



Passive Data for the NCSTM & Applications for Charlotte

Vince Bernardin, PhD

November 5, 2019

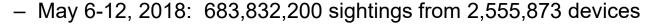
Projects

- NCSTM4 for P6
 - New Base Year: 2017
 - General Population & Truck-Specific Big Data
 - New data-driven, pivot point model architecture
 - Updated Passenger & Freight Models
 - NHB trips linked to HB trips
 - New visitor trips & Long-distance in GISDK
- Charlotte Big Data Analytics
 - General and Truck OD flows for the region
 - Metrolina zone system & times-of-day
 - Corridor specific ODs for I-77 and NC49



Data Acquired for NCSTM

- NCSTM Passive Data
 - LBS data (from Safegraph)
 - 10-15% of devices on any given day and roughly half of all devices over the course of a month

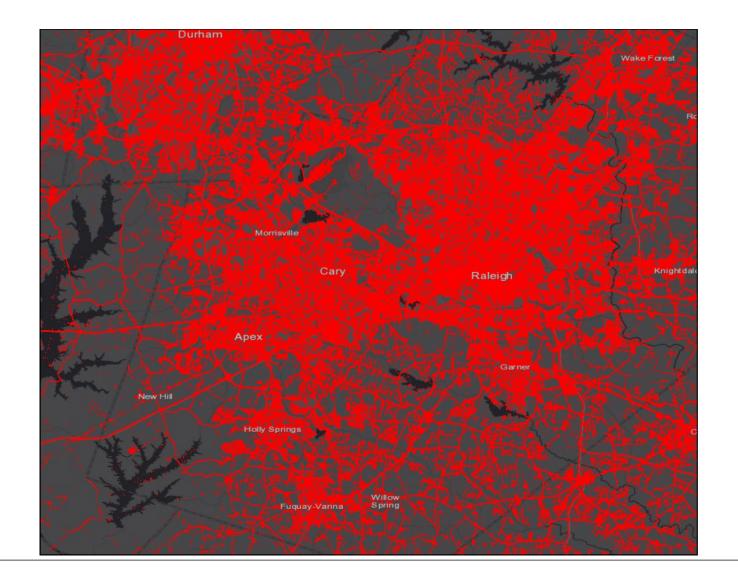


- Truck GPS data from ATRI
 - Approaching 25% of all trucks
- Origin-Destination (OD) flows in new NCSTM zone system
- Truck ODs, trace data for Triad & Metrolina





One Day of LBS Data





Data-Driven Pivoting

Observed Base Year Passenger ODs

Observed Base Year
Truck ODs

Big Data + Census + Counts





Modeled Scenario Passenger ODs

Modeled Scenario
Truck ODs

Modeled Base Year Passenger ODs

Modeled Base Year Truck ODs

Growth from Model

Final Scenario Passenger ODs

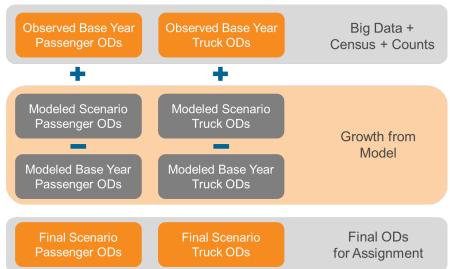
Final Scenario
Truck ODs

Final ODs for Assignment

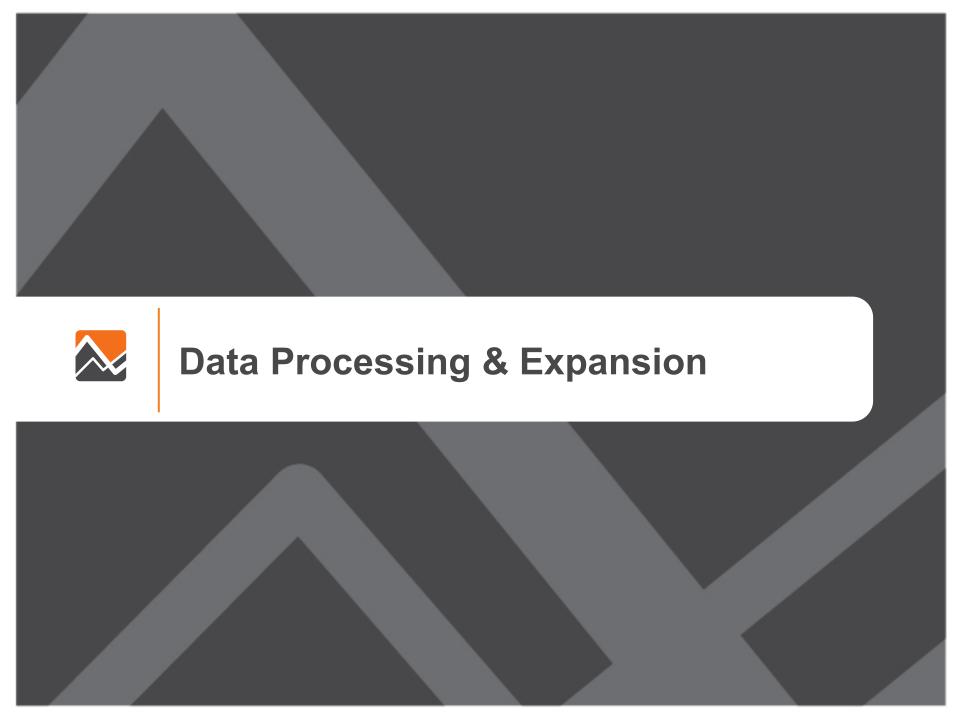


Data-Driven Pivoting

- Not done in past because no good OD data
- Allows base year updates without demand model recalibration
- Encourages shift in focus of model validation to dynamics / sensitivity and response properties
- Produces more accurate ODs than any "pure" model







Stages of Data Development

Filtering and Cleaning Raw Data



Processing Sightings / Trace Data to Trips and Classification



Expansion of Trip Data to Control Data (Counts, Census, Surveys)



Final Base Year OD Data



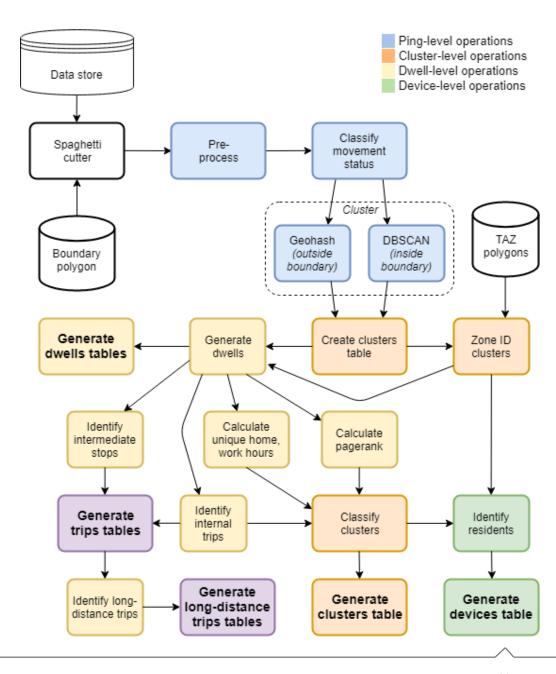
Data Filtering

- With big data, logically trivial queries can be computationally intense
- Filtering for study area and time period
 - North Carolina, October 2018
 - "Cookie cutting" vs. "Spaghetti cutting"
- Filtering devices for data quality
 - Minority of devices contain vast majority of information (sightings, trips)
 - At the scale of big data, better to have less, good data than more, bad data



Data Processing

- Identifying stops
 - Best methods depend on data density
- With LBS, density based clustering allowing for noise is often best, but can sometimes augmented with heading, etc.





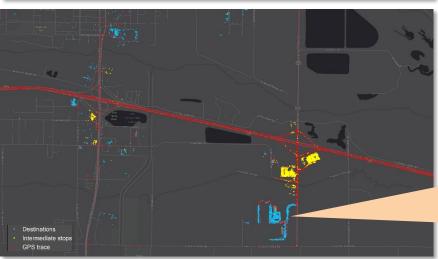
Graph Theory for Residence, Work Imputation

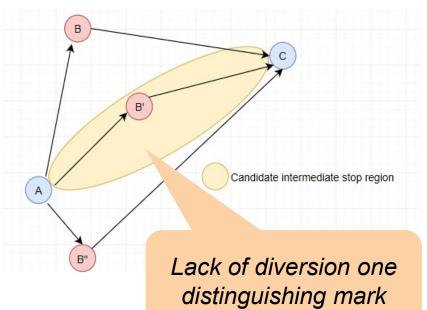
Topological centrality as primary indicator, overnighting secondary higher confidence, multi-point fusion



Filtering Intermediate Stops on Long Trips







Geofencing around gas stations / truck stops, etc.

Filtering stops for fuel, food, etc., necessary for understanding actual long-distance OD demand for both passenger and freight flows



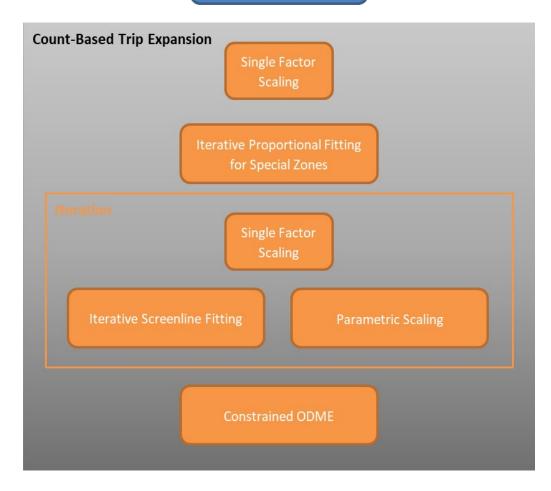
Data Expansion

 Multi-step, ensemble method

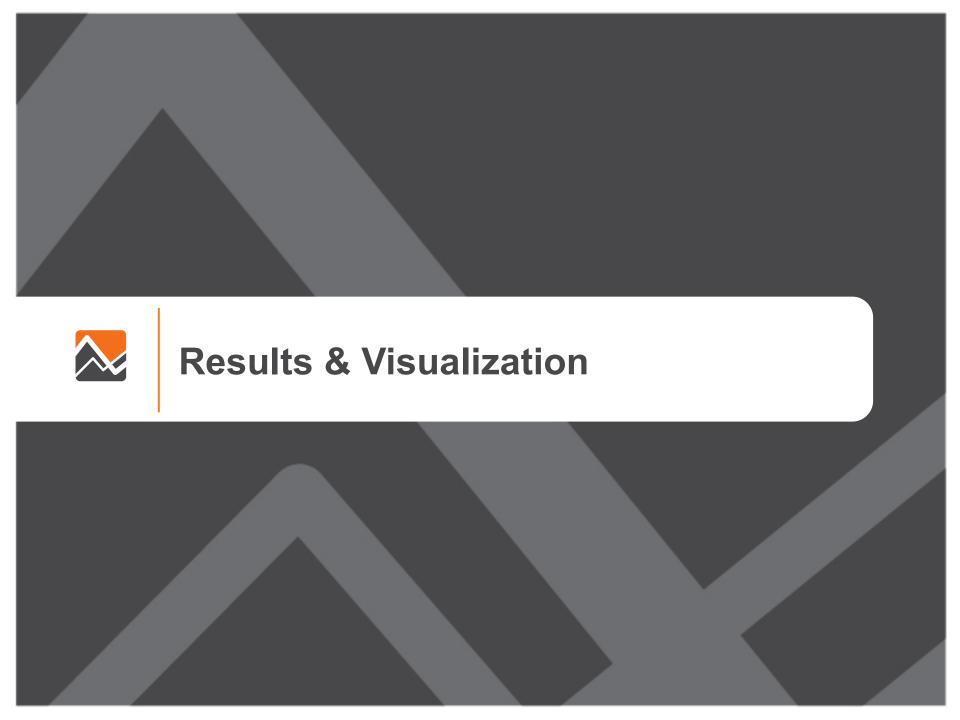
 Starting with Census-based

Followed by count-based

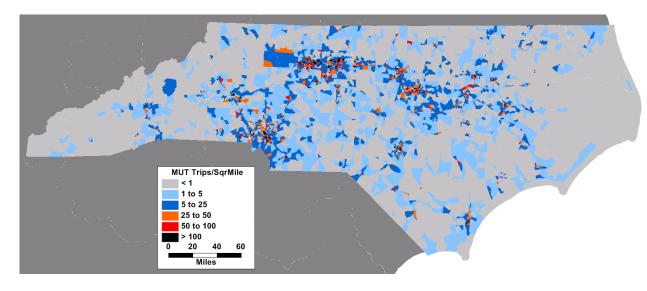
Residence-based Device Expansion Factors

