance with Article 1082-4.

17 (B) Steel Piles

18 See Section 1076 for galvanized steel piles. Before incorporating steel piles into the 19 work, obtain all applicable certified mill test reports clearly identifiable to the lot of 20 material by heat numbers, submit these reports to the Engineer for review and analysis 21 and receive approval of such test reports from the Engineer. These requirements apply to 22 both domestic and foreign produced steel piles. Transfer the heat number of each painted 23 pile to the newly painted surface with a permanent marker of a color contrasting to the 24 paint once the paint has fully cured.

- 25 (1) Steel H-Piles
- 26 Steel H-piles shall meet ASTM A572 Grade 50 or ASTM A588.
- 27 (2) Steel Pipe Piles

28 Steel pipe piles shall be of uniform diameter and conform to ASTM A252 Grade 3 29 modified (50,000 psi). Make all joints and seams in the pipe pile watertight. Unless 30 otherwise indicated by the contract, the ends of pipe pile may be flame cut. Square 31 flame cut ends with axis of the pile to provide a full uniform bearing over the entire 32 end area when the pile is being driven. Pipe piles under 24" in diameter shall be 33 spliced by a certified pipe welder.

34 (C) Prestressed Concrete Piles

35 Prestressed concrete piles shall meet Section 1078.

36 1084-2 STEEL SHEET PILES

- Steel sheet piles detailed for permanent applications shall be hot rolled and meet ASTM A690unless otherwise required by the plans.
- 39 Steel sheet piles detailed for temporary applications shall be hot rolled and meet ASTM A328.