Section 1086

- that the resin chemistry of the waterborne coating is compatible with the 99.9% aluminum
- 2 thermal sprayed alloy and suitable for tidal water applications.
- 3 Steel sheet piles detailed for temporary applications shall be hot rolled and meet ASTM A328.

4 SECTION 1086 5 PAVEMENT MARKERS

6 1086-1 TEMPORARY RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

7 (A) General

- 8 Use raised pavement markers evaluated by NTPEP.
- Use raised pavement markers of the prismatic reflector type, or better as approved. The markers shall be constructed either of an injection molded plastic body and base or consist of a plastic shell filled with a mixture of inert thermosetting compound and filler material. Either construction type shall contain one or more integrated prismatic reflective lenses to provide the required color designation.
- The minimum reflective area of the lens face is 2.0 sq.in.
- The color of the reflective pavement marker housing shall match the pavement marking
- 16 color, which it supplements.
- 17 All raised pavement marker reflective lenses shall be in close conformance with the
- Federal Standard No. 595 colors as listed below when viewed at night.

Crystal: Color No. 17886 (White)

Yellow: Color No. 13538 Red: Color No. 11302

19 **(B) Adhesives**

20 (1) Epoxy

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- The epoxy shall meet Section 1081-4.
- Review 1081-4(B) for description of epoxy types suitable for markers to be installed. Use an epoxy adhesive type that is appropriate for the pavement and ambient temperature per the manufacture's recommendations. It is recommended that the ambient temperature during application of Types II and IV epoxy shall be at least 50°F and preferably higher than 60°F. These adhesives harden relatively slowly at 50°F, but the hardening rate rapidly accelerates as temperature increases.
 - (2) Hot Bitumen
- The hot bitumen shall meet Article 1081-3.
 - (3) Pressure Sensitive
- 31 As supplied by the manufacturer.

32 (C) Material Certification

Furnish a Type 2 material certification in accordance with Article 106-3 for all raised pavement markers before use.

35 1086-2 PERMANENT RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

36 (A) General

- Use raised pavement markers evaluated by NTPEP. The markers shall be constructed either of an injection molded plastic body and base or consist of a plastic shell filled with
- a mixture of inert thermosetting compound and filler material. Either construction type shall contain one or more integrated prismatic reflective lenses to provide the required

1 color designation. Raised pavement markers (permanent) shall be of the glass or plastic 2 face lens type and meet Subarticle 1086-1(A). Plastic lenses shall have an abrasion 3 resistant coating.

(1) Potted Markers

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Potted marker shells shall be made of molded methyl methacrylate conforming to Federal Specification L P 380C, Type I, Class 3. Filling material shall be an inert thermosetting compound selected for strength, resilience, and adhesion adequate to meet physical requirements of the *Standard Specifications*. Sand or other inert granulars shall be embedded in the surface of the inert thermosetting compound and filler material before its curing to provide a surface, which will readily bond to the adhesive.

(2) Injection-molded Markers

Injection-molded markers shall consist of polymer materials selected for strength and resilience adequate to meet the physical requirements of the *Standard Specifications*. The bottom surface of the marker shall contain grooves or nonsmooth structure designed to increase bonding with the adhesive.

17 **(B) Optical Requirements**

All optical performance for permanent raised pavement markers shall conform to ASTM D4280.

20 (C) Physical Properties

All physical properties for permanent raised pavement markers shall conform to ASTM D4280.

(D) Hot Bitumen Adhesives

Use hot bitumen adhesive for mounting the pavement markers to asphalt concrete roadways. The hot bitumen adhesive shall meet the requirements of Article 1081-3. Other adhesives such as epoxy or cold bituminous adhesive pads are not acceptable on asphalt concrete roadways for permanent applications.

(E) Epoxy Adhesives

Use epoxy adhesive for mounting the pavement markers to concrete roadways. The epoxy adhesive shall comply with Section 1081-4. Other adhesives such as hot and cold bituminous or adhesive pads are not acceptable on concrete roadways for permanent applications.

33 (F) Material Certification

Furnish a Type 2 material certification in accordance with Article 106-3 for all raised pavement markers before use.