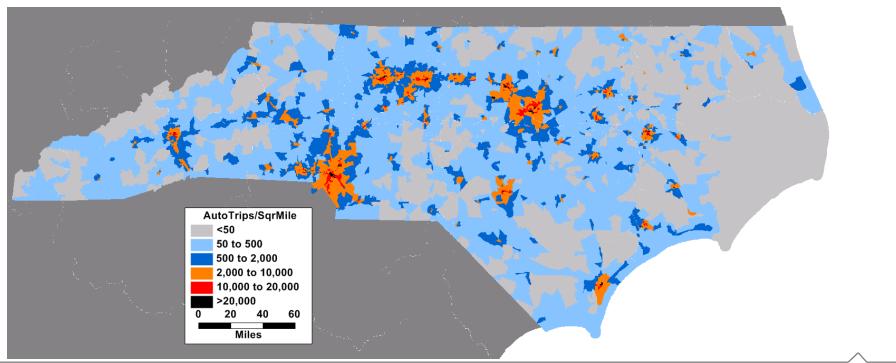




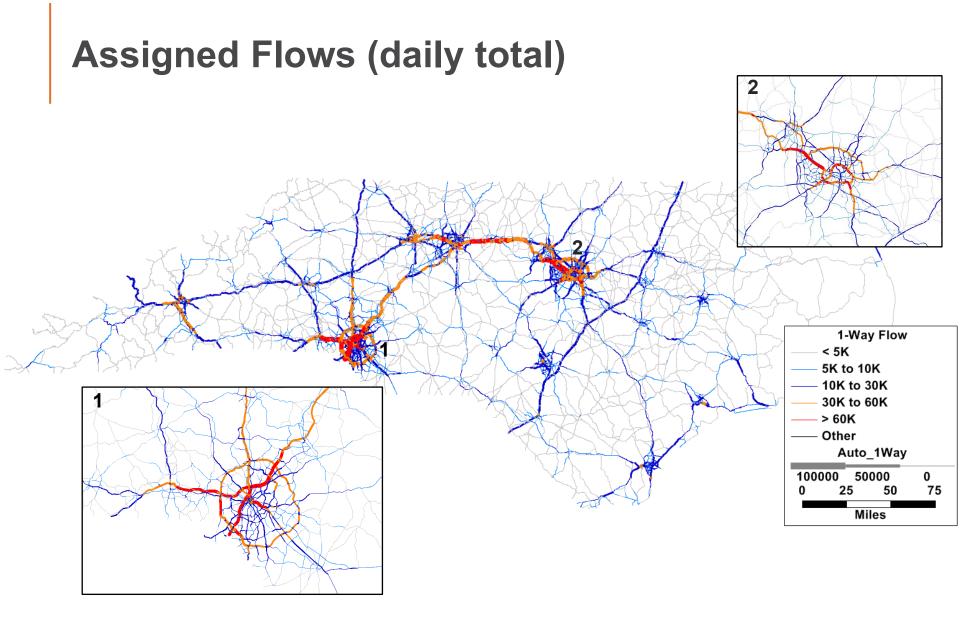


Auto & Truck Expansion

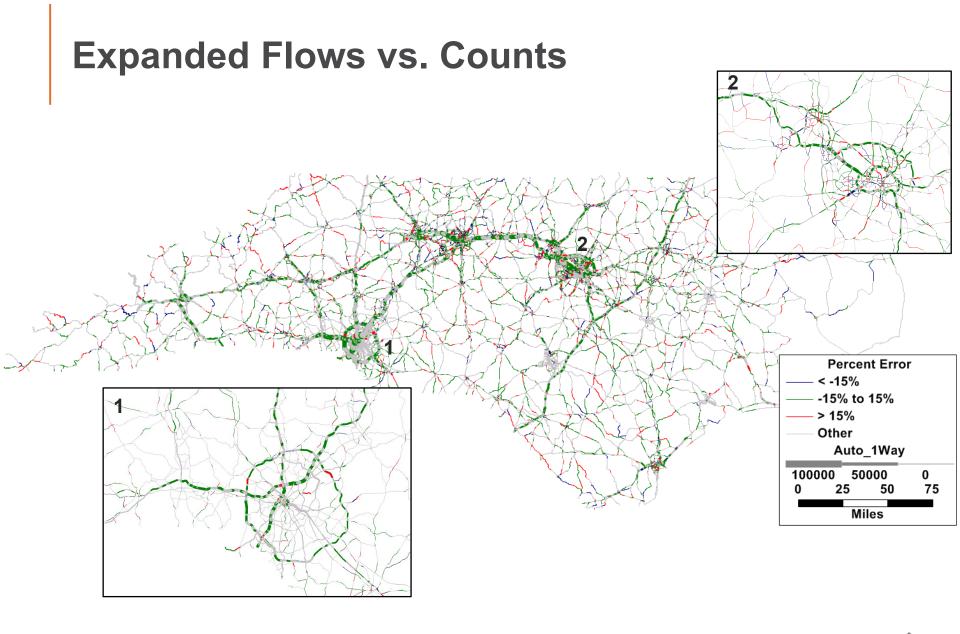














Expansion Validation

 Substantially better fit to counts than previous versions

Volume Group	Number of Counts	Overall %RMSE	MU Truck %RMSE
<10K	5153	41.5%	99.6%
10K to 20K	2669	24.2%	62.6%
20K to 40K	1184	16.0%	37.8%
40K to 60K	259	10.4%	24.9%
>60K	175	7.2%	15.5%
Total	9440	23.8%	56.4%

Interstates &	Observed		Model	
Freeways	Counts	VMT	VMT	% Deviation
1-240	19	341,810	346,197	1.3%
I-26	27	1,694,770	1,671,445	-1.4%
1-277	19	302,789	282,958	-6.5%
1-40	346	15,617,968	15,821,143	1.3%
1-440	26	1,039,616	1,010,675	-2.8%
I-485	55	3,675,899	3,674,848	0.0%
1-540	26	1,497,812	1,554,591	3.8%
I-73	19	461,074	455,194	-1.3%
1-74	50	724,192	759,087	4.8%
I-77	71	2,955,802	2,998,491	1.4%
I-795	18	362,627	367,907	1.5%
I-85	211	8,277,974	8,314,057	0.4%
I-95	110	5,351,000	5,333,463	-0.3%
NC-147	32	442,181	474,416	7.3%
NC-295	7	285,268	285,358	0.0%
NC-54	7	59,746	50,736	-15.1%
NC-540	36	327,524	337,163	2.9%
NC-67	5	144,265	163,550	13.4%
SR-1728	8	125,152	118,016	-5.7%
SR-2085	5	109,624	87,190	-20.5%
SR-2254	10	149,049	154,311	3.5%
US-1	44	655,022	661,208	0.9%
US-17	21	279,752	295,607	5.7%
US-19	18	410,828	413,659	0.7%
US-29	23	425,601	409,414	-3.8%
US-311	33	523,278	565,107	8.0%
US-321	25	503,847	516,793	2.6%
US-421	26	299,205	293,225	-2.0%
US-52	53	886,225	904,412	2.1%
US-64	46	991,176	958,956	-3.3%
US-70	15	198,917	216,689	8.9%
US-74	30	320,525	318,832	-0.5%
Total	1474	49,908,476	50,263,374	0.7%

