Spot Safety Project Evaluation

Spot Safety Project # 10-01-202

Spot Safety Project Evaluation of the Intersection Realignment and Traffic Signal Installation NC 27 (Mount Holly Road) at SR 1666 (Mount Holly-Huntersville Road) Mecklenburg County

Documents Prepared By:

Hatch Mott MacDonald For:

Safety Evaluation Group Traffic Safety Systems Management Section Transportation Mobility and Safety Division North Carolina Department of Transportation

Principal Investigator

Travis Braswell

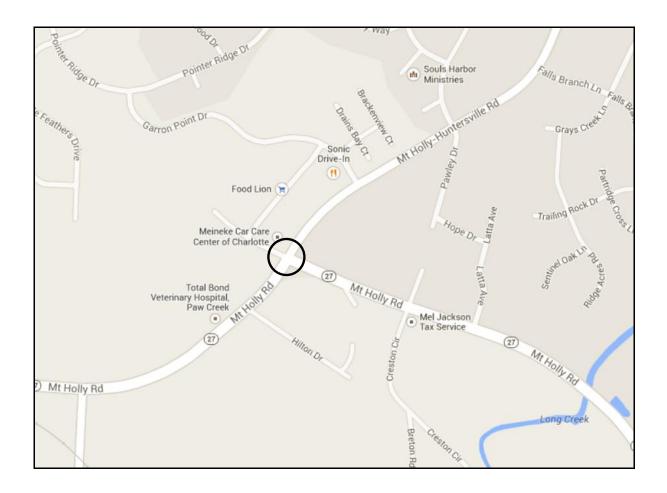
<u>11/08/2013</u> Date

Spot Safety Project Evaluation Documentation

Subject Location

Evaluation of Spot Safety Project Number 10-01-202 located at the intersection of NC 27 (Mount Holly Road) at SR 1666 (Mount Holly-Huntersville Road) in Mecklenburg County.

The signal ID for the newly installed signal is 10-1883.





Aerial Provided from Google Maps

Project Information and Background from the Project File Folder

The spot safety project improvement countermeasure chosen for the subject location was to realign the intersection of NC 27 (Mount Holly Road) and SR 1666 (Mount Holly-Huntersville Road) and install a traffic signal. Also, a fourth leg was provided on the western side of the intersection.

NC 27 (Mount Holly Road) and SR 1666 (Mount Holly-Huntersville Road) are 2-lane facilities that widen to provide exclusive left and right-turn lanes at the intersection. The additional fourth leg of the intersection is a 4-lane undivided facility that dead ends approximately 700 feet from the intersection. Speed limits around the intersection are 45 mph. The subject location was a three-leg intersection in the before period that was stop controlled on the SR 1666 approach. In the after period, the intersection operates as a four-leg intersection under signal control.

The original statement of problem was the pattern of rear-end and left-turning collisions related to the skewed three-leg intersection. The initial crash analysis was completed from May 1, 2000 to April 30, 2003 with nineteen (41) reported crashes. The final completion date for the improvement at the subject intersection was on September 15, 2004 with a total cost of \$1,200,000.00.

Naive Before and After Analysis

After reviewing the spot safety project file folder along with all the crashes at the subject location, the crash data omitted from this analysis to consider for an adequate construction period were the months of June 2004 through September 2004. The before period consisted of reported crashes from June 1, 2001 through May 31, 2004 (3 years); and the after period consisted of reported crashes from October 1, 2004 through August 31, 2013 (8 years, 11 months). Within the After period, the traffic signal was modified to provide protected/permitted phasing for the westbound NC 27 left-turn movement. According to the signal plans, this modification occurred on October 23, 2006. Based on this date, approximately the first 2 years of data in the After period are before the signal modification and approximately 6 years and 11 months of data are after the signal modification. The ending date for this analysis was determined by the date of available crash data at the time of analysis.