1086-3 SNOWPLOWABLE PAVEMENT MARKERS

37 (A) General

Use snowplowable pavement markers evaluated by NTPEP. The snowplowable pavement marker shall consist of a cast iron housing with one or more glass or plastic face lens type reflective lenses to provide the required color designation. Shape the casting to deflect a snowplow blade upward in both directions without being damaged. Incorporate into the casting two parallel keels and a connecting web designed to fit into slots cut into the road surface. Plastic lens faces shall use an abrasion resistant coating.

Use recycled snowplowable pavement which markers that meet all the requirements of new snowplowable pavement markers except Subarticle 1086-3(B)(1). Recycled snowplowable pavement markers with minimal variation in dimensions are acceptable

Section 1086 1 only when the reflector fits in the casting of the recycled snowplowable pavement marker 2 as originally designed. 3 (B) Castings 4 (1) Dimensions 5 The dimension, slope and minimum area of reflecting surface shall conform to dimensions as shown in the plans. The minimum area of each reflecting surface 6 7 shall be 1.44 sq.in. 8 (2) Materials 9 Use nodular iron in accordance with ASTM A536. (3) Surface 10 11 The surface of the keel and web shall be free of scale, dirt, rust, oil, grease or any other contaminant which might reduce its bond to the epoxy adhesive. 12 13 (4) Identification 14 Mark the casting with the manufacturer's name and model number of marker. 15 (C) Reflectors 16 (1) General 17 Laminate the reflector to an elastomeric pad and attach with adhesive to the casting. The thickness of the elastomeric pad shall be 0.04 inch. 18 19 (2) Reflector Type 20 (a) One-direction, one color (crystal) 21 (b) Bidirectional, one color (yellow and yellow) 22 (c) Bidirectional, two colors (red and crystal) 23 (d) Bidirectional, two colors (red and yellow) 24 All pavement marker reflective lenses shall be in close conformance with the Federal 25 Standard No. 595 colors as listed below when viewed during night situations. Crystal: Color No. 17886 (White) Yellow: Color No. 13538 Red: Color No. 11302 (3) Reflector Optical Requirements 27 (a) Definitions

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Define "horizontal entrance angle" as the angle in the horizontal plane between the direction of incident light and the normal to the leading edge of the marker.

Define "observation angle" as the angle, at the reflector, between observer's line of sight and the direction of the light incident on the reflector.

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Define "specific intensity (S.I.)" as candlepower of the returned light at the chosen observation and entrance angles for each footcandle of illumination at the reflector.

S.I. = $RL \times (D \times D) \times IL$

Where:

S.I. = Specific Intensity
RL = Reflected Light
IL = Incident Light
D = Test Distance

(b) Optical Performance

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Test the reflector for specific intensity as described below:

Form a 1 inch diameter flat pad using #3 coarse steel wool per Federal Specification FF-W-1825. Place the steel wool pad on the reflector lens. Apply a load of 50 lbs. and rub the entire lens surface 100 times. Do not abrade the red lens of the Type 3 and Type 4 bi-directional units.

Locate the reflector to be tested with the center of the reflecting face at a distance of 5 feet from a uniformly bright light source having an effective diameter of 0.2 inch.

The photocell must be an angular ring 0.37 inch I.D. x 0.47 inch O.D. Shield it to eliminate stray light. The distance from light source center to the center of the photoactive area shall be 0.2 inch. If a test distance of other than 5 feet is used, modify the source and receiver in the same proportion as the test distance.

After abrading the lens surface using the above steel wool abrasion procedure, the specific intensity of each crystal reflecting surface at 0.2 degrees observation angle must not be less than the following when the incident light is parallel to the base of the reflector.

TABLE 1086-1 MINIMUM SPECIFIC INTENSITY (candle/footcandle/unit marker)		
Color	Horizontal Entrance Angle	
	0 Degrees	20 Degrees
Crystal	3.00	1.20
Yellow	1.80	0.72
Red	0.75	0.30

(D) Properties

All optical and physical properties for snowplowable pavement markers shall conform to ASTM D4383.

(E) Epoxy Adhesive

The epoxy adhesive shall meet the requirements of Section 1081-4. Mix the epoxy adhesive rapidly by a two component type automatic metering, mixing and extrusion apparatus.

(F) Material Certification

Furnish a Type 2 material certification in accordance with Article 106-3 for all raised snowplowable markers before use.