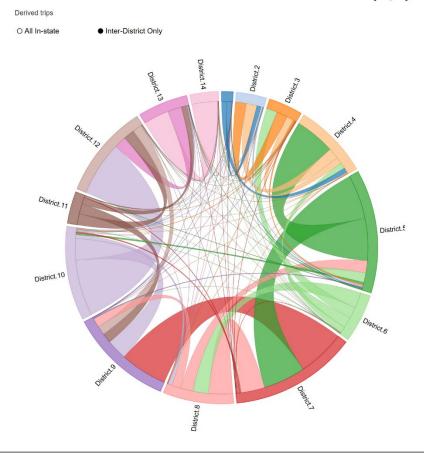


Inter-District OD Flows

safegraph viz Scenario SafeGraph

Back to scenario selection

Derived trips, by Origins and Destinations

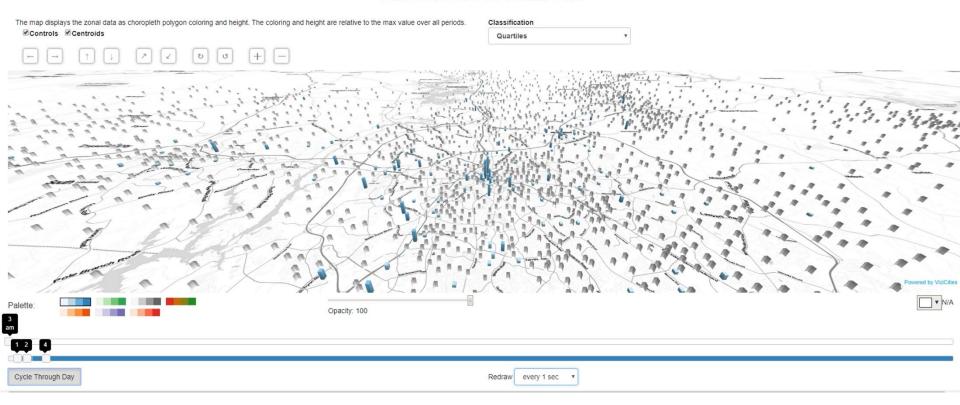








PERSONS NOT AT HOME 3 am







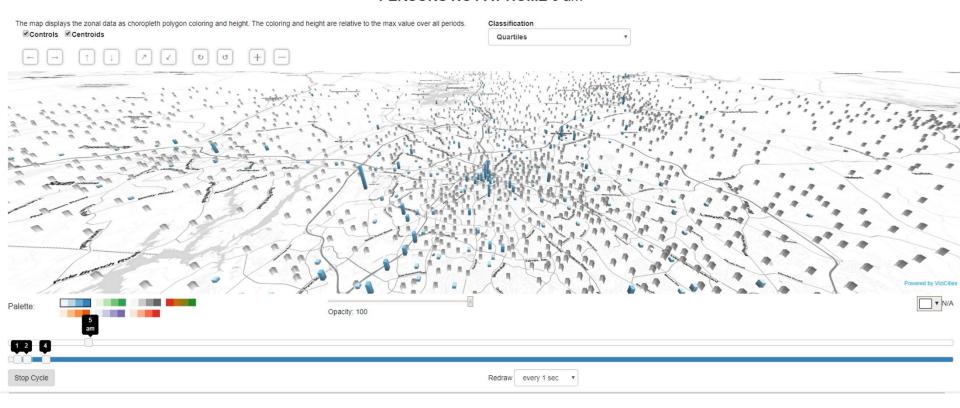
PERSONS NOT AT HOME 4 am







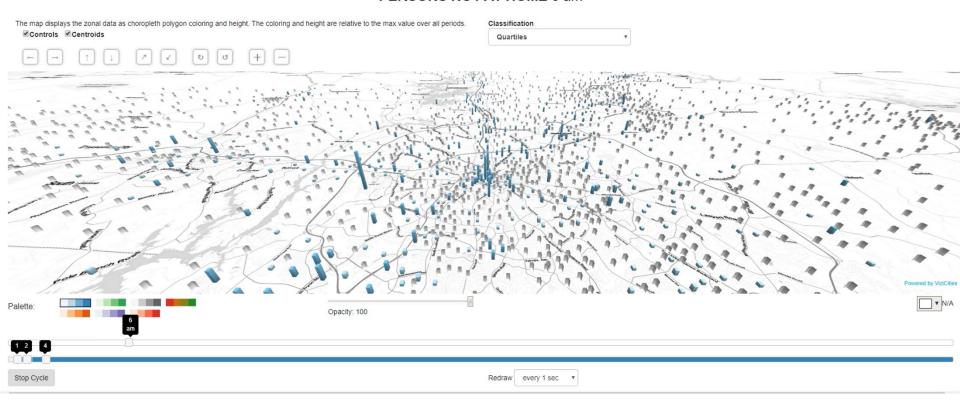
PERSONS NOT AT HOME 5 am







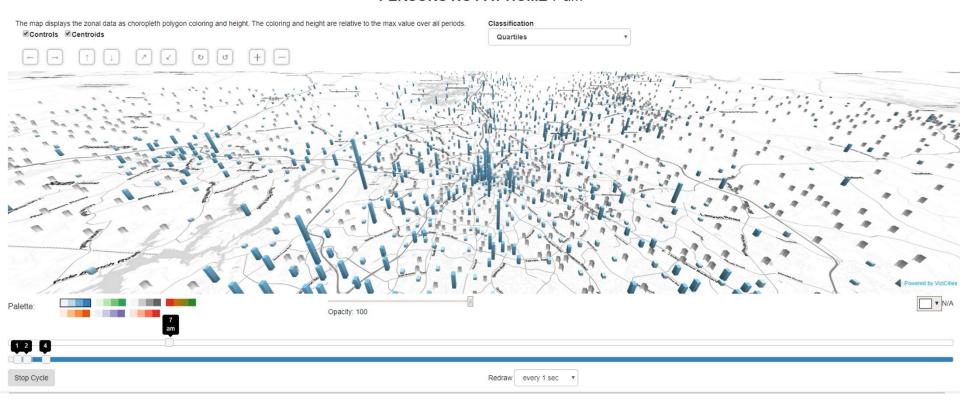
PERSONS NOT AT HOME 6 am







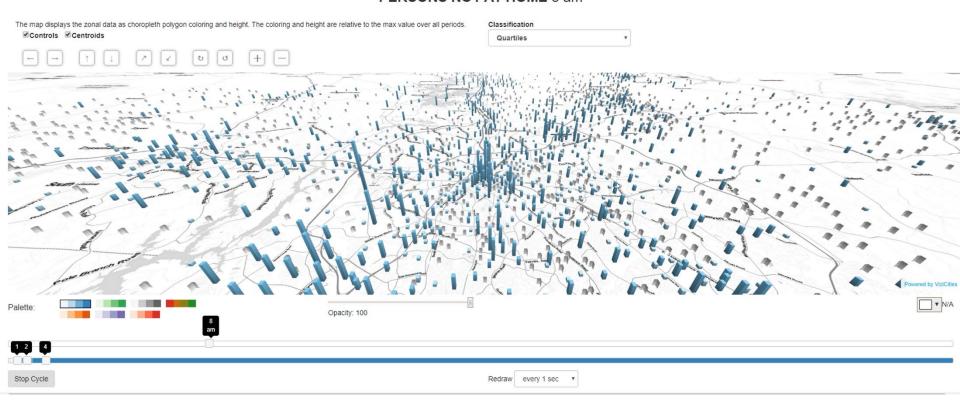
PERSONS NOT AT HOME 7 am







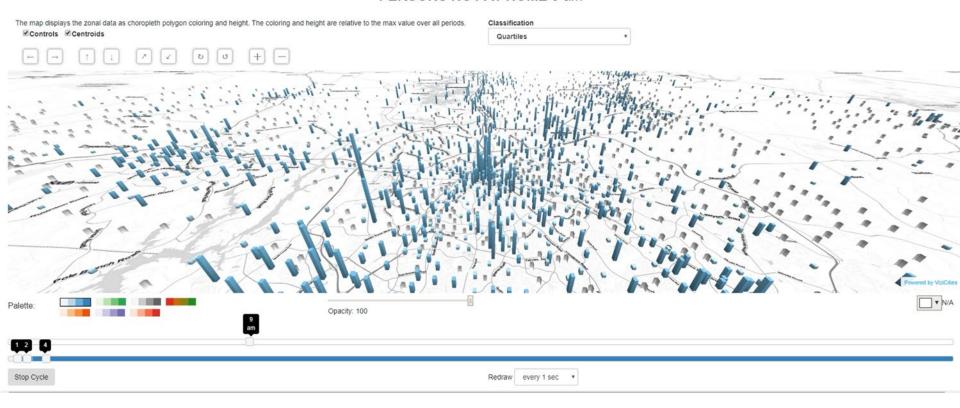
