

ANNUAL REPORT FOR 2014



Harris Mill Run Creek
Pitt County
TIP No. U-5018A
USACE Action ID: 200900960
DWR Project #: 20090261 v.1



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August 2014

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SUMMARY

The following report summarizes the stream monitoring activities that have occurred during 2014 at the Harris Mill Run Creek Mitigation Site in Pitt County. Construction at the site was completed in February of 2013 by the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT). This report provides the monitoring results for the second formal year of monitoring (Year 2014). The Year 2014 monitoring period is the second of five scheduled years for monitoring on Harris Mill Run Creek (See Success Criteria Section 2.1).

Based on the overall conclusions of monitoring along Harris Mill Run Creek, the site has met the required monitoring protocols for the second formal year of monitoring. Based on the second year of monitoring data, the channel is stable throughout the stream at this time. The streambank and buffer are meeting planted vegetation success criteria for the second year of monitoring.

NCDOT will continue stream and vegetation monitoring at the Harris Mill Run Creek Mitigation Site for 2015.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Project Description

The following report summarizes the stream monitoring activities that have occurred during 2014 at the Harris Mill Run Creek Mitigation Site. The site is located along NC 43 just north of B's Barbeque Road in Greenville, NC (Figure 1). The Harris Mill Run Creek site was constructed to provide mitigation for stream impacts associated with Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) number U-5018A in Pitt County.

The mitigation project covers approximately 100 linear feet of stream restoration. Water was turned into the restored channel on August 14, 2012 and streambank reforestation was completed on February 18, 2013 by the NCDOT. Stream restoration involved removing an existing culvert, construction of a new stream channel and construction of the floodplain to allow for overbank flooding. It also included the installation of coir fiber matting and live stakes along the streambank and bareroot seedlings in the buffer area.

1.2 Purpose

In order for a mitigation site to be considered successful, the site must meet the success criteria. This report details the monitoring in 2014 at the Harris Mill Run Creek Mitigation Site. Hydrologic monitoring was not required for the site.

1.3 Project History

August 2012	Water Turned into Channel
February 2013	Streambank Reforestation Completed
September 2013	Stream Channel and Vegetation Monitoring (Year 1)
September 2013	Surface Water Gauge Installed
July 2014	Stream Channel and Vegetation Monitoring (Year 2)
July 2014	Herbicide application on kudzu

1.4 Debit Ledger

The entire Harris Mill Run Creek Mitigation Site was used for the U-5018A project to compensate for unavoidable stream impacts.

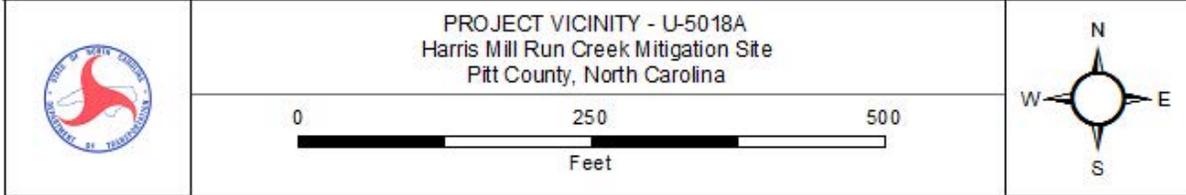


Figure 1. Vicinity Map

2.0 STREAM ASSESSMENT

2.1 Success Criteria

The USACE permit requires NCDOT to follow the Onsite Stream Restoration, Planting, and Monitoring Plan. Two vegetation plots will be established after the project construction is complete, one located on each side of the restored stream channel. Results will be reported on an annual basis for five years with at least 320 stems per acre surviving through monitoring year three, 288 at year four, and 260 at year five. The stream channel stability shall be monitored for five years. NCDOT established one cross section along the 100 linear feet of stream restoration. Hydrology will be assessed throughout the 5-year monitoring period to determine the occurrence of bankfull events. A minimum of two bankfull events must be documented within the 5-year monitoring period and these must occur during separate monitoring years. A surface water gauge will be used to determine the occurrence of these bankfull events.

NCDWR permit **Condition #7** requires NCDOT to monitor the buffer mitigation site. Monitoring shall consist of visual review, photo evidence, and stem counts. An annual report shall be submitted to NCDWR for a period of 5 years showing monitoring results, survival rate, success of tree and vegetation establishment, and that diffuse flow through the riparian buffer has been maintained. The first annual report shall be submitted within one year of final planting. Failure to achieve a buffer density of 320 trees per acre after 5 years will require the annual report to provide appropriate remedial actions to be implemented and a schedule for implementation. Approval of the final annual report and a formal “close out” of the mitigation site by NCDWQ is required. **Condition #8** states the permittee shall visually monitor the vegetative plantings to assess and ensure complete stabilization of the mitigation stream segments. The monitoring shall be conducted annually for a minimum of 3 years after final planting. Photo documentation shall be utilized to document the success of the riparian vegetation and submitted to the NCDWQ in a final report within 60 days after completing monitoring. After 3 years the NCDOT shall contact the NCDWR to schedule a site visit to “close out” the mitigation site.