The treatment data consisted of all crashes within 150 feet of the subject intersection. *Please see attached location map and aerial map for further details.*

The following data table depicts the Naive Before and After Analysis for the treatment locations. Please note that the target crashes for the applied countermeasure are as follows:

• Target 1 – Frontal Impact Crashes (left-turn same roadway, left-turn different roadway, right-turn same roadway, right-turn different roadway, head-on and angle type crashes)

Treatment Information	Before 3 yrs.	After 8 yrs., 11 mos.
Total Crashes	44	59
Total Crashes Per Year	14.67	6.61
Total Severity Index	4.20	4.51
Target 1 Crashes (Frontal Impact)	21	27
Target 1 Crashes Per Year	7.00	3.03
Target 1 Crash Severity Index	4.88	5.66
Target 2 Crashes (Southbound SR 1666 Rear End)	19	8
Target 2 Crashes Per Year	6.33	0.90
Target 2 Crash Severity Index	3.34	2.85
Volume (2002, 2009)	15,200	20,000

• Target 2 – Rear End Crashes on the southbound SR 1666 approach

Injury Crash Summary	Before 3 yrs.	After 8 yrs., 11 mos.	
Fatal Injury Crashes	0	0	
Class A Injury Crashes	0	0	
Class B Injury Crashes	5	9	
Class C Injury Crashes	14	19	
Property Damage Only	25	31	

The naive before and after analysis at the treatment location shows a decrease in total crashes per year (cpy) from 14.67 cpy in the Before period to 6.61 cpy in the After period. The number of Frontal Impact Crashes (Target 1) decreased from 7.00 cpy in the Before period to 3.03 cpy in the After period. However, the Target 2 crash severity index increased from 4.88 in the Before period to 5.66 in the After period. The analysis also shows a reduction in southbound SR 1666 Rear End Crashes (Target 2), with 6.33 cpy in the Before period and 0.90 cpy in the After period.

Due to the signal modification for the westbound NC 27 left-turning movement, the After period data was analyzed further. The following table shows crashes involving vehicles in the westbound left-turn lane or making the westbound left-turning movement:

Additional Information (After Period Only)	Before Signal Modification	After Signal Modification	
Total Crashes	8	51	
Westbound NC 27 Rear End Crashes (occurring in WB left-turn lane only)	0	4	
Westbound NC 27 Left-Turning Crashes	0	7	

Results and Discussion

Referencing the *Collision Diagrams* and the above tables, the Total Crashes per year decreased from the Before period to the After period; however, the Total Severity Index increased slightly from 4.20 in the Before period to 4.51 in the After period.

Target 1 crashes per year decreased from 7.00 cpy in the Before period to 3.03 cpy in the After period. The Severity Index increased from 4.88 to 5.66 for these crashes, respectively. The Target 2 crashes also showed a decrease, with 6.33 cpy in the Before period and 0.90 in the After period. The Severity Index for Target 2 crashes also decreased from 3.34 in the Before period to 2.85 in the After period.

The Additional Information Table above shows that all crashes involving westbound left-turning vehicles on NC 27 occurred after the traffic signal modification. However, the table also shows that of the total crashes in the After period, only 8 occurred prior to the signal modification.

Please see the attached *Treatment Site Photos*. Photos are provided from Google Street View for all four approaches to the treatment intersection. As the Safety Evaluation Group completes additional spot safety reviews for this type of countermeasure, we will be able to provide objective and definite information regarding actual crash reduction factors for this type of intersection.