PERSONS NOT AT HOME 8 am







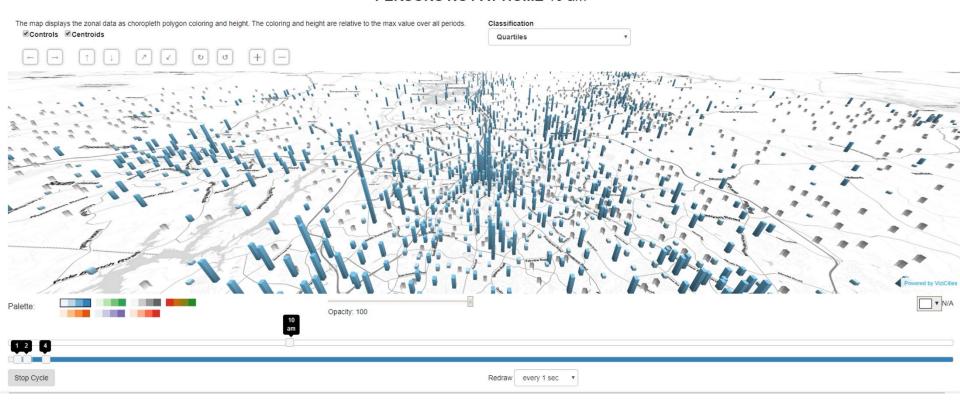
PERSONS NOT AT HOME 9 am







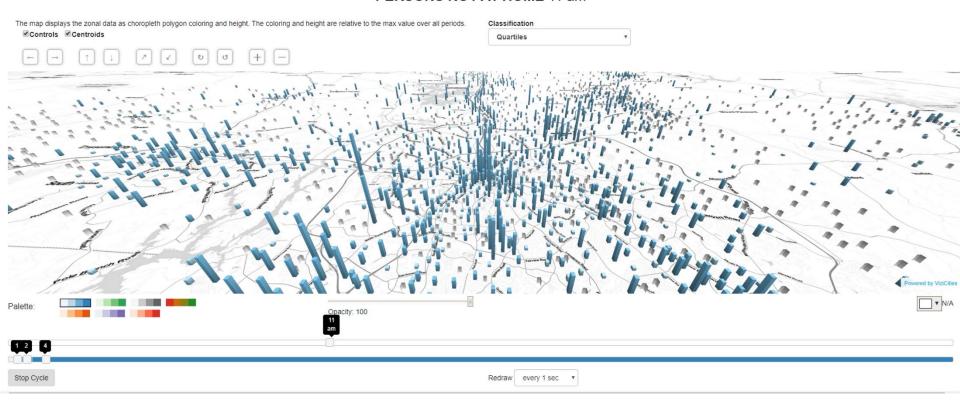
PERSONS NOT AT HOME 10 am







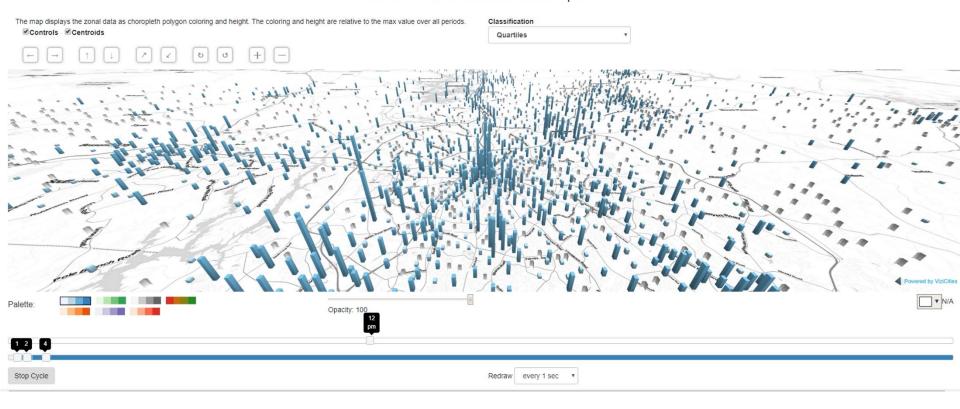
PERSONS NOT AT HOME 11 am







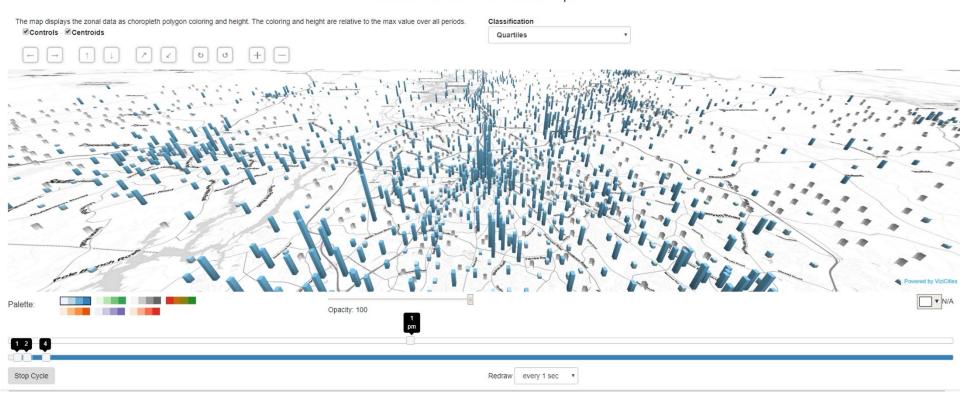
PERSONS NOT AT HOME 12 pm







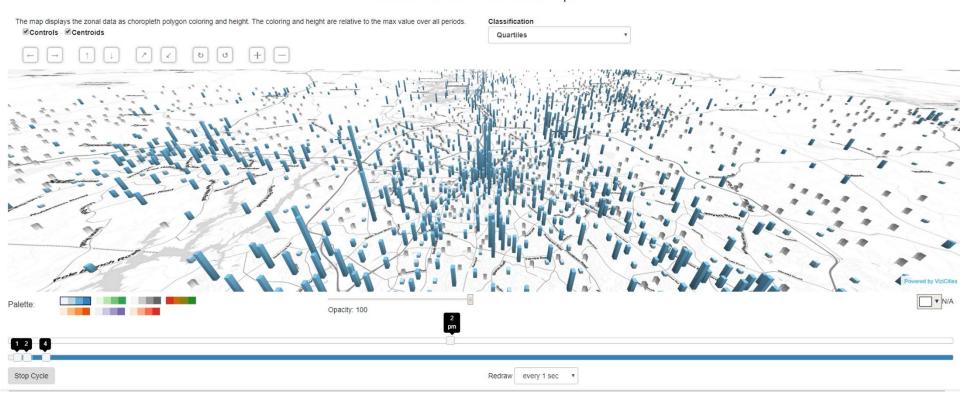
PERSONS NOT AT HOME 1 pm







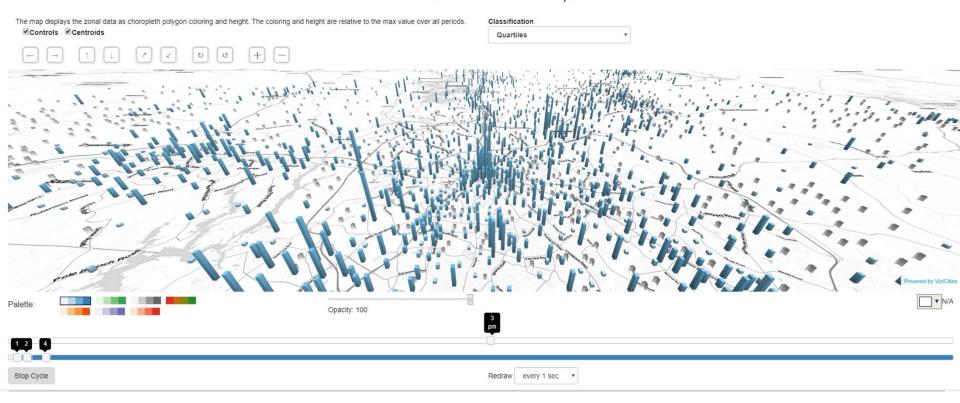
PERSONS NOT AT HOME 2 pm







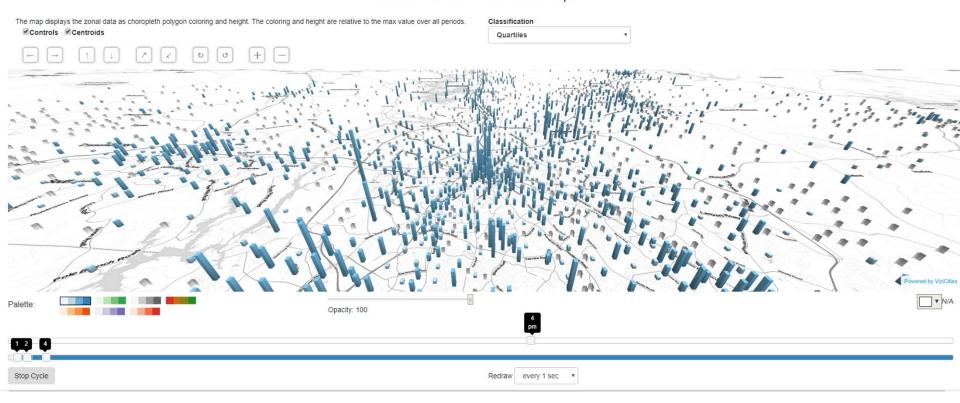
PERSONS NOT AT HOME 3 pm







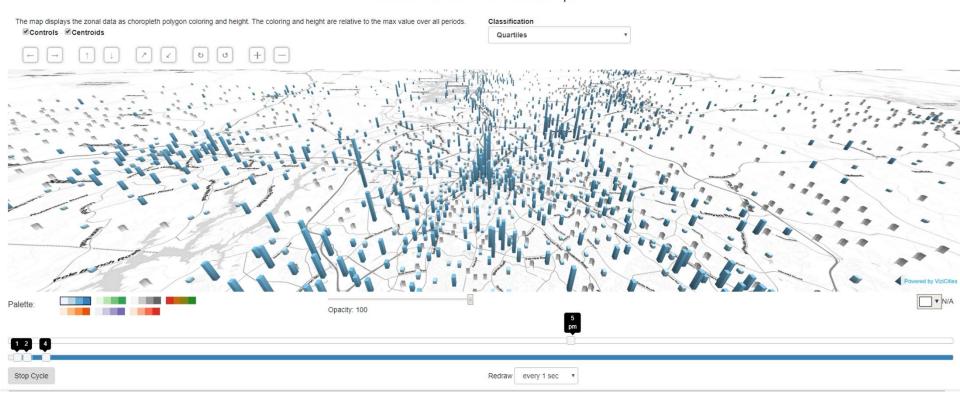