2.2 Stream Description

2.2.1 Post-Construction Conditions

The mitigation project covers approximately 100 linear feet of stream restoration. Water was turned back into the channel on August 14, 2012 and streambank reforestation was completed on February 18, 2013 by NCDOT. Stream restoration involved removing an existing culvert, construction of a new stream channel and construction of the floodplain to allow for overbank flooding. It also included the installation of coir fiber matting and live stakes along the streambank and bareroot seedlings in the buffer area.

2.2.2 Monitoring Conditions

The objective of the Harris Mill Run Creek Mitigation Site restoration was to remove an existing culvert on Harris Mill Run Creek while widening NC 43 and replacing the culvert with a bridge built on a new location to span the stream. Stream and riparian buffer restoration will be completed at the culvert removal site. One cross section in a riffle was surveyed for this mitigation site.

2.3 Results of the Stream Assessment

2.3.1 Site Data

The assessment included the survey of one cross section of the Harris Mill Run Creek mitigation site established by the NCDOT after construction. The location of the cross section is shown in Appendix A.

- ◆ Cross Section #1. Harris Mill Run Creek, midpoint of riffle

Based on the 2014 monitoring data, the one riffle cross section appears stable with little or no active bank erosion. The cross section shows a large deposit of sand along the left bank due to bankfull events (see photo in Appendix B). Graph of the cross section is presented in Appendix A. Future survey data will vary depending on actual location of rod placement and alignment; however this information should remain similar in appearance. Through visual observation, the channel appears stable throughout the mitigation site at this time, except for, some left bank scouring around the surface water gauge (see photo in Appendix B). Once the surface water gauge is removed, this area should stabilize.

A surface water gauge was installed at the site September 15, 2013 in accordance with the permit conditions to assess the hydraulic conditions present at the site. A review of peak stream flows was conducted for the period between January and November 2014. According to the graph, there were numerous bankfull events recorded at the site during the monitoring period. The graphical representation of the gauge data is presented in Appendix C.

NCDOT will continue to monitoring for streambank stability at the Harris Mill Run Creek site in 2015.

2.4 Results of Stream and Buffer Vegetation

2.4.1 Description of Species

The following live stake species were planted on the streambank:

Salix nigra, Black Willow

Cornus amomum, Silky Dogwood

The following tree species were planted in the buffer area:

Liriodendron tulipifera, Tulip Poplar

Platanus occidentalis, American Sycamore

Prunus serotina, Black Cherry

Betula nigra, River Birch

2.4.2 Results of Vegetation Monitoring

Buffer Vegetation: Two 50 ft. x 50 ft. vegetation plots were set to determine the trees per acre in the buffer area.

Table 1. Vegetation Monitoring Results

Plot #	Silky Dogwood	Black Willow	Tulip Poplar	American Sycamore	Black Cherry	River Birch	Total (Year 2)	Total (at planting)	Density (Trees/Acre)
1	5	9	6	16	2	1	39	42	631
2	10	8	6	8	1	5	38	40	646
Year 2 Average Density (Trees/Acre)									639
Year 1 Average Density (Trees/Acre)									655

Site Notes: Other vegetation noted included sweetgum, soft rush, *Sagittaria* sp., fennel, lespedeza, goldenrod, baccharis, kudzu, and various grasses. Small pockets of kudzu were encroaching into the planted area from the Northeast side of the site. NCDOT applied an herbicide application on the kudzu in July 2014 due to this plants invasive nature. The kudzu was not affecting the overall performance of the planted trees at this time.

2.4.3 Conclusions

There were two vegetation monitoring plots established throughout the buffer area. The 2014 vegetation monitoring of the site revealed an average tree density of 639 trees per acre. This average is above the minimum success criteria of 320 trees per acre after year two monitoring.

NCDOT will continue to monitor the vegetation at the Harris Mill Creek Run mitigation site in 2015. The kudzu noted onsite will continued to be sprayed throughout the monitoring period as needed.

3.0 OVERALL CONCLUSIONS/RECOMMENDATIONS

The Harris Mill Run Creek mitigation site has met the required monitoring protocols for the second formal year of monitoring. The channel remains stable at this time, except for, the left bank scouring around the surface water gauge. The streambank and buffer are meeting planted vegetation success criteria for the second year of monitoring. NCDOT will continue stream and vegetation monitoring at the Harris Mill Run Creek mitigation site for 2015.