Treatment Site Photos from Google Street View



Google Maps (April 2013) – Looking East on Mount Holly Road Approach



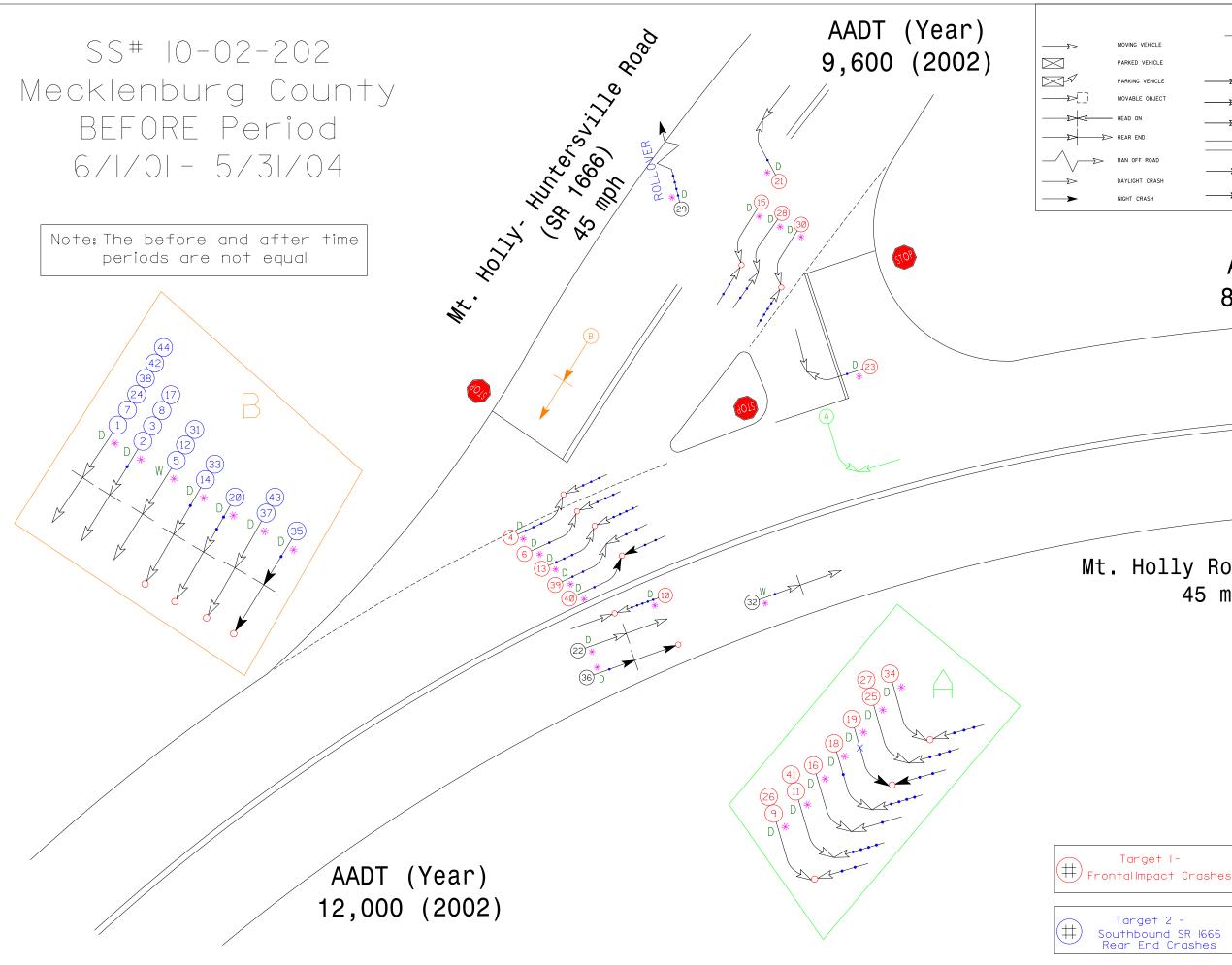
Google Maps (April 2013) - Looking West on NC 27 Approach



Google Maps (April 2013) – Looking North on NC 27 Approach



Google Maps (April 2013) – Looking South on SR 1666 Approach



	LE	GEND				
ICLE			-			STOP SIGN
HICLE		ANGLE	\longrightarrow	9 MPH OR LESS	А	ANIMAL
	-4	ANDEL	\rightarrow	IO MPH TO 19	Р	PEDESTRIAN
HICLE		TURNING	$\rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow$	20 MPH TO 29	В	BICYCLE
BJECT		TURNING	$\rightarrow \rightarrow $	30 MPH TO 39	Т	TRAIN
		> BACKING	>	40 MPH TO 49	*	DRIVER AT FAULT
		SIDESWIPE	>	50 MPH TO 59	D	DRY
OAD		SIDESWIFE	>	60 MPH TO 69	W	WET
RASH	\longrightarrow	INJURY		70 AND UP	I	ICY OR SNOWY
iH	> •	FATALITY	_*->>	SPEED UNKNOWN	0	0ther

AADT (Year) 8,700 (2002)