PERSONS NOT AT HOME 4 pm







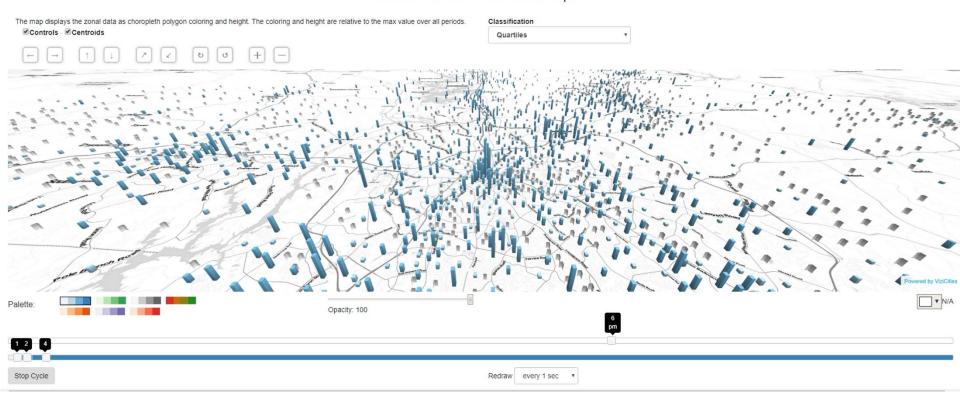
PERSONS NOT AT HOME 5 pm







PERSONS NOT AT HOME 6 pm







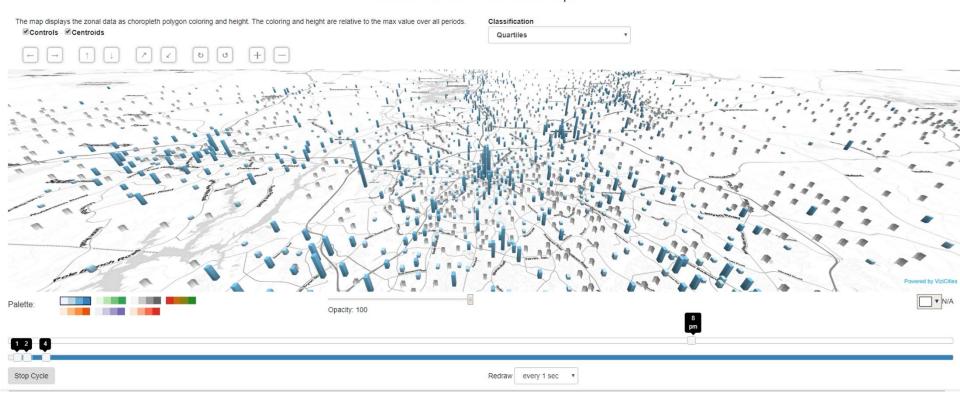
PERSONS NOT AT HOME 7 pm







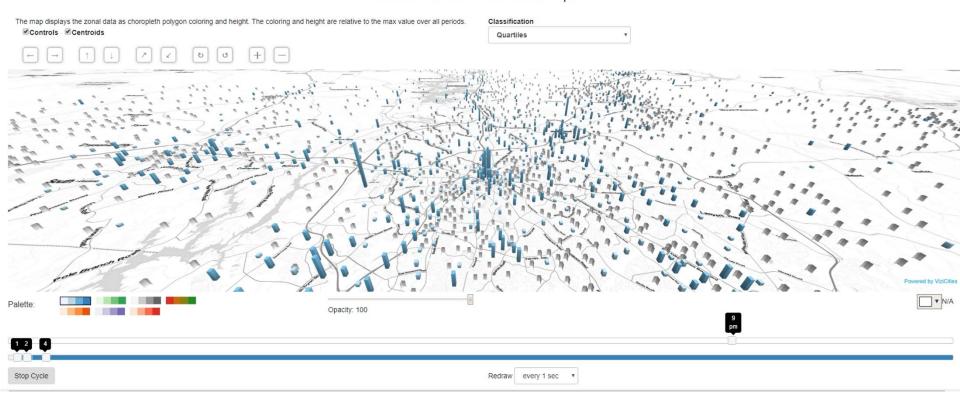
PERSONS NOT AT HOME 8 pm







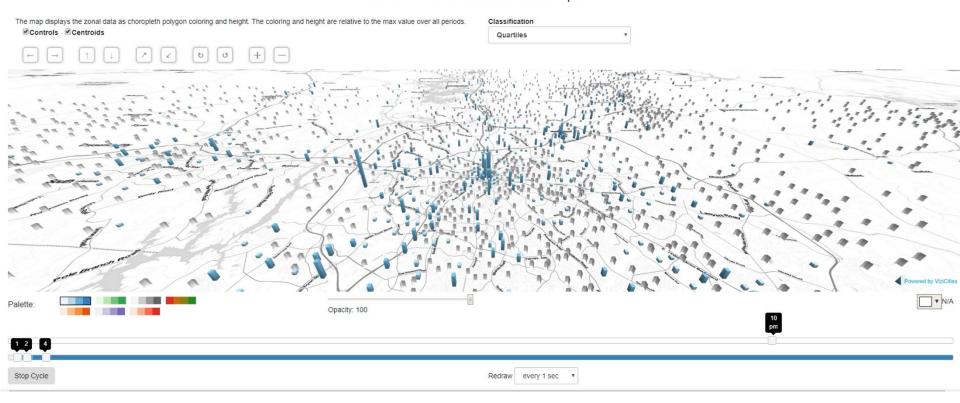
PERSONS NOT AT HOME 9 pm







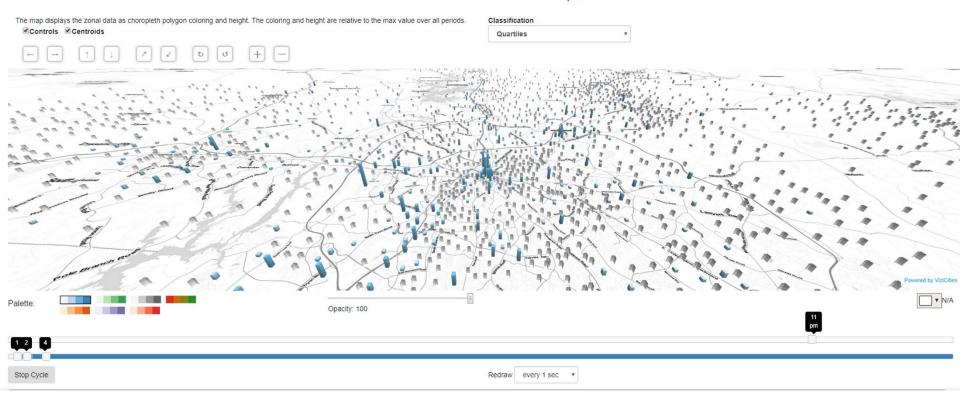
PERSONS NOT AT HOME 10 pm







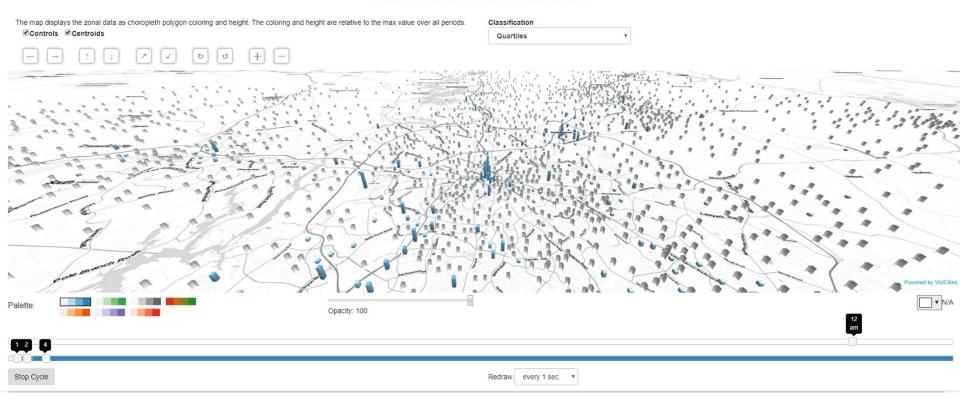
PERSONS NOT AT HOME 11 pm







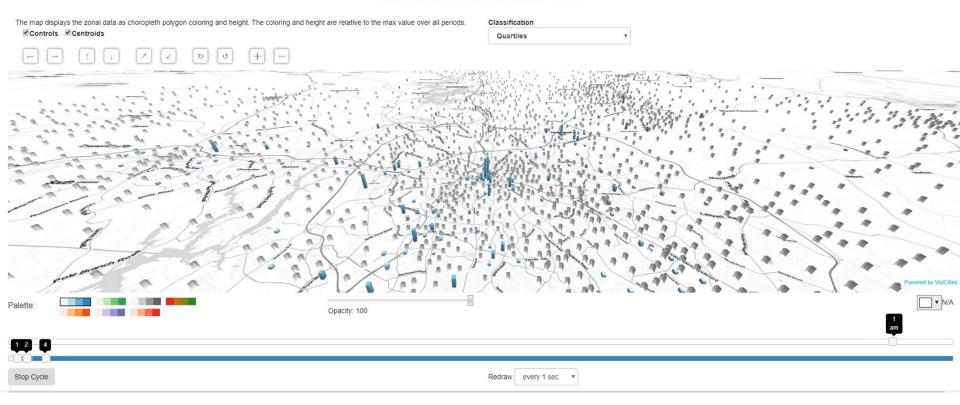
PERSONS NOT AT HOME 12 am







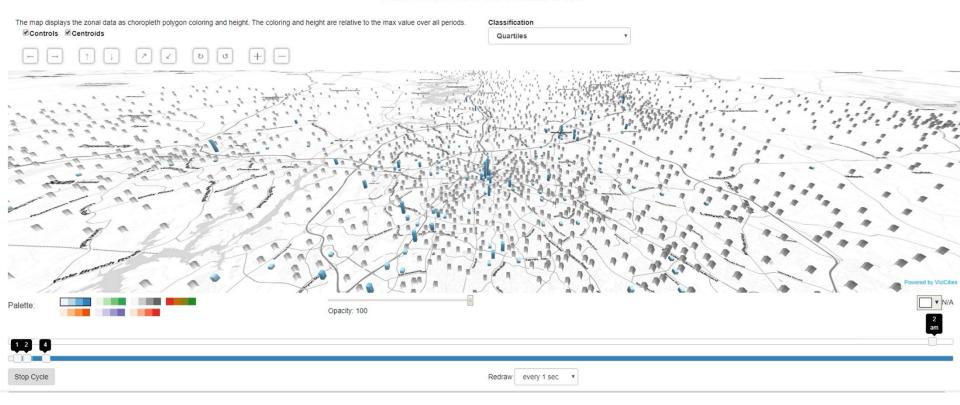