4.0 REFERENCES

U-5018A Onsite Stream Restoration, Planting, and Monitoring Plan

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. Action ID SAW 2009-00960. TIP No. U-5018A NC 43 Widening 05/18/2009.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. Action ID SAW 2009-00960. TIP No. U-5018A NC 43 Widening Permit Mod 04/21/2014.

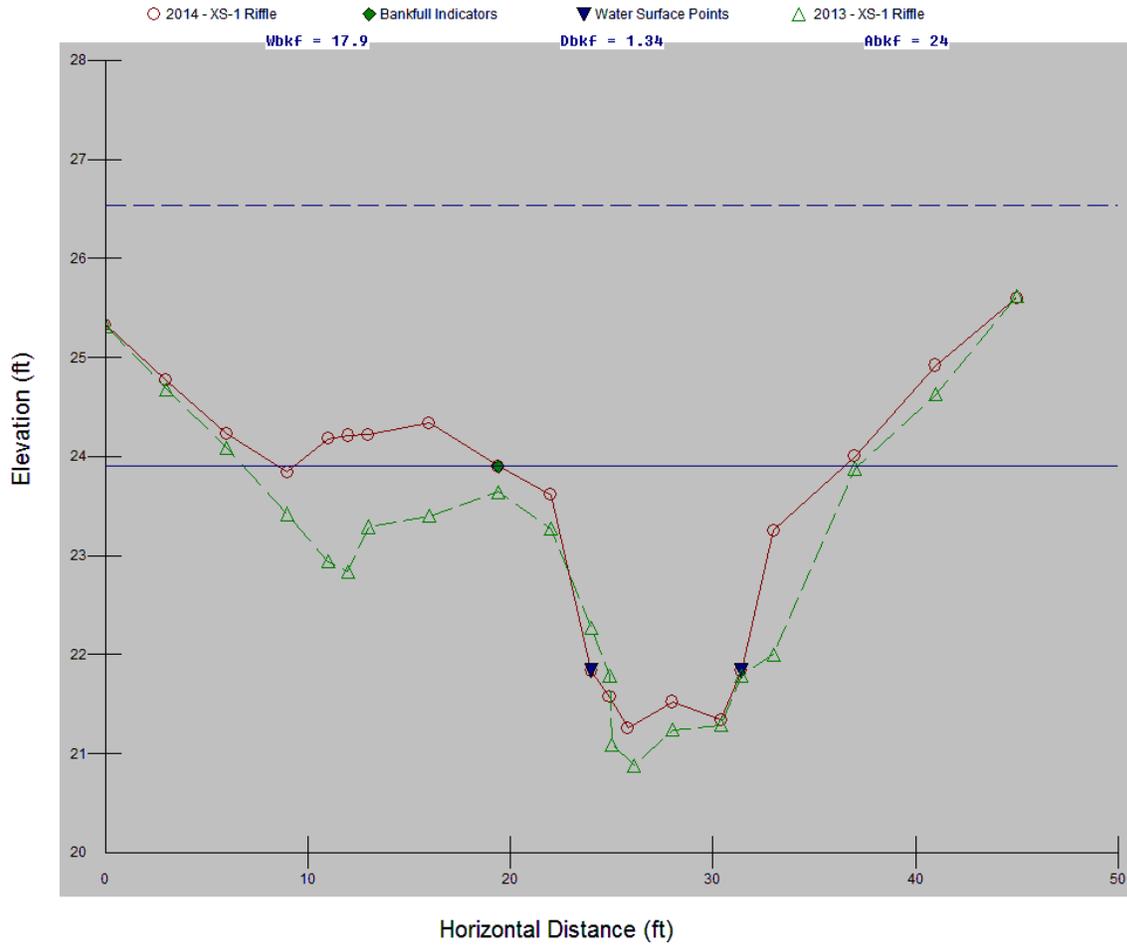
N.C. Division of Water Quality. NCDWQ Project No. 20090261 v.1 TIP No. U-5018A NC 43 Widening 05/30/2009.

Rosgen, D.L, 1996. Applied River Morphology. Wildland Hydrology, Pagosa Springs, Colorado.

US Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), 2003. Stream Mitigation Guidelines. Prepared with cooperation from the US Environmental Protection Agency, NC Wildlife Resources Commission, and the NC Division of Water Quality.