Mt. Holly Road (NC 27) 45 mph



N.C. DEPARTMENT of TRANSPORTATION DIVISION of HIGHWAYS TRANSPORTATION MOBILITY and SAFETY DIVISION

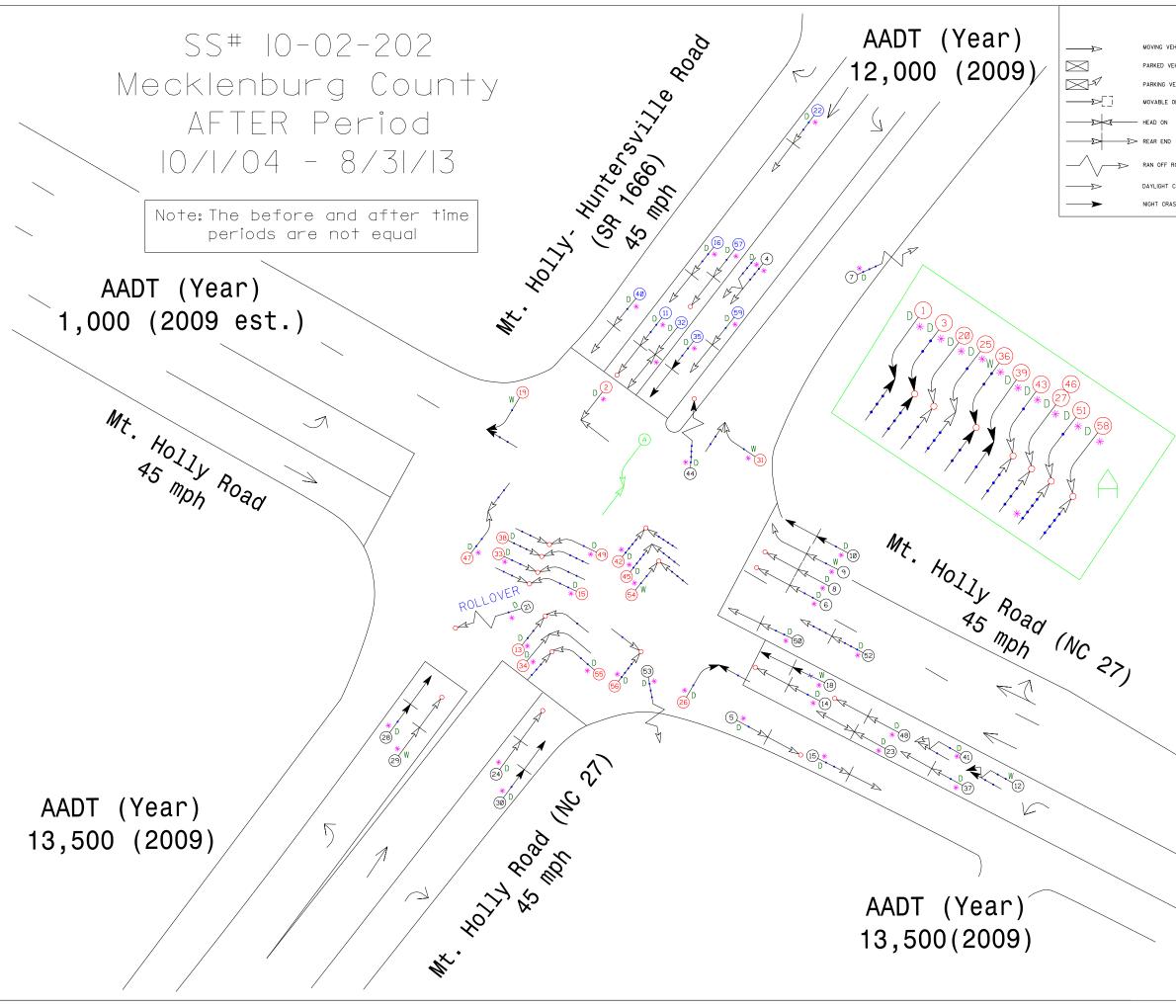
TRAFFIC SAFETY UNIT

Date: 11-5-13

Prepared By: T. Braswell







	LEGEND					
HICLE	1					
EHICLE		ANGLE	\longrightarrow	9 MPH OR LESS	А	ANIMAL
EHICLE			\rightarrow	IO MPH TO 19	Ρ	PEDESTRIAN
OBJECT	15	TURNING	$\rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow$	20 MPH TO 29	В	BICYCLE
OBSECT			$\rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow$	30 MPH TO 39	Т	TRAIN
		BACKING	>	40 MPH TO 49	*	DRIVER AT FAULT
		SIDESWIPE	>	50 MPH TO 59	D	DRY
ROAD			>	60 MPH TO 69	W	WET
CRASH	\longrightarrow	INJURY	\implies	70 AND UP	Ι	ICY OR SNOWY
SH	> •	FATALITY	*_>>	SPEED UNKNOWN	0	0ther