PERSONS NOT AT HOME 1 am





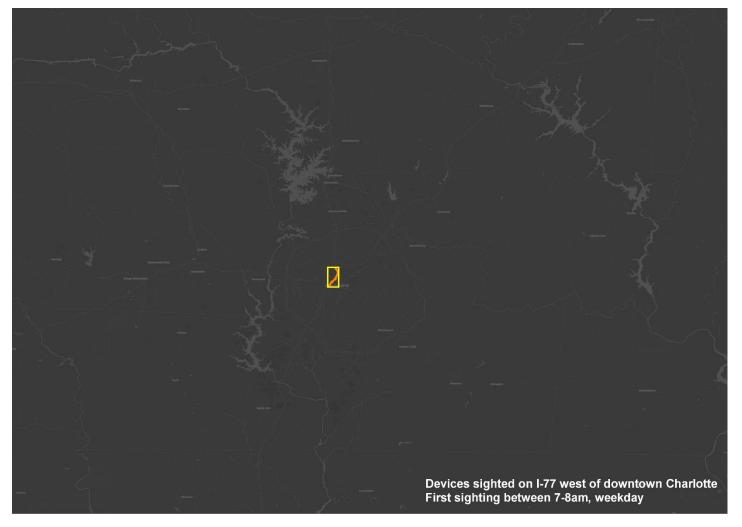


PERSONS NOT AT HOME 2 am



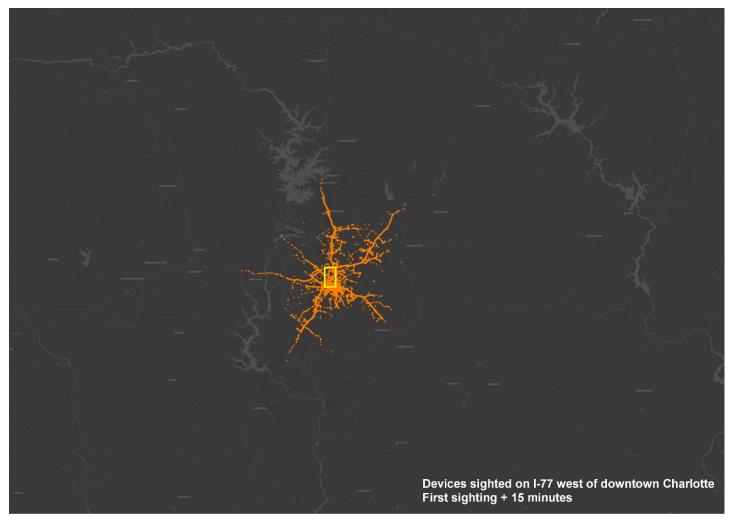






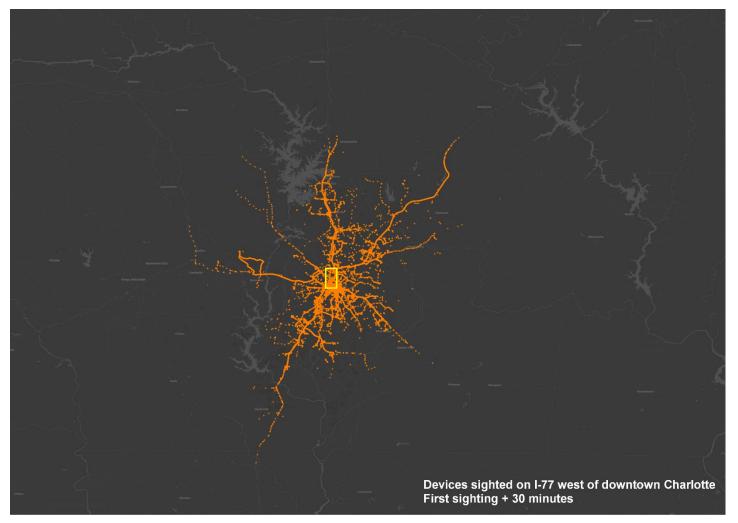






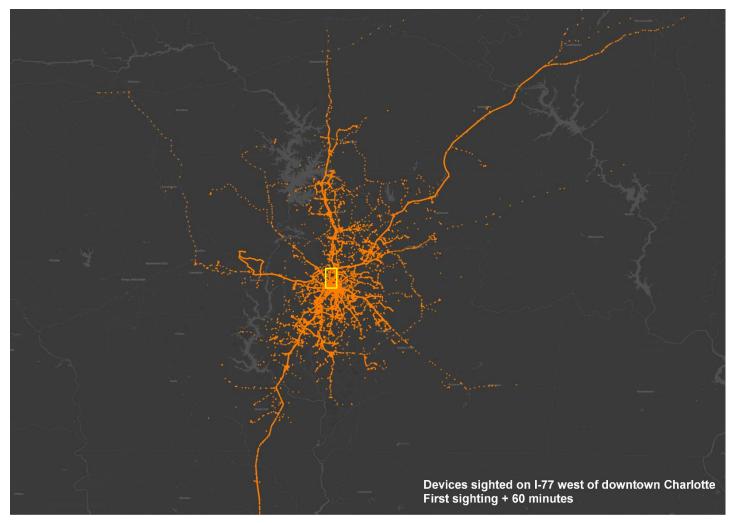






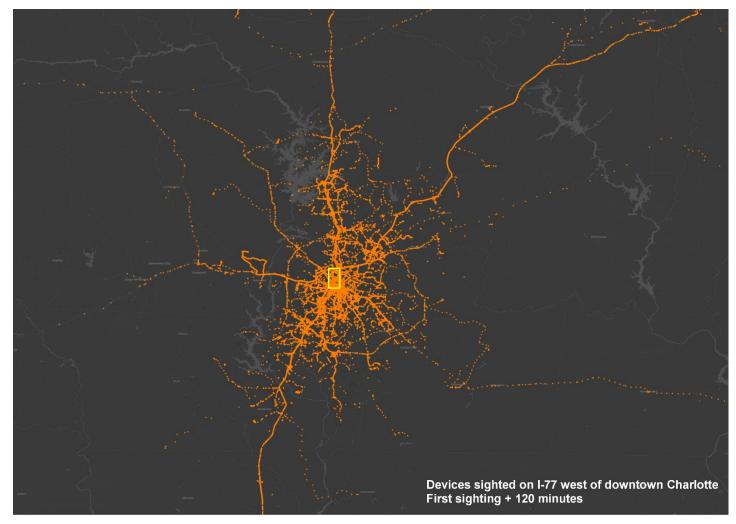






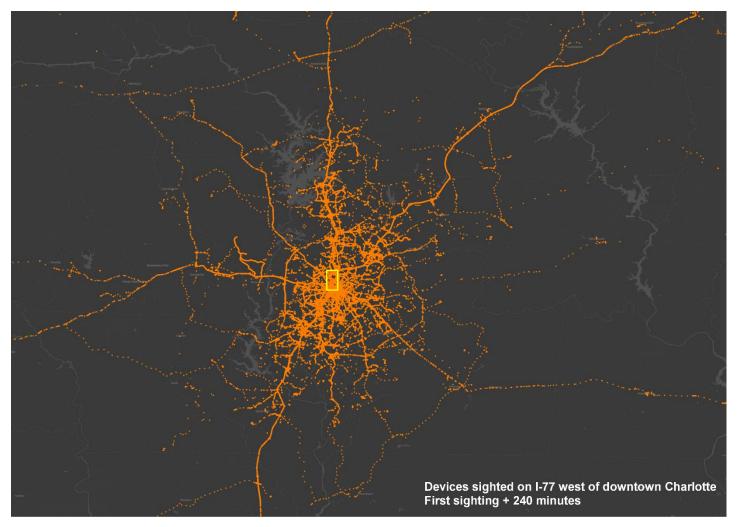






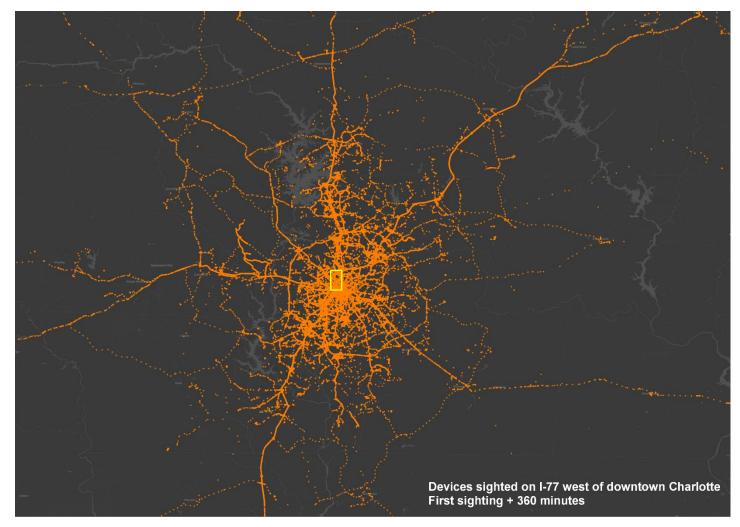






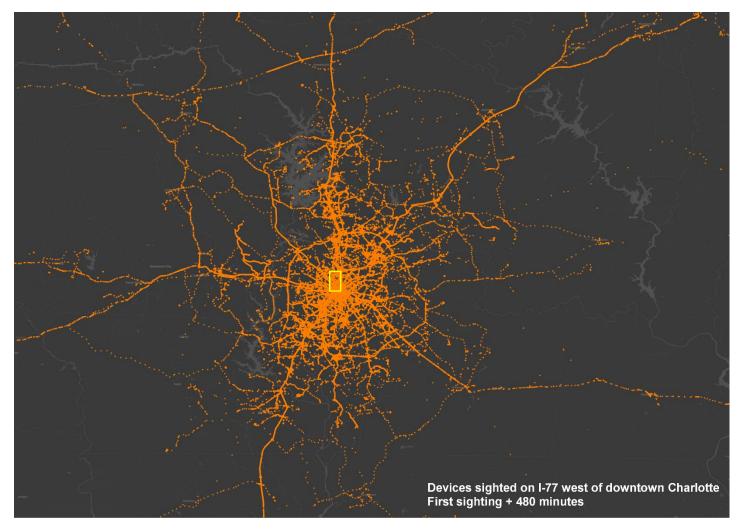






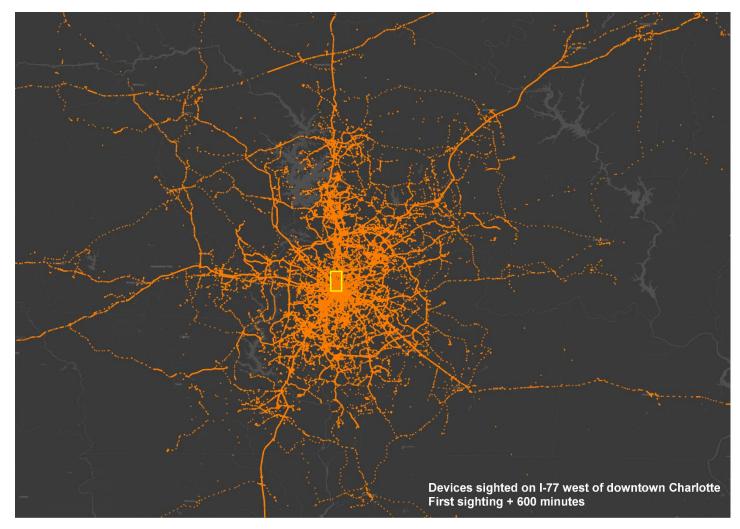














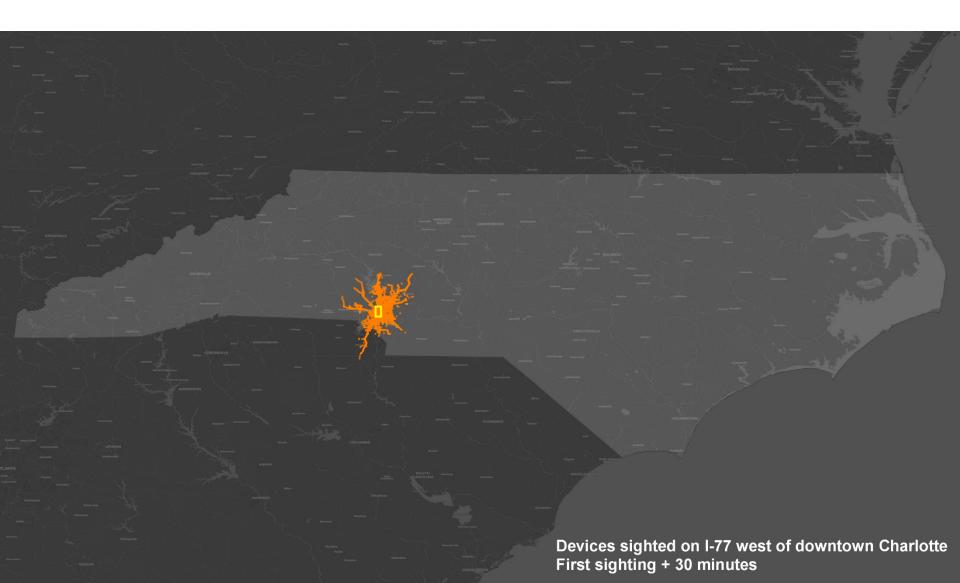




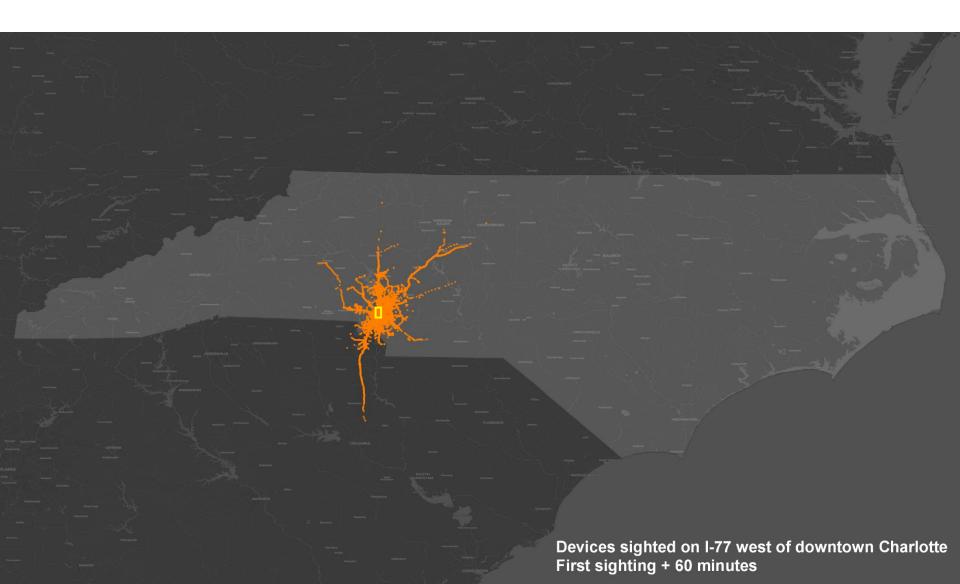