APPENDIX A
CROSS SECTION COMPARISON

U-5018A Harris Mill Run Creek Cross Section #1



Cross-Section #1 (Riffle) Abbreviated Morphological Summary					
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Bankfull Width (ft)	17.09	17.88			
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	1.47	1.34			
Width/Depth Ratio	11.63	13.34			
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²)	25.17	24.02			
Maximum Bankfull Depth (ft)	2.76	2.64			
Width of the Floodprone Area (ft)	45	45			
Entrenchment Ratio	2.63	2.52			

APPENDIX B

**SITE PHOTOGRAPHS, VEGETATION PLOT, CROSS
SECTION, PHOTO POINT, GAUGE LOCATIONS, &
REFORESTATION PLAN**

Harris Mill Run Creek



Photo Point #1 (Upstream)



Photo Point #1 (Downstream)



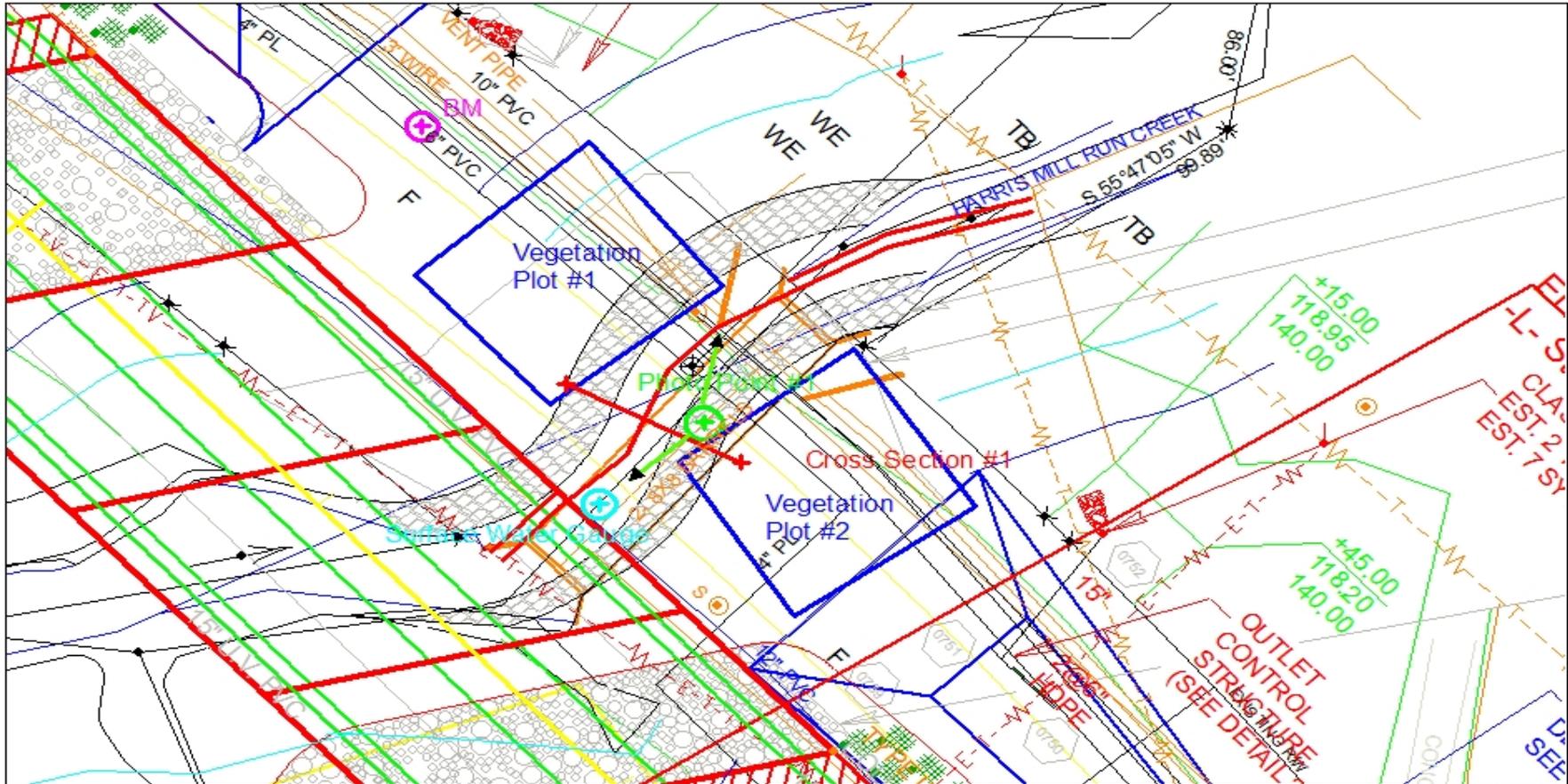
Overview Photo Looking Northwest



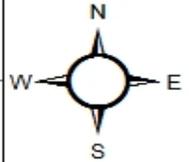
Left bank scouring at surface water gauge



Left bank sand deposit from bankfull events
September 2013



Vegetation Plot, Cross Section, Photo Point, and Surface Water Gauge Locations
 U-5018A Harris Mill Run Creek
 Pitt County, North Carolina



APPENDIX C
SURFACE WATER GAUGE DATA

Harris Mill Run Creek
HMR-SG1
40" Surface Gauge