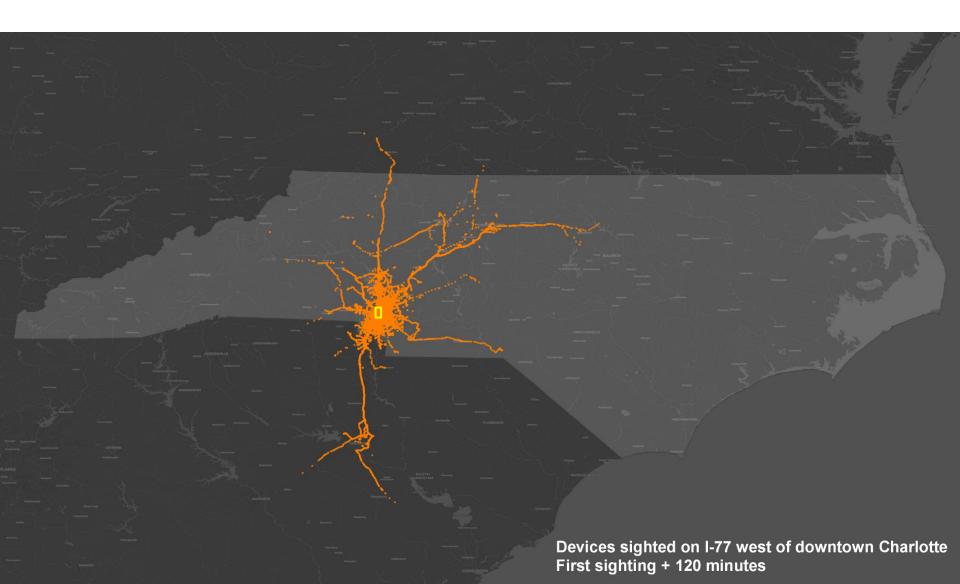




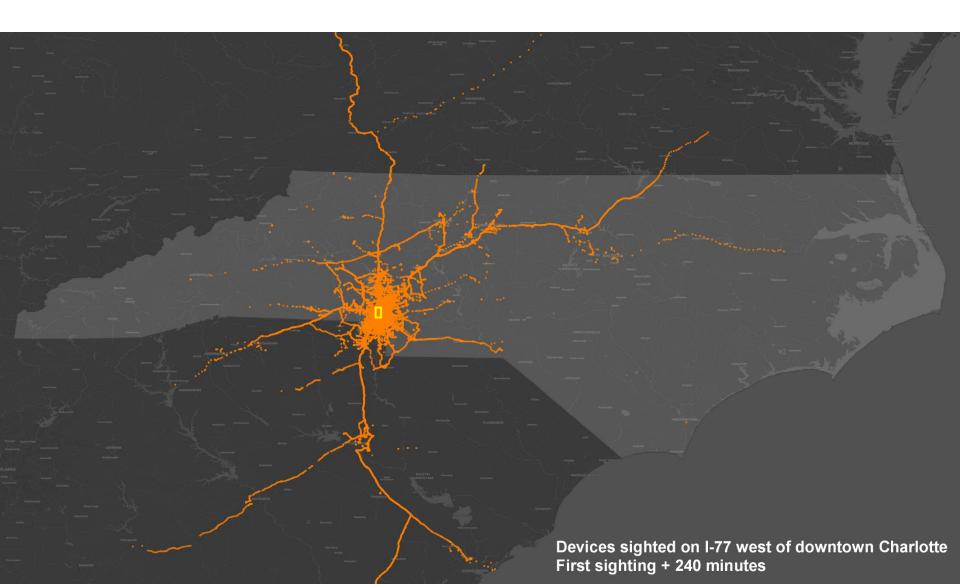




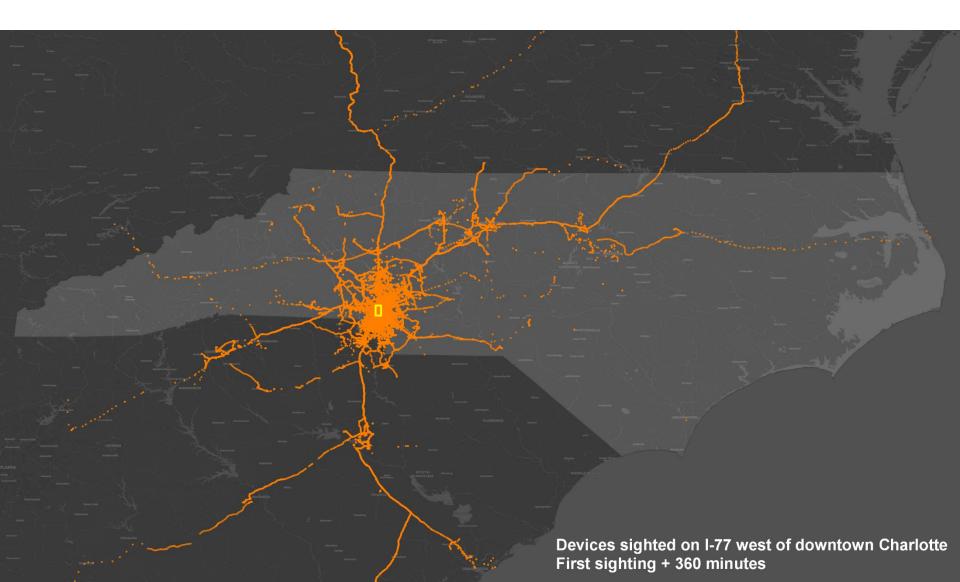




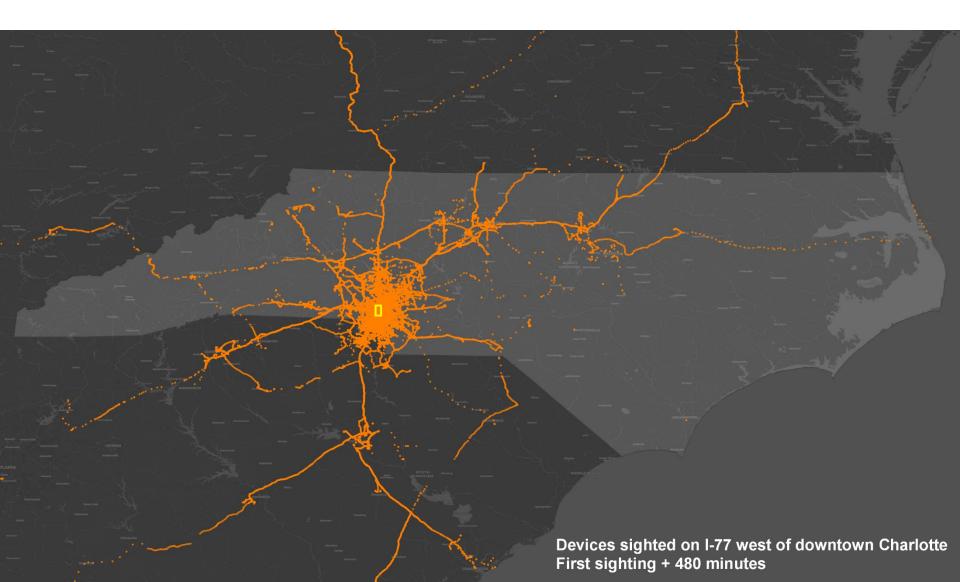




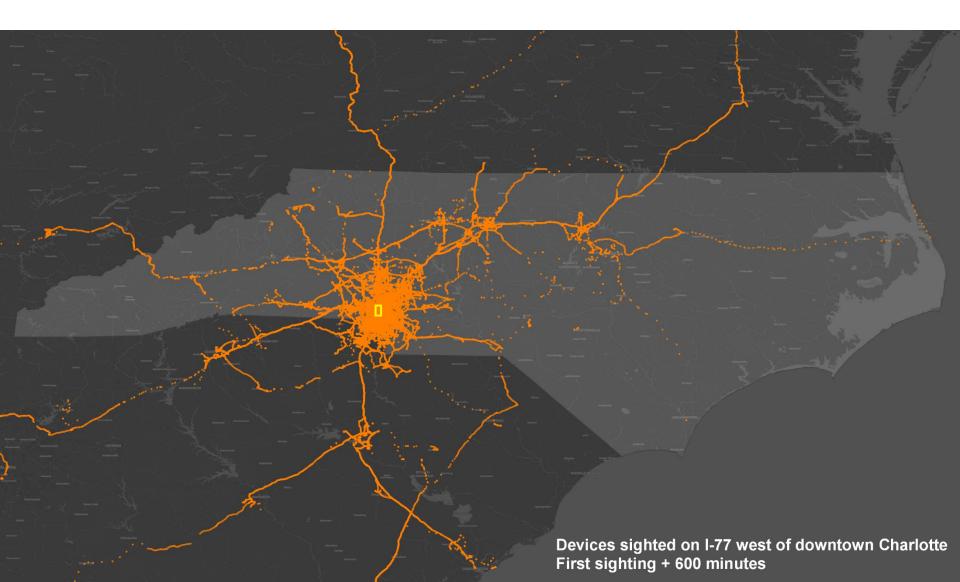




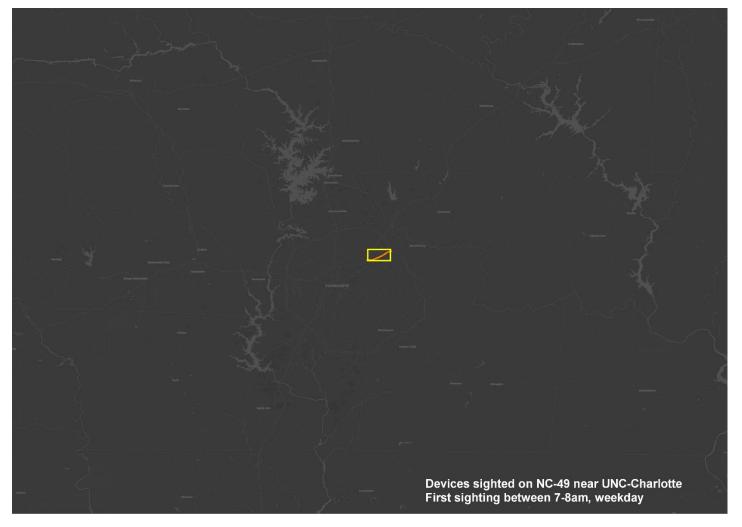






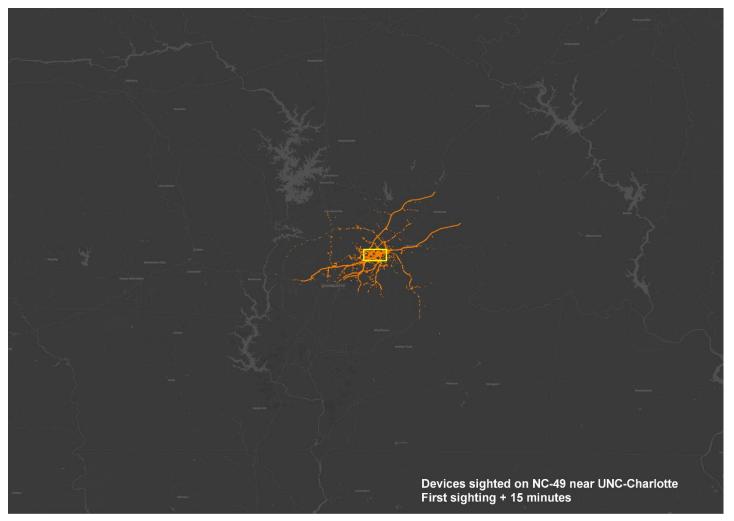






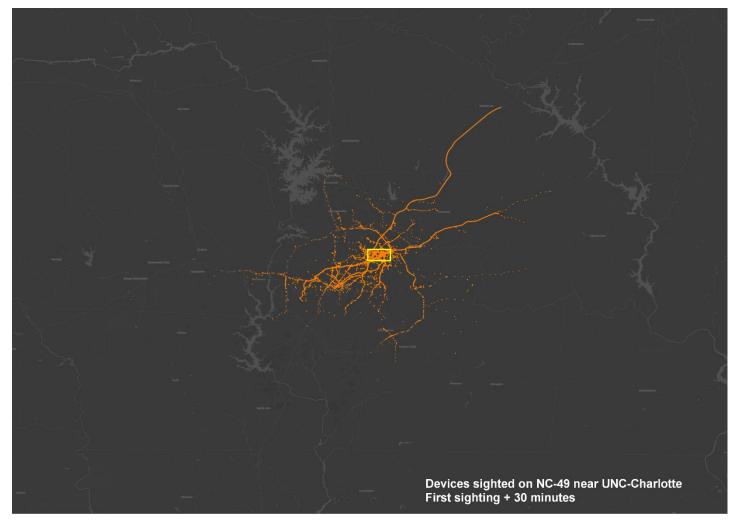






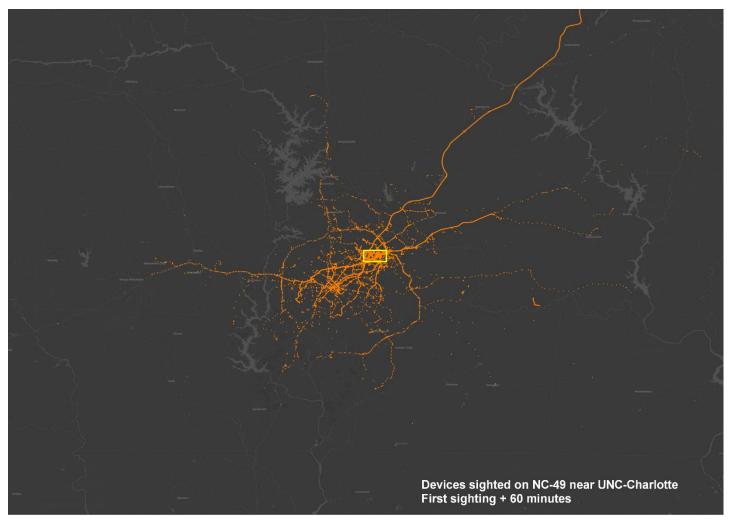






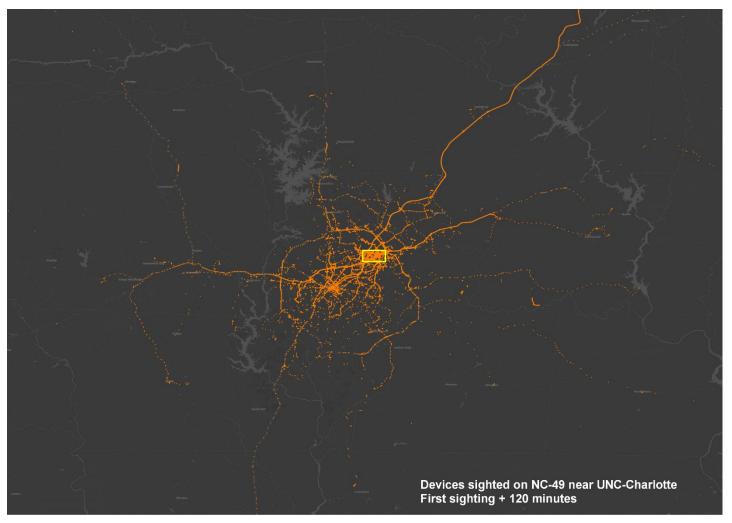






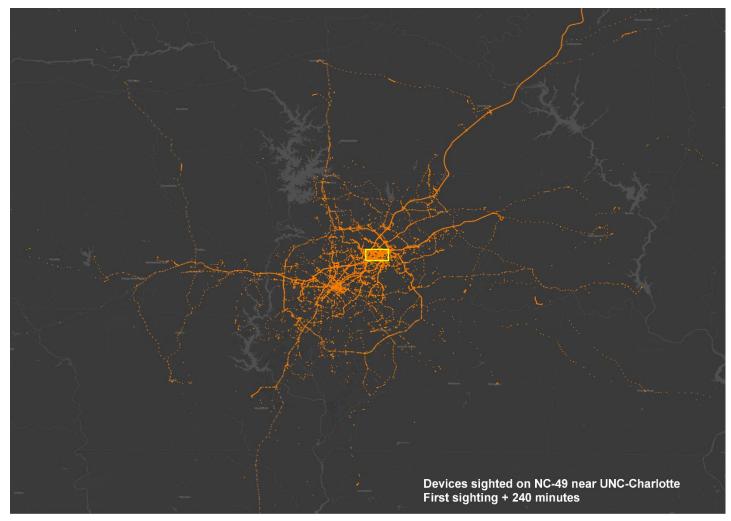






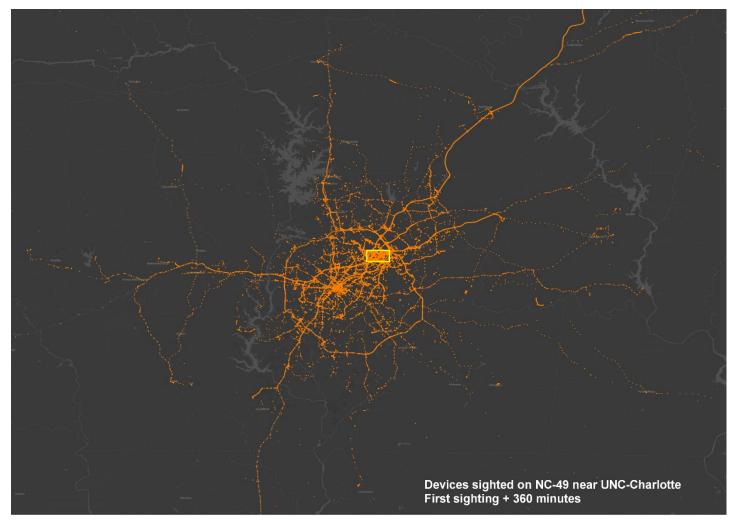






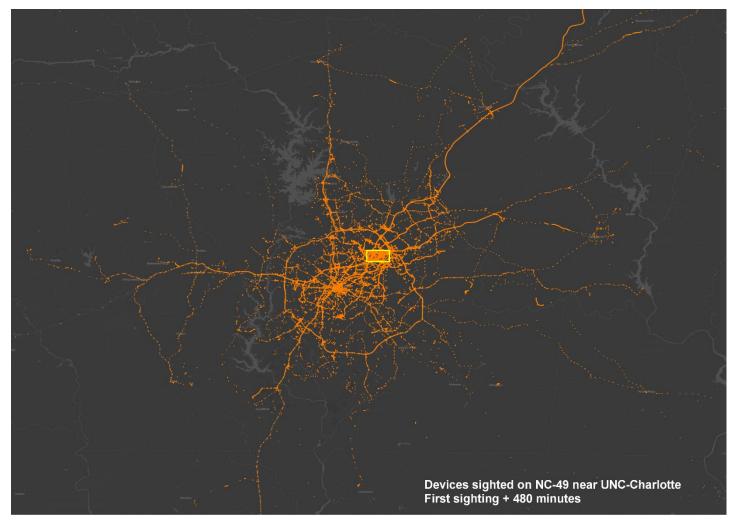






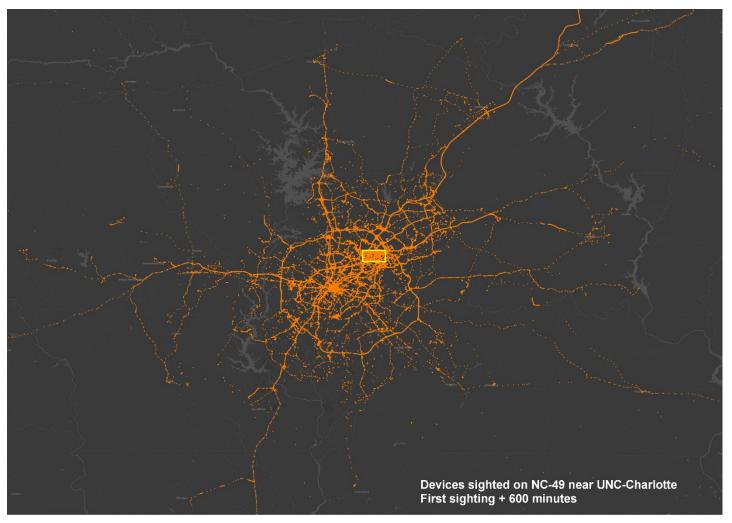




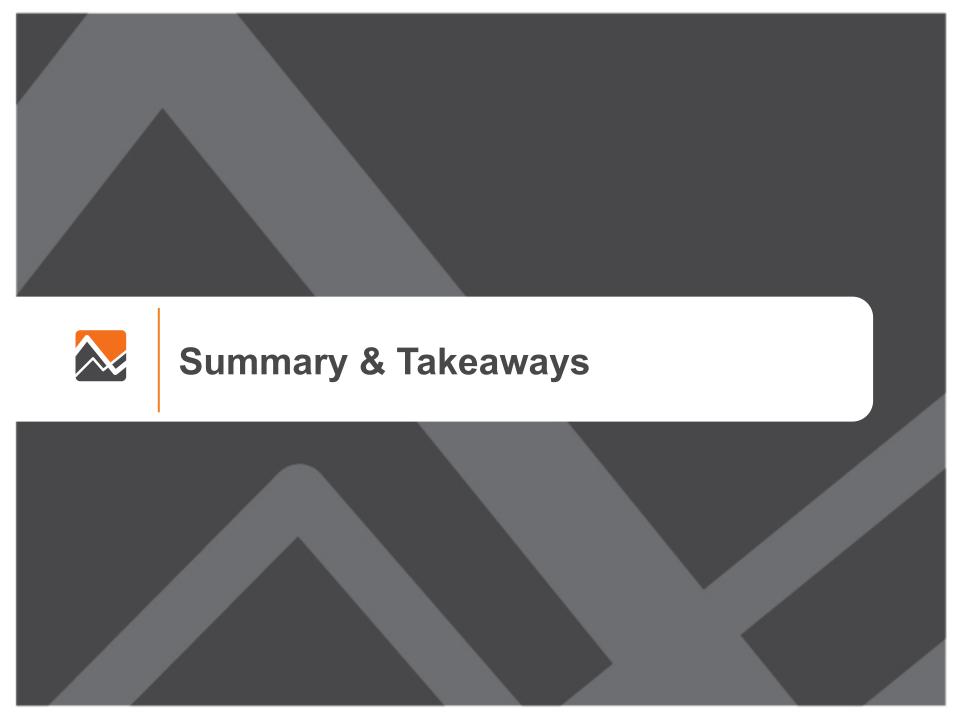










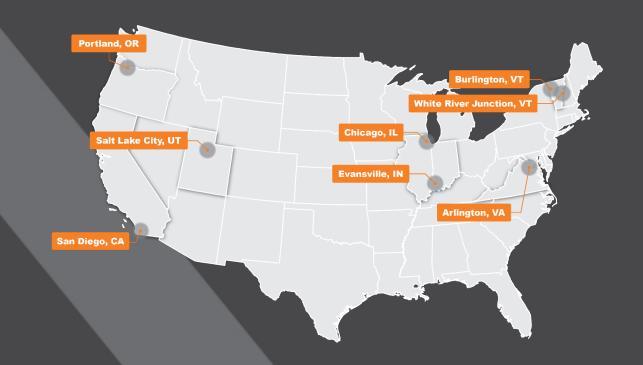


Summary

- Passive (big) data is available for 2018, but processing & expansion is necessary (and non-trivial)
- NCSTM gen 4
 - Incorporates new OD data in a new data driven pivot point design
 - More accurate ODs and better fit to counts, easier to update going forward
- Charlotte using data for I-77 and NC49 corridor studies, model update, etc.









www.rsginc.com

Vince Bernardin, Jr, PhD

DIRECTOR OF FORECASTING

Vince.Bernardin@rsginc.com 812.459.3500